Subcommittee on Draft Subsidiary Legislation to be made under the Securities and Futures Ordinance

Securities and Futures (Accounts and Audit) Rules

This paper sets out the proposals of the Securities and Futures Commission (SFC) to prescribe -

- (a) the financial statements and other documents that licensed corporations and associated entities of intermediaries must prepare and the matters upon which an auditor must give an opinion for the purposes of section 156 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (SFO) (5 of 2002); and
- (b) certain requirements in relation to which auditors must report non-compliance for the purposes of section 157 of the SFO.

Proposal

2. The SFC proposes to make the Securities and Futures (Accounts and Audit) Rules, now in draft at **Annex 1**, under section 397(1) of the SFO.

Power to make the Rules

- 3. Section 156(1)-(3) of the SFO stipulates that the SFC may make rules under section 397 to provide for -
 - (a) the preparation by licensed corporations and associated entities of intermediaries of such financial statements and other documents for such periods as are prescribed;
 - (b) the preparation by licensed corporations and associated entities of intermediaries of such financial statements and other documents as are prescribed in circumstances where they cease to carry on a

regulated activity or be an associated entity (as the case may be); and

- (c) the matters upon which an auditor must give a statement of opinion in his report on the accounts of the licensed corporation or associated entity he is auditing.
- 4. Section 157(1) provides, among other things, that an auditor of a licensed corporation or an associated entity of an intermediary shall report to the SFC or the HKMA, as appropriate, as soon as reasonably practicable when he becomes aware of a "reportable matter". A "reportable matter" is defined in section 157(3) to include failure on the part of the licensed corporation or associated entity to comply with any "prescribed requirement", being such of the requirements under the rules made under section 148, 149, 151 or 152¹ of the SFO as are prescribed by rules made under section 397. The draft Rules seek to prescribe such requirements for the purposes of section 157.
- 5. In accordance with section 398(4) of the SFO, the SFC has consulted the Monetary Authority on the draft Rules. The SFC considers that the draft Rules would be *intra vires* if made as drafted.

Major features of the draft Rules

- 6. The draft Rules at Annex 1 provide for -
 - (a) a licensed corporation to prepare in respect of each financial year, a set of accounts, prescribed returns as referred to in section 58 of the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules (FRRs)² and a business and risk management questionnaire (clause 3(1));
 - (b) a licensed corporation to prepare in respect of the financial year in which it ceases to carry on any regulated activity, a set of accounts and a liquid capital computation as referred to in the FRRs (clause 3(2));

In effect, these are the Securities and Futures (Client Securities) Rules, the Securities and Futures (Client Money) Rules, the Securities and Futures (Keeping of Records) Rules and the Securities and Futures (Contract Notes, Statements of Account and Receipts) Rules.

We are now inviting public comments on the draft FRRs and aim to submit them, to be revised as necessary in the light of comments received, to the LegCo Subcommittee for consideration in September 2002.

- (c) an associated entity of an intermediary to prepare in respect of each financial year, a set of accounts, an analysis of client assets and a business and risk management questionnaire (clause 3(3));
- (d) an associated entity of an intermediary to prepare in respect of the financial year in which it ceases to be an associated entity, a set of accounts and an analysis of client assets (clause 3(4));
- (e) an auditor's report to contain a statement as to whether in the auditor's opinion the financial statements are in order, systems of control were in place to ensure compliance with certain provisions of related Part VI subsidiary legislation and such provisions were in fact complied with (clause 4(1)); and
- (f) certain provisions of the Client Money Rules, the Client Securities Rules and the Keeping of Records Rules to be "prescribed requirements" for the purposes of section 157(3) of the SFO. Accordingly, auditors of a licensed corporation or an associated entity of an intermediary are required to report to the relevant authority, as soon as reasonably practicable, non-compliance with any such requirements by the licensed corporation or associated entity.

7. The SFC considers that by requiring -

- (a) licensed corporations and associated entities of intermediaries to prepare and submit financial statements and certain other documents together with an auditor's report; and
- (b) auditors to report non-compliance with certain provisions of other Part VI rules for the purposes of section 157 of the SFO,

the draft Rules would be consistent with the SFC's objectives in section 4(a) and (c) of the SFO "to maintain and promote the fairness, efficiency, competitiveness, transparency and orderliness of the securities and futures industry" and "to provide protection for members of the public investing in or holding financial products."

Public consultation

- 8. The SFC released a consultation document and an exposure draft of the Rules on 21 December 2001 for comment by the public until 31 January 2002. A total of 9 submissions were received by the end of the consultation period. The SFC has considered all the comments received and revised the draft Rules as appropriate. We attach the following documents for Members' reference -
 - (a) Consultation Document on the draft Rules, at **Annex 2**, which sets out the underlying policy, together with the exposure draft of the Rules. The revised draft Rules are at Annex 1 for Members' consideration; and
 - (b) Consultation Conclusion and Summary of Comments and SFC's Responses, at **Annex 3**, which set out the conclusions from the consultation and the SFC's responses, in the form of a table, to the comments received. A list of respondents is attached to the Summary of Comments and SFC's Responses.

Way forward

9. Subject to Members' views, the SFC will proceed to make the Rules under the authority vested in it and publish the Rules so made in the Gazette for tabling before the Legislative Council in the normal manner. The intention is that the Rules will come into operation on the commencement of the SFO.

Securities and Futures Commission Financial Services Bureau 29 June 2002

DRAFT

[CF: Sections 156 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance]

SECURITIES AND FUTURES (ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT) RULES

(Made by the Securities and Futures Commission under section 397(1) of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (5 of 2002))

1. Commencement

These Rules shall come into operation on the day on which Part VI of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (5 of 2002) comes into operation.

2. Interpretation

In these Rules, unless the context otherwise requires –

"dealing in securities" (證券交易) has the meaning assigned to it by Part 2 of Schedule 5 to the Ordinance;

"margin client" (保證金客戶) means -

- (a) in relation to a corporation licensed for dealing in securities, a client to whom the corporation provides securities margin financing; or
- (b) a client of a corporation licensed for securities margin financing.
- "systems of control" (監控系統), in relation to a licensed corporation or an associated entity of an intermediary, means in so far as applicable the internal controls and trading, accounting, settlement and stock holding systems it has implemented to ensure its compliance with the provisions specified in section 4(1)(e).

