# 立法會 Legislative Council

LC Paper No. CB(1)743/05-06 (These minutes have been seen by the Administration)

Ref: CB1/BC/13/04

#### **Bills Committee on Financial Reporting Council Bill**

Minutes of the seventh meeting held on Tuesday, 20 December 2005, at 11:00 am in the Chamber of the Legislative Council Building

**Members present**: Hon TAM Heung-man (Chairman)

Hon Albert HO Chun-yan Hon SIN Chung-kai, JP

Dr Hon Philip WONG Yu-hong, GBS

Hon Emily LAU Wai-hing, JP

Hon Jeffrey LAM Kin-fung, SBS, JP

Hon Andrew LEUNG Kwan-yuen, SBS, JP

Hon Ronny TONG Ka-wah, SC

**Members absent**: Dr Hon LUI Ming-wah, SBS, JP

Hon Bernard CHAN, JP

Hon CHAN Kam-lam, SBS, JP

Public officers attending

: Mr Albert LAM

Deputy Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury

(Financial Services)

Mr Alan LO

Principal Assistant Secretary for Financial Services and the

Treasury (Financial Services)

Mr Jackie LIU

Assistant Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury

(Financial Services)

Mr Gordon JONES, JP Registrar of Companies

Mr Lawrence PENG Senior Assistant Law Draftsman Department of Justice

Miss Selina LAU Government Counsel Department of Justice

Clerk in attendance: Miss Salumi CHAN

Chief Council Secretary (1)5

**Staff in attendance**: Mr KAU Kin-wah

Assistant Legal Adviser 6

Ms Connie SZETO

Senior Council Secretary (1)4

## I. Confirmation of minutes of meeting

(LC Paper No. CB(1)547/05-06

Minutes of fifth meeting held on 17 November 2005)

The minutes of the fifth meeting held on 17 November 2005 were confirmed.

## II. Meeting with the Administration

(LC Paper No. CB(1)286/05-06(03)

Paper provided by the Administration on "Component Two — Audit Investigation Board"

LC Paper No. CB(1)548/05-06(01)

 "Follow-up to the sixth meeting on 6 December 2005" prepared by the Legislative Council Secretariat Action - 3 -

LC Paper No. CB(1)420/05-06(02) — Paper provided by the Administration on "Component Three — Financial Reporting Review Panel and Financial Reporting Review Committee"

LC Paper No. CB(1)166/05-06(03) — Paper provided by the Administration on "Summary of submissions and Administration's responses")

2. <u>The Bills Committee</u> deliberated (Index of proceedings attached at **Appendix**).

#### Follow-up actions to be taken by the Administration

- Admin 3. At the request of the Bills Committee, the Administration agreed to take the following actions:
  - (a) <u>Investigation reports of the Audit Investigation Board (AIB)</u>
    The Administration undertook to consider proposing a Committee Stage amendment (CSA) to clause 35(5) to carve out the admissibility of AIB's investigation reports in criminal proceedings as evidence of the facts stated in the reports (paragraph 22 of LC Paper No. CB(1)286/05-06(03)).
  - (b) <u>Financial Reporting Review Panel (FRRP)</u>

The Administration undertook to consider proposing a CSA to clause 39(1) to set out explicitly the backgrounds and disciplines that the Chief Executive (CE) should consider in the appointment of members of the FRRP (paragraph 3 of LC Paper No. CB(1)420/05-06(02)).

