Controlling officer: the Director of Social Welfare will account for expenditure under this Head.

Estimate 2018–19	\$83,769.4m
<b>Establishment ceiling 2018–19</b> (notional annual mid-point salary value) representing an estimated 6 040 non-directorate posts as at 31 March 2018 rising by 292 posts to 6 332 posts as at 31 March 2019.	\$3,002.8m
In addition, there will be an estimated 26 directorate posts as at 31 March 2018 and as at 31 March 2019.	
Commitment balance	\$10,445.8m

## **Controlling Officer's Report**

### Programmes

Programme (1) Family and Child Welfare Programme (2) Social Security Programme (3) Services for The Elderly	These programmes contribute to Policy Area 14: Social Welfare (Secretary for Labour and Welfare).
Programme (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services	This programme contributes to Policy Area 9: Internal Security (Secretary for Security) and Policy Area 14: Social Welfare (Secretary for Labour and Welfare).
Programme (5) Services for Offenders	This programme contributes to Policy Area 14: Social Welfare (Secretary for Labour and Welfare).
Programme (6) Community Development	This programme contributes to Policy Area 19: District and Community Relations (Secretary for Home Affairs).
Programme (7) Young People	This programme contributes to Policy Area 14: Social Welfare (Secretary for Labour and Welfare).

### Detail

2 Subsidised social welfare services are provided by the Government, by non-governmental organisations (NGOs) through government subventions and, to a lesser extent, by the subvented and private sectors through contract service. The cost figures for the government sector reflect the full cost of services rendered by the Social Welfare Department and include expenditure charged to other expenditure heads and non-cash expenditure. On the other hand, the cost figures for the subvented and private sectors are the net provision required after taking fee income into account. No direct comparison of costs should therefore be drawn.

**3** The Lump Sum Grant (LSG) subvention is the mainstream subvention mode. It allows NGOs to deploy subventions in a flexible manner so that services delivered can best meet changing community needs. In 2017–18, 165 NGOs are operating under the LSG. The Department continues to assess service units based on a set of well-defined Service Quality Standards and Funding and Service Agreements specific to their individual service types. The present service performance assessment methods encourage service operators to take greater accountability for the performance of their service units, enable early detection and intervention of problem performance, and achieve cost-effectiveness in service performance monitoring.

### Programme (1): Family and Child Welfare

	2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Original)	2017–18 (Revised)	2018–19 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)				
Government sector	1,071.9	1,106.0	1,083.5 (-2.0%)	<b>1,139.3</b> (+5.1%)

(or +3.0% on 2017–18 Original)

	2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Original)	2017–18 (Revised)	2018–19 (Estimate)
Subvented sector	2,068.2	2,338.9	2,042.3 (-12.7%)	<b>2,413.7</b> (+18.2%)
				(or +3.2% on 2017–18 Original)
Total	3,140.1	3,444.9	3,125.8 (-9.3%)	<b>3,553.0</b> (+13.7%)
				(or +3.1% on 2017–18 Original)

## Aim

4 The aim is to provide support services for families, including those in disadvantaged circumstances and lacking means to meet their needs.

## **Brief Description**

5 The Department provides a comprehensive network of family and child welfare services and programmes including:

- integrated family service;
- family and child protection service (including services for child abuse, spouse/cohabitant battering and child custody dispute cases);
- family support networking teams;
- clinical psychological service;
- residential care service for children (including foster care, small group homes (SGHs) and other residential homes for children (RHCs));
- day child care service (including Neighbourhood Support Child Care Project);
- short-term food assistance service;
- adoption service; and
- service for street sleepers.
- 6 In 2017, the Department:
- provided additional resources for aided day child care centres and residential child care centres to enhance remunerations for child care staff to facilitate their recruitment and retention,
- provided additional places in SGHs and RHCs as well as emergency/short-term care in SGHs,
- provided additional placements in an emergency shelter and a short-term hostel for street sleepers,
- enhanced foster care allowances,
- · launched the pilot scheme on relocation allowance for beneficiaries of the community housing movement,
- followed up a consultancy study to advise on the long-term development of child care services,
- continued to implement a pilot project on children contact service,
- continued to promote the parental responsibility model for the best interest of children with separated/divorced parents,
- continued to implement a pilot project on child care training for grandparents, and
- continued to implement measures to combat domestic violence.

7 The key performance measures in respect of family and child welfare services are:

# Target

Targei						
		Τε		2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Revised Estimate)	2018–19 (Plan)
making first contact with the user/related person within ten working days upon receiving request for famil casework service (%)	ly		95.0	97.5	97.7	95.0
Indicators						
macators	2016 (Actu		2017 (Revised I		2018- (Estim	
	Government sector	Subvented sector	Government sector	Subvented sector	Government sector	Subvented sector
Foster care						
no. of places enrolment rate (%) cost per place per		1 070 86		1 130 84	_	1 130 84
month (\$)	. —	13,076	—	15,004	—	17,595
SGHs						
no. of places enrolment rate (%)		864 93		894 91		894 91
cost per place per month (\$)	. —	20,943	—	22,194		25,444
RHCs						
no. of places enrolment rate (%)	. — . —	1 708 82	_	1 778 84		1 778 84
cost per place per month (\$)	. —	17,616	—	18,205	_	20,751
Standalone child care centres						
no. of places		738	—	747	—	895
enrolment rate (%) cost per place per		100	—	100	—	100
month (\$)	. —	822		1,649		1,762
Occasional child care						
(OCC) no. of units	. —	217	_	217	_	217
Family and child protection						
supervision cases served	. 7 341		7 270	_	7 292	—
cost per case per month (\$)	. 2,363	_	2,370	_	2,552	_
Adoption children available for						
adoption placed into local homes within three months			45		45	
	. 31		43	—	43	
Clinical psychological support						
assessment cases served	. 2 253		2 328		2 328	_
treatment cases served		_	1 134	_	1 134	_
	. 1000		1 10 1		1 10 1	

	2016- (Actu		2017- (Revised E		2018– (Estim	
	Government sector	Subvented sector	Government sector	Subvented sector	Government sector	Subvented sector
Integrated family service centres						
no. of centres cases served		24 30 288	41 51 699	24 30 359	41 51 699	24 30 359
groups and programmes	6 440	3 183	6 604	3 176	6 604	3 176
Family support networking teams vulnerable households newly and successfully contacted through outreaching attempts vulnerable households newly and successfully referred to welfare	. —	4 244	_	4 244		4 244
or mainstream services		3 164		3 164	_	3 164

## Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2018–19

- 8 During 2018–19, the Department will:
- provide additional aided long full-day child care places by phases for children aged below three;
- study the findings of the consultancy study on the long-term development of child care services and consider the way forward of the service provision;
- enhance public education and support measures to promote the parental responsibility model, including support for divorced/separated parents and their children;
- strengthen the manpower of SGHs, residential child care centres, children's homes and boys'/girls' homes/hostels to enhance care and support for children receiving residential care service;
- provide additional places in foster care by phases and recruit more foster parents;
- provide additional places in a refuge centre for women;
- launch an environment improvement programme for SGHs to meet the needs of children receiving residential care service;
- strengthen measures to combat domestic violence, including support for children who have witnessed or are exposed to domestic violence, and enhance child protection services;
- implement a three-year pilot project to provide social work service for aided/subsidised child care centres, kindergartens and kindergarten-cum-child care centres; and
- continue and review the short-term food assistance service.

### **Programme (2): Social Security**

	2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Original)	2017–18 (Revised)	2018–19 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)				
Government sector	45,585.7	52,108.3	47,030.6 (-9.7%)	<b>61,017.1</b> (+29.7%)

(or +17.1% on 2017–18 Original)

Subvented sector	2016–17 (Actual) 0.7	2017–18 (Original) 0.7	2017–18 (Revised) 0.7 (—)	2018–19 (Estimate) 0.7 ()
				(or same as 2017–18 Original)
Total	45,586.4	52,109.0	47,031.3 (-9.7%)	<b>61,017.8</b> (+29.7%)
				(or +17.1% on 2017–18 Original)

## Aim

**9** The aim is to provide a non-contributory social security system to meet the basic and essential needs of the financially vulnerable and the special needs of severely disabled and elderly persons.

## **Brief Description**

- 10 The Department:
- administers the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme and the Social Security Allowance (SSA) Scheme,
- provides support for employable able-bodied CSSA recipients to become self-reliant,
- combats fraud relating to the CSSA and SSA Schemes,
- operates the Criminal and Law Enforcement Injuries Compensation Scheme and the Traffic Accident Victims Assistance Scheme,
- provides material assistance in the form of food and other essential articles for victims of natural and other disasters, and
- provides financial assistance from the Emergency Relief Fund for victims of natural disasters or their dependants as appropriate.
- 11 In 2017, the Department:
- continued to implement the CSSA Scheme and the SSA Scheme as well as the Integrated Employment Assistance Programme for Self-reliance;
- commenced the repeat of the special one-off arrangement under the Guangdong (GD) Scheme to waive the one-year continuous residence in Hong Kong (OYCR in HK) requirement for a one-year period;
- commenced preparatory work for implementing the Fujian (FJ) Scheme to provide Old Age Allowance to eligible Hong Kong elderly persons who choose to reside in FJ, with a special one-off arrangement in the first year of implementation to waive the OYCR in HK requirement;
- enhanced the Old Age Living Allowance (OALA) by relaxing the asset limits for the existing OALA (also applicable to applicants aged 65 to 69 under the GD Scheme);
- commenced preparatory work for implementing the Higher OALA and raising the eligible age for elderly CSSA from 60 to 65;
- completed the development of a new computer system to replace the existing Computerised Social Security System; and
- provided a one-off extra payment to eligible recipients of CSSA and SSA.
- 12 The key performance measures in respect of social security are:

Target

	Target	2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Revised Estimate)	2018–19 (Plan)
effecting payment for successful new CSSA applications within seven working days after completion of investigation and authorisation (%)	95	98	99	99

## Indicators

	2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Revised Estimate)	2018–19 (Estimate)
CSSA Scheme			
cases served	284 014	276 000	268 000
average time for processing a new case by field units (working days)	28	30	30
waiting time before a client is attended to in field units (minutes) average time for completing the screening and	10	10	10
prioritising of reported fraud cases (working days)	7	7	7
SSA Scheme			
cases served	904 653	958 000	1 015 000
average time for processing a new case by field units (working days)	29	27	27
waiting time before a client is attended to in field units (minutes)	10	10	10
average time for completing the screening and prioritising of reported fraud cases (working days)	7	7	7

## Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2018–19

- 13 During 2018–19, the Department will:
- implement the FJ Scheme, with a special one-off arrangement in the first year of implementation to waive the OYCR in HK requirement;
- implement the Higher OALA;
- raise the eligible age for elderly CSSA from 60 to 65;
- provide a one-off extra payment to eligible recipients of CSSA and SSA; and
- provide a one-off support grant for needy students under the CSSA Scheme.

## Programme (3): Services for The Elderly

		2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Original)	2017–18 (Revised)	2018–19 (Estimate)
Financial pr	rovision (\$m)				
G	overnment sector	258.7	307.4	296.5 (-3.5%)	<b>371.0</b> (+25.1%)
					(or +20.7% on 2017–18 Original)
S	ubvented/private sectors	6,867.6	7,343.6	7,176.9 (-2.3%)	<b>8,514.3</b> (+18.6%)
					(or +15.9% on 2017–18 Original)
Т	otal	7,126.3	7,651.0	7,473.4 (-2.3%)	<b>8,885.3</b> (+18.9%)
					(or +16.1% on 2017–18 Original)

## Aim

14 The aim is to promote the well-being of the elderly through the provision of services that will enable them to remain active members of the community for as long as possible and, where necessary, provide community or residential care to suit the varying long-term care (LTC) needs of frail elderly persons.

