

2013-14 週年報告 Annual Report

中文繁體

中文简体

English

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CHAIRMAN'S FOREWORD

I hereby present the Annual Report of the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Fund Board (the Board) covering the period from 1 April 2013 to 31 March 2014.

This year, I am glad to see that concomitant with the stable local economy, there were fewer employees who were owed wages and compensation due to business cessation seeking relief from the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Fund (the Fund). In 2013-14, the Fund received a total of 2 179 applications, representing 11% decrease over 2 439 in 2012-13. In the same year, the Fund approved 1 771 applications, leading to a total payout of ex gratia payment of \$47.6 million, a drop of 21% compared to that of the preceding year. The Board and colleagues of the Wage Security Division of the Labour Department continued its dedication in discharging the function of the Fund as a safety net to provide timely assistance to employees affected by their insolvent employers. During the year, we conducted a customer opinion survey in which the applicants provided positive feedback to our service and performance. We will continue to strive for quality customer service to the applicants.

The Board has all along enhanced the protection of the Fund progressively in accordance with its financial position and the societal needs. Right after one year's implementation of the Protection of Wages on Insolvency (Amendment) Ordinance 2012 (the Amendment Ordinance) in June last year, the Board commenced the review of the coverage of pay for untaken annual leave and untaken statutory holidays newly added under the Amendment Ordinance in the latter half of 2013. Furthermore, the Board actively extended the review to include all other existing items, namely wages, wages in lieu of notice and severance payment. I wish to express my heartfelt gratitude to all members who, despite the arduousness of the task, participated actively in the review of the protection of the Fund, offered valuable inputs and strived to seek common ground.

One of the statutory functions of the Board is to make recommendations to the Chief Executive with respect to the rate of the business registration levy which finances the Fund. Subsequent to the recommendation of the Board, the levy was reduced from \$450 to \$250 per annum in July last year to allevaite the business cost of the small and medium enterprises. The Fund maintained a sound financial position with a surplus of \$425.9 million for the 2013-14 financial year and an accumulative surplus of \$3,713.1 million by the end of March 2014. The Board will continue to monitor closely the financial position of the Fund.

Regarding the prevention of abuse of the Fund, the inter-departmental Task Force, comprising representatives of the Labour Department (LD), Commercial Crime Bureau of the Police, Official Receiver's Office (ORO) and Legal Aid Department (LAD), continued to spare no efforts in proactively investigating and pursuing cases involving possible abuse of the Fund by employers and employees. During 2013-14, two restaurant workers and an employer of a foreign domestic helper were convicted of making a false statutory declaration and using a copy of a false instrument respectively under the Crimes Ordinance. The two workers were both sentenced to two months' imprisonment, suspended for 12 months together with a fine of \$2,500 while the employer was sentenced to 240 hours' community service order. The prosecution cases gave a strong message to the community that any abuse of the Fund would incur criminal liability and the sanction would be serious.

I take this opportunity to extend my cordial thanks to all members of the Board for their contributions in the past year. With their concerted efforts, I am confident that the Board will reach constructive proposals in the review of the scope of the Fund. Last but not least, on behalf of the Board, I would also like to convey our great appreciation to all our working partners, including LD, LAD, ORO, the Police and the Inland Revenue Department, for their support to the Board in upholding the Fund's effective operation and contributing to a harmonious and stable society.

Dr. David WONG Yau-kar, BBS, JP
Chairman
Protection of Wages on Insolvency Fund Board

September 2014

MEMBERSHIP LIST OF THE PROTECTION OF WAGES ON INSOLVENCY FUND BOARD 2013-14

Chairman

Dr. David WONG Yau-kar, BBS, JP

Members

Representing employees

Ms. LAM Suk-fun

Mr. HUNG Hing-chu

Hon. POON Siu-ping, BBS, MH

Representing employers

Mr. Mark LIN, JP

Mrs. CHOI KWAN Wing-kum, MH

Mr. FUNG Hau-chung, JP

Representing government departments

Assistant Commissioner for Labour of the Labour Department responsible for wage security matters

Assistant Principal Solicitor of the Official Receiver's Office

Assistant Principal Legal Aid Counsel of the Legal Aid Department responsible for insolvency matters

Secretary

Senior Labour Officer, Wage Security Division of the Labour Department

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Group Photo of the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Fund Board 2013-14



Rear row from left:

Mr. Henry HUNG Hing-lin

Assistant Principal Solicitor, Official Receiver's Office

Mr. Ernest IP Yee-cheung, JP

Assistant Commissioner (Employees' Rights and Benefits), Labour Department

Mr. FUNG Hau-chung, JP

Representing employers

Mr. HUNG Hing-chu

Representing employees

Ms. Doris LUI Wai-lan

Assistant Principal Legal Aid Counsel, Legal Aid Department

Miss Bonny WONG Wai-man

Secretary

Front row from left:

Mrs. CHOI KWAN Wing-kum, MH

Representing employers

Mr. Mark LIN, JP

Representing employers

Dr. David WONG Yau-kar, BBS, JP

Chairman

Hon. POON Siu-ping, BBS, MH

Representing employees

Ms. LAM Suk-fun

Representing employees

INTRODUCTION

The Protection of Wages on Insolvency Ordinance (the Ordinance), which came into effect on 19 April 1985, provides for the establishment of a board to administer the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Fund (the Fund). The Ordinance also empowers the Commissioner for Labour to make ex gratia payment from the Fund to employees whose employers have become insolvent.

This report covers the activities of the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Fund Board (the Board) and the operation of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 March 2014.

PROTECTION OF WAGES ON INSOLVENCY FUND BOARD

The Ordinance provides that the Board shall consist of a chairman and not more than 10 members appointed by the Chief Executive. Of the members, there shall be an equal number of persons representing employers and employees and not more than four public officers.

The Board has the following statutory functions:

- (a) to administer the Fund;
- (b) to make recommendations to the Chief Executive with respect to the rate of levy; and
- (c) to review applications upon request from applicants aggrieved by any decision of the Commissioner for Labour in connection with the application for ex gratia payment from the Fund.

PROTECTION OF WAGES ON INSOLVENCY FUND

The Fund is mainly financed by an annual levy on each business registration certificate. The levy is collected by the Inland Revenue Department when the business registration fee is paid.

