

立法會房屋事務委員會 Legislative Council Panel on Housing

租住公共屋邨 住宅大廈公用地方 持續改善之照明系統設計

Continuous Improvement in Lighting System Design for Domestic Buildings' Common Areas in Public Rental Housing Estates

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目的 Purpose

向議員簡報在香港房屋委員會(下稱「房委會」)興建的租住公共屋邨內, 有關住宅大廈公用地方照明系統設計的 持續改善情況。

To brief Members on the continuous improvements in lighting systems design for domestic buildings' common areas in public rental housing (PRH) estates of the Hong Kong Housing Authority (HA).



多年以來,務求滿足使用者更高的期望和法例對照明光度最新的要求,房委會實施多項措施以持續改善及優化照明系統之設計。配合照明業界的創新發展,採取了相關步伐以改善安全、達致能源效益和制定成本效益的解決辨法。

Over the years, in response to the rising expectations of users and changes to the statutory requirements on the level of illumination, the HA has been implementing continuous enhancements to the design of lighting systems. In tandem with technological advancement in lighting industry, steps have been taken to improve safety, achieve energy efficiency and formulate cost effective solutions.

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<u>背景 Background</u>

● 房委會一向致力優化公共屋邨住宅大廈公用地方的照明系統設計,並同時兼顧節約能源,持續改善設計照明光度,務求在滿足使用者的期望及提升生活質素之餘,亦不會對環境帶來額外影響。

To meet the expectation of users and to reduce energy consumption so that quality of living can be upgraded without putting an extra burden on the environment, the HA has enhanced the lighting systems design for domestic buildings' common areas with continuous improvements to the design illumination levels.



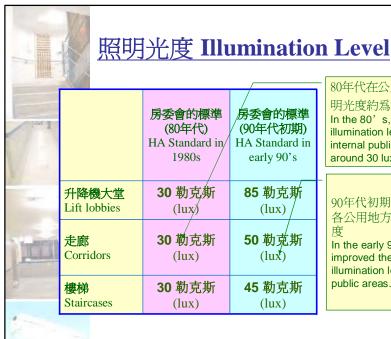
照明光度 Illumination Level

	房委會的標準 (60年代-70年代) HA Standard in 1960s – 1970s	
升 降機 大堂 Lift lobbies	< 20 勒克斯 (lux)	
走廊Corridors	< 20 勒克斯 (lux)	
樓梯 Staircases	< 20 勒克斯 (lux)	

照明光度只能達致 使用者最低限度的 安全和保安要求

Illumination level just satisfied the minimum safety and security requirements for users

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80年代在公用地方之照 明光度約爲30勒克斯 In the 80's, the illumination level for internal public areas was around 30 lux.

90年代初期,房委會改善 各公用地方之設計照明光

In the early 90's, the HA improved the design illumination levels at various public areas.



照明光度Illumination Level

房委會的標準 (90年代後期) HA Standard in late 1/990s
150 /勒克斯 (lux)
120 勒克斯 (lux)
120 勒克斯 (lux)

90年代後期參照屋宇署發出的 《設計手冊:暢通無阻的通道 1997》所載建議增強照明光度。

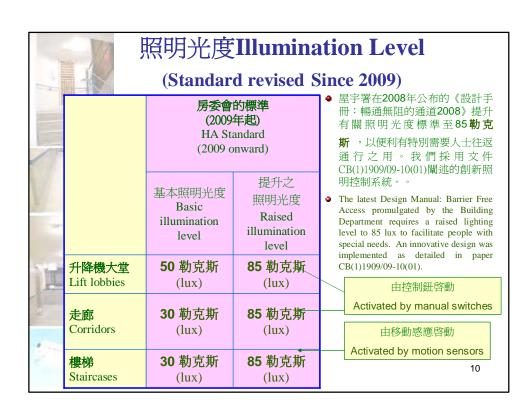
In late 90's, the illumination level was upgraded to match with the recommendation of the **Design Manual - Barrier Free Access**1997 promulgated by the Buildings Department.





房委會就可接受的照明光度進 行檢討,包括調查私人機構發 展項目的情況,並參照最新的 《英國特許屋宇裝備工程師學 會指引》,然後通過一套新的 照明光度,於2000年至2008年間 採用。

HA conducted a review of the acceptable illumination levels by surveying the private developments and making reference to the latest CIBSE Guides. A new standard on illumination levels was established and adopted in new development during 2000 - 2008.





燈具 Lighting Fittings

屋邨住宅大廈的公用地方,現時均選用一種裝置有小型慳電光管的照明燈具。

優點包括:

- 無須存放大量不同種類的燈管及零件以供日後更換,方便維修保養。
- 採用統一規格的燈具,我們可以藉著大量採購而達致節省成本及經濟原則。

A common type of bulkhead lighting fitting is chosen to serve the communal areas in domestic buildings.

