Legislative Council

Panel on Security and Panel on Administration of Justice and Legal Services

Summary of views expressed/suggestions made by organisations/individuals on the Administration's Proposals to implement Article 23 of the Basic Law prepared by the Legislative Council Secretariat

Part I - General Comments

	Organisation/	General comments
	Individual	
LC Paper		
Written s	submission	
1.	The Society of Publishers in Asia - further submission LC Paper No. CB(2) 932/02-03(01)	(a) Many of the proposals in the Consultation Document would stifle the free flow of information in Hong Kong;
	[First submission at LC Paper No. CB(2) 287/02-03(01) which has been included in the summary up to 15	(b) The Government should produce actual draft legislation and allow an additional three-month period for consultation; and
	January 2003 (LC Paper No. CB(2) 896/02-03(01))]	(c) It supported legislation under Article 23 to protect the sovereignty of China against armed subversion and external attack. It opposed expansion of that mandate to criminalise aspects of the legitimate exercise of freedoms of a civil society and a free press environment, which Hong Kong currently enjoyed and which had been guaranteed under the Basic Law.
2.	Mr Philip YUNG Tak-lam LC Paper No. CB(2) 973/02-03(01) LC Paper No. CB(2) 987/02-03(01)	(a) Offences of persons of foreign nationality should perhaps be dealt with under legislation other than that to implement Article 23 of the Basic Law (BL23).
3.	A member of the public LC Paper No. CB(2) 1010/02-03(01)	(a) The Government had a responsibility to enact laws on its own under BL23 to protect national security.

Part II - Views/suggestions on specific areas in the Consultation Document

	Organisation/ individual er No. of submission	
1.	The Society of Publishers in Asia - further submission LC Paper No. CB(2) 932/02-03(01) [First submission at LC Paper No. CB(2) 287/02-03(01) which has been included in the summary up to 15 January 2003 (LC Paper No. CB(2) 896/02-03(01))]	 (a) The proposed offence of possession of seditious materials was unreasonably broad. It was unreasonable to make it a crime for an individual, who had no intent to incite violence, merely to possess such information; and (b) The crime of sedition as outlined in the Consultation Document was flawed and unnecessary.

Organisation/ individual LC Paper No. of Written submission E. Theft of state secrets		
- I [(i J	The Society of Publishers in Asia - further submission LC Paper No. CB(2) 932/02-03(01) [First submission at LC Paper No. CB(2) 287/02-03(01) which has been included in the summary up to 15 January 2003 (LC Paper No. CB(2) 896/02-03(01))]	It urged the Government to incorporate the following safeguards in the draft legislation - (a) Protection of information should not depend simply on how the information was obtained, but rather on whether the content of that information would truly damage national security; (b) There should be a public interest defence; (c) Information already in the public domain, no matter how it was originally obtained, should not be included in the category of restricted information; (d) Information exposing unlawful or unconstitutional acts by public officials should not be included in the category of restricted information; and (e) The Government should consider establishing a balancing statutory right of access to information along the lines of a "freedom of information" law.

LCD	Organisation individual	
_	er No. of	
<u>Written</u>	submission	
F. Pro	Oscription of local organisations The Society of Publishers in Asia	(a) The provision went well beyond the requirements of BL23;
1.	- further submission LC Paper No. CB(2) 932/02-03(01) [First submission at LC Paper No.	(b) "Affiliation" should be defined to mean a very high degree of connection; and
	CB(2) 287/02-03(01) which has been included in the summary up to 15 January 2003 (LC Paper No. CB(2) 896/02-03(01))]	(c) The scope of the proposed definition for the term "connection" in paragraph 7.17 of the Consultation Document was too broad. The proposal of prohibiting the operation of an organisation that had a connection with a proscribed organisation should be deleted.

_	Organisation/ individual er No. of submission	
G. Em	nergency investigation powers	
1.	The Society of Publishers in Asia - further submission LC Paper No. CB(2) 932/02-03(01) [First submission at LC Paper No.	(a) The proposal of providing the Police with emergency entry, search and seizure powers should be deleted because it was unnecessary and could easily be abused; and
	CB(2) 287/02-03(01) which has been included in the summary up to 15 January 2003 (LC Paper No. CB(2) 896/02-03(01))]	(b) All acts infringing a person's basic rights, such as search and entry, should require approval by the court.

	nisation/ lividual Views/suggestions
H. Procedural and miscellaneous matters 1. The Society of Publishers in Asia - further submission LC Paper No. CB(2) 932/02-03(01 [First submission at LC Paper No. CB(2) 287/02-03(01) which has be included in the summary up to 15 January 2003 (LC Paper No. CB(2)	een

Council Business Division 2 <u>Legislative Council Secretariat</u> 28 February 2003