Proposed Framework for the Establishment of a Policyholders' Protection Fund ("PPF") CB(1)2175/08-09(03) in Hong Kong

在香港設立保單持有人保障基金的建議綱領

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6.7.2009



Office of the Commissioner of Insurance The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region

Background

背景

- ◆ Task Force formed by the Hong Kong Federation of Insurers (HKFI) in April 2008

 香港保險業聯會(保聯)於2008年四月成立工作小組
- ◆ Close collaborations between HKFI and the Office of the Commissioner of Insurance 保險業監理處與保聯保持緊密合作
- ◆ Briefing for the Members in July 2008 於2008年7月向議員簡報

Major Benefits

主要好處

- ◆ Instil public confidence and maintain insurance market stability
 加強市民信心及維持保險市場的整體穩定
- ◆ Provide a safety net for policyholders 爲投保人提供一個安全網
- **◆ Uphold the status of Hong Kong as an international financial centre**

維持香港作爲國際金融中心的地位

Guiding Principles 指導原則

- 1. Reasonable balance between the level of levies and level of protection (i.e. affordability)

 徵費水平與保障範圍之間取得合理平衡(可負擔性)
- 2. Enhance market stability while minimizing moral hazard risks (i.e. reliability) 提高市場穩定性及減少道德風險(可依靠性)
- 3. Certainty of compensation and associated arrangements for levy collection (i.e. sustainability) 妥善賠償和收取徵費的相關安排(可持續性)

Key parameters

主要準則

♦ Benchmarking with similar compensation schemes operating in Canada, Japan, Singapore and the United Kingdom

參考在加拿大、日本、新加坡及英國運作的類似保障計劃

◆ Two separate sub-schemes catering for long term and general insurance policies

兩個分別爲長期保險保單和一般保險保單而設立的附屬計劃

- ◆Coverage 範圍
 - ➤ Exclude compulsory businesses covered by the Motor Insurers' Bureau of Hong Kong and the Employees Compensation Insurer Insolvency Bureau 不包括由香港汽車保險局及保險公司(僱員補償)無力償債管理局涵蓋的法定強制保險業務
 - Extend to all individual policyholders but in-depth discussions required on corporate policyholders 包括全部個人客户,至於公司保單持有人會否納入保障範圍則須深入探討。

- ◆Compensation limit 賠償限額
 - ▶ 100% for the first tranche of \$100,000 plus 80% for the remaining balance 首100,000元獲100%賠償,餘額則爲80%
 - ➤ Maximum compensation of \$1 million per policy 每張保單最高賠償總額爲100萬元

- ◆Mode of Funding 徴費模式
 - ▶Pre-funding 事前徴費
 - ▶Post-funding 事後徵費
 - ➤ Progressive funding 漸進式徵費

- ◆Levy 徴費
 - ➤ Base levy rate of 0.5% to 1% 基本徵費爲0.5%至1%
 - >Stepped-up levy rate of 2% to 3% upon occurrence of an insolvency
 - 一旦發生保險公司無力償債事件,徵費率會提 高至約2%至3%

- ◆Legislative backing 法例依據
 - ➤ to collect levy from in-force policies 向現有保單徵費
 - ➤ to ensure high transparency 確保高透明度
 - ➤ to enhance accountability 加強問責性

Way Forward 前瞻

- ◆ Actuarial consultancy study to determine target fund size and optimal levy rate 進行精算顧問研究,以決定保障基金的預定金金額及適當徵費率
- ◆ Proceed in parallel with ground work for law drafting 同步展開法例草擬工作
- ◆ Present final package of proposals within the next Legislative Council session. 於下個立法會會期內提交最後建議

