COMMITTEE STAGE

Amendments to be moved by the Secretary for Housing, Planning and Lands

<u>Clause</u>	Amendment Proposed
1	(a) In the heading by deleting "and commencement".
	(b) By deleting subclause (2).
2	By deleting the definition "appointed day" and
	substituting -
	""commencement date" (生效日期) means the date
	on which this Ordinance is published in
	the Gazette;".
5	(a) In subclause (1)-
	(i) by deleting "appointed day" wherever
	it appears and substituting
	"commencement date";
	(ii) by deleting "之前已存" and
	substituting "的前一天屬存".

(b) By deleting subclause (2) and substituting - "(2) On and after the commencement date, a tenancy to which Part IV applies and which is in existence on the day before the commencement date, but in respect of which no notice or request has been given or made before the commencement date under section 119 or 119A of the principal Ordinance, may, subject to subsections (2A) and (2B), only be terminated by a transitional termination notice as provided for by section 5A.";

(c) By adding -

- "(2A) The requirement in subsection

 (2) for a transitional termination notice
 in respect of a tenancy, and any such
 notice that has been issued in respect of
 a tenancy, ceases to apply if, on or
 after the commencement date -
 - (a) the parties to the tenancy -
 - (i) agree to some other
 period for notice of
 termination; or
 - (ii) alter any other term
 of the tenancy;
 - (b) the tenancy is replaced by
 a new tenancy; or

- (c) there is a change of
 tenant that does not
 create a new tenancy.
- (2B) Subsection (2) is without prejudice to -
 - (a) section 5B(1) as to the
 making of an order for
 possession;
 - (b) any right of forfeiture
 conferred on a landlord;
 - (c) any right of surrender or
 early termination
 conferred on a tenant.
- date, a tenancy which would have terminated, but for the requirement in subsection (2) for a transitional termination notice, shall, until terminated by such a notice, but subject to section 5B, continue at the same rent and upon the same covenants, conditions and other terms of the original tenancy as are appropriate to a month to month tenancy.".
- (d) In subclause (3) -
 - (i) by deleting "appointed day" and
 substituting "commencement date";

- (ii) by deleting "that day" and substituting "that date".
- (e) In subclause (4)
 - by deleting "appointed day" and substituting "commencement date";
 - (ii) by deleting "that day" and substituting "that date".
- (f) In subclause (5)
 - by deleting "appointed day" where it (i) twice appears and substituting "commencement date";
 - (ii) by deleting "that day" and substituting "that date".
- (g) In subclause (6), by deleting "appointed day" and substituting "commencement date".

By adding immediately before Part 3 -New

Transitional termination notice "5A.

- (1) For the purpose of section 5(2), a "transitional termination notice" (過渡性終止通知 書) means a written notice of termination of a tenancy served on or after the commencement date in accordance with this section.
- (2) A transitional termination notice must be served -

- (a) by a landlord, not less than 12 months; or
- (b) by a tenant, not less than 1
 month,

before the day on which it is to take effect.

- (3) A transitional termination notice
 may be served at any time on or after the
 commencement date, but -
 - (a) in respect of a fixed term
 tenancy which was in existence
 on the day before the
 commencement date, may not be
 served earlier than the last
 day of the term;
 - (b) in respect of a periodic tenancy which was in existence on the day before the commencement date, may not be served earlier than the last day of the period of the tenancy current at the commencement date.
- (4) A transitional termination notice may be served in any of the ways specified in section 119Y(1) of the principal Ordinance and subsection (2) of that section applies to such service.

- (5) Where a transitional termination
 notice is served on a tenant, if -
 - (a) the notice is in both Chinese and English; and
 - (b) the notice is posted on 3 successive days upon the main door or entrance of the premises affected,

the notice shall take effect terminating also any sub-tenancies created out of the tenancy to which it relates.

- (6) A transitional termination notice duly served in respect of a tenancy in accordance with this section takes effect according to its terms, notwithstanding -
 - (a) a change of landlord that does
 not create a new tenancy;
 - (b) any express or implied
 provision in the tenancy
 regarding the giving of notice
 of termination (subject to
 section 5(2B)(c) as to early
 termination); or
 - (c) any other rule of law regarding the date on which a termination notice takes effect.

5B. Other transitional provisions

- as described in section 5(2C), the Tribunal may, on the application of the landlord, make an order for possession of the premises to which the tenancy relates, or any part of them, notwithstanding that a transitional termination notice in respect of the premises has not been served, or has been served but has not expired, if the Tribunal is satisfied that the premises are, or that that part of them is, reasonably required by the landlord for occupation as a residence for himself, his father, his mother or any son or daughter of his over the age of 18.
- (2) The Tribunal shall not make an order for possession under subsection (1) if -
 - (a) in the case of a tenancy, the tenant satisfies the Tribunal that, in all the circumstances of the case, it would manifestly not be just and equitable to make the order; or
 - (b) in the case of a sub-tenancy, the Tribunal is satisfied in all the circumstances of the case, including whether other

accommodation is available for the principal tenant or the sub-tenant, greater hardship would be caused by making the order than by refusing it.