Under the Ordinance, employees who are owed wages, wages in lieu of notice, severance payment, pay for untaken annual leave and/or untaken statutory holidays by their insolvent employers may apply for ex gratia payment from the Fund. The application should be made in an approved form and supported by a statutory declaration. The application has to be made within a period of six months from the applicant's last day of service.

Maximum amount of ex gratia payment payable by the Fund

Ex gratia payment from the Fund covers:

- (a) wages of an employee for services rendered to his employer during the four months prior to the last day of service but not exceeding \$36,000 ("wages" include remuneration and earnings and items that could be deemed to be wages, namely, holiday pay, annual leave pay, end of year payment, maternity leave pay and sickness allowance);
- (b) wages in lieu of notice up to one month's wages or \$22,500, whichever is the lesser;
- (c) severance payment under the Employment Ordinance up to \$50,000 plus 50% of any entitlement in excess of \$50,000; and
- (d) pay for untaken annual leave and untaken statutory holidays, including (i) pay for any annual leave earned in the employee's last full leave year and not yet taken and pro rata annual leave pay for the last leave year where the employee has at least 3 but less than 12 months' service entitled upon termination of employment contract under the Employment Ordinance and (ii) pay for statutory holidays entitled but not yet taken by an employee within 4 months before his last day of service. Neither of them, nor the total amount of them, may exceed \$10,500.

Prerequisites for making ex gratia payment from the Fund

Section 16(1) of the Ordinance requires the presentation of a winding-up or bankruptcy petition as a pre-condition for payment from the Fund. Under section 18(1) of the Ordinance, the Commissioner for Labour may exercise discretion to make payment without the presentation of a petition in circumstances where:

- (a) the size of employment is less than 20 employees;
- (b) sufficient evidence exists to support the presentation of a petition in that case on the ground -
 - (i) if the employer is a company, that he is unable to pay his debts; or
 - (ii) if the employer is a person other than a company, that he is liable to have a bankruptcy petition presented against him; and
- (c) it is unreasonable or uneconomic to present a petition in that case.

The Commissioner for Labour is also empowered under section 16(1)(a)(ii) of the Ordinance to make ex gratia payment from the Fund to employees who, because of a restriction imposed by the Bankruptcy Ordinance, cannot present a bankruptcy petition against their employer as the aggregate amount of outstanding payment is below \$10,000.

The Commissioner for Labour is empowered by the Ordinance to investigate applicants' claims before making payment from the Fund. For the purpose of verifying applications, the Commissioner for Labour or his authorised officers may require employers and applicants to submit wage and employment records and conduct interviews with them.

Subrogation rights of the Fund

Where ex gratia payment has been made to an applicant in respect of wages, wages in lieu of notice, severance payment, pay for untaken annual leave and/ or untaken statutory holidays, his rights and remedies under the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance or the Bankruptcy Ordinance would, to the extent of the amount of payment, be transferred to the Board. The Board, in exercising these subrogated rights, may file a proof of debt with the Official Receiver or the private liquidator for the purpose of recovering any payment made to the applicant in the course of winding-up or bankruptcy proceedings.

Application of the Fund's reserve

A property was purchased in 1990 to provide office accommodation for the Board. In addition, all cash has been placed in banks approved by the Board as term deposits.

ANNUAL REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS RECEIVED AND PROCESSED

The applications received and processed in this financial year, together with the relevant analyses, are summarised as follows:

Applications received

During the year 2013-14, 2 179 applications involving claims for ex gratia payment of \$141.3 million were received from employees. A total of 440 suspected insolvency cases were recorded. Detailed breakdown of the applications is at **Appendix I**.

Of the 440 suspected insolvency cases, 424 involved less than 20 employees per case, 13 involved 20 to 49 employees per case, 2 involved 50 to 99 employees per case, and the remaining 1 involved 100 employees or more.

During the year, the construction industry recorded the largest number of applications, with 404 applications involving a total claim of \$14.1 million. This was followed by the food and beverage service activities with 311 applications and a total claim of \$8.5 million, and import and export trade industry with 286 applications and a total claim of \$29.7 million. These three trades accounted for 45.9% of all applications and 37.0% of the total amount claimed.

Out of the total 2 179 applicants in the year, 1 944 applied for ex gratia payment on arrears of wages, 1 446 applied for payment on wages in lieu of notice, 603 applied for payment on severance payment and 1 209 applied for payment on untaken annual leave and untaken statutory holidays. Breakdowns of these applications are at **Appendices II, III, IV** and **V**.

Applications processed

A total of 1 771 applications were approved during the year, resulting in payment amounting to \$47.6 million. Out of these, a total payment of \$15.4 million was made to 653 applicants under section 16(1)(a)(ii) or section 18(1) of the Ordinance where presentation of a bankruptcy or winding-up petition was not required.

An analysis of ex gratia payment approved is at **Appendix VI**. As indicated at **Appendix VII**, the claimed amount was met in full in respect of 83.1% of applicants for arrears of wages, 99.3% of applicants for wages in lieu of notice, 46.0% of applicants for severance payment, and 39.7% of applicants for pay for untaken annual leave and untaken statutory holidays.

The Commissioner for Labour rejected 22 applications involving claims totalling \$1.8 million, mostly for reasons such as claims without legal backing, insufficient evidence, or the applicants' status as registered company directors. At the same time, 255 applications involving claims amounting to \$9.6 million were withdrawn, mainly as a result of direct settlement between employees and their employers or liquidators.

Appendices VIII and **IX** set out the comparative figures on the Fund's performance in the last five to ten years.

MEETINGS OF THE PROTECTION OF WAGES ON INSOLVENCY FUND BOARD

The Board met three times during the year to discuss matters relating to the administration of the Fund. These included the Fund's performance and financial statements, projection of income and expenditure, review of the coverage of the existing items under the Fund and the progress of the legislative proposal to reduce the rate of levy on business registration certificates. In addition, the Board reviewed one appeal against the decision of the Commissioner for Labour under section 17 of the Ordinance.

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FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE PROTECTION OF WAGES ON INSOLVENCY FUND

During the year, the Fund received levy income of \$448.9 million and paid out a total of \$47.6 million in ex gratia payment. The Fund registered a surplus of \$425.9 million, as compared with a surplus of \$536.5 million in the previous financial year. As at 31 March 2014, the Fund's accumulated surplus stood at \$3,713.1 million.