- (c) <u>Financial Reporting Review Committees (FRRC)</u>
  - Clause 40(1) provided that the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) might appoint a FRRC, and clause 41(1) provided that a FRRC was to consist of at least five members of the FRRP. Some members of the Bills Committee were concerned that the arrangements for the appointment of a FRRC and its members, and the details of operation of a FRRC, were not stipulated in the Bill. The Administration was requested to consider and respond to the views of members and/or the legal adviser to the Bills Committee that the Bill should set out clearly the following details:
    - (i) Arrangements for the appointment of a FRRC and its members by the FRC, and that such power of appointment was non-delegable;
    - (ii) Criteria for the FRC to select FRRP members to form a FRRC,

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such as no conflict of interests;

- (iii) Whether the appointment of a member of a FRRC could be revoked; if it could, the authority (the CE or the FRC) for revoking the appointment and the circumstances under which such power could be exercised;
- (iv) Operation of a FRRC in the event of removal or resignation of its member(s). For example, if one of the five members of a FRRC had been removed or had resigned during the enquiry stage, whether a new member would be appointed to the FRRC or a new FRRC would be formed to handle the same matter. In this connection, if a new member would be appointed to the FRRC to handle the same matter, the following concerns needed to be addressed:
  - The change in membership of the FRRC during the enquiry stage might be against the principle of natural justice, and might subject the legal status of the FRRC and the report it made to legal challenge; and
  - Whether the parties concerned would be informed of the change in membership of the FRRC;
- (v) Operation of a FRRC in the event that one of its members was found to have conflict of interests with the matter under enquiry. According to clause 52(5), it seemed that the member concerned should not be present during any deliberation of the FRRC, and should not take part in any decision of the FRRC, with respect to the matter. In the circumstance, it was not clear whether the FRRC with the participation of only four members would meet the requirement of clause 41(1) that a FRRC was to consist of at least five members of the FRRP, and whether a new member should be appointed to the FRRC or a new FRRC should be formed to handle the same matter;
- (vi) In connection with items (iv) and (v) above, it was necessary to set out clearly the quorum of a FRRC; and
- (vii) Instead of relying on section 51 of the Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance (Cap. 1), it should be set out clearly in the Bill that the powers of a FRRC should not be affected by any vacancy in its membership.

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#### (d) Jurisdiction of the FRRC

The Administration was requested to respond in writing whether "special notices" or "special reports" for the purpose of clarification, "managerial accounts", and "directors' reports" published by listed entities were covered by the definition of "relevant financial reports" set out in Part 1 of Schedule 1 to the Bill. If they were not covered by the definition, the Administration was requested to consider some members' view that as these documents might contain important financial information of listed entities, they should be subject to the jurisdiction of the FRRC.

## (e) Enquiry power of a FRRC

Clause 43 provided that the enquirer might require persons from the specified classes to produce any record or document, or any information or explanation, relevant to the non-compliance. Clause 45 further empowered the enquirer to apply to the court for an inquiry of any unreasonable refusal or failure to comply with the requirement under clause 43. The Administration was requested to consider and respond to members' views and suggestions, as follows:

- (i) In the event that the relevant records or documents did not belong to the persons concerned, or the persons concerned were forbidden to disclose the records or documents by statutory or contractual requirements, it would be difficult for them to comply with clause 43. There should be provisions in the Bill specifying how such situations were to be dealt with; and
- (ii) Clause 45 should set out the criteria for considering whether the refusal or failure of the persons concerned to comply with clause 43 was "unreasonable".

#### Date of next meeting

4. <u>The Chairman</u> reminded members that the next meeting would be held on Thursday, 12 January 2006, at 8:30 am.

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# III. Any other business

5. There being no other business, the meeting ended at 12:45 pm.

Council Business Division 1 <u>Legislative Council Secretariat</u> 19 January 2006

# Proceedings of the seventh meeting of the Bills Committee on Financial Reporting Council Bill on Tuesday, 20 December 2005, at 11:00 am in the Chamber of the Legislative Council Building

