Transitional Arrangement for Existing Specialist Dentists

Since its establishment on 1 October 1959, the Dental Council has adopted an administrative system to grant permission for the use of "specialist title" to registered dentists who have met the minimum level of training and experience requirements in particular areas of dental practice. The granting of such specialist titles is not governed by the Dentists Registration Ordinance (DRO), but rather as a policy decision by the Council. Registered dentists who use specialist titles without being accredited by the Council will be subject to disciplinary proceedings for unprofessional conduct under the Code of Professional Discipline for dental practitioners.

- 2. Before 1982, applications from dentists for the use of specialist titles were considered on a case by case basis. Starting from 1982, the Dental Council has adopted a set of guidelines for considering applications to use specialist titles by dentists. The guidelines have been updated from time to time to reflect developments of the profession, including the setting up of the Hong Kong Academy of Medicine (HKAM) and the College of Dental Surgeons of Hong Kong (CDSHK) (one of HKAM's constituent colleges) in 1993 and the proposed introduction of a specialist register in the DRO. A summary of the changes in the guidelines approved by the Council over the years is at **Appendix A**.
- 3. All applications for permission to use specialist titles from registered dentists will be considered by the Council upon the recommendation of its Credentials Committee which was set up to, inter alia, vet the applications. Under the existing guidelines adopted by the Council in 2004, only a Fellow of the HKAM and the CDSHK, or an applicant whose qualification which at the discretion of the Council is deemed to be of equivalent status, would be considered for the granting of specialist titles by the Council. All applicants also have to satisfy the continuing education requirements set by HKAM and CDSHK.
- 4. As at 1 December 2005, there are 138 registered dentists who have been given approval by the Dental Council to use specialist titles in

7 specialties. Many of those given permission to use specialist titles before the setting up of the HKAM in 1993 subsequently became fellows of the HKAM and the CDSHK.

- 5. Currently there are only 8 dentists, who have been given approval to use specialist titles by the Dental Council, but are not in possession of a HKAM and CDSHK fellowship. They had met the criteria set by the Council at the time when they applied to use the specialist titles and are therefore eligible to continue using the specialist titles notwithstanding that, for various reasons, they did not become fellows of the HKAM and the CDSHK. The higher dental qualifications obtained by these 8 specialist dentists are shown at **Appendix B**.
- 6. All dentists who were given approval to use specialist titles by the Dental Council had been duly vetted to conform to the prevailing experience and academic requirements of the profession at the time of application. Like that of other professionals, such criteria must change with time to meet the need and development of the profession.
- 7. In order not to cause undue hardship to dentists who aspire to become specialists before enactment of the proposed legislative amendments, the Dental Council does not consider imposing a cut-off date for granting specialist titles appropriate nor conducive to the development of the profession.

Health, Welfare and Food Bureau December 2005

Summary of guidelines for vetting applications to use specialist titles issued by Dental Council since 1982

Year	Qualification requirement	Other requirements	Practice Restrictions
1982	 Possess a higher qualification relating to the specialty after a recognizable educational programme of at least 2 years in duration; and Eligible to embark on such specialist practice in the country from which he originally obtained the higher qualification; and Been engaged in full-time general dental practice for not less than 2 years. 	Only dentists in the private sector could apply.	Once accredited as a specialist and authorized to use a specialist title, the dentist's practice must thereafter be limited exclusively to the specialty applied for.
1991	1(a) A higher qualification gained by a formal training of at least 2 years in duration; or 1(b)A period of training and clinical experience at an advanced level as appropriate to the specialty for at least 2 years (clinical experience must have been under supervision and guidance of at least one	Only dentists in the private sector could apply.	 Once accredited as a specialist and authorized to use a specialist title, the dentist's practice must thereafter be limited exclusively to the specialty applied for. Mixed practice – a specialist

Year	Qualification requirement	Other requirements	Practice Restrictions
	person with advanced knowledge) and experience related to the specialty concerned and post-training period of practice experience of not less than 3 years; or 1(c) Any applicant who satisfies the Council that he has substantial experience in a particular field; and 2. Been engaged in full-time general dental practice for not less than 1 year.		should practise in partnership with, or in association with, or employ any dentist, only after duly informing the Council to this effect.
1997	Same as those adopted in 1991	Only dentists in the private sector could apply.	• Once accredited as a specialist and authorized to use a specialist title, the dentist's practice must thereafter be limited exclusively to the specialty applied for.
2001	1(a) Fellow of HKAM and Fellow of CDSHK in the relevant specialty; or 1(b) Any other qualification which at the discretion of the Council is deemed to be of equivalent status with the HKAM and CDSHK Fellowships; or	Only dentists in the private sector could apply.	Nil

