LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL PANEL ON DEVELOPMENT

Planning Study on Future Land Use at Anderson Road Quarry – Initial Land Use Options

PURPOSE

The purpose of this paper is to brief Members on the initial land use options that have been formulated under the Planning Study on Future Land Use at Anderson Road Quarry – Feasibility Study (the Study).

INTRODUCTION

2. Anderson Road Quarry (ARQ) has a total area of about 86 hectares. The quarry is still in operation. Upon cessation of the quarry operation and completion of the rehabilitation works by the middle of 2016, a platform of about 40 hectares will be formed and available for development. In January 2011, Planning Department (PlanD) commissioned the Study to examine the future land use and the potential of the quarry site (the Study Site) for residential and other uses. The recommendations of the Study will serve as a basis for revision of the relevant town plans to guide the future developments at the Study Site and for a subsequent engineering feasibility study to be conducted by the Civil Engineering and Development Department (CEDD). The Study is now undergoing a three-month Stage 1 Community Engagement to collect public views on the planning concepts and initial land use options formulated for the Study Site.

DETAILS

Study Area

3. The Study Site is located on the southwestern slopes of Tai Sheung Tok Hill in East Kowloon, and is close to the major population centres of Kwun Tong, Lam Tin and Sau Mau Ping (**Plan 1**). The Study Area includes the Study Site, the Development at Anderson Road (DAR) for public rental housing (PRH)¹ and some nearby residential areas in Sau Mau Ping, including Shun Chi Court, Shun Lee Estate, Shun On Estate, Shun Tin Estate, Sau Mau Ping Estate, Sau Mau Ping South Estate, Po Tat Estate, Ma Yau Tong Village, etc. (**Plan 1**).

Vision and Guiding Principles

4. The vision of the Study is to reshape the Study Site into a green and livable community that meets the territorial, district and local needs. The guiding principles are as follows -

(a) For the Territory

- to meet territorial housing demand;
- to explore economic and recreational opportunities;

(b) *For the district*

- to diversify local housing choice;
- to complement existing local and district community facilities;
- to respect transport and infrastructure constraints;
- to respond to the existing and planned built environment in the vicinity;

(c) For the Study Site

- to create a green, sustainable and pedestrian-friendly environment and community; and
- to take advantage of the distinct landform on the Study Site.

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The DAR is located in an area below Anderson Road. Site formation works and construction of the associated infrastructure for the project are in progress. It will provide about 20 hectares of land for public rental housing with a planned population of about 48,300 as well as associated Government, institution and community facilities and public open space.

Development Constraints and Opportunities

- 5. The Study Site is subject to the following major development constraints (**Plan 2**) -
 - (a) **road traffic** road improvement measures are required for any large-scale development at the Study Site;
 - (b) *sewerage* the existing and planned sewerage system in the area could only support a maximum population of about 30,000 at the Study Site;
 - (c) *protection of the ridgeline* in accordance with the Urban Design Guidelines in the Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines, the highest 20% of the Tai Sheung Tok ridgeline should be designated as "building free zone" so as to protect the ridgeline;
 - (d) *drainage* there are two underground flood storage tanks in the platform area and no building would be allowed on and above these two tanks; and
 - (e) **geology** there are some drop-cut areas² and fault zones in the platform area. Deeper foundation works incurring higher construction cost may be required for any high-rise development in these areas.
- 6. The Study Site provides the following major development opportunities (**Plan 3**) -
 - (a) **land supply** being located at the fringe of urban Kowloon, the 40-hectare platform within the Study Site gives good opportunity to provide housing land and to provide commercial and community facilities to meet the residents' needs and increase employment opportunities;
 - (b) *unique history* the ARQ has been in operation since 1956. Such unique history will be respected in the urban design for the Study Site;
 - (c) *vista* the Tai Sheung Tok Hill is one of the important ridgelines in East Kowloon which should be protected. There is a visual corridor between its summit and Jordan Valley. The unique

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Drop-cuts were 30m to 60m deep and were formed due to mining of rock during quarry operation. They were subsequently backfilled with compacted general fill materials to the planned levels.

- benches on the rock faces are good locations for enjoying the grand views of East Kowloon and the Victoria Harbour; and
- (d) *landform* the ARQ upon full rehabilitation will be a major landscape resource in urban Kowloon. In the planning and design of future developments, the existing landform of the Study Site could also be enhanced through greening so as to create a green and liveable community.

Initial Land Use Options

<u>Planned Population</u>

7. Based on various preliminary technical assessments undertaken, it is estimated that the Study Site could accommodate a maximum population of approximately 30,000, with the implementation of appropriate road improvement measures. If more land is to be reserved for non-domestic uses (such as commercial, Government, Institution or Community (GIC), recreational, leisure, open space, etc.), the domestic component will be reduced accordingly so as to release sufficient infrastructural capacities for the non-domestic uses. A target population ranging from 22,000 to 30,000 is therefore proposed for the Study Site.

Housing Mix

8. As the Sau Mau Ping area where the Study Site is located is mainly for subsidized housing (including public rental housing), and the adjacent development in DAR would be wholly for PRH, a private-to-subsidized housing ratio of 80:20 for the Study Site is proposed to improve the housing mix of the area.

Planning Concepts

- 9. Taking into account the considerations above, the basic components of the planning and design concepts for the future land uses of the Study Site are as follows -
 - (a) to accommodate residential developments mainly in the northwestern and southeastern parts of the Study Site;
 - (b) to provide sufficient GIC facilities to serve the new developments and to coordinate the provisions of such facilities with those planned for DAR;
 - (c) to accommodate low to medium-rise non-domestic uses in the

- central part of the Study Site to avoid expensive deep foundation works in the drop-cut areas and preserve the visual corridor between the Tai Sheung Tok summit and Jordan Valley;
- (d) to provide a green promenade along the southwestern edge of the Study Site for enjoyment by the local residents while providing a relief to mitigate the visual impacts of DAR on the Study Site;
- (e) to reflect the quarry history of the Study Site, to have some rock cavern developments at the rock faces in the northeastern part of the Study Site, and to make use of the unique benches on the rock faces for hiking and other recreational uses. The feasibility of connecting the proposed hiking trails to the Wilson Trail Stage 3 in Sai Kung will be examined; and
- (f) to enhance the accessibility of the Study Site, particularly the pedestrian connection to DAR.
- 10. Two initial land use options have been formulated by adopting different design concepts as below:

(a) Initial Option 1 (**Plan 4**)

- (i) a Quarry Park of more than 15 hectares with different recreational and sports facilities and a green promenade along the southwestern edge of the Study Site will be the key feature of the area. The Park will provide a good leisure destination for residents in Kwun Tong, Sai Kung or even the whole Territory during weekends and holidays;
- (ii) along the central axis of the Study Site and connected to the Quarry Park will be a leisure and entertainment centre with retail, dining and entertainment facilities. The area will be pedestrianised to avoid conflicts between the pedestrian and vehicular traffic;
- (iii) an elevated viewing deck with dining facilities will be constructed on the bench at the level of 250mPD to allow visitors to enjoy the spectacular view of East Kowloon and the Victoria Harbour; and
- (iv) part of the residential development in the northwestern portion of the Study Site will be limited to medium-rise buildings to complement the open setting of the Quarry Park.

(b) Initial Option 2 (Plan 5)

(i) the central part of the Study Site will be mainly used for

- community facilities and open space, and two sites will be reserved for commercial development. The open-air civic/event plaza at the centre will provide a gathering place for the local residents;
- (ii) the day-to-day shopping and community facilities will be incorporated within the residential developments for convenience of the local residents; and
- (iii) more land will be reserved for GIC facilities to meet the shortfalls in the district, apart from meeting the local needs;

Rock Cavern Development

11. Noting the history and landform of the Study Site, it is considered that part of this quarry site should have potential for rock cavern uses. As such, a rock face of no less than 300m frontage is reserved for future rock cavern developments. Based on the overseas experience, consideration may be given to using the rock caverns for wine cellar, restaurant, spa, local utility facilities, etc.

Vehicular and Pedestrian Connections

- 12. Two vehicular accesses to the Study Site are proposed (**Plan 6**). The primary access will be at the southeastern end to connect Po Lam Road while the secondary one will be in the southwest to connect DAR.
- 13. Based on the preliminary traffic assessment, apart from the traffic improvement measures proposed in the Study on DAR, the following junction and road improvement measures are considered necessary and will be further studied (**Plan 7**) -
 - (a) to add free flow lanes to the signal junctions at Tseung Kwan O Road/Lin Tak Road and New Clear Water Bay Road/Lung Cheung Road; and
 - (b) to widen part of the carriageway of New Clear Water Bay Road from three to four traffic lanes.
- 14. New pedestrian facilities are proposed to connect the Study Site and the Kwun Tong town centre downhill via the planned pedestrian connection facilities for DAR and the existing pedestrian network in the Sau Mau Ping area. The feasibility of including lifts and/or escalators will be explored at the next stage of the Study.

