For Discussion on 18 December 2018

Legislative Council Panel on Financial Affairs

Proposed Revision of Fees and Charges for Services under the Customs and Excise Department

PURPOSE

This paper briefs Members on the Government's plan to revise the fees of 17 items relating to dutiable commodities and motor vehicles managed under the Customs and Excise Department ("C&ED").

FEE REVIEW

- 2. In line with the "user pays" principle, it is the Government's policy that fees charged for public services should in general be set at levels that recover the full cost of the services provided.
- 3. The 17 fee items mentioned above were last revised in 2015, but without achieving full cost recovery. Costing review at the 2018-19 price level shows that the cost recovery levels of these fee items range from 28.4% to 82%.

THE PROPOSAL

- 4. Of the 17 fee items proposed to be revised, 14 are under the Dutiable Commodities Regulations (Cap. 109A) and three are under the Motor Vehicles (First Registration Tax) Ordinance (Cap. 330). These fees include
 - (a) licence fees for traders of dutiable commodities (five items);
 - (b) fees for transfer of or substitution or amendment in any licence

(two items);

- (c) fees for certain certificates and storage of dutiable commodities (three items);
- (d) bonded warehouse supervision fees (four items); and
- (e) registration fees for motor vehicle importer and/or distributor (three items).
- 5. In accordance with the general fee revision guidelines¹, we propose to increase the fees (with cost recovery ratios currently ranging from 28.4% to 82%) by 10% to 20%, or by \$0.3 to \$2,450 in dollar terms. Details of the proposal are set out at **Annex**. After the proposed fee revision, the cost recovery ratios of the 17 items will improve, ranging from 29.6% to 90.2%. The fee revision is expected to have limited impact on the business cost of the relevant trades.

EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENT MEASURES

6. The Government will continue to enhance efficiency and streamline procedures so as to contain the costs of providing these services. For example, the implementation of the electronic licensing system under the Dutiable Commodities System ("DCS") in January 2017 offers trade facilitation and provides more efficient and reliable dutiable commodities licence application and renewal services to the trade. The efficiency gain has already been taken into account in the costing review of C&ED.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

7. It is estimated that the fee revision proposal will increase revenue by about \$0.53 million per annum.

According to the revision guidelines, a fee may be increased by –

⁽a) 20% or more if its cost recovery rate is less than 40%;

⁽b) 15% if its cost recovery rate is within the range from 40% to 70%; and

⁽c) 10% or less if its cost recovery rate is more than 70%.

ENGAGEMENT WITH STAKEHOLDERS

8. C&ED consulted stakeholders, including the relevant traders and customer liaison groups, in October and November 2018 on the proposed fee revision through the webpage of the DCS, emails and discussion session. No adverse feedback has been received.

WAY FORWARD

9. Members are invited to note the proposed fee revision as set out in paragraphs 4 to 5 above. The revision to fees under Cap. 109A will require legislative amendments by way of negative vetting. Those fees under Cap. 330 will be adjusted by way of a gazette notice. Subject to the support of this Panel on the fee revision proposal, our tentative legislative plan will be as follows –

Publication in the Gazette 4 January 2019

Tabling at the Legislative Council 9 January 2019

(for fees under Cap. 109A only)

