# Rules in the Rules of Procedure related to the processing of censure motions

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#### 30. Manner of Giving Notice of Motions and Amendments

(1A) Notice of a motion moved under Rule 49B(1A) (Disqualification of Member from Office) shall be signed by the Member wishing to move the motion and 3 other Members.

#### 38. Occasions when a Member may Speak more than once

- (1) A Member may not speak more than once on a question, except
  - (a) in committee of the whole Council; or
  - (b) as provided in subrule (2); or
  - (c) in explanation as provided in subrule (3); or
  - (d) in the case of the mover of a motion, in reply at the end of the debate on the motion; or
  - (e) (Repealed L.N. 86 of 2000)
  - (f) upon a Member's motion as provided in subrule (8); or
  - (g) with the leave of the President.

## 40. Adjournment of Debate or of Proceedings of a Committee of the Whole Council

(6A) A debate adjourned under the provisions of Rule 49B(2A) (Disqualification of Member from Office) shall be resumed at the earliest meeting of the Council at which normal business is transacted after the report of the investigation committee has been laid on the Table of the Council.

### 49B. Disqualification of Member from Office

(1) A motion to relieve a Member of his duties as a Member under Article 79(6) of the Basic Law shall be moved in the following form:

"That whereas (name of Member) was convicted on (date) in (court) in (place) of a criminal offence(s) and was sentenced on (date) by (court) to imprisonment for one month or more (as particularized in the Schedule to this motion), this Council relieves (name of Member) of his/her duties as a Member of the Legislative Council."

(1A) A motion to censure a Member under Article 79(7) of the Basic Law shall be moved in the following form:

"That this Council, in accordance with Article 79(7) of the Basic Law, censures (name of Member) for misbehaviour/breach of oath under Article 104 of the Basic Law/misbehaviour and breach of oath under Article 104 of the Basic Law (details as particularized in the Schedule to this motion)."

- (2) No amendment may be moved to a motion moved under subrule (1) or (1A).
- (2A) Upon the moving of a motion under subrule (1A), debate shall be adjourned and the matter stated in the motion shall be referred to an investigation committee unless the Council, on a motion which may be moved without notice by any Member, otherwise orders. If the latter motion is agreed to by the Council, no further action shall be taken on the motion moved under subrule (1A).
- (3) The passage of a motion moved under subrule (1) or (1A) shall require a two-thirds majority vote of the Members present.

(4) Where the Council has decided to relieve a Member of his duties or to censure a Member, the President shall declare forthwith that the Member is no longer qualified for his office.

### 73A. Investigation Committee

- (1) An investigation committee required to be established under Rule 49B(2A) (Disqualification of Member from Office) shall consist of a chairman, a deputy chairman and 5 members who shall be Members appointed by the President in accordance with an election procedure determined by the House Committee. The mover of the motion under Rule 49B(1A), the Members jointly signing the motion, and the Member who is the subject of the motion shall not be appointed to the committee.
- (2) The committee shall be responsible for establishing the facts stated in the motion moved under Rule 49B(1A) (Disqualification of Member from Office), and giving its views on whether or not the facts as established constitute grounds for the censure.
- (3) The quorum of the committee shall be 5 members including the chairman.
- (4) Subject to subrule (5), all meetings of an investigation committee shall be held in camera.
  - (5) (a) Upon an election made by the Member who is the subject of the motion under Rule 49B(1A) (Disqualification of Member from Office), meetings at which a witness or witnesses appear shall be held in public, provided that such election is made before the first of such meetings.

- (b) Notwithstanding an election made under paragraph (a), the committee may decide on sufficient reason, upon a request made by a member of the committee or an application made by a witness, to hold any such meetings or any part thereof in camera.
- (6) In the event of the temporary absence of the chairman and deputy chairman, the committee may elect a chairman to act during such absence.
- (7) The clerk to the committee appointed under Rule 6(7) (Duties of the Clerk) shall attend meetings of the committee and shall keep the minutes of proceedings of the committee.
- (8) Divisions in an investigation committee shall be taken by the clerk to the committee who shall ask each member of the committee separately how he wishes to vote and record the votes accordingly.
- (9) Neither the chairman nor any other member presiding shall vote, unless the votes of the other members are equally divided in which case he shall give a casting vote.
  - (10) (a) A member of an investigation committee may bring a report for the committee's consideration. When all the reports have been brought up the chairman shall propose the reports in order until one is accepted as a basis for discussion, beginning with his own report and proceeding with the remainder in the order in which they were brought up. The question to be proposed by the chairman on a report shall be that the chairman's (or Mr. .......'s) report be read a second time paragraph by

paragraph. When this question has been agreed to, it shall not be proposed on further reports but portions thereof may be offered as amendments to the report under consideration if they are relevant to it.

- (b) The committee shall then go through the report paragraph by paragraph and when concluded, the chairman shall put the question that this report be the report of the committee to the Council.
- (11) The minutes of proceedings of the committee shall record all proceedings on consideration of a report with a note of divisions, if divisions were taken in the committee, showing the names of members voting in the division or declining to vote.
- (12) An investigation committee shall, as soon as it has completed investigation of the matter referred to it, report to the Council thereon and the committee shall be dissolved accordingly. The investigation committee may be revived to deal with any further matters arising therefrom by resolution of the Council.
- (13) Subject to these Rules of Procedure, the practice and procedure of the investigation committee shall be determined by the committee.

#### 80. Attendance of Witness

(a) Any standing committee may summon, as required when exercising its powers and functions, persons concerned to testify or give evidence; and

(b) the House Committee or a Bills Committee, Panel, select committee, investigation committee or any other committee, where so authorised by the Legislative Council, may summon, as required when exercising the committee's powers and functions, persons concerned to testify or give evidence,

but the Chief Executive may decide, in the light of security and vital public interests, whether Government officials or other personnel in charge of Government affairs should testify or give evidence before the Legislative Council or its committees.

#### 84. Voting or Withdrawal in case of Direct Pecuniary Interest

- (1) In the Council or in any committee or subcommittee, a Member shall not vote upon any question in which he has a direct pecuniary interest except where his interest is in common with the rest of the population of Hong Kong or a sector thereof or his vote is given on a matter of Government policy.
- (1A) In the Council or a committee of the whole Council, a Member shall withdraw when a vote is taken on a question in which he has a direct pecuniary interest except where his interest is in common with the rest of the population of Hong Kong or a sector thereof or his vote is given on a matter of Government policy.

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