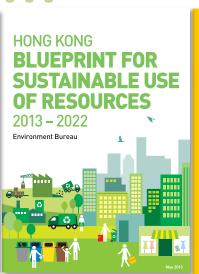
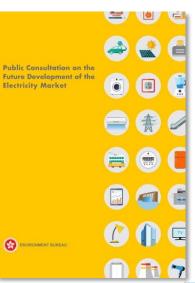
2013...

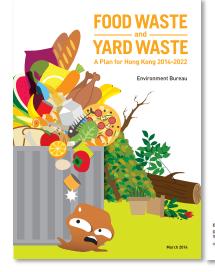




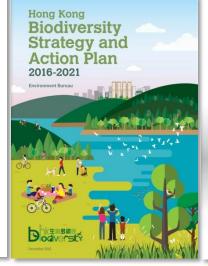


















٨	2016 data are
	preliminary figure

Increase in ozone is mainly contributed by regional pollution and the reduction of NO_x emissions at roadside; CO remains at a low

Roadside General NO_X General NO_2

RSP

SO₂

CO#

Station

Roadside

Roadside

General

Roadside

General

General

Roadside

General

90 51

2012

42

53

11

10

733

1010

312 118

2016^

33

38

79

199

-31% -18% -30% -3% **27%**

Difference

2016 vs 2012

-21%

-28%

-12%

-36%

-8%

level after a slight increase

Ozone # **FSP**

Roadside General Roadside

19 22 26

851

39

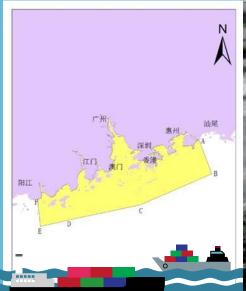
-21%

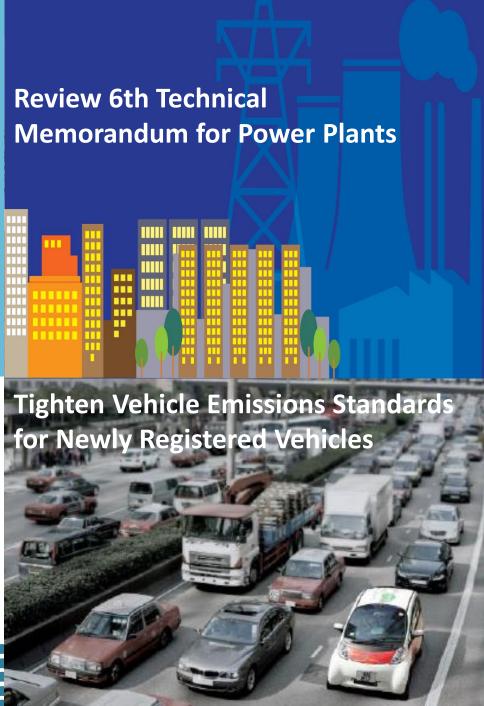
-28% 2% **750**

-16%



Cross Boundary DECA in PRD







The waters of Hong Kong not only have great visual and ecological value, but are also ideal for recreational and sports activities.

With the completion of the HATS 2A a year ago, the water quality of Victoria Harbour has seen significant improvement.

We will keep up our efforts, and will construct DWFIs and rehabilitate trunk sewers in Kowloon and Tsuen Wan to reduce the discharge of residual pollutants into Victoria Harbour and ameliorate the odour problem of the inshore water.

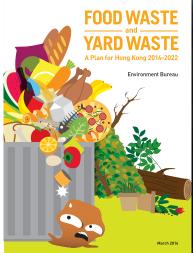
A consultancy study to further upgrade inshore harbour water quality/general environment will be completed next year.



Strengthened collaboration with GD to study ways to reduce marine refuse and set up a notification system.

Relevant departments will also allocate additional resources to enhance capacity in handling marine refuse.