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s)	Action Required
000000-000012	Chairman	Confirmation of minutes of meeting (LC Paper No. CB(1)547/05-06)	Required
000013-000158	Chairman	Follow-up to the last meeting on 6 December 2005 (LC Paper No. CB(1)548/05-06(01))	
		The Administration's undertaking that it would endeavour to provide before the next meeting a written response to the issues raised at the last meeting	
000159-001759	Administration Ms Emily LAU Assistant Legal Adviser 6 (ALA6) Chairman	Part 1 (Clause 4 – "Relevant irregularity"), Part 3 (Composition of the Audit Investigation Board; scope of the investigation; investigation powers; referral of cases, etc., Schedule 4 to the Bill)	
		Post-investigation actions of the Audit Investigation Board (AIB) (Paragraphs 21 to 24 of LC Paper No. CB(1)286/05-06(03))	
		(a) Briefing by the Administration	
		(b) Member's enquiry about the details of the Administration's proposed	

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s)	Action Required
		Committee Stage amendment (CSA) to clause 35(5)	•
		(c) The Administration's advice that the CSA would carve out the admissibility of AIB's investigation reports in criminal proceedings as evidence of the facts stated in the reports (paragraph 22 of LC Paper No. CB(1)286/05-06(03))	The Administration to take action under paragraph 3(a) of the minutes
		(d) Member's view that in deciding whether or not AIB's investigation reports should be published, the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) should give priority to the third consideration set out in clause 35(4), i.e. whether or not the reports should be published in the interest of the investing public or in the public interest (clause 35(4)(c))	
		(e) The Administration's advice, as follows:	
		(i) It was the policy intent that the FRC should take into account the three considerations set out in clause 35(4)(a), (b) and (c) when deciding whether or not to publish an investigation report or any part thereof; and	

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s)	Action Required
		(ii) It was believed that the FRC would strike a proper balance of the three considerations in making the decision	<b>1</b>
		(f) ALA6's view that clause 35(4), as presently drafted, set out the three considerations to be taken into account by the FRC without giving priority to any of the three considerations	
001800-002149	Administration Chairman	Comparison of AIB's investigation powers with those vested in an Investigation Committee of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants under the Professional Accountants Ordinance (Paragraphs 25 and 26 of LC Paper No. CB(1)286/05-06(03))  Briefing by the Administration	
002150-002824	Chairman Administration Ms Emily LAU Mr Ronny TONG	Comments by deputations on post-investigation actions of the AIB and costs and expenses of investigation (Clauses 35, 36 and 37) (Items 4.26 to 4.29, 4.31, 6.1 to 6.7, and 4.32 to 4.35 of LC Paper No. CB(1)166/05-06(03))	
		(a) The Administration's briefing on its written response to items 4.32 to 4.35 of LC Paper No. CB(1)166/05-06(03)	

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s)	Action Required
		(b) Members' enquiries on the recovery of costs and expenses of investigations undertaken by the AIB	
		(c) The Administration's advice, as follows:	
		(i) Clause 37 provided that if, on a prosecution instituted as a result of an investigation under Part 3 of the Bill, the court or Magistrate might order the convicted person to pay to the FRC the sum the court or Magistrate considered appropriate for the costs and expenses in relation or incidental to the investigation reasonably incurred by the FRC;	
		(ii) If there was no case after an investigation or the person was not found to have committed an irregularity by the court or Magistrate on a prosecution, the FRC would not recover the investigation cost from any person; and	
		(iii) Given that the court or Magistrate would	

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s)	Action Required
		consider all relevant circumstances before ordering the payment, the proposed costs and expenses reclaim mechanism was appropriate	required
002825-005235	Chairman Administration Ms Emily LAU Mr Ronny TONG Mr Jeffrey LAM ALA6	Part 1 (Clause 5 – "Relevant non-compliance"), Part 4 (Composition of the Financial Reporting Review Panel and a Financial Reporting Review Committee; enquiry powers; voluntary and mandatory revision of relevant financial reports, etc., Schedules 1, 5 and 6 to the Bill	
		Organizational structure of the Financial Reporting Review Panel (FRRP) and a Financial Reporting Review Committee (FRRC) (Paragraphs 3 to 6 of LC Paper No. CB(1)420/05-06(02))	
		(a) Briefing by the Administration, as follows:	
		(i) Clause 39(1) provided that the Chief Executive (CE) should, in consultation with the FRC, appoint the FRRP of at least 20 persons;	
		(ii) The appointment of FRRP members would be given by notice published in the Gazette, and the notice would not be subsidiary	

