立法會 Legislative Council

LC Paper No. CB(2)149/16-17(06)

Ref: CB2/PL/WS

Panel on Welfare Services

Updated background brief prepared by the Legislative Council Secretariat for the meeting on 14 November 2016

Elderly Services Programme Plan

Purpose

This paper gives an account of past discussions at meetings of the Council and relevant committees on the Elderly Services Programme Plan ("the Programme Plan").

Background

- 2. According to the Administration, Hong Kong is facing an ageing population. The mid-2016 provisional number of elderly persons aged 65 and above is about 1.17 million, representing 16% of Hong Kong's population. According to the latest population projection by the Census and Statistics Department, population ageing is expected to continue. The proportion of elderly persons aged 65 and above is projected to rise markedly, from 15% in 2014 to 36% in 2064. Population ageing is expected to be most rapid in the coming 20 years with the proportion of elderly persons aged over 65 reaching 23% in 2024 and 30% in 2034. In 2064, the expectation of life at birth is projected to increase to 87 years for males and 92.5 years for females.
- 3. With the combined effect of an ageing population and increasing longevity, there will be a pressing need for the Administration to enhance its medium to long-term planning for elderly services. In this connection, the Chief Executive ("CE") announced in his 2014 Policy Address that the Elderly Commission ("EC") would be commissioned to draw up the Programme Plan within two years. To take forward the task, EC has set up the Working Group on Elderly Services Programme Plan ("WGESPP") and engaged a consultant team from the Department of Social Work and Social Administration of The University of Hong Kong ("the Consultant Team") to assist in collating and

analyzing information related to the provision of long-term care ("LTC") services for elderly persons, as well as engaging relevant stakeholders and other interested groups in the process.

- 4. According to the Administration, the formulation of the Programme Plan is structured into three stages, namely Scoping, Formulation and Consensus Building. A public engagement exercise will be arranged in each stage. The Scoping Stage is to open up the discussion with stakeholders and solicit their views in defining the scope of the Programme Plan. After defining the scope and identifying the key issues that need to be addressed, stakeholders will be consulted on the directions and possible alternatives for handling these issues to enable EC and WGESPP to draw up at the end of the Formulation Stage the preliminary recommendations to be put forward in the Programme Plan. At the Consensus Building Stage, EC will engage stakeholders with a view to finalizing and building consensus on the recommendations.
- 5. The Panel on Welfare Services ("the Panel") of the Fifth Legislative Council ("LegCo") appointed the Subcommittee on Issues Relating to the Future Development of Elderly Services Schemes ("the Subcommittee") in June 2015 to study relevant policies and measures relating to the future development of elderly services, follow up the work of the Programme Plan, discuss relevant policies with the Administration and make timely recommendations. The Subcommittee completed its work and submitted its report to the Panel in July 2016. Recommendations made by the Subcommittee are set out in **Appendix I**.

Deliberations by Members

Coverage of the Programme Plan

- 6. Members had time and again urged the Administration to make early planning on the provision of elderly services. While agreeing that the formulation of the Programme Plan was necessary, Members considered that the Administration should assess the demand for residential care services ("RCS") and community care services ("CCS") for elderly persons and make corresponding planning on welfare premises, manpower and financial resources requirements.
- 7. The Administration advised that it had all along accorded high priority to address LTC needs of elderly persons. In mapping out the Programme Plan, EC would look into the medium and long-term development of elderly services up to 2030 by taking into account the supply of and demand for welfare premises for elderly services, related manpower needs, as well as the viability

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and desirability of different modes of service delivery. In considering the long-term development of elderly services, the Consultant Team would examine the impact of the growing elderly population on the existing services and explore measures for a sustainable development. EC would also look into for the demand and supply of LTC services, taking into account the welfare facilities to be provided under the Special Scheme on Privately Owned Sites for Welfare Uses ("the Special Scheme"), under which social welfare organizations were encouraged to provide the necessary welfare facilities through in-situ expansion or redevelopment.

