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From : Clerk to the Legislative Council

To : All Members of the Legislative Council

Council meeting of 22 March 2017

Amendments to motion on "Giving full play to the edges of local tourism resources"

Further to LC Paper No. CB(3) 390/16-17 issued on 10 March 2017, seven Members (Hon Mrs Regina IP, Hon WU Chi-wai, Hon Jeffrey LAM, Dr Hon KWOK Ka-ki, Hon Michael TIEN, Hon Holden CHOW and Hon LUK Chung-hung) have respectively given notice of their intention to move separate amendments to Hon YIU Si-wing's motion on "Giving full play to the edges of local tourism resources" scheduled for the Council meeting of 22 March 2017. As directed by the President, the respective amendments will be printed in the terms in which they were handed in on the Agenda of the Council.

2. The President will order a joint debate on the above motion and the seven amendments. To assist Members in debating the motion and the amendments, I set out below the procedure to be followed during the debate:

- (a) the President calls upon Hon YIU Si-wing to speak and move his motion;
- (b) the President proposes the question on Hon YIU Si-wing's motion;
- (c) the President calls upon the seven Members who wish to move amendments to speak in the following order, but no amendment is to be moved at this stage:
 - (*i*) Hon Mrs Regina IP;
 - (*ii*) Hon WU Chi-wai;

- (*iii*) Hon Jeffrey LAM;
- (*iv*) Dr Hon KWOK Ka-ki;
- (*v*) Hon Michael TIEN;
- (vi) Hon Holden CHOW; and
- (vii) Hon LUK Chung-hung;
- (d) the President calls upon the public officer(s) to speak;
- (e) the President invites other Members to speak;
- (f) the President gives leave to Hon YIU Si-wing to speak for the second time on the amendments;
- (g) the President calls upon the public officer(s) to speak again;
- (h) in accordance with Rule 34(5) of the Rules of Procedure, the President has decided that he will call upon the seven Members to move their respective amendments in the order set out in paragraph (c) above. The President invites Hon Mrs Regina IP to move her amendment to the motion, and forthwith proposes and puts to vote the question on Hon Mrs Regina IP's amendment;
- (i) after Hon Mrs Regina IP's amendment has been voted upon, the President deals with the other six amendments; and
- (j) after all amendments have been dealt with, the President calls upon Hon YIU Si-wing to reply. Thereafter, the President puts to vote the question on Hon YIU Si-wing's motion, or his motion as amended, as the case may be.

3. For Members' reference, the terms of the original motion and of the motion, if amended, are set out in the **Appendix**.

(Translation)

Motion debate on "Giving full play to the edges of local tourism resources" to be held at the Council meeting of 22 March 2017

1. Hon YIU Si-wing's original motion

That benefiting from the expansion of the Individual Visit Scheme by the Mainland, the number of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong had been increasing continuously over the 10 years from 2004 to 2014, driving the development of Hong Kong industries such as retail, hotel, food and beverages and transport; however, the number of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong has been decreasing since 2015, which not only affects the revenues of some sectors of the tourism industry, but also produces ripple effect, causing adverse impact on many related industries, and further affecting the economic development and employment situation of Hong Kong; currently, while a number of tourist attractions which have been operated for years in Hong Kong are becoming less attractive, new tourist attractions with high development costs, such as Kai Tak Fantasy, the West Kowloon Cultural District and the expansion of the Hong Kong Disneyland, are all under planning and construction and some time is needed for their commissioning; the Government should make optimal use of local tourism resources, and integrate the features of traditional and new tourist attractions, so as to highlight the competitive edges of the tourism industry of Hong Kong, thereby attracting tourists with different consumption levels to come to Hong Kong for leisure travel and investors for investment, thus bringing a comprehensive recovery of the tourism industry; in this connection, this Council urges the Government to give full play to the edges of local tourism resources and promote a diversified culture with Hong Kong characteristics to boost the tourism industry; specific measures include:

- (1) comprehensively collating resources with tourism values, including country parks, geoparks, museums, cycle tracks, historic buildings, intangible cultural heritage items and various events; and, based on the collation results, studying the establishment of an inter-departmental body to enhance the tourism-related facilities in various districts;
- (2) after consulting District Councils and various local stakeholders, providing support in the light of the actual situation of tourism resources in local districts, so as to drive local economic development and increase employment opportunities; and

(3) allocating additional funding to formulate tourism promotion programmes with characteristics of Hong Kong local community, encouraging the relevant industries to join hands in developing new tourism products, and stepping up training for tourism industry practitioners, so as to promote the development of the tourism industry.