Time marker	Speaker		Subject(s)	Action
				Required
		(iii)	legislation under the Ordinance;  There would be no overlap in membership of the FRC and the FRRP;	
		(iv)	The Administration would consider proposing a CSA to clause 39(1) to set out explicitly the backgrounds and disciplines that the CE should consider in the appointment of members of the FRRP (paragraph 3 of LC Paper No. CB(1)420/05-06(02)); and	The Administration to take action under paragraph 3(b) of the minutes
		(v)	Clause 40(1) provided that the FRC might appoint a FRRC for the purpose of enquiring into non-compliances of financial reports in relation to a listed entity, and clause 41(1) provided that a FRRC was to consist of at least five members of the FRRP	
		. /	abers' concerns and s, as follows:	
		(i)	The arrangements for the appointment of a	

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s)	Action
		FRRC and its members, and the details of operation of a FRRC were not stipulated in the Bill; and	Required
		(ii) Criteria for the FRC to select FRRP members to form a FRRC, such as no conflict of interests, should be set out in the Bill	
		(c) The Administration's advice, as follows:	
		(i) In selecting FRRP members to form a FRRC, the FRC would consider various criteria, such as the background of the members and whether they had conflict of interests with the matter under enquiry;	
		(ii) Given the provisions in clauses 40 and 41, and other provisions in the Bill, such as those in Schedule 2, it was not necessary to provide in the Bill the arrangements for the FRC to appoint a FRRC and its members and the details of operation of a FRRC; and	
		(iii) Clause 52 contained	

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s)	Action
		provision on avoidance of conflict of interests and was applicable to members of a FRRC	Required
		(d) A member's suggestion that there should be guidelines for FRRC members to avoid conflict of interests and a mechanism for members to declare relevant interests	
		(e) The Administration's advice, as follows:	
		(i) The provisions on appointment of members to committees to be established by the FRC and avoidance of conflict of interests were modelled on similar provisions governing other regulatory bodies, such as those under the Securities and Futures Ordinance; and	
		(ii) The Administration was not aware of any problems encountered by the regulatory bodies in the operation of the provisions referred to in item (e)(i) above	
		(f) ALA6's suggestion that the Bill should set out clearly that the power for the FRC to appoint a FRRC was	

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s)	Action
			Required
		non-delegable	
		(g) Request for the Administration to consider and respond to the views of members and/or ALA6 in items (b) and (f) above	to take action under paragraph 3(c)(i)
005236-011849	Mr Albert HO Administration Mr Ronny TONG	Revocation and resignation of members from a FRRC, and operation of a FRRC	
	ALA6 Ms Emily LAU Chairman	(a) Members' and ALA6's enquiries and concerns, as follows:	
		(i) Whether the appointment of a member of a FRRC could be revoked; if it could, the authority (the CE or the FRC) for revoking the appointment and the circumstances under which such power could be exercised;	
		(ii) Operation of a FRRC in the event of removal or resignation of its member(s). For example, if one of the five members of a FRRC had been removed or had resigned during the enquiry stage, whether a new member would be appointed to the FRRC or a new FRRC	

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s)	Action
			Required
		would be formed to handle the same matter.	
		If a new member would	
		be appointed to the	
		FRRC to handle the	
		same matter, the	
		following concerns	
		needed to be addressed:	
		• The change in	
		membership of the	
		FRRC during the	
		enquiry stage might	
		be against the	
		principle of natural justice, and might	
		subject the legal	
		status of the FRRC	
		and the report it	
		made to legal	
		challenge; and	
		• Whether the parties	
		concerned would be	
		informed of the	
		change in membership of the	
		FRRC	
		(b) The Administration's advice,	
		as follows:	
		(i) Section 2 of Schedule 5	
		to the Bill provided that	
		the CE might remove a	
		member of the FRRP;	
		(ii) Given that the FRC	
		might appoint a FRRC	
		under clause 40(1), it	
		had power to revoke the	
		appointment according	