3. Financial statements and other documents to be prepared by licensed corporations and associated entities of intermediaries

- (1) For the purposes of section 156(1)(a) of the Ordinance, the financial statements and other documents that a licensed corporation shall prepare, in respect of each financial year, are
 - (a) a set of accounts consisting of each of the following, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles
 - (i) a profit and loss account;
 - (ii) a balance sheet; and
 - (iii) notes to the accounts;
 - (b) in so far as applicable, the following returns as referred to in section 58 of the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules (L.N. of 2002), each made up to the last day of the financial year
 - (i) a liquid capital computation;
 - (ii) a required liquid capital computation;
 - (iii) a summary of bank loans, advances, credit facilities and other financial accommodation available to it;
 - (iv) an analysis of margin clients;
 - (v) an analysis of collateral received from margin clients;
 - (vi) a rolling balance cash client analysis;
 - (vii) an analysis of client assets; and
 - (viii) a report on proprietary derivative positions; and
 - (c) a business and risk management questionnaire.
- (2) For the purposes of section 156(2)(a) of the Ordinance, the financial statements and other documents required to be prepared by a licensed

corporation that ceases carrying on all of the regulated activities for which it is licensed are –

- (a) a set of accounts as referred to in subsection (1)(a); and
- (b) a liquid capital computation as referred to in subsection (1)(b)(i).
- (3) For the purposes of section 156(1)(a) of the Ordinance, the financial statements and other documents that an associated entity of an intermediary shall prepare, in respect of each financial year, are
 - (a) a set of accounts consisting of each of the following,
 prepared in accordance with generally accepted
 accounting principles
 - (i) a profit and loss account;
 - (ii) a balance sheet; and
 - (iii) notes to the accounts;
 - (b) an analysis of client assets as at the end of the financial year; and
 - (c) a business and risk management questionnaire.
- (4) For the purposes of section 156(2)(a) of the Ordinance, the financial statements and other documents required to be prepared by an associated entity of an intermediary that ceases to be such an associated entity are
 - (a) a set of accounts as referred to in subsection (3)(a); and
 - (b) an analysis of client assets as referred to in subsection (3)(b).

4. Auditor's report

(1) For the purposes of section 156(1)(b) or (2)(b) of the Ordinance, an auditor's report required to be submitted by a licensed corporation or an associated entity of an intermediary shall contain a statement by the auditor as to whether, in the auditor's opinion –

- (a) the profit and loss account and the balance sheet are in accordance with the records kept by the licensed corporation or the associated entity (as the case may be) under the Securities and Futures (Keeping of Records) Rules (L.N. of 2002) and satisfy the requirements of these Rules;
- (b) the balance sheet gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the licensed corporation or the associated entity (as the case may be) as at the end of the financial year to which it relates;
- (c) the profit and loss account gives a true and fair view of the profit or loss of the licensed corporation or the associated entity (as the case may be) for the financial year to which it relates;
- (d) in the case of a licensed corporation, each of the returns as referred to in section 3(1)(b) or (2)(b) (as the case may be) is correctly compiled from the records of the licensed corporation or, if not correctly compiled, the nature and extent of the incorrectness;
- (e) in so far as applicable, during the financial year in question, the licensed corporation or the associated entity (as the case may be) had systems of control in place that were adequate to ensure compliance with
 - (i) sections 4, 5, 6, 8(4), 10 and 11 of the Securities and Futures (Client Money) Rules (L.N. of 2002); and
 - (ii) sections 4(4), 5, 10(1) and 12 of the Securities and Futures (Client Securities) Rules (L.N. of 2002);

- (f) in so far as applicable, during the financial year in question, the licensed corporation or the associated entity (as the case may be) has complied with
 - (i) sections 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 of the Securities and Futures (Keeping of Records) Rules (L.N. of 2002);
 - (ii) sections 4, 5, 6, 8(4), 10 and 11 of the Securities and Futures (Client Money) Rules (L.N. of 2002); and
 - (iii) sections 4(4), 5, 10(1) and 12 of the Securities and Futures (Client Securities) Rules (L.N. of 2002); and
- (g) in the case of a licensed corporation, there appears to have been any contravention of the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules (L.N. of 2002) by the licensed corporation during the financial year in question.
- (2) A licensed corporation or an associated entity of an intermediary (as the case may be) may submit 2 separate auditor's reports in respect of a financial year, one containing a statement by the auditor concerning the matters referred to in subsection (1)(a) to (c) and the other containing a statement by the auditor concerning the matters referred to in subsection (1)(d) to (g).

5. Matters reportable by auditors under section 157 of the Ordinance

The following provisions are prescribed requirements for the purposes of the definition of "prescribed requirement" in section 157(3) of the Ordinance –

- (a) sections 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 of the Securities and Futures (Keeping of Records) Rules (L.N. of 2002).
- (b) sections 4, 5, 6, 8(4), 10 and 11 of the Securities and Futures (Client Money) Rules (L.N. of 2002);

(c) sections 4(4), 5, 10(1) and 12 of the Securities and Futures (Client Securities) Rules (L.N. of 2002);

Chairman, Securities and Futures Commission

2002

Explanatory Note

These Rules are made by the Securities and Futures Commission under section 397(1) of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (5 of 2002). They prescribe for the purposes of sections 156(1)(a) and (2)(a) of the Ordinance the financial statements and other documents that licensed corporations and associated entities of intermediaries shall prepare. They also prescribe the matters upon which an auditor shall make a statement in his report under sections 156(1)(b) and (2)(b) of the Ordinance on the accounts of the licensed corporation or the associated entity he is auditing. In addition, they prescribe certain provisions as requirements for the purposes of reporting by auditors under section 157 of the Ordinance.

