

BANKING (AMENDMENT) BILL 2000

A BILL

To

Amend the Banking Ordinance.

Enacted by the Legislative Council.

**1. Short title and commencement**

(1) This Ordinance may be cited as the Banking (Amendment) Ordinance 2000.

(2) This Ordinance shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Secretary for Financial Services by notice published in the Gazette.

**2. Interpretation**

Section 2(1) of the Banking Ordinance (Cap. 155) is amended by adding -

"~~"declaration of exemption certificate of registration"~~<sup>1</sup> (豁免書\_\_\_\_) means a ~~declaration of exemption certificate of registration~~ (註冊證明書)-

(a) granted under section 118 of the Securities

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<sup>1</sup> **To define the term "certificate of registration": the concept of "exempt authorized institution" will be replaced by "registered institution" in the Securities and Futures Bill to better reflect the policy intention that such institutions are subject to a whole range of regulatory requirements and disciplinary sanctions. Consequential amendments need to be made in this Bill for consistency.**

and Futures Ordinance ( of 2000~~2~~); and

(b) which is in force;

"executive officer" (主管人員), in relation to an ~~exempt~~  
~~authorized a registered~~<sup>2</sup> institution, means an executive  
officer appointed under section 71D in respect of the  
institution;

~~"exempt authorized institution" (獲豁免認可機構) means an  
authorized institution –~~

~~(a) to which section 25(a) or 32 of Schedule 9 to  
the Securities and Futures Ordinance ( of  
2000) applies; or~~

~~(b) granted a declaration of exemption;~~

"Opportunity of being heard" (陳詞機會) means a reasonable  
opportunity of being heard;"<sup>3</sup>

"registered institution"<sup>4</sup> (註冊機構) means an authorized  
institution –

(a) to which section 25(a) or 32 of Schedule 9 to  
the Securities and Futures Ordinance ( of

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<sup>2</sup> **All references to "exempt authorized institution" in this Bill will be replaced by "registered institution", which is in line with the changes to the SF Bill.**

<sup>3</sup> The term "reasonable opportunity of being heard" is used generally in the Securities and Futures Bill while "opportunity of being heard" is generally used in the Banking Ordinance. This amendment clarifies that the two terms carry the same meaning. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>4</sup> **To define "registered institution" to replace the definition of "exempt authorized institution".**

2002) applies; or

(b) granted a certificate of registration;

"regulated activity" (受規管活動), in relation to ~~an exempt~~  
~~authorized a registered~~<sup>5</sup> institution, means a regulated  
activity -

(a) within the meaning of Schedule 1 to the  
Securities and Futures Ordinance ( of  
2002~~0~~); and

(b) in respect of which the institution is  
registered<sup>6</sup> ~~exempted from the requirement to~~  
~~hold a licence -~~

~~(i) within the meaning of that Schedule;~~

~~————(ii) to carry on the activity; and~~

~~(iii) by virtue of -~~

(A) in the case of an institution  
falling within paragraph (a) of  
the definition of  
"exemptregistered<sup>7</sup> authorized  
institution", section 25(a) or  
32 of Schedule 9 to the  
Securities and Futures

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<sup>5</sup> Consequential changes to the definition of “regulated activity” is necessary since the concept of “exempt authorized institution” is replaced by “registered institution”.

<sup>6</sup> Same as Footnote (5) above.

<sup>7</sup> Same as Footnote (5) above.

Ordinance ( of 2002~~0~~);

- (B) in any other case, the  
~~declaration of exemption~~  
certificate of registration<sup>8</sup>  
granted to it;

"Securities and Futures Commission" (證監會) means the  
Securities and Futures Commission referred to in the  
Securities and Futures Ordinance ( of 2002~~0~~);

"Securities and Futures Ordinance ( of 2002~~0~~)" (《證券及期貨  
條例》(2002~~0~~年第 號)) means the Ordinance with that  
short title enacted after the introduction of the  
Banking (Amendment) Bill 2000 into the Legislative  
Council;".

### 3. Functions of Monetary Authority

Section 7(2) is amended -

- (a) in paragraph (e), by repealing "and" at the end;
- (b) in paragraph (f), by repealing the full stop and  
substituting "; and";
- (c) by adding -

(g) take all reasonable steps to ensure that  
any banking business, any business of  
taking deposits, or any other business,  
carried on by an authorized institution

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<sup>8</sup> The reference to “declaration of exemption” is replaced by “certificate of registration”.

is carried on -

- (i) with integrity, prudence and the appropriate degree of professional competence; and
- (ii) in a manner which is not detrimental, or likely to be detrimental, to the interests of depositors or potential depositors."

**4. Register of authorized institutions, etc.**

Section 20 is amended -

(a) in subsection (1) -

(i) in paragraph (e), by repealing "and" at the end;

(ii) by adding -

"(ea) in the case of ~~an exempt~~  
~~authorized~~ a registered<sup>9</sup>  
institution, and not later  
than 12 months after the  
commencement of this  
paragraph -

(i) the name and

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<sup>9</sup> All references to "exempt authorized institution" in the Bill are replaced by "registered institution".

business address of  
every relevant  
individual;

(ii) the capacity in  
which every relevant  
individual is  
~~employed~~ engaged<sup>10</sup> in  
relation to a  
regulated function  
in a regulated  
activity; and

(iii) the date on which  
every relevant  
individual was ~~so~~  
~~employed~~ first so  
engaged<sup>11</sup>; and";

(b) by repealing subsections (3) and (4) and  
substituting -

"(3) The Monetary Authority may require  
an authorized institution (including an

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<sup>10</sup> Amendment in response to market comments : front-line staff of **registered** ~~exempt-authorized~~ institutions may not necessarily have an "employment" relationship with the institutions concerned.

**Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>11</sup> Same rationale as Footnote (10~~2~~) above. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

authorized institution seeking to be ~~an exempt~~  
~~authorized a registered~~<sup>12</sup> institution) or local  
representative office to submit such  
information for the purposes of subsection (1)  
as he may reasonably require in order to  
maintain the register in so far as it relates  
to that authorized institution or local  
representative office, as the case may be, and  
such information shall be submitted within  
such period and in such manner as the Monetary  
Authority may require.

(4) Where any information submitted to  
the Monetary Authority under subsection (3)  
changes subsequent to the submission, the  
authorized institution or local representative  
office which submitted the information shall  
give notice in writing to the Monetary  
Authority of such change -

- (a) subject to paragraph (b), not  
later than 21 days after such  
change takes place;
- (b) where subsection (1)(ea) is  
applicable, within 7 business  
days after such change takes  
place.

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<sup>12</sup> **All references to “exempt authorized institution” in the Bill are replaced by “registered institution”.**

(4A) For the purposes of enabling any member of the public to ascertain whether a person he is dealing with is a relevant individual in relation to ~~an exempt authorized~~ a registered<sup>13</sup> institution and, if so, the capacity in which the relevant individual is ~~employed~~ engaged<sup>14</sup> in relation to a regulated function in a regulated activity and the date on which the relevant individual was ~~so~~ employed first so engaged<sup>15</sup>, the information contained in the register under subsection (1)(ea) shall be made available to public inspection under subsection (5).

(4B) Without prejudice to the generality of any other provisions of this section, the Monetary Authority shall cause the register, to the extent to which it relates to subsection (1)(ea), to be made available to public inspection in the form of an on-line

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<sup>13</sup> All references to “exempt authorized institution” in the Bill are replaced by “registered institution”.

<sup>14</sup> Same rationale as Footnote (102) above. Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.

<sup>15</sup> Same rationale as Footnote (102) above. Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.



record.<sup>16</sup> ;

(ba) in subsection (5), by repealing "Any" and substituting "Subject to subsection (5A), any";

(bb) by adding -

"(5A) The fee mentioned in subsection (5) shall not be payable in the case of an inspection, or the obtaining of a copy or an extract, mentioned in that subsection where -

(a) the inspection is made by the use of an on-line medium;

(b) the copy or extract is obtained by the use of an on-line medium." ;<sup>17</sup>

(c) in subsection (7), by repealing "a bank, deposit-taking company or restricted licence bank" and substituting "an authorized institution";

(d) in subsection (8) -

(i) by repealing "bank, local representative

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<sup>16</sup> To add a new subsection (4B) requiring the register of securities staff to be made available on-line for public inspection. This requirement is the same as that under the new clause 133(7) of the Securities and Futures Bill added in the light of the comments of some Members.

<sup>17</sup> Section 20(5) of the Banking Ordinance currently provides that the public may, on payment of the fee specified in the Second Schedule, inspect the register maintained by the Monetary Authority or obtain a copy of an entry/extract from the register, or inspect or obtain a copy of or an extract from any document lodged under section 15(2)(a) of the Ordinance. The intention is that this fee payment requirement should not apply to cases where the act of inspection or obtaining a copy is conducted through an on-line medium. In other words, the public will not be required to pay a fee to inspect the on-line securities staff register to be maintained under the proposed subsection (4B) – see the previous footnote.

office, deposit-taking company or restricted licence bank" and substituting "authorized institution or local representative office";

(ii) by repealing "bank, deposit-taking company or restricted licence bank" and substituting "authorized institution";

(e) by adding -

"(9) It is hereby declared that -

(a) the fact that an authorized institution falls within section ~~26(a) or 33~~ 25(a) or 32<sup>18</sup> of Schedule 9 to the Securities and Futures Ordinance ( of 20020) is not a ground for the institution to fail to comply with a requirement under subsection (3) seeking the submission of information for the purposes of subsection (1)(ea), and

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<sup>18</sup> Sections 25(a) and 32 of Schedule 9 to the Securities and Futures Bill are more relevant in this context since the two sections are related to institutions. Sections 26(a) and 33, on the other hand, are related to individuals. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

subsections (4), (7) and (8)  
shall be construed accordingly;

- (b) the fact that a relevant individual falls within section 26(a) or 33 of Schedule 9 to the Securities and Futures Ordinance ( of 2002~~0~~) shall not prohibit the inclusion in the register of any information referred to in subsection (1)(ea) relating to the individual.

(10) In this section -

"business day" (營業日) means any day other than -

- (a) a public holiday; or  
(b) a gale warning day or a black rainstorm warning day as defined in section 71(2) of the Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance (Cap. 1);

~~"regulated function" (受規管職能), in relation to a regulated activity, means any function (other than work ordinarily~~

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~~performed by a clerk, cashier or  
accountant) of the exempt authorized  
institution concerned in that regulated  
activity;~~

"regulated function" (受規管職能), in relation  
to a regulated activity carried on as a  
business by a registered institution<sup>19</sup>,  
means any function performed for or on  
behalf of or by an arrangement with the  
institution relating to the regulated  
activity, other than work ordinarily  
performed by an accountant, clerk or  
cashier;<sup>20</sup>

~~"relevant individual" (有關人士), in relation to  
an exempt authorized institution, means  
an individual who is employed by the  
institution to perform for or on behalf  
of the institution any regulated function  
in a regulated activity."~~

"relevant individual" (有關人士), in relation to  
a registered institution, means an

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<sup>19</sup> **All references to "exempt authorized institution" in the Bill are replaced by "registered institution".**

<sup>20</sup> Technical amendment : to adopt the same definition as in clause 113 of the Securities and Futures Bill.  
**Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

individual who performs for or on behalf of or by an arrangement with the institution any regulated function in a regulated activity."<sup>21</sup>

5. Section added

The following is added in Part X -

~~"58A. Reprimand in respect of exempt authorized institution~~

~~— (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), where an exempt authorized institution is, or has at any time been, guilty of misconduct, the Monetary Authority may publicly or privately reprimand the institution.~~