A copy of the independent auditors' report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014 is at **Appendix X**.

ACTIVITIES HIGHLIGHT

Customer Opinion Survey

The Board has in collaboration with the Labour Department, conducted a customer opinion survey from November 2013 to February 2014. Feedback showed that the customers were in general satisfied with the services provided by the Labour Department. The survey findings were presented to the Board in its meeting on 10 June 2014.

Publicity and promotion for the Fund

During the year, the Labour Department also continued with various activities to publicise the Fund and the provisions of the Ordinance. Among other things, six exhibitions were staged in different districts covering a number of themes, including an introduction about the Fund and employees' applications for ex gratia payment.



The Fund and the Ordinance were publicised in the exhibitions organised by the Labour Department.

Achievements of the inter-departmental Task Force

The inter-departmental Task Force continued to play an active role in guarding against abuse of the Fund. The Labour Department, the Commercial Crime Bureau of the Hong Kong Police Force, the Official Receiver's Office and the Legal Aid Department acted in concert to proactively pursue and investigate cases involving possible abuse of the Fund by employers and employees.

During the year 2013-14, two restaurant workers and an employer of a foreign domestic helper were convicted of making a false statutory declaration and using a copy of a false instrument respectively under the Crimes Ordinance. The two workers were sentenced to 2 months' imprisonment, suspended for 12 months and a fine of \$2,500 each while the employer was sentenced to 240 hours' community service order. Besides, the court disqualified a total of 20 company responsible persons involving abuse of the Fund from being directors, and taking part in the promotion, formation or management of a company, with the disqualification period ranging from 1.25 to 6.5 years. Apart from the above, the Labour Department adopted a multi-pronged enforcement strategy to alleviate cases of non-payment of wages from proliferating into applications for the Fund. In the same period, there were 479 convicted summonses for wage offences. Of these, 174 convictions were against company directors and responsible persons.



l.	Bre	akd	own of applications by result					
			of cases received					440
	(2)	No.	of applications				-	
		(i)	b/f last period					965
			received this period					2 179
			reconsidered this period				-	9
							-	3 153
		(ii)	processed					2 048
			approved					1 771
			refused					22
			withdrawn					255
			outstanding					1 033
			put aside *				-	72
							=	3 153
	(3)		nount of ex gratia payment (in HK\$'000)	Arrears of	Wages		Pay for untaken	
		app	lied for	wages	in lieu of	payment	annual leave	
					notice		and/or untaken	
							statutory holidays	HK\$'000
		(i)	b/f last period				Holidays	76,017
		(1)	received this period	63,200 +	23,068 +	44,632 +	10,406 =	141,306
			reconsidered this period	862 +	228 +	0 +	0 =	1,090
			1				-	218,413
				Arrears of	Wages	Severance	Pay for untaken	
				wages	in lieu of	payment	annual leave	
				. 0 - 1	notice	,	and/or untaken	
							statutory	
							holidays	HK\$'000
		(ii)	approved	26,706 +	13,037 +	4,724 +	3,179 =	47,646
			screened					72,485
			refused					1,840
			withdrawn					9,604
			outstanding put aside *					86,838
			put aside				-	218,413
		3.7		15			=	210,113
	(4)	No.	of applications seeking review by the Fu	and Board			=	<u>l</u>
II.	Pre	sen	tation of petition in relation to applic	cations appr	oved			
			of applications where a winding-up peti					1 081
(2) No. of applications where a bankruptcy petition has been made							37	
	(3)		of applications dealt with under S.18	(1) of the Pr	otection of '	Wages on		
	(4)		olvency Ordinance	V V V C 1	D	CW		633
	(4)		of applications dealt with under S.16(1	(a)(11) of the	e Protection	or Wages		20
		OII .	Insolvency Ordinance				-	$\frac{20}{1771}$
							=	1 //1

^{*} Cases pending private settlement or withdrawal.

III.	Breakdown of cases by employment size	
	(1) Less than 20 employees	424
	(2) $20 \sim 49$ employees	13
	(3) $50 \sim 99$ employees	2
	(4) 100 or more employees	1
		440

Hong Kong Standard Industrial Classification	Industry in which applicants worked	No. of applicants		Amount claimed (including wages, wages in lieu of notice, severance payment, pay for untaken annual leave and/or untaken statutory holidays)	
Division C	Manufacturing				
Sub-group					
10	Manufacture of food products	3	(2)	\$	87,735.11
13	Manufacture of textiles	7	(3)	\$	641,698.53
14	Manufacture of wearing apparel	3	(1)	\$	291,571.63
17	Manufacture of paper and paper products	1	(1)	\$	335,420.10
18	Printing and reproduction of recorded media	5	(2)	\$	539,278.19
22	Manufacture of rubber and plastics products (except furniture, toys, sports goods and stationery)	5	(1)	\$	307,355.18
23	Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	2	(2)	\$	149,509.26
24	Manufacture of basic metals	1	(1)	\$	53,689.79
25	Manufacture of fabricated metal products (except machinery and equipment)	2	(1)	\$	505,137.96
26	Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products	26	(4)	\$	2,961,859.84
27	Manufacture of electrical equipment	3	(1)	\$	352,644.12
31	Manufacture of furniture	1	(1)	\$	148,836.85
32	Other manufacturing	42	(10)	\$	8,675,464.32
33	Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	7	(3)	\$	535,264.45
Division E	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities				
Sub-group					
38	Waste collection, treatment and disposal activities; materials recovery	3	(2)	\$	94,692.15
Division F	Construction	404	(71)	\$	14,056,180.34

