## Press Releases

Survey results of 2013 Annual Earnings and Hours Survey released
$\star \star \star \star \star \star \star \star \star * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *$

Monthly wage
According to the statistics released today (March 20) by the Census and Statistics Department (C\&SD), the median monthly wage of employees in Hong Kong (excluding employees in the Government as well as student interns, work experience students and live-in domestic workers as exempted by the Minimum Wage Ordinance (MWO)) in May - June 2013 was $\$ 14,100$. This was $5.2 \%$ higher than the median of $\$ 13,400$ in May - June 2012.

The change in monthly wages in 2013 when compared with 2012 is useful in reflecting the change in take-home pay of employees between these two years.

In May - June 2013, the 10th, 25th, 75th and 90th percentile monthly wages of Hong Kong employees were $\$ 7,700, \$ 10,000$, $\$ 22,000$ and $\$ 36,200$ respectively. They were $6.0 \%, 5.8 \%, 5.3 \%$ and 1.2\% higher than the corresponding figures in May - June 2012 respectively (Table 1).

As shown in Table 2, increase in median monthly wage was generally observed for both male and female employees and across the board for all age groups, educational attainment levels, occupational groups and industry sections.

Hourly wage
The median hourly wage of employees in Hong Kong in May June 2013 was $\$ 57.5,4.9 \%$ higher than the median of $\$ 54.8$ in May - June 2012. The 5th, 10th, 25th, 75th and 90th percentile hourly wages were $\$ 31.0, \$ 33.0, \$ 40.0, \$ 91.9$ and $\$ 156.3$ respectively. The overall hourly wage distribution of these employees is shown in Table 3. The numbers of employees earning less than selected hourly wage levels are shown in Table 4.

In May - June 2013, the median hourly wage for male employees was $\$ 63.2$ while that for female employees was $\$ 51.8$. Analysed by age group, the median hourly wage of employees at age 35 - 44 was the highest (\$67.5), followed by employees at age 25 - 34 (\$59.7). The median hourly wages of employees of different sexes, age groups, educational attainment levels, occupational groups and industry sections are given in Table 5.

Further information

The above wage statistics were compiled based on the data obtained from the 2013 Annual Earnings and Hours Survey (AEHS). The purpose of the survey is to provide comprehensive data on the level and distribution of wages, employment details and demographic profile of employees in Hong Kong. These statistics are useful for studies on labour-related topics by the private sector and the Government. They are also essential inputs for analyses related to the Statutory Minimum Wage. A sample of about 10000 business undertakings was selected for the survey in 2013.

Wage(s) is defined to include basic wage, commission and tips not of gratuitous nature, guaranteed bonuses and allowances,
and overtime allowance paid to an employee in the survey period. It does not cover bonuses and allowances of gratuitous nature, end of year payment and payments in kind. Number of working hours is the sum of contractual/agreed working hours (including meal breaks when they are regarded as working hours according to the employment contract or agreement with the employer) and overtime hours worked at the direction of employers.

By arranging the hourly wages of all employees from the smallest to the largest value, the median hourly wage is the hourly wage of the employee who ranks in the middle of all the employees concerned. In other words, the median hourly wage is the hourly wage value that delineates the lowest $50 \%$ of all the employees concerned.

Percentile hourly wage figures are useful in discerning the distribution of hourly wage of employees. The pth percentile hourly wage is the hourly wage value which delineates the lowest p\% of all the employees concerned, where $p$ can be any integer value from 1 to 99. For instance, the 10th percentile hourly wage is the hourly wage value that delineates the lowest $10 \%$ of the employees. The 25 th percentile, 50 th percentile and 75 th percentile hourly wages are also known as the lower quartile, median and upper quartile hourly wages respectively.

The median and percentile monthly wage figures are derived similarly as the median and percentile hourly wage figures.

Regarding the survey coverage, AEHS covers all business undertakings irrespective of their employment sizes and industries, except those engaged in agriculture, forestry and fishing activities. All employees of business undertakings falling within the scope of the survey who are under the coverage of the MWO are included in the survey. Employees in the Government as well as student interns, work experience students and live-in domestic workers as exempted by the MWO are excluded.

Details of the wage statistics compiled from the 2013 AEHS and the survey methodology are given in the 2013 Report on Annual Earnings and Hours Survey. Users can download this publication free of charge from the website of the C\&SD at www. censtatd.gov.hk/hkstat/sub/sp210.jsp?productCode=B1050014 .

Enquiries concerning the survey results of AEHS can be directed to the Wages and Labour Costs Statistics Section (2) of the Census and Statistics Department at 28875230.