STAGE 1 COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

- 15. The community engagement for the Study will be conducted in two stages. Stage 1 is in progress to collect public views on the planning concepts and initial land use options formulated for the Study Site. The views collected will provide important inputs to the formulation of the preferred option at the next stage of the Study. Roving exhibitions are being staged at different venues in Kwun Tong and Tseung Kwan O. All relevant information on the Study and the community engagement activities is now available at PlanD's website at http://www.pland.gov.hk.
- 16. Briefing sessions to relevant organizations and bodies (including Kwun Tong and Sai Kung District Councils, Area Committees, Town Planning Board, relevant professional institutes) have been/will be held. A public forum is scheduled for 20 November 2011.
- 17. The Stage 1 Community Engagement Digest is at the **Annex** for Members' information.

ADVICE SOUGHT

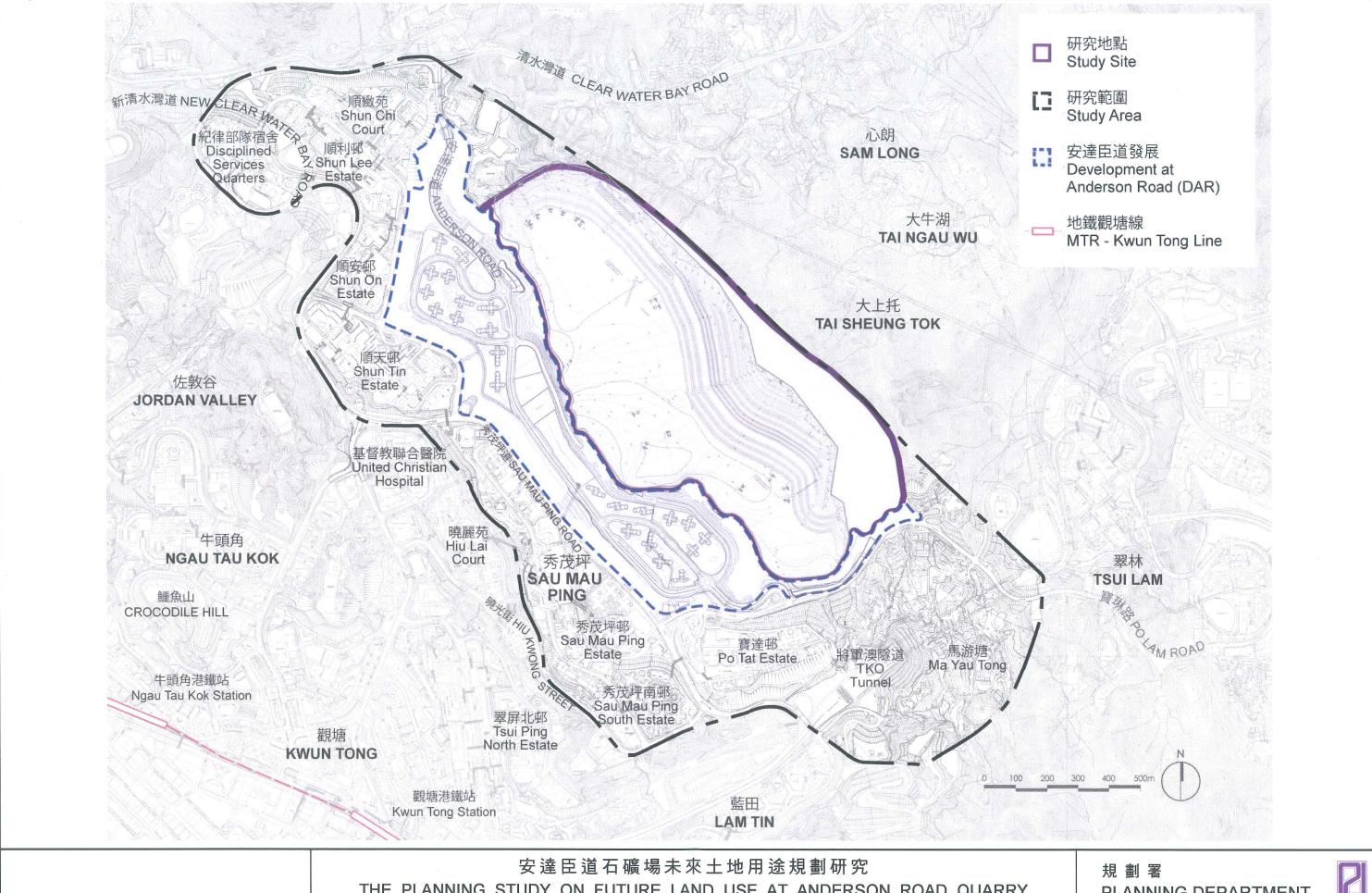
18. Members are invited to give views on the proposed initial land use options.

ATTACHMENTS

Plan 1	Study Area and Study Site
Plan 2	Development Constraints
Plan 3	Development Opportunities
Plan 4	Initial Land Use Option: Option 1
Plan 5	Initial Land Use Option: Option 2
Plan 6	Proposed Vehicular and Pedestrian Accesses
Plan 7 Page 7	Proposed Junction and Road Improvement Measures

Annex Stage 1 Community Engagement Digest

Development Bureau Planning Department 14 November 2011



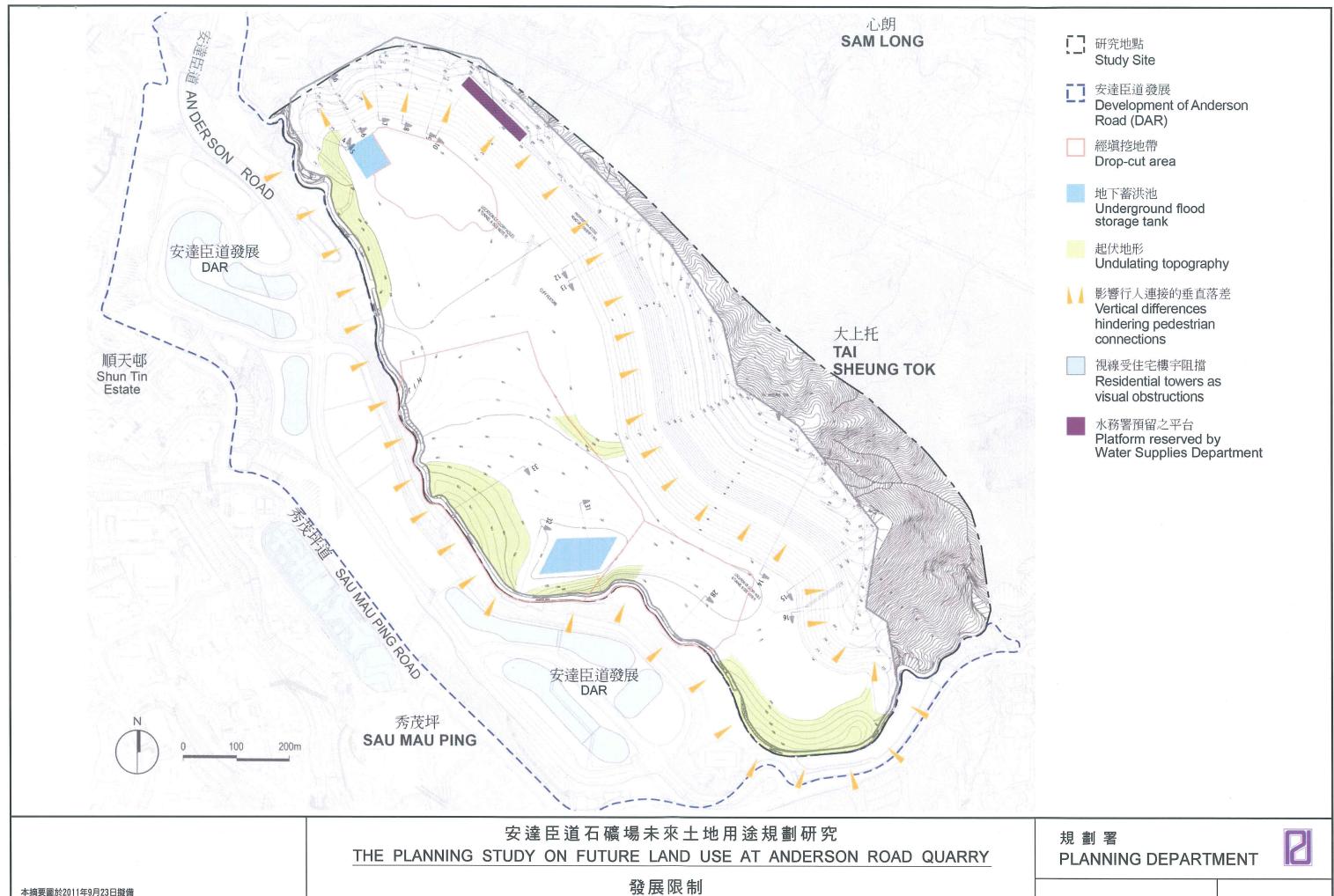
本摘要圖於2011年9月23日擬備 EXTRACT PLAN PREPARED ON 23.9.2011 THE PLANNING STUDY ON FUTURE LAND USE AT ANDERSON ROAD QUARRY

