For discussion on
27 February 2017

Legislative Council Panel on Economic Development

Update on Hong Kong Disneyland Resort

PURPOSE

This paper updates Members on the operation of the Hong Kong Disneyland Resort (“HKDL”) in Fiscal Year 2016 (“FY16”).

OVERVIEW OF FY16 BUSINESS PERFORMANCE

2. From 2015 onwards, Hong Kong’s tourism industry has been affected by a number of external factors as well as overall market condition, rendering our tourism industry undergoing a period of consolidation with structural changes in the composition of visitor arrivals to Hong Kong. During FY16 of HKDL, Mainland visitor arrivals to Hong Kong continued to drop, while non-Mainland visitor arrivals displayed steady growth momentum. In the light of the changes in number and structure of tourist arrivals to Hong Kong, HKDL has been actively responding to the market conditions to drive its business and contribute to promoting Hong Kong as a premier destination for visitors from diversified market sources.

3. HKDL received around 6.1 million visitors in FY16, which is 11% lower than prior year. Cumulative attendance since its opening in 2005 exceeded 64 million as at the end of FY16. Local, Mainland and international visitors respectively accounted for 39%, 36% and 25% of total attendance for the year. The international market displayed robust growth momentum with a year-on-year growth.

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1 The Fiscal Year of HKDL is generally a 52-week or 53-week period from October of the previous year to September of the year, with the Saturday closest to 30 September as the last day of the Fiscal Year. FY16 is a 52-week year while FY15 is a 53-week year.

2 By taking out the impact of one additional week in FY15 as explained in Footnote 1 above, the attendance of HKDL in FY16 decreased by 9% year-on-year.
increase of 11% in attendance and achieved the second highest attendance level since opening as a result of successful marketing and sales initiatives.

4. Per capita visitor spending at the park continued to grow, for the seventh consecutive year, to a record high level. However, mainly due to the decline in total attendance, HKDL’s total revenues in FY16 were $4,750 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of 7%\(^3\). Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation (“EBITDA”) was $715 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of 11%, which was the seventh consecutive year recording a positive EBITDA. After deducting interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation, a net loss of $171 million was recorded for the year. Despite the challenging market conditions, there were signs of improved performance during the second half of FY16, with easing of the attendance decline and growth in hotel occupancy over the prior-year period.

SERVICE PERFORMANCE

5. HKDL has all along been strengthening its appeal to guests from all over the world and locals through constant efforts to enrich its attractions and entertainment offerings and to launch seasonal events. At the beginning of FY16, as part of its 10\(^\text{th}\) Anniversary celebration programme, HKDL introduced a new stage show “Mickey and the Wondrous Book”, a new walkthrough attraction “Fairy Tale Forest”, and new castle video projections which blend with the nighttime fireworks show “Disney in the Stars”. Furthermore, different seasonal events were launched throughout the year to draw more first time and repeat visitors, including “Frozen”-themed Christmas offerings in 2015, as well as “Disney Springtime Egg-stravaganza” and “Disney Halloween Time” in 2016.

6. To further enhance HKDL’s competitiveness and stimulate visitation desire, HKDL has been keeping abreast of market movement and trends and making good use of the popularity of Disney films. In June 2016, riding on the success of the “Star Wars” movie series, HKDL launched “Star Wars”-themed attractions and offerings, namely “Star Wars: Tomorrowland Takeover”, which includes various immersive experiences such as “Hyperspace Mountain”, “Jedi Training: Trials of the Temple” show, etc.. The continuous launch of all these new attractions and offerings throughout the year, together with suitable marketing and

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\(^3\) By taking out the impact of one additional week in FY15 as explained in Footnote 1 above, the total revenues of HKDL in FY16 decreased by 5% year-on-year.
sales efforts, helped drive the business of HKDL and draw visitors from all over the world amidst keen competition in the region.

7. HKDL continues to maintain high quality services. According to its feedback surveys, 93% of theme park visitors and 91% of hotel guests rated their overall experience as “excellent”, “very good” or “good”. Also, HKDL received 79 awards from local and international associations and publications in FY16 in recognition of its design, technical achievements, guest service and commitment to community, etc., bringing the total number of awards received to 541 since its opening.

8. HKDL continues to be one of the largest employers of entertainment and performance talents. In FY16, it employed more than 5,000 full-time staff members as well as 2,300 part-time staff members to cope with the additional demand arising from Halloween, Christmas, Chinese New Year, summer holidays and other special events.

