

2. Interpretation

- (1) In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires –
- “appointed day” (指定日期) means the day on which Part 9 comes into operation;
- “appointed member” (委任成員) means a member of the Council appointed under section 9(1)(a) or (d);
- “authorized person” (獲授權人), in relation to construction operations, means –
- (a) the authorized person appointed or nominated under section 4 of the Buildings Ordinance (Cap. 123) in respect of the construction operations; or
 - (b) if no authorized person is appointed under that section, the person appointed in accordance with section 68 in respect of the construction operations;
- “Board” (訓練委員會) means the Construction Industry Training Board established under section 31;
- “building” (建築物) has the meaning assigned to it in section 2(1) of the Buildings Ordinance (Cap. 123);
- “carry out” (進行), in relation to any construction operations, includes –
- (a) to manage, or to arrange for, the carrying out of the construction operations;
 - (b) to provide one’s own labour or that of any other person for the carrying out of the construction operations; and
 - (c) otherwise to undertake the construction operations;
- “CITA” (訓練局) means the Construction Industry Training Authority established by section 4 of the Industrial Training (Construction Industry) Ordinance (Cap. 317) and in existence before the commencement of section 73;
- “construction contract” (建造合約) means a contract between an employer and a contractor under which the contractor carries out construction operations but does not include a contract of employment;

“construction industry” (建造業) means the industry in which construction operations are carried out;

“construction operations” (建造工程) has the meaning assigned to it in Schedule 1;

“contract of employment” (僱傭合約) has the meaning assigned to it in section 2(1) of the Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57);

“contractor” (承建商), in relation to any construction operations (whether the construction operations are carried out under a contract or otherwise), means –

- (a) the person appointed as contractor under section 9 of the Buildings Ordinance (Cap. 123) in respect of the construction operations; or
- (b) if no such person is appointed, the person who carries out the construction operations;

“Council” (議會) means the Construction Industry Council established by section 4;

“employer” (聘用人) means a person for whom a contractor carries out construction operations, whether under a contract or otherwise;

“Executive Director” (執行總監) means the Executive Director appointed under section 14;

“financial year” (財政年度) means the period fixed as the financial year of the Council under section 24(1);

“function” (職能) includes a power, authority or duty;

“further penalty” (另加罰款) means any further penalty payable under section 48(3);

“levy” (徵款) means the Construction Industry Levy referred to in section 34(2);

“notice of assessment” (評估通知) means a notice of assessment described in section 35(3);

“notice of surcharge” (附加費通知) means a notice of the surcharge referred to in section 43(3);

“Objections Committee” (異議審核委員會) means the committee established under section 56;

“objector” (反對者) means a person who makes an objection under section 57;

“penalty” (罰款) means any penalty payable under section 48(2);

“Secretary” (局長) means the Secretary for the Environment, Transport and Works;

“surcharge” (附加費) means any surcharge imposed under section 43;

“term contract” (固定期合約) means a construction contract –

- (a) that provides for completion of all construction operations to which the contract relates within a specified period (whether or not such period may be varied by agreement); and
- (b) under which a contractor carries out construction operations as required by the employer by any notice issued from time to time within the specified period by or on behalf of the employer to the contractor;

“total value” (總價值), in relation to any construction operations, means the total value of the construction operations as defined in section 55;

“value” (價值), in relation to any construction operations, means the value of the construction operations as determined under section 54;

“works order” (施工通知) means a notice issued by or on behalf of an employer to a contractor under a term contract, by which the employer requires construction operations to be carried out.

(2) Without affecting the generality of the definitions of “contractor” and “employer” under subsection (1), the following applies for the purposes of construing those terms –

- (a) where a person carries out construction operations for any other person under a contract of employment –
 - (i) if the first-mentioned person is appointed as contractor under section 9 of the Buildings Ordinance (Cap. 123) in respect of the construction operations, he (and not that other person) is the

contractor in respect of the construction operations;
and

(ii) if the first-mentioned person is not appointed as contractor under section 9 of the Buildings Ordinance (Cap. 123) in respect of the construction operations, the first-mentioned person is not the contractor in respect of the construction operations; ~~and the person for whom the construction operations are carried out is the contractor;~~

(b) where a person carries out construction operations for himself without any arrangement for the carrying out of the construction operations by any other person, the first-mentioned person is both the contractor and the employer in respect of the construction operations;

(c) where a person carries out construction operations for himself with the assistance, under a contract of employment, of one or more other persons none of whom is appointed as contractor under section 9 of the Buildings Ordinance (Cap. 123) in respect of the construction operations, the first-mentioned person is both the contractor and the employer in respect of the construction operations.

