

立法會
Legislative Council

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Panel on Constitutional Affairs

Minutes of special meeting
held on Saturday, 31 January 2015, at 9:00 am
in Conference Room 1 of the Legislative Council Complex

Members present : Hon TAM Yiu-chung, GBS, JP (Chairman)
Hon Paul TSE Wai-chun, JP (Deputy Chairman)
Hon Albert HO Chun-yan
Hon LEE Cheuk-yan
Hon CHAN Kam-lam, SBS, JP
Hon LEUNG Yiu-chung
Hon WONG Kwok-hing, BBS, MH
Hon Jeffrey LAM Kin-fung, GBS, JP
Hon WONG Ting-kwong, SBS, JP
Hon Starry LEE Wai-king, JP
Hon CHAN Kin-por, BBS, JP
Hon WONG Kwok-kin, SBS
Hon IP Kwok-him, GBS, JP
Hon Mrs Regina IP LAU Suk-ye, GBS, JP
Hon Alan LEONG Kah-kit, SC
Hon LEUNG Kwok-hung
Hon Michael TIEN Puk-sun, BBS, JP
Hon James TIEN Pei-chun, GBS, JP
Hon NG Leung-sing, SBS, JP
Hon Steven HO Chun-yin
Hon YIU Si-wing
Hon MA Fung-kwok, SBS, JP
Hon Charles Peter MOK, JP
Hon CHAN Chi-chuen
Dr Hon Kenneth CHAN Ka-lok
Hon CHAN Yuen-han, SBS, JP
Hon Alice MAK Mei-kuen, JP
Dr Hon KWOK Ka-ki
Hon Dennis KWOK
Hon SIN Chung-kai, SBS, JP

Hon IP Kin-yuen
Hon Martin LIAO Cheung-kong, SBS, JP
Dr Hon CHIANG Lai-wan, JP
Hon CHUNG Kwok-pan

Member attending Hon Vincent FANG Kang, SBS, JP

Members absent : Hon James TO Kun-sun
Dr Hon LAU Wong-fat, GBM, GBS, JP
Hon Emily LAU Wai-hing, JP
Hon Abraham SHEK Lai-him, GBS, JP
Hon Frederick FUNG Kin-kee, SBS, JP
Prof Hon Joseph LEE Kok-long, SBS, JP, PhD, RN
Hon Ronny TONG Ka-wah, SC
Hon Cyd HO Sau-lan, JP
Dr Hon LAM Tai-fai, SBS, JP
Dr Hon Priscilla LEUNG Mei-fun, SBS, JP
Hon CHEUNG Kwok-che
Hon WONG Yuk-man
Hon Claudia MO
Hon WU Chi-wai, MH
Hon Gary FAN Kwok-wai
Hon Christopher CHEUNG Wah-fung, SBS, JP
Dr Hon Fernando CHEUNG Chiu-hung
Dr Hon Helena WONG Pik-wan
Hon Tony TSE Wai-chuen, BBS

Public Officers attending : Sessions One to Three

Mr LAU Kong-wah
Under Secretary for Constitutional and Mainland Affairs

Mr Ronald CHAN Ngok-pang
Political Assistant to Secretary for Constitutional and Mainland
Affairs

Sessions Four to Six

Mr LAU Kong-wah
Under Secretary for Constitutional and Mainland Affairs

Mr Freely CHENG Kei
Principal Assistant Secretary for Constitutional and Mainland
Affairs

Attendance by : Session One
invitation

Democratic Alliance for the Betterment and Progress of Hong
Kong

Mr Thomas LAI
Deputy Spokesperson (Constitutional Affairs)

Mr NGAN Man-yu
Member of Kwun Tong District Council

Miss CHEUNG Fan-lan

Mr NG Su-san

Mr LAU Chun-sun

Mr YUEN Man-to

Mr Timothy KWAI

Ms LEE Wai-ming

Miss WONG Yuk-ting

Mr KWOK Yiu-cheong

光明磊落同學會

Miss YIM Man-wa
Chairperson

Mr SO Wing-lap

Mr CHEUNG Yiu-pan

The General Association of Xiamen (H.K.) Ltd.

Mr FANG Ping
Assistant Secretary-General

Red Capital Group

Mr NGAI Ming-tak
Chairman

The Y. Elites Association

Mr Clarence LEUNG
Chairman

Ms Lumen HUNG

Shop Till You Drop Revolution Team MK

Miss Rita LI York-nam
Member

Mr NG Yip-pui

Mr CHOW Chin-to

Mr CHENG Hui-lun

Mr PENG Tak-fat

Mr LI Lam-cheong

Young Entrepreneurs Association of Chinese

Mr WONG Tai-hoi
Secretary-General

Taxi Drivers & Operators Association

Mr WONG Yat-fung
President

Session Two

Mr CHENG Yuk-kai

Defend Hong Kong Campaign

Mr PO Chun-chung
Convenor

Mr WONG Sze-hang

Miss LI Ka-ying

Mr LUN Shang-chee

Kowloon Chamber of Commerce

Mr Wyler WONG Lai-tang
Vice-Chairman

Wanchai Community Association

Mr CHOW Wai-hung
Vice Chairman

Mr KWOK Wing-kin

Mr SUNG Tsz-ming

Mr KEUNG Kwok-wai

Mr HA Hei-lok

Mr MOK Hiu-fung

Mr TAM Kwok-sun

Mr WONG Chi-mun

Ms WONG Siu-har

Cross-Strait Peaceful Development Federation

Mr NG Tin-chi
Chairman

Mr CHAN Kam-wai

Miss CHAN Suet-mui

Hong Kong Registered Chinese Medicine Practitioners
Association Ltd

Mr CHAN Wing-kwong
Chairman

Miss LAM Pui-yan

Mr Zhu En

The Association of Experts for Modernization Ltd

Ms Elizabeth TSE
Director

Mr LEE Chee-chong

Mr TEO Kong-lap

Mr LAU Kim-wing

Mr YIP Chi-kwong

Miss NG Ting-yan

Session Three

Mr Jaime SZE Wine-him

Ms CHING Hang-ying

Ms YAU Mei-po

Mr SO Wing-chong

Love China Hong Kong Alliance of Youth Cultural Societies

Miss Jenny CHAN
Founding Vice Chairman

Hong Kong Starfire Network Association

Mr CHAN Kuen-hong
Vice Chairman

Mr FANG Wei-qi

Mr KWOK Tak-leung

Mr HOU Chun-kau

Mr TSUI King-sing

Miss Jennifer YUEN

Mr Albert CHUANG

Mr MUK Ka-chun

Mr Eddie TING Kong-ho

Mr CHAN Shui-on

Hong Kong-Shanghai Youth Exchange Promotion Association

Mr Kenneth LEE Ho-chuang
Chairman

Ms LO Kong

Mr Paul LAU Tat-chor

Mr Fanko WAN Cho-keung

Mr CHAN Chee-chuen

Mr HUI Chiu-shing

Mr LAM Man-fai

Mr LEE Yim-hung

Tuen Mun District Women's Association Limited

Miss WONG Pan
Executive Officer

Hong Kong Women Union

Ms CHAN Chun-yim
Chairman

Hong Kong Islands District Association

Mr LAI Tsz-man
Vice Chairman cum Chairman of Public Affairs Committee

Mr HUNG Hok-sum

Session Four

Mr CHAN Hei

Hong Kong Central & Western District Woman Association

Miss Angela LEE
Vice Chairman

Chinese Academy of Governance (Hong Kong) Industrial and
Commerial Professionals Alumni Association Ltd

