

立法會

Legislative Council

立法會CB(3) 854/10-11號文件

2011年6月10日內務委員會會議文件

定於2011年6月15日立法會會議上提出的質詢

提問者：

- | | | |
|------|-----------------------|--------------|
| (1) | 葉國謙議員 | (口頭答覆) |
| (2) | 劉健儀議員 | (口頭答覆) |
| (3) | 吳靄儀議員 | (口頭答覆) |
| (4) | 涂謹申議員 | (口頭答覆) |
| (5) | 林健鋒議員
(取代其原先提出的質詢) | (口頭答覆)(新的質詢) |
| (6) | 何鍾泰議員 | (口頭答覆) |
| (7) | 何俊仁議員 | (書面答覆) |
| (8) | 湯家驊議員 | (書面答覆) |
| (9) | 黃毓民議員 | (書面答覆) |
| (10) | 陳克勤議員 | (書面答覆) |
| (11) | 潘佩璆議員 | (書面答覆) |
| (12) | 李華明議員 | (書面答覆) |
| (13) | 陳偉業議員 | (書面答覆) |
| (14) | 謝偉俊議員 | (書面答覆) |
| (15) | 梁國雄議員 | (書面答覆) |
| (16) | 馮檢基議員 | (書面答覆) |
| (17) | 林大輝議員 | (書面答覆) |
| (18) | 甘乃威議員 | (書面答覆) |
| (19) | 黃成智議員 | (書面答覆) |
| (20) | 劉慧卿議員 | (書面答覆) |

註 :

NOTE :

議員將採用這種語言提出質詢

Member will ask the question in this language

紓緩公立醫院產科服務壓力的措施

(5) 林健鋒議員 (口頭答覆)

鑒於內地孕婦相繼來港產子，令本港的公立醫院產科不勝負荷。為解決產科服務的供求嚴重失衡的問題，政府計劃設定明年公私營醫院接收內地孕婦入院分娩的限額。就此，政府可否告知本會：

- (一) 有否評估，設定有關限額會否令大量未經預約的內地孕婦到急症室產子，令人手已經緊張的急症室不勝負荷，影響向其他病人提供的正常服務；政府有否考慮大幅提高內地孕婦經急症室入院分娩的收費，以減少她們來港產子的誘因；以及會否和內地當局商討制訂更嚴格的措施，以限制內地孕婦來港產子；
- (二) 政府有否研究措施協助相關的醫療產業的發展，以應付未來對產科不斷增加的需求；有否考慮在香港設立婦產科醫院；及
- (三) 鑒於醫院管理局為解決有關人手短缺的問題已刊登廣告聘請非本地註冊醫生，職位要求包括懂得廣東話及擁有相當於香港醫學專科學院相應專科的中期試的資格，是否知悉，至今招聘產科醫生的反應是否理想；政府會否考慮放寬非本地註冊產科醫生申請有關職位的資格，例如參考新加坡設立豁免“執業資格考試”名單，容許一些於非本地著名醫學院畢業的醫生直接來港工作，以紓解產科醫護人手緊張的情況？

Measures to alleviate the pressure on
obstetrics services in public hospitals

(5) Hon Jeffrey LAM Kin-fung (Oral Reply)

Given that mainland pregnant women giving birth in Hong Kong one after another have caused obstetric services of the public hospitals in Hong Kong to become overloaded, the Government has planned to set quotas on the admission of mainland pregnant women giving birth in public and private hospitals next year, so as to address the problem of severe imbalance between the demand and supply of obstetric services. In this connection, will the Government inform this Council:

- (a) whether it has assessed if the setting of such quotas will result in a vast number of mainland pregnant women rushing to Accidents and Emergency Departments (A&EDs) for delivery without making appointment, causing A&EDs, which are already suffering from tight manpower, to become overloaded, and affecting the normal medical services provided to other patients; whether the Government has considered substantially raising the charges on mainland pregnant women seeking admission to hospitals through A&EDs for delivery, so as to lessen their incentives to give birth in Hong Kong; and whether it will liaise with the mainland authorities to formulate more stringent measures to restrict mainland pregnant women from giving birth in Hong Kong;
- (b) whether it has examined measures to facilitate the development of related medical industries to meet the continuous increase in demand for obstetric services in future; whether it has

considered setting up an obstetrics and gynaecology hospital in Hong Kong; and

- (c) given that the Hospital Authority, with a view to tackling the manpower shortage problem, has advertised for the recruitment of non-local registered doctors, and the requirements of the positions include proficiency in Cantonese and possessing a qualification comparable to the Intermediate Examinations of constituent Colleges of the Hong Kong Academy of Medicine, whether it knows if the response so far to the recruitment of obstetricians is satisfactory; whether the Government will consider relaxing the qualifications of non-local registered obstetricians applying for the relevant positions, e.g. by making reference to the list for exemption from “licensing examination” introduced in Singapore, and directly allow doctors graduated from renowned non-local medical schools to practise in Hong Kong, so as to alleviate the tight manpower supply for obstetric services?