(i) the action

DRAFT (3.7.2002)

UNITED NATIONS (ANTI-TERRORISM MEASURES) BILL

COMMITTEE STAGE

Amendments to be moved by the Secretary for Security

Clause Amendment Proposed 2 (a) In subclause (1) (i) by deleting the definition of "authorized officer"; (ii) in the definition of "funds", by deleting "Schedule 1" and substituting "the Schedule"; (iii) by deleting the definition of "property"; (iv) by deleting the definitions of "terrorist act" and "terrorist associate" and substituting ""terrorist act" () (a) subject to paragraph (b), means the use or threat of action where -

(including, in
the case of a
threat, the
action if carried
out) -

- (A) causes
 serious
 violence
 against a
 person;
- (B) causes
 serious
 damage to
 property;
- (C) endangers a

 person's

 life, other

 than that of

 the person

 committing

 the action;
- (D) creates a serious risk to the health or safety of the public

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or a section of the

public;

(E) is intended seriously to interfere with or seriously to disrupt an electronic system; or

(F) is intended seriously to interfere with or seriously to disrupt an essential service, facility or system, whether public or private; and

(ii) the use or threat is -

(A) intended to

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                                compel the
                                Government
                                or to
                                intimidate
                                the public
                                or a section
                                of the
                                public; and
                                made for the
                           (B)
                                purpose of
                                advancing a
                                political,
                                religious or
                                ideological
                                cause;
           (b) in the case of paragraph
                 (a)(i)(D), (E) or (F), does
                not include the use or threat
                of action in the course of any
                advocacy, protest, dissent
                 or industrial action;
                                   ) means an
      entity owned or controlled, directly or
      indirectly, by a terrorist;";
by deleting the definition of "weapons" and
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"terrorist associate" (

"weapons" () includes -

substituting -

(v)

- (a) chemical, biological,
 radiological or nuclear
 weapons and their
 precursors;
- (b) any arms and related material
 (including ammunition,
 military vehicles, military
 equipment and paramilitary
 equipment); and
- (c) any components of any arms
 and related material
 mentioned in paragraph
 (b).";
- (vi) by adding -

""Committee" () means -

- (a) the Committee of the United

 Nations Security Council

 established pursuant to the

 United Nations Security

 Council Resolution 1267 of 15

 October 1999; or
- (b) any other committee -
 - (i) of the United
 Nations;
 - (ii) established
 pursuant to a
 United Nations

Security Council

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Resolution made,
                         or a United
                         Nations
                         Convention which
                         has entered into
                         force, after 15
                         October 1999; and
                  (iii) the function of
                         which, in whole or
                         in part, is to
                         designate persons
                         or property as
                         terrorists,
                         terrorist
                         associates or
                         terrorist
                         property, as the
                         case may be;
"items subject to legal privilege" (
                    ) has the same meaning
    as in section 2(1) of the Organized and
     Serious Crimes Ordinance (Cap. 455);
"prescribed interest" (
                                    ), in
    relation to any property, means an
     interest in the property prescribed by
    rules of court as an interest for the
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purposes of this Ordinance;".

(b) By adding -

- "(4) For the purposes of this Ordinance, a person who has a prescribed interest in any property shall be deemed to be a person by, for or on behalf of whom the property is or was held.
 - (5) Nothing in this Ordinance shall -
 - (a) require the disclosure of any
 items subject to legal
 privilege;
 - (b) authorize the search or seizure
 of any items subject to legal
 privilege; or
 - (c) restrict the privilege against self-incrimination.
- (6) Without prejudice to the powers of the Court of First Instance under the Rules of the High Court (Cap. 4 sub. leg.), the Court of First Instance may of its own motion or on application order that any person who may be affected by an application -
 - (a) under section 4A in the case of an application under section 4A(1) made inter partes; or
- (b) under section 13, 16 or 16A, be joined as a party to the proceedings.
 - (7) For the avoidance of doubt, it is

hereby declared -

- (a) that section 14 of the High Court
 Ordinance (Cap. 4) shall apply
 to any judgment or order of the
 Court of First Instance arising
 from proceedings -
 - (i) under section 4A in
 the case of an
 application under
 section 4A(1) made
 inter partes; or
 - (ii) under section 13, 16 or 16A;
- (b) the provisions of this Ordinance

 shall be subject to the

 operation of Part XII of the

 Interpretation and General

 Clauses Ordinance (Cap. 1).".
- By deleting the clause and substituting -

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- "4. Specification by Chief Executive of persons and property as terrorists, terrorist associates or terrorist property
- (1) Where a person is designated by the Committee as a terrorist, the Chief Executive may publish a notice in the Gazette specifying the name or names of the person.