Consultation Document The Draft Securities and Futures (Accounts and Audit) Rules (the "draft Rules")

Introduction

- 1. As is the position under the Securities Ordinance, the Commodities Trading Ordinance and the Leveraged Foreign Exchange Trading Ordinance, the Securities and Futures Bill does not contain detailed requirements in relation to the annual accounts to be submitted by licensed corporations or associated entities; it merely gives the Securities and Futures Commission ("the Commission") the necessary rule-making power under clause 152 to prescribe requirements in the subsidiary legislation.
- 2. There are controls already built into the legislative system, whereby any rules made by the Commission must be subject to negative vetting by the Legislative Council. In addition, the Commission now releases the draft Rules (see Attachment 1) for public consultation.
- 3. The Commission has used the FinNet communication network to send copies of this consultation document to registered dealers that have lodged their Financial Resources Rules returns electronically with the Commission via FinNet. Copies of the consultation document are available free of charge at the Commission's office and may also be downloaded from the Commission's Internet website at http://www.hksfc.org.hk.
- 4. The public is invited to submit comments in writing before close of business 31 January 2002:

By mail to: SFC (Accounts and Audit Rules)

12/F, Edinburgh Tower

The Landmark

15 Queen's Road, Central

Hong Kong

By fax to: (852) 2523 4598

By on-line submission: http://www.hksfc.org.hk

By e-mail to: accounts and audit rules@hksfc.org.hk

- 5. Please note that the names of the commentators and the contents of their submissions may be published on the SFC web site and in other documents to be published by the SFC. In this connection, please read the Personal Information Collection Statement attached to this consultation document (see Attachment 2).
- 6. You may not wish your name and/or submission to be published by the SFC. If this is the case, please state that you wish your name and/or submission to be withheld from publication when you make your submission.
- 7. The draft Rules should be read in conjunction with the Securities and Futures Bill itself.
- 8. To ensure that our regulatory thinking is in the right direction, the Commission has formulated the draft Rules after consulting selected representatives from the brokerage industry and the Hong Kong Society of Accountants. We wish to acknowledge and thank them for their invaluable input.

Background

- 9. In short, the draft Rules prescribe the contents of the annual accounts to be submitted by licensed corporations and associated entities to the Commission.
- 10. The draft Rules have drawn on the Securities (Accounts and Audit) Rules, the Commodities Trading (Accounts and Audit) Rules and the Leveraged Foreign Exchange Trading (Accounts and Audit) Rules.

New Policy Initiatives

- 11. We have tried to minimise changes to the existing requirements, but several policy changes have been incorporated into the draft Rules:
 - (a) to apply the Rules to all licensed corporations¹ and their associated entities;

¹ The requirement to submit annual accounts under the Securities Ordinance or the Commodities Trading Ordinance does not apply to investment advisers and commodities trading advisers. Indeed, they are required to submit annual accounts under the Annual Return, where there is no equivalent requirement for them to be submitted within 4 months of the financial year-end.

(b) to require submission of selected parts of the monthly returns as stipulated by the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules (section 3(1)(b) and (2)(b)) and for the same to be reviewed by the auditor (section 4(1)(d));

[At present, securities dealers and securities margin financiers are required to submit the liquid capital computation, particulars on credit facilities, margin clients and collateral by margin clients as part of the annual audited accounts. Under the draft Rules, all licensed corporations must also submit an analysis of client assets held by the licensed corporation and a report on proprietary derivative positions.]

(c) to obtain confirmation from the licensed corporation or associated entity that it has adequate systems of control in place to ensure compliance with the Securities and Futures (Client Money) Rules and the Securities and Futures (Client Securities) Rules (section 3(1)(c), (2)(c), (3)(c) and (4)(c)) and to require the auditor to assess such adequacy (section 4(1)(e)); and

[This requirement is modelled on section 63(3A) of the Banking Ordinance which requires an auditor to report, amongst other things, whether the authorized institution had in place adequate² systems of control³ to enable compliance with specified duties during the period under review.

The Commission regards systems of controls to be crucial for ensuring client asset protection and therefore proposes to incorporate similar requirements in the draft Rules.

The above notwithstanding, we are conscious of the cost implications and would like to invite comments on this particular proposal.]

(d) to obtain further information from the licensed corporation or associated entity about its business and risk management by way of a questionnaire (section 3(1)(d) and (3)(d)).

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² Under the Banking Ordinance, "adequate", in relation to systems of control, includes operating effectively.

³ Under the Banking Ordinance, "systems of control" includes procedures.

Other Matters

- 12. It is worthy of note that in order to follow the International Standard on Assurance Engagements⁴, the HKSA issued Standards on Assurance Engagements ("SAE") in June 2001. We understand from the HKSA that this effectively requires HKSA Members to separately report on the truth and fairness of the financial statements and on other matters which fall under the ambit of the new SAE. As a direct consequence of this professional development, the draft Rules specifically allow for two separate auditor's reports to be submitted instead of one.
- 13. Also, unlike the existing accounts and audit rules, these draft Rules do not contain any proforma balance sheet, profit and loss account, notes to the accounts or the new business and risk management questionnaire. As these tend to be detailed in nature but non-controversial, no public consultation is considered necessary. The Commission shall continue to work with the working group and the Hong Kong Society of Accountants in prescribing these forms which shall be gazetted in due course as provided under clause 388(1) of the Bill (section 3(1)(a)/(c)/(d) and (3)(a)/(c)/(d)).

⁴ Assurance engagements are engagements where auditors evaluate or measure a subject matter that is the responsibility of another party against identified suitable criteria, and to express a conclusion that provided the intended user with a high or moderate level of assurance about that subject matter.

DRAFT

SECURITIES AND FUTURES
(ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT) RULES

SECURITIES AND FUTURES (ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT) RULES

(Made by the Securities and Futures Commission under <u>section 384(1)</u> of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (of 2001))

1. Commencement

These Rules shall come into operation on the day appointed for the commencement of <u>Part VI</u> of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (of 2001).

2. Interpretation

In these Rules, unless the context otherwise requires -

"applicable form" () means a form specified by the Commission under section 388(1) of the Ordinance.