研究地點及研究範圍 STUDY SITE AND STUDY AREA PLANNING DEPARTMENT



M/SD/11/82



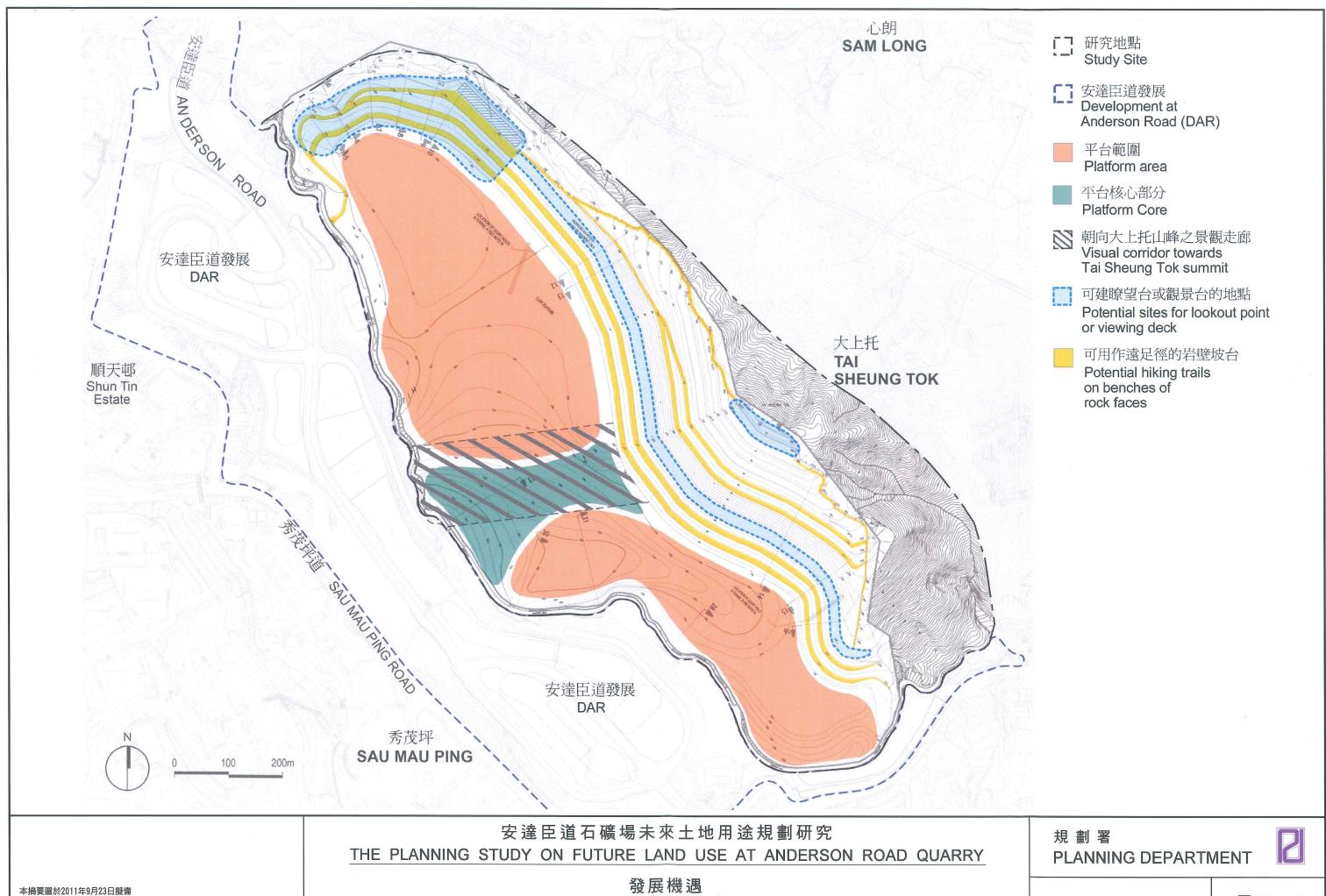


DEVELOPMENT CONSTRAINTS

本摘要圖於2011年9月23日擬備 EXTRACT PLAN PREPARED ON 23.9.2011

M/SD/11/82

圖 Plan 2

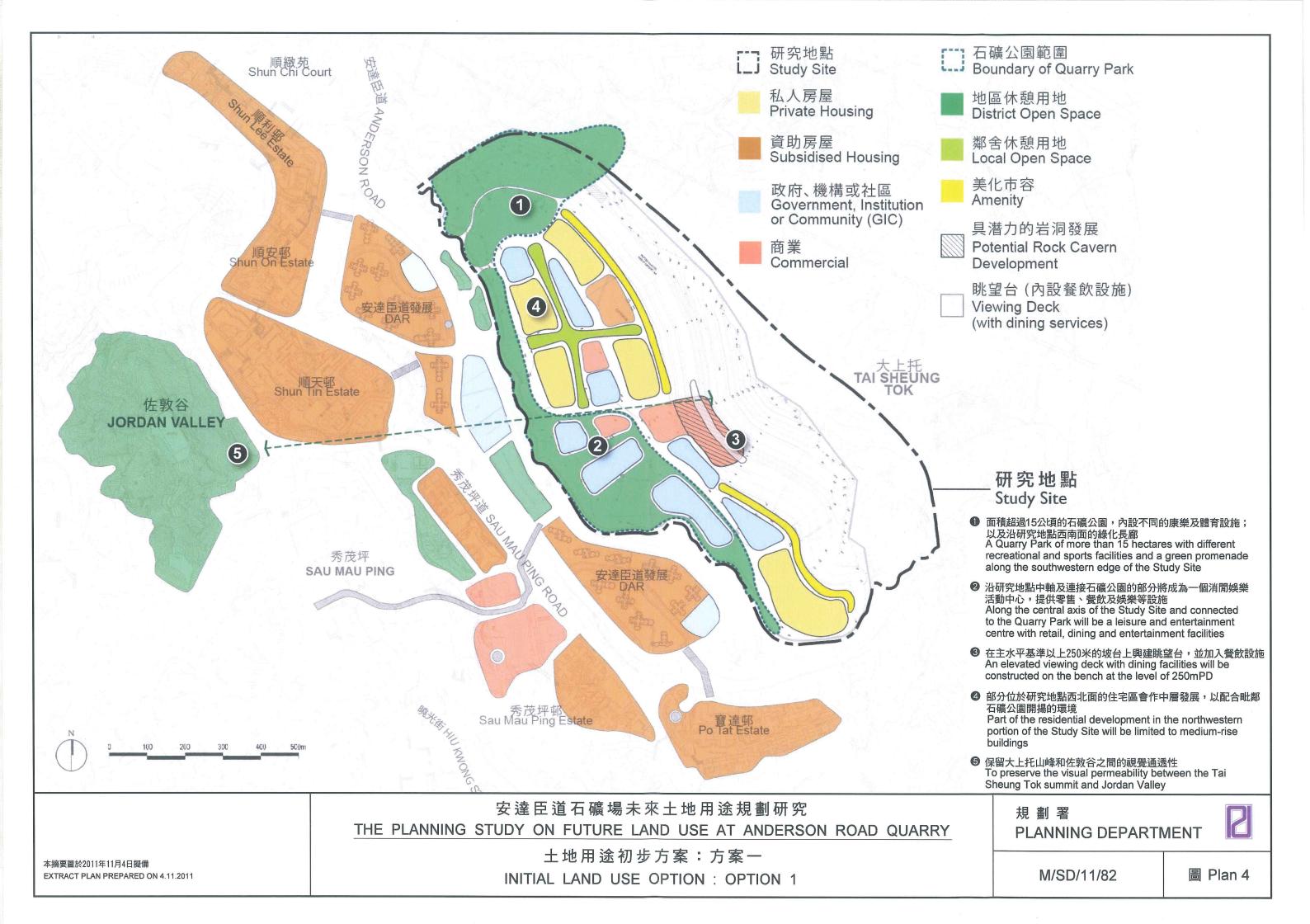


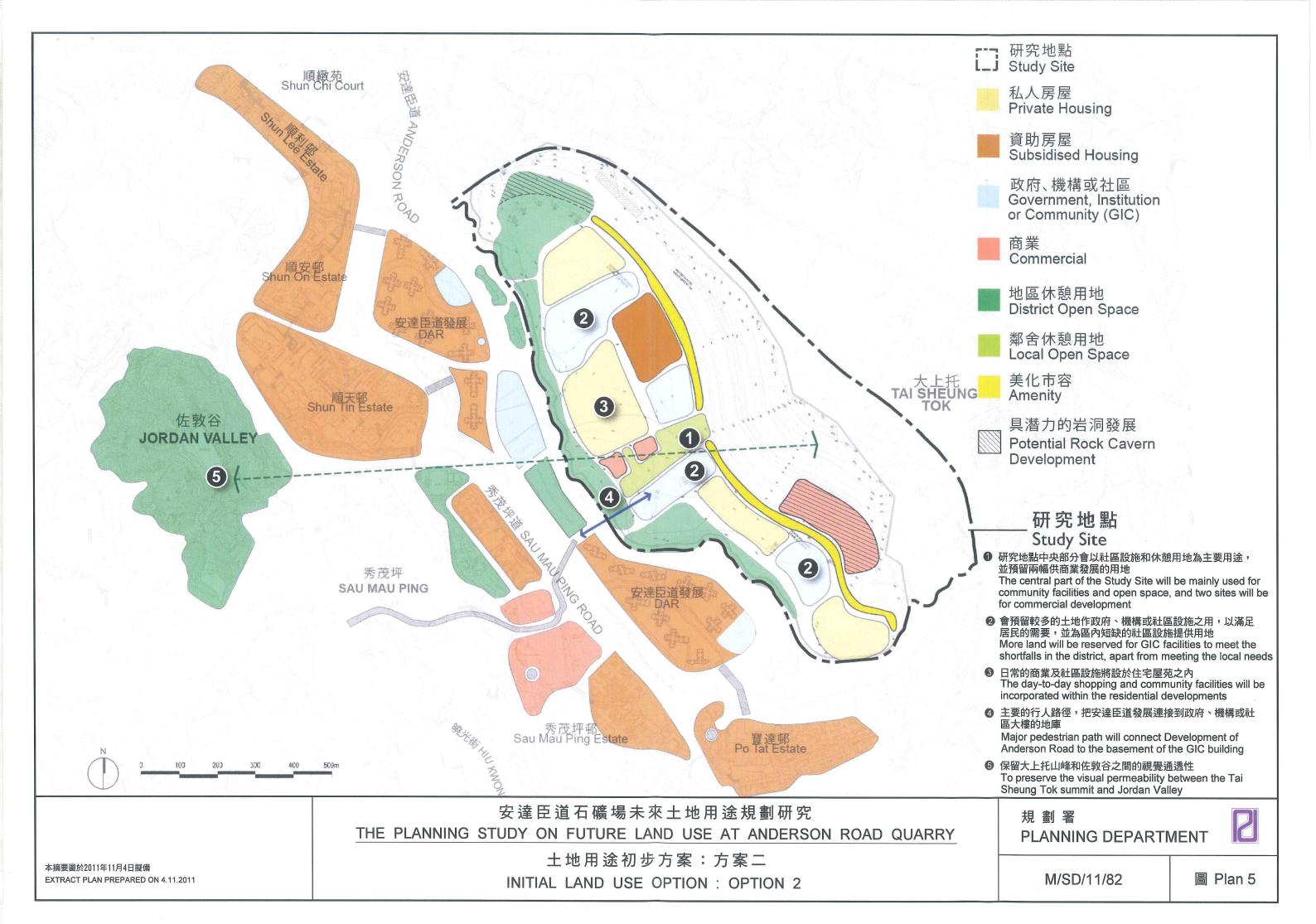
DEVELOPMENT OPPORTUNITIES

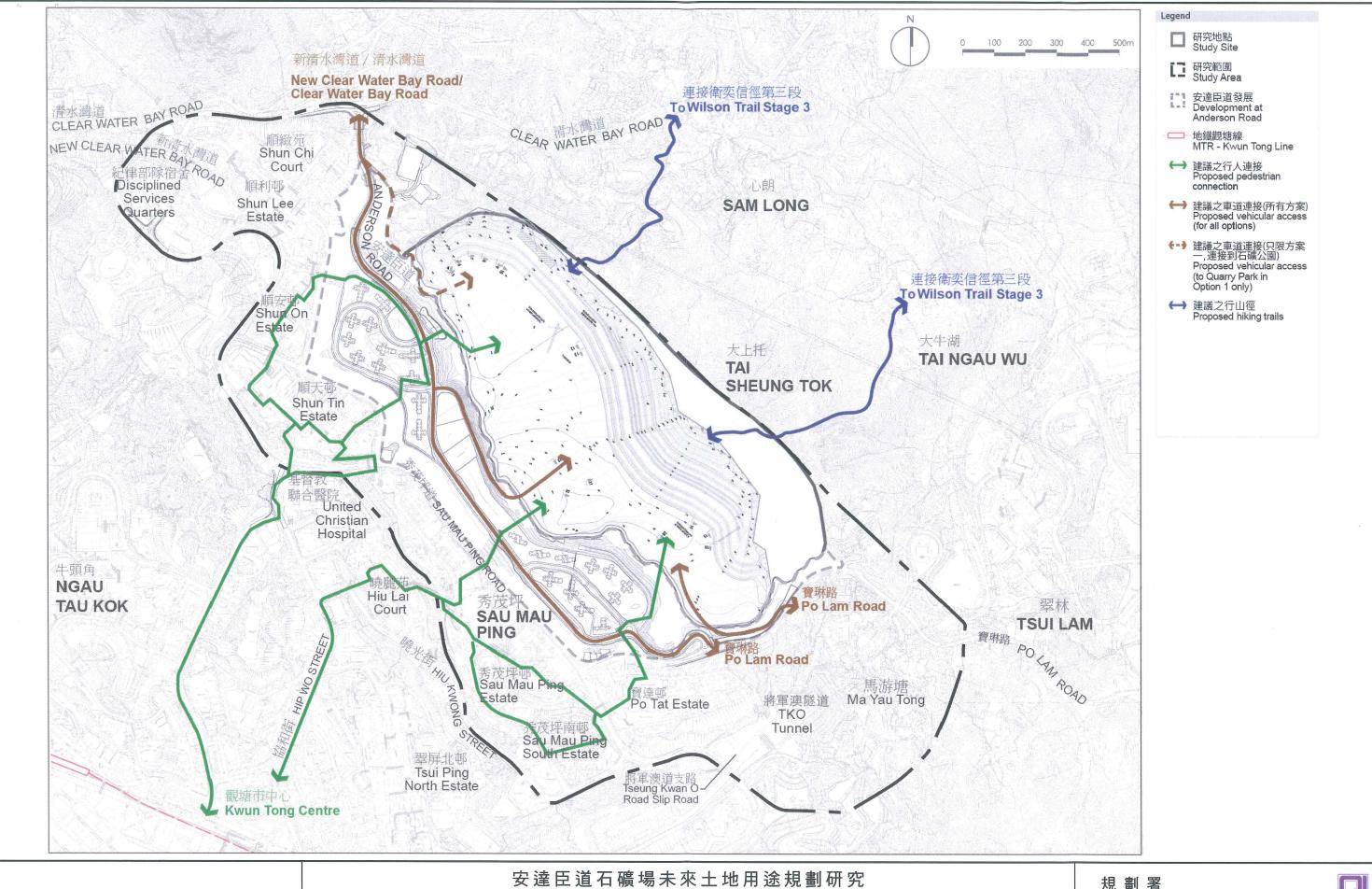
EXTRACT PLAN PREPARED ON 23.9.2011

M/SD/11/82

圖 Plan 3







安達臣道石礦場未來土地用途規劃研究
THE PLANNING STUDY ON FUTURE LAND USE AT ANDERSON ROAD QUARRY

擬議車輛及行人通道 PROPOSED VEHICULAR AND PEDESTRIAN ACCESSES 規 劃 署 PLANNING DEPARTMENT



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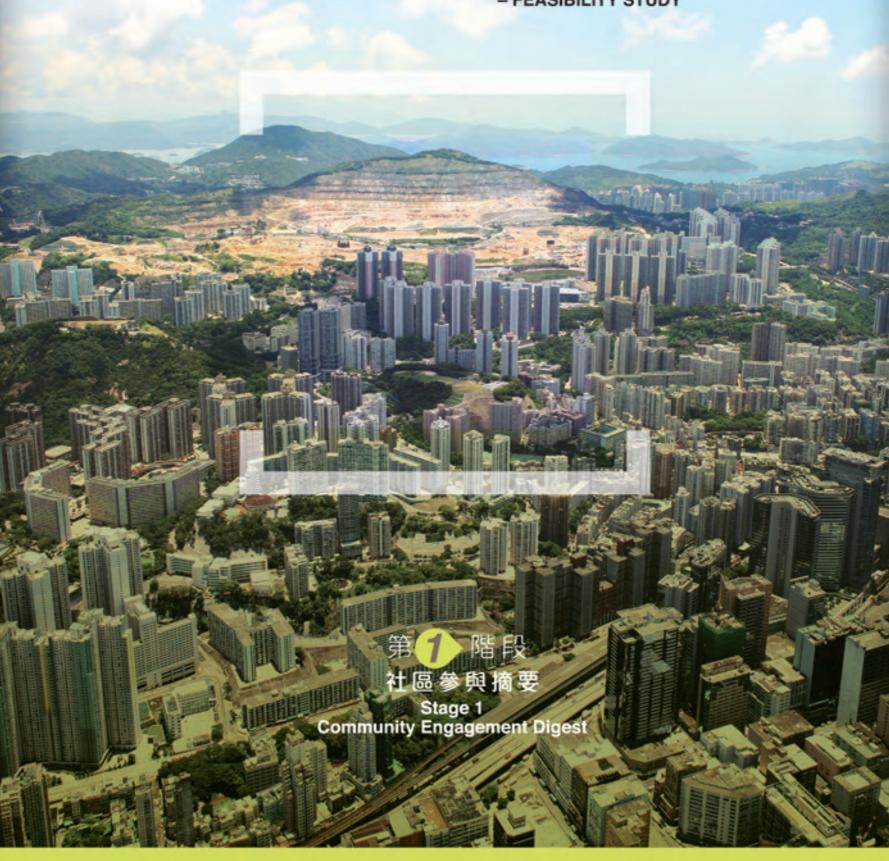




安達臣道石礦場未來土地用途規劃研究-可行性研究
PLANNING STUDY ON FUTURE LAND USE AT

ANDERSON ROAD QUARRY

- FEASIBILITY STUDY









研究概覽 Study Overview

主要發展限制及機遇 Major Development Constraints & Opportunities

頁 Pages 4-6

研究願景 Study Vision

頁 Page 7

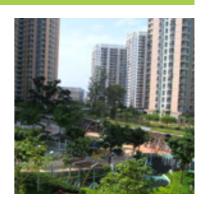


土地用途的初步方案 Initial Land Use Options

頁 Pages 8-17

您的意見 Your Views





研究概覽 Study Overview

規劃署於2011年1月展開「安達臣道石礦場未來土地用途 規劃研究一可行性研究」,主要目的是研究安達臣道石礦 場未來的土地用途,以及作住宅發展和其他用途的潛力。 In January 2011, the Planning Department commissioned the "Planning Study on Future Land Use at Anderson Road Quarry (ARQ) – Feasibility Study". The overall objective is to examine the future land use of the ARQ and the potential for residential and other uses.

