MARINE FISH SCHOLARSHIP FUND REPORT FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2018 TO 31 MARCH 2019

THIS Report is submitted in accordance with Section 23(3) of the Marine Fish (Marketing) Ordinance, Cap. 291.

- 2. The Marine Fish Scholarship Fund (the Fund) was established on 17 February 1978 under Section 19 of the Marine Fish (Marketing) Ordinance for the purpose of providing scholarships, grants and loans for the education and training of persons (including their families and dependants), who are employed in the marine fisheries and fish marketing industries in Hong Kong; and persons who wish to enter the marine fisheries and fish marketing industries in Hong Kong. The Fund was first created with an allocation of \$1 million from the Fish Marketing Organization's accumulated surplus and it may be increased by way of interest, and by moneys and assets donated, subscribed or bequeathed to the Fund. The capital of the Fund was increased to \$2 million in 1986-87 by the injection of an additional \$1 million from the Fish Marketing Organization. During the years 2002-03, 2003-04, 2007-08 and 2014-15, the Fish Marketing Organization had further injected an additional \$0.5 million, \$1 million, \$3 million and \$3 million respectively into the Fund, thereby increasing its capital to \$9.5million.
- 3. The Fund is administered by its Trustee (the Director of Marketing) on the advice of the Marine Fish Scholarship Fund Advisory Committee which comprises the Trustee (as ex-officio Chairman), four members appointed by the Chief Executive and three members elected amongst members of the Fish Marketing Advisory Board.

Income and Expenditure

4. In the financial year 2018-19, aggregate income including interest income on bank deposits was \$59,908 whilst the total expenditure amounted to \$466,065. The deficit for the year was \$406,157.

Awards of Scholarships, Grants and Loans

5. During 2018-19, a total of \$429,000 was awarded to 13 students studying various courses at local and overseas universities and 7 students pursuing senior secondary school education locally. Of this, \$427,000 was awarded as scholarships and \$2,000 as grants. No loans were issued during the year.

Financial Statements

6. The financial statements of the Fund have been audited by an auditor appointed by the Chief Executive. The audited financial statements together with the Auditor's Report for the financial year 2018-19 are attached.

LEUNG Siu-fai

<u>Director of Marketing</u>

Trustee, MARINE FISH SCHOLARSHIP FUND

Encl.

MARINE FISH SCHOLARSHIP FUND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 MARCH 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE OF THE MARINE FISH SCHOLARSHIP FUND

(Established under the Marine Fish (Marketing) Ordinance, Chapter 291)

Opinion

What we have audited

The financial statements of Marine Fish Scholarship Fund (the "Fund") set out on pages 4 to 13, which comprise:

- the balance sheet as at 31 March 2019;
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in funds for the year then ended;
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 March 2019, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE OF THE MARINE FISH SCHOLARSHIP FUND (CONTINUED) (Established under the Marine Fish (Marketing) Ordinance, Chapter 291)

Responsibilities of Trustee for the Financial Statements

The Marine Fish (Marketing) Ordinance, Chapter 291, requires the Trustee to keep proper accounts. The Trustee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA, and for such internal control as the Trustee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustee is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustee either intends to liquidate the Fund or to ceases operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE OF THE MARINE FISH SCHOLARSHIP FUND (CONTINUED)

(Established under the Marine Fish (Marketing) Ordinance, Chapter 291)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Trustee.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Trustee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Prisewaterhun Cupus

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 2 6 AUG 2019

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

BALANCE SHEET

		As at 31 March	
	Note	2019	2018
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Other receivables		11,017	6,914
Bank deposits with original maturities over three		, ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
months	6	3,600,000	4,000,000
Cash and cash equivalents	6	165,334	180,681
Total assets		3,776,351	4,187,595
FUNDS			
Capital allocated by the Fish Marketing Organization		9,500,000	9,500,000
Accumulated deficit		(5,760,699)	(5,354,542)
m . 16 7			
Total funds		3,739,301	4,145,458
LIABILITIES Current liabilities			<u>:</u>
Accruals		37,050	42,137
Total Condonal Patricks		-	
Total funds and liabilities		3,776,351	4,187,595
		-	

The above balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

The financial statements on pages 4 to 13 were approved by the Trustee on 2 6 AUG 2019