Mr LEE Yiu-sun
Chairman

Mr KWAN Kin-kei

Hong Kong - China Chamber of Commerce

Mr LEE Kai-ho
General, China Affairs

Mr WONG For-yam

Shatin Women's Association

Miss LAM Yuk-wa
Project In-Charge

Hong Kong Specialist Care Foundation

Dr LAU Shun-tung
Convenor

Ms Lilianna AU Yim-lung

Mr LUI Hung-kik

Ms Betty YAO Mei-yu

Mr CHUNG Fong-chin

Ms CHUNG Kwan-chun

Mr LAM Chun-wing

Ms Peggy MA Pak-king

Mr LAM Ka-shing

Mr LAM Chun-haap

Miss YEUNG Kwan-ming

Ms LAM Chun-ling

Mr TSAI Siu-fung

Hong Kong Mass Transit Railway Staff General Association

Mr LAM Wai-keung
Chairman

Hong Kong Sage United Ltd

Ms Joanne LEE
Head of Youth Committee

Mr CHUNG Kin-fung

Motor Transport Workers General Union

Mr LOW Shih-cheng
Taxi Driver Branch Deputy Director

Service Industry General Union

Mr TONG Kang-yiu
Chairman

Hong Kong Guangxi Youth Organisations

Mr Anthony FAN Kai-young
Executive Vice Chairman

Hong Kong Guangxi Sports Association

Mr NG Yu-wang
Vice President

Miss TSE Hiu-hung

Mr HE Dan

Mr Paul ZIMMERMAN
Member of Southern District Council

Session Five

Civic Party

Miss Bonnie LEUNG Wing-man
Executive Committee Member

The Staffs & Workers Union of Hong Kong Civil Airlines

Mr CHAN Kwok-sze
Secretary

Hong Kong Clerical And Professional Employees General Union

Mr Tony LAM Koon-leung
Financial Officer

Miss KO Yung-lai

Citizens Radio

Mr TSANG Kin-shing
Head of Citizens Radio

Hong Kong Wearing Apparel Industry Employees Central Union

Mr WONG Kwok-sing
Vice General Secretary

Miss TSE Sau-man

Mr CHAN Lup-chi

Mr CHIU Tsz-fung

Mr LAM Chun-yip

Mr CHAN Kwok-sing

Mr Raymond SUNG Wing-yiu

Mr CHEUNG King-leung

Miss WONG Hiu-tung

Mr Benny NG

Mr Leo LI

The Federation of Hong Kong Trade Unions in Tourism

Mr LAM Chi-ting
Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong Muay Thai Association

Mr CHAN Man-ye
Chairman

Mr YEUNG Ke-cheong

Ms YUEN Wai-chun

Hong Kong Confederation of Trade Union

Mr MUNG Siu-tat
Chief Executive

China Hong Kong Federation of Youth Culture

Mr Curtis LEE
Chairman

China Macau Federation of Youth Culture

Mr HUNG Wing-keung
General Director

Tung Chung Youth Association

Mr WONG Tsz-man
President

Miss LUK Kam-shing

Mr Henry TANG

公屋被迫遷戶關注組

Mr LAI Chi-po

Mr HEUNG Ming-hau

Session Six

Hong Kong Association of Cultural Interchange

Mr LAI Wing-chun

The Association of Zhuangzi Culture & Research of Hong Kong

Mr Louis CHONG Wai-cheung

Hong Kong United Youth Exchange Foundation Ltd

Mr Benny LAU Wai-wai
Executive Director

Yau Ma Tei Concern for Resident Rights Association

Mr CHOW Chun-ming
Chairman

Mr CHAN Chi-ho

Liberal Party

Mr Peter SHIU
Vice Party Chair

Mr Andrew FAN Chun-wah

Mr CHIM Shing

Mr Eddy CHEN Lung-shing

Ms Vincenza CHAN Wing-kei

Hong Kong Federation of Fujian Association

Mr HUNG Chi-kit
Member

Mr HOR Wing-kit

Miss WONG Man-man

Mr Benson WONG Wai-kwok

Clerk in attendance : Ms Joanne MAK
Chief Council Secretary (2) 3

Staff in attendance : Mr Kelvin LEE
Assistant Legal Adviser 1

Miss Cindy HO
Senior Council Secretary (2) 3

Miss Karen LAI
Council Secretary (2) 6

Mrs Fonny TSANG
Legislative Assistant (2) 3

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I. Consultation Document on the Method for Selecting the Chief Executive by Universal Suffrage ("Consultation Document")
[LC Paper No. CB(2)658/14-15(03)]

The Panel received views on the Consultation Document from a total of 151 deputations/individuals. A record of the 151 deputations/individuals and the submissions received is in **Appendix**.

Discussion

2. The Under Secretary for Constitutional and Mainland Affairs ("USCMA") thanked the deputations for their views and suggestions. He said that the Administration would consolidate the views collected during the consultation period as soon as possible with a view to submitting a proposal for the method for selecting the Chief Executive ("CE") by universal suffrage to the Legislative Council ("LegCo"). He noted that there were concerns that the method for selecting CE in 2017 in accordance with the Decision of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress ("NPCSC") on Issues Relating to the Selection of CE of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("HKSAR") by Universal Suffrage and on the Method for Forming the LegCo of HKSAR in the Year 2016 ("the Decision") would be final. He said that after the implementation of universal suffrage for the CE election through "one person, one vote" in 2017, the electoral method could be further refined, and would be developed in the light of the actual situation in HKSAR and progress in a gradual and orderly manner. He pointed out that the "Five-step Process" of constitutional development set out in the Interpretation adopted by NPCSC in

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2004 ("the 2004 Interpretation") still applied. In other words, after universal suffrage for the CE election was implemented in 2017, future refinements or improvements could still be sought in accordance with the constitutional procedures of the "Five-step Process".

3. Dr CHIANG Lai-wan said that while there were about five million eligible voters to select CE by universal suffrage in 2017, only 3.56 million of them had registered as voters. She enquired about the measures to be taken to encourage more people to register as voters. USCMA said that in addition to traditional publicity channels through production of Announcements in the Public Interest for broadcast on television, radio and other media, registration counters were set up at the five Registration of Persons Offices under the Immigration Department to encourage and help young people register when they visited these offices to apply for or collect their adult identity cards. He assured members that the publicity measures would be enhanced.