~~— (2) The Monetary Authority shall not exercise his power under subsection (1) against an exempt authorized institution without first giving the institution an opportunity of being heard.~~

~~— (3) Where the Monetary Authority decides to exercise his power under subsection (1) against an exempt authorized institution, the Monetary Authority shall inform the institution of his decision to do so by notice in writing served on it, and the notice shall include —~~

~~(a) a statement of the reasons for which the~~

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<sup>21</sup> Technical amendment : same rationale as in Footnote (102) above. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

~~decision is made; and~~

~~(b) a statement advising that the decision shall  
take effect on the date —~~

~~———— (i) the institution serves a notice in  
writing on the Monetary Authority  
stating that it does not propose to  
appeal under section 132A(2A)  
against the decision;~~

~~———— (ii) the period specified in the  
Administrative Appeals Rules (Cap. 1  
sub. leg.) within which the  
institution may appeal under section  
132A(2A) against the decision  
expires without any such appeal  
having been made; or~~

~~———— (iii) an appeal under section 132A(2A) by  
the institution against the decision  
is unsuccessful,~~

~~———— whichever first occurs.~~

~~———— (4) In this section —~~

~~"exempt authorized institution" (獲豁免認可機構) includes a  
company which is a former exempt authorized institution  
where the company was an exempt authorized institution  
at the time when the company was guilty of misconduct,  
and section 132A(2A) shall be construed accordingly;~~

~~"misconduct" (失當行為), in relation to an exempt authorized~~

~~institution, means—~~

- ~~(a) a contravention of any of the relevant provisions of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (— of 2000) which are applicable to the institution;~~
- ~~(b) a contravention of any of the terms and conditions of a declaration of exemption;~~
- ~~(c) a contravention of any other condition imposed under any provision of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (— of 2000); or~~
- ~~(d) an act or omission relating to the carrying on of any regulated activity by the institution which, in the opinion of the Monetary Authority, is or is likely to be prejudicial to the interest of the investing public or to the public interest,~~

~~— and "guilty of misconduct" (犯失當行為) shall be construed accordingly.~~

~~(5) For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby declared that the power under this section of the Monetary Authority to reprimand an authorized institution is in addition to any other power of the Monetary Authority, whether under this Ordinance or otherwise and whether explicit or implicit, to reprimand an authorized institution (and whether or not the~~

~~institution is an exempt authorized institution).~~".<sup>22</sup>

**"58A. Disciplinary action in respect of relevant individuals**

(1) Where -

(a) a relevant individual is, or was at any time, guilty of misconduct; or

(b) the Monetary Authority is of the opinion that a relevant individual is not, or has ceased to be, a fit and proper person in his capacity as that type of relevant individual,

then the Monetary Authority may, after consultation with the Securities and Futures Commission -

(c) remove all or part of the individual's relevant particulars from the register; or

(d) suspend all or part of the individual's relevant particulars from the register for such period or until the occurrence of such event as the Monetary Authority specifies. <sup>23</sup>

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<sup>22</sup> The original s.58A relates to the power of the Monetary Authority to reprimand relevant individuals. As mentioned in Paper No. 8D/01 issued on 28 May 2001, we proposed that the power be vested with the Securities and Futures Commission under Part IX of the Securities and Futures Bill (now in the new clause 189A). **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>23</sup> As a disciplinary action against front-line securities staff of ~~registered exempt authorized~~ institutions where such staff have been found guilty of misconduct or no longer fit and proper, it is proposed that the Monetary Authority should be empowered to take all or part of the particulars of such securities staff off the register, or to suspend all or part of such particulars from the register, to be maintained by the Monetary Authority under section 20(1)(ea) of the Banking Ordinance. This effectively amounts to revocation and



(2) Without limiting the generality of subsection (1) or the operation of any other provisions of this Ordinance, for the avoidance of doubt it is hereby declared that the Monetary Authority may exercise his power under that subsection wholly or partly on the basis of information disclosed to the Monetary Authority by the Securities and Futures Commission, and whether or not the information arises from an investigation under section 175 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ( of 2002).<sup>24</sup>

(3) The Monetary Authority shall not exercise his power under subsection (1) against a relevant individual without first giving the individual an opportunity of being heard.<sup>25</sup>

(4) Where the Monetary Authority decides to exercise his power under subsection (1) against a relevant individual, the Monetary Authority shall inform the individual of his

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suspension of the staff from conducting regulated activities on behalf of the **registered** ~~exempt-authorized~~ institution concerned, and is equivalent to the same disciplinary sanction against licensed representatives of a licensed corporation on the same grounds under clause 187 of the Securities and Futures Bill. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>24</sup> This subsection ensures that the Monetary Authority, in exercising his revocation/suspension power against front-line securities staff of **a registered institution** ~~an exempt AI~~, can rely on information provided by the SFC, e.g. the findings of an SFC investigation. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>25</sup> Procedural requirement : same as that under the new clause 191(1) of the Securities and Futures Bill. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

decision to do so by notice in writing served on him, and the notice shall include -

- (a) a statement of the reasons for which the decision is made;
- (b) the time at which the decision is to take effect; and
- (c) in so far as applicable, the duration and terms of the removal or suspension of particulars from the register to be imposed under the decision.<sup>26</sup>

\_\_\_\_\_ (5) Without prejudice to the exercise of any powers by the Securities and Futures Commission under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (\_\_\_\_\_ of 2002), the Monetary Authority may make such recommendations to the Securities and Futures Commission concerning any relevant individual in respect of the exercise of the power under section 189A or 190 of that Ordinance as he considers appropriate.<sup>27</sup>

\_\_\_\_\_ (6) In this section -  
"misconduct" (失當行為), in relation to a relevant individual,

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<sup>26</sup> Procedural requirement : same as that under the new clause 191(2) of the Securities and Futures Bill.

**Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>27</sup> A new subsection added to enable the Monetary Authority to make recommendations to the SFC in respect of front-line staff of **registered institutions**~~exempt AIs~~. A similar provision has been added to the Securities and Futures Bill (the new clause 189A(7)) to enable the SFC to make similar recommendations to the Monetary Authority. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

means -

(a) a contravention of any of the relevant provisions, within the meaning of Schedule 1 to the Securities and Futures Ordinance ( of 2002), which are applicable to the individual; or

(b) an act or omission of the individual relating to the carrying on of any regulated activity -

(i) by the registered<sup>28</sup> institution in relation to which the individual is a relevant individual; and

(ii) which, in the opinion of the Monetary Authority, is or is likely to be prejudicial to the interest of the investing public or to the public interest,

and "guilty of misconduct" (犯失當行為) shall be construed accordingly;<sup>29</sup>

"relevant individual" (有關人士) means relevant individual within the meaning of section 20(10);

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<sup>28</sup> **All references to "exempt authorized institution" in the Bill are replaced by "registered institution".**

<sup>29</sup> To define misconduct in this context, which is the definition specified in section 186(1) of the Securities and Futures Bill as applied to front-line securities staff of **registered institutions**~~exempt AIs~~. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

"relevant particulars" (有關資料), in relation to a relevant individual, means the information contained in the register under section 20(1)(ea) in relation to the individual."

**6. Section added**

The following is added -

**"59B. Notification by authorized institution of end of financial year, etc.**

(1) An authorized institution shall -

(a) in the case of an institution which was authorized before the commencement of this section, not later than 1 month after that commencement;

(b) in any other case, not later than 1 month after the date on which it was authorized,

give notice in writing to the Monetary Authority of the date on which its financial year ends.

(2) An authorized institution shall not -

(a) alter the date on which its financial year ends as specified in its notice under subsection (1) except with the approval under subsection (3)(a) of the Monetary Authority;

(b) have its financial year exceed 12 months except with the approval under subsection (3)(b) of the Monetary Authority.

(3) The Monetary Authority may, on the application of

an authorized institution, by notice in writing served on the institution -

- (a) approve an alteration of the date on which its financial year ends subject to such conditions as the Monetary Authority thinks fit specified in the notice;
- (b) approve a financial year of more than 12 months for the institution subject to such conditions as the Monetary Authority thinks fit specified in the notice.

(4) Every director and every manager of an authorized institution which contravenes subsection (1) or (2), or any condition specified in a notice under subsection (3), commits an offence and is liable -

- (a) on conviction upon indictment to a fine at tier 7 ~~and to imprisonment for 2 years~~<sup>30</sup>and, in the case of a contravention of subsection (1), to a further fine at tier 3 for every day for which the institution fails to give the notice required under that subsection to the Monetary Authority; or

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<sup>30</sup> The imprisonment arrangement is deleted in response to market comments. This is in line with the penalty level for a similar offence under the Banking Ordinance, e.g. failure to publish audited annual accounts under section 60(3) of the Banking Ordinance. This is also in line with the arrangement in the Securities and Futures Bill. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

(b) on summary conviction to a fine at tier 5 ~~and to imprisonment for 6 months~~<sup>31</sup> and, in the case of a contravention of subsection (1), to a further fine at tier 2 for every day for which the institution fails to give the notice required under that subsection to the Monetary Authority."

**7. Returns and information to be submitted to the Monetary Authority**

Section 63(3A)(b)(iii) and (3E) is repealed.

**8. Section added**

The following is added -

**"63A. Auditor to report to Monetary Authority any matter which adversely affects financial position of authorized institution to material extent**

(1) Where a person in the course of performing his duties as an auditor appointed under -

(a) section 59(2) or 63(3) or (3A); or

(b) section 131 of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32),

becomes aware of a matter which, in his opinion, adversely affects the financial position of an authorized institution to a material extent, he shall, as soon as is reasonably

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<sup>31</sup> Same rationale as Footnote (3046) above. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

practicable after he becomes aware of the matter, submit to the Monetary Authority a report in writing on the nature of the matter and the reason why he is of that opinion.

(2) In relation to any authorized institution incorporated outside Hong Kong, subsection (1) shall only apply to its principal place of business in Hong Kong and its local branches, and shall do so as if that principal place of business and those branches were collectively a separate authorized institution."

**8A. Section added**

The following is added -

"63B. Auditors of registered<sup>32</sup>  
institutions to submit report  
to the Monetary Authority  
in certain cases

Where a person in the course of performing his  
functions as an auditor -

(a) appointed under -

(i) section 59(2) or 63(3) or (3A); or

(ii) section 131 of the Companies Ordinance  
(Cap. 32); and

(b) in relation to a registered institution<sup>33</sup>,

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<sup>32</sup> All references to "exempt authorized institution" in the Bill are replaced by "registered institution".

<sup>33</sup> All references to "exempt authorized institution" in the Bill are replaced by "registered institution".

becomes aware of a matter that, in the opinion of the person, is a matter that constitutes on the part of the institution a failure to comply with any prescribed requirements within the meaning of section 153 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ( \_\_\_\_\_ of 2002)(but excluding any requirements under section 145 of that Ordinance or of rules made under that section), then he shall, as soon as reasonably practicable after he becomes aware of the matter, submit to the Monetary Authority a report in writing on the matter.”<sup>34</sup>.

## 9. Sections added

The following are added -

**"71C. Executive officers of registered<sup>35</sup> ~~exempt authorized~~ institutions require Monetary Authority's consent**

- (1) Subject to sections 71E and 71F, no person shall -
- (a) become an executive officer of an ~~exempt authorized~~ registered<sup>36</sup> institution without the consent in writing of the Monetary Authority;

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<sup>34</sup> A new section added which, together with the proposed section 63A, have the same legislative effect as the reporting requirements under clause 153 of the Securities and Futures Bill. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>35</sup> **All references to “exempt authorized institution” in the Bill are replaced by “registered institution”.**

<sup>36</sup> **All references to “exempt authorized institution” in the Bill are replaced by “registered institution”.**



- (b) if he becomes such executive officer without such consent, act or continue to act as such executive officer without such consent;
- (c) fail to comply with a condition attached under subsection (2)(b) or (5) as such condition is in force from time to time; or
- (d) act or continue to act as such executive officer after such consent has been withdrawn under subsection (4).