Hong Kong Standard Industrial Classification	Industry in which applicants worked	No. of applicants		Amount claims (including wage wages in lieu of notice, severan payment, pay f untaken annual le and/or untake statutory holida	
Division G	Import/export, wholesale and retail trades				
Sub-group					
45	Import and export trade	286	(82)	\$	29,728,786.82
46	Wholesale	30	(9)	\$	1,963,070.84
47	Retail trade	114	(31)	\$	8,070,280.02
Division H	Transportation, storage, postal and courier services				
Sub-group					
49	Land transport	186	(30)	\$	16,382,366.26
50	Water transport	25	(5)	\$	2,695,458.04
52	Warehousing and support activities for transportation	28	(9)	\$	2,932,182.07
53	Postal and courier activities	22	(3)	\$	360,313.64
Division I	Accommodation and food service activities				
Sub-group					
56	Food and beverage service activities	311	(54)	\$	8,484,438.89
Division J	Information and communications				
Sub-group					
58	Publishing activities	41	(7)	\$	3,242,815.80
59	Motion picture, video and television programme production, sound recording and music publishing activities	20	(1)	\$	813,607.50
60	Programming and broadcasting activities	1	(1)	\$	24,000.00
61	Telecommunications	1	(1)	\$	17,921.42
62	Information technology service activities	44	(8)	\$	6,261,137.71
Division K	Financial and insurance activities				
Sub-group					
64	Financial service activities (except insurance and pension funding)	41	(8)	\$	5,982,273.71
65	Insurance	1	(1)	\$	27,725.31
66	Activities auxiliary to financial service and insurance activities	2	(2)	\$	727,926.22

Hong Kong Standard Industrial Classification	Industry in which applicants worked		pplicants	Amount claimed (including wages, wages in lieu of notice, severance payment, pay for untaken annual leave and/or untaken statutory holidays)		
$Division\ L$	Real estate activities	2	(2)	\$	170,813.37	
Division M Sub-group	Professional, scientific and technical activities					
70	Activities of head offices; management and management consultancy activities	2	(2)	\$	2,365,981.05	
71	Architecture and engineering activities, technical testing and analysis	36	(1)	\$	4,995,091.45	
72	Scientific research and development	8	(2)	\$	922,097.64	
73	Veterinary activities	7	(1)	\$	380,108.97	
74	Advertising and market research	16	(4)	\$	534,246.38	
75	Other professional, scientific and technical activities	11	(5)	\$	996,970.40	
Division N	Administrative and support service activities					
Sub-group						
77	Rental and leasing activities	1	(1)	\$	5,500.00	
78	Employment activities	1	(1)	\$	6,230.00	
79	Travel agency, reservation service and related activities	176	(3)	\$	5,841,894.61	
80	Security and investigation activities	3	(3)	\$	73,750.00	
81	Services to buildings and landscape care activities	15	(4)	\$	424,393.32	
82	Office administrative, office support and other business support activities	1	(0)*	\$	990.00	
Division P	Education	20	(12)	\$	383,667.99	
Division Q Sub-group	Human health and social work activities					
86	Human health activities	9	(4)	\$	852,924.32	
87	Residential care activities	2	(0)*	\$	10,631.00	
Division R Sub-group	Arts, entertainment and recreation					
93	Sports and other entertainment activities	6	(2)	\$	326,385.40	

^{*} All the applicants were of late applications of a case in the preceding year.

Hong Kong Standard Industrial Classification	Industry in which applicants worked	No. of a	pplicants	Amount claimed (including wages, wages in lieu of notice, severance payment, pay for untaken annual leave and/or untaken statutory holidays)
Division S	Other service activities			
Sub-group				
95	Repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles, computers, personal and household goods	7	(3)	\$ 164,200.00
96	Other personal service activities	169	(15)	\$ 4,824,872.91
Division T	Work activities within domestic households			
Sub-group				
97	Activities of households as employers of domestic personnel	18	(16)	\$ 496,371.44
98	Goods- and services-producing activities of private households for own use	1	(1)	\$ 78,500.00
	Total :	2 179	(440)	\$ 141,306,262.32

Breakdown of applications for ex gratia payment on arrears of wages received in 2013-14

A. By amount

(including overtime pay and items that could be deemed to be wages)

Amount	No. of applicants	Percentage
No entitlement/Not claimed	235	10.78
\$8,000* or less	464	21.29
\$8,001 - \$18,000	619	28.41
\$18,001 - \$24,000	177	8.12
\$24,001 - \$27,000	67	3.07
\$27,001 - \$30,000	61	2.80
\$30,001 - \$33,000	59	2.71
\$33,001 - \$36,000 [#]	74	3.40
\$36,001 - \$39,000	33	1.51
More than \$39,000	390	17.90
Total:	2 179	100.00

B. By period of outstanding wages

(excluding overtime pay and items that could be deemed to be wages)

Period	No. of applicants	Percentage
No entitlement/Not claimed	480	22.03
Half month or less	196	8.99
More than 1/2 month to 1 month	438	20.10
More than 1 month to 2 months	632	29.00
More than 2 months to 3 months	238	10.92
More than 3 months to 4 months	91	4.18
More than 4 months	104	4.77
Total	2 179	100.00

Preferential limit under the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance and the Bankruptcy Ordinance, i.e. wages not exceeding \$8,000 should be paid in priority to other debts in the distribution of the remaining assets of the employer during the winding-up/bankruptcy proceedings.

Maximum amount of ex gratia payment on arrears of wages under the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Ordinance.

Breakdown of applications for ex gratia payment on wages in lieu of notice received in 2013-14

A. By amount

Amount	No. of applicants	Percentage
No entitlement/Not claimed	733	33.64
\$2,000* or less	143	6.56
\$2,001 - \$6,000	311	14.27
\$6,001 - \$10,000	243	11.15
\$10,001 - \$15,000	328	15.05
\$15,001 - \$22,500 [#]	243	11.15
\$22,501 - \$25,000	27	1.24
More than \$25,000	151	6.93
Total:	2 179	100.00

B. By notice period

Notice period	No. of applicants	Percentage
No entitlement/Not claimed	733	33.64
1 day - 7 days	410	18.82
8 days - 14 days	20	0.92
15 days	49	2.25
16 days - less than 1 month	74	3.40
1 month ^{* #}	829	38.04
More than 1 month	64	2.94
Total:	2 179	100.00

Preferential limit under the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance and the Bankruptcy Ordinance, i.e. wages in lieu of notice not exceeding one month's wages or \$2,000, whichever is the lesser, should be paid in priority to other debts in the distribution of the remaining assets of the employer during the winding-up/bankruptcy proceedings.

[#] Maximum amount of ex gratia payment on wages in lieu of notice under the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Ordinance, i.e. not exceeding \$22,500 or one month's wages, whichever is the lesser.