4. Mr WONG Kwok-hing considered that constitutional development should move forward in accordance with the Basic Law ("BL") and the Decision. Noting that some deputations had queried the Decision, Mr WONG requested the Administration to explain its views. USCMA advised that Hong Kong was not an independent country but a special administrative region of the State, and hence its constitutional development must proceed within the framework of BL and the Decision.

5. Mr LEE Cheuk-yan pointed out that the 2004 Interpretation mentioned only that NPCSC should make a determination as regards whether there was a need to amend the method for selecting CE, but not to decide how the method for selecting CE should be amended. He enquired whether the Decision would still remain in force when the LegCo election was held in 2020 and when the CE election took place in 2022. USCMA explained that according to the 2007 NPCSC Decision, after CE was selected by universal suffrage, the election of LegCo could be implemented by the method of electing all the Members by universal suffrage. The selection of CE by universal suffrage was accordingly a pre-condition for the election of all Members of LegCo by universal suffrage. USCMA said that the specific method for electing all Members by universal suffrage would be formulated in accordance with the constitutional procedures of the "Five-step Process". After universal suffrage for the CE election was implemented in 2017, future refinements or improvements could still be sought also in accordance with those procedures.

6. Mr CHAN Chi-chuen said that Members belonging to the pan-democratic camp would veto any constitutional reform proposal formulated

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under the restrictive framework of the Decision. In his view, the second-round public consultation did not serve any meaningful purpose. He asked whether the Government would conduct a referendum with high credibility to gauge public views on the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted to LegCo. USCMA responded that there was no legal basis for the Government to conduct a referendum. However, consideration might be given to commissioning an independent organization to conduct opinion polls for reference purpose.

7. In response to some deputations' view that supporting the Government's constitutional reform proposal would render the political system of Hong Kong taking a retrograde step, USCMA said that a system that allowed Hong Kong people to elect the CE-elect through "one person, one vote" was surely more democratic than the existing system that the CE-elect was only elected by the 1 200-member Election Committee ("EC"). He said that universal suffrage would bring fundamental changes to the political ecosystem and culture of governance in Hong Kong.

8. Mr IP Kin-yuen considered that the Decision had imposed a very restrictive framework on the method for selecting CE in 2017, and invited views from deputations which had expressed support for the Decision and the reasons. Mr PO Chun-chung said that the Decision was to maintain the prosperity and stability of Hong Kong as well as to safeguard the security and interests of the State. Mr CHENG Yuk-kai and Ms Elizabeth TSE considered that the Decision provided guiding principles on how universal suffrage for the CE election in 2017 could be implemented.

9. Mr CHAN Kam-lam emphasized the importance of achieving progress in attaining universal suffrage in a gradual and orderly manner and called on all parties to adopt a pragmatic approach. He said that some people considered that nomination of CE candidates through "civic nomination" was the only way of achieving "genuine universal suffrage". He, however, considered that CE should be elected by universal suffrage upon nomination by a broadly representative Nominating Committee ("NC") as stipulated in BL45. He said that "civic nomination" was not consistent with BL. He suggested that efforts should be made to enhance the public's understanding of the concept of "one country, two systems" through public education and publicity. He added that there was no international standard on what "genuine universal suffrage" meant and no single electoral system that suited all places.

10. Miss CHAN Yuen-han said that public opinions regarding constitutional development had become polarized, and enquired how the Administration would forge a consensus in the design of the specific method for selecting the

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CE by universal suffrage. She said that the suggestion of "casting blank votes" had attracted different views and called on the Administration to engage the public in discussion of the suggestion. USCMA said that the Government would endeavour to implement universal suffrage for the CE election as scheduled according to the provisions of BL and the Decision. He emphasized that the composition of NC would ensure balanced participation of various sectors of the community. Miss CHAN considered that a multi-lateral platform should be established to enable parties concerned to strive to reach a broad consensus on the model of universal suffrage for the CE election.

11. Mr Vincent FANG said that the Liberal Party was inclined to support a constitutional reform proposal that would bring forward constitutional development. He said that there was no international model for the implementation of universal suffrage and universal suffrage should be pursued step by step. He said that the democracy systems in different jurisdictions invariably developed through an evolutionary process.

12. In response to some deputations' views on the procedures for NC to nominate CE candidates, USCMA said that under the current proposal, at the stage of "members recommendation", each person seeking nomination would explain his or her election platform to the public and lobby for support. He explained that this would enable NC to see at the initial stage which of those persons seeking nomination had received the greatest support from the public, and it was believed that NC members would take the public opinions into account in nominating CE candidates. These proposed arrangements were intended to advance the competitive atmosphere and active involvement of the public from the universal suffrage stage to the nomination stage of the election. Mr CHUNG Fong-chin expressed support for the proposal that the persons seeking nomination should be arranged to meet the public to explain their election platform first before they were nominated by NC.

13. USCMA shared the views of some deputations that opinion polls conducted by various organizations had indicated that over 50% of respondents hoped that the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted to LegCo should be passed. He said that the next step was for the Government to introduce a resolution on the amendments to the method for selecting CE and secure for its endorsement by a two-thirds majority of all Members. Dr CHIANG Lai-wan said that as more than 50% of respondents had indicated their support in the opinion polls, more efforts should be made by the Administration to solicit even greater public support. USCMA said that the Administration had stepped up publicity during this second round public consultation on constitutional reform

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through television/radio programmes and reaching out to districts as well as meetings with District Councils, etc. He appealed to all Members for their support for the implementation of universal suffrage for the CE election in the HKSAR in accordance with the law in 2017.

14. Mr Steven HO emphasized that different electoral systems were adopted in overseas jurisdictions, and "civic nomination" was also not adopted in western countries such as the United States and United Kingdom. He considered that only elections implemented in accordance with the law could be regarded as "genuine universal suffrage". In response to some deputations' concern, Mr HO explained that corporate voting was adopted for returning members of the Agriculture and Fisheries subsector given that there were over 80 000 practitioners in the subsector. It was necessary to retain 60 seats in NC for the Agriculture and Fisheries subsector for sustainable development of the industry.

15. Mr HOU Chun-kau considered that Hong Kong's democracy development should proceed step by step and he did not support using extreme and illegal means to strive for democracy. He called on political parties concerned to support the constitutional reform proposal. Miss Jenny CHAN of Love China Hong Kong Alliance of Youth Cultural Societies said that 60 - 70% of respondents in recent opinion polls had indicated that the constitutional reform proposal should be endorsed. She expressed support for the provision of NC so as to balance the interests of different sectors.

16. Mr LEUNG Kwok-hung said that the views of Hong Kong people should be taken into full account in designing the specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage. He said that the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted by the Government would not give Hong Kong people a genuine choice. He requested the Administration to conduct a referendum and advise the Central Authorities of the outcome of the referendum.