研究地點及研究範圍

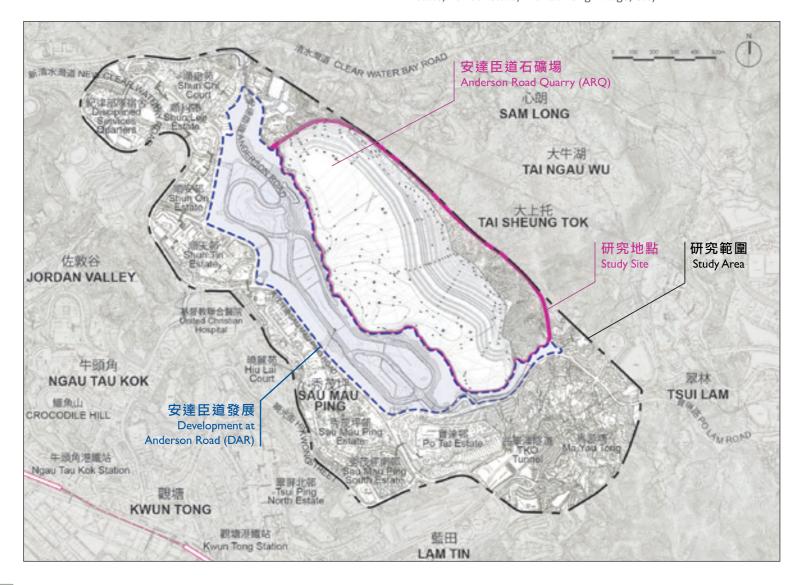
安達臣道石礦場位於東九龍大上托西南面的山坡,佔地約86 公頃。該石礦場現時仍在營運中。根據土木工程拓展署的計劃,石礦場的修復工程將於2016年年中全面完成,屆時會提供一幅約40公頃的平台,可作發展之用。

研究範圍約298公頃,涵蓋研究地點、西南面作公共租住房屋的安達臣道發展及附近秀茂坪的主要住宅用地(包括順緻苑、順利邨、順安邨、順天邨、秀茂坪邨、秀茂坪南邨、寶達邨、馬游塘村等)。

Study Site and Study Area

The Study Site is located on the southwestern slope of Tai Sheung Tok Hill in East Kowloon. It covers an area of about 86 hectares. The quarry on the Study Site is still in operation. According to the Civil Engineering and Development Department, a platform of about 40 hectares will be formed for future developments upon the completion of the rehabilitation works in mid 2016.

The Study Area has a total area of about 298 hectares, covering the Study Site, the Development at Anderson Road (DAR) for public rental housing to the southwest, and some nearby residential areas in Sau Mau Ping (including Shun Chi Court, Shun Lee Estate, Shun On Estate, Shun Tin Estate, Sau Mau Ping Estate, Sau Mau Ping South Estate, Po Tat Estate, Ma Yau Tong Village, etc).



第一階段社區參與

研究會透過兩個階段的社區參與,收集公眾對研究地點未來 土地用途規劃及相關設計的意見。第一階段社區參與於2011 年8月30日至11月30日期間進行,為期三個月,主要就規劃 概念及土地用途的初步方案收集公眾意見,這些意見將會為 制訂選取方案及初步大綱發展圖提供重要基礎,對下一階段 的研究至為重要。

Stage I Community Engagement

Community engagement will be conducted in two stages to solicit public views on the planning and related design of the future land uses at the Study Site. The three-month Stage 1 Community Engagement is from 30.8.2011 to 30.11.2011. The main purpose is to collect public views on the planning concepts and the initial land use options. The views collected will provide important inputs to the formulation of the preferred option and Preliminary Outline Development Plan at the next phase of the Study.







道路交通 Road Traffic

區內的主要道路容量不足,若要 在研究地點上進行大型發展,需 進行有效的道路改善措施。

The road capacity in the area is not adequate. Effective road improvement measures are required for any large-scale developments at the Study Site.

主要 發展限制

Major Development Constraints



保護山脊線 Protection of Ridgeline

根據《香港規劃標準與準則》的規定,大上托山脊線最高的20%將訂為「不受建築物遮擋地帶」,以保護山脊線。

In accordance with the Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines, the highest 20% of the Tai Sheung Tok ridgeline will be designated as "building free zone" to protect the ridgeline.



污水系統 Sewerage

按區內現有及已規劃的污水系統計算,在研究地點上最多只能容納約30,000的人口。

The existing and planned sewerage system in the area could only support a maximum population of about 30,000 at the Study Site.