- 8. The Administration further advised that a number of schemes would be considered together with the relevant information and data (including the demand for and supply of elderly services) in the wider context of the Programme Plan. For example, the Special Scheme, the Pilot Scheme on CCS Voucher for the Elderly, the Pilot Scheme on Living Allowance for Carers of the Elderly Persons from Low Income Families ("the Carer Allowance Pilot Scheme") under the Community Care Fund and the feasibility study of introducing a voucher scheme on RCS for the elderly.¹
- 9. Members took the view that the Programme Plan should not confine to studying RCS policies for the elderly but should also cover policies on housing, financial security, health and medical, psychological, employment and recreational needs of elderly persons. Some Members considered that instead of formulating the Programme Plan, the Administration should prepare a high-level blueprint of elderly care policy with input from relevant government bureaux/departments. The Administration advised that the Programme Plan would be prepared in accordance with the guiding principle of "Ageing in place as the core, institutional care as back-up". It had been committed to formulating elderly care policies holistically, having regard to considerations on different areas, including medical, housing, as well as population strategies, where appropriate.
- 10. Members considered that the existing provision of LTC services was fragmented with unnecessary categorization under "elderly" and "persons with disabilities", which was against the international trend of no distinct age limit. The Administration was urged to conduct a comprehensive review of its LTC policy with a view to offering services according to the

CE announced in his 2014 Policy Address that EC had also been tasked to study the feasibility of introducing an RCS voucher scheme for the elderly. A consultant team was engaged to conduct the feasibility study. The consultant team concluded that introducing an RCS voucher scheme would be both desirable and feasible. EC endorsed the consultant team's final report on the feasibility study in 2016. The Administration generally agrees with the findings and recommendations of the consultant team and plans to launch the first phase of the Pilot Scheme on RCS Voucher for the Elderly around the fourth quarter of 2016 or the first quarter of 2017.

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needs of recipients, instead of their age. Members also considered that the Programme Plan should be prepared in tandem with the Rehabilitation Programme Plan, so that the Administration could map out holistically the direction of LTC policy according to the needs of recipients.

- 11. At its meeting on 11 June 2014, the Council passed a motion urging the Administration to:
 - (a) immediately formulate a comprehensive elderly care policy, make detailed planning for elderly care services in the future and promote collaboration between the medical and welfare sectors; and
 - (b) take the needs and LTC of the elderly persons as the basis, rather than adopting age as the sole criterion, to immediately formulate a comprehensive elderly care policy.
- 12. The Administration advised that it would continue to commit resources to elderly services, implement a host of new measures to provide more suitable services to elderly persons and enhance the planning of elderly services. When formulating the Programme Plan, EC would take into account the schemes mentioned in paragraph 8 above in the wider context of the Programme Plan. In addition, it would make reference to the issues highlighted in its past studies on LTC services for the elderly persons², and the views expressed by different stakeholders and concern groups on elderly care services.
- 13. The Panel was briefed on the progress of the preparation of the Programme Plan at its meetings on 20 January 2015 and 14 March 2016. Noting that policies under the purview of the Labour and Welfare Bureau would form the core of the Consultant Team's study, the Panel passed a motion at its meeting on 20 January 2015 urging EC to extend the scope of the Programme Plan and press the Consultant Team to extend its scope of study to cover social welfare services, medical services, housing and needs after retirement.
- 14. Some Members took the view that the principle of "ageing in place as the core" was only a slogan given that the Administration did not have a sustainable policy on or allocate sufficient resources for the provision of CCS. Some other Members expressed grave concerns about the inadequacy of RCS and the Administration's inaction to address the problem. These Members considered that WGESPP should realistically forecast the demand for elderly services in the next five to 10 years, and make recommendations on how to

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² EC released the report on the Consultancy Study on RCS for the Elderly in 2009 and the report on the Consultancy Study on CCS for the Elderly in 2011.

enhance elderly services to cater for the growing demand in this regard for consideration by the Administration in formulating the Programme Plan.