17. Mr LAM Man-fai stressed that the strong aspirations of Hong Kong people for implementing universal suffrage for the CE election in 2017 should be met. Mr LAI Tsz-man of Hong Kong Islands District Association said that dissenting views should be respected and LegCo Members should vote in the interests of Hong Kong people and endorse the proposal on constitutional development. Mr CHAN Kuen-hong of Hong Kong Starfire Network Association said that it was unrealistic to suggest the conduct of a referendum as there was no legal basis to do so.

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18. USCMA pointed out that many people had expressed concern as to when universal suffrage for the CE election and LegCo election could be achieved if the Government's constitutional reform proposal was voted down. He hoped that Members belonging to the pan-democratic camp would take this into account. He said that the Administration welcomed discussions with LegCo Members on the specific issues relating to universal suffrage for the CE election within the framework of BL and the Decision.

19. Mr CHAN Kam-lam invited views from deputations on whether the Government proposal on constitutional reform should be accepted first. Mr CHUNG Fong-chin considered that the proposal should be accepted as the electoral arrangements could be further refined in the future if deemed necessary. Mr Paul ZIMMERMAN considered that there was no ground for Members to consider accepting the proposal first since the Administration had made no commitment on how universal suffrage for LegCo election would be implemented. He pointed out that no undertakings had ever been made to abolish all functional constituencies ("FCs") in 2020.

20. Mr Alan LEONG considered that any proposals formulated in accordance with the framework of the Decision would not allow voters to have a genuine choice as NC would allow only persons who were favoured by the Central Authorities to become CE candidates. Mr Steven HO, however, considered that NC would provide institutional safeguards for ensuring the economic development and prosperity of Hong Kong. He added that the 1 200 members of NC would be returned through elections.

21. In response to some deputations' views that Hong Kong people's views had not been fully reflected to the Central Authorities, USCMA disagreed and explained that the Report on the Public Consultation on the Methods for Selecting CE in 2017 and for Forming the LegCo in 2016 submitted by the Task Force on Constitutional Development ("Task Force") had consolidated the views received during the first-round public consultation. He said that the Task Force had attended some 200 consultation and district events, and received some 124 000 submissions. Furthermore, arrangements had been made for LegCo Members to visit Shanghai in April 2014 to facilitate communication between Members and the Central Authorities. He stressed that if the proposal of selecting CE by universal suffrage in 2017 was vetoed, the democratic development in Hong Kong would suffer delay again.

22. Dr KWOK Ka-ki requested the Administration to respond to some deputations' demands for implementing "genuine universal suffrage" and

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ensuring that the rights of Hong Kong people to make nomination, to stand for election and to vote conformed to the principles of universal and equal suffrage. He called on the Administration to restart the "Five-step Process" to discuss all over again the method for the 2017 CE election. USCMA explained that the next step was for the HKSAR Government to introduce into LegCo a constitutional reform proposal and strive for its endorsement by a two-thirds majority of all the LegCo Members. It was therefore impossible for the current-term Government to restart the "Five-step Process" to discuss all over again the method for the CE election. Moreover, according to the Decision, if the specific method for universal suffrage for the CE election could not obtain endorsement in accordance with the relevant statutory procedures, the method used for selecting CE in 2012 would continue to apply in 2017.

23. Mr YIU Si-wing considered that implementation of universal suffrage for the CE election in 2017 was a big step forward in constitutional development. He asked whether the Administration would undertake to abolish FCs in order to lobby for support for the constitutional reform proposal in its discussion with Members belonging to the pan-democratic camp and if so, whether other Members would be consulted. USCMA advised that the specific method for electing all LegCo Members by universal suffrage would be formulated in accordance with the constitutional procedures of the "Five-step Process".

24. Dr Kenneth CHAN considered that under the framework imposed by the Decision, the 2017 CE election would not comply with the principles of universality and equality and would disallow people of different political views to stand for the election. He pointed out that the screening process by NC was not equivalent to the presidential primaries in the United States. He recalled that the HKSAR Government had been urged by the relevant United Nations committee in 2013 to take all necessary measures to implement universal and equal suffrage in conformity with the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights for all future elections. Dr CHAN also called on the Administration to provide the timetable and roadmap for attaining the abolition of all FC seats in 2020.

25. Mr Louis CHONG Wai-cheung of the Association of Zhuangzi Culture & Research of Hong Kong said that CE to be elected by the five million eligible voters instead of the existing system by the 1 200-member EC was an important milestone for democratic development in Hong Kong. He pointed out that if the constitutional reform proposal was vetoed, the method of selecting CE in 2012 would continue to apply according to the Decision.

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26. Mr LEUNG Kwok-hung considered that the "three-track" nomination proposal was the fairest as it allowed "civic nomination", nomination by political parties and nomination by NC to co-exist. He added that "civic nomination" was a direct way of enabling voters to have a genuine choice. Mr Peter SHIU of Liberal Party considered that the "three-track" nomination proposal was not feasible. He saw merits to retain FCs so as to balance the interests of different sectors of the community and minimize the risk of having a populist government in Hong Kong. He considered that the split voting system had provided the necessary check and balance as geographical constituency Members could veto proposals put forward by FC Members and vice versa.

27. Ms Vincenza CHAN Wing-kei considered that parties concerned should make the best use of the room within the Decision to achieve maximum consensus when designing the specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage. In response to Mr HOR Wing-kit's enquiry, USCMA reiterated that the Administration would not rule out the possibility of commissioning an independent organization to conduct opinion polls. He emphasized that a system that allowed Hong Kong people to elect the CE-elect, through "one person, one vote", was surely more democratic than the existing system that the CE-elect was only elected by the 1 200-member EC.

II. Any other business

28. There being no other business, the meeting ended at 8:11 pm.

Council Business Division 2
Legislative Council Secretariat
13 April 2015

Panel on Constitutional Affairs

Special meeting on Saturday, 31 January 2015, at 9:00 am

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
<u>Session One</u>		
1.*	Democratic Alliance for the Betterment and Progress of Hong Kong	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The specific method for selecting the Chief Executive ("CE") by universal suffrage should strictly comply with the Basic Law ("BL") and the Decision of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress ("NPCSC") adopted on 31 August 2014 ("the Decision"). The constitutional development of Hong Kong should be taken forward in a gradual and orderly manner. • The nominating committee ("NC") should be composed in accordance with 38 subsectors in four sectors of the existing Election Committee ("EC"), with a total of 1 200 members. • Persons seeking nomination should obtain recommendation from not less than one-tenth but not more than one-eighth of NC members. The proposal of capping the recommendation threshold at 150 was supported. NC should adopt the method of "one person, maximum three votes" to nominate two to three candidates. • A two-round voting system should be adopted for selecting CE by universal suffrage, and the CE-elect should obtain more than half of the valid votes. • The Chief Executive Election Ordinance ("CEEEO") should be amended to prescribe the electoral procedures and arrangements in the scenario that the CE-elect was not appointed by the Central People's Government ("CPG").
2.*	Mr NGAN Man-yu Member of Kwun Tong District Council	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CE should be elected by universal suffrage on a "one person, one vote" basis in 2017. • "Civic nomination" or "party nomination" would undermine the power of NC and should not be pursued. • The electoral system of Hong Kong should accord with the principle of "one country, two systems" and befit the legal status of Hong Kong as a special administrative region of the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). • It was the mainstream view that constitutional development should move forward rather than coming to a standstill.
3.*	Miss CHEUNG Fan-lan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CE should be elected by universal suffrage on a "one person, one vote" basis in 2017. • New subsectors (e.g. women) could be added to increase the representativeness of NC. • Regarding the nomination arrangement, the discussion had to be based on the legal framework constituted by BL and relevant Decisions of NPCSC. Too many CE candidates would incur high administrative cost and should be avoided.