排水 Drainage

研究地點內的平台上有兩個大型 地下蓄洪池,在其上不可興建建 築物。

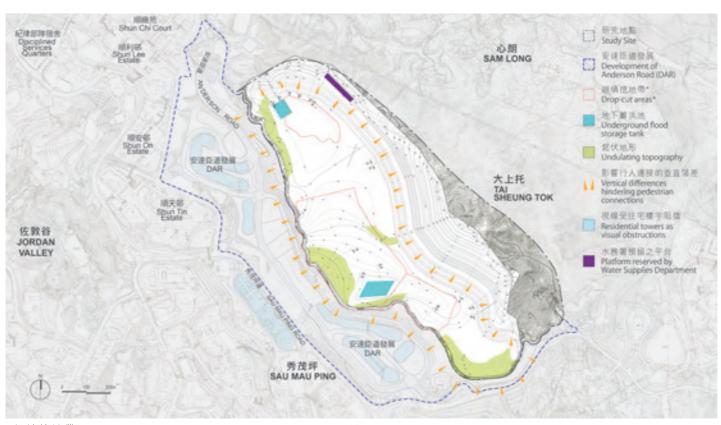
There are two underground flood storage tanks on the platform of the Study Site. No building would be allowed on top of these two tanks.



地質 Geology

研究地點內的平台上,有三個**經填挖地帶***及一些斷層帶。如要在這些地帶內進行高層發展,可能需要進行較昂貴的深層地基工程。

There are drop-cut areas* and fault zones on the platform of the Study Site. Deeper foundation works incurring higher construction cost may be required for any high-rise developments in these areas and zones.



^{*}經填挖地帶是指那些經採石後留下30至60米的深坑,再用壓實填土材料把深坑填至規定水平的地帶。

Drop-cut areas are 30m to 60m deep, which were formed due to mining of rock during quarry operation and subsequently backfilled with compacted general fill materials to the planned levels.

社區參與摘要



土地供應 Land Supply

位於九龍市區的研究地點,可提供 約40公頃的平台,為住宅發展、 商業及社區設施提供用地,以 回應全港需求及滿足居民需要。 Being located in urban Kowloon, the 40-hectare platform within the Study Site can provide land for housing, commercial and community facilities to meet territorial demand and the residents' needs.





獨有歷史 **Unique History**

安達臣道石礦場由1956年營運至今。 需要尊重研究地點的獨有歷史,並善 用獨特的地貌,作康樂及岩洞發

The ARQ has been in operation since 1956. Such unique history will be respected and the distinct landform will be utilized for recreational and cavern development.



景觀 Vista

需要保護大上托山峰與佐敦谷之間的景觀廊,可善用 岩壁上坡台獨有的有利位置,讓市民飽覽東九龍及維港的 景緻。

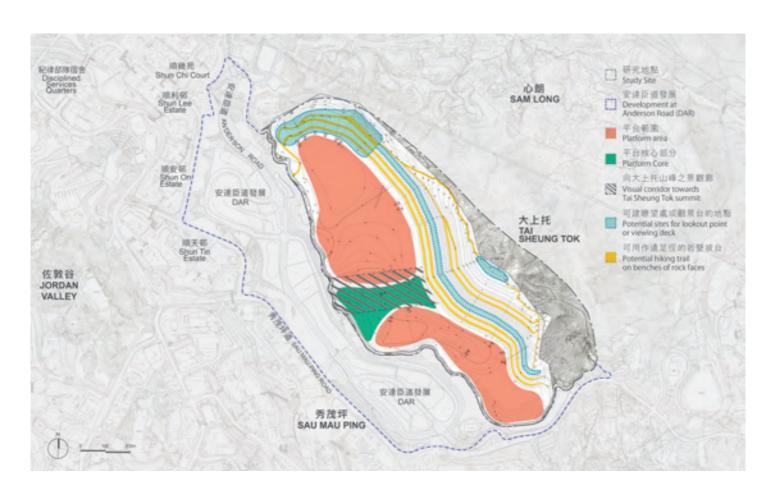
There is a visual corridor between the Tai Sheung Tok summit and Jordan Valley which should be protected. The benches of the rock faces are good locations for enjoying the spectacular view of East Kowloon and the Victoria Harbour.



地貌 Landform

當全面修復後,安達臣道石礦場用地將成為九龍市區的主 要景觀資源。研究地點的地貌可藉綠化而改善,並建造一 個綠色及宜居社區。

The ARQ site upon full rehabilitation will be a major landscape resource in urban Kowloon. The existing landform of the Study Site could also be enhanced through greening to create a green and liveable community.







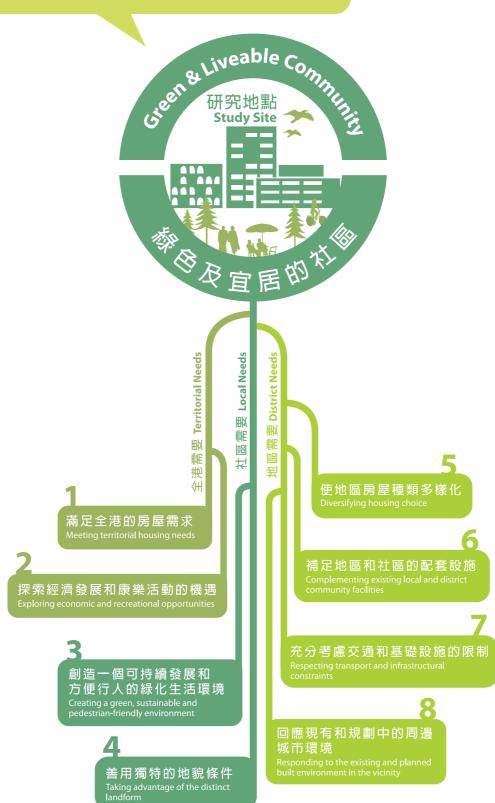




願景 VISION

將安達臣道石礦場改造成一個綠色及宜居的社區, 並回應全港、地區和社區的需要。

To reshape the ARQ into a green and liveable community that meets the territorial, district and local needs.



指導原則 Guiding Principles

4

土地用途的初步方案 Initial Land Use Options

設計人口 Planned Population

就各項基礎設施所進行的初步技術評估,研究地點最高可容納的人口約為30,000人,但需要配合適當的道路改善措施。 假若把研究地點內較多的土地用作非住宅用途(例如商業、 政府、機構或社區、康樂、消閒及/或休憩用地等用途),則

須相應地減少住宅部分,以預留足夠基礎設施供非住宅用途使用。因此,建議將研究地點的目標人口訂為22,000至30,000人之間。

Based on various preliminary technical assessments undertaken, it is estimated that the Study Site could accommodate a maximum population of approximately 30,000, with the implementation of appropriate road improvement measures. If more land is to be reserved for non-domestic uses (such as commercial, Government,

Institution or Community (GIC), recreational, leisure and/or open space, etc.), the domestic component will have to be reduced accordingly so as to release sufficient infrastructural capacities for the non-domestic uses. It is therefore proposed to adopt a target population ranging from 22,000 to 30,000 for the Study Site.

設計人口 Planned population **22,000 - 30,000**



較多非住宅用途 - 22,000人

More non-domestic uses - population of 22,000

較多住宅用途 - 30,000人

More domestic use - population of 30,000







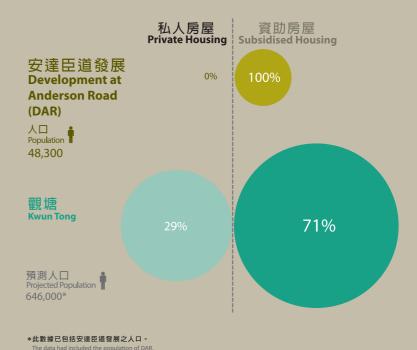
房屋組合 Housing Mix

建議房屋組合比例 Proposed Housing Mix Ratio

私人房屋 **80:20** 資助房屋 Private Housing

由於研究地點位處的秀茂坪區以資助房屋(包括公共租住房屋)為主,而毗連的安達臣道發展亦將全部為公共租住房屋發展,為了改善區內房屋組合的比例,建議把研究地點的私人房屋及資助房屋的比例訂為80:20。

As the Sau Mau Ping area where the Study Site is located is mainly for subsidized housing (including public rental housing), and the adjacent development in DAR would be planned wholly for public rental housing, a private-to-subsidized housing ratio of 80:20 is proposed for the Study Site to improve the housing mix of the area.





4

土地用途的初步方案 Initial Land Use Options

規劃及設計的基本部分 Basic Planning and Design Components

- 主要以研究地點的西北及東南 面作住宅發展。
 - To have residential developments mainly in the northwestern and southeastern parts of the Study Site.
- 2 提供足夠的政府、機構或社 區設施,以滿足新發展的需 要,並與安達臣道發展已規 劃的社區設施互相配合。

To provide sufficient GIC facilities to meet the needs of the new developments and to coordinate the provisions of the facilities with those planned for DAR.



