For information 26 February 2015

Subcommittee on

Dutiable Commodities (Liquor) (Amendment) Regulation 2015 and Dutiable Commodities (Liquor Licences) (Fees) (Amendment) Regulation 2015

Responses to Issues Raised by Members on 17 February 2015

PURPOSE

This paper provides the supplementary information on the captioned two items of subsidiary legislation sought by Members at the Subcommittee meeting held on 17 February 2015.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

- (a) Breakdown of liquor-licensed premises with "good track record" by business types (restaurants or bars)
- 2. Of the some 6 800 liquor-licensed premises in Hong Kong, over 90% have restaurant licences, and less than 20% have bar endorsement.
- 3. Applying the criteria for "good track record" as set out in Footnote 1 of the Legislative Council Brief (File Ref.: FH CR 2/3231/13) to the liquor-licensed premises as at 31 December 2013, it is reckoned that about 78% of them will meet the test. Of these 78%, the percentage figures of premises that hold restaurant licence and bar endorsement are similar to those set out in paragraph 2 above.
- (b) Number of complaints received and substantiated against liquor-licensed premises in various districts in the past three years
- 4. The relevant information is provided at **Annex**.

(c) Existing cost recovery rates of new issue and renewal of liquor licences and the costing methods

- 5. The cost recovery rates for new issue and renewal of liquor licences based on the existing procedures are 25% and 149% respectively.
- 6. The cost computations are based on the estimated prevailing costs of the requisite work procedures involved and the related resources thus required for processing the new issue and renewal of liquor licences. The costs include staff costs, departmental expenses, accommodation costs, depreciation, cost of services provided by other departments and central administrative overheads.

(d) Estimated savings in overheads on a departmental basis in taking forward the proposal of extending the maximum validity period of a liquor licence

7. In supporting the Liquor Licensing Board's deliberation on applications for two-year renewal, the Liquor Licensing Office under the Food and Environmental Hygiene Department will take into account the regulatory records relevant to the applicant's operation, including complaints and enforcement actions, if any. Such information will also form an integral part of the mid-term review. The cost arising from the establishment of the mid-term review mechanism is expected to be out-weighed by the reduction in workload that would otherwise arise from the processing of straight forward licence renewal cases annually.

(e) Reasons for the reduction in the projected cost recovery rate of the licence renewal service from the present 149% to 119%

8. Under the proposed fee for a two-year licence (i.e. to be set at 1.5 times of that for a licence that is valid for one year), a licensee will actually pay less for renewal of a term of two years as compared to what he is required to pay under the existing mechanism. The annual revenue is therefore expected to drop. Moreover, there will be cost arising from the establishment of the mid-term review mechanism, though it is expected to be partially offset by the reduction in workload. All these together contribute to the projected drop in the cost recovery rate from 149% to 119%.

SUMMING UP

9. Members are invited to note the content of this paper.

Food and Health Bureau Food and Environmental Hygiene Department February 2015

Annex

Number of complaints received and substantiated $\frac{\text{Note}}{\text{against liquor-licensed premises in 2012, 2013 and 2014,}}$ with breakdown by districts in which these premises were located

| District | Number of Complaints | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------|---------------|----------|---------------|
| | 2012 | | 2013 | | 2014 | |
| | Received | Substantiated | Received | Substantiated | Received | Substantiated |
| Central and Western | 303 | 39 | 430 | 45 | 218 | 65 |
| Eastern | 79 | 37 | 43 | 13 | 38 | 18 |
| Southern | 2 | 0 | 55 | 12 | 51 | 49 |
| Wan Chai | 245 | 26 | 271 | 26 | 218 | 55 |
| Islands | 14 | 14 | 39 | 16 | 8 | 5 |
| Yau Tsim | 482 | 215 | 360 | 234 | 302 | 213 |
| Mong Kok | 174 | 63 | 203 | 67 | 198 | 67 |
| Sham Shui Po | 41 | 15 | 67 | 29 | 133 | 80 |
| Kowloon City | 74 | 30 | 125 | 27 | 156 | 63 |
| Wong Tai Sin | 109 | 27 | 130 | 37 | 90 | 26 |
| Kwun Tong | 42 | 21 | 13 | 3 | 34 | 17 |
| Tsuen Wan | 85 | 56 | 137 | 39 | 97 | 28 |
| Kwai Tsing | 53 | 27 | 55 | 12 | 46 | 28 |
| North | 101 | 10 | 85 | 40 | 134 | 69 |
| Tai Po | 64 | 15 | 287 | 164 | 259 | 154 |
| Sai Kung | 222 | 114 | 60 | 19 | 107 | 65 |
| Sha Tin | 59 | 39 | 346 | 238 | 93 | 53 |
| Tuen Mun | 54 | 19 | 39 | 20 | 88 | 30 |
| Yuen Long | 151 | 42 | 226 | 131 | 86 | 53 |
| Total | 2 354 | 809 | 2 971 | 1 172 | 2 356 | 1 138 |

<u>Note</u>: A complaint is regarded as substantiated if enforcement action has been taken or verbal/written warning has been made against the premises after investigation by the concerned department(s).