5. Functions of Council

The functions of the Council are –

- (a) to advise and make recommendations to the Government on strategic matters, major policies and legislative proposals, that may affect or are connected with the construction industry, and on matters of concern to the construction industry;
- (b) to reflect to the Government the construction industry's needs and aspirations;
- (c) to elevate the quality and competitiveness of the construction industry by promoting the ongoing development and improvement of the industry;
- (d) to uphold professionalism and integrity within the construction industry by promoting self-regulation, formulating codes of conduct and enforcing such codes;
- (e) to improve the performance of stakeholders in persons connected with the construction industry through establishing or administering registration schemes or rating schemes;
- (f) to advance the skills of personnel in the construction industry through planning, promotion, supervision, provision or coordination of training courses or programmes;
- (g) to encourage research activities and the use of innovative techniques and to establish or promote the establishment of standards for the construction industry;
- (h) to promote good practices in the construction industry in relation to dispute resolution, procurement methods, site safety, environmental protection, multi-layer subcontracting, occupational safety and health, procurement methods, project management and supervision, sustainable

construction and other areas conducive to improving construction quality;

(ha) to enhance the cohesiveness of the construction industry by promoting harmonious labour relations and observance of statutory requirements relating to employment, and by facilitating communication among various sectors of the industry;

- (i) to serve as a resource centre for the sharing of knowledge and experience within the construction industry;
- (j) to monitor improvements made by the construction industry through the compilation of performance indicators;
- (k) to make recommendations with respect to the rate of the levy imposed under this Ordinance; and
- (l) to perform any other functions relevant to the construction industry, including those functions conferred or imposed on it by or under this Ordinance or any other enactment.

7. Powers of Council

(1) The Council may do all such things as are necessary for, or incidental or conducive to, the performance of its functions.

(2) Without limiting subsection (1), the Council may –

- (a) hold, acquire or lease any kind of property, whether movable or immovable;
- (b) subject to section 8(1), sell or otherwise dispose of any kind of property, whether movable or immovable;
- (c) enter into, assign or accept the assignment of, and vary or rescind, any contract or obligation;
- (d) subject to section 8(2) and (3), meet the expenditure on any item shown in the estimates of expenditure of the Council, borrow or otherwise raise money on such security as may be necessary, and charge all or any of the property of the Council for the purposes of meeting its expenditure;
- (e) charge fees for the use of any facility or service provided by the Council or in respect of any registration scheme or rating scheme established or administered by the Council;
- (f) engage any technical, professional or other person to provide any such facility or service, and determine any matter relating to such engagement;
- (g) devise, establish, operate and maintain registration schemes or rating schemes in respect of ~~stakeholders, companies or personnel of persons connected with~~ the construction industry;
- (h) conduct research into any matter relating to its functions;
- (i) determine standards for application in the construction industry, in particular the standards for designs, processes, construction techniques, products, materials and methods of procurement and recommend the adoption of such standards;

- (j) collect, analyse, compile, publish and disseminate information relating to the construction industry or such other subject as may be necessary for the performance of its functions;
- (k) formulate, issue and promulgate codes of conduct for ~~construction~~—personnel and good practices in the construction industry;
- (l) investigate or otherwise dispose of complaints concerning any code of conduct, registration scheme or rating scheme;
- (m) conduct reviews in respect of codes of conduct, registration schemes and rating schemes;
- (n) set training requirements, provide and approve training courses and conduct examinations and tests, in respect of construction operations;
- (o) issue and award certificates of attendance or competence in respect of such training courses, examinations and tests and oversee and administer apprenticeship schemes for the construction industry;
- (p) organize and arrange seminars, exhibitions, workshops, conferences or training courses or programmes for the construction industry;
- (q) engage in publicity activities in any form that the Council considers appropriate;
- (r) form or manage or participate in the formation or management of any company or engage the services of any other body;
- (s) acquire or dispose of shares in any company; and
- (t) receive any funds, donations or gifts lawfully given for a purpose consistent with its ~~functions-statutory objects~~.