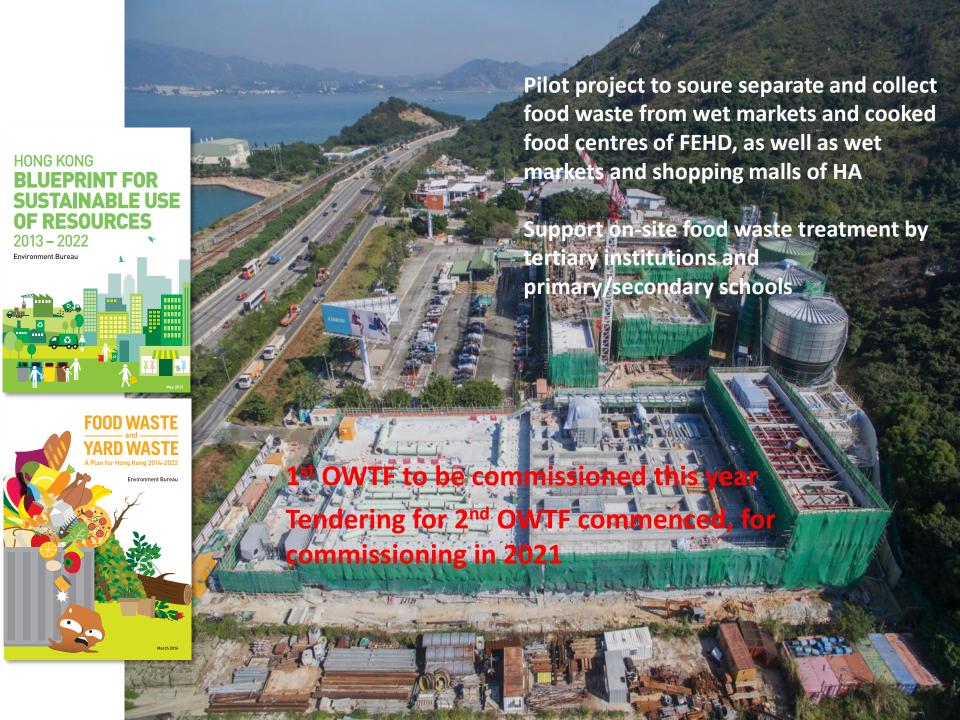


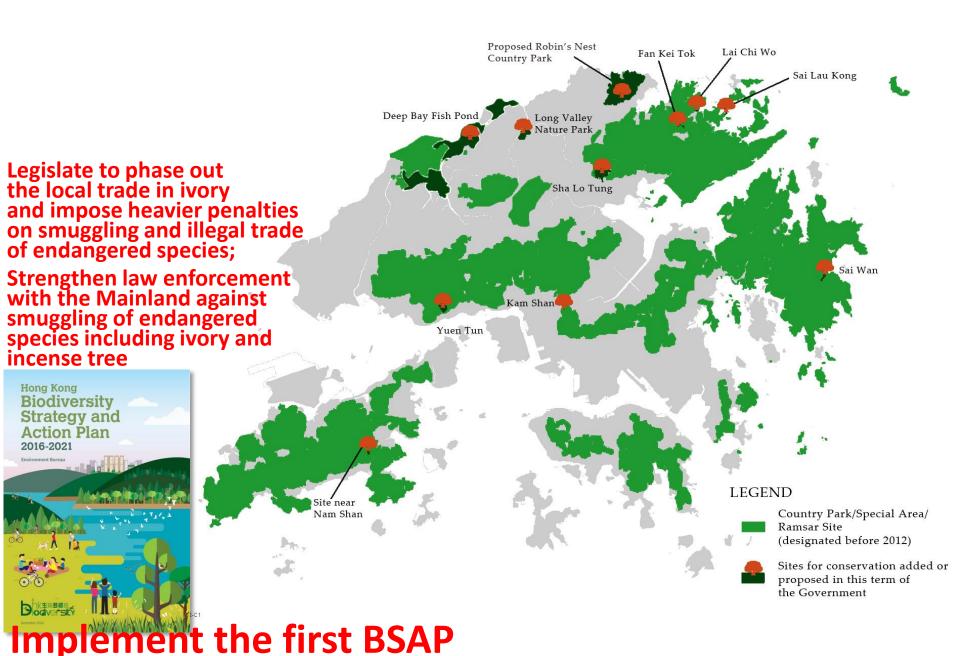


Pressing ahead with the preparation for implementing quantity-based MSW charging Community involvement projects funded by ECF commenced

Plan to introduce the bill in the current legislative year

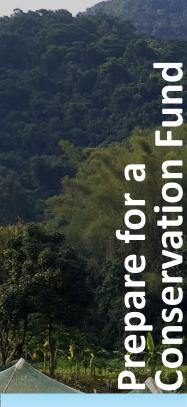






\$150M approved for 3 years (2016/17-2018/19) for taking forward BSAP initiatives





Some remote rural areas are at the brink of desolation, with their valuable ecological and cultural resources to be lost. In recent years, the Government has been adopting a flexible approach in supporting and promoting the conservation of rural areas through harnessing community efforts.

E.g., Lai Chi Wo has great ecological value and a Hakka "walled-village" culture. With the support of the local villagers, the Government is actively collaborating with NGOs to take forward different revitalisation projects and minor improvement works with various funding sources, in order to regenerate the ecological, cultural & architectural environment of the area.

To further promote the revitalisation of remote rural areas, the Government will, for the purpose of setting up a conservation fund, establish a preparatory committee to study the ambit & modus operandi of such a fund, as well as the legislation & resources required, taking into account relevant local/overseas experience.

We will seek to conserve and revitalise the ecology and culture of rural areas based on the sustainability principle, and respond to the aspirations of urban dwellers for urban-rural symbiosis. The fund will also provide an integrated and dedicated mechanism and resources for implementing policy initiatives relating to biodiversity in the rural areas.







