

**2000年6月21日(星期三)**  
**立法會會議席上**  
**譚耀宗議員就“減少塑膠廢物”**  
**提出的議案**

**議案措辭**

“鑒於本港塑膠廢物日益增加，而焚燒塑膠廢物產生大量二噁曠，嚴重破壞環境，並威脅市民健康，本會促請政府採取以下措施：

- (一) 促進環保餐具及包裝物料的研究及應用；
- (二) 研究可否立例禁止使用發泡膠飯盒；
- (三) 鼓勵工商企業減少使用不具生物降解性的膠袋，推行生產者(製造商及入口商)責任制度，要求生產者訂定並達致減少塑膠廢物的目標；
- (四) 規定製造商為塑膠包裝及產品實施編碼制度，方便塑膠廢物的分類及回收再造；
- (五) 擴大及增設政府垃圾收集站，加強廢物分類功能，方便回收塑膠廢物；
- (六) 研究和發展非焚化及非堆填的塑膠廢物處理方法；及
- (七) 加強宣傳推廣工作，提高市民對減少塑膠廢物的意識，

從而減少製造廢物、增加非再生資源的循環利用、促進香港的可持續發展、保障市民的健康。”

(Translation)

**Motion on “Reducing plastic waste”  
to be moved by Hon TAM Yiu-chung  
at the Legislative Council Meeting  
of Wednesday, 21 June 2000**

**Wording of the Motion**

“That, plastic waste keeps increasing in Hong Kong and the incineration of such waste generates a considerable amount of dioxin, causing serious damage to the environment and posing a threat to the health of the public, this Council urges the Government to adopt the following measures:

- (a) promoting researches on and the use of environmentally-friendly cutlery and utensils and packaging materials;
- (b) exploring the feasibility of legislating against the use of styrofoam lunch boxes;
- (c) encouraging industrial and commercial enterprises to reduce the use of non-biodegradable plastic bags, as well as implementing an accountability system whereby producers (manufacturers and importers) are required to set and achieve targets for reducing plastic waste;
- (d) requiring manufacturers to introduce a coding system for plastic packaging and products to facilitate the segregation, recovery and recycling of plastic waste;
- (e) enlarging and providing additional government refuse collection points, and enhancing their waste-segregation function to facilitate the recovery of plastic waste;
- (f) exploring and developing other methods for the disposal of plastic waste as alternatives to incineration and landfilling; and
- (g) stepping up publicity and promotional efforts to enhance public awareness of the need to reduce plastic waste,

so as to reduce the production of waste, increase the recycling and re-use of non-renewable resources, promote sustainable development in Hong Kong and safeguard the health of the public.”