2. Motion as amended by Hon Mrs Regina IP

That benefiting Hong Kong has benefited from the expansion of the Individual Visit Scheme by the Mainland, the number of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong had been increasing continuously over the 10 years from 2004 to 2014, driving the development of Hong Kong industries such as retail, hotel, food and beverages and transport; however, the number of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong has been decreasing since 2015, which not only affects the revenues of some sectors of the tourism industry, but also produces ripple effect, causing adverse impact on many related industries, and further affecting the economic development and employment situation of Hong Kong; currently, while a number of tourist attractions which have been operated for years in Hong Kong are becoming less attractive, new tourist attractions with high development costs, such as Kai Tak Fantasy, the West Kowloon Cultural District and the expansion of the Hong Kong Disneyland, are all under planning and construction and some time is needed for their commissioning; the Government should make optimal use of local tourism resources, and integrate the features of traditional and new tourist attractions, so as to highlight the competitive edges of the tourism industry of Hong Kong, thereby attracting tourists with different consumption levels to come to Hong Kong for leisure travel and investors for investment, thus bringing a comprehensive recovery of the tourism industry; in this connection, this Council urges the Government to give full play to the edges of local tourism resources and promote a diversified culture with Hong Kong characteristics to boost the tourism industry; specific measures include:

- (1) setting up a policy bureau dedicated to promoting tourism to comprehensively collating resources with tourism values, including country parks, geoparks, museums, cycle tracks, historic buildings, intangible cultural heritage items and various events; and, based on the collation results, studying the establishment of an inter-departmental body to enhance, and strengthening the coordination and collaboration of relevant departments as well as enhancing the tourism-related facilities in various districts, so as to promote the revival and further development of the tourism industry of Hong Kong;
- (2) after consulting District Councils and various local stakeholders, providing support in the light of the actual situation of tourism resources

in local districts, so as to drive local economic development and increase employment opportunities; and

- (3) allocating additional funding to formulate tourism promotion programmes with characteristics of Hong Kong local community, encouraging the relevant industries to join hands in developing new tourism products, and stepping up training for tourism industry practitioners, so as to promote the development of the tourism industry.
- Note: Hon Mrs Regina IP's amendment is marked in *bold and italic type* or with deletion line.

3. Motion as amended by Hon WU Chi-wai

That benefiting from the expansion of the Individual Visit Scheme by the Mainland, the tourism industry has all along been one of the economic pillars of Hong Kong; the number of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong had been increasing continuously over the 10 years from 2004 to 2014, driving the development of Hong Kong industries such as retail, hotel, food and beverages and transport; however, the number of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong has been decreasing since 2015, which not only affects the revenues of some sectors of the tourism industry, but also produces ripple effect, causing adverse impact on many related industries, and further affecting the economic development and employment situation of Hong Kong; currently, while a number of tourist attractions which have been operated for years in Hong Kong are becoming less attractive, new tourist attractions with high development costs, such as Kai Tak Fantasy, the West Kowloon Cultural District and the expansion of the Hong Kong Disneyland, are all under planning and construction and some time is needed for their commissioning; in addition, the design and development of many innovative tourism products have been constrained due to restrictions imposed by the existing legislation; the Government should make optimal use of local tourism resources, particularly conserve Lantau to facilitate the development of eco-tourism, and integrate the features of traditional and new tourist attractions, so as to highlight the competitive edges of the tourism industry of Hong Kong, thereby attracting tourists with different consumption levels to come to Hong Kong for leisure travel and investors for investment, thus bringing a comprehensive recovery of the tourism industry; in this connection, this Council urges the Government to give full play to the edges of local tourism resources and, by abolishing various regulations and restrictions, facilitate and promote a diversified culture with Hong Kong characteristics to boost the tourism industry; specific measures include:

(1) comprehensively collating resources with tourism values, including country parks, geoparks, museums, cycle tracks, historic buildings,

intangible cultural heritage items and various events; and, based on the collation results, studying the establishment of an inter-departmental body to enhance the tourism-related facilities in various districts;