15. The Administration advised that the Programme Plan would not only take stock of the existing and planned elderly services, but also cover the longer-term projection on the demand for and supply of subsidized elderly services. Meanwhile, the Administration would continue to take measures to enhance elderly services.

Setting service targets for elderly care services

- 16. Members expressed grave concern about the insufficient provision of elderly care services to meet the huge demand for such services arising from the rapid ageing population and elderly poverty. Some Members urged the Administration to set service targets for various kinds of elderly care services, in particular CCS and RCS, in order to facilitate the welfare sector to bid for resources and formulate service provision plan. The need for setting service targets for elderly care services and the basis for providing LTC services should be spelt out in the Programme Plan.
- 17. According to the Consultant Team, consideration would be given to including in the Programme Plan a service target for the elderly population in need of RCS. The Administration, however, advised that it was difficult to set service targets for provision of elderly care services, in view of the various service options being available for elderly persons in need. Instead of setting service targets, the Administration would examine the interaction amongst CCS, RCS and carer support services in service planning. In drawing up the preliminary recommendations for enhancing elderly care services in the Programme Plan, WGESPP would take into account the implementation of various pilot schemes, e.g. the Pilot Scheme on CCS Voucher for the Elderly and the Carer Allowance Pilot Scheme.

Financing for provision of elderly services

18. Some Members were gravely concerned about the incompatibility of views between the community and the Administration towards financing for provision of elderly services. The major views of the community were that more public resources should be allocated to provision of elderly services, and these services should be provided on a non-means-tested basis. The Administration, however, had adopted the principle of "co-payment", under which service users with less financial means were provided with a greater amount of government subsidy. Noting the Administration's projection that a structural deficit could strike in within 15 years due to the continuous trend of ageing population, these Members urged the Administration to conduct a

comprehensive review of the provision of elderly services and draw up a plan for such service provision, and make projection on relevant expenditure. The Administration was also requested to signify its commitment by setting aside a sum of money for implementing the Programme Plan.

19. The Administration advised that in the formulation of the Programme Plan, consideration would be given to optimizing public resources for provision of elderly care services as appropriate. In addition, the current and planned provision of elderly services would be taken into account and reference would be made to relevant studies, reports, initiatives and demographic/service statistics relating to elderly persons. Upon receipt of the final report of the Programme Plan, the Administration would work on the financial arrangements and draw up short, medium and long-term plans for implementing the Programme Plan.

Latest development

20. According to the Administration, public engagement exercises of the Scoping Stage and the Formulation Stage were carried out from October to November 2014 and from June to August 2015 respectively to gather the views of different stakeholders on the scope of the Programme Plan, and the possible strategies and measures to be adopted. Having considered the views gathered, WGESPP has drawn up the initial recommendations of the Programme Plan. WGESPP will conduct a series of public engagement activities starting from October 2016 to gather views on the initial recommendations of the Programme Plan. A public consultation forum will be organized for each of the 18 districts. According to the Administration's forecast in March 2016, taking into account the time needed for report drafting and possible fine-tuning of the preliminary recommendations, EC is expected to submit the report of the Programme Plan in the second quarter of 2017, barring any unforeseen developments.

Relevant papers

21. A list of the relevant papers on the LegCo website is in **Appendix II**.

Council Business Division 2
<u>Legislative Council Secretariat</u>
10 November 2016

Recommendations made by the Subcommittee on Issues Relating to the Future Development of Elderly Services Schemes

The Subcommittee recommends that the Administration should:

Policy, planning and financing

- (a) set service targets for various kinds of elderly care services, in particular community care services ("CCS") and residential care services ("RCS");
- (b) spell out in the Elderly Services Programme Plan ("the Programme Plan") the need for setting the aforesaid service targets and the basis for provision of long-term care services (i.e. based on service user needs instead of their age);
- (c) extend the six-month case management service to strengthen the support for service users;
- (d) conduct a comprehensive review of the provision of elderly services, draw up a service provision plan and make projection on relevant expenditure;
- (e) set aside a sum of money for implementing the Programme Plan to signify the Administration's commitment to provision of elderly services;