Time marker	Speaker	Sub	Action	
				Required
		Interp Gener Ordin Section to the that the	ance (Cap. 1). on 3 of Schedule 6 Bill also provided he FRC might fill acancy occurred g the members of	
		the FI remove member when conflict with enquire new n	as envisaged that RC might consider ving an existing per from a FRRC the member had act of interests the matter under ry or appointing a member to a FRRC resignation of a per;	
		provide board common sin the board common sin sin sin sin sin sin sin sin sin si	on 51 of Cap. 1 ded that where any tribunal, ission, committee smilar body was ished by or under Ordinance, their is should not be ded by any vacancy the membership of, any defect in appointment or fication of a n purporting to be ember thereof, or minor irregularity is convening of any ing thereof; and	

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s)	Action Dogwined
Time marker	Speaker	(v) Given that a FRRC was tasked to enquire into non-compliances of financial reports of listed entities instead of conducting disciplinary or criminal proceedings, the principles of natural justice regarding the right to a fair hearing might not apply in full force as it would in relation to judicial acts  (c) Members' and ALA6's concerns, as follows:  (i) The Bill did not clearly provide how a FRRC would operate in the event that one of its members was found to have conflict of interests with the matter under enquiry. According to clause 52(5), it seemed that the member concerned should not be present during any deliberation	Action Required
		member concerned should not be present during any deliberation of the FRRC, and should not take part in any decision of the	
		FRRC, with respect to the matter. In this circumstances, it was not clear -  • whether the FRRC	

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s)	Action
			Required
		with the	
		participation of only	
		four members would	
		meet the	
		requirement of	
		clause 41(1) that a	
		FRRC was to	
		consist of at least	
		five members of the	
		FRRP; and	
		• whether a new	
		member should be	
		appointed to the	
		FRRC or a new	
		FRRC should be	
		formed to handle the	
		same matter;	
		(ii) In connection with	
		items (a)(ii) and (c)(i)	
		above, it was necessary	
		to set out clearly the	
		quorum of a FRRC; and	
		(iii) Instead of relying on	
		section 51 of Cap. 1, it	
		should be set out clearly	
		in the Bill that the	
		powers of a FRRC	
		should not be affected	
		by any vacancy in its	
		membership	701 A 1
		(d) Demost f	The Administration
		(d) Request for the	to take action under
		Administration to consider	paragraph 3(c)(iii)
		and respond to the views of members and/or ALA6 in	to (vii) of the minutes
			minutes
		items (a)(i), (ii) and (c)(i), (ii) and (iii) above	

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s)	Action Required
Time marker  011850-013627	Chairman Administration ALA6 Mr Ronny TONG Ms Emily LAU	Jurisdiction of the FRRC (Paragraphs 7 to 10 of LC Paper No. CB(1)420/05-06(02))  (a) Briefing by the Administration, as follows:  (i) Clause 9(c) provided that one of the functions of the FRC was to enquire into relevant non-compliances in relation to listed entities and the question whether or not there were any relevant non-compliances in relation to listed entities;  (ii) Clause 5 set out that there was a "relevant non-compliance" if a "relevant financial report" of the entity had not complied with a "relevant requirement";  (iii) Part 1 of Schedule 1 to the Bill set out the scope of "relevant financial reports", which included, namely, published accounts of a listed	
		financial reports", which included, namely, published	