- (2) after consulting District Councils and various local stakeholders, providing support in the light of the actual situation of tourism resources in local districts, so as to drive local economic development and increase employment opportunities; and
- (3) allocating additional funding to formulate tourism promotion programmes with characteristics of Hong Kong local community, encouraging the relevant industries to join hands in developing new tourism products, and stepping up training for tourism industry practitioners, so as to promote the development of the tourism industry;
- (4) strictly adhering to the proposal on development of major economic infrastructure and tourism uses in North Lantau as set out in the Revised Concept Plan for Lantau released in 2007, including concentrating residential and commercial development projects on sites along North Lantau Highway to ensure that the status quo of the country parks of Lantau will not be affected, so as to protect the eco-tourism resources of Hong Kong;
- (5) formulating appropriate policies and amending the existing legislation to regulate the tourism-related services under a sharing and new economy, so as to enable an orderly development and operation of such services, thereby giving full play to the efficiency of sharing economy and facilitating the diversified development of tourism products; and
- (6) reviewing the Country Parks Ordinance, the Marine Parks Ordinance, regulations concerning the management of beaches etc. to promote green tourism and adventure tourism by abolishing various regulations and restrictions.
- Note: Hon WU Chi-wai's amendment is marked in *bold and italic type* or with deletion line.

4. Motion as amended by Hon Jeffrey LAM

That *the tourism industry, being one of the four pillar industries of Hong Kong, is crucial to Hong Kong's economic development;* benefiting from the expansion of the Individual Visit Scheme by the Mainland, the number of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong had been increasing continuously over the 10

years from 2004 to 2014, driving the development of Hong Kong industries such as retail, hotel, food and beverages and transport; however, the number of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong has been decreasing since 2015, which not only affects the revenues of some sectors of the tourism industry, but also produces ripple effect, causing adverse impact on many related industries, and further affecting the economic development and employment situation of Hong Kong; currently, while a number of tourist attractions which have been operated for years in Hong Kong are becoming less attractive, new tourist attractions with high development costs, such as Kai Tak Fantasy, the West Kowloon Cultural District and the expansion of the Hong Kong Disneyland, are all under planning and construction and some time is needed for their commissioning; the Government should make optimal use of local tourism resources, and integrate the features of traditional and new tourist attractions, so as to highlight the competitive edges of the tourism industry of Hong Kong, thereby attracting tourists with different consumption levels to come to Hong Kong for leisure travel and investors for investment, thus bringing a comprehensive recovery of the tourism industry; in this connection, this Council urges the Government to give full play to the edges of local tourism resources and promote a diversified culture with Hong Kong characteristics to boost the tourism industry: specific measures include:

- (1) comprehensively collating resources with tourism values, including country parks, geoparks, museums, cycle tracks, historic buildings, intangible cultural heritage items and various events; and, based on the collation results, studying the establishment of an inter-departmental body to enhance the tourism-related facilities in various districts;
- (2) after consulting District Councils and various local stakeholders, providing support in the light of the actual situation of tourism resources in local districts, so as to drive local economic development and increase employment opportunities; and
- (3) allocating additional funding to formulate tourism promotion programmes with characteristics of Hong Kong local community, encouraging the relevant industries to join hands in developing new tourism products, and stepping up training for tourism industry practitioners, so as to promote the development of the tourism industry;
- (4) building new tourist attractions when conditions are ripe, such as a 'historical and cultural village' to display information and articles relating to the traditional industries of Hong Kong, and providing comprehensive transport link and infrastructure support for the 'historical and cultural village' and other remote tourist attractions, such as Hong Kong Geopark;

- (5) developing both sides of the world-famous Victoria Harbour into a creative world-class leisure, recreational and dining district;
- (6) apart from expanding the Hong Kong Convention and Exhibition Centre and the Asia World-Expo, constructing another large convention and exhibition centre in Kowloon to increase venue supply and attract the holding of more conventions and exhibitions in Hong Kong, thereby increasing the number of convention and exhibition visitors;
- (7) discussing with the relevant Mainland departments the enhancement of the policy on Individual Visit Scheme, including allowing Mainland residents with passports to apply online for exit endorsement for visiting Hong Kong, so as to attract more Mainland visitors to Hong Kong, thereby promoting the economic development of Hong Kong; and
- (8) expediting the construction of the third runway at the airport and relevant complementary facilities, and capitalizing on the opportunities offered by the Belt and Road Initiative to increase flight routes to develop new visitor source markets, so as to consolidate Hong Kong's status as an international aviation hub and further enrich the visitor sources of the tourism industry of Hong Kong.
- <u>Note</u>: Hon Jeffrey LAM's amendment is marked in *bold and italic type* or with deletion line.