9. The annual business review prepared by the Hong Kong Disneyland Management Limited for FY16 is at Annex.

ECONOMIC BENEFITS

10. As a major destination for family travel, HKDL continues to generate substantial economic benefits to Hong Kong. According to survey statistics from the Hong Kong Tourism Board (“HKTB”) and operational data of HKDL, the additional spending of all HKDL visitors in Hong Kong (i.e. over and above what would have been spent assuming without HKDL) was $17.0 billion in FY16. Taking into account both the direct and indirect value-added generated from the additional spending, HKDL brought about $8.7 billion of value-added to Hong Kong in FY16, equivalent to around 0.37% of Hong Kong’s Gross Domestic Product (“GDP”), and created 19,100 jobs (in terms of man-years). Taking the past 11 years of operation together, the total value-added generated by HKDL amounted to $83.6 billion, equivalent to 0.37% of Hong Kong’s GDP. A total of 214,800 jobs (in terms of man-years) were also created over these years, providing considerable job opportunities for frontline workers and the travel industry.

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4 All value figures in this paragraph are at 2014 prices.
CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

11. In FY16, HKDL continued to actively participate in numerous community programmes, including sponsoring more than 100,000 underprivileged community members for complimentary park admission and contributing over 8,000 hours of volunteer services through the “Disney VoluntEARS” programme.

12. HKDL employed around 100 individuals with disabilities in FY16, and continued to offer an apprenticeship programme for the disabled. HKDL also participated in the Government’s Talent-Wise Employment Charter to promote an inclusive and disabled-friendly workplace. HKDL will continue with its efforts on this front.

13. HKDL participated in the Government’s “Appreciate Hong Kong” Campaign through the launch of the “We Did It!” Award Scheme in collaboration with the Committee on Home-School Co-operation in the first half of 2016. The Scheme offered about 10,000 one-day complimentary park admission tickets to students with special educational needs who demonstrated outstanding improvements, as well as their parents/teachers/caretakers.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

14. Beyond FY16, new offerings will continue to be launched at HKDL to enhance its distinctiveness and competitiveness. In January 2017, the first “Marvel”-themed ride among all Disney parks, “Iron Man Experience” featuring an exciting story based in Hong Kong, was officially launched with very positive feedback. Not only has it been very well received by guests, particularly among young adults, the park attendance from various market segments, including Mainland and international guests, displayed noticeable increase upon its opening. HKDL will continue to leverage on this popular attraction, coupled with effective promotion strategy, to further drive visitation and business. Looking ahead, the new 750-room resort-style hotel with the theme of exploration, “Disney Explorers Lodge”, will officially open on 30 April 2017, which will continue to broaden the appeal of HKDL and lengthen the visitors’ stay in the resort. The Government and The Walt Disney Company, as shareholders of the Hongkong International Theme Parks Limited, will, subject to the Finance Committee of the Legislative Council’s

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5 The joint venture set up by the Government and The Walt Disney Company for the development and operation of the HKDL project.
funding approval, continue to pursue the expansion and development plan as announced in November 2016.

15. On marketing and sales efforts, HKDL has been broadening the market reach and awareness of the resort in all three key markets (i.e. local, Mainland and international markets) through various channels. Among other initiatives, HKDL will continue to leverage on the “Matching Fund for Overseas Tourism Promotion by Tourist Attractions”, which was set up by HKTB using funding allocated by the Government to enhance its overseas promotion. In the coming year, HKDL will also continue to work closely with HKTB and the tourism industry on promotions in different source markets, so as to stimulate attendance as well as business of HKDL, and respond to the keen competition in the region and future challenges. In order to keep HKDL international, the South East Asia market will be one of the foci of HKDL’s promotions. At the same time, HKDL has been making continuous efforts in promoting in the Mainland, especially the Southern China region.

ADVICE SOUGHT

16. Members are invited to note the update on HKDL’s operation.

Tourism Commission
Commerce and Economic Development Bureau
February 2017
KEY HIGHLIGHTS

1. Hong Kong Disneyland (“HKDL”) continues to play a pivotal role in making Hong Kong a top family-friendly tourist destination in Asia. The resort has received more than 64 million guests since its opening in September 2005, including 6.1 million in fiscal 2016.

2. During fiscal 2016, HKDL faced headwinds from continued softness in the overall Hong Kong travel and leisure market as well as the unfavourable comparison against fiscal 2015, which benefited from an additional week of operations (“Fiscal Period Impact”). Consequently, compared to prior year, attendance decreased 11%, revenues decreased 7% to HK$4.8 billion, and the net loss was HK$171 million. Excluding the Fiscal Period Impact, attendance and revenues were down by 9% and 5% respectively.