Year	Qualification requirement	Other requirements	Practice Restrictions
	1(c) A higher qualification after 2 years formal training		
	and post-training practical experience of not less		
	than 3 years under the supervision of an		
	experienced clinician acceptable to the Council; or		
	1(d) A period of training and clinical experience at an		
	advanced level as appropriate to the specialty for		
	not less than 2 years (clinical experience must have		
	been under supervision and guidance of at least		
	one person with advanced knowledge and		
	experience relating to the specialty concerned) and		
	post-training practical experience of not less than 3		
	years under the supervision of an experienced		
	clinician acceptable to the Council; and		
	2. Been engaged in full-time general dental practice		
	for not less than 1 year.		
2003	In addition to those adopted in 2001, all applicants	All dentists could apply,	Nil.
	have to meet the continuing education requirements set	irrespective of whether they are in	
	by the HKAM and CDSHK.	the private sector or the public	
		sector (i.e. Government and the	

Year	Qualification requirement	Other requirements	Practice Restrictions
		University)	
2004	1(a) Fellow of HKAM and CDSHK in the relevant specialty; or	All dentists could apply, irrespective of whether they are in the private sector or the public	Nil.
	1(b) Any other qualification which is deemed by the Council to be of equivalent status with the HKAM and CDSHK fellowship; and	sector (i.e. Government and the University)	
	2. Meeting the continuing education requirements set by the HKAM and CDSHK; and		
	3. Been engaged in full-time general dental practice for not less than 1 year.		

List of qualifications held by specialist dentists who are not in possession of a HKAM and CDSHK Fellowship

Specialist title approved in	Higher dental qualifications obtained	Remarks
1982	Master of Science, University of	A Fellow of
	Nebraska, USA 1982	CDSHK but not
	• Certificate in Orthodontics,	HKAM
	University of Nebraska, USA 1982	
1992	Certificate in Oral and	
	Maxillofacial Surgery, Cook	
	County Hospital, USA 1979	
	Fellow in Oral and Maxillofacial	
	Surgery, Royal College of Dentists	
	of Canada 1982	
1997	Master of Science, University of	
	London, UK 1991	
	Fellow of Royal Australasian	
	College of Dental Surgeons,	
	Australia 1994	
1999	Fellow of Royal Australasian	
	College of Dental Surgeons,	
	Australia 1990	
	Master of Dental Science,	
	University of Melbourne 1991	
	Master of Dental Surgery,	
	University of Sydney, Australia 1992	
	Doctor of Philosophy, University	
	of Hong Kong 1996	
2001	Diploma in Orthodontics (Eastman	Formal approval
	Dental Centre) USA 1996	given in 2001 after
		3 years'
		post-training period
		of practice
		experience from

Specialist title approved in	Higher dental qualifications obtained	Remarks
		1997 to 2001
2002	Master of Dental Surgery,	Formal approval
	University of Hong Kong 1996	given after 3 years'
		post-training period
		of practice
		experience from
2004	O DIL CD IA (lai)	1999 to 2001
2004	Fellow of Royal Australasian Called a Control Surgery	Formal approval
	College of Dental Surgeons,	given in 2004 after
	Australia 1996 Martan of Madical Science with a	3 years'
	Master of Medical Science with a major in Odontology, Karolinska	post-training period of practice
	Institute, Sweden 1998	experience from
	Licentiate Degree in Odontological	2000 to 2003
	Toxicology, Karolinska Institute,	2000 to 2003
	Sweden 1999	
	Doctor of Philosophy, Karolinska	
	Institute, Sweden 2000	
2005	Fellow of Royal Australasian	
	College of Dental Surgeons,	
	Australia 1989	
	• Fellow in Dental Surgery of the	
	Royal College of Surgeons of	
	England 2002	
	Master of Clinical Dentistry in	
	Prosthodontics, University of	
	London, UK 2002	
	Membership in Restorative	
	Dentistry of the Royal College of	
	Surgeons of England and the Royal	
	College of Physicians and	
	Surgeons of Glasgow 2004	