5. Motion as amended by Dr Hon KWOK Ka-ki

That *the tourism industry has all along been one of the economic pillars of Hong Kong;* benefiting from the expansion of the Individual Visit Scheme by the Mainland, the number of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong had been increasing continuously over the 10 years from 2004 to 2014, driving the development of Hong Kong industries such as retail, hotel, food and beverages and transport; however, the, but at the same time bringing about a series of social problems, including the short supply of daily necessities arising from parallel trading activities, the overloaded public services and transport systems, the continuous inflation of commodity prices and shop rentals to extremely high levels etc., seriously intensifying the conflicts between the Mainland and Hong Kong; although the decreasing of the number of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong has been decreasing since 2015, which not only affects has affected the revenues of some sectors of the tourism industry, but also produces ripple effect, causing adverse impact on many related industries, and further affecting the economic development and employment situation of Hong Kong some pharmacies, jewellery and goldsmith shops as well as cosmetics shops, which had expanded their business abnormally due to the policy on Individual Visit Scheme, have gradually returned to normal operational levels; currently, while a number of tourist attractions which have been operated for years in Hong Kong are becoming less attractive, new tourist attractions with high development costs, such as Kai Tak Fantasy, the West Kowloon Cultural District and the expansion of the Hong Kong Disneyland, are all under planning and construction and some time is needed for their commissioning; the Government should review the economic efficiency of various tourist attractions and make optimal use of local tourism resources, and as well as integrate the features of traditional and new tourist attractions, so as to highlight the competitive edges of the tourism industry of Hong Kong, thereby attracting tourists of different nationalities and with different consumption levels to come to Hong Kong for leisure travel and investors for investment, and avoiding the problem of a homogenous source of visitors, thus bringing a comprehensive recovery of the tourism industry; in this connection, this Council urges the Government to give full play to the edges of local tourism resources and promote a diversified culture with Hong Kong characteristics to boost the tourism industry; specific measures include:

- (1) comprehensively collating resources with tourism values, including country parks, geoparks, museums, cycle tracks, historic buildings, intangible cultural heritage items and various events; and, based on the collation results, studying the establishment of an inter-departmental body to enhance, *on the premises of conservation*, the tourism-related facilities in various districts;
- (2) after consulting District Councils and various local stakeholders, providing support in the light of the actual situation of tourism resources in local districts, so as to drive local economic development and increase employment opportunities; and
- (3) allocating additional funding to formulate tourism promotion programmes with characteristics of Hong Kong local community, encouraging the relevant industries to join hands in developing new tourism products, and stepping up training for tourism industry practitioners, so as to promote the development of the tourism industry;
- (4) formulating measures to promote the diversified tourism resources of Hong Kong, so as to attract more overnight visitors of different nationalities to come to Hong Kong for leisure travel and prevent the excessive reliance of the tourism industry on a homogeneous source of visitors;

- (5) enhancing the appeal of the Hong Kong Disneyland to further drive the development of the tourism industry of Hong Kong; at the same time, before entering into an agreement concerning the expansion of the Disneyland, the Government should review afresh the expected patronage, economic efficiency etc. of the expanded Disneyland to ensure that it can attract more non-local visitors and local residents upon its expansion, and strive to eliminate unfair contract terms in the agreement to protect the interests of Hong Kong;
- (6) formulating a long-term bazaar policy to encourage the development of various kinds of bazaars with local characteristics, including livelihood bazaars, cooked food bazaars, and culture and arts bazaars, so as to attract non-local visitors; and
- (7) promoting green tourism, including protecting sustainable tourist attractions, such as the natural landscape in Tai O and Mai Po, and promoting cultural tourism, such as ancestral halls, walled villages and temples.
- <u>Note</u>: Dr Hon KWOK Ka-ki's amendment is marked in *bold and italic type* or with deletion line.