Financial statements and other documents to be prepared by licensed corporations and their associated entities

(1) For the purposes of $\underline{\text{section } 152(1)(a)}$ of the Ordinance, a licensed corporation must prepare, in respect of each financial year -

- (a) a set of accounts consisting of each of the following in the applicable form and prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles -
 - (i) a profit and loss account;
 - (ii) a balance sheet; and
 - (iii) notes to the accounts;
- (b) where applicable, the following returns as
 referred to in [section 35(1)] of the
 Securities and Futures (Financial Resources)
 Rules (L.N. of 2001), in respect of the
 end of the financial year -
 - (i) a liquid capital computation;
 - (ii) a summary of bank loans, advances
 and other credit facilities;
 - (iii) an analysis of margin clients;
 - (iv) an analysis of securities
 collateral;
 - (v) an analysis of client assets; and

- (vi) a report on proprietary
 derivative positions [excluding
 Table 6];
- (c) a document in the applicable form confirming that during the financial year the licensed corporation had systems of control in place that were adequate to ensure compliance with -
 - (i) sections 3 to 6 of the Securities
 and Futures (Client Money) Rules
 (L.N. of 2001); and
 - (ii) sections 4 to 9 of the Securities
 and Futures (Client Securities)
 Rules (L.N. of 2001); and
- (d) a business and risk management questionnaire in the applicable form.
- (2) For the purposes of <u>section 152(2)(a)</u> of the Ordinance, a licensed corporation must prepare, in respect of the financial year in which it ceases carrying on all of the regulated activities for which it is licensed -

- (a) a set of accounts as referred to in subsection (1)(a);
- (b) a liquid capital computation as referred to in subsection (1)(b)(i); and
- (c) a document regarding the adequacy of its systems of control as referred to in subsection (1)(c).
- (3) For the purposes of <u>section 152(1)(a)</u> of the Ordinance, an associated entity of a licensed corporation must prepare, in respect of each financial year -
 - (a) a set of accounts consisting of each of the following, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles unless otherwise specified in an applicable form -
 - (i) a profit and loss account;
 - (ii) a balance sheet; and
 - (iii) notes to the accounts;

- (b) a summary of client assets in respect of the end of the financial year in the applicable form;
- (c) a document in the applicable form confirming that during the financial year the associated entity had systems of control in place that were adequate to ensure compliance with -
 - (i) sections 3 to 6 of the Securities
 and Futures (Client Money) Rules
 (L.N. of 2001); and
 - (ii) sections 4 to 9 of the Securities
 and Futures (Client Securities)
 Rules (L.N. of 2001); and
- (d) a business and risk management questionnaire in the applicable form.
- (4) For the purposes of section <u>152(2)(a)</u> of the Ordinance, an associated entity of a licensed corporation must prepare, in respect of the financial year in which it ceases to be an associated entity -

- (a) a set of accounts as referred to in subsection (3)(a);
- (b) a summary of client assets as referred to
 in subsection (3)(b); and
- (c) a document regarding the adequacy of its systems of control as referred to in subsection (3)(c).

4. Auditor's report

- (1) An auditor's report under <u>section 152(1)(b)</u> or <u>(2)(b)</u> of the Ordinance must contain a statement by the auditor as to whether in the auditor's opinion
 - the profit and loss account and the balance sheet are in accordance with the records kept by the licensed corporation or the associated entity, as the case may be, under the Securities and Futures (Keeping of Records) Rules (L.N. of 2001) and comply with the requirements of these Rules;

- (b) the balance sheet gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the licensed corporation or the associated entity, as the case may be, as at the end of the financial year;
- (c) the profit and loss account gives a true and fair view of the profit or loss of the licensed corporation or the associated entity, as the case may be, for the financial year;
- (d) each of the returns as referred to in section 3(1)(b) or (2)(b), as the case may be, is correctly compiled from the records of the licensed corporation or, if not correctly compiled, the nature and extent of the incorrectness;
- (e) during the financial year, the licensed corporation or the associated entity, as the case may be, had systems of control in

place that were adequate to ensure compliance with -

- (i) sections 3 to 6 of the Securities
 and Futures (Client Money) Rules
 (L.N. of 2001); and
- (ii) sections 4 to 9 of the Securities
 and Futures (Client Securities)
 Rules (L.N. of 2001);
- (f) during the financial year, the licensed corporation or the associated entity, as the case may be, has complied with -
 - (i) sections [x to y] of the
 Securities and Futures (Keeping
 of Records) Rules (L.N. of
 2001);
 - (ii) sections 3 to 6 of the Securities
 and Futures (Client Money) Rules
 (L.N. of 2001); and

- (iii) sections 4 to 9 of the Securities and Futures (Client Securities)

 Rules (L.N. of 2001); and
- (g) there has been any contravention of the

 Securities and Futures (Financial

 Resources) Rules (L.N. of 2001) by the

 licensed corporation during the financial

 year.
- (2) A licensed corporation or an associated entity of a licensed corporation, as the case may be, may submit 2 separate auditor's reports in respect of a financial year, one containing a statement by the auditor concerning the matters referred to in subsection (1)(a) to (c) and the other containing a statement by the auditor concerning the matters referred to in subsection (1)(d) to (g).

Chairman,
Securities and Futures
Commission

Explanatory Note

These Rules are made by the Securities and Futures Commission under section 384(1) of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (of 2001). They prescribe for the purposes of section 152(1)(a) and (2)(a) of the Ordinance the financial statements and other documents that licensed corporations and their associated entities must prepare. They also prescribe the matters upon which an auditor must make a statement in his report under section 152(1)(b) and (2)(b) of the Ordinance on the accounts of the licensed corporation or the associated entity he is auditing.

Personal Information Collection Statement

1. This Personal Information Collection Statement ("PICS") is made in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data. The PICS sets out the purposes for which your Personal Data⁴ will be used following collection by the Securities and Futures Commission ("SFC"), what you are agreeing to with respect to the SFC's use of your Personal Data and your rights under the PDPO.

Purpose of Collection

- 2. The Personal Data provided in your submission to the SFC in response to the Consultation Document on the Draft Securities and Futures (Accounts and Audit) Rules ("the Consultation Document") may be used by the SFC for one or more of the following purposes:
 - to administer the relevant Ordinances, rules, regulations, codes and guidelines made or promulgated pursuant to the powers vested in the SFC
 - for the purposes of performing the SFC's statutory functions under the relevant Ordinances
 - for research and statistical purposes
 - other purposes permitted by law

Transfer of Personal Data

3. Personal Data may be disclosed by the SFC to the members of the public in Hong Kong and elsewhere, as part of the public consultation on the Consultation Document. The names of persons who submit comments on the Consultation Document together with the whole or part of their submission may be disclosed to members of the public. This will be done by publishing this information on the SFC web site and in documents to be published by the SFC throughout and at the conclusion of the consultation period.

⁴ Personal Data means personal data as defined in the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance, Cap 486 ("PDPO")

Access to Data

4. You have the right to request access to and correction of your Personal Data in accordance with the provisions of the PDPO. Your right of access includes the right to obtain a copy of your Personal Data provided in your submission on the Consultation Document. The SFC has the right to charge a reasonable fee for processing any data access request.