3. Despite challenging market conditions, HKDL is encouraged by its improved performance during the second half of fiscal 2016. Compared to the first half of the year, the year-over-year attendance decline eased and hotel occupancy improved in the second half of the year. Performance benefited from the June 2016 launch of “Star Wars: Tomorrowland Takeover”, which has been popular with guests of all ages, as well as marketing and sales initiatives.

4. Full year attendance from international guests increased to its second-highest level ever, illustrating the resort’s strength to attract tourism throughout Asia. Additionally, HKDL achieved record high per capita spending at the park, marking seven consecutive years of growth.

5. HKDL’s improvement has continued into fiscal 2017, with first quarter financial results above the prior-year period. In January 2017, during the second fiscal quarter, the resort launched “Iron Man Experience”, Disney Parks’ first Marvel-themed ride, and it has been very well received by guests. The attraction helped boost Chinese New Year Holiday attendance 13% above the prior-year period, with growth in local, Guangdong and international guests, and hotel occupancy to a near-full level of 97%. To continue to drive visitation and broaden HKDL’s appeal, the resort will also open the 750-room Disney Explorers Lodge on 30th April 2017.

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1 Year-end date is on the Saturday closest to, if not on, 30th September. Fiscal 2016 was a 52-week year ended on 1st October 2016 while fiscal 2015 was a 53-week year ended on 3rd October 2015.
6. In November 2016, the resort announced plans for a HK$10.9 billion multi-year expansion and development plan that leverages some of the most successful franchises of The Walt Disney Company ("TWDC") and is designed to further reinforce HKDL’s position as a world-class tourism destination. The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("HKSAR") is in the process of obtaining funding approval for HKSARG’s contribution to the plan.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

7. HKDL develops and operates the Disney-branded theme park, themed hotels and associated complex and infrastructure on Lantau Island in Hong Kong. HKDL is owned by Hongkong International Theme Parks Limited ("HKITP"), a joint venture between HKSARG and TWDC, and is managed by Hong Kong Disneyland Management Limited, which is wholly owned by TWDC. At the end of fiscal 2016, HKSARG owned a 53% majority interest in HKITP, with TWDC owning the remaining 47%.

8. The theme park consists of the following themed areas: Adventureland, Fantasyland, Grizzly Gulch, Main Street U.S.A., Mystic Point, Tomorrowland and Toy Story Land. These areas feature themed attractions, entertainment and interactive experiences, restaurants, merchandise shops and refreshment stands. Additionally, there are daily parades and nighttime fireworks extravaganza.

9. HKDL has two themed hotels: the 400-room Hong Kong Disneyland Hotel and the 600-room Disney’s Hollywood Hotel.

OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

10. Since its grand opening in 2005, HKDL has continued to solidify its position as a premier leisure and vacation destination in Asia. As one of the most popular destinations in Hong Kong, HKDL has all along been playing a pivotal role in reinforcing Hong Kong’s position as one of the world’s top cities for tourists and business visitors.

11. During the fiscal year, HKDL continued to introduce new guest offerings to create excitement and boost visitation interest among guests from Hong Kong, mainland China, Southeast Asia and other international markets. The resort continued to launch entertainment experiences based on Disney’s beloved
franchises and characters, and extended its market reach to existing and new consumer segments with enhanced marketing and sales strategies:

a) **Celebrating the 10th Anniversary with new attractions and entertainment:** Launched in November 2015, the year-long “Happily Ever After” celebration included the debut of “Mickey and the Wondrous Book” stage show, the “Fairy Tale Forest” walkthrough attraction and the Castle video projections that enhanced the “Disney in the Stars” fireworks spectacular.

b) **Leveraging Disney’s intellectual property:** Introduced “Star Wars: Tomorrowland Takeover”, which includes a number of immersive experiences such as “Hyperspace Mountain”, the “Jedi Training: Trials of the Temple” show and character greetings. The resort also rolled out a new guest offering based on the Disney animated film *Big Hero 6* and leveraged villains from numerous Disney stories to launch “Disney Halloween Time” as a refresh of its existing Halloween event. In Summer 2016, HKDL premiered “My Journeys with Duffy”, which immerses guests in the world of the Disney Bears with Duffy-themed merchandise and the introduction of Duffy’s new friend, Gelatoni.