6. Motion as amended by Hon Michael TIEN

That benefiting Hong Kong has benefited from the expansion of the Individual Visit Scheme by the Mainland, the number of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong had been increasing continuously over the 10 years from 2004 to 2014, driving the development of Hong Kong industries such as retail, hotel, food and beverages and transport; however, the number of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong has been decreasing since 2015, which not only affects the revenues of some sectors of the tourism industry, but also produces ripple effect, causing adverse impact on many related industries, and further affecting the economic development and employment situation of Hong Kong; currently, while a number of tourist attractions which have been operated for years in Hong Kong are becoming less attractive, new tourist attractions with high development costs, such as Kai Tak Fantasy, the West Kowloon Cultural District and the expansion of the Hong Kong Disneyland, are all under planning and construction and some time is needed for their commissioning; the Government should make optimal use of local tourism resources, and integrate the features of traditional and new tourist attractions, so as to highlight the competitive edges of the tourism industry of Hong Kong, thereby attracting tourists with different consumption levels to come to Hong Kong for leisure travel and investors for investment, thus bringing a comprehensive recovery of the tourism industry; in this connection, this Council urges the Government to give full play to the edges of local tourism resources and, promote a diversified culture with Hong Kong characteristics, *and develop world-class and sustainable tourist attractions in Hong Kong* to boost the tourism industry; specific measures include:

- (1) comprehensively collating resources with tourism values, including country parks, geoparks, museums, cycle tracks, historic buildings, intangible cultural heritage items and various events; and, based on the collation results, studying the establishment of an inter-departmental body to enhance the tourism-related facilities in various districts;
- (2) after consulting District Councils and various local stakeholders, providing support in the light of the actual situation of tourism resources in local districts, so as to drive local economic development and increase employment opportunities; and
- (3) allocating additional funding to formulate tourism promotion programmes with characteristics of Hong Kong local community, encouraging the relevant industries to join hands in developing new tourism products, and stepping up training for tourism industry practitioners, so as to promote the development of the tourism industry; *and*
- (4) changing the previous development approach for tourism projects which was quantity driven, lacking in depth and superficial, and focusing resources on the development of tourist attractions which are world-class, sustainable and not easily replaceable, including but not limited to the project of constructing an international motor racing circuit.
- <u>Note</u>: Hon Michael TIEN's amendment is marked in *bold and italic type* or with deletion line.

7. Motion as amended by Hon Holden CHOW

That benefiting *Hong Kong has benefited* from the expansion of the Individual Visit Scheme by the Mainland, the number of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong had been increasing continuously over the 10 years from 2004 to 2014, driving the development of Hong Kong industries such as retail, hotel, food and beverages and transport; however, the number of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong has been decreasing since 2015, which not only affects the revenues of some sectors of the tourism industry, but also produces ripple effect, causing adverse impact on many related industries, and further affecting the economic development and employment situation of Hong Kong; currently, while a number of tourist attractions which have been operated for years in Hong Kong are becoming less

attractive, new tourist attractions with high development costs, such as Kai Tak Fantasy, the West Kowloon Cultural District and the expansion of the Hong Kong Disneyland, are all under planning and construction and some time is needed for their commissioning; the Government should make optimal use of local tourism resources, and integrate the features of traditional and new tourist attractions, so as to highlight the competitive edges of the tourism industry of Hong Kong, thereby attracting tourists with different consumption levels to come to Hong Kong for leisure travel and investors for investment, thus bringing a comprehensive recovery of the tourism industry; in this connection, this Council urges the Government to give full play to the edges of local tourism resources and promote a diversified culture with Hong Kong characteristics to boost the tourism industry; specific measures include:

