For discussion on 11 November 2002

## **LegCo Panel on Health Services**

## **Regulation of Health Claims**

## **Introduction**

This paper sets out the Administration's detailed proposal on the regulation of health claims for Members' consideration.

# **Background**

- 2. There has been an increasing number of food products claiming beneficial health effects in the local market. These products are generally described as "health food" for which there is no generally accepted definition. We have seen complaints from the consumers against misleading or exaggerated claims of the so-called health food products. There are calls from the public, Legislative Council and Consumer Council that we should tighten control of irresponsible health claims for the sake of public health.
- 3. At present, specific claims relating to prevention or treatment of diseases are already subject to stringent control. Products with such claims are considered pharmaceutical products and are required to be registered under the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance (PPO) (Cap. 138) or, where appropriate, the Chinese Medicine Ordinance (Cap. 549) when the relevant provisions of the latter Ordinance become effective (Note). For general food products, the Public Health and Municipal Services Ordinance (Cap. 132) requires manufacturers and sellers to ensure their products are fit for human consumption. Furthermore, the Undesirable Medical Advertisements Ordinance (UMAO) (Cap. 231) prohibits advertisements claiming that a product has curative or preventive effects on any of the diseases listed in the schedule to the Ordinance.

Subsidiary legislation relating to the registration system of Chinese medicine was tabled at the LegCo on 6 November 2002. Subject to Members' comments, the regulatory system will commence by phases next year, starting with the licensing system for Chinese medicine traders.

- 4. We have surveyed the health claims of orally consumed products currently available in the market. Some examples of claims which are considered misleading or exaggerated are shown at Appendix 1. These claims can be broadly grouped into the following two categories:
  - (i) Claims relating to body functions which may delay the public from seeking proper medical advice and management Examples include regulation of blood pressure, regulation of blood lipid or cholesterol, etc. As these claims usually do not mention prevention or treatment of specific diseases, they are outside the control of the existing legislation e.g. PPO and UMAO.
  - Exaggerated or misleading health-related claims Examples include misleading claims relating to slimming,
    weight reduction, breast enhancement, detoxification etc.
    Regulation of these claims requires consensus in the
    community. In regulating these claims, we appreciate that
    a balance has to be struck among protection of public
    health and freedom of choice by consumers.

# **The Proposal**

5. To better protect the public, we propose to work out a list of health claims to be regulated. We propose to amend the UMAO (Cap. 231) for the purpose of regulating health claims. The UMAO currently prohibits the advertising of medicines, surgical appliances and treatments for prevention or treatment of certain diseases or conditions in human beings. The purpose of the prohibition is to prevent improper self-medication by members of the public, thereby causing harm as a result of either the improper self-medication itself, or the delayed proper treatment they should receive. The UMAO has two schedules, i.e. Schedules 1 and 2. It is an offence for any person to publish, or cause to be published, any advertisement likely to lead to the use of any medicine, surgical appliance or treatment for treating or preventing any disease or condition specified in column 1 of Schedule 1, except for a purpose (if any) specified in column 2. Advertisements for the purposes specified in

Schedule 2 are also prohibited. A copy of the two schedules is at Appendix 2.

6. We propose to include in the UMAO a list of prohibited claims as a new schedule to address the misleading information and exaggerated claims of orally consumed products. We propose that the Director of Health (D of Health) should have the power to amend the new schedule and to extend its coverage to cover other products and services as and when necessary having regard to latest development and for the protection of public health. Views from experts and the community will be sought through consultation in finalizing/revising the list of prohibited claims. We also propose that the D of Health should be empowered to authorize public officers to be inspectors to enforce the relevant provisions of the UMAO.

## **Action Plan**

7. We will work out the proposed list of prohibited claims as soon as possible. The public and other stakeholders including the trade, the Consumer Council and medical professionals will be consulted on the proposal early next year. After collecting their views, we will consult Members again on the way forward.

## **Other Measures**

- 8. Apart from regulating health claims through legislative means, we believe that education plays an important role to enable consumers make informed choices. DH has launched programmes to educate the public on the concept of health and proper use of health products. Public education on this front will be continued and further stepped up when necessary.
- 9. In the meantime, DH and the Food and Environmental Hygiene Department (FEHD) continue to work closely in their surveillance programmes. For products carrying specific claims relating to prevention or treatment of diseases, inspectors of FEHD will refer them to DH to ensure that they have been properly registered and take follow-up actions if necessary.