## **Brief Description**

- **15** The Department:
- provides subsidised community care and support services for the elderly, which include day care centres for the elderly (DEs), day care units for the elderly (DCUs), enhanced home and community care services (EHCCS), integrated home care services (IHCS), services under the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly, home help services, district elderly community centres (DECCs), neighbourhood elderly centres (NECs), support teams for the elderly, a holiday centre and the Senior Citizen Card Scheme;
- provides subsidised residential care services for elderly persons, which include subsidised residential care places in a home for the aged (H/A), care-and-attention (C&A) homes, nursing homes (NHs), contract homes, self-financing NHs participating in the Nursing Home Place Purchase Scheme (NHPPS) and private residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) participating in the Enhanced Bought Place Scheme (EBPS) as well as services under the Pilot Scheme on Residential Care Service Voucher for the Elderly;
- adopts a computerised central allocation system for subsidised LTC services which provides a single-entry point for elderly persons who have gone through standardised care need assessments for admission to subsidised community and residential care services;
- licenses RCHEs; and
- promotes active ageing and the building of age-friendly communities together with the Elderly Commission.
- 16 In 2017, the Department:
- provided additional vouchers under the Second Phase of the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly;
- launched the Pilot Scheme on Home Care and Support for Elderly Persons with Mild Impairment, implemented the Dementia Community Support Scheme;
- provided additional day care and residential care places for the elderly;
- continued to implement the Pilot Scheme on Residential Care Service Voucher for the Elderly;
- continued to implement the Pilot Residential Care Services Scheme in GD;
- continued to implement Phase II of the Pilot Scheme on Living Allowance for Carers of Elderly Persons from Low Income Families;
- continued to implement the Special Scheme on Privately Owned Sites for Welfare Uses;
- continued to organise the Enrolled Nurse Training Programme for the Welfare Sector;
- continued to implement the Navigation Scheme for Young Persons in Care Services;
- strengthened the inspection and monitoring of RCHEs; and
- set up a working group to review the Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons) Ordinance (Cap. 459), the Residential Care Homes (Persons with Disabilities) Ordinance (Cap. 613) and the respective Codes of Practice.
- 17 The key performance measures in respect of services for elderly persons are:

## Targets

	Target	2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Revised Estimate)	2018–19 (Plan)
<ul> <li>issuing Senior Citizen Card within seven working days upon receiving the application and necessary documents (%)</li> <li>acknowledging receipt of application and requesting for missing document for</li> </ul>	95	100	100	95
licence/renewal of licence for RCHE within three working days (%)	95	100	95	95

### Indicators

	2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Revised Estimate)	2018–19 (Estimate)
	Subvented/ private sectors	Subvented/ private sectors	Subvented/ private sectors
Community care and support services			
DEČCs			
no. of centres	41	41	41
attendance per session per centre	185	185	185
NECs			
no. of centres	169	169	171Δ
attendance per session per centre	85	85	85
social centres for the elderly			
no. of centres	1	1	$-\Delta$
attendance per session per centre	149	149	—
DEs/DCUs			
no. of places	3 059	3 2 3 2	3 252
enrolment rate (%)	105	105	105
cost per place per month (\$)	8,755	9,027	9,887
IHCS			
cases served	26 820	26 820	26 820
cost per case served per month (\$)	1,904	1,939	2,070
EHCCS			
	9 562	9 562	9 562
cases served cost per case served per month (\$)	4,533	4,641	5,483
cost per case served per month (\$)	4,555	4,041	3,403
Residential care services			
H/Aplaces	67	67	67
C&A homesplaces	63	63	63
C&A homes providing a continuum of care			
no. of places	15 017	15 165	15 242
enrolment rate (%)	97	95	95
cost per place per month (\$)	14,822	15,544	16,682
NHsΨ	y -	- )-	- )
no. of places	1 870	1 851	1 851
enrolment rate (%)	95	95	95
cost per place per month (\$)	22,273	22,783	23,673
private homes participating in EBPS	,	· · · ·	-)
no. of places	8 087	8 084	8 454
enrolment rate (%)	97	92	92
cost per place per month (\$)	10,813	11,939	13,274
contract homes	- ,	2	- , -
no. of places	2 1 5 0	2 324	2 470
enrolment rate (%)	95	95	95
cost per place per month (\$)	16,010	17,648	19,626
A One sector control for the addents will be up and ad to NE	<i>,</i>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ý

 $\Delta$  One social centre for the elderly will be upgraded to NEC in 2018–19 while one new NEC will commence service in 2018–19.

 $\Psi$  Including subsidised NH places purchased under NHPPS.

## Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2018–19

**18** During 2018–19, the Department will:

- follow up on the implementation of the recommendations of the Elderly Services Programme Plan;
- implement the Pilot Scheme on Home Care and Support for Elderly Persons with Mild Impairment and the Pilot Scheme on Support for Elderly Persons Discharged from Public Hospitals After Treatment;
- launch a pilot scheme to enhance training for foreign domestic helpers in taking care of elderly persons;
- implement a series of new measures to strengthen care and support for elderly persons with dementia and their carers, including regularising the Dementia Community Support Scheme and extending it to all 41 DECCs;
- enhance outreaching support for needy carers of elderly persons;
- provide additional vouchers under the Second Phase of the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly;

- provide visiting medical practitioner services for residents of all RCHEs;
- provide speech therapy services for needy residents/service users of subvented homes, subvented DEs/DCUs and IHCS (Frail Cases);
- establish a new fund of \$1 billion to subsidise elderly and rehabilitation service units to try and procure/rent technology products;
- adopt an updated assessment tool under the Standardised Care Need Assessment Mechanism of Elderly Services for better service matching of LTC services;
- launch a four-year pilot scheme to set up district-based professional teams to provide outreach services (including speech therapy services) for residents in private RCHEs, as well as outreach speech therapy services for needy residents/service users of contract homes, self-financing homes, EHCCS and the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly;
- launch a five-year scheme to provide full subsidies for all private RCHEs to join accreditation schemes;
- launch a five-year scheme to provide full subsidies for home managers, health workers and care workers of all RCHEs and residential care homes for persons with disabilities (RCHDs) to enrol in Qualifications Framework-based training courses;
- conduct a consultancy study to review the existing licensing and regulatory regimes for RCHEs and RCHDs; and
- continue to review the Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons) Ordinance, the Residential Care Homes (Persons with Disabilities) Ordinance and the respective Codes of Practice.

### **Programme (4): Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services**

		2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Original)	2017–18 (Revised)	2018–19 (Estimate)
Financial	provision (\$m)				
	Government sector	620.3	668.5	663.3 (-0.8%)	<b>1,050.0</b> (+58.3%)
					(or +57.1% on 2017–18 Original)
	Subvented/private sectors	5,385.8	5,696.5	5,754.2 (+1.0%)	<b>6,624.7</b> (+15.1%)
					(or +16.3% on 2017–18 Original)
	Total	6,006.1	6,365.0	6,417.5 (+0.8%)	<b>7,674.7</b> (+19.6%)
					(or +20.6% on 2017–18 Original)

## Aim

**19** The aim is to acknowledge the equal rights of persons with disabilities to be full members of the community by supporting them to develop their physical, mental and social capabilities to the fullest possible extent and by promoting their integration into the community; to provide medical social services; and to provide preventive and rehabilitative services for drug abusers.