(2) The Monetary Authority -

- (a) shall refuse to give consent under subsection (1) unless the Monetary Authority is satisfied that the person concerned -

~~(i) is a fit and proper person to be an executive officer of the exempt authorized institution concerned;~~

~~———— (ii) is competent to carry out the duties of such executive officer; and~~

~~———— (iii) has sufficient authority within the institution to be such executive officer;~~

(i) is a fit and proper person to be an executive officer of the registered<sup>37</sup> institution concerned; and

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<sup>37</sup> All references to “exempt authorized institution” in the Bill are replaced by “registered institution”.

(ii) has sufficient authority within the institution to be such executive officer;<sup>38</sup>

(b) may give consent under subsection (1) subject to such conditions as the Monetary Authority thinks proper to attach thereto.

(3) Where the Monetary Authority gives consent, or refuses to give consent, under subsection (1), he shall as soon as is reasonably practicable thereafter give notice in writing -

(a) in the case of the consent, to the person concerned and the ~~exempt authorized~~ registered<sup>39</sup> institution concerned and specifying any conditions attached to the consent;

(b) in the case of the refusal, to the person concerned and the ~~exempt authorized~~ registered<sup>40</sup> institution concerned and

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<sup>38</sup> The original subsection (2)(a)(ii) specifies that the Monetary Authority should take into account the competence of an applicant to carry out the duties of an executive officer in addition to taking a view on whether the applicant is a fit and proper person. This is not necessary since the “fit and proper” criteria already cover the concept of “competence” (see clause 128(1)(c) of the Securities and Futures Bill). This amendment is intended to remove the unnecessary overlap. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>39</sup> **All references to “exempt authorized institution” in the Bill are replaced by “registered institution”.**

<sup>40</sup> **All references to “exempt authorized institution” in the Bill are replaced by “registered institution”.**

specifying his reasons.

~~(4) Where the Monetary Authority~~

~~(a) has decided that he has ceased to be satisfied that an executive officer of an exempt authorized institution~~

~~(i) is a fit and proper person to be such executive officer;~~

~~(ii) is competent to carry out the duties of such executive officer; or~~

~~(iii) has sufficient authority within the institution to be such executive officer;~~

~~(b) has given to the executive officer not less than 7 days' advance notice of his decision, specifying his reasons, and accompanied by a copy of this section; and~~

~~(c) has taken into account any written representation received by him from the executive officer,~~

~~the Monetary Authority may, by notice in writing served on the executive officer and the institution, withdraw the consent.<sup>41</sup>~~

(4) Where -

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<sup>41</sup> Original section replaced by a more elaborate section on the revocation/suspension of consent granted to an executive officer : see the new subsections (4) to (4D) below. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

(a) an executive officer is, or was at any time, guilty of misconduct; or

(b) the Monetary Authority has ceased to be satisfied that an executive officer of a registered institution -

(i) is a fit and proper person to be such type of officer; or

(ii) has sufficient authority within the institution to be such officer,

then the Monetary Authority may, after consultation with the Securities and Futures Commission, by notice in writing served on the officer and the institution -

(c) withdraw the consent; or

(d) suspend the consent for such period or until the occurrence of such event as the Monetary Authority specifies.<sup>42</sup>

(4A) Without limiting the generality of subsection (4) or the operation of any other provisions of this Ordinance, for the avoidance of doubt it is hereby declared that the Monetary Authority may exercise his power under that

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<sup>42</sup> It is proposed that the Monetary Authority should be empowered to revoke or suspend the consent granted to an executive officer where such an officer is found guilty of misconduct or is no longer a fit and proper person. This is equivalent to the suspension and revocation of an approval granted to a responsible officer of a licensed corporation on the same grounds under clause 187 of the Securities and Futures Bill. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

subsection wholly or partly on the basis of information disclosed to the Monetary Authority by the Securities and Futures Commission, and whether or not the information arises from an investigation under section 175 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (        of 2002).<sup>43</sup>

(4B) The Monetary Authority shall not exercise his power under subsection (4) against an executive officer without first giving the officer an opportunity of being heard.<sup>44</sup>

(4C) Where the Monetary Authority decides to exercise his power under subsection (4) against an executive officer, the Monetary Authority shall inform the officer of his decision to do so by notice in writing served on him, and the notice shall include -

- (a) a statement of the reasons for which the decision is made;
- (b) the time at which the decision is to take effect; and
- (c) in so far as applicable, the duration and terms of the withdrawal or suspension of the

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<sup>43</sup> This subsection ensures that the Monetary Authority, in exercising his revocation/suspension power against an executive officer, can rely on information provided by the SFC, e.g. the findings of an SFC investigation. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>44</sup> Procedural requirement : same as that under the new clause 191(1) of the Securities and Futures Bill. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

consent to be imposed under the decision.<sup>45</sup>

(4D) Without prejudice to the exercise of any powers by the Securities and Futures Commission under the Securities and Futures Ordinance ( of 2002), the Monetary Authority may make such recommendations to the Securities and Futures Commission concerning any executive officer in respect of the exercise of the power under section 189A or 190 of that Ordinance as he considers appropriate.<sup>46</sup>

(5) Where the Monetary Authority -

- (a) has decided that he is satisfied that conditions need to be attached to a consent given under subsection (1), or that conditions attached to any such consent need to be amended;
- (b) has given to the executive officer not less than 7 days' advance notice of his decision, specifying his reasons, and accompanied by a copy of this section; and

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<sup>45</sup> Procedural requirement : same as that under the new clause 191(2) of the Securities and Futures Bill.

**Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>46</sup> A new subsection added to enable the Monetary Authority to make recommendations to the SFC in respect of executive officers of **registered institutions**~~exempt AIs~~. A similar provision has been added to the Securities and Futures Bill (the new clause 189A(7)) to enable the SFC to make recommendations to the Monetary Authority. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

- (c) has taken into account any written representation received by him from the executive officer,

the Monetary Authority may, by notice in writing served on the executive officer and the institution, attach conditions to the consent, or amend conditions attached to the consent, as the case may be.

(6) Any person who contravenes subsection (1) commits an offence and is liable -

- (a) on conviction upon indictment to a fine at tier 7 and to imprisonment for 2 years; or
- (b) on summary conviction to a fine at tier 5 and to imprisonment for 6 months,

and, in the case of a continuing offence, to a further fine at tier 2 for every day during which the offence continues.

(7) A person shall not be regarded for the purposes of subsection (1) as becoming an executive officer of ~~an exempt authorized~~ a registered<sup>47</sup> institution if he is appointed to serve as an executive officer of it -

- (a) immediately on the expiration of a previous term by him as an executive officer; and
- (b) in relation to the same regulated activity as he was such executive officer in that previous

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<sup>47</sup> All references to “exempt authorized institution” in the Bill are replaced by “registered institution”.

term.

(8) In this section -

"misconduct" (失當行為), in relation to an executive officer, means -

(a) a contravention of any of the relevant provisions, within the meaning of Schedule 1 to the Securities and Futures Ordinance (\_\_\_\_\_ of 2002), which are applicable to the officer;

(b) a contravention of -

(i) any conditions attached under subsection (2)(b), or attached or amended under subsection (5), to the consent under subsection (1) which relates to the officer; or

(ii) any conditions attached or amended under section 71E(3) to the provisional consent under section 71E(1) which relates to the officer<sup>48</sup>; or

(c) an act or omission of the officer relating to the carrying on of any regulated activity -

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<sup>48</sup> The original proposed amendment considered by Members on 14 September 2001 only mentioned contravention of conditions attached under subsection 2(b) or attached/amended under subsection (5) to the consent under subsection (1) as one of the grounds for misconduct. We now further propose that contravention of conditions attached to provisional consent granted under section 71E(1) should also be a ground of misconduct. A new paragraph (ii) is added accordingly.



(i) by the registered institution<sup>49</sup> in relation to which the officer is an executive officer; and

(ii) which, in the opinion of the Monetary Authority, is or is likely to be prejudicial to the interest of the investing public or to the public interest,

and "guilty of misconduct" (犯失當行為) shall be construed accordingly.<sup>50</sup>

(9) Where any registered institution<sup>51</sup> is, or was at any time, guilty of misconduct within the meaning of paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) of the definition of "misconduct" in section 186(1) of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ( of 2002) as a result of the commission of any conduct occurring with the consent or connivance of, or attributable to any neglect on the part of, an executive officer of the institution, the conduct shall also be regarded as misconduct on the part of the officer, and "guilty of misconduct" shall

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<sup>49</sup> **All references to "exempt authorized institution" in the Bill are replaced by "registered institution".**

<sup>50</sup> To define misconduct in this context, which is the definition specified in section 186(1) of the Securities and Futures Bill as applied to executive officers of **registered institutions**~~exempt AIs~~. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>51</sup> **All references to "exempt authorized institution" in the Bill are replaced by "registered institution".**

also be construed accordingly.<sup>52</sup>

**71D. Appointment of executive officers**

(1) Subject to section 71F, every registered<sup>53</sup> ~~exempt~~  
~~authorized~~ institution shall appoint not less than 2  
executive officers -

(a) in the case of an institution -

- (i) incorporated in Hong Kong, to be responsible for directly supervising the conduct of ~~the~~ each<sup>54</sup> business conducted by the institution that constitutes a regulated activity;
- (ii) incorporated outside Hong Kong, to be responsible for directly

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<sup>52</sup> This subsection effectively applies the revised clause 186(2) of Securities and Futures Bill to executive officers of **registered institutions** ~~exempt AIs~~ to render an executive officer responsible for the misconduct committed by the **registered institutions** ~~exempt AIs~~ concerned under certain circumstances. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>53</sup> **All references to “exempt authorized institution” in the Bill are replaced by “registered institution”.**

<sup>54</sup> **At the Bills Committee meeting on 14 September 2001, members commented that it was unclear from the original drafting whether the requirement for appointing two executive officers was based on each regulated activity or each institution. This amendment clarifies that at least two executive officers must be appointed for each regulated activity of a registered institution. This requirement is the same as that in relation to responsible officers of licensed corporations. The same two executive officers may be appointed for more than one type of regulated activities provided that they are fit and proper for such appointment.**

supervising the conduct of each<sup>55</sup> the  
business in Hong Kong conducted by  
the institution that constitutes a  
regulated activity; and

(b) each of whom shall be an individual.

~~(2) Every director and every manager of an exempt  
authorized institution which contravenes subsection (1)  
commits an offence and is liable on conviction upon  
indictment or on summary conviction to a fine at tier 5 and,  
in the case of a continuing offence, to a further fine at  
tier 2 for every day during which the offence continues.<sup>56</sup>~~

**71E. Grant of provisional consent in  
relation to persons seeking  
Monetary Authority's consent  
under section 71C(1) to be  
executive officers**

(1) Where a person seeks the consent under section  
71C(1) of the Monetary Authority to be an executive officer  
of an authorized institution, then the Monetary Authority may,  
upon the request of the person, and in his absolute  
discretion but subject to subsection (2), give provisional  
consent to the person to be such executive officer.

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<sup>55</sup> **Same rationale as Footnote (54).**

<sup>56</sup> This subsection is deleted since it creates a double penalty for the same offence : the penalty for this offence is already provided for under clause 124(3) of the Securities and Futures Bill. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

(2) The Monetary Authority shall refuse to give provisional consent under subsection (1) to a person unless the person satisfies the Monetary Authority that the giving of the consent will not prejudice the interests of -

- (a) depositors or potential depositors of the registered<sup>57</sup> ~~exempt authorized institution~~ concerned; and
- (b) the investing public.