c) **Broadening market reach and awareness:** Staged promotional shows in a number of shopping malls across potential growth markets in mainland China to boost brand affinity and drive sales. Special media briefings in core Guangdong cities were also held to raise product awareness. To drive further visitation and leverage the Hong Kong Tourism Board’s “Matching Fund for Overseas Tourism Promotion by Tourist Attractions” initiative, rolled out 22 joint promotions with trade partners and other local attractions in various targeted overseas markets, such as the Philippines, Malaysia and South Korea. HKDL continued to reinforce sales channels through collaboration with trade partners in mainland China and other markets to drive sales at 17 travel fairs in Taiwan, South Korea and Southeast Asia markets, capturing new and high value-added consumers.

d) **Maximising digital potential and opening up new products:** Launched the first official HKDL WeChat account in December 2015 to better connect with guests and boost online sales. The resort introduced its first official mobile app in mid-2016 to provide guests with instant information and one-stop services such as dining reservations, show schedules and wait-times for attractions. The resort also developed six dedicated webpages
for regional online travel agent partners and maximised publicity via live social media broadcasts, as well as dedicated video platforms for travel agencies to share HKDL’s products.

e) **Strengthening trade engagement:** HKDL hosted the 10th Anniversary Travel Trade Summit with participation from about 300 travel trade and business partners over a two-day period. About 20 trade briefings were conducted with more than 2,000 trade partners, covering major markets including Thailand, Taiwan, Indonesia, Malaysia and mainland China. HKDL also took part in the “Hong Kong • Live in Bangkok” consumer event organised by the Hong Kong Tourism Board to promote the “Iron Man Experience” with special HKDL sales packages.

12. The resort is committed to Hong Kong and the communities it serves. HKDL welcomed more than 100,000 underprivileged community members to visit the park through community-focused projects. The resort also contributed over 8,000 hours of skills and services through its Disney VoluntEARS programme. To further encourage volunteerism, HKDL has deepened the “Give a Day, Get a Disney Day” programme in partnership with the Agency for Volunteers Services to encourage the public to volunteer. The programme has ultimately led to more than 8 million hours of service since its inauguration in 2010. Other community highlights from fiscal 2016 include:

a) **Championing diversity and inclusion:** HKDL fully supported the Committee on Home-School Co-operation to launch the “We Did It!” Award Scheme. This campaign aims to recognise improvements in students at special schools, the hard work of their teachers and caretakers and encourage the spirit of sharing love. In addition, HKDL officially rolled out a new hotel housekeeping training programme for people with disabilities. By partnering with a non-government vocational training centre, the resort sponsored the installation of a mock-up guest room to train programme educators, as well as assist them in obtaining accreditation for the programme. Furthermore, for ten consecutive years, HKDL has partnered with the Labour Department, the Social Welfare Department, the Hong Kong Council of Social Service and 40 non-government organisations to offer its annual apprenticeship programme for people with disabilities. The resort employed around 100 people with disabilities during the fiscal year. HKDL also participated in the Government’s Talent-Wise Employment Scheme, which champions an inclusive, disabled-friendly workplace.
b) **Empowering young minds to create and pursue self-esteem:** Sponsored “YOUth Power”, a new programme in Sham Shui Po promoting sports and creativity among the disadvantaged children in the community. The sixth annual Disney ImagiNations Competition was held for students to apply Disney’s design principles to meet creative challenges. In collaboration with the Hong Kong Federation of Youth Groups, the Disney Friends for Change Youth Grants funded 50 creative projects from kids and young adults to encourage community service among their peers. These programmes benefited more than 700 children and youths during the fiscal year.

c) **Nurturing theme park and tourism expertise:** Continued to offer the first-of-its-kind two-year full time Higher Diploma Programme in Resort and Theme Park Management by partnering with the Li Ka Shing Institute of Professional and Continuing Education of the Open University of Hong Kong. Accredited and registered under the Qualifications Framework, the programme offered each student 400 hours of paid training at the park as interns and the resort’s leadership team contributed lecturing hours at the institute. In addition, HKDL continued to sponsor local students through scholarships and internships for students from the Hong Kong Academy for Performing Arts and local higher education institutions.

d) **Connecting with the community:** Held the inaugural Hong Kong Disneyland 10K Weekend run to promote health-enhancing outdoor activities. Around 9,000 runners enrolled and were cheered on by Mickey and Friends in the park. Since 2013, HKDL has partnered with a local charity organisation, Foodlink, to donate more than 56,000 meals to the families in the community. The resort also continued to support Community Built Playground to foster family bonding and the Hospital Play programme for sick children through a partnership with non-profit Playright Children’s Play Association.

