香港特別行政區政府

商 務 及 經 濟 發 展 局 工 商 及 旅 遊 科

香港添馬添美道二號 政府總部西翼二十三樓

Your Ref: LS/B/11/17-18 Our Ref: CITB CR 81/45/2



COMMERCE, INDUSTRY AND TOURISM BRANCH COMMERCE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BUREAU

GOVERNMENT OF THE HONG KONG SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE REGION

23/F, WEST WING CENTRAL GOVERNMENT OFFICES 2 TIM MEI AVENUE TAMAR, HONG KONG

Tel : (852) 2810 2862 Fax : (852) 2147 3065

21 May 2018

Ms Vanessa CHENG Assistant Legal Adviser 5 Legal Service Division Legislative Council Secretariat

Dear Ms CHENG,

## Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 2) Bill 2018 Response to ALA's letter of 11 May 2018

We refer to your letter of 11 May and would like to set out our response below.

## Clause 3 – section 15 amended (certain amounts deemed trading receipts)

2. As you have rightly recapped, the term "performer's right" includes both economic rights (assignable) and non-economic rights (not assignable). For "performer's right", it is necessary for Clauses 3(1) and 3(2) to cover both types of rights, so as to clarify what sums received by or accrued to a person for the <u>use</u> of "performer's right" should be deemed as trading receipts arising in or derived from Hong Kong. In this regard, trading receipts can arise from the use of economic rights, and similarly, from the use of non-economic rights<sup>1</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For example, a performer may receive a sum for the use of his/her non-economic right of making a fixation of his/her performance directly from the unfixed performance. Such sum should be deemed as trading receipts if they meet the other conditions under section 15(1)(b) and (ba).

3. Clause 3(3) however, seeks to deal with sums received arising from the <u>assignment</u> (rather than mere use) of performer's rights. Since only economic rights are assignable, Clause 3(3) would practically cover economic rights only, as explained in our previous letter of 23 April 2018. Taking the words in context, the reference to "performer's right" in the provision (i.e. "... an <u>assignment</u> of, or an agreement to <u>assign</u>, a performer's right in relation to a performance ..." (*emphasis added*)) is clear enough, and should not give rise to any misconception that it covers also non-economic rights.

4. By using the same term of "performer's right" in both Clause 3(1) / 3(2) and Clause 3(3), we consider that it can help highlight the different focuses and natures of the sums involved (i.e. sums arising from <u>use</u> vis-a-vis those arising from <u>assignment</u>) between these sets of provisions in respect of performer's rights, rather than the difference between economic or non-economic rights.

5. In our view, the present formulation of Clause 3(3) can duly reflect the policy intent, and we do not find it necessary to make any amendments.

Yours sincerely,

## (Miss Alice CHOI) for Secretary for Commerce and Economic Development

c.c. Clerk to the Bills Committee

Commissioner of Inland Revenue (Attn: Mr KK CHIU)

Department of Justice (Attn: Mr Alan CHONG)

Director of Intellectual Property (Attn: Ms Michelle CHONG)