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s)	Action
			Required
		published summary	
		financial report of a	
		listed corporation	
		referred to in	
		section 141CA of the	
		CO; any quarterly,	
		interim or annual	
		financial statements of a	
		listed entity for the	
		purposes of the relevant	
		code issued by the	
		Securities and Futures	
		Commission (SFC) or	
		Listing Rules; and a	
		"specified report"	
		required for a listing	
		document issued by or	
		on behalf of a listed	
		entity; and	
		(iv) The corresponding	
		"relevant requirement"	
		in relation to a "relevant	
		financial report" was set	
		out in Part 1 of	
		Schedule 1 to the Bill.	
		A "relevant	
		requirement" referred to	
		an accounting	
		requirement as to the	
		matters or information	
		to be included in a	
		"relevant financial	
		report" as provided in	
		the CO, the Hong Kong	
		Financial Reporting	
		Standards, the	
		International Financial	
		Reporting Standards,	
		the Listing Rules and	
		the relevant code	

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s)	Action
			Required
		published by the SFC, or any generally acceptable accounting principles allowed to be used under the Listing Rules	
		(b) ALA6's enquiry about examples of the relevant code issued by the SFC referred to in item (a)(iii) above, and the Administration's advice that the Code on Real Estate Investment Trusts issued by the SFC was an example	
		(c) Member's enquiry about why directors' reports were not included in the definition of "relevant financial report" (comments by deputations in item 5.5 of LC Paper No. CB(1)166/05-06(03))	
		(d) The Administration's advice that although directors' reports might form part of the annual or interim reports issued by listed entities, the disclosures in the directors' reports were statutorily not part of the companies' financial statements	
		(e) Members' view that given "special notices" or "special reports", "managerial accounts", and "directors' reports" published by listed entities might contain important financial	

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s)	Action
		information of listed entities, they should be covered by the definition of "relevant financial reports" and hence be subject to the jurisdiction of the FRRC	Required
		(f) Request for the Administration to clarify whether the documents mentioned in item (e) above were covered by the definition of "relevant financial reports" in Part 1 of Schedule 1 to the Bill. If they were not covered by the definition, the Administration was requested to consider members' view set out in item (e) above	The Administration to take action under paragraph 3(d) of the minutes
013628-014239	Chairman Administration Mr Ronny TONG Ms Emily LAU	Enquiry powers of a FRRC (Paragraphs 11 and 12 of LC Paper No. CB(1)420/05-06(02))  (a) Briefing by the Administration, as follows:  (i) Clause 43 provided that the enquirer might require persons from the specified classes to produce any record or document, or any information or explanation, relevant to the non-compliance; and	
		(ii) Clause 45 further empowered the enquirer	

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s) Action		
			Required	
		to apply to the court for an inquiry of any unreasonable refusal or failure to comply with the requirement under clause 43		
		(b) Members' views and suggestions, as follows:		
		(i) In the event that the relevant records or documents did not belong to the persons concerned, or the persons concerned were forbidden to disclose the records or documents by statutory or contractual requirements, it would be difficult for them to comply with clause 43;		
		(ii) There should be provisions in the Bill specifying how the situations referred in item (i) above were to be dealt with; and		
		(iii) Clause 45 should set out the criteria for considering whether the refusal or failure of the persons concerned to comply with clause 43 was "unreasonable"		
		(c) The Administration's advice, as follows:		

Time marker	Speaker			Subject(s)	Action Required
			(i)	Clause 40(1) provided that the FRC might initiate its enquiry powers or appoint a FRRC to enquire into a case if the threshold (i.e. it appeared to the FRC that there was or might be a question whether or not there was a relevant non-compliance in relation to a listed entity) was met;	
			(ii)	It was believed that the FRC or the FRRC would endeavour to seek cooperation from the parties concerned to comply with clause 43; and	
			(iii)	The court would consider all relevant circumstances and evidence before deciding whether the person's refusal or failure to comply with clause 43 was unreasonable	
		(d)	claus Adm and	nbers' concern about se 45 and request for the ninistration to consider respond to their views suggestions in item (b)	The Administration to take action under paragraph 3(e) of the minutes

Time marker	Speaker	Subject(s)	Action Required
014240-014330	Chairman	Date of next meeting	

Council Business Division 1 <u>Legislative Council Secretariat</u> 19 January 2006