Enquiries

5. Any enquiries regarding the Personal Data provided in your submission on the Consultation Document, or requests for access to Personal Data or correction of Personal Data, should be addressed in writing to:

The Data Privacy Officer, The Securities and Futures Commission 12/F, Edinburgh Tower, The Landmark 15 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

A copy of the Privacy Policy Statement adopted by the SFC is available upon request.



SECURITIES AND FUTURES COMMISSION 證券及期貨事務監察委員會

Consultation Conclusions on the Draft Securities and Futures (Accounts and Audit) Rules

《證券及期貨(帳目及審計)規則》 草擬本的諮詢總結

Hong Kong June 2002

香港 2002年6月

INTRODUCTION

- 1. On 21 December 2001, the Securities and Futures Commission (the "Commission") released a Consultation Document (the "Consultation Document") on the draft Securities and Futures (Accounts and Audit) Rules (the "Rules").
- 2. The Consultation Document contained details of the prescribed contents of the annual accounts as well as audit requirements and the general scope of audit opinions.
- 3. The consultation period lasted until 31 January 2002.
- 4. A summary of comments received on the draft Rules ("Summary of Comments") is attached as Attachment 1.
- 5. Taking into account the submissions received and following discussions with commentators, a few revisions to the Rules were considered appropriate.
- 6. These revisions have been adopted by the Commission and effected in the revised Rules, which are attached as Attachment 2 ("Revised Rules").
- 7. The purpose of this report is to provide interested persons with an analysis of the main comments raised during the consultation process and the rationale for the Commission's conclusions. This report should be read in conjunction with the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "Ordinance"), the Consultation Document, the Revised Rules, and the Summary of Comments.

PUBLIC CONSULTATION

A. Background

- 8. The Rules prescribe the contents of the annual accounts and the auditor's report of such accounts to be submitted by licensed corporations and associated entities to the Commission.
- 9. The primary changes implemented by the Rules from the existing requirements are:
 - expanding the scope of application to all licensed corporations and associated entities;
 - requiring that selected returns prescribed in the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules, as at the end of the financial period, are to be audited and submitted to the Commission;
 - where applicable, requiring the auditor to confirm adequacy of systems of control of a licensed corporation or associated entity to ensure compliance with the Securities and futures (Client Money) Rules and the Securities and Futures (Client Securities) Rules; and

• requiring information about the business and risk management of licensed corporations and associated entities by means of a questionnaire.

B. Consultation Process

- 10. In addition to the public announcement inviting comments, the Consultation Document was distributed to all registered persons and various professional bodies. The Consultation Document was also published on the website of the Commission.
- 11. Sessions were held with industry participants and their legal advisers during and after the consultation period to discuss their comments.
- 9 submissions were received from the legal, accounting and market industries including international brokerage firms, industry representative bodies, professional associations (including the Hong Kong Society of Accountants and the Law Society of Hong Kong). One of the submissions consisted of a survey of its members conducted by the Hong Kong Securities Institute.
- 13. The overall tone of the comments was positive. Commentators generally recognized the need for annual audited accounts. Comments primarily focused on the uncertainty of cost implications of particular new requirements and the need to develop internal control guidance or benchmarks.

CONSULTATION CONCLUSIONS

Auditor's Opinion Regarding Contravention of the FRR

- 14. The Rules require that the auditor also express an opinion as to whether there has been any breach of the FRR by the licensed corporation during the financial year (clause 4(1)(g)).
- 15. The Hong Kong Society of Accountants indicated their concern about this requirement, arguing that it expanded unduly the previous requirements with respect to an audit opinion on compliance with the FRR. In their view, it would be more appropriate only to require the auditors to state whether there "appears to the auditor" to have been a contravention of the FRR and not whether there actually has been any such breach.
- 16. It was not the policy intent to significantly expand the scope of the audit in this manner. Accordingly, we have revised clause 4(1)(g) to bring the requirement in line with existing standard.

Rules and Forms Specified in the draft Rules

17. Several commentators expressed concern that the annual account filings required under the Rules must also contain confirmation of compliance with

requirements of various other rules that are not in final form or not available at the time of consultation. These rules include the Securities and Futures (Client Money) Rules (the "Client Money Rules"), the Securities and Futures (Client Securities) Rules (the "Client Securities Rules"), the Securities and Futures ((Financial Resources) Rules (the "FRR"), and the Securities and Futures (Keeping of Records) Rules and proforma financial statements and questionnaires. The commentators indicated that it is difficult for them to fully assess the impact of these requirements for purposes of these draft Rules.

18. As our primary objective of the consultation is to seek views and comments on the general accounting and auditing requirements for licensed corporations, associated entities and their auditors, we consider commentators would still be able to comment usefully on the general principles reflected in the Rules without certain reference documents. In any event, all the relevant rules have been released for consultation so there should be a general understanding of the sort of requirements we have in mind. In respect of the reporting requirements which are more detailed in nature, such as proforma financial statements and questionnaires, it is more appropriate not to cover these in this consultation. In fact, we have been closely working with the industry participants and professional bodies to finalize these documents.

Internal Control Guidelines are Needed

- 19. The Rules require that an auditor of a licensed corporation or an associated entity must express an opinion annually on whether a licensed corporation or an associated entity of an intermediary had control systems in place that adequately ensure compliance with the customer protection requirements of the Client Money Rules and the Client Securities Rules (clause 4(1)(e)).
- 20. Both market participants and the accounting professionals asked for more detailed guidance to aid in establishing an acceptable internal control system. Generally, we agree that guidelines are necessary and will work with market participants and professional bodies to develop applicable guidance primarily based on the existing guidelines, "Management, Supervision and Internal Control Guidelines for Persons Registered with or Licensed by the Securities and Futures Commission" issued in 1997.

Duplication of Auditor's Opinion and Licensed Corporation's Confirmation on Internal Control System

- 21. Some commentators also viewed the clause 4(1)(e) requirement for an auditor's opinion as to the adequacy of the internal control system as duplicative of the similar confirmation required by the licensed corporations and associated entities under clause 3(1)(c) and (3)(2)(c) of the Rules.
- 22. The annual confirmation by licensed corporations or associated entities was intended to ensure that they have established and are satisfied with their internal controls for client money and securities. However, on reflection, such confirmation may be taken into consideration in the context of the auditor's opinion. Requiring an auditor's opinion is to obtain independent assessment of

the internal control system. Therefore, in order to streamline the proposed regulatory reporting requirements, we have removed the annual confirmation requirement for licensed corporations and associated entities in the revised Rules and placed reliance on the auditor's opinion alone.