- (2) Where a person is designated by the Committee as a terrorist associate, the Chief Executive may publish a notice in the Gazette specifying the name or names of the person.
- (3) Where any property is designated by the Committee as terrorist property, the Chief Executive may publish a notice in the Gazette specifying the property.
- (4) For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby declared that a notice under subsection (1), (2) or(3) is not subsidiary legislation.
- (5) For the purposes of this Ordinance, it shall be presumed, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, that -
 - (a) a person specified in a notice under subsection (1) is a terrorist;
 - (b) a person specified in a notice under subsection (2) is a terrorist associate;
 - (c) property specified in a notice under subsection (3) is terrorist property.

(6) Where -

- (a) a person or property is specified in a notice under subsection (1), (2) or(3), as the case may be; and
- (b) the person or property ceases to be designated by the Committee as a

terrorist, terrorist associate or terrorist property, as the case may be,

then -

- (c) immediately upon the occurrence of that cesser, the notice shall be deemed to be revoked to the extent that it relates to the person or property, as the case may be; and
- is practicable and for information purposes, publish a notice in the Gazette stating that the first-mentioned notice has been revoked to the extent that it relates to the person or property, as the case may be (or words to the like effect).
- 4A. Specification by Court of First Instance of persons and property as terrorists, terrorist associates or terrorist property
- (1) The Chief Executive may make an application to the Court of First Instance for an order to specify -
 - (a) the person the subject of the application as a terrorist or terrorist associate; or
 - (b) the property the subject of the

application as terrorist property.

- (2) Where an application is made under subsection (1), the Court of First Instance shall only make the order sought by the application if it is satisfied that the person or property the subject of the application is a terrorist, terrorist associate or terrorist property, as the case may be.
- (3) The Chief Executive shall cause an order under subsection (2) to be published in the Gazette.
- (4) Where an order under subsection (2) is published in the Gazette, then, subject to section 16(3)(a), for the purposes of this Ordinance, it shall be presumed, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, that -
 - (a) a person specified in the order as a terrorist is a terrorist;
 - (b) a person specified in the order as a terrorist associate is a terrorist associate;
 - (c) property specified in the order as terrorist property is terrorist property.

(5) Where -

- (a) a person or property is specified in an order under subsection (2)published in the Gazette; and
- (b) the Chief Executive receives

information which causes him to have reasonable grounds to believe that the person or property is not, or is no longer, a terrorist, terrorist associate or terrorist property, as the case may be,

then the Chief Executive shall, as soon as is practicable, make an application to the Court of First Instance for the order to be revoked to the extent that it relates to the person or property, as the case may be.

- (6) The Court of First Instance shall grant an application under subsection (5).
 - (7) Where -
 - (a) a person or property is specified in an order under subsection (2) published in the Gazette; and
 - (b) the Court of First Instance has granted an application -
 - (i) under subsection (6) which
 relates to the person or
 property, as the case may
 be; or
 - (ii) under section 16(3)(b)
 which relates to the person
 or property, as the case
 may be,

then the Chief Executive shall, as soon as is practicable, cause a notice to be published in the Gazette specifying that the order has been revoked to the extent that it relates to the person or property, as the case may be.

- (8) An order under subsection (2) published in the Gazette which has not been revoked in its entirety by virtue of the granting of an application under subsection (6) or section 16(3)(b) shall expire on the 2nd anniversary of the date of its publication in the Gazette.
- (9) For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby declared that an application under subsection (1) shall be made inter partes except where the application falls within the circumstances specified in rules of court made for the purposes of this section.".
- (a) In subclause (1), by deleting "for the purposes of this section".
- (b) By deleting subclauses (3) and (4) and substituting -
 - "(3) Subject to subsection (3A), a notice under subsection (1) which has not been revoked under subsection (2) shall expire on the 2nd anniversary of the date on which it was signed by the Secretary.
 - (3A) Where an application under section 13

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has been made to the Court of First Instance -

(a) in respect of funds, or part
 thereof, specified in a notice
 under subsection (1); and

before the expiration of the

notice under subsection (3), then, subject to subsection (2), the notice shall not expire in relation to the funds, or part thereof, as the case may be, until the date, if any, on which -

(b)

- (c) proceedings relating to the
 application (including
 proceedings relating to any
 appeal) are no longer pending;
 and
- (d) the funds, or part thereof, as the case may be, have not been forfeited in consequence of those proceedings.
- (3B) Where a notice under subsection (1) has been revoked under subsection (2) or has expired under subsection (3) or (3A), the Secretary shall not again exercise the power under subsection (1) in respect of the funds specified in the notice unless there has been a material change in the grounds in respect of which the Secretary proposes to again exercise

that power in respect of the funds.

