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Replies to initial written questions raised by Finance Committee Members in examining the Estimates of Expenditure 2021-22

 $\label{lem:condition} \textbf{Director of Bureau: Secretary for Labour and Welfare}$

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LWB(WW)237	3111	YIU Si-wing	170	(3) Services for The Elderly
LWB(WW)239	1462	YUNG Hoi-yan	170	(1) Family and Child Welfare
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LWB(WW)242	2703	CHAN Pierre	173	(2) Working Family Allowance and Individual- based Work Incentive Transport Subsidy
LWB(WW)243	2873	CHENG Chung-tai	173	(2) Working Family Allowance and Individual- based Work Incentive Transport Subsidy
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LWB(WW)245	3211	POON Siu-ping	173	(2) Working Family Allowance and Individual- based Work Incentive Transport Subsidy
LWB(WW)246	1139	WONG Kwok-kin	173	(2) Working Family Allowance and Individual- based Work Incentive Transport Subsidy
LWB(WW)247	1140	WONG Kwok-kin	173	(2) Working Family Allowance and Individual- based Work Incentive Transport Subsidy
LWB(WW)248	2087	WONG Kwok-kin	173	(2) Working Family Allowance and Individual- based Work Incentive Transport Subsidy
LWB(WW)249	0262	CHAN Han-pan	186	(5) Transport Services for Persons with Disabilities and Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities
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				Persons with Disabilities and
				Government Public Transport
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				the Elderly and Eligible
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LWB(WW)253	0614	YICK Chi-ming,	186	(5) Transport Services for
		Frankie		Persons with Disabilities and
				Government Public Transport
				Fare Concession Scheme for
				the Elderly and Eligible
				Persons with Disabilities
LWB(WW)254	0615	YICK Chi-ming,	186	(5) Transport Services for
		Frankie		Persons with Disabilities and
				Government Public Transport
				Fare Concession Scheme for
				the Elderly and Eligible
				Persons with Disabilities

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)001

(Question Serial No. 2707)

Head: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Welfare

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

Director of Bureau: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Would the Government please advise on the following regarding the Integrated Discharge Support Programme for Elderly Patients (IDSP) of the Hospital Authority since its implementation:

- 1. the work descriptions and staff establishment of the Discharge Planning Teams, and the operating costs involved, with a breakdown by participating hospital/hospital group;
- 2. the number of cases, the number of patients, the usage rates per year, and the number of patients who have quit the IDSP, as well as their reasons for quitting, with a breakdown by support service type;
- 3. the number of cases, the number of patients, the usage rates per year, and the number of patients who have quit the IDSP, as well as their reasons for quitting, with a breakdown by age group;
- 4. the monthly average amount of subsidy granted to each service user per year, and the number of service users who have quit the IDSP, as well as their reasons for quitting; and
- 5. the methodology for calculating the rate of unplanned hospital re-admission of the elderly and the effectiveness of the IDSP in reducing such rate?

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 86)

Reply:

The hospitals of the Hospital Authority (HA) participating in the Integrated Discharge Support Programme for Elderly Patients (IDSP) have set up Discharge Planning Teams (DPTs) comprising doctors, nurses, occupational therapists, physiotherapists, etc. to formulate personalised discharge plans for patients before they leave the hospitals. Each DPT partners with a Home Support Team (HST), which is operated by a non-governmental organisation (NGO) commissioned by the HA and mainly comprises social workers and care workers, to provide post-discharge support for patients, e.g. referring needy patients to the HA's geriatric day hospitals for nursing care and rehabilitation services, or providing transitional home support services through NGOs. Training and support are also provided to carers of the patients to facilitate ageing-in-place of the patients.

In the past 5 years, about 33 000 persons participated in the IDSP each year. The annual total expenditure (including manpower expenditure of the DPTs) is as follows:

Year	Total expenditure (\$million)		
2016-17	182.7		
2017-18	187.3		
2018-19	192.4		
2019-20	216.1		
2020-21 (revised estimate)	213.3		

The HA does not have information on the breakdown by support service type or by age group, nor relevant data of the monthly average amount of subsidy granted to each case and the reasons for withdrawal of the participants.

The HA has evaluated the effectiveness of the IDSP based on the data collected during its trial run. The results showed that there was a significant decrease in the number of Accident and Emergency (A&E) attendance and the number of admissions to hospital via A&E by patients participating in the IDSP. There were also improvements in their functional capacity, ability in performing daily self-care activities and quality of life, as reflected by measuring indicators such as the Barthel Index and the SF12: Physical Component and Mental Component Summary Scale. In view of the effectiveness of the IDSP, the Government has regularised the scheme since 2012 for territory-wide implementation.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)002

(Question Serial No. 2708)

<u>Head</u>: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Welfare

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Would the Government please advise on the following regarding the Integrated Discharge Support Programme for Elderly Patients (IDSP) since its implementation:

- 1. What is the actual number of participants in the IDSP annually and what are the details of the support services provided?
- 2. Which specialties are allowed to refer patients to the IDSP, and if not all the specialties are allowed to do so, whether the scope of referring specialties will be extended?
- 3. What was the feedback from the service users on the IDSP?
- 4. What are currently the outcome standards for and implementation situation of the IDSP? How did the Government come up with those outcome standards?
- 5. At present, many users or even healthcare staff have no clear idea or even do not know about the IDSP. Does the Government have any plans to step up efforts to promote the IDSP?