- (1) comprehensively collating resources with tourism values, including country parks, geoparks, museums, cycle tracks, historic buildings, intangible cultural heritage items and various events; and, based on the collation results, studying the establishment of an inter-departmental body to enhance the tourism-related facilities in various districts;
- (2) expediting the construction of a main stadium for holding concerts and other large-scale performances in the Kai Tak Sports Park, so as to attract more visitors to come to Hong Kong to enjoy the performances, and facilitate the further development of the tourism industry and the music and entertainment industry of Hong Kong;
- (2)(3) after consulting District Councils and various local stakeholders, providing support in the light of the actual situation of tourism resources in local districts, so as to drive local economic development and increase employment opportunities; and
- (4) establishing a 'cultural transmission and development fund' to promote, protect and transmit local culture, customs and traditional techniques, and encourage young people to join the relevant industries, thus facilitating the transmission of traditional techniques; in addition, while promoting the development of the local cultural and creative industries and preserving local projects that blend Chinese and Western cultures, introducing more unique and trendy tourism products to attract visitors to come to Hong Kong;
- (5) stepping up the promotion of Hong Kong as a culinary capital, a shopping capital and a convention and exhibition capital among countries along the Belt and Road; and
- (3)(6) allocating additional funding to formulate tourism promotion programmes with characteristics of Hong Kong local community,

encouraging the relevant industries to join hands in developing new tourism products, and stepping up training for tourism industry practitioners, so as to promote the development of the tourism industry.

Note: Hon Holden CHOW's amendment is marked in *bold and italic type* or with deletion line.

8. Motion as amended by Hon LUK Chung-hung

That benefiting from the expansion of the Individual Visit Scheme by the Mainland, the number of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong had been increasing continuously over the 10 years from 2004 to 2014, driving the development of Hong Kong industries such as retail, hotel, food and beverages and transport, and creating a large number of job opportunities for the middle class and grassroots, but resulting in the development trend of the Hong Kong tourism industry emphasizing quantity rather than quality; however, the number of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong has been decreasing since 2015, which not only affects the revenues of some sectors of the tourism industry, but also produces ripple effect, causing adverse impact on many related industries, and further affecting the economic development and employment situation of Hong Kong; currently, while a number of tourist attractions which have been operated for years in Hong Kong are becoming less attractive, new tourist attractions with high development costs, such as Kai Tak Fantasy, the West Kowloon Cultural District and the expansion of the Hong Kong Disneyland, are all under planning and construction and some time is needed for their commissioning; the Government should make optimal use of local tourism resources, and integrate the features of traditional and new tourist attractions, so as to highlight the competitive edges of the tourism industry of Hong Kong, thereby attracting tourists with different consumption levels to come to Hong Kong for leisure travel and investors for investment, thus bringing a comprehensive recovery of the tourism industry; in this connection, this Council urges the Government to give full play to the edges of local tourism resources and promote a diversified culture with Hong Kong characteristics to boost the tourism industry; specific measures include:

- (1) establishing a Tourism Bureau to coordinate and implement the development policies and promotion strategies of the tourism industry;
- (2) formulating a five-year Overall Development Strategy for the Tourism Industry, which should not only facilitate visitors in retail consumption, but also strengthen the development of exploration tourism, including local in-depth tourism, cultural tourism and eco-tourism, so as to attract visitors of different types (including

visitors with high spending power or young or overnight visitors) to Hong Kong, so that the visitor source will become more international;

- (1)(3) comprehensively collating resources for developing exploration tourism as well as resources with tourism values, including country parks, geoparks, museums, cycle tracks, historic buildings, intangible cultural heritage items and various events; and, based on the collation results, studying the establishment of an inter-departmental body to enhance the tourism-related facilities in various districts formulating comprehensive tourism publicity strategies and adopting measures to improve the complementarity of the tourism-related resources;
- (2)(4) after consulting District Councils and various local stakeholders, providing support in the light of the actual situation of tourism resources in local districts, so as to drive local economic development and increase employment opportunities; and
- (3)(5) allocating additional funding to formulate tourism promotion programmes with characteristics of Hong Kong local community local cultural, historical and countryside characteristics, encouraging the relevant industries to join hands in developing new tourism products, and stepping up training for tourism industry practitioners, so as to promote the development of the tourism industry so as to enhance the development of exploration tourism in Hong Kong;
- (6) promoting the development of tourism complementary facilities and tourist attractions, such as 'grass-roots version of food trucks', creativity bazaars and night markets, and amending existing legislation to support and dovetail with such development; and
- (7) expressly specifying the employment relationship between travel agencies and tour guides as well as tour escorts, and improving the rights and interests, remunerations and training of practitioners in the tourism industry, so as to enhance the service quality of the tourism industry.
- Note: Hon LUK Chung-hung's amendment is marked in *bold and italic type* or with deletion line.