Trustee

Hong Kong

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Year ended 31 March	
	2019	2018
Income		
Interest income on held-to-maturity investments	-	2,643
Interest income on bank deposits	57,802	31,656
Sundry income	2,106	1,300
	59,908	35,599
Expenditure		-
Auditor's remuneration	(35,000)	(39,000)
Scholarships	(427,000)	(389,000)
Grant	(2,000)	·
Premium on amortisation of held-to-maturity		
investments	= 3	1,094
Bank charges	(2,065)	(3,251)
	(466,065)	(430,157)
Deficit for the year	(406,157)	(394,558)
Other comprehensive income for the year	T = -7075	(0) 1000°)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(406,157)	(394,558)

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUNDS

	Capital allocated by the Fish Marketing Organization (note)	Accumulated deficit	Total funds
Balance as at 1 April 2017	9,500,000	(4,959,984)	4,540,016
Total comprehensive loss Deficit for the year	-	(394,558)	(394,558)
Balances as at 31 March 2018 and 1 April 2018	9,500,000	(5,354,542)	4,145,458
Total comprehensive loss Deficit for the year		(406,157)	(406,157)
Balance as at 31 March 2019	9,500,000	(5,760,699)	3,739,301

Note: The balance represents capital allocated by the Fish Marketing Organization to support the operations of the Fund.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		Year ended 31 March	
	Note	2019	2018
Net cash used in operating activities	7(a)	(469,046)	(422,955)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received Proceeds from redemption of held-to-maturity		53,699	34,111
investments Net withdrawal/(placement) of bank deposits with		₩	500,000
original maturities over three months		400,000	(135,325)
Net cash inflow from investing activities		453,699	398,786
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(15,347)	(24,169)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		180,681	204,850
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	6	165,334	180,681

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 General information

The financial statements of the Marine Fish Scholarship Fund (the "Fund") are prepared in accordance with Section 23(1) of the Marine Fish (Marketing) Ordinance, Cap. 291. The Fund was established for the following objects:

- (a) the provision of scholarships, grants and loans for the education and training of persons who are employed in the marine fisheries and fish marketing industries in Hong Kong and their families and dependants; and
- (b) the provision of scholarships, grants and loans for the education and training of persons who wish to enter the marine fisheries and fish marketing industries in Hong Kong.

The address of the Fund is 757 Lai Chi Kok Road, Cheung Sha Wan Wholesale Vegetable Market, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon.

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"), which collective term includes all applicable individual HKFRS, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

(a) New and amended standards (collectively, the "Amendments") adopted by the Fund

The Fund has applied the following Amendments for the first time for its annual reporting period commencing on 1 April 2018:

Annual Improvements Project –

Annual improvements 2014 - 2016 cycle

HKFRS 1 and HKAS 28

(Amendment)

Financial instruments

HKFRS 9 HKFRS 15

Revenue from contracts with customers

HK(IFRIC) 22

Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration

The adoption of these amendments did not have any impact on the current period or any prior periods and is not likely to affect future periods.

The Fund has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

Basis of preparation (Continued) 2.1

(b) Amendments that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Fund

Certain Amendments have been published that are mandatory for the Fund's accounting periods commencing on or after 1 April 2019 and they have not been early adopted in these financial statements.

HKFRS 16

Amendments to HKFRS 9 Amendments to HKAS 28 Annual Improvements Project Amendments to HKAS 19

HK(IFRIC) 23

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8

Amendments to HKFRS 3

HKFRS 17

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and

HKAS 28

Leases1

Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation¹ Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures¹ Annual Improvements to HKFRS 2015-2017 cycle¹ Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement¹ Uncertainty over income tax treatments¹

Definition of Material²

Definition of a Business² Insurance Contracts3

Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its

associate or joint venture4

Note:

- (1) Effective for reporting period beginning on 1 January 2019
- (2) Effective for reporting period beginning on 1 January 2020
- Effective for reporting period beginning on 1 January 2021 (3)
- (4) Effective date to be determined

The Fund has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these Amendments. According to the preliminary assessment made by the Fund, no significant impact on the financial performance and position of the Fund is expected when they become effective.

2.2 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

> Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

> Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss.