## **Brief Description**

**20** The Department provides a comprehensive network of rehabilitation services for persons with disabilities, medical social services in clinics and hospitals, assistance for Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) patients and their families, as well as preventive and rehabilitative services for drug abusers, including:

- pre-school services for children with disabilities through early education and training centres (EETCs), special child care centres (SCCCs), integrated programmes in ordinary kindergarten-cum-child care centres (IP) and OCC services;
- training subsidy for eligible children on the waiting list of subvented pre-school rehabilitation services;
- services for children with mild intellectual disability through SGHs for mildly mentally handicapped children and integrated SGHs;

- training and vocational rehabilitation services for adults with disabilities through day activity centres (DACs), sheltered workshops (SWs), supported employment (SE), integrated vocational rehabilitation services centres (IVRSCs), integrated vocational training centres (IVTCs), On the Job Training Programme for People with Disabilities, Sunnyway – On the Job Training Programme for Young People with Disabilities, and Enhancing Employment of People with Disabilities through Small Enterprise Project;
- residential services for adults with disabilities through hostels for severely and moderately mentally handicapped persons, C&A homes for severely disabled persons, C&A homes for the aged blind, hostels for severely physically handicapped persons, long stay care homes, halfway houses and supported hostels;
- community support services such as integrated community centres for mental wellness (ICCMWs), home care
  service for persons with severe disabilities, integrated support service for persons with severe physical
  disabilities, parents/relatives resource centres (PRCs), district support centres for persons with disabilities
  (DSCs), community rehabilitation day centres (CRDCs), transitional care and support centre for tetraplegic
  patients, social and recreational centres, community rehabilitation network, community-based support projects,
  respite service, place of refuge for children with disabilities and emergency placement service for adults with
  disabilities;
- direct financial assistance for athletes with disabilities in their pursuit of sporting excellence through the Hong Kong Paralympians Fund;
- compassionate financial assistance from the Trust Fund for SARS for families of deceased SARS patients, and recovered and suspected SARS patients;
- licensing scheme for RCHDs; and
- preventive and rehabilitative services for drug abusers through non-medical voluntary drug treatment and rehabilitation centres (DTRCs), counselling centres for psychotropic substance abusers, centres for drug counselling and halfway houses for dischargees from DTRCs.
- **21** In 2017, the Department:
- set up a medical social services unit in the new Tin Shui Wai Hospital;
- waived the means test for children waitlising for subvented SCCCs under Training Subsidy Programme and provided additional subsidy places;
- waived the fee of SCCCs;
- provided additional resources to enhance remunerations for special child care workers to facilitate their recruitment and retention in pre-school rehabilitation services;
- provided additional places of supported hostel, EETC, SCCC, OCC service and IVRSC;
- provided additional day care places and strengthened outreaching services in DSCs to enhance support for ageing persons with disabilities living in the community;
- strengthened the manpower of ICCMWs to enhance support for ex-mentally ill persons on social rehabilitation and re-integration into the community;
- implemented a pilot scheme on providing special subsidy for persons with permanent stoma from low-income families;
- injected \$100 million into the Enhancing Employment of People with Disabilities through Small Enterprise Project;
- strengthened the inspection and monitoring of RCHDs;
- set up a working group to review the Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons) Ordinance, the Residential Care Homes (Persons with Disabilities) Ordinance and the respective Codes of Practice; and
- continued to implement a licensing scheme for DTRCs and facilitate them to comply with the licensing requirements.
- 22 The key performance measures in respect of rehabilitation and medical social services are:

## Targets

	Target	2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Revised Estimate)	2018–19 (Plan)
making first contact with the service user/related person within ten working days upon receiving request for medical social services (%)	95	99	95	95

		Target	2016 (Act		2017–18 (Revised Estimate)	2018–19 (Plan)
acknowledging receipt of application a requesting for missing document for licence/renewal of licence for RCHI						
within three working days (%)		95		100	95	95
Indicators						
	2016- (Actu		2017- (Revised E		2018 (Estin	
Go	vernment sector	Subvented/ private sectors	Government sector	Subvented/ private sectors	Government sector	Subvented/ private sectors
Residential services discharged mental patients						
halfway housesplaces		1 509	_	1 509	_	1 534
long stay care homesplaces mentally	—	1 587	—	1 587	—	1 587
handicapped IVTCsplaces moderately mentally	_	170		170	_	170
handicapped hostelsplaces severely	_	2 505	_	2 505	_	2 655
mentally handicapped hostelsplaces severely physically	_	3 611		3 611	_	3 953
handicapped hostelsplaces	_	573	_	573	_	673
C&A homes for the severely disabledplaces C&A homes for the	—	991	—	991	—	1 041
aged blindplaces		825		828	—	828
SGHsplaces supported hostelsplaces enrolment rate for	_	64 677		80 707	_	128 727
residential services (%) cost per residential	—	97	_	97	_	95
place per month (\$) private RCHDs participating in Bought Place	_	14,855	—	15,356	—	16,483
Scheme no. of places	_	600	_	600	_	1 100
enrolment rate (%) cost per place		96		95	_	95
per month (\$)		8,331		8,571	_	9,745
Day services DACs						
no. of places enrolment		5 198	_	5 198	_	5 600
rate (%) cost per place		99	—	99	—	98
per month (\$)		9,897	_	10,080	—	10,481

	2016–17 (Actual)			2017–18 (Revised Estimate)		2018–19 (Estimate)	
		vented/ ( private sectors	Government S sector	bubvented/ private sectors	Government sector	Subvented/ private sectors	
community rehabilitation network servicescentres PRCscentres CRDCscentres DSCscentres ICCMWscentres		6 6 4 16 24	 	6 6 4 16 24	 	6 12 4 16 24	
Pre-school services EETCsplaces IPplaces OCCplaces SCCCsplaces enrolment rate for		3 124 1 980 94 1 834		3 444 1 980 96 1 834	 	3 625 1 980 100 2 092	
pre-school services (%) cost per pre-school		98		98	_	98	
place per month (\$)	_	8,298	_	8,873	_	9,152	
Vocational rehabilitation services							
SWs no. of places enrolment	_	5 276		5 276	_	5 276	
rate (%)	—	99	_	99	—	99	
cost per place per month (\$)places IVTCsplaces IVRSCsplaces on the job training programme for		5,402 1 633 453 4 482		5,495 1 633 453 4 507	 	5,507 1 633 453 5 032	
people with disabilitiesplaces Sunnywayplaces	_	432 311		432 311	_	432 311	
Medical social services cases servedcases	189 482	_	194 351	_	198 238	_	

### Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2018–19

23 During 2018–19, the Department will:

- strengthen the professional support provided by medical social workers in the Child Assessment Centres of the Department of Health and the general and psychiatric hospitals of the Hospital Authority;
- regularise a pilot project on providing on-site pre-school rehabilitation services to children with special needs in kindergartens and kindergarten-cum-child care centres from the 2018/19 school year with additional service places;
- strengthen the manpower and professional support for SGHs for mildly mentally handicapped children to enhance care and support for children receiving the service;
- provide additional day, residential and pre-school rehabilitation service places;
- provide additional places under the extended care programme in DACs and under the work extension programme in SWs/IVRSCs to enhance care and support for ageing service users;
- set up clinical psychologist posts and strengthen the manpower of ICCMWs to enhance professional support for ex-mentally ill persons and their families/carers, particularly their children;
- step up community education for early prevention of mental illness through deploying mobile publicity vans;
- regularise the pilot project on strengthening support for persons with autism and their parents/carers;

- set up new PRCs to enhance support for parents/carers of persons with disabilities;
- strengthen the manpower of multi-service centres for hearing impaired persons to enhance support for children of hearing impaired persons;
- strengthen the manpower of rehabilitation and training centres for visually impaired persons to enhance support and training for persons with visual impairment;
- provide job attachment allowance for trainees of SE service and wage subsidy for employers offering job trials to these trainees;
- strengthen post-placement follow-up service in vocational rehabilitation service units to enhance vocational rehabilitation support for persons with disabilities;
- enhance care and support services for ageing service users through forming district-based speech therapy teams to provide speech therapy services in hostels for moderately mentally handicapped persons, hostels for severely mentally handicapped persons, hostels for severely physically handicapped persons with mental handicap, and C&A homes for severely disabled persons;
- create health worker posts in supported hostels to enhance the healthcare services provided;
- provide additional resources for subsidised rehabilitation service units to increase the salaries of personal care workers and similar posts;
- provide visiting medical practitioner services for residents of all RCHDs;
- set up a special needs trust for managing the assets of deceased parents for the purpose of taking care of their children with intellectual disabilities;
- establish a new fund of \$1 billion to subsidise elderly and rehabilitation service units to try and procure/rent technology products;
- inject \$50 million into the Trust Fund for SARS to continue to provide support for SARS patients and their families;
- review the Pilot Scheme on Living Allowance for Low Income Carers of Persons with Disabilities;
- provide additional financial assistance to enhance support for the operation and development of self-help organisations through the financial support scheme for self-help organisations for persons with disabilities/chronic illnesses;
- establish a new fund to foster arts development for persons with disabilities;
- launch a four-year pilot scheme to set up district-based professional teams to provide outreach services for residents in private RCHDs;
- launch a five-year scheme to provide full subsidies for home managers, health workers and care workers of all RCHEs and RCHDs to enrol in Qualifications Framework-based training courses;
- · conduct a consultancy study to review the existing licensing and regulatory regimes for RCHEs and RCHDs; and
- continue to review the Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons) Ordinance, the Residential Care Homes (Persons with Disabilities) Ordinance and the respective Codes of Practice.

### **Programme (5): Services for Offenders**

	2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Original)	2017–18 (Revised)	2018–19 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)				
Government sector	293.9	300.2	296.0 (-1.4%)	<b>305.7</b> (+3.3%)
				( 1.00/

(or +1.8% on 2017–18 Original)

	2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Original)	2017–18 (Revised)	2018–19 (Estimate)
Subvented sector	72.1	72.7	73.6 (+1.2%)	<b>73.8</b> (+0.3%)
				(or +1.5% on 2017–18 Original)
Total	366.0	372.9	369.6 (-0.9%)	<b>379.5</b> (+2.7%)
				(or +1.8% on 2017–18 Original)

## Aim

24 The aim is to provide treatment for offenders through a social work approach, including supervision, counselling, academic, prevocational and social skill training and to help them re-integrate into the community and lead a law-abiding life.

## **Brief Description**

25 The Department:

- provides integrated probation and community service order (CSO) service; •
- operates remand home and residential training institution; •
- administers the Post-Release Supervision of Prisoners Scheme and the Young Offender Assessment Panel; and
- provides counselling, group activities, residential services, aftercare services and employment assistance for • ex-offenders.
- 26 In 2017, the Department continued to provide community support for the rehabilitation of offenders.
- 27 The key performance measures in respect of services for offenders are:

### Target

		Tar		16–17 .ctual)	2017–18 (Revised Estimate)	2018–19 (Plan)
making first contact with the s within five working days up receiving court referral for and CSO service (%)	oon probation		95	97	95	95
Indicators $\Omega$						
	2016 (Actu	- 1	2017- (Revised F		2018 (Estin	
	Government sector	Subvented sector	Government sector	Subvented sector	Government sector	Subvented sector
Probation and CSO service probation service						
supervision cases served cases with order	. 3 047		3 053	_	3 053	—
satisfactorily completed (%) . cost per case	. 89		88	_	88	—
served per month (\$)	. 4,184	_	4,152	_	4,231	_

	2016–17 (Actual)		2017–18 (Revised Estimate)		2018–19 (Estimate)	
	Government sector	Subvented sector	Government sector	Subvented sector	Government sector	Subvented sector
CSOs						
supervision cases served cases with order satisfactorily	2 383	_	2 386	_	2 386	_
completed (%) cost per case	97		97		97	
served per month (\$)	2,735	—	2,854	_	2,909	_
Social service centres for ex-offenders						
cases supervised per		4.0.47		2 00 4		2 00 4
month		4 047 217		3 984 219	—	3 984 219
cases closed per month cost per case per		217		219		219
month (\$)		823	—	849	_	851
Hostels for ex-offenders						
no. of places						
male		120		120	—	120
female		10		10	—	10
occupancy rate (%)		02		00		00
male female		92 87	_	90 83	_	90 83
cost per place per		0/		65		83
month (\$)	_	6,866	—	7,315	—	7,349
Residential training						
no. of places	388		388		388	
probation home						
admissions			15	—	15	—
discharges	18		11	—	11	_
cases satisfactorily			100		100	
completed (%)	89		100		100	
rate of successful re-integration						
of discharged						
cases (%)	100		100	_	100	
reformatory school	100		100		100	
admissions			7		7	
discharges	10		7	—	7	
cases satisfactorily			-0			
completed (%)	70		78		78	—
rate of successful						
re-integration of discharged						
cases (%)	100		100		100	
remand home/place of	100		100		100	
refuge						
admissions	945		772		772	
discharges	934		725		725	_
cost per resident per	01.047		04.175		00.04.4	
month (\$)	91,947		94,177		98,014	—

 $\Omega$  Demand for statutory services under this programme hinges on the number of prosecutions and the type of court sentence, and must always be met in full.

## Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2018–19

28 During 2018–19, the Department will continue to provide community support for the rehabilitation of offenders.

11051 ann	ie (0). Community Development	ii t			
		2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Original)	2017–18 (Revised)	2018–19 (Estimate)
Financial p	provision (\$m)				
(	Government sector	4.9	4.9	5.0 (+2.0%)	<b>5.0</b> (—)
					(or +2.0% on 2017–18 Original)
S	Subvented sector	185.6	185.6	189.8 (+2.3%)	<b>189.9</b> (+0.1%)
					(or +2.3% on 2017–18 Original)
]	Fotal	190.5	190.5	194.8 (+2.3%)	<b>194.9</b> (+0.1%)
					(or +2.3% on 2017–18 Original)

## **Programme (6): Community Development**

## Aim

**29** The aim is to promote a sense of belonging in the community through social work services which encourage people to identify their social needs and mobilise community resources to solve their problems.

## **Brief Description**

- 30 The Department:
- provides community work and group services for the general public with particular focus on the needs of vulnerable groups;
- implements Neighbourhood Level Community Development Projects (NLCDPs) in areas qualified under the existing criteria; and
- provides, through the Care and Support Networking Team (CSNT), outreaching support, casework and group work services aiming to assist mainly street sleepers, ex-mentally ill persons and ex-offenders to integrate into the community.
- **31** In 2017, the Department continued to:
- monitor the performance of CSNT, and
- provide community development services.

32 The key performance measures in respect of community development services are:

### Indicators

	2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Revised Estimate)	2018–19 (Estimate)
	Subvented sector	Subvented sector	Subvented sector
Group and community work units in district community centres new and renewed members per month attendance per month groups per month	67 655 236 033 2 518	67 655 236 033 2 518	67 655 236 033 2 518
<i>NLCDPs</i> community programmes and community groups attendance and residents' contacts	251 425	251 425	251 425

## Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2018–19

**33** During 2018–19, the Department will continue to keep in view the provision of community development services in the light of changing community needs.

Programme (7): Young People				
	2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Original)	2017–18 (Revised)	2018–19 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)				
Government sector	91.9	98.2	92.1 (-6.2%)	<b>101.7</b> (+10.4%)
				(or +3.6% on 2017–18 Original)
Subvented sector	1,926.8	1,919.7	1,950.7 (+1.6%)	<b>1,962.5</b> (+0.6%)
				(or +2.2% on 2017–18 Original)
Total	2,018.7	2,017.9	2,042.8 (+1.2%)	<b>2,064.2</b> (+1.0%)
				(or +2.3% on 2017–18 Original)

## Aim

34 The aim is to provide comprehensive support services for young people, including those who are at risk.

## **Brief Description**

35 The Department provides integrated children and youth services centres (ICYSCs), children and youth centres (CYCs), outreaching social work service and school social work service.

**36** In 2017, the Department:

- launched the Pilot Scheme on Relaxing the Household Income Limit of the Fee-waiving Subsidy Scheme under the After School Care Programme for Low-income Families and Increasing Fee-waiving Subsidy Places,
- continued to implement the enhanced after-school care programme,
- continued to assist in the implementation of Child Development Fund (CDF) projects, and
- continued to assist in the implementation of more cross-sectoral initiatives in after-school learning and support through matching grant under the Partnership Fund for the Disadvantaged (PFD).
- 37 The key performance measures in respect of services for young people are:

### Indicators

	2016–17 (Revised (Actual) Estimate)		2018–19 (Estimate)	
	Subvented sector	Subvented sector	Subvented sector	
CYCs				
no. of centres	23	22	22	
attendees in core programme sessions	483 545	453 228	453 228	
core programmes with goals achieved (%)	99	99	99	
new and renewed members	33 512	31 776	31 776	
ICYSCs				
no. of centres	138	139	139	
attendees in core programme sessions	5 865 163	5 893 163	5 893 163	
clients served	401 396	401 846	401 846	
core programmes with goals achieved (%)	99	99	99	

	2016–17 (Actual)	2017–18 (Revised Estimate)	2018–19 (Estimate)
	Subvented sector	Subvented sector	Subvented sector
School social work cases served cases closed having achieved the agreed goal	23 748 7 875	23 675 7 851	23 573 7 817
Outreaching social work cases served cases closed having achieved case goal plan clients identified cost per case per month (\$)	15 764 1 253 5 376 771	15 764 1 253 5 376 780	15 764 1 253 5 376 781

## Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2018–19

- **38** During 2018–19, the Department will:
- enhance the District Support Scheme for Children and Youth Development,
- set up cyber youth support teams,
- continue to implement the pilot scheme on after-school care programme,
- support the implementation of more PFD projects, and
- support the implementation of more CDF projects.

Prog	gramme	2016–17 (Actual) (\$m)	2017–18 (Original) (\$m)	2017–18 (Revised) (\$m)	2018–19 (Estimate) (\$m)
(1)	Family and Child Welfare	3,140.1	3,444.9	3,125.8	3,553.0
(2)	Social Security	45,586.4	52,109.0	47,031.3	61,017.8
(3)	Services for The Elderly	7,126.3	7,651.0	7,473.4	8,885.3
(4)	Rehabilitation and Medical Social				
. /	Services	6,006.1	6,365.0	6,417.5	7,674.7
(5)	Services for Offenders	366.0	372.9	369.6	379.5
(6)	Community Development	190.5	190.5	194.8	194.9
(7)	Young People	2,018.7	2,017.9	2,042.8	2,064.2
		64,434.1	72,151.2	66,655.2 (-7.6%)	83,769.4 (+25.7%)

### ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL PROVISION

(or +16.1% on 2017–18 Original)

### Analysis of Financial and Staffing Provision

#### Programme (1)

Provision for 2018–19 is \$427.2 million (13.7%) higher than the revised estimate for 2017–18. This is mainly due to the additional provision for residential child care services, aided day child care centres, enhanced support for divorced/separated parents and their children, as well as children who have witnessed or are exposed to domestic violence, strengthened child protection services, continuation of short-term food assistance service and the full-year effect of the new initiatives implemented in 2017–18. There will be a net increase of 102 posts in 2018–19.