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
4.*	Mr NG Su-san	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "Supplementary Vote System" should be adopted for electing CE by universal suffrage so that only one round of voting would be held. • Legislative Council ("LegCo") Members should vote for the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted to LegCo so that all eligible voters of Hong Kong could elect the CE-elect by "one person, one vote" in 2017.
5.	Mr LAU Chun-sun	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)760/14-15(01)
6.	Mr YUEN Man-to	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(01)
7.	Mr Timothy KWAI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(01)
8.*	Ms LEE Wai-ming	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Decision did not conform to the relevant provisions of BL. • The Government should give an undertaking that functional constituencies ("FCs") would be abolished in 2016.
9.*	Miss WONG Yuk-ting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CE candidates should not be subject to screening by NC. The restrictive framework imposed by the Decision was objected. • Hong Kong should develop an electoral system and a fair and democratic constitutional system as guaranteed under the Sino-British Joint Declaration signed in 1984. Internal affairs of Hong Kong should be administered by Hong Kong people.
10.*	Mr KWOK Yiu-cheong	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "Civic nomination" should be adopted in the CE election in 2017. • The Decision had ruled out "civic nomination" and contravened the Constitution of PRC. • FCs should be abolished so that all LegCo Members should be returned by universal suffrage.
11.	光明磊落同學會	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(03)
12.*	Mr SO Wing-lap	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Decision contravened the Constitution of PRC and BL. • Members belonging to the pan-democratic camp should veto the constitutional reform proposal so as to strive for a more democratic electoral system in 2017.
13.*	Mr CHEUNG Yiu-pan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supported the Decision and called for the joint efforts of all sectors of the community to reach a consensus within the constitutional framework of BL and relevant Interpretation and Decisions of NPCSC. • NC should be composed of the four sectors of the existing EC. • The nominating procedures of NC should be divided into the stage of "members recommendation" and the stage of "committee nomination". Persons seeking nomination should obtain recommendation from 100 NC members. A plenary meeting of NC should be conducted to nominate CE candidates, and secret ballot should be adopted.

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The "first-past-the-post" system should be adopted for selecting CE by universal suffrage.
14.	The General Association of Xiamen (H.K.) Ltd.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(02)
15.	Red Capital Group	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(03)
16.	The Y. Elites Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(05)
17.	Ms Lumen HUNG	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(06)
18.	Shop Till You Drop Revolution Team MK	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)760/14-15(02)
19.	Mr NG Yip-pui	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(07)
20.	Mr CHOW Chin-to	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(08)
21.	Mr CHENG Hui-lun	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(09)
22.	Mr PENG Tak-fat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(10)
23.	Mr LI Lam-cheong	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(11)
24.	Young Entrepreneurs Association of Chinese	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(12)
25.	Taxi Drivers & Operators Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(13)
<u>Session Two</u>		
26.	Mr CHENG Yuk-kai	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(14)
27.	Defend Hong Kong Campaign	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)760/14-15(03)
28.*	Mr WONG Sze-hang	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The composition of NC should conform to the stipulations of the Decision and should be modelled on the existing EC. • After the CE election in 2017, the composition of subsectors of NC could be adjusted slightly in accordance with the actual situation of Hong Kong. • LegCo Members should vote for the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted to LegCo so that all eligible voters of Hong Kong could elect the CE-elect by "one person, one vote" in 2017.

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
29.*	Miss LI Ka-ying	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Constitutional reform should be discussed on the basis of BL and the Decision. ● NC should be composed of the four sectors of the existing EC with a total of 1 200 members. ● After the CE election in 2017, the number of members of the District Councils ("DCs") subsectors could be increased in order to raise the democratic elements of NC. ● LegCo Members should adopt a pragmatic approach in achieving universal suffrage.
30.	Mr LUN Shang-chee	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(15)
31.*	Kowloon Chamber of Commerce	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● The number of members of NC should be 1 200, composed of four sectors with 300 members each. The formation method of NC should follow that of EC as prescribed in Annex I to BL. ● The electorate base of subsectors and the number of members of each subsector of NC should follow the relevant arrangements of the existing EC.
32.	Wanchai Community Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)760/14-15(04)
33.*	Mr KWOK Wing-kin	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LegCo Members should veto the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted to LegCo. ● Any proposals formulated in accordance with the framework of the Decision would not allow voters to have a genuine choice and should not be accepted.
34.*	Mr SUNG Tsz-ming	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LegCo Members should veto the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted to LegCo. ● The proposed formation of NC in accordance with 38 subsectors in four sectors of the existing EC was a retrogressive step in democratic development.
35.*	Mr KEUNG Kwok-wai	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Annex I to BL should be amended to provide for "civic nomination" in selecting CE by universal suffrage. ● For implementation of "genuine universal suffrage", Hong Kong people should be allowed to exercise the rights to make nomination, to stand for election and to vote.
36.*	Mr HA Hei-lok	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● A referendum should be conducted to gauge public views on the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted to LegCo. ● The "three-track" nomination proposal which comprised the elements of "civic nomination" and "party nomination" should be adopted.
37.*	Mr MOK Hiu-fung	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● The Decision had throttled room for implementing "genuine universal suffrage" for the CE election in 2017. ● CE candidates nominated by NC would not help ensure that the CE-elect would be accountable to the general public.