Breakdown of applications for ex gratia payment on severance payment received in 2013-14

A. By amount **Amount** No. of applicants Percentage 1 576 No entitlement/Not claimed 72.33 \$8.000* or less 28 1.28 \$8,001 - \$36,000 201 9.22 \$36,001 - \$50,000 82 3.76 \$50,001 - \$80,000 96 4.41 \$80,001 - \$110,000 69 3.17 \$110,001 - \$140,000 48 2.20 20 \$140,001 - \$170,000 0.92 \$170,001 - \$200,000 15 0.69 \$200,001 - \$250,000 23 1.06 0.50 \$250,001 - \$300,000 11 \$300,001 - \$350,000 0.32 0 \$350,001 - \$370,000 0.00 \$370,001 - \$390,000 2 0.09 1 0.05 More than \$390,000 2 179 Total: 100.00

B. By length of service

Length of service		No. of applicants	Percentage
Not claimed or less than 2 years' service		1 577	72.37
2 - 4.99 years		247	11.34
5 - 5.99 years		61	2.80
6 - 6.99 years		50	2.29
7 - 7.99 years		28	1.28
8 - 8.99 years		33	1.51
9 - 9.99 years		31	1.42
10 - 14.99 years		70	3.21
15 - 19.99 years		53	2.43
20 - 24.99 years		21	0.96
25 - 29.99 years		4	0.18
30 - 34.99 years		2	0.09
35 - 38.99 years		1	0.05
39 - 40.99 years		1	0.05
41 - 42.99 years		0	0.00
43 years' service and over		0	0.00
	Total:	2 179	100.00

[#] The maximum amount of payment out of the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Fund is \$220,000.

^{*} Preferential limit under the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance and the Bankruptcy Ordinance, i.e. severance payment not exceeding \$8,000 should be paid in priority to other debts in the distribution of the remaining assets of the employer during the winding-up/bankruptcy proceedings.

Breakdown of applications for ex gratia payment on pay for untaken annual leave and untaken statutory holidays received in 2013-14

A. By amount **Amount** No. of applicants Percentage No entitlement/Not claimed 970 44.52 \$2,000 or less 354 16.25 \$2,001 - \$4,000 253 11.61 \$4,001 - \$6,000 158 7.25 \$6,001 - \$8,000 130 5.97 \$8,001 - \$10,500# 99 4.54 \$10,501 - \$20,000 112 5.14 More than \$20,000 103 4.73 2 179 100.00 Total:

B. By leave year of pay for untaken annual leave

Leave year	No. of applicants	Percentage
No entitlement/Not claimed	1 005	46.12
1 year or less	748	34.33
More than 1 year to less than 2 years	273	12.53
2 years or above	153	7.02
Total:	2 179	100.00

C. By period claimed of pay for untaken statutory holidays

Period	No. of applicar	nts	Percentage
No entitlement/Not claimed	13	861	85.41
2 months or less		148	6.79
More than 2 months to 4 months		33	1.51
More than 4 months		137	6.29
	Total: 2	179	100.00

[#] Maximum amount of ex gratia payment on pay for untaken annual leave and untaken statutory holidays under the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Ordinance.

Analysis of ex gratia payment approved in 2013-14

A. Analysis of payment approved for arrears of wages

(including overtime pay and items that could be deemed to be wages)

Amount	No. of applicants	Percentage
Not claimed/Not approved	220	12.42
\$4,000 or less	211	11.91
\$4,001 - \$8,000	232	13.10
\$8,001 - \$10,000	138	7.79
\$10,001 - \$12,000	109	6.15
\$12,001 - \$14,000	92	5.19
\$14,001 - \$16,000	88	4.97
\$16,001 - \$18,000	75	4.23
\$18,001 - \$28,000	196	11.07
\$28,001 - \$36,000 [#]	410	23.15
Total	al: 1 771	100.00

B. Analysis of payment approved for wages in lieu of notice

Amount		No. of applicants	Percentage
Not claimed/Not approved		552	31.17
\$2,000 or less		96	5.42
\$2,001 - \$3,000		81	4.57
\$3,001 - \$4,000		71	4.01
\$4,001 - \$5,000		110	6.21
\$5,001 - \$6,000		51	2.88
\$6,001 - \$10,000		223	12.59
\$10,001 - \$22,500 [†]		587	33.15
	Total:	1 771	100.00

C. Analysis of payment approved for severance payment

Amount	No. of applicants	Percentage
Not claimed/Not approved	1 416	79.95
\$8,000 or less	187	10.56
\$8,001 - \$22,000	106	5.99
\$22,001 - \$36,000	26	1.47
\$36,001 - \$50,000	17	0.96
\$50,001 - \$80,000	16	0.90
\$80,001 - \$110,000	3	0.17
\$110,001 - \$140,000	0	0.00
\$140,001 - \$170,000	0	0.00
\$170,001 - \$200,000	0	0.00
\$200,001 - \$210,000	0	0.00
\$210,001 - \$220,000*	0	0.00
Total:	1 771	100.00

The maximum amount of ex gratia payment out of the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Fund (the Fund) on arrears of wages.

The maximum amount of ex gratia payment out of the Fund on wages in lieu of notice.

^{*} The maximum amount of ex gratia payment out of the Fund on severance payment.

Analysis of ex gratia payment approved in 2013-14

D. Analysis of payment approved for pay for untaken annual leave and untaken statutory holidays

Amount	No. of applicants	Percentage
Not claimed/Not approved	951	53.70
\$1,000 or less	139	7.85
\$1,001 - \$3,000	265	5 14.96
\$3,001 - \$5,000	157	8.87
\$5,001 - \$7,000	117	7 6.61
\$7,001 - \$10,500 [#]	142	2 8.02
	Total: 1 77	100.00

[#] The maximum amount of ex gratia payment out of the Fund on pay for untaken annual leave and untaken statutory holidays.