#### Programme (2)

Provision for 2018–19 is \$13,986.5 million (29.7%) higher than the revised estimate for 2017–18. This is mainly due to an anticipated increase in expenditure under the SSA Scheme including those arising from the implementation of the Higher OALA in 2018–19, a one-off extra payment to eligible recipients of CSSA and SSA, and a one-off support grant for needy students under the CSSA Scheme. There will be a net increase of 21 posts in 2018–19.

#### **Programme (3)**

Provision for 2018–19 is \$1,411.9 million (18.9%) higher than the revised estimate for 2017–18. This is mainly due to the provision of additional subsidised day and residential care places, enhanced support for elderly persons with dementia and their carers as well as support for needy carers of elderly persons, implementation of on-going and new initiatives and a series of measures to continuously strengthen the monitoring of RCHEs and enhance their service quality, increase in operational expenses, and the full-year effect of new initiatives implemented in 2017–18. There will be a net increase of 77 posts in 2018–19.

#### **Programme (4)**

Provision for 2018–19 is \$1,257.2 million (19.6%) higher than the revised estimate for 2017–18. This is mainly due to the establishment of a new fund to foster arts development for persons with disabilities, regularisation of a pilot project on providing on-site pre-school rehabilitation services from the 2018/19 school year, provision of additional day, residential and pre-school service places, enhanced community support and vocational rehabilitation services for gersons with disabilities, enhanced support services for ageing service users in day and residential units, setting up of a special needs trust, the implementation of a series of measures to continuously strengthen the monitoring of RCHDs and enhance their service quality, and the full-year effect of new initiatives implemented in 2017–18. There will be a net increase of 88 posts in 2018–19.

### Programme (5)

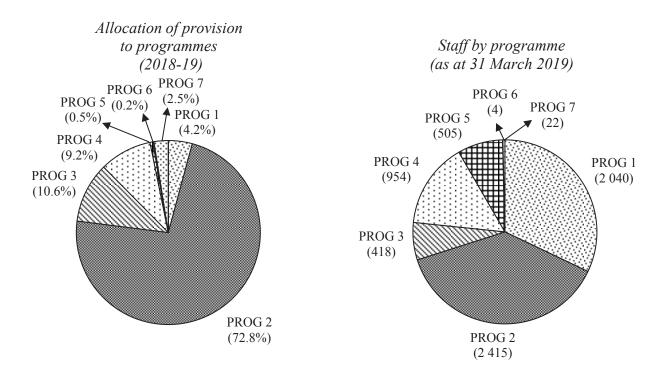
Provision for 2018–19 is \$9.9 million (2.7%) higher than the revised estimate for 2017–18. This is mainly due to increase in operational expenses.

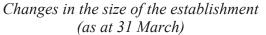
### **Programme (6)**

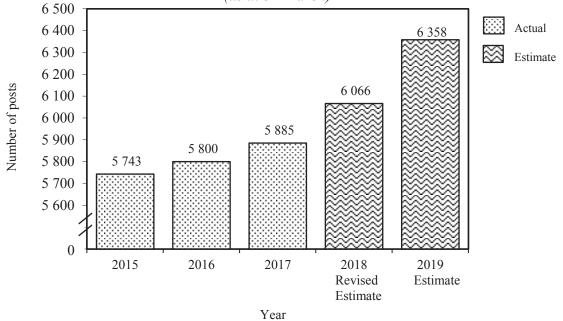
Provision for 2018-19 is 0.1 million (0.1%) higher than the revised estimate for 2017-18. This is mainly due to increase in operational expenses.

## Programme (7)

Provision for 2018–19 is \$21.4 million (1.0%) higher than the revised estimate for 2017–18. This is mainly due to the enhancement of the District Support Scheme for Children and Youth Development, setting up of cyber youth support teams and increase in operational expenses. There will be a net increase of four posts in 2018–19.







Sub- head (Code)		Actual expenditure 2016–17	Approved estimate 2017–18	Revised estimate 2017–18	Estimate 2018–19
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	<b>Operating Account</b>				
	Recurrent				
	Operational expenses Recoverable salaries and allowances (General)11,088	19,770,328	21,009,754	20,640,372	23,494,334
	Deduct reimbursements <u>Cr. 11,088</u>				
	Assistance for patients and their families Criminal and law enforcement injuries	66	143	137	137
170	compensation	5,832	6,390	5,810	5,810
	Emergency relief	442	1,000	1,000	1,000
179	Comprehensive social security assistance scheme	21,163,977	20,829,000	20,629,000	19,723,000
180	Social security allowance scheme	20,508,046	26,537,000	20,029,000	32,442,000
	Traffic accident victims assistance scheme	44,707	47,175	47,175	50,900
	Agents' commission and expenses	5,777	5,920	5,500	6,000
	Total, Recurrent	61,499,175	68,436,382	63,594,994	75,723,181
	Non-Recurrent				
700	General non-recurrent	2,928,842	3,708,563	3,055,695	8,038,126
	Total, Non-Recurrent	2,928,842	3,708,563	3,055,695	8,038,126
	Total, Operating Account	64,428,017	72,144,945	66,650,689	83,761,307
	Capital Account				
	Plant, Equipment and Works				
661					
001	Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote)	6,049	6,225	4,485	8,061
	Total, Plant, Equipment and Works	6,049	6,225	4,485	8,061
	Total, Capital Account	6,049	6,225	4,485	8,061
	Total Expenditure	64,434,066	72,151,170	66,655,174	83,769,368

#### **Details of Expenditure by Subhead**

The estimate of the amount required in 2018–19 for the salaries and expenses of the Social Welfare Department is \$83,769,368,000. This represents an increase of \$17,114,194,000 over the revised estimate for 2017–18 and \$19,335,302,000 over the actual expenditure in 2016–17.