- (4) For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby declared that the revocation under subsection (2), or the expiry under subsection (3) or (3A), of a notice under subsection (1) shall not affect the application of section 7 to the funds which were specified in the notice.".
- By deleting "for the purposes of this section".
- 9 By deleting the clause and substituting -
 - "9. Prohibition on recruitment, etc. to bodies of persons specified in notices under section 4(1) and (2) or orders under section 4A(2)
 - (1) A person shall not -
 - (a) recruit another person to become a
 member of; or
 - (b) become a member of,

a body of persons (including individuals), whether corporate or unincorporate, who the first-mentioned person knows or has reasonable grounds to believe is specified in a notice under section 4(1) or (2), or specified in an order under section 4A(2), published in the Gazette.

- 2) Where a person is a member of -
 - (a) a body of persons (including

individuals), whether corporate or unincorporate, specified in a notice under section 4(1) or (2) published in the Gazette; or

(b) a body of persons (including individuals), whether corporate or unincorporate, specified in an order under section 4A(2) published in the Gazette,

immediately before the date of its publication in the Gazette, then the first-mentioned person shall, as soon as is practicable after that date, take all practicable steps to cease to be such a member.".

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- (a) In subclause (1), by deleting "has reasonable grounds to suspect" and substituting "suspects".
- (b) By adding -
 - "(3A) In the case of a person who was in employment at the relevant time, this section shall have effect in relation to disclosures to the appropriate person in accordance with the procedure established by his employer for the making of such disclosures as it has effect in relation to disclosures to an authorized officer.".
- (c) In subclause (4), by deleting "has reasonable grounds to suspect that a disclosure has been made under

subsection (1)" and substituting "suspects that a disclosure has been made under subsection (1) or (3A)".

- Part 5 In the heading, by deleting "EVIDENCE,".
- 12 By deleting the clause.
- (a) In subclause (4), by deleting "on the balance of probabilities" and substituting "the standard of proof applicable to civil proceedings in a court of law".
 - (b) In subclause (5), by deleting "17(3)" and substituting "18(3)".
- 14 (a) In subclause (3), by adding ", without reasonable excuse," after "who".
 - (b) In subclause (7)(a) and (b), by adding "at the material time" before "he".
 - (c) By deleting subclauses (8), (9) and (10).

New By adding in Part 6 -

- "14A. Supplementary provisions applicable to licences mentioned in section 5(1) or 7
 - (1) Without prejudice to the generality of conditions and exceptions which may be specified in

- a licence mentioned in section 5(1) -
 - (a) such conditions may relate to specifying the manner in which the funds to which the licence relates shall be held from time to time; and
 - (b) such exceptions may relate to the reasonable living expenses and reasonable legal expenses of any person by, for or on behalf of whom the funds are held.
- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of conditions and exceptions which may be specified in a licence mentioned in section 7, such exceptions may relate to the reasonable living expenses and reasonable legal expenses of the person secondmentioned in that section to which the licence relates.".
- (a) By deleting the heading and substituting "Delegations".
 - (b) By deleting subclause (1).
 - (c) In subclauses (2) and (3), by deleting "person, or class or description of persons" and substituting "public officer, or class or description of public officers".

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"16. Applications to Court of First Instance

- (1) Where -
 - (a) an application under section 4A(1)
 has been made ex parte and in
 consequence thereof an order under
 section 4A(2) has been published in
 the Gazette, then -
 - (i) any person specified in the order, or any person acting for or on behalf of the person so specified, may at any time make an application to the Court of First Instance for the order to be revoked to the extent that it relates to the person so specified;
 - (ii) any person by, for or on behalf of whom any property specified in the order is held, or any other person in respect of whom the

 Court of First Instance is satisfied that the person is affected by the order, may at any time make an

application to the Court of

First Instance for the

order to be revoked to the

extent that it relates to

the property so specified;

