# 立法會 Legislative Council

LC Paper No. LS31/00-01

# Paper for the House Committee Meeting of the Legislative Council on 1 December 2000

# Legal Service Division Report on Securities and Futures Bill

# Object of the Bill

To consolidate:-

- (a) the Securities and Futures Commission Ordinance (Cap. 24);
- (b) the Commodities Trading Ordinance (Cap. 250);
- (c) the Securities Ordinance (Cap. 333);
- (d) the Protection of Investors Ordinance (Cap.335);
- (e) the Stock Exchanges Unification Ordinance (Cap. 361);
- (f) the Securities (Insider Dealing) Ordinance (Cap. 395);
- (g) the Securities (Disclosure of Interests) Ordinance (Cap. 396);
- (h) the Securities and Futures (Clearing Houses) Ordinance (Cap. 420);
- (i) the Leveraged Foreign Exchange Trading Ordinance (Cap. 451); and
- (j) the Exchanges and Clearing Houses (Merger) Ordinance (Cap. 555);

into one single ordinance and to amend the law relating to the securities and financial industry (including the securities and futures market and financial products) and the regulation of activities and persons connected with the securities and financial industry, the protection and compensation of investors

and to provide for the inauguration of a new regulatory regime and other matters incidental thereto or connected therewith.

## **LegCo Brief Reference**

2. SU B38/31 (2000) issued by the Financial Services Bureau on 10 November 2000.

# **Date of First Reading**

3. 29 November 2000.

#### **Comments**

- 4. The colossal legislative proposal was published in the form of a White Bill (Special Supplement No. 5 to Government Gazette dated 7 April 2000) for consultation. A subcommittee was set up to study the White Bill. Six meetings were held and oral representations from deputations from market bodies and professional organizations were received. The report of the subcommittee (LC Paper No. CB(1)1902/99-00) ("the Report") was submitted to the House on 23 June 2000.
- 5. The Bill, a revamp of the White Bill, now comprises of 17 parts and nine Schedules. Excluding alterations necessitated by changes in section cross references, over 300 clauses of the White Bill have been revised and many quite significantly.
- 6. It is proposed in clause 4 of the Bill that the Securities and Futures Commission ("the Commission") is to have a new regulatory objective, namely, to assist the Financial Secretary in maintaining the financial stability of Hong Kong by taking appropriate steps in relation to the securities and futures industry. The precise scope and contents envisaged by this new objective have not been elaborated in the consultation document issued by the Administration in April 2000 or in the LegCo Brief.
- 7. Penalties for offences contained in the White Bill have been reduced in some provisions but increased in other provisions. It is yet undiscernible whether they follow any consistent principles. A table comparing the amended provisions relating to penalties for offences in the Bill and those in the White Bill is attached as the Schedule.

8. The new regulatory regime to be inaugurated after the enactment of the Bill will apply to exempt authorised institutions under the supervision of the Monetary Authority. Amendments to the Banking Ordinance (Cap. 155) are required to facilitate such application. The Administration has therefore introduced the Banking (Amendment) Bill 2000, which is the subject of a separate report of the Legal Service Division.

#### **Public Consultation**

- 9. There has been public consultation on the White Bill. According to the Financial Services Bureau, 53 submissions from 44 market organizations, chambers of commerce, professional bodies and individuals have been received. A summary of the submissions and the response of the Administration is available as Annex A to the LegCo Brief.
- 10. No public consultation has been conducted on the Bill in its present form.

# **Consultation with LegCo Panel**

11. The Panel for Financial Affairs has been briefed on the Bill at its meeting on 10 November 2000.

#### Recommendation

The subcommittee, in its Report, expressed the view that given the complexity of the Bill and its far-reaching impact on the securities and futures market, Members should have sufficient time to scrutinize the Bill before its enactment. The subcommittee recommended that a Bills Committee be formed to study the Bill after it has been introduced to the Council. Members may wish to consider the recommendation of the subcommittee. The Bill involves multiple policy issues and affects the interests of the general public as well as the participants of the securities and financial market. The Legal Service Division is still scrutinizing the Bill and will seek clarification from the Administration on its drafting and legal aspects. Meanwhile, Members may wish to set up a Bills Committee to consider the Bill.

