Controlling officer: the Director of Accounting Services will account for expenditure under this Head.

Estimate 2020–21	\$509.2m
Establishment ceiling 2020–21 (notional annual mid-point salary value) representing an estimated 513 non-directorate posts as at 31 March 2020 rising by 52 posts to 565 posts as at 31 March 2021	\$285.6m
In addition, there will be an estimated ten directorate posts as at 31 March 2020 and as at 31 March 2021.	

Controlling Officer's Report

Programmes

Programme (1) Central Accounting, Collections and Payments	These programmes contribute to Policy Area 25: Revenue Collection and Financial Control (Secretary for Financial
Programme (2) Payment of Salaries, Pensions and Benefits Programme (3) Accounting and Financial	Services and the Treasury).
Information Systems Programme (4) Management of Funds	
Detail	

Programme (1): Central Accounting, Collections and Payments

2020–21 (Estimate)	2019–20 (Revised)	2019–20 (Original)	2018–19 (Actual)	
195.3 (+19.2%)	163.9 (+2.6%)	159.7	153.1	Financial provision (\$m)
(or +22.3% on 2019–20 Original)				

Aim

2 The aim is to produce the accounts of the Government and to arrange for the provision of centralised collection and payment services.

Brief Description

3 The Treasury compiles and maintains the accounts of the Government. It serves as the Government's central paymaster in respect of goods and services procured and subventions. It also arranges for the provision of a centralised collection service in respect of rates, government rent, land premium, water and sewage charges as well as other types of revenue.

4 The key performance measures in respect of central accounting, collections and payments are:

Targets

	Target	2018 (Actual)	2019 (Actual)	2020 (Plan)
producing financial statements after end of the relevant period within a stated time frame (months)				
monthly financial results statutory annual statements of	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0
accountsaccrual-based annual statements of	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.8
accounts	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5

Head 188 — TREASURY

Target effecting payments to creditors	2018 (Actual)	2019 (Actual)	2020 (Plan)
within 30 calendar days after receipt of goods/services or invoices by bureaux/departments (%)	99	99	98
bureaux/departments (%)	100	100	100
remittances within four working days during peak periods (%)	100	100	100
periods (%)	100	100	100
Indicators			
	2018 (Actual)	2019 (Actual)	2020 (Estimate)
sets of financial statements to compile and maintain payments to creditors cost per \$1,000 payment made for respective financial		12 816 095	12 816 000
years (\$)revenue collections through the Treasury's agents	. 0.06	0.06	0.06
collections by autopay¢ collections by autopay¢ collections by other electronic means# cost per \$1,000 revenue collected for respective financial years (\$)	. 339 055 . 2 218 607 . 8 711 081	10 565 448 314 406 2 281 550 9 119 979 0.26	11 770 000 352 000 2 400 000 10 355 000 0.26

 ϕ The figures have taken into account the reduced number of collections as a result of the rates concessions during January 2018 to March 2020.

The figures have taken into account the reduced number of collections as a result of the rates concessions during January 2018 to March 2020 and the consolidation of same-day multiple payments.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2020–21

5 During 2020–21, the Treasury will continue to explore ways to achieve higher efficiency with lower costs for revenue collection and payment activities, including promotion of e-payments. It will also assist in preparing for and serving as paymaster for the implementation of the cash payout scheme.

Programme (2): Payment of Salaries, Pensions and Benefits

	2018–19 (Actual)	2019–20 (Original)	2019–20 (Revised)	2020–21 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	128.2	134.6	138.1 (+2.6%)	142.1 (+2.9%)
				(or +5.6% on 2019–20 Original)

Aim

6 The aim is to process and pay salaries, pensions, allowances, housing and certain other benefits to civil servants.

Brief Description

7 The Treasury serves as the Government's paymaster for salaries, allowances, contract gratuities, mandatory provident fund and Civil Service Provident Fund (CSPF) contributions, and other benefits for civil servants as well as pensions for retired civil servants and other eligible persons under relevant legislations, regulations and rules. It also operates and maintains the Government's centralised payroll and pensions systems.