- (b) a notice has been given under section 5(1), then any person by, for or on behalf of whom any funds specified in the notice are held, or any other person in respect of whom the Court of First Instance is satisfied that the person is affected by the notice, may at any time make an application to the Court of First Instance for the notice to be revoked to the extent that it relates to the funds so specified.
- (2) A person who makes an application under subsection (1) shall give a copy of the application (and an affidavit, if any, and other relevant documents, if any, in support) -
 - (a) to the Secretary for Justice and, in the case of an application under subsection (1)(a)(ii) or (b), to any other person by, for or on behalf of whom the property or funds concerned is or are held; and

- (b) not later than 7 days before the date fixed for the hearing of the application or such shorter period as the Court of First Instance may permit pursuant to rules of court.
- (3) On an application under subsection (1) -
 - (a) in the case of an application under subsection (1)(a)(i) or (ii), the presumption mentioned in section 4A(4) shall not be applicable, whether for the purposes of the proceedings or otherwise, immediately upon the initiation of the proceedings and until the conclusion of the proceedings (including the conclusion of any appeal arising out of the proceedings); and
 - (b) the Court of First Instance shall grant the application unless -
 - (i) where subsection (1)(a)(i)
 is applicable, the Court of
 First Instance is
 satisfied that the person
 specified in the order
 concerned under section
 4A(2) is a terrorist or
 terrorist associate, as

the case may be;

- (ii) where subsection
 (1)(a)(ii) is applicable,
 the Court of First Instance
 is satisfied that the
 property specified in the
 order concerned under
 section 4A(2) is terrorist
 property;
- (iii) where subsection (1)(b) is
 applicable, the Court of
 First Instance is
 satisfied that there are
 reasonable grounds to
 suspect that the funds
 specified in the notice
 concerned under section
 5(1) are terrorist
 property.
- (4) An application for -
 - (a) the grant of a licence mentioned in section 5(1) or 7 may be made by any person affected by the operation of that section; or
 - (b) the variation of a licence mentioned in section 5(1) or 7 may be made by any person affected by the licence.

- (5) A person who makes an application under subsection (4) shall give a copy of the application (and affidavit, if any, and other relevant documents, if any, in support) -
 - (a) to the Secretary for Justice and to any other person affected by the operation concerned of section 5(1) or 7, or the licence concerned, as the case may be; and
 - (b) not later than 7 days before the date fixed for the hearing of the application or such shorter period as the Court of First Instance may permit pursuant to rules of court.
- (6) The Court of First Instance shall not grant an application under subsection (4) unless it is satisfied that it is reasonable in all the circumstances of the case to do so.
 - (7) Where -
 - (a) proceedings relating to an application under subsection(4)(including proceedings relating to any appeal) are no longer pending; and
 - (b) the licence to which the application
 relates -
 - (i) is, or is still, required

to be granted; or

(ii) is, or is still, required
to be varied,

as the case may be,

then the Secretary shall, as soon as is practicable, cause the licence to be granted or varied, as the case may be, accordingly.

16A. Compensation

- (1) Subject to subsection (2), where -
 - (a) a person has ceased to be specified as a terrorist or terrorist associate under section 4A(2); or
 - (b) property has ceased to be -
 - (i) specified as terrorist
 property under section
 4A(2); or
 - (ii) specified in a notice under
 section 5(1),

then the Court of First Instance may, on application by -

- (c) in the case of paragraph (a), the
 person who was so specified, or any
 person acting for or on behalf of the
 person who was so specified;
- (d) where paragraph (b) is applicable, any person by, for or on behalf of whom

the property that was so specified is held,

order compensation to be paid by the Government to the applicant if, having regard to all the circumstances, it considers it appropriate to make such an order.

- (2) The Court of First Instance shall not order compensation to be paid under subsection (1) unless it is satisfied -
 - (a) where subsection (1)(a) is applicable,
 that at no time when the person
 concerned was specified as a
 terrorist or terrorist associate
 under section 4A(2) was the person
 either a terrorist or terrorist
 associate;
 - (b) where subsection (1)(b) is applicable, that at no time when the property was specified as terrorist property under section 4A(2), or was specified in a notice under section 5(1), as the case may be, was the property terrorist property;
 - (c) that there has been some serious default on the part of any person concerned in obtaining the relevant specification under section 4A(2) or