Receivables 2.3

Receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Fund holds the receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

If collection of receivables is expected in one year or less, they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.4 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet where the Fund currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The Fund has also entered into arrangements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of a contract.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts, if any.

2.6 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

2.7 Interest income

Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

2.8 Sundry income

Sundry income is recognised on an accruals basis.

2.9 Capital allocated by the Fish Marketing Organization

The funding is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as income and then transferred to the "capital allocated by the Fish Marketing Organization", which is used to support the operation of the Fund.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 Financial and capital risks management

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks factors: foreign exchange risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Fund's overall risk management procedures focus on the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

(a) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises where future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Fund's functional currency. The Fund is not exposed to material foreign exchange risk as it has no significant transactions which are denominated in foreign currency. In the opinion of the Trustee, the Fund has minimal exposure to the foreign exchange risk as the transactions are mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars and no sensitivity analysis is performed.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk includes risks resulting from counterparty default. It arises from cash and cash equivalents, contractual cash flows of debt instruments carried at amortised cost and outstanding receivables.

The Fund's financial assets are subject to the expected credit loss model. While cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of HKFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial as they are mainly deposited in reputable banks in Hong Kong.

For other financial assets at amortised cost applied the HKFRS 9 general approach to measuring expected credit loss, no loss allowance provision was determined for these financial assets as at 31 March 2019 as the Trustee considered that the expected credit loss was immaterial.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the balance sheet.

(c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient bank deposits and bank balances. In the opinion of Trustee, the Fund does not have any significant liquidity risk.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

As at 31 March 2019 and 2018, the maturity analysis of the financial liabilities is as follows:

	2019	2018
Less than one year		
Accruals	37,050	42,137

(d) Cash flow interest rate risk

Other than the bank deposits, the Fund has no other significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities. The Fund's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. Accordingly, in the opinion of the Trustee, the exposure to cash flow interest rate risk is considered to be low and no sensitivity analysis is performed.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 Financial and capital risks management (Continued)

3.2 Fund risk management

The Fund's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and to have sufficient funding for future operations. The Fund's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital of the Fund comprises its capital allocated by the Fish Marketing Organization and accumulated deficit.

3.3 Fair value estimation

Fair value measurement by level of hierarchy is not disclosed as the Fund has no financial instruments measured at fair value on the three level hierarchy basis in the balance sheet.

The carrying value less impairment provision of receivables and payables are a reasonable approximation of their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purpose is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Fund for similar financial instruments, unless the effect of discounting is insignificant.

3.4 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

No disclosure of the offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities is made in these financial statements as there is no netting arrangement in place during the year.

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements used in preparation of the financial statements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Trustee makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. In the opinion of the Trustee, there are no estimates and assumptions that have a significant effect on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

5 Financial instruments by category

The Fund's financial instruments include the following:

	2019	2018
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Other receivables	11,017	6,914
Bank deposits with original maturities		
over three months	3,600,000	4,000,000
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	165,334	180,681
	3,776,351	4,187,595
	-	
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Accruals	37,050	42,137

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6 Bank deposits with original maturity over three months and cash and cash equivalents

	2019	2018
Cash at banks Bank deposits	165,334 3,600,000	180,681 4,000,000
Less: Bank deposits with original maturity over three months	3,765,334	4,180,681
	(3,600,000)	(4,000,000)
Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet	165,334	180,681
Maximum exposure to credit risk	3,765,334	4,180,681

As at 31 March 2019, the effective interest rate on the bank deposits with original maturity over three months is 1.86% (2018: 1.11%); these deposits have an average maturity of 172 days (2018: 234 days).

The carrying amounts of cash and deposits are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

7 Cash flow information

(a) Cash used in operations

	2019	2018
Deficit for the year Adjustments for:	(406,157)	(394,558)
- Interest income on held-to-maturity investments - Interest income on bank deposits - Premium on amortisation of held-to-maturity	(57,802)	(2,643) (31,656)
investments	·	(1,094)
Change in working capital:	(463,959)	(429,951)
- Accruals	(5,087)	6,996
Cash used in operations	(469,046) ======	(422,955)

⁽b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities was not presented as there was no change in liabilities arising from financing activities during the year.