8 The key performance measures in respect of payment of salaries, pensions and benefits are:

	Target	2018 (Actual)	2019 (Actual)	2020 (Plan)
	Target	(Actual)	(Actual)	(1 lall)
paying punctually (%)				
salaries and allowances on the due				
date	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
pension and contract gratuities on the				
due date	99	99	99	99
recurrent pensions on the due date or				
two weeks after receipt of claim				
forms	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
passage allowances within				
30 calendar days	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
ensuring correct payments/				
deductions (%)	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
responding to enquiries from pensioners				
within nine working days (%)	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5
processing applications for various civil				
service housing benefits within the				
target time (%)	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
Indicators				
		2018	2019	2020
		(Actual)	(Actual)	(Estimate)
				. ,
participants in various housing benefit schemes		21 168	21 185	22 580
pensioners paid		147 690	152 660	158 250
passage allowances applications processed		18 119	18 154	18 240
participants in CSPF Scheme		61 250	69 240	79 590

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2020–21

9 During 2020–21, the Treasury will continue to explore ways for greater use of e-means to enhance communication with civil servants and pensioners on matters relating to payment of salaries, pensions and benefits.

Programme (3): Accounting and Financial Information Systems

	2018–19 (Actual)	2019–20 (Original)	2019–20 (Revised)	2020–21 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	123.4	130.0	134.4 (+3.4%)	163.1 (+21.4%)
				(or +25.5% on 2019–20 Original)

Aim

10 The aim is to provide secure, efficient and effective accounting and financial information systems and procedures throughout the Government.

Brief Description

Targets

11 The Treasury runs and maintains the centralised accounting and financial information systems for the budgetary control of expenditure and revenue by bureaux and departments and for the production of the accounts of the Government, as well as other accounting and costing systems to assist bureaux and departments in better managing the resources at their disposal.

12 The Treasury provides a full range of accounting and financial support and advisory services to bureaux and departments, including setting of accounting instructions and costing policies, and advising on accounting, costing and financial management matters. It also provides regular training for Treasury Grades staff to ensure that their services will continue to be of high professional quality.

13 The key performance measures in respect of accounting and financial information systems are:

Targets				
	Target	2018 (Actual)	2019 (Actual)	2020 (Plan)
providing preliminary response to requests for accounting and financial support and advisory services within three working days (%) ensuring that computer services are provided efficiently and with minimal interruptions	95	99	99	95
average system availability (%)	99.5	99.9	99.9	99.5
average system response time (percentage of cases within five seconds) (%)	92.0	96.5	96.8	92.0
Indicators				
		2018 (Actual)	2019 (Actual)	2020 (Estimate)
providing professional support and advisory serve bureaux/departments on accounting, costing ar management matters requests handled providing application support and maintenance to	nd financial	1 017	805	810
applications maintenance/enhancement tasks completed.		263	276	270

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2020–21

14 During 2020–21, the Treasury will continue to explore further improvements to accounting and financial information systems and procedures to ensure that they are secure, efficient and effective.

Programme (4): Management of Funds

	2018–19 (Actual)	2019–20 (Original)	2019–20 (Revised)	2020–21 (Estimate)
Financial provision (\$m)	8.4	8.6	8.6 (—)	8.7 (+1.2%)
				(or +1.2% on 2019–20 Original)

Aim

15 The aim is to manage the investments of designated funds in accordance with approved guidelines and to achieve a reasonable return through prudent investment.

Brief Description

Taraots

16 The Treasury manages the investment portfolios of the Grant and Subsidized Schools Provident Funds, the Quality Education Fund, the Sir David Trench Fund for Recreation, the Beat Drugs Fund, the AIDS Trust Fund, the HKSAR Government Scholarship Fund and the Self-financing Post-secondary Education Fund with a view to achieving a reasonable return through prudent investment. It also ensures that the Funds are managed efficiently and that all disbursements from the Funds are correctly and promptly made.