5(1); and

- (d) the applicant has, in consequence of the relevant specification and the default mentioned in paragraph (c), suffered loss.
- (3) The amount of compensation to be paid under this section shall be such as the Court of First Instance thinks just in all the circumstances of the case.".
- 17, 18 By deleting the clauses and substituting -

and 19 "17. Regulations

- (1) The Secretary may make regulations for the purposes of enabling persons to be prohibited from dealing with any property (other than funds) -
 - (a) that the Secretary has reasonable grounds to suspect is terrorist property; and
 - (b) except under the authority of a licence granted by the Secretary for the purposes of the regulations.
- (2) The Secretary may make regulations for the purposes of -
 - (a) facilitating the obtaining of evidence and information for the purpose of securing compliance with or detecting evasion of this

Ordinance;

- (b) facilitating the obtaining of evidence in relation to the commission of an offence under this Ordinance; and
- (c) enabling property suspected of being
 terrorist property to be seized and
 detained while its origin or
 derivation is further investigated or
 consideration is given to the
 institution (whether in the HKSAR or
 elsewhere) of proceedings -
 - (i) against any person in relation to an offence with which the property is connected; or
 - (ii) which may result in the
 property being specified
 in a notice under section
 5(1) or which may result in
 the forfeiture or other
 confiscation of the
 property.
- (3) The Secretary may make regulations for the purposes of authorizing public officers to perform functions or exercise powers under regulations made under this section.

- (4) The Secretary may make regulations for the purposes of providing compensation to be paid, on grounds specified in the regulations, to a person who has suffered loss in consequence of any act done or omission made under regulations made under this section in respect of any property.
- (5) Regulations made under this section may provide for applications to be made to, and orders to be made by, a magistrate or court for any purposes mentioned in subsection (1), (2) or (4).
 - (6) Regulations made under this section may -
 - (a) prescribe offences in respect of
 contraventions of the regulations
 (including contravention of any
 orders made under the regulations);
 and
 - (b) provide for the imposition in respect
 of any such offence of -
 - (i) on conviction on
 indictment, a fine and
 imprisonment for not more
 than 7 years;
 - (ii) on summary conviction, a
 fine at not more than level
 6 and imprisonment for not
 more than 1 year.
 - (7) Regulations made under this section shall

be subject to the approval of the Legislative Council.

18. Procedure

- (1) Provision may be made by rules of court -
 - (a) with respect to applications under -
 - (i) section 4A;
 - (ii) section 13;
 - (iii) section 16;
 - (iv) section 16A; or
 - (v) regulations made under
 section 17;
 - (b) without limiting the generality of paragraph (a), with respect to the circumstances in which applications mentioned in that paragraph shall be made ex parte;
 - (c) without limiting the generality of
 paragraph (a), with respect to
 expediting, on grounds specified in
 the rules, the hearing of
 applications mentioned in that
 paragraph;
 - (d) with respect to the division,
 conversion or disposal of property
 for the purposes of satisfying an
 order under section 13(1) to which the
 property is subject where -

- (i) section 13(2) is
 applicable; and
- (ii) the property is not readily
 divisible for those
 purposes;
- (e) without limiting the generality of
 paragraph (a), prescribing interests
 for the purposes of the definition of
 "prescribed interest";
- (f) generally with respect to the procedure under this Ordinance before any court.
- (2) Subsection (1) is without prejudice to the generality of any existing power to make rules.
 - (3) Rules made under this section may -
 - (a) state that they supersede, in whole or in part, any rules that apply to procedure under this Ordinance by virtue of section 13(5);
 - (b) for the purposes of reflecting a supersession mentioned in paragraph(a), amend section 13(5).
- 19. Proceedings inter partes shall be held in open court unless otherwise ordered by the court
 - (1) Subject to subsection (2), proceedings

inter partes in respect of applications mentioned in section 18(1)(a) shall be held in open court unless the court otherwise orders, upon application made by any party to the proceedings, that all or part of the proceedings shall be held in chambers or in camera.

- (2) The court shall not make an order that proceedings mentioned in subsection (1) shall be held in chambers or in camera unless the court is satisfied that the order is reasonably necessary in the interests of -
 - (a) the security, defence or <u>external</u> relations of the HKSAR; or
 - (b) the administration of justice.
- (3) In this section, "court" ()
 includes a magistrate.".

Schedule 1 By deleting "SCHEDULE 1 [ss. 2(1) & 18]" and substituting "SCHEDULE [s. 2(1)]".

Schedules 2 By deleting the Schedules. and 3

Security Bureau July 2002