3 在研究地點的中間部分作低至中層的非住宅發展, 以避免在經填挖地帶進行昂貴的深層地基工程, 同時保存大上托山峰與佐敦谷之間的景觀廊。

To have low- to medium-rise non-domestic uses in the central part of the Study Site so as to avoid expensive deep foundation works in the drop-cut areas and preserve the visual corridor between the Tai Sheung Tok summit and Jordan Valley.

4 沿研究地點西南面興建一條綠化長廊,一方面供居 民享用,另一方面幫助紓緩安達臣道發展在視覺上 對研究地點的影響。

To provide a green promenade along the southwestern edge of the Study Site for enjoyment by the local residents while at the same time to provide a relief to mitigate the visual impacts of DAR on the Study Site.

5 在研究地點東北面的岩壁作岩洞發展,並利用岩壁上獨有的坡台作遠足徑及其他康樂用途,亦會進一步研究把遠足徑連接西貢衛奕信徑第三段的可行性。

To have some rock cavern developments at the rock faces in the northeastern part of the Study Site and to make use of the unique benches on the rock faces for hiking and other recreational uses. The feasibility of connecting the proposed hiking trails to Wilson Trail Stage 3 in Sai Kung will be examined.

6 加強研究地點的可達性,特別是與安達臣道發展 的行人連繫。

To enhance the accessibility of the Study Site, particularly the pedestrian connections to DAR.







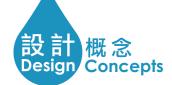






初步方案 1 INITIAL OPTION

土地用途的初步方案 Initial Land Use Options



1

一個面積超過15公頃的石礦公園,將提供不同的康樂及體育設施,加上研究地點西南面的綠化長廊, 一併成為區內主要特色。為觀塘、西貢甚至全港市 民提供一個周末及假日的休閒好去處。

A Quarry Park of more than 15 hectares with different recreational and sports facilities, and a green promenade along the southwestern edge of the Study Site will be the key features of the area. The Park will provide a good leisure destination for the residents in Kwun Tong, Sai Kung or even the whole Territory during weekends and holidays.

3

在主水平基準以上250米的坡台上興建眺望台,並加入餐飲設施,讓遊人在用膳之餘,同時欣賞東九龍及維港的景色。

To construct an elevated viewing deck with dining services on the bench at the level of 250mPD to allow the visitors to enjoy the spectacular view of East Kowloon and the Victoria Harbour.

4)

研究地點西北面的部分住宅區會 作中層發展,以配合石礦公園開 揚的環境。

To limit part of the residential district in the northwestern portion of the Study Site to medium-rise buildings to complement the open setting of the Quarry Park. 2

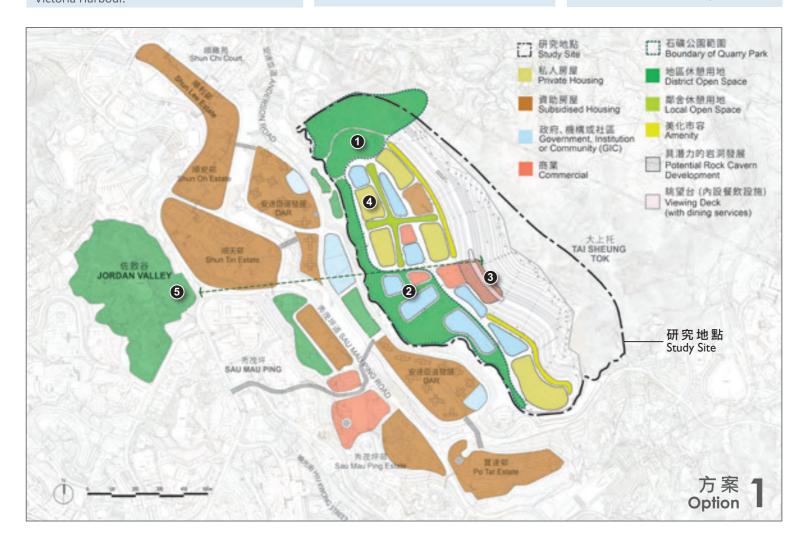
沿研究地點中軸及連接石礦公園 的部分,將成為一個消閒娛樂活 動中心,提供零售、餐飲及娛樂 等設施,並設行人專區,避免人 車爭路的情況。

Along the central axis of the Study Site and connected to the Quarry Park will be a leisure and entertainment centre with retail, dining and entertainment facilities. The area will be pedestrianized to avoid conflicts between the pedestrian and vehicular traffic.

5

保留大上托山峰和佐敦谷之間 的視覺通透性。

To preserve the visual permeability between the Tai Sheung Tok summit and Jordan Valley.









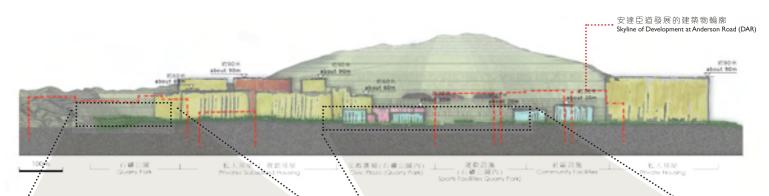






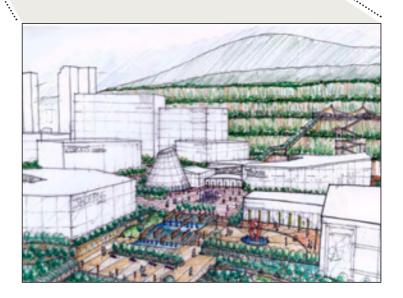






│ 示意性透視圖 Indicative Perspective





土地用途的初步方案 Initial Land Use Options

設計概念 Design Concepts

1

研究地點的中央部分會以社區設施和休憩用地為主要用途,並預留兩幅供商業發展的用地。建議在中間位置興建一個戶外文娛/大型活動廣場,為居民提供一個聚集的地方。

The central part of the Study Site will be mainly used for community facilities and open space, and two sites will be reserved for commercial development. The open-air civic/ event plaza at the centre will provide a gathering place for the local residents.

3

日常的商業及社區設施設於住宅屋苑內,方便居民使用。 The day-to-day shopping and community facilities will be incorporated within the residential developments for convenience of the local residents. 2

預留較多的土地作政府、機構或社區 設施之用,除滿足居民的需要外,並 為區內短缺的社區設施提供用地。

More land will be reserved for GIC facilities to meet the shortfalls in the district, apart from meeting the local needs.

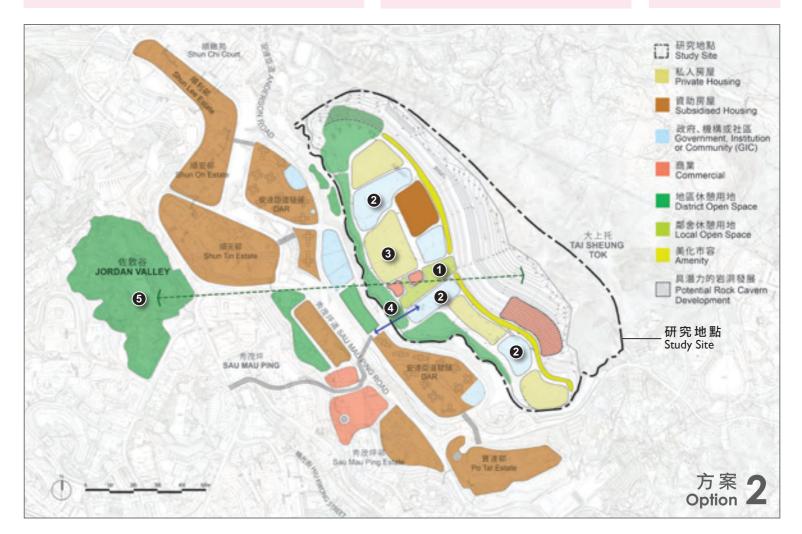
4

主要的行人路徑,把安達臣道發展連接到研究地點內之政府、機構或社區 大樓的地庫。

Major pedestrian path will connect DAR to the basement of the GIC building within the Study Site. 5

保留大上托山峰和 佐敦谷之間的視覺 通透性。

To preserve the visual permeability between Tai Sheung Tok summit and Jordan Valley.