Advantages:

- To ease maintenance concern on keeping numerous types of spare parts and lamps for future replacement.
- Achieve cost saving through bulk purchasing and economies of scale.



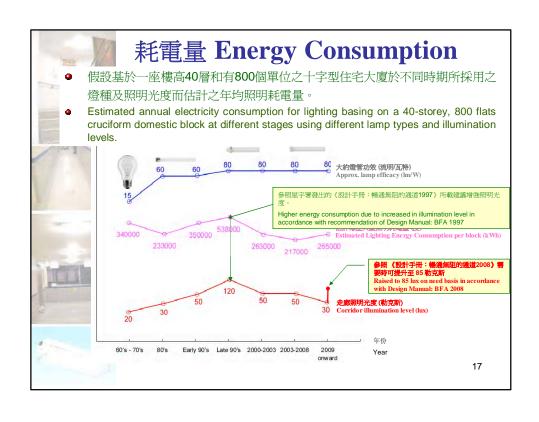


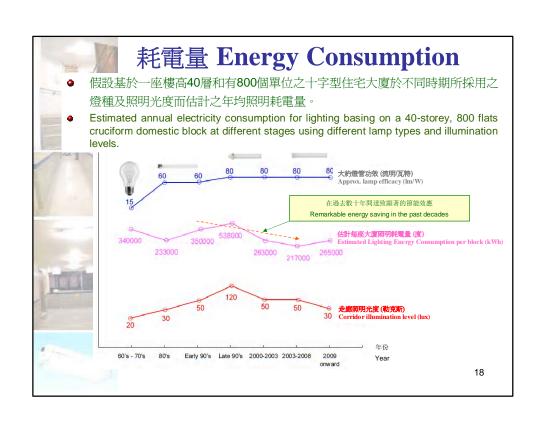
燈具 Lighting Fittings				
年份 Year	90年代後期 至2002年 Late 90's - 2002	2003年 - 2008年 2003 - 2008	2009年起 2009 onward	
燈種 Lamp type	標準樓層小型慳電光管 連電感式鎭流器 Compact fluorescent lamps with electromagnetic ballast for typical floors (80流明/瓦特) (80 lm/W)	標準樓層小型慳電 光管連電子鎖流器 Compact fluorescent lamps with electronic ballast for typical floors (80流明/瓦特) (80 lm/W)	標準樓層小型慳電 光管連電子鎖流器 Compact fluorescent lamps with electronic ballast for typical floors (80流明/瓦特) (80 lm/W)	
	地下大堂T8光管 T8 fluorescent lamps for G/F lobby	地下大堂T8光管 T8 fluorescent lamps for G/F lobby	地下大堂T5光管 T5 fluorescent lamps for G/F lobby	











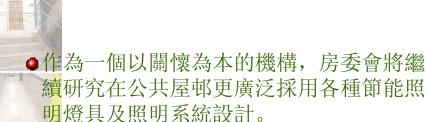
就根據原電量比較	秀委會2003年至2008年1	ergy Consum 1月照明標準及最新照明標	•
1,000	son of the energy consu November 2008:	mption in the latest lighting	design with those between
loc 1	房委會的標準 (2003年至2008年11月) HA Standard (2003 to November 2008)	符合設計手冊:暢通無阻的 通道 《2008》 規定 To meet Design Manual: Barrier Free Access 2008 requirement	符合設計手冊: 暢通無阻的通 道《2008》規定及採用新照 明控制 To meet Design Manual: Barrier Free Access 2008 requirement using new lighting control
樓上升降機大堂 Lift lobby of upper floors	85 勒克斯 (lux)	85 勒克斯 (lux)	50 / 85 勒克斯 (lux)
走廊 Corridor	50 勒克斯 (lux)	85 勒克斯 (lux)	30 / 85 勒克斯 (lux)
樓梯 Staircases	40 勒克斯 (lux)	85 勒克斯 (lux)	30 / 85 勒克斯 (lux)
估計之耗電量 Estimated energy consumption	217,000 度/大廈 217,000 kWh/Block	386,000 度/大廈 (沒有實施 新的照明控制) 386,000 kWh/Block (without new lighting control)	265,000度/大廈 (預計耗電量) 198,000度/大廈 (最低耗電量) 386,000度/大廈 (最高耗電量) 265,000 kWH/Block (Estimate Consumption) 198,000 kWH/Block (Minimum energy consumption) 386,000 kWh/Block(Maximum energy consumption)











未來路向 Way Forward

• As a caring organization, we will continue to explore the broader use of energy efficient lighting fittings and lighting system design in PRH estates.