- (3) If the Tribunal makes an order for possession under subsection (1) -
 - (a) the Tribunal must specify the name of the person for whose occupation it is satisfied the premises are, or the part of the premises is, required;
 - (b) subject to subsection (4), the
 landlord must not, for a period
 of 24 months after the date of
 the order, use, or allow the
 use of the premises, or the
 part of the premises, other
 than as a residence for the
 person specified under
 paragraph (a);
 - (c) subject to subsection (4), the landlord must not, for a period of 24 months after the date of the order -

- (ii) assign, transfer or
 part with possession
 of the premises or
 any part of them.
- (4) If the Tribunal makes an order for possession under subsection (1), the Tribunal may authorize the landlord to -
 - (a) let the premises or any part of
 them;
 - (b) assign, transfer or part with possession of the premises or any part of them; or
 - (c) use, or allow the use of, the
 premises, or any part of them,
 other than as a residence for
 the person specified under
 subsection (3)(a).
- (5) The Tribunal, when granting an authority under subsection (4) to let, must specify the terms, including the rent, on which the premises are, or the part of the premises is, to be let, and the rent must not be more than that payable by the tenant last in possession.
- (6) Without prejudice to subsection (8),
 a landlord who contravenes subsection (3)(b)

or (c) commits an offence and is liable on conviction on indictment -

- (a) to a fine of \$500,000;
- (b) in addition, on a second or subsequent conviction, to imprisonment for 12 months;
- (c) in any case, to forfeit a sum
 not exceeding the equivalent
 of -
 - (i) in the case of a
 contravention of
 subsection (3)(c)(i),
 2 years' rent
 calculated at the
 rate at which the
 premises were let
 without the authority
 of the Tribunal; or
 - (ii) in the case of a
 contravention of
 subsection
 (3)(c)(ii), the
 difference, at the
 date of the
 contravention,
 between the market
 value of the premises

with vacant

possession and the

market value of the

premises with the

former tenant in

possession.

(7) A court which sentences a landlord for an offence under subsection (6) may, in addition to imposing a penalty under that subsection, make an order under subsection (8) after hearing the former tenant and the landlord.

(8) If -

- (a) an application for a possession order by the landlord is made under subsection (1) and it is subsequently made to appear to the Tribunal that the application was successful by reason of the misrepresentation or concealment of material facts by the landlord; or
- (b) the landlord is shown to have
 acted in contravention of
 subsection (3)(b) or (c),

the Tribunal or, as the case may be, the court referred to in subsection (7) may order the

landlord to pay to the former tenant such sum as it thinks fit by way of compensation for damage or loss sustained by that tenant as a result of the application.

- (9) A letting, assignment, transfer or parting with possession of premises or part of them shall not be void, voidable or unenforceable by reason only of a contravention of subsection (3)(b) or (c).
- order for possession pursuant to subsection

 (1) shall be presumed, until the contrary is shown, to have knowledge of the making of the order, of the terms of the order, and of any consent given by the tenant or sub-tenant in connection with the delivery of vacant possession.
- (11) For the purpose of subsection (1) —
 "his father, his mother or any son or daughter of his" (其父親、母親、兒子或女兒) includes the father, mother, son or daughter of one or more landlords, holding the premises jointly or in common, with the other landlord or landlords so holding assenting to the application for an order for possession;

"landlord" (業主) includes one or more landlords, holding the premises jointly or in common, with the other landlord or landlords so holding assenting to the application for an order for possession.".

7 (a) In subclause (1) -

- (i) by deleting "appointed day" and
 substituting "commencement date";
- (ii) by deleting "that day" and
 substituting "that date".
- (b) In subclause (2)-
 - (i) by deleting "appointed day" wherever
 it appears and substituting
 "commencement date";
 - (ii) by deleting "之前已" and substituting "的前一天屬".
- (c) In subclause (3) -
 - (i) by deleting "appointed day" where it
 twice appears and substituting
 "commencement date";
 - (ii) by deleting "that day" and
 substituting "that date".
- (d) In subclause (4), by deleting "appointed day" and substituting "commencement date".

14 By deleting the clause.

Schedule, section 1

By adding -

"(11) The Tribunal shall have jurisdiction to make an order for possession -

- (a) upon the expiry of a
 transitional termination notice
 served pursuant to section 5(2)
 of the Landlord and Tenant
 (Consolidation) (Amendment)
 Ordinance 2004 (of 2004);
- (b) upon an application by a
 landlord for possession as
 provided by section [5B(2)] of
 that Ordinance;
- (c) upon the termination of a
 tenancy to which section [7(2)]
 of that Ordinance applies;
- (d) upon the termination by
 effluxion of time of a new
 tenancy entered into on or
 after the commencement of that
 Ordinance.".

Schedule

By adding immediately before section 4 -

"3A. Commencement of proceedings

Rule 68 of the Lands Tribunal Rules (Cap. 17 sub. leg. A) is amended by adding -

"(1A) Proceedings for an order for possession and other reliefs upon the termination of a tenancy by a transitional termination notice served pursuant to section 5A of the Landlord and Tenant (Consolidation)(Amendment) Ordinance 2004 (of 2004) shall be commenced by the applicant filing with the Registrar a notice of application substantially in accordance with Form 22A.