# **Advice Sought**

10. Members are invited to comment on the proposal set out in this paper. After obtaining Members' views, we shall proceed to draw up the preliminary list of prohibited claims and prepare for public consultation.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Health, Welfare and Food Bureau November 2002

# **Examples of Misleading / Exaggerated Health Claims**

# <u> 誤導性/誇大的保健聲稱例子</u>

Health Claims	保健聲稱
Regulate blood glucose of diabetic patients	調節糖尿病者的血糖水平
Suppress absorption of glucose	抑制糖份吸收
Stabilize blood glucose	穩定血糖
Stabilize blood pressure	穩定血壓
Regulate blood pressure	調節血壓
Reduce cholesterol	降膽固醇
Regulate cholesterol	調和膽固醇
Remove toxin in the blood	清理血毒
Regulate endocrine secretion	調節內分泌
Increase white blood cells count	提升白血球數量
Prevent nocturnal diuresis	預防夜尿
Frequent urination, urgent urination, dripping urination	尿頻,尿急,滴尿,小便無力
Enhance firmness of breast	改善胸部豐滿
Improve drooping breast	改善乳房下垂
Help eliminate fat during sleeping	幫助睡覺時消除脂肪細胞
Eliminate cellulite	減去橙皮脂肪
Decompose fat	分解脂肪
Slimming without going on diet or exercise	無需節食或運動而達到纖體
	效果

#### 附表 1

(第3條)

### 禁止或限制發布的廣告所涉及的疾病 或病理情况

<b>以</b> 教廷情况		
	第1編 疾病或結理情况	第2機 准予作廣告宣傳的目的
ì.	任何良性或惡性僧。	<b>沒</b> 有。
2.	任何精彩、积累、真霸或其他傳染性疾病、包括結核病、病疾、肝炎及壅燥。	以外用藥物部於身體外部,以治療或預防整業 的皮膚感染,包括使用變剛治療以被軽兒童感 從引致約症提及紅疹, 該經日痛性消傷症狀。
		家整盛智 - 被案等一款和其旅行牲越营及藉信 的上坪贯進密染情况。
		治療口息前庭及報部的輕微急性發炎情况。 "
3.	任何寄生疾病。	治瘀疥症或蟯蟲、虱或螺蟲等感染。但有態腐 告只可刊整於盛載衍供炒藥物、外科用具或療 法的別有價毀的容器或包裹上。
1.	任何性病,包括病部、排病、軟下疳、 性病性淋巴肉芽屬、生殖器疱疹、生殖 器肉質、尿道炎、陰道炎、尿道或陰道 溢液、聚滋病及任何其他絕由性接觸傳 染的疾病。	<b>役有。</b>
5.	任何呼吸系統疾病,包括哮喘,支氣管 炎及肺炎。	暂時就輕花粉雨、鼻炎或黏膜炎症狀。 該鹽塞廢症狀。

#### SCHEDULE 1

[s. 3]

# DISEASES AND CONDITIONS IN RESPECT OF WHICH ADVERTISEMENTS ARE PROMBETED OR RESTRICTED

	Column I Disease or condition	Column 2 Purposes for which advertising is permatted
١.	Any benign of malignant tumour.	None.
2.	Any virst, bacterial, fongal or other infections disease, including tuberculosis, dysentery, hepatitis and leprosy.	Treatment or prevention of minor cutaneous infections where a medicinal product is to be administered to an externel surface of the body including treatment by means of preparations for the relief of previous or examinementous rashes of childhood infection.
		Relief of symptoms of aphthous uleer.
		Relief of symptoms of common colds, coughs, conditions commonly referred to an influenza and similar upper respiratory tract infections.
		Treatment of minor acute inflammatory conditions of the buccal cavity and pharynx.
3.	Any parasitic disease.	Treatment of scabies or an infestation by fluradworms, lice or roundworm, provided tha the advertisement consists solely of a labelled container or package in which a medicine, surgical appliance or treatment is supplied.
4.	Any venereal disease, including syphilis, gonorrhoes, soft chancre, lymphogranuloma venerum, genital herpes, genital warts, urethritis, vaginitis, urethral or vaginal discharge, acquired immunodelicieacy syndrome (AIDS), and any other sexually transmitted disease.	None.
5.	Any respiratory disease, including asthma, broachitis, and pneumonia	rhinitis or calarch.
		Relief of blocked-up sinuses.

Authorized Lance had Edition, Printed and Fubbalized by the Government Printer, though Lang Special Administrative Region

_	第 1 [編 疾病或病理情况	第2制 准予作廣告宣傳的目的
6.	任何心臟或心血管系統疾病,包括風濕 性心臟病、動脈硬化、冠狀動脈病、心 律失常、高虛壓、隨極管病、先天性心 順病、血栓形成、末梢動脈病、水腫、 捉網膜血管變化及末梢靜脈病。	没有・
7.	任何胃腐病,包括婚石·肝硬化·胃题 出血、腹痛、商、肛門瘻及痔。	被堅一般稱為不消化·胃灼熱、胃腹過多、消 化不良、口臭或腸胃氣脹的症狀。
		減輕器紋痛、胃痛或惡心症狀。
		減優傷發性或非持續的腹瀉或便秘症狀。
		預防旅行房或有關症狀 •
		以局部有效製劑或軟化糞便劑及潤滑
		南治療療及減壑症狀。
8.	任何神經系統疾病,包括羊癇、精神紊 亂、精神發育鹽線及鐵壓:	複粒頭痛。
9.	任何部似生類系統疾病,包括肾石、肾 改、膀胱炎、任何剪好能病及包莖炎。	<b>投</b> 套。
IU.	任何面就或掛巴系統实施,包括 <b>負也、</b> 環線・出座所収、当必索及其伦林巴達 生疾期。	绘予廣物質及與他命作為預防,以避免軟食不 這當或需求加調節飲食的人士陷入缺乏狀態。
It.	任何肌與骨骼系統疾病,包括劍蓋病。 關節炎及坐骨神經第。	使用外引與新出越茲肌肉疼痛、繼延及痙攣症 狀。
12.	任何內分泌疾病,包括糖尿病、甲狀腺 毒症、甲狀腺腫以及與該系統活動過少 或對多有關的任何體育或機能性病運情 说。	食物補充扁。
13.	任何影響視力·聽覺或平衡的器官病理 情況。	局部使用眼點劑以減軽症狀。 局部使用耳垢溶劑以減輕症狀。

