

房屋事務委員會

在 2019 年 2 月 12 日的會議上 就議程項目 III "香港房屋委員會各項便利長者住戶活動 需要的措施" 通過的議案

根據房委會及統計處的統計數字，過去 10 年，60 歲或以上於公屋獨居的人口由 59 694 人增至 96 705 人；過去 5 年，60 歲或以上的公屋輪候人數由 21 942 增至 33 726，反映 60 歲或以上的長者對公屋的需求持續增加。現時非長者的平均輪候時間由 2017 年的 4.7 年升至 2018 年的 5.5 年，假若政府將修改長者綜援政策的年齡門檻由 60 歲升至 65 歲，擴展至長者申請公屋的年齡限制中，屆時 60 歲至 64 歲的長者輪候公屋的時間將會更長。

就此，本事務委員會促請政府，所有關乎長者申請公屋的任何計劃中，長者的年齡門檻保持為 60 歲，以確保基層長者能盡快入住公屋，以達致居家安老。

動議人：邵家臻議員

(Translation)

Panel on Housing

Motion passed under agenda item III

"Measures to facilitate the mobility needs of elderly residents by the Hong Kong Housing Authority" at the meeting on 12 February 2019

According to the statistics of the Hong Kong Housing Authority and the Census and Statistics Department, the number of people aged 60 or above living alone in public rental housing ("PRH") increased from 59 694 to 96 705 in the past ten years, and the number of people aged 60 or above waiting for PRH increased from 21 942 to 33 726 in the past five years, reflecting the continuous and increasing demand for PRH by the elderly aged 60 or above. At present, the average waiting time of non-elderly people has increased from 4.7 years in 2017 to 5.5 years in 2018. If the government policy of raising the age threshold of elderly Comprehensive Social Security Assistance from 60 to 65 is extended to apply to the age limit imposed on the elderly for making PRH applications, the PRH waiting time of the elderly aged between 60 and 64 will then be further lengthened.

In this connection, this Panel urges the Government, as far as all PRH application schemes for the elderly are concerned, the threshold of old age should be maintained at 60, so as to enable grass-root elderly people to move into PRH units as early as possible and achieve the objective of "ageing in place".

Moved by : Hon SHIU Ka-chun