(1B) Proceedings for an order for possession and other reliefs under section 5B(1) of the Landlord and Tenant (Consolidation)(Amendment) Ordinance 2004 (of 2004) shall be commenced by the applicant filing with the Registrar a notice of application substantially in accordance with From 22B.".

3B. Notice of opposition

Rule 69 is amended -

(a) by renumbering it as rule
69(1);

- (b) in subrule (1) by repealing
 "The" and substituting "Subject
 to subrule (2), the";
- (c) by adding -
 - "(2) The period of 14
 days mentioned in subrule
 (1) is reduced to 7 days
 in the case of an
 application for an order
 for possession made on or
 after the commencement of
 the Landlord and Tenant
 (Consolidation)(Amendment)
 Ordinance 2004 (of
 2004) if the tenancy has
 been terminated by -
 - (a) notice of
 termination
 within the
 meaning of
 Part IV or
 Part V of
 the
 Landlord
 and Tenant
 (Consolida-

tion)

Ordinance

(Cap. 7);

(b) notice to

quit given

by the

landlord or

tenant;

- (c) surrender;
- (d) a transi-

tional

termination

notice

served

pursuant to

section 5A

of the

Landlord

and Tenant

(Consolida-

tion)

(Amendment)

Ordinance

2004 (of

2004); or

(e) effluxion

of time.".

3C. Schedule

The Schedule is amended by adding the following new Forms -

"IN THE LANDS TRIBUNAL OF THE HONG KONG SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION

FORM 22A

(r. 68(1A))

				NOTIC	E OF APPLICATION		
UNDER	THE	LANDLORD	AND	TENANT	(CONSOLIDATION) (AMENDMENT)	ORDINANCE	2004

	Pursuant to	section5	JA	
	No. LD	/		
Applicant's name:				ant)
Respondent's name:			*(Tenant/Landl	ord)
Address of premises:				
Duration of tenancy before service of Transitional Termination Notice:	From	to	Existing rent: \$/month	
Transitional Termination Notice:	Date of Service		Date of Expiry of Notice	
	Mode of Service			
termination notic suit premises and (1) Arrears of ren	ing been termine, the Applicant claims against t	nated upon the applies for the Respondent	ne expiry of a transpression for the following item(s	of the
	<u>-</u>			
Dated this	_ day of			
	(Signature of Applicant*) Full name of a representative	uthorized	orized representative of	

To:	1.	The	Registrar,	Lands	Tribunal.

2. The Respondent.

Applicant's address		
for service:		

- + If the Applicant is a company/incorporation, please affix the company seal and write down the full name of the signatory.
- * Delete whichever is inapplicable.

Note: If you intend to oppose this application, you must personally attend at the Lands Tribunal Registry within 7 days of the day of service of this notice or within the time as ordered by the Tribunal and file a Notice of Opposition (Form 7).

"IN THE LANDS TRIBUNAL OF THE HONG KONG SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION

FORM 22B (r. 68(1B))

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

UNDER THE LANDLORD AND TENANT (CONSOLIDATION) (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE 2004

	Pursuant to	o section <u>5B</u>	(1)	
	No. LD	/		
Applicant's name: & address:			*	(Landlord/Tenant)
Respondent's name:			*	(Tenant/Landlord)
Address of premises:				
Duration of tenancy:	From	to	Existing rer _\$/month	nt:
Transitional Termination Notice (i any):		ce 	Date of Expi of Notice	
	Mode of Servic	ce		
Nature and particula:	rs of Applicati	on:		
The Applicant appl the suit premises				on the ground that nt as a residence
[Names, ages and rel of the suit premises		ne Applicant of	person(s) fo	r whom occupation
And further claims as	_		_	em(s): to the
date of delivery				
(2) and others				
Dated this	day of			
	(Signature of Applicant*) Full name of representativ		orized repres	entative of

To:	1.	The	Registrar,	Lands	Tribunal.

2. The Respondent.

Applicant's address		
for service:		

- + If the Applicant is a company/incorporation, please affix the company seal and write down the full name of the signatory.
- * Delete whichever is inapplicable.

Note: If you intend to oppose this application, you must personally attend at the Lands Tribunal Registry within 7 days of the day of service of this notice or within the time as ordered by the Tribunal and file a Notice of Opposition (Form 7).

Schedule, section 4

By deleting "to the Lands Tribunal Rules (Cap. 17 sub. leg. A)".

Schedule

By adding the following new sections -

"Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited (Merger) Ordinance

29. Interests in land

Section 17(1)(a) of the Standard

Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited (Merger)

Ordinance 2004 (of 2004) is amended by

repealing ", 119E(2) or 119(H)(1)(a)".

Wing Lung Bank Ordinance

30. Interests in land

Section [] of the Wing Lung Bank
Ordinance 2004 (of 2004) is amended by
repealing [", 119E(2) or 119H(1)(a)]".