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In support of the government's proposal to ban ivory Cindy Yiu

to:

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From: Cindy Yiu <cindy.yiu@resetcarbon.com>

To: <panel\_ea@legco.gov.hk>

## 1 Attachment



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Dear Hon. Tanya Chan,

This email is in response of the government's proposal on ivory ban.

We support the government's proposal to:

- Ban the import, re-export and possession of pre-Convention ivory for commercial purposes; and
- Increase penalties for wildlife crime.

## Why:

- Hong Kong's 'legal' trade in pre-Convention ivory has been administered through a licensing system that has provided a front for laundering illegal ivory.
- Traders have been found to replenish old ivory stocks with newly poached ivory. Without expensive scientific analysis its impossible to distinguish 'legal' Pre-Convention ivory from 'illegal' ivory from poaching.
- The majority of stock registered with the government in the 1990s (85%) was from illegal sources.
- Today, ivory poaching has reached unprecedented levels driven by demand in Asia. If nothing is done, the African elephant populations in the wild will become extinct in our lifetime.
- The illegal ivory trade impacts wildlife tourism economically, not to mention the tragic deaths of park rangers annually.

- The global support for closing ivory markets is clear, 183 countries/territories of CITES are unified in closing domestic markets that contribute to poaching or illegal trade in ivory.
- There is no deterrent sentencing in Hong Kong with respect to wildlife crime and penalties are minimal.

We do not support proposals for any compensation to ivory traders:

## Why:

- The ivory traders have been forewarned for 27 years to prepare and sell their ivory and they have an additional 5 year grace period once the legislation comes into force.
- Most traders do not rely on just ivory for their income.
- People who have speculated and stored ivory, can sell this ivory now, they do not need to be compensated (the proposed ban was announced 15 months ago and is not envisaged to be fully in place until December 2021).
- No other country has provided compensation and China will not do so when their ban comes into force at the end of this year.
- Compensation can motivate dishonest traders in Hong Kong to increase their ivory stock in the short term from illegal sources, before the ban becomes effective. Thus increasing future compensation payments and having a perverse impact i.e. fueling poaching.
- This will also immediately send a signal to the the illegal ivory trade that there is a finite period between the legislation passing and coming in to force, where they can poach ivory to supply the Hong Kong trade thus again fueling poaching.
- Public funds, should not be made available to any industries or trades which are adversely
  affected by changes in economic or commercial circumstances when they have been
  repeatedly forewarned over decades.

I hope the committee will take the above considerations into account.

Kind regards,

Cindy Yiu | Principal Consultant

RESET Carbon Limited. Less Carbon. Better Business. Hong Kong. T:+852 2815 1999

skype: cindee\_y |twitter@resetcarbon|www.RESETcarbon.com