Prepared by

Legal Service Division Legislative Council Secretariat 29 November 2000

# **SCHEDULE**

# Comparison of Amended Penalties Provisions of the Bill and the White Bill

Blue Bill section No.	White Bill section No.	Comments
100	99	The amounts of <b>fines</b> are <b>increased</b> fivefold and a daily fine for continuing offences is introduced. The terms of imprisonment are <b>increased</b> to 7 years and 2 years for indictable and summary offences
114	113 & 114	respectively.  The section has been redrafted to combine the provisions contained in the original <i>s.</i> 113 & 114  The <b>fines</b> for carrying on business illegally are <b>reduced</b> .
119	119 & 120	The new section combines the provisions governing the applications for licence and provisional licence by an individual. The <b>fines</b> for failure to return revoked provisional licence are <b>reduced</b> .
122	122	The <b>fine</b> for contravening this section has been <b>halved</b> and the provisions for daily fine are deleted.
130	128	The <b>fine</b> for summary conviction has been <b>increased</b> to level 6.
132	130	The <b>fine</b> is <b>raised</b> to level 5 but the imprisonment term is dropped.
136	134	The level of <b>fine</b> is <b>raised</b> to level 6 and a daily fine of \$2,000 is imposed for continuing offence but the imprisonment term is dropped.
142	139	The strict criminal liabilities of executive officers for breaches of the Financial Resources Rules ("FRR") have been removed. The amounts of <b>fines</b> upon conviction on indictment for failure to notify the Commission of inability to comply with the specified amount required under the FRR or to comply with a condition imposed are <b>doubled</b> and a daily fine is imposed for continuing offences. A <b>defence</b> of reasonable excuse is available for other breaches of FRR and any failure to notify the Commission of such breaches in time. The amounts of <b>fines</b> and imprisonment terms for such breaches are also <b>reduced</b> .

143	140	The <b>fines, daily fines and imprisonment terms</b> are imposed in line with <i>s</i> .142 of the Blue Bill.
144	141	The strict criminal liabilities of executive officers for non-compliance are removed. A <b>defence</b> of reasonable excuse is available for non-fraudulent non-compliance with rules. The <b>fines</b> for conviction on indictment under ss. (5) and summary conviction under ss. (4) & (5) are <b>increased</b> .
145	142	The strict criminal liabilities of executive officers for non-compliance have been removed. The amounts of <b>fines</b> for summary conviction under <i>ss.</i> (4) & (5) have been <b>increased</b> .
147	144	The strict criminal liabilities of executive officers for non-compliance have been removed. A <b>defence</b> of reasonable excuse is available for non-fraudulent non-compliance with rules. The amounts for <b>fines</b> upon summary conviction under ss. (4) & (6) are <b>increased</b> . The <b>imprisonment term</b> upon summary conviction for fraudulent non-compliance is doubled.
148	145	The strict criminal liabilities of executive officers for non-compliance have been removed. A <b>defence</b> of reasonable excuse is available for non-fraudulent non-compliance with rules. The amounts for <b>fines</b> upon summary conviction under ss. (3) & (4) are <b>increased</b> .
151	148	Non-compliance with this section is no longer an offence punishable by imprisonment but the <b>fine</b> has been <b>increased</b> to \$50,000.
152	149	Non-fraudulent contravention of ss. (1) or (2) has now a <b>defence</b> of reasonable excuse under ss. (5). The amount of <b>fine</b> upon summary conviction of fraudulent contravention has been <b>increased</b> to \$500,000 (ss. (6)). Ss. (7) is added to exclude the application of this section to an associated entity that is an authorized institution.
158	155	The amount of <b>fine</b> upon summary conviction in <i>ss</i> . (3)(b) has been <b>reduced</b> to \$50,000 but that in <i>ss</i> . (5)(b)(ii) has been <b>increased</b> to \$500,000.
159	156	The <b>fine</b> and the <b>imprisonment term</b> upon summary conviction stipulated in <i>ss.</i> (2)(b) have respectively been <b>increased</b> fivefold and doubled.

		The time for notification to the Commission of any
		change in particulars is extended to 7 days (ss. (2)).
		The criminal liabilities of directors or employees or
161	157	executive officers of an intermediary under ss. (4),
		(5) & (7) are removed. The amount of <b>fine</b> upon
		summary conviction in ss. (5)(b) has been increased
		to \$500,000. The offence for contravening ss. (6)
		has been made indictable and the penalties have
		been <b>increased</b> (ss. (7)).
163	159	The upper limit of <b>fine</b> upon conviction on
		indictment is <b>lowered</b> to \$200,000.
		The strict criminal liabilities of executive officers
168	161	have been removed. The upper limit of a <b>fine</b> on
		summary conviction under ss. (2)(b) has been raised
		to level 6.
		The indictable offence and imprisonment as penalty
169	162	have been removed from ss. (5) and the <b>fine</b> on
		conviction is <b>lowered</b> to level 5.