Ends/Thursday, March 20, 2014
Issued at HKT 12:00
NNNN

Table 1: Overall Monthly Wage Distribution, May - June 2013

| Percentile | $(\mathrm{HK} \$)$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ | 7,700 | $(+6.0 \%)$ |
| $25^{\text {th }}$ | 10,000 | $(+5.8 \%)$ |
| $50^{\text {th }}($ median $)$ | 14,100 | $(+5.2 \%)$ |
| $75^{\text {th }}$ | 22,000 | $(+5.3 \%)$ |
| $90^{\text {th }}$ | 36,200 | $(+1.2 \%)$ |

Note: Monthly wages are rounded to the nearest hundred of Hong Kong dollar. Figures in brackets represent percentage changes over May - June 2012. The changes are calculated using unrounded figures.

Table 2: Median Monthly Wage Analysed by Sex, Age Group, Educational Attainment, Occupational Group and Industry Section, May - June 2013

|  | Median monthly wage <br> $(\mathrm{HK}$ ) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| By sex |  |  |
| Male | 15,800 | $(+5.4 \%)$ |
| Female | 12,200 | $(+4.3 \%)$ |
| By age group |  |  |
| $15-24$ | 10,000 | $(+5.2 \%)$ |
| $25-34$ | 14,900 | $(+6.6 \%)$ |
| $35-44$ | 16,800 | $(+9.4 \%)$ |
| $45-54$ | 14,400 | $(+7.6 \%)$ |
| $\geqq 55$ | 11,600 | $(+4.3 \%)$ |

By educational attainment

| Primary and below | 9,400 | $(+5.0 \%)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Secondary 1 to 3 | 10,900 | $(+5.5 \%)$ |
| Secondary 4 to 7 | 13,600 | $(+9.3 \%)$ |
| Tertiary education | 22,700 | $(+3.2 \%)$ |

By occupational group

| Elementary occupations | 9,400 | $(+9.6 \%)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Service and sales workers | 10,700 | $(+7.0 \%)$ |
| Craft and related workers, plant and machine operators and <br> assemblers | 15,500 | $(+5.6 \%)$ |
| Clerical support workers | 11,600 | $(+5.3 \%)$ |
| Managers, administrators, professionals and associate professionals | 23,300 | $(+4.9 \%)$ |

Table 2: Median Monthly Wage Analysed by Sex, Age Group, Educational Attainment, Occupational Group and Industry Section, May - June 2013 (cont'd)

|  | Median monthly wage <br> $($ HK\$ $)$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| By industry section |  |  |
| Manufacturing ${ }^{(1)}$ | 13,300 | $(+6.4 \%)$ |
| Electricity and gas supply; sewerage, waste management | and | 23,500 |
| $\quad$ remediation activities | $(+2.2 \%)$ |  |
| Construction | 17,600 | $(+8.8 \%)$ |
| Import and export trade | 15,500 | $(+3.3 \%)$ |
| Wholesale | 12,200 | $(+5.6 \%)$ |
| Retail trade | 10,900 | $(+6.2 \%)$ |
| Land transport | 15,000 | $(+6.8 \%)$ |
| Other transportation, storage, postal and courier services ${ }^{(2)}$ | 14,800 | $(+9.6 \%)$ |
| Restaurants | 10,000 | $(+6.4 \%)$ |
| Accommodation ${ }^{(3)}$ and other food service activities | 13,000 | $(+4.2 \%)$ |
| Information and communications | 18,200 | $(+7.2 \%)$ |
| Financing and insurance | 22,600 | $(+2.9 \%)$ |
| Real estate activities ${ }^{(4)}$ | 18,000 | $(+2.9 \%)$ |
| Estate management, security and cleaning services | 9,700 | $(+7.1 \%)$ |
| Professional, scientific and technical activities | 19,200 | $(+4.0 \%)$ |
| Administrative and support services activities | 14,000 | $(+9.4 \%)$ |
| Travel agency, reservation service and related activities | 12,000 | $(+5.3 \%)$ |
| Education and public administration (excluding the Government) | 24,200 | $(+2.9 \%)$ |
| Human health activities; and beauty and body prettifying treatment | 15,800 | $(+1.9 \%)$ |
| Miscellaneous activities ${ }^{(5)}$ | 9,800 | $(+7.1 \%)$ |
| Other activities not classified above | 12,700 | $(+1.6 \%)$ |

[^0]Table 3: Overall Hourly Wage Distribution, May - June 2013

| Percentile | $(\mathrm{HK} \$)$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $5^{\text {th }}$ | 31.0 | $(+6.9 \%)$ |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ | 33.0 | $(+7.8 \%)$ |
| $25^{\text {th }}$ | 40.0 | $(+6.2 \%)$ |
| $50^{\text {th }}($ median $)$ | 57.5 | $(+4.9 \%)$ |
| $75^{\text {th }}$ | 91.9 | $(+5.8 \%)$ |
| $90^{\text {th }}$ | 156.3 | $(+4.8 \%)$ |

Note: Hourly wages are rounded to the nearest ten cents of Hong Kong dollar. Figures in brackets represent percentage changes over May - June 2012. The changes are calculated using unrounded figures.