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
38.*	Mr TAM Kwok-sun	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Members belonging to the pan-democratic camp should veto the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted to LegCo. "Civic nomination" which allowed every citizen to have the right to nominate CE candidates should be supported.
39.	Mr WONG Chi-mun	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)760/14-15(05)
40.*	Ms WONG Siu-har	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A second-round public consultation on constitutional development was unnecessary as the Administration had already made it clear that the Decision would not be retracted.
41.*	Cross-Strait Peaceful Development Federation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The constitutional development of Hong Kong should move forward in a gradual and orderly manner. The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with BL and relevant decisions of NPCSC.
42.*	Mr CHAN Kam-wai	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Members belonging to the pan-democratic camp should veto the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted to LegCo. NC, which had to be formed in accordance with the number of members, composition and formation method of the current EC, could not comply with the requirement of NC being "broadly representative" as the existing EC was often criticized as a "small-circle election" and not representative. "Civic nomination" was ruled out by the Administration without reasonable cause. The Administration should provide a timetable and roadmap on the ultimate model for implementing universal suffrage for CE and LegCo elections.
43.*	Miss CHAN Suet-mui	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The constitutional reform proposal would not allow voters to have a genuine choice as NC would allow only persons who were favoured by the Central Authorities to become CE candidates. The CE-elect would not be held accountable to the people. LegCo Members should veto the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted to LegCo.
44.	Hong Kong Registered Chinese Medicine Practitioners Association Ltd	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(04)
45.	Miss LAM Pui-yan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(05)
46.	Mr Zhu En	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(06)
47.	The Association of Experts for Modernization Ltd	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(16)

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
48.*	Mr LEE Chee-chong	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with BL and relevant Decisions of NPCSC. • Persons seeking nomination should be required to swear allegiance to HKSAR and CPG. • LegCo members should vote for the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted to LegCo. • The composition and formation method of NC should be modelled on the existing EC, and a low recommendation threshold should be set. • White votes or malicious votes should be void.
49.*	Mr TEO Kong-lap	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with BL and the Decision. • The composition of NC should make reference to the existing framework of the four sectors in the existing EC with a total of 1 200 members. • Persons seeking nomination should obtain recommendation from 120 NC members. Each NC member could only recommend one person to seek nomination. • A two-round voting system should be adopted for selecting CE by universal suffrage, and the CE-elect should obtain more than half of the valid votes. • CEEO should be amended to prescribe the electoral procedures and arrangements in the scenario that the CE-elect was not appointed by CPG. • LegCo Members should vote for the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted to LegCo.
50.*	Mr LAU Kim-wing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with BL and the Decision. • NC should be composed in accordance with 38 subsectors in four sectors of the existing EC, with a total of 1 200 members. • Persons seeking nomination should obtain recommendation from 100 NC members. Each NC member could only recommend one person to seek nomination. A plenary meeting of NC should be conducted to nominate CE candidates. • CEEO should be amended to prescribe the electoral procedures and arrangements in the scenario that the CE-elect was not appointed by CPG. • A two-round voting system should be adopted for selecting CE by universal suffrage, and the CE-elect should obtain more than half of the valid votes.
51.*	Mr YIP Chi-kwong	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with BL and the Decision. • NC should be composed in accordance with 38 subsectors in four sectors of the existing EC, with a total of 1 200 members. The term of office of NC should be five years.

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Persons seeking nomination should obtain recommendation from 150 NC members. Each NC member could only recommend one person to seek nomination. A plenary meeting of NC should be conducted to nominate CE candidates. CEEEO should be amended to prescribe the electoral procedures and arrangements in the scenario that the CE-elect was not appointed by CPG.
52.	Miss NG Ting-yan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(07)
<u>Session Three</u>		
53.	Mr Jaime SZE Wine-him	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(08)
54.*	Ms CHING Hang-ying	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CE's report submitted to NPCSC had failed to reflect people's aspiration for no screening in the nomination procedures. LegCo Members should raise objection to the restrictive framework imposed by the Decision. The Administration should restart the "Five-step Process" of constitutional reform. The people of Hong Kong should have the rights to make nomination, to stand for election and to vote; and voters should be allowed to have a genuine choice in the CE election in 2017.
55.*	Ms YAU Mei-po	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The plight of the elderly and low income families was attributed to the ineffective governance of the Government. CE candidates should love the country and Hong Kong, and should strive for the betterment of Hong Kong. "Civic nomination" should be allowed for nomination of CE candidates in order to achieve "genuine universal suffrage", and the number of CE candidates should not be capped. FCs should be abolished.
56.	Mr SO Wing-chong	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(17)
57.	Love China Hong Kong Alliance of Youth Cultural Societies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper Nos. CB(2)734/14-15(18) and CB(2)858/14-15(09)
58.	Hong Kong Starfire Network Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(19)
59.	Mr FANG Wei-qi	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(21)
60.*	Mr KWOK Tak-leung	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with BL. The constitutional development of Hong Kong should move forward rather than coming to an impasse. On the composition of NC, new subsectors (e.g. estate agent, small and medium enterprises) should be added to enhance the

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
		<p>representativeness of NC, and the number of members of certain subsectors (e.g. declining industries) could be reduced.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Persons seeking nomination should obtain recommendation from 100 to 150 NC members. ● The number of CE candidates should be capped at three.
61.*	Mr HOU Chun-kau	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with BL. The constitutional development of Hong Kong should be taken forward in a gradual and orderly manner. ● Political parties should vote for the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted to LegCo.
62.*	Mr TSUI King-sing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Efforts on promoting BL were grossly inadequate and should be enhanced as young people were not fully familiar with the relevant provisions of BL. ● The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with BL and the Decision. ● NC should be composed in accordance with 38 subsectors in four sectors of the existing EC, with a total of 1 200 members. ● CE should not have any political affiliation.
63.*	Miss Jennifer YUEN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with BL and the Decision. ● Consideration could be given to increasing the number of NC members as well as the number of subsectors so as to enhance the representativeness of NC. ● The number of candidates to be nominated by NC should be set at two to three. ● CE should be elected by universal suffrage on a "one person, one vote" basis in 2017.
64.*	Mr Albert CHUANG	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● There was no specific international model for universal suffrage, and the design and establishment of any political structure of a particular place had to have regard to the historical background of that place. ● A two-round voting system should be adopted for selecting CE by universal suffrage to ensure that the CE-elect received majority support from voters. ● NC should be composed in accordance with 38 subsectors in four sectors of the existing EC, with a total of 1 200 members. The number of members of certain subsectors could be appropriately adjusted. ● Persons seeking nomination should obtain recommendation from 100 to 150 NC members. ● CE should be elected by universal suffrage on a "one person, one vote" basis in 2017.
65.	Mr MUK Ka-chun	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(23)

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
66.	Mr Eddie TING Kong-ho	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(24)
67.	Mr CHAN Shui-on	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(25)
68.*	Hong Kong-Shanghai Youth Exchange Promotion Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with BL and the Decision. ● On the composition of NC, it was appropriate to maintain the four sectors and 38 subsectors as in the existing EC with a total of 1 200 members. ● Persons seeking nomination should obtain recommendation from 200 NC members. The two to three persons who obtained the highest number of votes and more than half of the votes of all NC members shall formally become candidates for the CE election. ● CE should not have any political affiliation and should swear allegiance to CPG and HKSAR and uphold BL. ● LegCo Members should vote for the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted to LegCo.
69.	Ms LO Kong	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(26)
70.	Mr Paul LAU Tat-chor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(10)
71.	Mr Fanko WAN Cho-keung	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(27)
72.	Mr CHAN Chee-chuen	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(28)
73.	Mr HUI Chiu-shing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(29)
74.	Mr LAM Man-fai	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(30)
75.	Mr LEE Yim-hung	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(31)
76.*	Tuen Mun District Women's Association Limited	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with BL and the Decision. ● On the composition of NC, it was appropriate to maintain the four sectors and 38 subsectors as in the existing EC. Consideration could be given to bringing the proportion of female membership in NC to 30% as more women were expected to participate in the subsectors elections in 2016. ● For future development, a new subsector for women and the youth with 60 seats could be added to the Third Sector.
77.	Hong Kong Women Union	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(11)
78.	Hong Kong Islands District Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(32)