(3) The Monetary Authority may give provisional consent under subsection (1) to a person subject to such conditions as the Monetary Authority thinks proper to attach thereto, and the Monetary Authority may at any time, by notice in writing served on the person and the registered<sup>58</sup> ~~exempt authorized institution~~ concerned, attach conditions to the consent or amend conditions attached to the consent, as the case may be.

(3A) The attachment or amendment under subsection (3) of conditions shall take effect at the time of -

- (a) giving the provisional consent; or
- (b) service of the notice concerned under that subsection or at the time specified in the notice, whichever is the later,

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<sup>57</sup> **All references to “exempt authorized institution” in the Bill are replaced by “registered institution”.**

<sup>58</sup> **All references to “exempt authorized institution” in the Bill are replaced by “registered institution”.**

as the case may be.<sup>59</sup>

(4) A provisional consent given under subsection (1) to a person shall be deemed to be revoked when the person and the registered<sup>60</sup> ~~exempt authorized~~ institution concerned are given notice under section 71C(3) of the Monetary Authority's decision to give, or refuse to give, consent under section 71C(1) for the person to be an executive officer of the institution.

(5) The Monetary Authority may, having regard to the interests of the depositors or potential depositors of the registered<sup>61</sup> ~~exempt authorized~~ institution concerned or of the investing public, and in his absolute discretion, withdraw provisional consent given under subsection (1) ~~to a person by giving notice in writing to the person and the institution withdrawing the consent to a person -~~

- (a) by giving notice in writing to the person and the institution withdrawing the consent;
- (b) with effect on such date as is specified in

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<sup>59</sup> New subsection added to specify that the attachment of conditions to provisional consent and amendment of such conditions will take effect without following the usual procedure of waiting for appeal channels to be exhausted. This is identical to the arrangement for attachment of conditions and amendment of such conditions to the provisional approval of licensed representatives under clause 119(8) of the Securities and Futures Bill. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>60</sup> **All references to “exempt authorized institution” in the Bill are replaced by “registered institution”.**

<sup>61</sup> **All references to “exempt authorized institution” in the Bill are replaced by “registered institution”.**

the notice, being a date not earlier than 7 days after the notice is so given<sup>62</sup>.

**71F. Transitional provisions in relation to sections 71C and 71D in the case of certain registered exempt authorized institutions**

Neither section 71C nor section 71D shall apply to or in relation to a registered<sup>63</sup> ~~an exempt authorized~~ institution during the period within which the institution falls within paragraph (a) of the definition of "registered<sup>64</sup> ~~exempt authorized~~ institution".

**10. Monetary Authority may require specified persons to submit information**

Section 72A(1) is amended -

(a) in paragraph (b), by adding "or an executive

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<sup>62</sup> The original clause provides that the withdrawal of provisional consent given to an executive officer takes immediate effect. The Hong Kong Association of Banks has pointed out that this would result in practical problems since an exempt AI will be regarded as having contravened the requirement of having at least two executive officers appointed at all times once the provisional consent of one of its executive officers is withdrawn. It is considered reasonable to provide a grace period of 7 days in such cases so that the registered institution ~~exempt AI~~ in question can seek a replacement executive officer for appointment. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>63</sup> **All references to "exempt authorized institution" in the Bill are replaced by "registered institution".**

<sup>64</sup> **All references to "exempt authorized institution" in the Bill are replaced by "registered institution".**

officer of a registered<sup>65</sup> ~~an exempt authorized~~  
institution" after "institution";

(aa) any person who is a relevant individual within the  
meaning of section 20(10)<sup>66</sup>;

(b) in paragraph (d), by adding "or 71C(1)" after  
"71(1)".

## 11. Official secrecy

Section 120 is amended -

(a) in subsection (5), by adding -

"(fa) to the disclosure of information by the  
Monetary Authority to the Securities and  
Futures Commission relating to -

(i) the carrying on of a regulated  
activity by a registered<sup>67</sup> ~~an  
exempt authorized institution~~;  
or

(ii) the carrying on by an

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<sup>65</sup> **All references to "exempt authorized institution" in the Bill are replaced by "registered institution".**

<sup>66</sup> Section 72A(1) of the Banking Ordinance empowers the Monetary Authority to require specified persons to submit information. It is necessary to include in this section the front-line securities staff of **registered institutions** ~~exempt AIs~~ whose names appear in the register to be maintained pursuant to section 20(1)(ea) so that the Monetary Authority can require such persons to submit information when necessary to facilitate the supervisory process over such persons. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>67</sup> **All references to "exempt authorized institution" in the Bill are replaced by "registered institution".**

authorized institution of the business of receiving or holding client assets, within the meaning of Schedule 1 to the Securities and Futures Ordinance ( of 2002~~0~~), of intermediaries, within the meaning of Schedule 1 to that Ordinance, of which the institution is an associated entity within the meaning of Schedule 1 to that Ordinance;"

(b) in subsection (5A)(b), by repealing "證券及期貨事務監察委員會" and substituting "證監會";

(c) in subsection (5C), by adding ", (fa)" after "(f)";

~~(d) by adding~~

~~"(8) For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby declared that subsection (1) does not apply to a reprimand under section 58A.".~~<sup>68</sup>

## 12. Appeals

Section 132A is amended -

(a) in subsection (1) -

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<sup>68</sup> This subsection is deleted since the power of reprimand will be vested with the Securities and Futures Commission under the new clause 189A of the Securities and Futures Bill. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**



(i) in paragraph (d), by adding ", 59B(3)"  
after "51A(2)";

(ii) by adding -

"(ea) any conditions to which an  
approval under section 59B(3)  
is made subject by the  
Monetary Authority under that  
section;" ;