Analysis of approved ex gratia payment as percentage of applicants' claimed amount in 2013-14

A. Arrears of wages at maximum payment of \$36,000

Approved payment as percentage of applicants' claimed amount	Percentage of applicants
100%	83.12
90% or above	84.95
80% or above	86.84
70% or above	88.04
60% or above	89.80
50% or above	91.44
40% or above	93.20
30% or above	94.21
20% or above	95.53
10% or above	97.98
5% or above	99.62

B. Wages in lieu of notice at maximum payment of \$22,500

Approved payment as percentage of applicants' claimed amount	Percentage of applicants
100%	99.28
90% or above	99.44
80% or above	99.68
70% or above	99.84
60% or above	99.84
50% or above	99.84
40% or above	99.84
30% or above	99.92
20% or above	99.92
10% or above	100.00

C. Severance payment at maximum payment of \$50,000 + 50% of excess entitlement

Approved payment as percentage of applicants' claimed amount	Percentage of applicants
100%	46.01
90% or above	47.87
80% or above	49.47
70% or above	52.93
60% or above	58.78
50% or above	65.16

Analysis of approved ex gratia payment as percentage of applicants' claimed amount in 2013-14

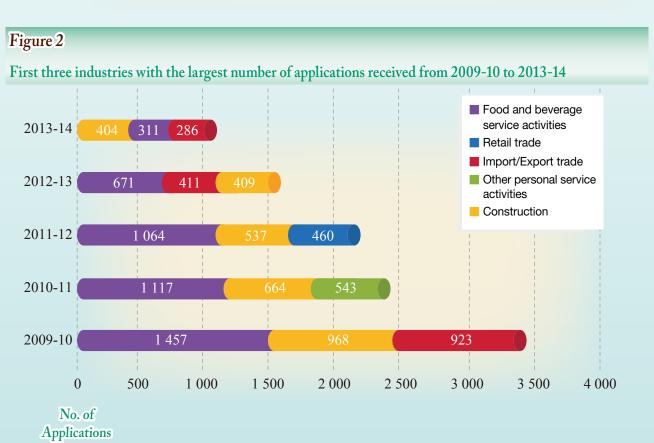
D. Pay for untaken annual leave and untaken statutory holidays at maximum payment of \$10,500

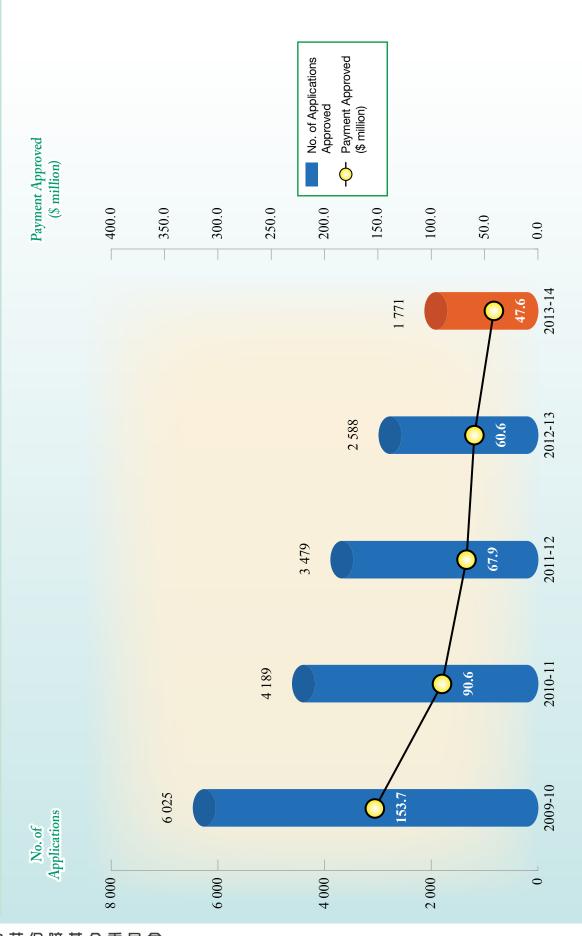
Approved payment as percentage of applicants' claimed amount	Percentage of applicants
100%	39.70
90% or above	50.67
80% or above	57.35
70% or above	65.25
60% or above	70.47
50% or above	78.74
40% or above	87.24
30% or above	93.32
20% or above	96.84
10% or above	98.78
5% or above	99.64

Comparative figures on the performance of the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Fund from 2009-10 to 2013-14

Figure 1
Number of applications received by the Fund from 2009-10 to 2013-14







Number of applications and amount of ex gratia payment approved from 2009-10 to 2013-14

Figure 3





Figure 5

Breakdown of income and expenditure of the Fund from 2009-10 to 2013-14

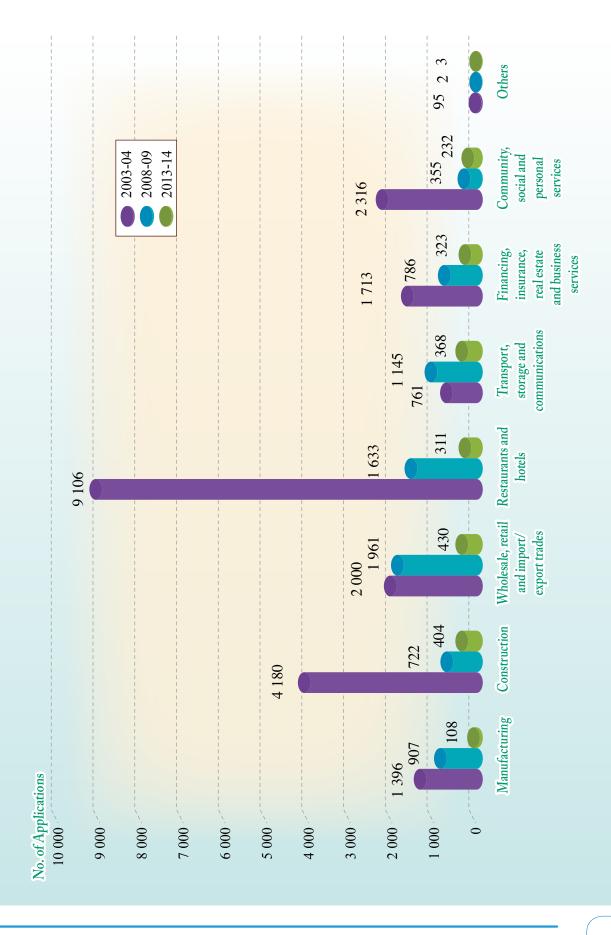


Bank deposit interests and money recovered through subrogation



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Analysis of applications received by economic sector in 2003-04, 2008-09 and 2013-14





Independent Auditors' Report and Audited Financial Statements

PROTECTION OF WAGES ON INSOLVENCY FUND

31 March 2014





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Statement of changes in funds and reserves	5
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Independent auditors' report To the members of Protection of Wages on Insolvency Fund Board (Established under the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Ordinance)

We have audited the financial statements of the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Fund (the "Fund") set out on pages 3 to 14, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2014, and the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in funds and reserves, and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Protection of Wages on Insolvency Fund Board's responsibility for the financial statements

Protection of Wages on Insolvency Fund Board (the "Board") is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Board determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Board, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Independent auditors' report (continued)

To the members of Protection of Wages on Insolvency Fund Board (Established under the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Ordinance)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Fund as at 31 March 2014, and of its surplus and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Ordinance.