#### **Operating** Account

Recurrent

**2** Provision of \$23,494,334,000 under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* is for the salaries, allowances and other operating expenses of the Social Welfare Department, as well as subventions and contract payments for the operation of subsidised welfare services. The increase of \$2,853,962,000 (13.8%) over the revised estimate for 2017–18 is mainly due to the additional provision for strengthening support to the family, the needy, the elderly and persons with disabilities, as well as full-year effect of new initiatives implemented in 2017–18.

**3** The establishment as at 31 March 2018 will be 6 066 posts, including one supernumerary post. It is expected that there will be a net increase of 292 posts in 2018–19. Subject to certain conditions, the controlling officer may under delegated power create or delete non-directorate posts during 2018–19, but the notional annual mid-point salary value of all such posts must not exceed \$3,002,776,000.

4 An analysis of the financial provision under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* is as follows:

	2016–17 (Actual) (\$'000)	2017–18 (Original) (\$'000)	2017–18 (Revised) (\$'000)	2018–19 (Estimate) (\$'000)
Personal Emoluments				
- Salaries	2,811,654	2,928,963	2,915,439	3,086,844
- Allowances	21,641	23,681	24,150	24,827
- Job-related allowances	1,624	1,859	1,584	1,492
Personnel Related Expenses				
- Mandatory Provident Fund				
contribution	8,657	10,904	9,434	13,972
- Civil Service Provident Fund	- )	- )	- ) -	- )-
contribution	103,757	125,222	123,675	145,414
Departmental Expenses	,	,	,	ŕ
- General departmental expenses	255,196	278,979	267,984	336,470
Other Charges				
<ul> <li>Grant to the Emergency Relief Fund</li> <li>Programme and training expenses of</li> </ul>	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
institutions	154,118	207,430	190,184	221,000
- Other payment for welfare services	1,871,564	2,301,527	2,016,545	2,911,670
- United Nations Children's Fund	128	128	128	128
Subventions				
- Social welfare services (grants)	14,444,230	15,045,061	15,005,249	16,665,517
- Refunds of rates	92,759	81,000	81,000	82,000
	19,770,328	21,009,754	20,640,372	23,494,334

**5** Gross provision of \$11,088,000 under *Subhead 003 Recoverable salaries and allowances (General)* is for the salaries and allowances of civil servants involved in taking forward initiatives and programmes of the Community Care Fund. The gross provision must not be exceeded without the prior approval of the Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury. Expenditure under this subhead is to be reimbursed by the Fund.

**6** Provision of \$137,000 under *Subhead 157 Assistance for patients and their families* is for payment to patients requiring medical care and assistance to their families pending provision of Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA), or where CSSA is not applicable.

7 Provision of \$5,810,000 under *Subhead 176 Criminal and law enforcement injuries compensation* is to cover compensation payable to persons who are injured as a result of violent crimes or acts of law enforcement or to their dependants as appropriate. The level of compensation for criminal injuries is based on the payment schedule of the Emergency Relief Fund whereas the level of compensation for law enforcement injuries is assessed on the basis of common law damages.

**8** Provision of \$1 million under *Subhead 177 Emergency relief* is to cover expenditure arising from the provision of food and necessities to victims of natural and other disasters.

**9** Provision of \$19,723 million under *Subhead 179 Comprehensive social security assistance scheme* is for payment to persons who meet the criteria for CSSA. The financial provision sought has taken into account an upward adjustment of 1.4 per cent in the standard payment rates and 1.5 per cent increase in maximum rent allowance under the CSSA Scheme effective from 1 February 2018.

**10** Provision of \$32,442 million under *Subhead 180 Social security allowance scheme* is for payment of Disability Allowance, Old Age Allowance including those to be paid under the Guangdong (GD) Scheme, Fujian (FJ) Scheme, as well as Old Age Living Allowance (OALA) to eligible persons. The increase of \$10,176 million (45.7%) over the revised estimate for 2017–18 is due to the impact of an upward adjustment of 1.4 per cent in the rates of allowances under the Scheme effective from 1 February 2018 (\$312 million) and a projected increase in expenditure (\$9,864 million), mainly due to an anticipated increase in expenditure under the Social Security Allowance Scheme including those arising from the repeat of the special one-off arrangement under the GD Scheme, implementation of the Higher OALA in 2018–19.

11 Provision of \$50,900,000 under *Subhead 184 Traffic accident victims assistance scheme* is for Government's contribution towards the Traffic Accident Victims Assistance Fund. It does not represent the actual payment for cases during the year. The annual provision is calculated at 25 per cent of the estimated amount of levies to be collected in the current financial year and takes into account necessary adjustments to Government's contribution in respect of the collection of levies in previous years.

**12** Provision of \$6 million under *Subhead 187 Agents' commission and expenses* is for payment of bank charges on autopay transactions.

#### Capital Account

#### Plant, Equipment and Works

**13** Provision of \$8,061,000 under *Subhead 661 Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote)* represents an increase of \$3,576,000 (79.7%) over the revised estimate for 2017–18. This reflects the increased requirement for scheduled replacement of minor plant and equipment.

## Commitments

Sub- head (Code)	Item (Code)	Ambit	Approved commitment	Accumulated expenditure to 31.3.2017	Revised estimated expenditure for 2017–18	Balance
			\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opera	ting Acc	count				
700		General non-recurrent				
	470	Partnership Fund for the Disadvantagedµ	1,200,000µ	386,689	50,000	763,311
	521	Enhancing employment of people with disabilities through small enterprise	254,000	87,488	14,000	152,512
	802	Additional provision for social security recipients 2017	3,490,000	_	2,906,000	584,000
	803	Additional provision for social security recipients 2018β	7,012,000β	_	_	7,012,000
	804	One-off support grant for needy students in the 2018/19 School Yearβ	142,000β	_	_	142,000
	811	Short-term food assistance	1,047,000\$	469,592	85,382	492,026
	812	Injection into Trust Fund for Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome 2018β	50,000β	_	_	50,000
	813	Innovation and Technology Fund for Application in Elderly and Rehabilitation Careβ	1,000,000β	_		1,000,000
	814	Arts Development Fund for Persons with Disabilitiesβ	250,000β	_	_	250,000
		Total	14,445,000	943,769	3,055,382	10,445,849

The approved commitment for the item was \$800 million. An increase in commitment of \$400 million is sought in μ the context of the Appropriation Bill 2018. This is a new item, funding for which is sought in the context of the Appropriation Bill 2018. The approved commitment for the item was \$600 million. An increase in commitment of \$447 million is sought in

β

, ¢ the context of the Appropriation Bill 2018.