13. On average, HKDL employed more than 5,000 full-time and 2,300 part-time staff during the year, making the resort one of Hong Kong’s largest employers. HKDL is committed to developing a highly skilled and quality labour force, providing them more than 300,000 hours of professional and technical training during the fiscal year.
14. HKDL continues to generate exceptional guest satisfaction ratings. In fiscal 2016, 93% of theme park guests and 91% of hotel guests reported that their overall experience was “excellent”, “very good” or “good”.

15. HKDL received 79 awards during the fiscal year in recognition of its design, technical achievements, guest service, family appeal, and commitment to the community and the environment. These include a number of corporate citizenship awards from local government, the Hong Kong Productivity Council and community partners. HKDL received the Asia Best Employer Brand Awards for the fourth consecutive year and the “Employer of Choice Award” from JobMarket for the third consecutive year. HKDL was also honoured with the “Reader’s Choice Awards 2015 – Best Theme Park (Asia Pacific)” from Travel Weekly Asia.

THEME PARK EXPANSION

16. In 2016, the shareholders of HKITP reached an in-principle agreement on a HK$10.9 billion expansion and development plan of HKDL. The plan is still subject to approval from the Legislative Council of Hong Kong for HKSARG’s share of the investment.

17. The proposed expansion and development plan is comprised of two new themed areas featuring Marvel and “Frozen”, a transformed castle with two entirely new daytime and nighttime shows, and new experiences in Adventureland. At least one new attraction or entertainment offering will debut almost every year from 2018 to 2023, subject to the timing of the Legislative Council’s funding approval.

18. This multi-year transformation is expected to not only contribute further to the significant appeal of HKDL as a global tourist destination, but also bring direct economic benefits to Hong Kong by providing 3,450 man-years construction and related jobs in the near-term and additional 600 resort-based employment positions once the expansion and development plan is complete.

KEY BUSINESS DRIVERS AND FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

19. For the fiscal year ended 1st October 2016, HKDL generated revenues of HK$4.8 billion, representing a 7% decrease from prior year, with a net loss of HK$171 million. Performance was impacted by continued challenges with the
tourism landscape in Hong Kong, including the decline in mainland China visitor arrivals to Hong Kong, as well as the unfavourability from the Fiscal Period Impact. Excluding the Fiscal Period Impact, revenues were down by 5%.

20. Park attendance of 6.1 million was down 11%, or 9% excluding the Fiscal Period Impact, with fewer guests from mainland China, partially offset by higher visitation from international markets as a result of successful marketing and sales initiatives. HKDL grew per capita spending in its park for the seventh consecutive year, establishing a new record. At the hotels, occupancy was flat to prior year at 79%, with per room guest spending below prior year, consistent with trends in the overall Hong Kong market.

21. Despite challenging market conditions, HKDL began to show signs of recovery during the second half of fiscal 2016, Compared to the first half of the year, the year-over-year attendance decline eased and hotel occupancy improved in the second half of the year.

Key revenue drivers for the fiscal year were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Park attendance (in millions)</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>6.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hotel occupancy (percentage)</td>
<td>79%</td>
<td>79%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Year-on-year change for key revenue drivers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Percentage change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park attendance</td>
<td>(11%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Per capita spending</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Available room nights</td>
<td>(2%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Per room guest spending</td>
<td>(7%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Origin of visitors as a percentage of total attendance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Local</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>39%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mainland China</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>41%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Key financial results for the fiscal year were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>Variance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(in HK$ millions)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenues</td>
<td>4,750</td>
<td>5,114</td>
<td>(364)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Costs and expenses</td>
<td>4,035</td>
<td>4,309</td>
<td>(274)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation</td>
<td>715</td>
<td>805</td>
<td>(90)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation and amortisation</td>
<td>890</td>
<td>956</td>
<td>(66)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net finance income</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NET LOSS</strong></td>
<td><strong>(171)</strong></td>
<td><strong>(148)</strong></td>
<td><strong>(23)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-current assets</td>
<td>18,788</td>
<td>16,707</td>
<td>2,081</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current assets</td>
<td>1,869</td>
<td>1,556</td>
<td>313</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current liabilities</td>
<td>(1,951)</td>
<td>(1,782)</td>
<td>(169)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-current liabilities</td>
<td>(1,983)</td>
<td>(1,327)</td>
<td>(656)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SHAREHOLDERS’ EQUITY</strong></td>
<td><strong>16,723</strong></td>
<td><strong>15,154</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,569</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Revenues

22. HKDL generates revenues predominantly from the sale of admissions to the theme park, merchandise, food and beverage sales at the theme park and hotels, and charges for room nights at the hotels. For fiscal 2016, total revenues decreased by 7%, or HK$364 million, to HK$4,750 million, reflecting lower park attendance and the Fiscal Period Impact. Excluding the Fiscal Period Impact, revenues declined 5%.