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong

2 September 2014

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Year ended 31 March 2014

	Notes	2014 HK\$	2013 HK\$
INCOME	3	494,841,132	618,083,358
EXPENDITURE			
Claims	4	47,645,857	60,611,258
Supervision fee	5	20,297,573	20,086,607
Auditors' remuneration		85,000	79,500
Rates and building management charges		298,028	270,858
Insurance		6,308	6,308
Printing and stationery		53,019	38,550
Miscellaneous expenses		567,339	502,908
TOTAL EXPENDITURE		68,953,124	81,595,989
SURPLUS AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE			
INCOME FOR THE YEAR	6	425,888,008	536,487,369

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 March 2014

	Notes	2014 HK\$	2013 HK\$
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property	9	-	-
Time deposits	10	25,000,000	-
Total non-current assets		25,000,000	
CURRENT ASSETS			
Levies receivable		34,891,800	53,269,850
Interest receivables		7,256,483	3,621,143
Sundry deposits		42,000	42,000
Prepayment		60,833	58,333
Time deposits	10	3,670,200,000	3,254,400,000
Cash at banks	10	174,178	192,781
Total current assets		3,712,625,294	3,311,584,107
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Approved claims payable		3,830,873	3,987,094
Accrued operation expenses		93,000	83,600
Accrued supervision fee	5	20,600,000	20,300,000
Total current liabilities		24,523,873	24,370,694
NET CURRENT ASSETS		3,688,101,421	3,287,213,413
Net assets		3,713,101,421	3,287,213,413
EDIANCED DV.			}
FINANCED BY: Accumulated surplus		2 (0(5(0 (0)	0.000 (0.1.55.5
General reserve	1.1	3,696,562,634	3,270,674,626
General reserve	11	16,538,787	16,538,787
Total accumulated funds and reserves		3,713,101,421	3,287,213,413

Dr. David WONG Yau-kar, BBS, JP Chairman

Board Member

Mr. HUNG Hing-chu

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUNDS AND RESERVES

Year ended 31 March 2014

	Accumulated surplus HK\$	General reserve HK\$	Total accumulated funds and reserves HK\$
At 1 April 2012	2,734,187,257	16,538,787	2,750,726,044
Surplus and total comprehensive income for the year	536,487,369	-	536,487,369
At 31 March 2013 and at 1 April 2013	3,270,674,626	16,538,787	3,287,213,413
Surplus and total comprehensive income for the year	425,888,008		425,888,008
At 31 March 2014	3,696,562,634	16,538,787	3,713,101,421

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended 31 March 2014

	Notes	2014 HK\$	2013 HK\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Surplus for the year Adjustment for bank interest income	3	425,888,008 (39,261,453)	536,487,369 (37,577,835)
Decrease/(increase) in levies receivable Increase in sundry deposits Increase in a prepayment Increase/(decrease) in approved claims payable Increase in accrued operation expenses		386,626,555 18,378,050 - (2,500) (156,221) 9,400	498,909,534 (2,503,250) (7,000) (17,916) 93,929 5,740
Increase in accrued supervision fee Net cash flows from operating activities		405,155,284	900,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received Increase in time deposits with original maturity over three months		35,626,113 (563,100,000)	39,986,854 (449,000,000)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(527,473,887)	(409,013,146)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		(122,318,603) 1,035,692,781	88,367,891 947,324,890
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH		913,374,178	1,035,692,781
EQUIVALENTS Bank balances Time deposits with original maturity of three	10	174,178	192,781
months or less when acquired	10	913,200,000	1,035,500,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2014

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Protection of Wages on Insolvency Fund (the "Fund") was established by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region under the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Ordinance of Hong Kong in 1985 for the purpose of providing ex-gratia payments to employees whose employers have become insolvent.

The Fund consists principally of moneys received from the Commissioner of Inland Revenue being an annual levy collected on each business registration certificate issued.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$").

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

Certain revised HKFRSs became effective for the first time during the current financial year but are not applicable to the Fund and, accordingly, they have had no impact on the Fund's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014.

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Fund has not early applied any new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective for the accounting year ended 31 March 2014, in these financial statements. The Fund is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of the new and revised HKFRSs upon initial application but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and revised HKFRSs would have a significant impact on the Fund's results of operations and financial position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2014

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Property and depreciation

The Fund's property is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of the property comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditure incurred after the property has been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged as an expenditure in the year in which it is incurred.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of the Fund's property to its residual value over its estimated useful life, which is the shorter of the lease terms and 20 years from the day the property was first used by the Fund.

Residual value, useful life and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year-end.

A property is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised as an income or an expenditure in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Financial instruments

The Fund classifies its financial instruments into the following categories at inception, depending on the purpose for which the assets were acquired or the liabilities were incurred. Regular way purchases and sales of the financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset.

(a) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are initially recorded at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment allowances.

The Fund recognises losses for impaired loans promptly when there is objective evidence that impairment of a loan or a portfolio of loans has occurred. Impairment allowances are assessed either individually for individually significant loans or collectively for loan portfolios with similar credit risk characteristics including those individually assessed balances for which no impairment provision is made on an individual basis.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited against expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2014

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities of the Fund include approved claims payable, accrued operation expenses and accrued supervision fee. All such financial liabilities are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, they are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets is determined by reference to quoted market prices or dealer price quotations (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs. For financial instruments where there is no active market, the fair value is determined using appropriate valuation techniques. Such techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same; and a discounted cash flow analysis.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired; or where the Fund has transferred its contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial assets and has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership; or where control is not retained. Financial liabilities are derecognised when they are extinguished, i.e., when the obligation is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Fund's cash management.