理可是更新。市员的特殊各处图案的中国的特别是印象及合行

Column I	Column 2
Disease or condition	Purposes for which
	advertising is permitted

Any disease of the heart or cardiovascular None. system, including rheumatic heart disease. atteriosclerosis, coronary artery disease, arrythmias, hypertension, cerebrovascular disease, congenital heart disease, thrombosis, peripheral artery disease. oedema, retinal vascular change and peripheral venous disease.

and haemorrhoids.

7. Any gastro-intestinal disease, including gallstone, cirrhosis, gastro-intestinal bleeding, diarrhoea, liernia, fistula-in-ano

Relief of such symptoms as are commonly referred to as indigestion, heartburn, hyperacidity, dyspepsia, halitosis (bad breath) or flatulence.

Symptomatic relief of colicky pain, stomach ache or nauseau.

Relief of occasional or non-parsistent diarrhoea or constipation.

Prevention of travel sickness or related symptoms.

Treatment of haemorrholds for relief of symptoms by means of locally effective... preparations or stool-softening agents and Inhricants.

- Any disease of the nervous system, including epilepsy, mental disorder. mental retardation and paralysia.
- Symptomatic relief of headaches.
- Any disease of the genuo-urmary system, including kidney stone, nephritis, cyanis. any prostatio disease and phimosis.

10 Any disease of the blood or lymphatic system, including anemia, neck glands, bleeding disorders, lenkemia and other lympho-proliferative discases.

Prophylactic administration of minerals and vitamins to avoid deficiency states in persons with inadequate diet or with increased distary requirements.

11. Any disease of the musculo-skeletal External preparations for the relief of symptoms system, including theumatism, arthritis of muscular pain and stiffness and cramp.

None.

12. Any endocrine disease, including diabetes. Provision of dietary supplements. thyrotoxicosis, goitre and any other organic or functional condition related to under or over activity of any part of the system.

and scintica.

Relief of symptoms by means of the local administration of eye preparations.

13. Any organic condition affecting sight, hearing or balance.

Relief of symptoms by means of local administration of preparations as a solvent for

# 29 W

第1編 疾病或病理情况

第2個 准予作魔告宣傳的目的

14. 任何皮膚、頭髮或頭皮疾病。

以外用劑預防或治療頭皮屑。

以外用劑施於身體外部,以治療丘疹、濕疹、 皮膚敏感及腳廚・

以保施性外用劑預防和治療接觸皮炎及曬傷。 使用難跟賣或溶劑以治療便皮及難量。

被驱或預防一般輕微皮膚症狀,包括乾燥及戰 裂皮膚、唇皰疹・痕簾、昆蟲咬傷、汗疹及尿 布塔。

(附表]由1988年第65號第8條增補)

到表 2

|第3級|

就止為以下自動而為任何棄物·昇利用具或 **搬房作班告宣例** 

- i 遊報。醫給總閣、選擇或任何其他婦童科疾病。
- 2. 增量性能力、性額或生殖能力、或恢復生去的實費。
- 3. 矯正畸形或纤科整容手術。

(助表2由1988年第65號第2條增額)

附表3

(由 1988 年第 65 號第 11 條廢除)

Undesirable Medical Advertisements CAP. 231

Column 1 Disease or condition

Column 2 Purposes for which advertising is permitted

14. Any disease of the skin, bair or scalp.

Prevention or treatment of dandruff by means of external applications

Treatment, where applied to an external surface of the body, of pimples, eczema, skin allergies and athlete's foot.

Prevention or treatment of contact demnititis and sunbura by means of protective applications.

Treatment of hard skin and corns by means of the application of corn plasters or solvents.

Relief or prevention of common minor skin conditions including dry and chapped skin, cold sores, pruritus, insect bites, heat rash and napkin rash.

(Schedule i added 65 of 1988 s. 8)

SCHEDULE 2

Is. 31

PERFOSES FOR WHICH IT IS PROBUSTED TO ADVERTISE ANY MEDICINE, SURGICAL APPLIANCE OR TREATMENT

- 1. The induction of menstruction or relief of amenorrhes or delayed menstruction or any other gymiecological or obstetrical disease.
  - 2. The promotion of sexual vicisity, desire or fertility, or the restoration of lost youth.
  - The correction of deformity or the surgical afteration of a person's appearance. (Schedule 2 added 65 of 1988 s. 8)

SCHEDULE 3

(Repealed 65 of 1988 s. 11)