Application of the Rules

One commentator would like to clarify that the Rules will be applicable to an associated entity of a registered institution as defined in the Ordinance. In fact, the Rules are intended to cover an associated entity of a registered institution and we have addressed this requirement in the revised Rules.

Costs Associated with Auditor's Opinions

- 24. A few commentators were concerned with the possible cost implications of requiring auditors to express opinions on selected returns as at the end of the financial year, as well as the adequacy of internal control systems.
- 25. With respect to the additional work that will be required of auditors under these Rules, we believe that the additional related costs will be minimal and nevertheless justified on grounds of better protection for investors and given that much of what is required of the auditors is already required under current rules and their professional pronouncements.
- 26. Under section 4 of the Securities (Accounts and Audit) Rules, an auditor is required to opine on whether the computation of liquid capital (as at the end of the financial year) is correctly compiled from the books and records of the securities dealer. Similar requirements exist in the Commodities (Accounts and Audit) Rules and the Leveraged Foreign Exchange Trading (Accounts and Audit) Rules.
- 27. In addition to the statutory requirements, the Industry Auditing Guideline 3.404 "The Audit of The Accounts of Dealers in Securities" issued by the Hong Kong Society of Accountants in 1986 also states that it is of great importance for the auditors to review the system of accounting and internal control of a securities dealer in order to report on the books and records kept by the dealer.

Matters Reportable by Auditors

28. We have added a new clause 5 to the Revised Rules which prescribes certain sections of the Securities and Futures (Client Money) Rules, the Securities and Futures (Client Securities) Rules and the Securities and Futures (Keeping of Records) Rules as requirements for the purposes of the definition of "prescribed requirement" in section 157(3) of the SFO. Such prescribed requirements then become matters in respect of which an auditor must report to the SFC non-compliance by a licensed corporation or associated entity he is auditing. This is similar to section 89 of the Securities Ordinance under which auditors are required to report to the Commission upon discovery of evidence

of contraventions of the equivalent of these prescribed requirements in current law.

Technical Change

29. We have updated all references in the Rules to clauses in the Securities and Futures Bill to the appropriate sections under the Ordinance. These changes have no substantive effect on the revised Rules.

EFFECTIVE DATE AND TRANSITIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

30. It is intended that the Securities and Futures (Accounts and Audit) Rules will become effective on the day appointed for the commencement of Part VI of the Ordinance.

Summary of comments received on Draft Securities and Futures (Accounts and Audit) Rules

	Section referen	Details of the Rules	Respondent's Comments	SFC's Response
1.	ce	General comments	[HKSbA, LSHK, Linklaters] The absence of the various rules and documents creates difficulty in commenting on the draft Rules in any event, whether the draft Rules impose undue compliance burdens on licensed corporations and their associated entities, whether such persons will be able to obtain confirmations from their auditors in the form required by the draft Rules, and the likely cost increases involved. The other commentator also commented that they were not in the position to comment the draft Rules as the following documents were not available:- 3(1)(b) Section 35(1), Financial Resources Rules 3(1)(b)(v) Format and source of data for the analysis 3(1)(c)(i) Section 3 to 6, Client Money Rules Section 4 to 9, Client Securities Rules 3(1)(d) Format and content of questionnaire 4(1)(f)(i) Keeping of Records Rules 4(1)(g) Financial Resources Rules	Our primary objective of the consultation is to seek views and comments on the general accounting and auditing requirements for licensed corporations, associated entities and their auditors. Therefore, we consider commentators would still be able to usefully comment on the general principles reflected in the draft Rules without certain reference documents. All the relevant Rules have been released for consultation so there should be a general understanding of the sort of requirements we have in mind. In addition, we also explained in the consultation document that proforma financial statements and questionnaires were not included in the consultation document as they tend to be detailed in nature. However, we will consult with the industry group and the HKSA before finalizing these documents.
2.	2	Interpretation Meaning of associated entity	[HKSA] The New Policy Initiatives are set out in paragraph 11 of the Introduction of the Consultation Document. However, the	with the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the

Note: Please refer to the derivation table at the end of this document for cross references to the section numbers under the Securities and Futures Ordinance as gazetted on 28 March 2002.

	Section referen	Details of the Rules	Respondent's Comments	SFC's Response
	ce		commentator asked for clarification in the "Foreword" or "Introduction" of the proposed Rules that they are not applicable to an associated entity, which is an authorized financial institution by virtue of the provision in Section 156(7) of the Securities and Futures Ordinance.	156(7) of the Ordinance specifically excludes authorized financial institutions from the definition of associated entity for the purposes of section 156. Since the Rules are subordinate to the Ordinance it is not necessary to state this again.
3.	Sectio n 156 of the Ordina nce		[LSHK] Although Section 156 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "Ordinance") would enable the SFC to prescribe relevant requirements in relation to the annual audited financial statements and other documents to be submitted by associated entities of registered institutions, the draft Rules do not extend to such associated entities.	The draft Rules are also intended to cover an associated entity of a registered institution. In order to clearly address this requirement, we have made relevant changes to the draft Rules accordingly.
4.	3(1)(b) , (2)(b) and 4(1)(d)	Reporting requirements Each licensed corporation is required to prepare the returns as specified in the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules in respect of the end of financial year or the financial year in which it ceases carrying in all of the regulated activities. In addition, auditor of a licensed corporation is also required to express opinion on whether the returns specified in Section 3(1)(b) or Section 3(2)(b) are correctly	[HKSbA, HKSI] Additional cost would be incurred as extra work will have to be performed by an auditor to express an opinion on the monthly financial returns. This creates a heavy cost burden on the licensed corporations. If auditors are required to review the financial returns as part of the annual audit, it is obvious that such review would not serve any purpose as the SFC already has a checking mechanism in place and that the use of auditors would add unnecessary costs and a further layer of complexity to the submission process.	We would like to clarify that the draft Rules only require a licensed corporation to submit specified returns at the end of the financial year. In addition, the existing Securities (Accounts and Audit) Rules already require a dealer to include specified returns in the audited financial statements.