Costs and expenses

23. Costs and expenses consist principally of labour, operating and support costs, costs of sales, and marketing and sales expenses. The decrease of 6%, or HK$274 million, to HK$4,035 million for fiscal 2016 was attributable to efficiency and cost management efforts and the favorable Fiscal Period Impact. These decreases were partially offset by higher operating and support costs mainly due to cost escalation, and increased spending for new guest offerings such as “Mickey and the Wondrous Book” and “Star Wars: Tomorrowland Takeover”.
Depreciation and amortisation
24. Depreciation and amortisation decreased by 7%, or HK$66 million, to HK$890 million mainly due to full depreciation of those assets with a 10-year life, partly offset by the addition of new assets completed during the fiscal year such as “Fairy Tale Forest”, “Mickey and the Wondrous Book” and “Star Wars: Tomorrowland Takeover”.

Net finance income
25. Net finance income consists of interest income, net of interest expense. The increase of 33% or HK$1 million to HK$4 million for fiscal 2016 reflected the complete capitalisation of interest expenses from HKDL’s borrowings due to the construction of the “Iron Man Experience” and Disney Explorers Lodge.

Net loss
26. HKDL had a net loss of HK$171 million in fiscal 2016, which grew by 16% or HK$23 million compared to the prior year. This was largely attributable to the revenue decline partially offset by lower operating and support costs and decreased depreciation and amortisation expenses.

Non-current assets
27. Non-current assets include property, plant and equipment, leasehold land and projects in progress. Non-current assets increased by 12%, or HK$2,081 million, to HK$18,788 million mainly due to construction spending on the “Iron Man Experience” and Disney Explorers Lodge, partially offset by the depreciation and amortisation charges during the year.

Current assets
28. Current assets consist of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and inventories. The increase of 20%, or HK$313 million, from $1,556 million in fiscal 2015 to HK$1,869 million in fiscal 2016 was mainly attributable to a net increase in cash during the year. (See FINANCIAL LIQUIDITY section for more details)

Current liabilities
29. Current liabilities consist of trade and other payables and deferred revenues. The increase in current liabilities of 9%, or HK$169 million, to HK$1,951 million was primarily due to increased payables for capital project spending mainly related to the development of the “Iron Man Experience” and Disney Explorers Lodge.
Non-current liabilities

30. Non-current liabilities include long-term borrowings and retirement plan liabilities. The balance primarily represents the unsecured long-term loans from HKSARG and TWDC, which are repayable by instalments on dates through fiscal 2025. The increase in non-current liabilities of 49%, or HK$656 million, to HK$1,983 million was primarily attributable to the drawdown of the new shareholders’ loans for the financing of Disney Explorers Lodge, partially offset by the conversion of a portion of a loan from HKSARG into ordinary shares.

FINANCIAL LIQUIDITY

Summary of the changes in cash and cash equivalents was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(in HK$ millions)</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>Variance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cash provided / (used) by:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating activities</td>
<td>879</td>
<td>741</td>
<td>138</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investing activities</td>
<td>(2,913)</td>
<td>(1,840)</td>
<td>(1,073)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financing activities</td>
<td>2,366</td>
<td>827</td>
<td>1,539</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</td>
<td>332</td>
<td>(272)</td>
<td>604</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

31. Cash and cash equivalents increased by 27%, or HK$332 million, to HK$1,544 million at the end of fiscal 2016. The increase was primarily attributable to the new shareholders’ loans of HK$1,493 million and TWDC’s capital injection of HK$873 million and net cash generated from operating activities. This increase was partially offset by investing activities in fiscal 2016 which primarily includes Disney Explorers Lodge and the “Iron Man Experience”.

32. TWDC received ordinary shares of HKITP in exchange for its capital contribution, and an equivalent amount of the HKSARG-provided loan was converted into ordinary shares.

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DISCLAIMER

This Annual Business Review has been prepared for information purposes only.
The information set forth in this Annual Business Review presents a summary of certain operational and financial information relating to HKDL and does not represent the complete financial results of HKDL reflected in the audited financial statements of HKDL.