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
79.	Mr HUNG Hok-sum	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(20)
<u>Session Four</u>		
80.	Mr CHAN Hei	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)760/14-15(06)
81.	Hong Kong Central & Western District Woman Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(12)
82.	Chinese Academy of Governance (Hong Kong) Industrial and Commercial Professionals Alumni Association Ltd	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(13)
83.	Mr KWAN Kin-kei	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(33)
84.	Hong Kong - China Chamber of Commerce	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(34)
85.	Mr WONG For-yam	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(35)
86.*	Shatin Women's Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NC should be modelled on the existing EC to elect the fourth term CE according to the Decision. The nominating procedures of NC should be divided into the stage of "members recommendation" and the stage of "committee nomination". NC should adopt secret ballot to nominate CE candidates. The term of office of NC should be five years. A two-round voting system should be adopted for selecting CE by universal suffrage to ensure that the CE-elect received majority support from voters. CEEEO should be amended to prescribe the electoral procedures and arrangements in the scenario that the CE-elect was not appointed by CPG. CE should be elected by universal suffrage on a "one person, one vote" basis in 2017.
87.	Hong Kong Specialist Care Foundation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(36)
88.	Ms Lilianna AU Yim-lung	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(37)
89.*	Mr LUI Hung-kik	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NC should be composed in accordance with the four sectors of the existing EC. The number of members could maintain at 1 200. Persons seeking nomination should obtain recommendation from 120 NC members. Each NC member could only recommend one person to seek nomination. The two to three persons who

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
		<p>obtained the highest number of votes and more than half of the votes of all NC members shall formally become candidates for the CE election, and secret ballot should be adopted.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● CEEO should be amended to prescribe the electoral procedures and arrangements in the scenario that the CE-elect was not appointed by CPG. ● CE should not have any political affiliation.
90.	Ms Betty YAO Mei-yu	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(38)
91.	Mr CHUNG Fong-chin	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(14)
92.*	Ms CHUNG Kwan-chun	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with BL and the Decision. ● NC should be composed in accordance with the four sectors and 38 subsectors as in the existing EC. The term of office of NC should be five years. ● The nominating procedures of NC should be divided into the stage of "members recommendation" and the stage of "committee nomination". ● Persons seeking nomination should obtain recommendation from 150 NC members but not more than 300 NC members. Each NC member could only recommend one person to seek nomination. ● NC should adopt the method of "one person, maximum three votes" to nominate two to three candidates, and a plenary meeting of NC should be conducted. ● CE should not have any political affiliation.
93.	Mr LAM Chun-wing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(39)
94.	Ms Peggy MA Pak-king	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(40)
95.	Mr LAM Ka-shing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(41)
96.	Mr LAM Chun-haap	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(42)
97.	Miss YEUNG Kwan-ming	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(43)
98.	Ms LAM Chun-ling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(44)
99.	Mr TSAI Siu-fung	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(45)
100.	Hong Kong Mass Transit Railway Staff General Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(15)
101.*	Hong Kong Sage United Ltd	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● NC should be composed in accordance with the four sectors of the existing EC.

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "Supplementary Vote System" should be adopted for electing the CE to ensure that the CE-elect received majority support from voters. • CEEO should be amended to prescribe the electoral procedures and arrangements in the scenario that the CE-elect was not appointed by CPG. • CE should be elected by universal suffrage on a "one person, one vote" basis in 2017.
102.	Mr CHUNG Kin-fung	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(16)
103.*	Motor Transport Workers General Union	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CE candidates should love the country and Hong Kong. • NC should be composed in accordance with the four sectors of the existing EC. The number of members could maintain at 1 200. • The nominating procedures of NC should be divided into the stage of "members recommendation" and the stage of "committee nomination". The term of office of NC should be five years. • Persons seeking nomination should obtain recommendation from 150 NC members but not more than 300 NC members. Each NC member could only recommend one person who sought nomination. • NC should adopt the method of "one person, maximum three votes" to nominate two to three candidates, and secret ballot should be adopted. • A two-round voting system should be adopted for selecting CE by universal suffrage. • CEEO should be amended to prescribe the electoral procedures and arrangements in the scenario that the CE-elect was not appointed by CPG.
104.	Service Industry General Union	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(17)
105.	Hong Kong Guangxi Youth Organisations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(47)
106.	Hong Kong Guangxi Sports Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(48)
107.*	Miss TSE Hiu-hung	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Members belonging to the pan-democratic camp should take heed of the public opinions and vote for the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted to LegCo. • CE should be elected by universal suffrage on a "one person, one vote" basis in 2017.
108.*	Mr HE Dan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Many young people had newly registered as electors and considered that constitutional development should move forward rather than coming to an impasse.

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LegCo Members should vote for the constitutional reform proposal to be submitted to LegCo so that Hong Kong people could, through "one person, one vote", elect a CE-elect to lead Hong Kong's future development.
109.*	Mr Paul Zimmerman Member of Southern District Council	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Government should take proactive steps to pave the way for abolishing corporate voting in FCs in future political reform. • Called for the joint efforts of parties concerned to narrow the gap in views through communication and discussion within the constitutional framework of BL.
<u>Session Five</u>		
110.*	Civic Party	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Many people were disappointed with the Decision which had imposed a very restrictive framework on the method for selecting CE in 2017. • Any proposals formulated in accordance with the framework of the Decision would not allow voters to have a genuine choice as NC would allow only persons who were favoured by the Central Authorities to become CE candidates. The requirement that each candidate must have the endorsement of more than half of all NC members was clearly a kind of screening which was not stipulated in BL. • Members belonging to the pan-democratic camp would vote against the constitutional reform proposal unless there was a retraction of the Decision.
111.	The Staffs & Workers Union of Hong Kong Civil Airlines	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)760/14-15(08)
112.*	Hong Kong Clerical And Professional Employees General Union	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with BL and the Decision. • NC should be composed in accordance with the four sectors of the existing EC. The number of members could maintain at 1 200. The term of office of NC should be five years. • The nominating procedures of NC should be divided into the stage of "members recommendation" and the stage of "committee nomination". Persons seeking nomination should obtain recommendation from 120 NC members. NC should adopt the method of "one person, maximum three votes" to nominate two to three candidates. • A two-round voting system should be adopted for selecting CE by universal suffrage to ensure that the CE-elect received majority support from voters. • CE should not have any political affiliation.
113.	Miss KO Yung-lai	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(52)
114.*	Citizens Radio	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FCs should be abolished.