17 The key performance measures in respect of management of funds are:

Target

	Target	2018 (Actual)	2019 (Actual)	2020 (Plan)
achieving the strategic target investment return of two per cent above the Consumer Price Index B (CPI(B)) for the two Schools Provident Funds in				
each school year	CPI(B)+2%	CPI(B)+4.6%	CPI(B)-1%	CPI(B)+2%

Indicators

	2018 (Actual)	2019 (Actual)	2020 Δ (Estimate)
funds managed (\$m)			
Schools Provident Funds	84,229.6	96,221.6	95,940.0
Quality Education Fund	8,880.9	9,690.0	9,508.7
Sir David Trench Fund for Recreation	3,286.5	4,484.3#	4,568.7@
Beat Drugs Fund	4,328.6	4,652.7	4,480.5
AIDS Trust Fund	231.0	202.3	166.4
HKSAR Government Scholarship Fund	2,318.3	3,363.3#	3,326.0
Self-financing Post-secondary Education Fund	3,774.0	4,157.0	4,142.8
portfolio managers			,
Schools Provident Funds	11	10	10
Quality Education Fund	5	5	5
Sir David Trench Fund for Recreation	2	2	2
Beat Drugs Fund	5	4	4
HKSAR Government Scholarship Fund	4	4	4
Self-financing Post-secondary Education Fund	3	3	3
dividend declared for Schools Provident Funds (%)	5	5	5

 Δ Given market volatility, no gain or loss on disposal or revaluation of investments in securities has been included in the estimated fund balances.

In 2019, the Government injected \$800 million into the HKSAR Government Scholarship Fund and \$1 billion into the sports portion of the Arts and Sport Development Fund, the latter being set up under the aegis of the Sir David Trench Fund for Recreation.

(a) The estimated fund balance includes the planned government injection of \$250 million into the Hong Kong Athletes Fund set up under the aegis of the Sir David Trench Fund for Recreation.

Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2020–21

18 During 2020–21, the Treasury will continue to review and refine the strategic asset allocation of the Funds consistent with the risk and return perspectives and market development.

Prog	gramme	2018–19 (Actual) (\$m)	2019–20 (Original) (\$m)	2019–20 (Revised) (\$m)	2020–21 (Estimate) (\$m)
(1)	Central Accounting, Collections and				
	Payments	153.1	159.7	163.9	195.3
(2)	Payment of Salaries, Pensions and Benefits	128.2	134.6	138.1	142.1
(3)	Accounting and Financial Information	126.2	134.0	156.1	142.1
(3)	Systems	123.4	130.0	134.4	163.1
(4)	Management of Funds	8.4	8.6	8.6	8.7
		413.1	432.9	445.0	509.2
				(+2.8%)	(+14.4%)
					(or +17.6% on

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL PROVISION

(or +17.6% on 2019–20 Original)

Analysis of Financial and Staffing Provision

Programme (1)

Provision for 2020–21 is \$31.4 million (19.2%) higher than the revised estimate for 2019–20. This is mainly due to increase in requirement for operating expenses. There will be an increase of 24 posts in 2020–21.

Programme (2)

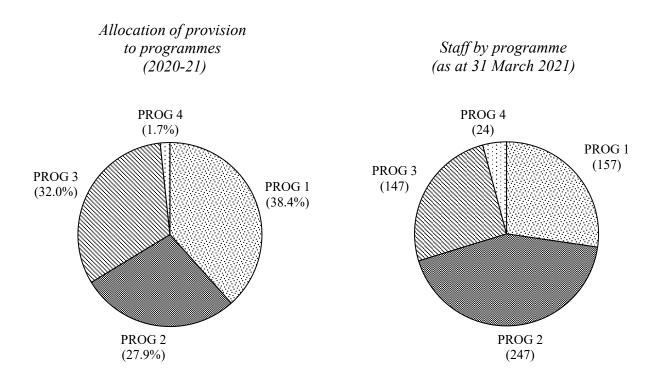
Provision for 2020–21 is \$4.0 million (2.9%) higher than the revised estimate for 2019–20. This is mainly due to increase in requirement for operating expenses. There will be an increase of two posts in 2020–21.

Programme (3)

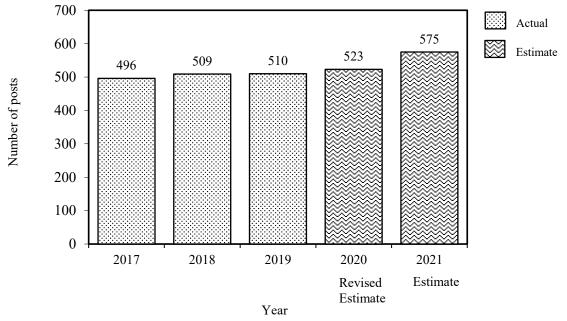
Provision for 2020-21 is \$28.7 million (21.4%) higher than the revised estimate for 2019-20. This is mainly due to increase in requirement for operating expenses. There will be an increase of 26 posts in 2020-21.