Extracted from Schedule 5

Prevention of Bribery Ordinance

4. Public bodies

Schedule 1 to the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap. 201) is amended by adding –

- “103.104. Construction Industry Council.
104.105. Construction Industry Training Board.”.

Extracted from Schedule 5

Pneumoconiosis (Compensation) Ordinance

6. Interpretation

Section 2 of the Pneumoconiosis (Compensation) Ordinance (Cap. 360) is amended –

(a) in subsection (1) –

(i) by repealing the definition of “authorized person” and substituting –

““authorized person” (獲授權人), in relation to

construction operations, means –

(a) the authorized person appointed or nominated under section 4 of the Buildings Ordinance (Cap. 123) in respect of the construction operations; or

(b) if no authorized person is appointed under that section, the person appointed in accordance with the Pneumoconiosis (Compensation) (Assessment of Levy) Regulations (Cap. 360 sub. leg. A) in respect of the construction operations;”;

- (ii) in the definitions of “construction contract”, “contractor”, “term contract” and “works order”, by repealing “Industrial Training (Construction Industry) Ordinance (Cap. 317)” and substituting “Construction Industry Council (No. 2) Ordinance (of 2004)”;
- (iii) by repealing the definition of “construction employer” and substituting –
 - ““construction employer” (建造工程聘用人) means an employer as defined in section 2(1) of the Construction Industry Council (No. 2) Ordinance (of 2004);”;
- (iv) by repealing the definition of “construction operations” and substituting –
 - ““construction operations” (建造工程) has the meaning assigned to it in section 2(1) of the Construction Industry Council (No. 2) Ordinance (of 2004);”;
- (v) by repealing the definition of “levy” and substituting –
 - ““levy” (徵款) –
 - (a) in relation to construction operations, means the levy referred to in section 35(1); and
 - (b) in relation to quarry products, means the levy referred to in section 35(7);”;

- (vi) in the definition of “quarry products”, by adding “from” before “or”;
- (vii) by repealing the definitions of “specified amount” and “specified rate”;
- (viii) by repealing the definition of “total value” and substituting –
 - ““total value” (總價值), in relation to any construction operations, means the total value of the construction operations as defined in section 39D;”;
- (ix) by repealing the definition of “value” and substituting –
 - ““value” (價值) –
 - (a) in relation to any construction operations, means the value of the construction operations as determined under section 39C; and
 - (b) in relation to any quarry products, means the value of the quarry products as determined under section 39E;”;
- (x) by adding -
 - ““carry out” (進行) has the meaning assigned to it in section 2(1) of the Construction Industry Council (No. 2) Ordinance (of 2004);

“notice of assessment” (評估通知) means a notice of assessment described in section 35(6);”;

(b) by repealing subsections (3) and (4) and substituting -

“(2) Without affecting the generality of the definitions of “construction employer” and “contractor” under subsection (1), the following applies for the purposes of construing those terms -

(a) where a person carries out construction operations for any other person under a contract of employment –

(i) if the first-mentioned person is appointed as contractor under section 9 of the Buildings Ordinance (Cap. 123) in respect of the construction operations, he (and not that other person) is the contractor in respect of the construction operations; and

(ii) if the first-mentioned person is not appointed as contractor under section 9 of the Buildings Ordinance (Cap. 123) in respect of the construction operations, the first-mentioned person is not the contractor in respect of the construction

~~operations, and the person
for whom the construction
operations are carried out
is the contractor;~~

- (b) where a person carries out construction operations for himself without any arrangement for the carrying out of the construction operations by any other person, the first-mentioned person is both the construction employer and the contractor in respect of the construction operations;
- (c) where a person carries out construction operations for himself with the assistance, under a contract of employment, of one or more other persons none of whom is appointed as contractor under section 9 of the Buildings Ordinance (Cap. 123) in respect of the construction operations, the first-mentioned person is both the construction employer and the contractor in respect of the construction operations.”.