Community care services

- (f) instruct the consultant team to assess the need for CCS, and explore the relationship among Integrated Home Care Services, Enhanced Home and Community Care Services, the Pilot Scheme on CCS Voucher for the Elderly and services provided by Day Care Centres/Units for the Elderly;
- (g) allocate more resources to increase provision of CCS and change the arrangement of meal delivery service during holidays from delivery upon request to automatic delivery unless advised otherwise by individual users;

- (h) further develop the Pilot Scheme on Living Allowance for Carers of the Elderly Persons from Low Income Families with increase in the amount of the monthly allowance;
- (i) engage female homemakers with income supplement for providing elderly care services in the community;

Residential care services

- (j) provide a specific timetable for strengthening the Administration's monitoring of private residential care homes for the elderly ("RCHEs");
- (k) make legislative amendments for enhancing manpower provision and spatial requirements of private RCHEs, as well as prescribing liability of private RCHE operators;
- (l) consider providing a wage supplement for frontline staff of private RCHEs to enhance their service quality;
- (m) introduce an evaluation system for RCHEs and allow public access to evaluation results of individual RCHEs;

Care services for elderly persons with special needs

- (n) set future direction of service provision for demented elderly and draw up relevant service provision plan to ensure adequate provision in this regard;
- (o) consider implementing a pilot scheme on provision of RCS for demented elderly;
- (p) review the policy on allocation of RCS places, and exercise due care to ensure that disparity of special needs of elderly persons residing in the same RCHEs would not be too great to defeat the purpose of the Administration's inclusive policy on provision of elderly services;
- (q) address the issue of identity recognition for elderly persons from sexual minorities:
- (r) consider accommodating elderly persons from sexual minorities in need of RCS in the same RCHEs and form small groups for them in these RCHEs;
- (s) collect information on population of elderly persons from sexual minorities during population census;

- (t) clarify whether elderly persons aged over 60 with disabilities are provided with elderly care services or rehabilitation services;
- (u) address the problem of service gap between elderly care services and rehabilitation services, so that elderly persons with disabilities can be properly taken care of;
- (v) work collaboratively among various government bureaux/departments to address the deficiencies in elderly care services, including those for elderly persons with special needs, and set priority as appropriate;

Other issues

- (w) identify a suitable site in each of the 18 districts for providing an assembly place for elderly persons;
- (x) consider deputations' suggestion of implementing a subsidy scheme for low-floor green minibuses running to and from hospitals; and
- (y) address elderly persons' need for dental services and relax the age limit of participants of the Elderly Health Care Voucher Scheme.
- 2. The Subcommittee suggests that the Sixth Legislative Council should continue to follow up the provision of services by the Administration for elderly persons with chronic diseases, elderly persons with dementia, elderly persons with disabilities as well as elderly persons from ethnic minorities and from sexual minorities.

Appendix II

Relevant papers on Elderly Services Programme Plan

Committee	Date of meeting	Paper
Panel on Welfare Services	23 January 2014 (Item II)	Agenda Minutes
	10 March 2014 (Item IV)	Agenda Minutes
Establishment Subcommittee of the Finance Committee	30 April 2014 (Item 3)	Agenda Minutes
Legislative Council	11 June 2014	Official Record of Proceedings Pages 6-76 Progress Report
Joint Subcommittee on Long-term Care Policy	24 July 2014	Report (issued on 30 July 2014)
Panel on Welfare Services	25 July 2014 (Item III)	Agenda Minutes
Panel on Welfare Services	8 December 2014 (Item VI)	Agenda Minutes
Panel on Welfare Services	20 January 2015 (Item I)	Agenda Minutes
Panel on Welfare Services	14 March 2016 (Item IV)	Agenda Minutes
Subcommittee on Issues Relating to the Future Development of Elderly Services Schemes	-	Report of the Subcommittee on Issues Relating to the Future Development of Elderly Services Schemes (issued on 12 July 2016)

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