	Section referen ce	Details of the Rules	Respondent's Comments	SFC's Response
		compiled from the records of the licensed corporation.		
5.	3(1)(c) , (2)(c) [(2)(c) deleted now], (3)(c) and (4)(c) [(4)(c) deleted now]	Reporting on adequacy of internal controls The licensed corporation or associated entity must prepare a document in the applicable form confirming that during the financial year, it has adequate systems of control in place to ensure compliance with specified sections of the Securities and Futures (Client Money) Rules and the Securities and Futures (Client Securities) Rules (Section 3(1)(c), (2)(c), (3)(c) and (4)(c)) and to require the auditor to assess such adequacy (Section 4(1)(e)).	[Name of respondent withheld upon request] One commentator generally supported the proposed requirements for certifications that adequate control systems have been put in place. However, the commentator also asked that either the Rules should clearly spell out or SFC should issue separate guidelines to specify the grounds, standards or criteria the SFC expects adequacy of control systems to be assessed by licensed corporations, associated entities or auditors.	The SFC will issue further guidance on internal control to ensure compliance with the Securities and Futures (Client Money) Rules ("Client Money Rules") and the Securities and Futures (Client Securities) Rules ("Client Securities Rules") largely based on the Management, Supervision and Internal Control Guidelines for Persons Registered with or Licensed by the SFC. In fact, a working group has been formed with the HKSA to co-ordinate the development of such guidance.
6.			[HKSA] In order to facilitate the licensed corporation or the associated entity to prepare the document on internal controls pursuant to Section 3(1)(c), 3(2)(c) or 3(3)(c) of the proposed Rules, and also to facilitate the auditors' reporting thereon pursuant to Section 4(1)(e) of the proposed Rules, the SFC should establish an industry benchmark on the minimum internal controls that are required to be maintained by the licensed corporation or its	Please refer to our response to item 5.

	Section referen ce	Details of the Rules	Respondent's Comments	SFC's Response
			associated entity. The proposed industry benchmark should be established after consulting the market well in advance of the implementation the proposed Rules so that both the licensed corporation and its associated entity and the auditors are informed of the requirements.	
7.			[LSHK, Linklaters] Sections 3(1)(c), (2)(c), (3)(c) and (4)(c) of the draft Rules do not appear to accommodate the situation where the licensed corporation or associated entity concerned cannot confirm that it had systems of control in place that were adequate to ensure compliance.	We do not agree that the licensed corporation or associated entity could not confirm adequacy of internal control for client assets as under paragraph 4.3 of the Code of Conduct, registered persons are expected to have internal control procedures which can be reasonably expected to protect their operations and their clients from financial loss arising from theft, fraud, and other dishonest acts, professional misconduct or omissions. In Section 4(1)(e) of the Rules, the auditor is required to opine as to whether or not systems of control were in place. If the opinion is that they were not then we would draw the appropriate conclusions about the fitness and properness of the licensed corporation involved.
8.			[HKSI] The draft Rules may not be suitable to those small to medium size licensed corporations due to small number of staff. The segregation of duties is not apparent.	Please refer to our response to item 7.

	Section referen	Details of the Rules	Respondent's Comments	SFC's Response
9.	ce		[LSHK, Linklaters] There is a substantial element of duplication between the confirmations required from the licensed corporation or associated entity, and the opinions required from the auditor as prescribed in Section 4(1)(e) and (f) of the draft Rules.	In order to streamline the regulatory reporting requirements, the confirmation requirement by the licensed corporation or the associated entity has been removed from the revised draft Rules. Instead, reliance will placed on the auditor's opinion alone.
10.			[ISDL, HKSbA] The potential scope of the additional requirement for auditors to report on the adequacy of systems of control ensuring compliance of Securities and Futures (Client Money) Rules and Securities and Futures (Client Securities) Rules may result in correspondingly large fee charge. In view of the difficult time currently experienced by most of the registrants, this increase in expenditure is most unwelcome. The commentator urged the SFC and the HKSA to set out appropriate guidelines in limiting the scope of audit.	The Industry Auditing Guideline 3.404 "The Audit of The Accounts of Dealers in Securities" issued by the HKSA in 1986 recognised that it is of great importance for the auditors to review the system of accounting and internal controls of a securities dealer in order to report on whether proper books and records have been maintained by the dealer. Therefore, we do not expect that the proposed requirements will significantly increase the scope of the audit. In addition, we have also considered the possible cost implication that may be incurred by a licensed corporation or associated entity. The draft Rules accordingly only require auditors to give an opinion on internal controls in respect of two specific rules (namely the Client Money Rules and the Client Securities Rules).
11.			[HKSI] It should be clarified that for purposes of Section 11(c) of the Consultation Document,	It is not our intention to require an auditor of a licensed corporation to confirm the adequacy

	Section referen	Details of the Rules	Respondent's Comments	SFC's Response
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			the requirement does not apply to those investment advisors whose advisory activities do not involve handling "client money" and "client securities". Otherwise, the auditors may carry out excessive or unrelated assessments on the company's internal control systems, which may complicate the reporting to the SFC.	of internal controls to ensure compliance with the Client Money Rules and the Client Securities Rules even when the licensed corporation does not hold any client assets. We have clarified this issue in the revised draft Rules by adding "where applicable".
12.			[HKSI] The SFC should clarify whether client assets held by a licensed corporation which relates to its other business (say insurance premium from clients) should be covered by the draft Rules.	It has been clarified in the Client Money Rules and the Client Securities Rules that they only apply to assets received or held in the course of the conduct of regulated activity. Since the Accounts and Audit Rules cross-refer to these Rules their scope of application is similarly limited.
13.	3(1)(d) [3(1)(d)) replace d by 3(1)(c) now]a nd 3(3)(d) [3(3)(d)) replace d by 3(3)(c)	Business and Risk Management Questionnaire Sections 3(1)(d) For the purposes of Section 156(1)(a) of the Ordinance, a licensed corporation must prepare, in respect of each financial year, a business and risk management questionnaire in the applicable form. Section 3(3)(d)	[LSHK, Linklaters] There seems to be considerable scope for overlap between the information required to be provided under the business and risk management questionnaire and the confirmations and opinions required to be provided by licensed corporations, associated entities and auditors under the Rules.	In order for the SFC to better understand the overall business activity of the licensed corporation and the associated entity, the business and risk management questionnaire will ask for more detailed information in relation to their business activity, risk management and internal control. As set out in item 9 above, the confirmation made by the licensed corporation or the associated entity regarding adequacy of internal controls for client money and client securities has been removed from the draft Rules.