For the purpose of the statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Fund is the lessee, rentals payable under operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessor are charged as expenditure on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included as an expenditure.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2014

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) levy income, on an accrual basis for the cash receipts from the Inland Revenue Department;
- (b) interest income, accrued on a time proportion basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the interest rate applicable; and
- (c) money recovered by subrogation, when the amounts are received.

Recognition of claims

Claims are accounted for on an accrual basis upon approval of the Commissioner for Labour.

Employee benefits

Pension scheme

The Fund operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged as expenditures when they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Fund in an independently administered fund. The Fund's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

3. INCOME

An analysis of income is as follows:

	2014 HK\$	2013 HK\$
Levies Money recovered by subrogation Bank interest income	448,909,550 6,670,129 39,261,453	574,884,950 5,620,573 37,577,835
	494,841,132	618,083,358

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 7 and 21 of the Business Registration Ordinance and Section 6 in Part III of the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Ordinance, levies of HK\$450 and HK\$1,350 are respectively imposed on one-year and three-year business registration certificates issued on or after 14 March 2008. The levies are reduced to HK\$250 and HK\$750 respectively on one-year and three-year business registration certificates issued on or after 19 July 2013 according to the Business Registration Ordinance (Amendment of Schedule 2) Order 2013.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2014

4. CLAIMS

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 16(1) and (2) and Section 18(1) in Part V of the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Ordinance, the Commissioner for Labour may make ex-gratia payments to applicants out of the Fund of the following amounts:

(a) Wages

Not exceeding HK\$36,000, being wages for services rendered not more than four months prior to an applicant's last day of service.

(b) Wages in lieu of notice

Not exceeding the equivalent of one month's wages of the applicant or HK\$22,500, whichever is the lesser, which became due not more than six months prior to the date of application.

(c) Severance payment

Not exceeding the aggregate of HK\$50,000 and half of the part of the applicant's entitlement in excess of HK\$50,000 being severance payment, the liability for payment of which arose not more than six months prior to the date of application.

(d) Pay for untaken annual leave and untaken statutory holidays

The total amount of pay for untaken annual leave and/or untaken statutory holidays not exceeding HK\$10,500, which includes (i) pay for any annual leave earned in the applicant's last full leave year and not yet taken and pro rata annual leave pay for the last leave year where the applicant has at least 3 but less than 12 months' service entitled upon termination of employment contract under the Employment Ordinance, and (ii) pay for statutory holidays entitled but not yet taken by an applicant within 4 months before his last day of service.

5. SUPERVISION FEE

In accordance with the provisions of Section 14 in Part IV of the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Ordinance, the Financial Secretary may determine a supervision fee, which shall be charged against the income of the Fund, at any time determined by him. An agreement has been reached between the Protection of Wages on Insolvency Fund Board (the "Board") and the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region that the fee will be two-thirds of the Government's cost of administration in respect of the Fund. The Board however reserves its right of re-negotiation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2014

6. SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR

The Fund's surplus for the year is arrived at after charging:

	2014 HK\$	2013 HK\$
Employee benefit expense:		
Wages and salaries	235,517	175,626
Pension scheme contributions	24,791	17,664
	260,308	193,290
Minimum lease payments under an operating		
lease of a building	222,000	201,000

7. REMUNERATION OF MEMBERS OF THE BOARD

No members of the Board received any fees or other emoluments in respect of their services rendered to the Fund during the year (2013: Nil).

8. INCOME TAX

The Fund is exempt from tax under Section 88 of the Inland Revenue Ordinance.

9. PROPERTY

Land and building HK\$

31 March 2014

At 1 April 2012, 31 March 2013, 1 April 2013 and 31 March 2014:

Cost	27,474,677
Accumulated depreciation	(27,474,677)
•	
Net correing amount	
Net carrying amount	

The property, which is held under a long term lease, represents the Fund's office premises situated in Hong Kong.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2014

10. CASH AT BANKS AND TIME DEPOSITS

	2014 HK\$	2013 HK\$
Bank balances Time deposits with original maturity of:	174,178	192,781
3 months or less	913,200,000	1,035,500,000
More than 3 months to 12 months, inclusive	2,757,000,000	2,218,900,000
More than 1 year	25,000,000	
	3,695,374,178	3,254,592,781

11. GENERAL RESERVE

The levies collected and interest received prior to the establishment of the Fund have been set aside in the general reserve account.

12. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Fund leases a storeroom under an operating lease arrangement with a lease term of two years at fixed monthly rentals.

At 31 March 2014, the Fund had total future minimum lease payments under the non-cancellable operating lease falling due as follows:

	2014	2013
	HK\$	HK\$
Within one year	111,000	222,000
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	-	111,000
	111,000	333,000

13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At 31 March 2014, contingent liabilities in respect of claims received but not yet approved and provided for in the financial statements amounted to HK\$86,838,285 (2013: HK\$76,017,493).

A provision has not been recognised in respect of such possible payments as their existence will be confirmed only upon approval by the Commissioner for Labour.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2014

14. FAIR VALUE

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities approximated to their fair values.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amounts at which the instruments could be exchanged in current transactions between willing parties, other than in forced or liquidation sales.

The fair values of levies receivable, interest receivables, time deposits, cash at banks, approved claims payable, accrued operation expenses and accrued supervision fee approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

15. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund's principal financial instruments comprise cash and short term deposits. The Fund has various other financial assets and liabilities such as levies receivable, interest receivables, approved claims payable and accrued supervision fee which arise directly from its operations. The main risks arising from the Fund's financial instruments are credit risk and interest rate risk.

Credit risk

The Fund's receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Fund's exposure to bad debts is not significant. The Fund's maximum exposure on credit risk arising from the default of the counterparties equal to the aggregate carrying amount of these financial assets in the statement of financial position.

Interest rate risk

The Fund's major exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates to the Fund's bank balances with floating daily bank deposits rates. The Fund does not currently have any plan to enter into hedge arrangements to manage its interest rate risk.

Capital management

The primary objective of the Fund's capital management is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide ex-gratia payments to employees whose employers have become insolvent.

The Fund manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013.

16. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 2 September 2014.