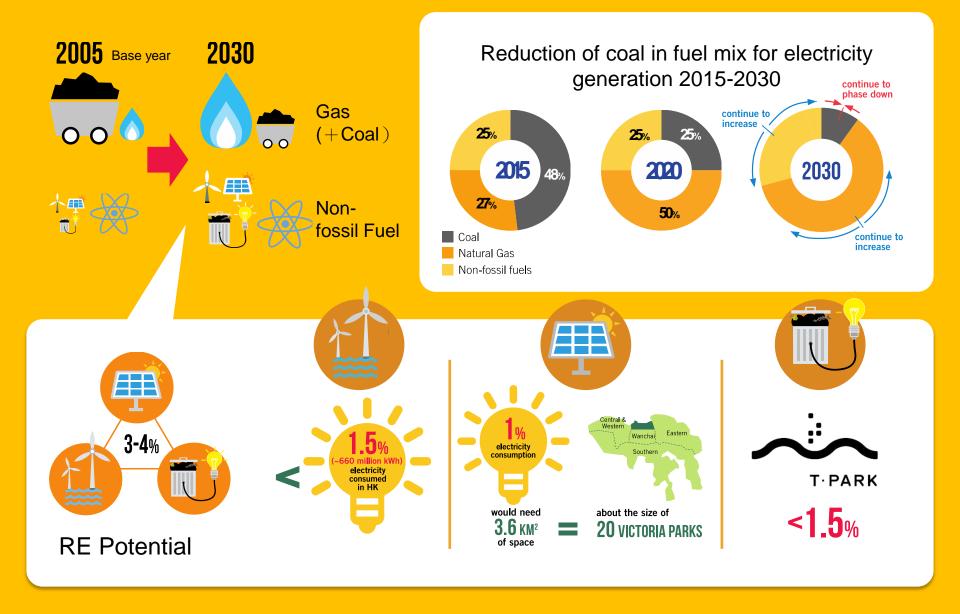








Mitigation Energy Supply



Mitigation Energy Saving

To encourage 4T partners to set their energy saving targets and timelines



Supply side



Target Energy Intensity by 2025

TOGETHER



TRANSPARENCY

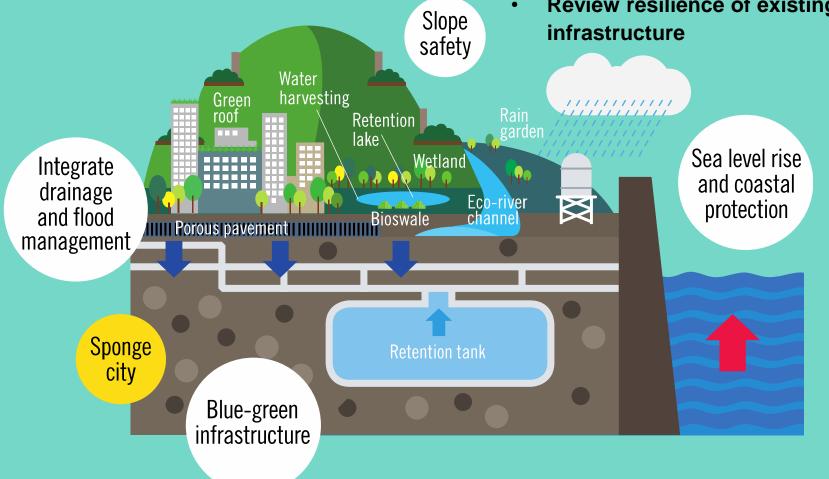
Mitigation Renewable Energy



Adaptation

"Climate Change Working Group on Infrastructure" set up to coordinate efforts among works departments to address climate change:

- **Update infrastructure design** standards
- **Review resilience of existing**





Publicity and Public Education



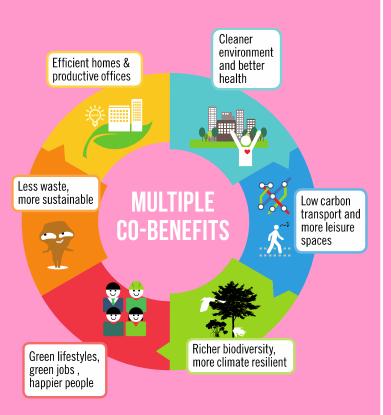
To enhance the message and raise public awareness of the importance of combating climate change, we shall:

Launch an API, a poster and a new climate change website

Propose to set aside \$10M from ECF to subsidise NGOs to carry out relevant activities and projects

The Education Bureau's signature event for 2016-17 is the Interschool Crosscurricular Project Competition on Climate Change, designed to enhance learning of primary and secondary students about climate change.

Resilience























Our daily lifestyle choices

such as in clothing, food,

overseas travel include substantial externalised carbon footprint. Adjusting consumption demand and

conserving energy, water and

other resources can reduce

carbon emissions!





惜食覆













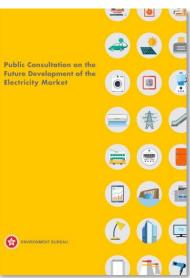




BE CLIMATE READY, **DON'T BE A BIG WASTER!** 2013...







...2017