~~(iii) by adding -~~

~~"(fa) a refusal to grant consent  
under section 71C(1),  
conditions attached under  
section 71C(2)(b) to such  
consent, the withdrawal under  
section 71C(4) of such consent,  
conditions attached under  
section 71C(5) to such consent  
or the amendment of any such  
conditions under section  
71C(5);";<sup>69</sup>~~

~~(b) by adding -~~

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<sup>69</sup> This subsection is no longer necessary since appeals against refusal to grant consent to executive officers and the attachment/amendment of conditions to such consent, etc will now be handled by the Securities and Futures Appeals Tribunal established under Part XI of the Securities and Futures Bill instead of the Chief Executive in Council. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

~~“(2A) Any exempt authorized institution aggrieved by a decision in a notice under section 58A(3) served on it may appeal to the Chief Executive in Council against the decision.”<sup>70</sup>~~

(b) by adding -

“(6) A person aggrieved by a specified decision of the Monetary Authority made in respect of the person may, by notice in writing given to the Securities and Futures Appeals Tribunal established by section 210 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ( of 2002), apply to the Tribunal for a review of the decision.”<sup>71</sup>

(7) The provisions of Part XI of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ( of 2002) shall apply to and in relation to a notice under subsection (6) as they apply to and in

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<sup>70</sup> This subsection is also deleted since the power under section 58A which deals with reprimand of **a registered institution** ~~an exempt AI~~ will be transferred to the Securities and Futures Bill. Appeals against such decisions will also be handled by the Securities and Futures Appeals Tribunal instead of the Chief Executive in Council. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>71</sup> To add a new subsection under section 132A to provide that appeals against specified decisions (to be defined later in the section) should be made to the Securities and Futures Appeals Tribunal established under the Securities and Futures Bill. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

relation to a notice under section 211(1) of that Ordinance.<sup>72</sup>

(8) A specified decision, other than a specified decision mentioned in paragraph (c) of the definition of "specified decision", shall take effect<sup>73</sup> -

(a) where, prior to the expiration of the period of 21 days specified in section 211(3) of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ( \_\_\_\_\_ of 2002) as that within which an application for review of the decision shall be made, the person to whom the decision relates notifies the Monetary

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<sup>72</sup> To apply the provisions concerning appeals under the Securities and Futures Bill to specified decisions under the Banking Ordinance. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

<sup>73</sup> This subsection has the same legislative effect as clause 224(2) of the Securities and Futures Bill. It spells out the interaction between the effective date of specified decisions and the appeal process under the Securities and Futures Appeals Tribunal. The only exception in this context is the attachment/amendment of conditions to provisional consent granted to executive officers under section 71E(3), which will take effect without waiting for the appeal process to be exhausted (see Footnote 29). **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001. After the meeting, minor technical changes have been made to the drafting of subsections 8(a), 8(b) and 8(c) for consistency with the drafting of clause 224(2) of the Securities and Futures Bill.**

Authority that he will not make  
the application, at the time  
when he so notifies the  
Monetary Authority;

(b) subject to paragraph (a), where  
the person does not make an  
application for review of the  
decision within the period of  
21 days specified in section  
211(3) of the Securities and  
Futures Ordinance ( \_\_\_\_\_ of 2002)  
as that within which the  
application shall be made, at  
the time when the time so  
specified expires; or

(c) where the person makes an  
application for review of the  
decision within the period of  
21 days specified in section  
211(3) of the Securities and  
Futures Ordinance ( \_\_\_\_\_ of 2002)  
as that within which the  
application shall be made -

(i) where the decision is  
confirmed by the  
Securities and Futures

Appeals Tribunal  
established by section  
210 of that Ordinance,  
at the time when the  
decision is so confirmed;

(ii) where the decision is  
varied, or substituted  
by another decision, by  
that Tribunal, at the  
time when the decision  
is so varied or  
substituted, subject  
however to the terms of  
the variation or  
substitution; or

(iii) where the application is  
withdrawn, at the time  
when it is so withdrawn.

(9) Notwithstanding subsection (8) and  
any other provisions of this or any other  
Ordinance, the Monetary Authority may, in  
respect of a specified decision, where he  
considers it appropriate in the interest of  
the investing public or in the public interest  
to do so, specify in a notice served on the  
person to whom the decision relates any time,

other than that at which the decision is apart from this subsection to take effect, as the time at which the decision is to take effect, in which case the decision takes effect at the time so specified.<sup>74</sup>

(10) In this section -

"specified decision" (指明決定) means a decision of the Monetary Authority -

(a) in a notice under section 58A(4) served on the person concerned;

(b) to refuse to grant consent under section 71C(2)(a), to attach pursuant to section 71C(2)(b) conditions to such consent, to withdraw or suspend under section 71C(4) such consent, to attach pursuant to section 71C(5) conditions to such consent or to amend pursuant to section 71C(5) any such conditions; or

(c) to attach pursuant to section 71E(3) conditions to

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<sup>74</sup> This new subsection has the same legislative effect as clause 224(3) of the Securities and Futures Bill.

**Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

provisional consent given under section 71E(1) or to amend pursuant to section 71E(3) any such conditions.<sup>75</sup>".

**13. Minimum criteria for authorization**

The Seventh Schedule is amended -

- (a) in paragraph 4, by repealing "or chief executive" and substituting ", chief executive or executive officer";
- (b) in paragraph 5(a), by adding ", or executive officer," after "chief executive";
- (c) in paragraph 12, by adding "(including any business which is not banking business or the business of taking deposits)" after "business".

**14. Grounds for revocation of authorization**

The Eighth Schedule is amended by adding -

"15A. A person has become or continues to be an executive officer of the authorized institution in contravention of section 71C.".

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<sup>75</sup> New subsection to define specified decision in the context of the Banking Ordinance. Appeals against such specified decisions should be made to the Securities and Futures Appeals Tribunal instead of the Chief Executive in Council. **Members considered this amendment and did not propose any further changes at the meeting on 14 September 2001.**

