

立法會
Legislative Council

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From : Clerk to the Legislative Council

To : All Members of the Legislative Council

Council meeting

**Amendment to Hon Kenneth LAU's motion on
"Formulating a comprehensive rural development policy"**

Further to LC Paper No. CB(3) 179/20-21 issued on 27 November 2020, Hon Steven HO has given notice to move an amendment to Hon Kenneth LAU's motion. As directed by the President, Hon Steven HO's amendment will be printed in the terms in which it was handed in.

2. The President will order a joint debate on the above motion and the amendment. I set out below the relevant proceedings in which the President will:

- (a) call upon the motion mover to speak and move the motion;
- (b) propose the question on the motion;
- (c) call upon the Member who wishes to move an amendment to the motion to speak, but no amendment is to be moved at this stage;
- (d) call upon the public officer(s) to speak;
- (e) invite other Members to speak;
- (f) call upon the motion mover to speak on the amendment;

- (g) call upon the public officer(s) to speak again;
- (h) invite the amendment mover to move his amendment and forthwith propose and put to vote the question on the amendment; and
- (i) call upon the motion mover to reply, and then put to vote the question on the motion, or the motion as amended, as the case may be.

3. For Members' reference, the terms of the original motion and the marked-up version of the amendment are set out in the **Appendix**.

4. Members are reminded that Hon Kenneth LAU's motion originally scheduled for the Council meeting of 9 December 2020 will be dealt with at a future Council meeting.

(Dora WAI)
for Clerk to the Legislative Council

Encl.

(Translation)

**Motion debate on
“Formulating a comprehensive rural development policy”**

1. Hon Kenneth LAU’s original motion

That as the Government lacks a long-term and comprehensive rural development policy in the process of developing the New Territories, rural areas have failed to strike a balance between development and conservation, resulting in ever-increasing conflicts and confrontations between urban and rural areas; in this connection, this Council urges the Government to formulate a comprehensive rural development policy covering such areas as rural living environment, infrastructure support, promoting the culture and traditional customs of the New Territories and boosting the economy, so as to meet the livelihood needs in rural areas and implement a sustainable development strategy for the New Territories, thereby achieving urban-rural symbiosis; specific proposals are as follows:

- (1) proactively allocating resources to supply fresh water, electricity and sewerage systems to remote villages; carrying out road construction projects and enhancing public pier facilities to increase the flow of people and goods; and facilitating agricultural rehabilitation in villages, promoting eco-tourism and developing sharing economy, so as to revive remote villages;
- (2) actively and expeditiously considering relaxing the frontier closed area restriction of Sha Tau Kok (‘STK’) Town and opening up the STK public pier to facilitate public access to STK and peripheral islands such as Kat O and Ap Chau, with a view to promoting leisure tourism, thereby revitalizing these districts and improving the local economy and employment situation;
- (3) making optimal use of innovative technology to progressively promote the development of ‘smart rural areas’, including rolling out 5G mobile network system to increase Internet access speeds in villages; setting up smart recycling system pilot sites in villages to collect recyclables at designated time and locations; extending the use of intelligent monitoring systems to rural areas to detect natural disasters such as hill fires, floods, thunderstorms and landslides, and to provide instant forecasts; setting up ‘smart lampposts’ in villages to improve the use of single two-lane carriageways in villages; progressively developing

teleconsultation so that patients in villages with stable conditions who have to attend follow-up consultations can receive appropriate treatment; and

- (4) setting up a ‘rural development and construction fund’ comprising five parts, namely ‘infrastructure development’, ‘cultural heritage’, ‘rural tourism’, ‘nature conservation and land development’ and ‘emergency support’, with a view to fostering sustainable rural development in a comprehensive and orderly manner, including promoting rural infrastructure, cultural heritage, eco-tourism and conservation, as well as providing appropriate support should incidents affecting livelihood in rural areas occur.

2. Motion as amended by Hon Steven HO

That as the Government lacks a long-term and comprehensive rural development policy in the process of developing the New Territories, rural areas have failed to strike a balance between development and conservation, resulting in ever-increasing conflicts and confrontations between urban and rural areas, ***rural stakeholders thus have to bear heavy costs for the development***; in this connection, this Council urges the Government to formulate a comprehensive rural development policy covering such areas as rural living environment, infrastructure support, promoting the culture and traditional customs of the New Territories and boosting the economy, so as to meet the ~~livelihood~~ ***people’s livelihood and industries*** in rural areas and implement a sustainable development strategy for the New Territories, thereby achieving urban-rural symbiosis, ***and alleviating the impact of rural development on these stakeholders***; specific proposals are as follows:

- (1) proactively allocating resources to ~~supply~~ ***perfect the infrastructure in rural areas, including strengthening the management of natural river courses and drainage channels in rural areas to prevent flooding; supplying*** fresh water, electricity and sewerage systems to remote villages; carrying out ~~road~~ construction projects ***of roads and railways*** and enhancing public pier facilities, ***and building public toilets at suitable locations*** to increase the flow of people and goods; and facilitating agricultural rehabilitation in villages, promoting ***the development of home-stay lodging, leisure agriculture and fisheries*** and eco-tourism ~~and~~ ***as well as*** developing sharing economy, so as to revive remote villages;
- (2) actively and expeditiously considering relaxing the frontier closed area restriction of Sha Tau Kok (‘STK’) Town and opening up the STK public pier to facilitate public access to STK and peripheral islands such as Kat O and Ap Chau; ***and at the same time studying the feasibility of***

allowing recreational fishing in the marine fish culture zone in STK and listening to public views on the study, with a view to promoting leisure tourism *and leisure agriculture and fisheries*, thereby revitalizing these districts, *diversifying their economic development* and improving the local economy and employment situation;

- (3) making optimal use of innovative technology to progressively promote the development of ‘smart rural areas’, including *expediting the roll-out of fibre-based networks and* rolling out 5G mobile network system *in rural areas* to increase Internet access speeds in villages; setting up smart recycling system pilot sites in villages to collect recyclables at designated time and locations; *establishing a smart rural refuse collection system, flexibly deploying the manpower for refuse collection and making flexible use of technology to improve environmental hygiene*; extending the use of intelligent monitoring systems to rural areas to detect natural disasters such as hill fires, floods, thunderstorms and landslides, and to provide instant forecasts; setting up ‘smart lampposts’ in villages to improve the use of single two-lane carriageways in villages; progressively developing teleconsultation so that patients in villages with stable conditions who have to attend follow-up consultations can receive appropriate treatment; ~~and~~
- (4) setting up a ‘rural development and construction fund’ comprising five parts, namely ‘infrastructure development’, ‘cultural heritage’, ‘rural tourism’, ‘nature conservation and land development’ and ‘emergency support’, with a view to fostering sustainable rural development in a comprehensive and orderly manner, including promoting rural infrastructure, cultural heritage, eco-tourism and conservation, *conserving building clusters with rural character (such as stilt houses at Tai O)*, as well as providing appropriate support should incidents affecting livelihood in rural areas occur; *and*
- (5) *conducting a study to amend outdated legislation and offering suitable spaces to support essential facilities affected by rural development, including relocation of vegetable depots, vegetable marketing co-operative societies and farms.*

Note: Hon Steven HO’s amendment is marked in *bold and italic type* or with deletion line.