Commencement 1 March 2019

Financial Services and the Treasury Bureau December 2018

Fees Revision Proposal under the Customs and Excise Department

Item	Description of fee	Last revision	Existing fee	Cost recovery rate at	Proposed percentage of	Proposed fee	Proposed amount of increase	Cost recovery level
				2018-19	increase		merease	after
				price				revision
			(1)	level		(2)	(3)=(2)-(1)	
(a) Li	cence fees for traders of dutiable commo	dities						
1	General bonded warehouse or public	March	\$24,350	80.8%	10%	\$26,800	\$2,450	88.9%
	warehouse licence (annual fee)	2015						
2	Warehouse licence in respect of liquors,	March	\$24,350	80.8%	10%	\$26,800	\$2,450	88.9%
	tobacco, hydrocarbon oil and methyl	2015						
	alcohol (with manufacturer's licence)							
	(annual fee)							
3	Warehouse licence in respect of liquors,	March	\$24,350	80.8%	10%	\$26,800	\$2,450	88.9%
	tobacco, hydrocarbon oil and methyl	2015						
	alcohol (without manufacturer's licence)							
	(annual fee)							
4	Import and export licence for liquors,	March	\$1,200	82%	10%	\$1,320	\$120	90.2%
	tobacco, hydrocarbon oil and methyl	2015						
	alcohol (annual fee)							
5	Special import licence (to keepers of	March	\$1,200	82%	10%	\$1,320	\$120	90.2%
	licensed warehouses capable of storing	2015						
	not less than 500 kiloliters of							
	hydrocarbon oil) (annual fee)							

Item	Description of fee	Last revision	Existing fee	Cost recovery rate at 2018-19 price	Proposed percentage of increase	Proposed fee	Proposed amount of increase	Cost recovery level after revision		
			(1)	level		(2)	(3)=(2)-(1)			
(b) Fe	(b) Fees for transfer of or substitution or amendment in any licence									
6	For every transfer of or substitution or	March	\$515	33.2%	20%	\$620	\$105	40.0%		
	amendment in any licence, not otherwise	2015								
	specified, except a transfer from one									
	person to another (per case)									
7	For every transfer of any licence from	March	\$515	33.2%	20%	\$620	\$105	40.0%		
	one person to another (per case)	2015								
(c) Fees for certificates and storage of dutiable commodities										
8	For every certificate of the Government	March	\$6 or 6%	28.4%	20%	\$7 or 7%	\$1 or 1% of	29.6%		
	Chemist that any spirits or methyl	2015	of the			of the	the duty			
	alcohol are denatured		duty,			duty,				
			whichever			whichever				
			is the			is the				
			greater			greater				
9	For every landing certificate, certificate	March	\$200	59.7%	15%	\$230	\$30	68.7%		
	of shortages or breakages of cargo found	2015								
	damaged or short in bond, endorsement,									
	certificate of accuracy or copy of extract									
	from official record, any other									
	certificates on which statistics or any									
	official signature has been given, etc.									

Item	Description of fee	Last revision	Existing fee (1)	Cost recovery rate at 2018-19 price level	Proposed percentage of increase	Proposed fee	Proposed amount of increase	Cost recovery level after revision
10	Fee for storage of dutiable commodities by Customs and Excise Department with the permission of the Commissioner (per package per day or part of a day, after the first 48 hours)	March 2015	\$2	46.5%	15%	\$2.3	\$0.3	53.5%
11	Bonded warehouse supervision fees - attendance of an Inspector (per hour or part of an hour)	March 2015	\$525	80.3%	10%	\$580	\$55	88.7%
12	Bonded warehouse supervision fees - attendance of a Chief Customs Officer (per hour or part of an hour)	March 2015	\$415	68.9%	15%	\$480	\$65	79.7%
13	Bonded warehouse supervision fees - attendance of a Senior Customs Officer (per hour or part of an hour)	March 2015	\$330	66.3%	15%	\$380	\$50	76.3%
14 (a) D (a)	Bonded warehouse supervision fees - attendance of a Customs Officer (per hour or part of an hour)	March 2015	\$215	74.1%	10%	\$240	\$25	82.8%
(e) Re	Registration as a distributor of motor vehicles (per case)	r and/or di March 2015	\$600	28.4%	20%	\$720	\$120	34.1%

Item	Description of fee	Last revision	Existing fee (1)	Cost recovery rate at 2018-19 price level	Proposed percentage of increase	Proposed fee	Proposed amount of increase	Cost recovery level after revision
16	Registration as an importer of motor vehicles (per case)	March 2015	\$600	28.4%	20%	\$720	\$120	34.1%
17	Registration as an distributor and importer of motor vehicles (per case)	March 2015	\$600	28.4%	20%	\$720	\$120	34.1%