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It was imperative to reform the political system in order to bring about improvements to the governance under a democratic system. • A referendum should be conducted to gauge public views on the constitutional reform proposal.
115.	Hong Kong Wearing Apparel Industry Employees Central Union	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(18)
116.	Miss TSE Sau-man	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(54)
117.	Mr CHAN Lup-chi	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(55)
118.	Mr CHIU Tsz-fung	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(19)
119.*	Mr LAM Chun-yip	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Participants of the "Umbrella Movement" had clearly expressed their demands for equal and universal suffrage, and "civic nomination" should be adopted in the CE election in 2017. • The people of Hong Kong should have the rights to make nomination, to stand for election and to vote, and the livelihood of people could be improved under a democratic system.
120.	Mr CHAN Kwok-sing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)760/14-15(09)
121.	Mr Raymond SUNG Wing-yiu	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(56)
122.	Mr CHEUNG King-leung	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper Nos. CB(2)734/14-15(57) and CB(2)858/14-15(21)
123.	Miss WONG Hiu-tung	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(58)
124.	Mr Benny NG	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(60)
125.*	Mr Leo LI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with the Decision. • CE should not have any political affiliation to avoid potential conflict of interests. • CEEQ should be amended to prescribe the electoral procedures and arrangements in the scenario that the CE-elect was not appointed by CPG.
126.	The Federation of Hong Kong Trade Unions in Tourism	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(61)
127.	Hong Kong Muay Thai Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(62)

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
128.*	Mr YEUNG Ke-cheong	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Every effort should be made by the Administration to secure passage of its constitutional reform proposal. • CE candidates should be competent for the post and a screening process was supported. • For the protection of national security, NC members and family members of CE should not hold foreign nationality.
129.	Ms YUEN Wai-chun	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)977/14-15(01)
130.*	Hong Kong Confederation of Trade Union	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any proposals formulated in accordance with the framework of the Decision would not allow voters to have a genuine choice as NC would allow only persons who were favoured by the Central Authorities to become CE candidates. • CE would not be held accountable to the general public under a small-circle election, as illustrated by the fact that the incumbent CE had failed to deliver his pledges on introducing measures to standardize working hours and to remove the arrangement of offsetting severance payments/long service payments against Mandatory Provident Fund accrued benefits.
131.	China Hong Kong Federation of Youth Culture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(63)
132.	China Macau Federation of Youth Culture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(64)
133.	Tung Chung Youth Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(22)
134.	Miss LUK Kam-shing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)760/14-15(10)
135.*	Mr Henry TANG Ka-hang	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Many young people strongly demanded the implementation of "genuine universal suffrage" as soon as possible, so as to enable constitutional development to move forward and to tackle various livelihood issues in Hong Kong. • The restrictive framework imposed by the Decision was objected. The Government should provide the timetable and roadmap on the ultimate model for implementing universal suffrage for CE and LegCo elections.
136.*	公屋被迫遷戶關注組	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Government should endeavour to pursue "genuine universal suffrage" for the CE election in 2017. The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should ensure competitiveness in the election, allow voters to have a genuine choice, and adopt "civic nomination". • It was imperative to reform the political system so that the livelihood of people could be improved under a democratic system.

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
137.*	Mr HEUNG Ming-hau	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The ultimate aim of electing CE by universal suffrage should be taken forward step by step. • The number of NC members could maintain at 1 200 as in the existing EC. • Called for the joint efforts of all sectors of the community to reach a consensus on the specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage.
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138.	Hong Kong Association of Cultural Interchange	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(66)
139.	The Association of Zhuangzi Culture & Research of Hong Kong	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(67)
140.	Hong Kong United Youth Exchange Foundation Ltd	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)734/14-15(68)
141.*	Yau Ma Tei Concern for Resident Rights Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with BL and the Decision. • NC should be composed in accordance with the four sectors and 38 subsectors of the existing EC. • The nominating procedures of NC should be divided into the stage of "members recommendation" and the stage of "committee nomination". Persons seeking nomination should obtain recommendation from 150 NC members. Each NC member could only recommend one person who sought nomination. NC should adopt the method of "voting on each person seeking nomination" to nominate CE candidates. • Only one round of election should be held (i.e. the first-past-the-post system should be adopted).
142.*	Mr CHAN Chi-ho	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CE should be elected by universal suffrage on a "one person, one vote" basis in 2017. A system that allowed Hong Kong people to elect the CE-elect was surely more democratic than the existing system that the CE-elect was only elected by the 1 200-member EC. • After the implementation of universal suffrage for the CE election in 2017, the electoral method could be further refined. • Failure of the Occupy Movement reflected that it did not represent the mainstream view of Hong Kong people.
143.*	Liberal Party	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with BL and the Decision. • Different electoral systems were adopted in overseas jurisdictions. We should first implement universal suffrage for the CE election through "one person, one vote" and then seek

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
		improvements to the electoral arrangements in the light of the actual situation in Hong Kong.
144.*	Mr Andrew FAN Chun-wah	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should strictly comply with BL and the Decision. • After the implementation of universal suffrage for the CE election in 2017, the electoral method could be further refined.
145.*	Mr CHIM Shing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The discussion on the specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should be held within the framework of BL and the Decision. • New subsectors (e.g. the youth subsector) could be added to increase the representativeness of NC • A bloc vote system should be adopted by NC to nominate CE candidates. The number of CE candidates should be set at three.
146.*	Mr Eddy CHEN Lung-shing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CE should be elected by universal suffrage on a "one person, one vote" basis in 2017. • NC should be composed in accordance with the four sectors of the existing EC. New subsectors (e.g. the youth subsector) could be added to increase the representativeness of NC. • The nominating procedures of NC should be divided into the stage of "members recommendation" and the stage of "committee nomination". Persons seeking nomination should obtain recommendation from 150 NC members. Each NC member could only recommend one person to seek nomination. NC should adopt the method of "voting on each person seeking nomination" to nominate CE candidates, and a plenary meeting of NC should be conducted. • Either the "first-past-the-post" system or a two-round voting system for selecting the CE by universal suffrage should be adopted. • The existing provision that CE should not have any political affiliation should be maintained.
147.*	Ms Vincenza CHAN Wing-kei	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CE should be elected by universal suffrage on a "one person, one vote" basis in 2017. • Called for the joint efforts of all sectors of the community to adopt a pragmatic approach so that the constitutional development in Hong Kong could move forward.
148.*	Hong Kong Federation of Fujian Association	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LegCo Members should not openly advocate breaking the law as their behaviour would have an impact on students and young people.
149.	Mr HOR Wing-kit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LC Paper No. CB(2)760/14-15(11)
150.*	Miss WONG Man-man	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any proposals formulated in accordance with the framework of the Decision would not allow voters to have a genuine choice and should not be accepted.

No.	Name of Deputation/individual	Submission / views
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The specific method for selecting CE by universal suffrage should ensure competitiveness in the election, allow voters to have a genuine choice, and be acceptable to the people of Hong Kong.
151.	Mr Benson WONG Wai-kwok	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> LC Paper No. CB(2)858/14-15(23)

* No submissions provided for this meeting

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Legislative Council Secretariat
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