Programme (4)

Provision for 2020-21 is \$0.1 million (1.2%) higher than the revised estimate for 2019-20. This is mainly due to increase in requirement for operating expenses.



Changes in the size of the establishment (as at 31 March)



Sub- head (Code)		Actual expenditure 2018–19	Approved estimate 2019–20	Revised estimate 2019–20	Estimate 2020–21
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Operating Account				
	Recurrent				
000 003	Operational expenses Recoverable salaries and allowances (General)	408,033	429,331	440,851	504,774
187	<i>Deduct</i> reimbursements <u><i>Cr. 8,509</i></u> Agents' commission and expenses	3,534	3,601	4,100	4,472
	Total, Recurrent	411,567	432,932	444,951	509,246
	Total, Operating Account	411,567	432,932	444,951	509,246
	Capital Account				
	Plant, Equipment and Works				
	Minor plant, vehicles and equipment (block vote)	1,496	_	_	_
	Total, Plant, Equipment and Works	1,496			
	Total, Capital Account	1,496			
	Total Expenditure	413,063	432,932	444,951	509,246

Details of Expenditure by Subhead

The estimate of the amount required in 2020–21 for the salaries and expenses of the Treasury is \$509,246,000. This represents an increase of \$64,295,000 over the revised estimate for 2019–20 and \$96,183,000 over the actual expenditure in 2018–19.

Operating Account

Recurrent

2 Provision of \$504,774,000 under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* is for the salaries, allowances and other operating expenses of the Treasury. The increase of \$63,923,000 (14.5%) over the revised estimate for 2019–20 is mainly due to increased provision for filling of vacancies and new posts in 2020–21, and increased requirement for departmental expenses.

3 The establishment as at 31 March 2020 will be 523 posts. It is expected that there will be an increase of 52 posts in 2020–21. Subject to certain conditions, the controlling officer may under delegated power create or delete non-directorate posts during 2020–21, but the notional annual mid-point salary value of all such posts must not exceed \$285,580,000.

4 An analysis of the financial provision under *Subhead 000 Operational expenses* is as follows:

2018–19 (Actual) (\$'000)	2019–20 (Original) (\$'000)	2019–20 (Revised) (\$'000)	2020–21 (Estimate) (\$'000)
228,359 4,364 33	247,821 4,967 46	249,927 5,717 46	279,837 5,074 46
1,013	774	1,210	1,076
7,970	9,996	9,395	16,261
166,294	165,727	174,556	202,480
408,033	429,331	440,851	504,774
	(Actual) (\$'000) 228,359 4,364 33 1,013 7,970 166,294	$\begin{array}{c c} (Actual) & (Original) \\ (\$'000) & (\$'000) \\ \hline 228,359 & 247,821 \\ 4,364 & 4,967 \\ 33 & 46 \\ \hline 1,013 & 774 \\ 7,970 & 9,996 \\ \hline 166,294 & 165,727 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c cccc} (Actual) & (Original) & (Revised) \\ (\$'000) & (\$'000) & (\$'000) \\ \hline 228,359 & 247,821 & 249,927 \\ 4,364 & 4,967 & 5,717 \\ 33 & 46 & 46 \\ \hline 1,013 & 774 & 1,210 \\ 7,970 & 9,996 & 9,395 \\ \hline 166,294 & 165,727 & 174,556 \\ \hline \end{array}$

5 Provision of \$8,509,000 under *Subhead 003 Recoverable salaries and allowances (General)* is for salaries and allowances of civil servants working for the Schools Provident Funds and the Self-financing Post-secondary Education Fund. The gross provision must not be exceeded without the prior approval of the Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury. Expenditure under this subhead is reimbursed by the Funds.

6 Provision of \$4,472,000 under *Subhead 187 Agents' commission and expenses* is for commission and other expenses in respect of payments made through banks and other agencies.