	Section referen	Details of the Rules	Respondent's Comments	SFC's Response
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	now]	For the purposes of Section 156(1)(a) of the Ordinance, an associated entity of a licensed corporation must prepare, in respect of each financial year, a business and risk management questionnaire in the applicable form.		
14.	4(1)(e)	Auditors' reporting requirements for adequacy of internal controls An auditor's report under Section 156 (1)(b) or (2)(b) of the Ordinance must contain a statement by the auditor as to whether in the auditor's opinion during the financial year, the licensed corporation or the associated entity, as the case may be, had systems of control in place that were adequate to ensure compliance with (i) Sections 4 to 8 of the Securities and Futures (Client Money) Rules; and (ii) Sections 5 to 10 of the Securities and Futures (Client Securities) Rules.	[LSHK, Linklaters] Concern was expressed that the opinions required under Section 4(1)(e) and (f) also may result in potential overlap.	Section 4(1)(f) requires auditors specifically to report on actual compliance while Section 4(1)(e) primarily focuses on the adequacy of internal controls. Therefore, we do not consider there is any duplication.
15.	4(1)(f)	Auditors' reporting requirements for statutory compliance	[LSHK, Linklaters] The draft Rules requirement that the auditor opine on compliance with the	We do not regard this is a new requirement for an auditor to express opinion on keeping of

	Section	Details of the Rules	Respondent's Comments	SFC's Response
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	се	An auditor's report under Section 156 (1)(b) or (2)(b) of the Ordinance must contain a statement by the auditor as to whether in the auditor's opinion during the financial year, the licensed corporation or the associated entity, as the case may be, has complied with: (i) Sections 3 to 8 of the Securities and Futures (Keeping of Records) Rules; (ii) Sections 4 to 8 of the Securities and Futures (Client Money) Rules (iii) Sections 5 to 10 of the Securities and Futures (Client Securities) Rules	Securities and Futures (Keeping of Records) Rules may be problematic because identifying or discovering transactions which should have been included in the records but have not been may be extremely difficult. We expect that auditors will wish to make various assumptions in giving their opinion that may largely negate the value of this opinion to the SFC.	records and keeping of client's securities and client's money by a licensed corporation. Under Section 4 of the existing Securities (Accounts and Audit) Rules, an auditor is required to give an opinion as to whether the dealer has properly kept the records under sections 81 and 83 of the Securities Ordinance (including keeping of client's securities) and all trust accounts in accordance with section 84 of the Securities Ordinance. Similar requirements also apply under the Commodities Trading (Accounts and Audit) Rules and the Leveraged Foreign Exchange Trading (Accounts and Audit) Rules.
16.	4(1)(g)	Auditors' reporting requirements for compliance with the Financial Resources Rules An auditor's report under Section 156 (1)(b) or (2)(b) of the Ordinance must contain a statement by the auditor as to whether in the auditor's opinion: "there has been any contravention of	[HKSA] Under Section 4(c) of the current Securities (Accounts & Audit) Rules, the auditors are only required to include a statement in the auditors' report "whether there appears to the auditor to have been any contravention of the FRR by the dealer during the financial year" or "whether the auditors are aware of any instances during the year where the dealer has contravened the FRR". If Section 4(1)(g) of the draft Rules is intended to be a more onerous audit reporting requirement than that in Section	We have revised the draft Rules so that the auditor is only required to express whether in his opinion there "appears to have been any contravention" of the FRRs. This addresses the concerns of the commentator.

	Section referen	Details of the Rules	Respondent's Comments	SFC's Response
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		the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules ("FRR") by the licensed corporation during the financial year."	4(c) of the current Securities (Accounts & Audit) Rules, this will have the effect of requiring the auditors to extend the scope of their audit to actively search for any contravention of the FRR.	
17.	4(2)	Format of auditor's report A licensed corporation or an associated entity of a licensed corporation, as the case may be, may submit 2 separate auditor's reports in respect of a financial year, one containing a statement by the auditor concerning the matters referred to in Subsection (1)(a) to (c) and the other containing a statement by the auditor concerning the matters referred to in Subsection (1)(d) to (g).	[HKSI] It is a matter of cost, as the existing rule is fair enough to monitor securities dealers and investment advisor.	After considering the comments from the industry participants and professional bodies, the draft Rules reflect a balance between relevant professional development and cost. We allow flexibility for two separate auditor's reports (entirely at the discretion of the licensed corporation or associated entity) to accommodate future professional development and for licensed corporations, associated entities and auditors to determine appropriate reporting arrangements.
18.			[HKSA] Auditors are required to prepare two auditors' reports to satisfy the reporting requirements under the draft Rules. Under the circumstance, it is considered that Section 4 of the draft Rules should not be drafted in the current form such that Subsection (1) prescribes the contents of a "composite" auditors' report while Subsection (2) prescribes that two separate auditors' reports are allowed to be submitted. Section 4 should have been drafted in such a way that it reflects the current	Please refer to our response to item 17.

Section	Details of the Rules	Respondent's Comments	SFC's Response
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		professional development, i.e. the preparation of	
		two separate auditors' report.	

List of Respondents

Date received	Respondent
23 January 2002	The Law Society of Hong Kong (LSHK)
25 January 2002	Hong Kong Bar Association (HKBA)
29 January 2002	Hong Kong Society of Accountants (HKSA)
30 January and 7 February 2002	Hong Kong Stockbrokers Association (HKSbA)
30 January 2002	Institute of Securities Dealers Limited (ISDL)
31 January 2002	Linklaters and Alliance (Linklaters) representing Goldman Sachs (Asia)
	L.L.C. and Morgan Stanley Dean Witter Asia Limited
31 January 2002	Hong Kong Securities Institute (HKSI)
31 January 2002	Hong Kong Association of Banks (HKAB)
1 February 2002	(commentator reserved anonymity)

Derivation Table

Clause/Schedule in the Securities and Futures Bill	Section/Schedule in the Securities and Futures Ordinance
152	156
152(7)	156(7)
384	397
Part 1 Schedule 1	Part 1 Schedule 1