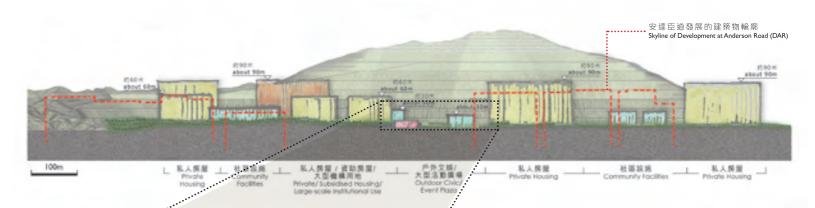




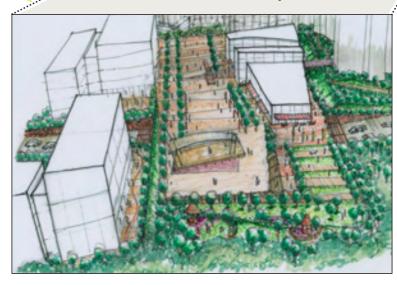




■ 西南立面圖 Southwest Elevation



示意性透視圖 **Indicative Perspective**



4

土地用途的初步方案 Initial Land Use Options

車輛及行人的連接 Vehicular and Pedestrian Accesses

車輛連接

研究建議以兩條車輛通道連接研究地點。主要通道位於研究 地點東南端,將連接寶琳道,另一條通道則位於西南面,連 接安達臣道發展。

為了解決道路容量不足的情況,研究初步建議除了進行由安 達臣道發展研究而提出的道路改善工程外,亦需要針對以下 的路口及道路進行改善工程:

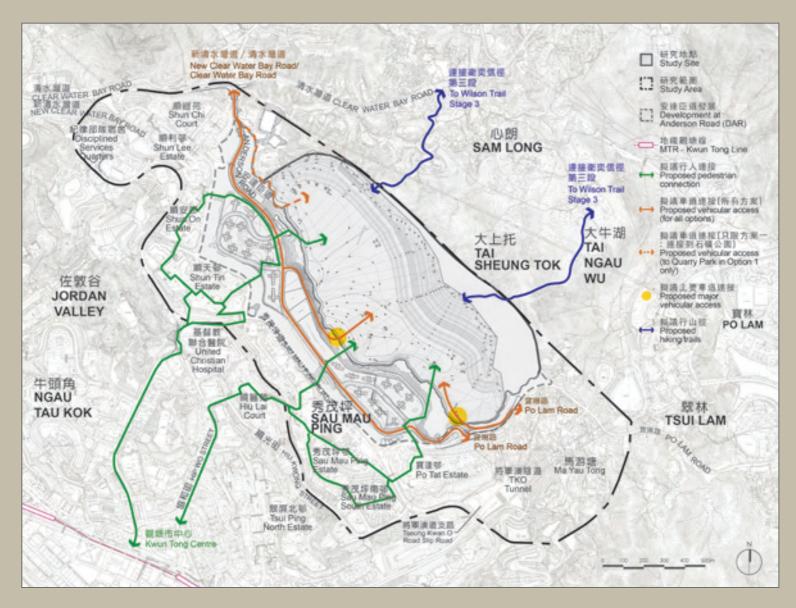
- 在將軍澳道/連德道及清水灣道/龍翔道這兩個交通燈路 口增加無阻行車線。
- 將部分新清水灣道的行車道由三線擴闊至四線。

Vehicular Access

Two vehicular accesses to the Study Site are proposed. The primary access will be at the southeastern end of the Study Site connecting to Po Lam Road while the secondary access will be in the southwest connecting to DAR.

To address the issue of insufficient capacity of the road infrastructure, the Study's preliminary proposal is that apart from the traffic improvement measures proposed in the Study on DAR, the following junction and road improvement measures would be necessary:

- To add free flow lanes to the signal junctions at Tseung Kwan O Road/Lin Tak Road and Clear Water Bay Road/Lung Cheung Road.
- To widen part of the carriageway of New Clear Water Bay Road from three to four traffic lanes.





行人連繋

研究建議興建行人通道,經安達臣道發展已規劃的通道及秀茂坪現有的行人通道系統,接駁至位於下坡的觀塘市中心。研究會在下一階段探討加設行人自動梯及/或升降機的可行性。

西貢 Sai Kung

Pedestrian Connections

The Study proposes to construct pedestrian facilities to connect the Kwun Tong town centre downhill via the planned pedestrian connection facilities for DAR and the existing pedestrian network in Sau Mau Ping. The feasibility of including lift and/or escalator will also be explored at the next stage of the Study.



您的意見 Your Views

他們提議 They propose...



 $\mathbf{\alpha}$

「我提議興建住宅!」

"I propose to build more flats."

「我想有行山徑可以讓我走上 大上托做晨運。」

Can I have a walking trail to Tai Sheung Tok for morning exercises?"

> 「我贊成保護大上托的山脊線。」 "I agree to protect the ridgeline of Tai Sheung Tok.

「很想試試在大上托上看維港的風景。」 "Is there a peak to enjoy the spectacular Victoria Harbour view from the Kowloon side?"

「必須有充足的基礎設施支持設計人口。」

"The planned population should be supported by adequate infrastructure.

「石礦場有一些奇特的山崖,何不興建攀石 場,推廣攀石活動?」

"There are some amazing cliffs in ARQ. Can they set up a climbing centre there?"

[我希望有足夠的社區設施。 |

"I hope there will be enough community facilities."

> 「支持綠色生活!增加休憩用 地和多植樹!

"Plan for green! We need open space and more trees."

「我希望有較平衡的房屋組合。」

"I would like to see a more balanced housing mix.'



..How about you? 您呢?

我們希望聆聽你對安達臣道石礦場 規劃建議的寶貴意見。

We would like to hear your valuable views on the planning proposals for the Anderson Road Quarry.

歡迎你在二零一一年十一月三十日或之前將你的意見以郵遞、 傳真或電郵方式送交我們。

If you have any comments or suggestions, please send them to the following contact by post, fax or email on/ before 30 November 2011.



抽扣 Address

規劃署特別職務組 香港北角渣華道333號 北角政府合署15樓

Planning Department -Special Duties Section

15/F. North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, North Point. Hong Kong

雷郵 E-mail sdpd@pland.gov.hk

雷話 Telephone (852) 2231 4912

傳真 Fax (852) 2577 3075



請瀏覽本研究的網頁,參閱更詳盡的資料: More information of this Study is available at the Study's website:

http://www.pland.gov.hk

誠激你參加 我們的社區 參與活動。

Welcome to join our community engagement activities.

十月 OCT 2011

十一月 NOV 2011

20 21 22 23 24 25 26

27 28 29 30

┃公眾論壇 Public Forum

觀塘社區中心禮堂 Hall, Kwun Tong Community Centre

觀塘翠屏道17號 17 Tsui Ping Road, Kwun Tong

二零一一年十一月二十日(週日) 20 Nov 2011 (Sun)



| 巡迴展覽 Roving Exhibitions

市區重建局觀塘資源中心 URA Kwun Tong Resource Centre 觀塘協和街71號地下 G/F, 71 Hip Wo Street, Kwun Tong

邨體育館 Shun Lee Tsuen Sports Centre

觀塘順利邨道 Shun Lee Tsuen Road, Kwun Tong

-18/10-28/10 寶達邨 Po Tat Estate

觀塘秀茂坪道寶達商場對開空地 Outdoor area off Po Tat Shopping Centre, Sau Mau Ping Road, Kwun Tong

·8/11-18/11 秀茂坪南邨 Sau Mau Ping South Estate

觀塘秀明道秀茂坪南邨中央空地 Central open space of Sau Mau Ping South Estate, Sau Ming Road, Kwun Tong

⁻²⁸⁾¹¹ 鄰里社區中心 King Lam Neighbourhood Community Centre

將軍澳寶琳北路景林邨 King Lam Estate, Po Lam Road North, Tseung Kwan O

聲明:凡在《安達臣道石礦場未來土地用途規劃研究-可行性研究》過程中向規劃署提供意見和建議的個人或團體,將被視作同意 規劃署可將部分或全部提供的內容(包括個人姓名及團體名稱)公布。如你不同意這個安排,請於提供意見和建議時作出聲明。

Disclaimer: A person or an organization providing any comments and suggestions to the "Planning Study on Future Land Use at Anderson Road Quarry – Feasibility Study" shall be deemed to have given consent to the Planning Department to partially or wholly publish the comments and suggestions (including the names of the individuals and organizations). If you do not agree to this arrangement, please state so when providing comments and views.