Table 4: Number of Employees Analysed by Selected Hourly Wage Level, May - June 2013

| Hourly wage | Number of employees involved |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 30$ | 98100 |
| Less than $\$ 31$ | 133900 |
| Less than $\$ 32$ | 200600 |
| Less than $\$ 33$ | 278300 |
| Less than $\$ 34$ | 353500 |
| Less than $\$ 35$ | 407300 |
| Less than $\$ 36$ | 480500 |
| Less than $\$ 37$ | 531200 |
| Less than $\$ 38$ | 601500 |
| Less than $\$ 39$ | 663800 |
| Less than $\$ 40$ | 705900 |

Table 5: Median Hourly Wage Analysed by Sex, Age Group, Educational Attainment, Occupational Group and Industry Section, May - June 2013

|  | Median hourl <br> (HK\$) | wage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| By sex |  |  |
| Male | 63.2 | (+5.4\%) |
| Female | 51.8 | (+4.3\%) |
| By age group |  |  |
| 15-24 | 41.5 | (+6.7\%) |
| 25-34 | 59.7 | (+5.4\%) |
| 35-44 | 67.5 | (+6.9\%) |
| 45-54 | 58.3 | (+6.1\%) |
| $\geqq 55$ | 47.9 | (+2.7\%) |
| By educational attainment |  |  |
| Primary and below | 37.0 | (+8.1\%) |
| Secondary 1 to 3 | 42.0 | (+4.9\%) |
| Secondary 4 to 7 | 55.0 | (+9.6\%) |
| Tertiary education | 94.0 | (+2.5\%) |
| By occupational group |  |  |
| Elementary occupations | 36.0 | (+9.8\%) |
| Service and sales workers | 40.5 | (+7.1\%) |
| Craft and related workers, plant and machine operators and assemblers | 62.5 | (+5.9\%) |
| Clerical support workers | 49.9 | (+5.5\%) |
| Managers, administrators, professionals and associate professionals | 97.9 | (+6.5\%) |

Table 5: Median Hourly Wage Analysed by Sex, Age Group, Educational Attainment, Occupational Group and Industry Section, May - June 2013 (cont'd)

|  | Median hourl <br> (HK\$) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| By industry section |  |  |
| Manufacturing ${ }^{(1)}$ | 54.9 | (+5.1\%) |
| Electricity and gas supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities | 89.2 | (+4.7\%) |
| Construction | 72.5 | (+8.7\%) |
| Import and export trade | 64.5 | (+1.2\%) |
| Wholesale | 51.2 | (+9.8\%) |
| Retail trade | 40.9 | (+6.4\%) |
| Land transport | 65.0 | (+3.3\%) |
| Other transportation, storage, postal and courier services ${ }^{(2)}$ | 56.8 | (+9.8\%) |
| Restaurants | 37.2 | (+5.8\%) |
| Accommodation ${ }^{(3)}$ and other food service activities | 46.8 | (+1.2\%) |
| Information and communications | 74.1 | (+8.1\%) |
| Financing and insurance | 89.8 | (+3.1\%) |
| Real estate activities ${ }^{(4)}$ | 72.6 | (+4.0\%) |
| Estate management, security and cleaning services | 33.3 | (+6.9\%) |
| Professional, scientific and technical activities | 72.9 | (+1.7\%) |
| Administrative and support services activities | 56.9 | (+9.4\%) |
| Travel agency, reservation service and related activities | 51.9 | (+3.0\%) |
| Education and public administration (excluding the Government) | 114.0 | (+4.7\%) |
| Human health activities; and beauty and body prettifying treatment | 71.6 | (+3.9\%) |
| Miscellaneous activities ${ }^{(5)}$ | 40.0 | (+6.8\%) |
| Other activities not classified above | 53.5 | (+6.1\%) |

Notes: Hourly wages are rounded to the nearest ten cents of Hong Kong dollar. Figures in brackets represent percentage changes over May - June 2012. The changes are calculated using unrounded figures.
(1) Excluding food processing and production.
(2) Excluding local courier services.
(3) Accommodation services cover hotels, guesthouses, boarding houses and other establishments providing short term accommodation.
(4) Excluding real estate maintenance management.
(5) Including (i) elderly homes; (ii) laundry and dry cleaning services; (iii) hairdressing and other personal services; (iv) local courier services; and (v) food processing and production.


[^0]:    Notes: Monthly wages are rounded to the nearest hundred of Hong Kong dollar. Figures in brackets represent percentage changes over May - June 2012. The changes are calculated using unrounded figures.
    (1) Excluding food processing and production.
    (2) Excluding local courier services.
    (3) Accommodation services cover hotels, guesthouses, boarding houses and other establishments providing short term accommodation.
    (4) Excluding real estate maintenance management.
    (5) Including (i) elderly homes; (ii) laundry and dry cleaning services; (iii) hairdressing and other personal services; (iv) local courier services; and (v) food processing and production.