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 87)

Reply:

The hospitals of the Hospital Authority (HA) participating in the Integrated Discharge Support Programme for Elderly Patients (IDSP) have set up Discharge Planning Teams (DPTs) comprising doctors, nurses, occupational therapists, physiotherapists, etc. to formulate personalised discharge plans for patients before they leave the hospitals. Each DPT partners with a Home Support Team (HST), which is operated by a non-governmental organisation (NGO) commissioned by the HA and mainly comprises social workers and care workers, to provide post-discharge support for patients, e.g. referring needy patients to the HA's geriatric day hospitals for nursing care or rehabilitation services, and transitional home support services provided by NGOs. Training and support are also provided to carers of the patients so as to facilitate ageing-in-place of the patients. In the past 5 years, about 33 000 persons participated in the IDSP each year.

The IDSP mainly provides transitional integrated support services to medical inpatients aged 60 or above who are discharged from hospitals and have a higher risk of emergency readmission. These elderly patients generally suffer from more complicated conditions and often require more support after discharge. Healthcare personnel of DPTs will introduce the IDSP to these patients, formulate discharge plans according to their needs and make arrangements for post-discharge support.

At present, the HA continues to collect users' opinions on HSTs through a questionnaire survey. The data collected showed that users and carers were satisfied with the services and training provided by HSTs.

The HA has evaluated the effectiveness of the IDSP based on the data collected during its trial run. The results showed that there was a significant decrease in the number of Accident and Emergency (A&E) attendance and the number of admissions to hospital via A&E by patients participating in the IDSP. There were also improvements in their functional capacity, ability in performing daily self-care activities and quality of life, as reflected by measuring indicators such as the Barthel Index and the SF12: Physical Component and Mental Component Summary Scale. In view of the effectiveness of the IDSP, the Government has regularised the scheme since 2012 for territory-wide implementation.

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)003

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 0011)

Head: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Director of Bureau's Office

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

Director of Bureau: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please list the estimated expenditure on the emoluments and allowances for the Secretary for Labour and Welfare (SLW), the Under Secretary for Labour and Welfare and the Political Assistant to SLW in 2021-22.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 11)

Reply:

The emolument provisions earmarked by the Labour and Welfare Bureau for the Secretary, Under Secretary and Political Assistant to the Secretary for 2021-22 are \$4.07 million, \$2.72 million and \$1.04 million respectively.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)004

(Question Serial No. 2828)

Head: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Welfare

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

What are the performance indicators used by the Bureau to oversee the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme, including the Special Scheme of Assistance to the Unemployed under the CSSA Scheme? What was the effectiveness of the above schemes over the past 3 years?

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 48)

Reply:

The Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme provides cash assistance for financially vulnerable individuals and families to help them meet their basic needs. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) disburses payments according to the number of eligible household members and their individual circumstances and needs. Generally, the SWD could complete the application procedures within 4 weeks upon receipt of all necessary information.

The Government announced in 2019 a series of CSSA improvement measures. These measures include increasing the maximum rent allowance significantly, raising the maximum level of the monthly disregarded earnings substantially, strengthening employment services and extending a range of supplement and special grants to eligible non-elderly able-bodied recipients. After obtaining approval from the Finance Committee (FC) of the Legislative Council (LegCo), the Government started rolling out the improvement measures in 2020 as planned and has implemented all of them by February 2021.

To provide more targeted support for the unemployed and their families who face immediate economic difficulties, the Government has launched the time-limited "Special Scheme of Assistance to the Unemployed" under the CSSA Scheme to temporarily relax the asset limits for able-bodied persons by 100% for 1 year from 1 June 2020 to 31 May 2021. Furthermore, the Government has put in place another time-limited new arrangement under the special scheme for 6 months from 1 April 2021 to 30 September 2021. Specifically, the cash value of insurance policies of able-bodied CSSA applicants will not be counted as assets during the

grace period of 1 year. The LegCo FC has approved a one-off commitment of \$3,520 million to meet the relevant expenditure. As at end-December 2020, there were about 19 500 CSSA unemployment cases, representing an increase of more than 55% over end-December 2019. The SWD will continue to actively process CSSA applications so as to render timely assistance to people in need.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)005

(Question Serial No. 2867)

Head: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Director of Bureau's Office

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please provide a list of the destinations, dates and number of duty visits outside Hong Kong made by the Secretary last year and the actual expenditures incurred.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 256)

Reply:

The Secretary for Labour and Welfare did not conduct any duty visits outside Hong Kong last year.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)006

(Question Serial No. 2880)

Head: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Welfare

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please list the number of holders of the Registration Cards for People with Disabilities by type of disability in the past 3 years.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 196)

Reply:

According to the records of the Central Registry for Rehabilitation (CRR), there were 88 929, 92 281 and 93 077 persons issued with the Registration Cards for People with Disabilities in 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 (as at end December 2020) respectively. A breakdown by types of disability is provided at Annex.

Number of persons issued with the Registration Cards for People with Disabilities and their respective types of disabilities

Types of disability	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end December 2020)
Attention deficit/	2 513	2 840	2 914
Hyperactivity			
disorder			
Autism	9 626	10 296	10 614
Hearing impairment	9 874	10 125	10 175
Intellectual disability	22 806	23 362	23 591
Physical disability	14 935	15 611	15 778
Mental illness	21 381	22 346	22 627
Specific learning	1 665	1 927	2 083
difficulties			
Speech impairment	6 538	6 879	6 963
Visceral disability/	17 472	18 017	18 027
Chronic illness			
Visual impairment	4 773	5 006	5 072

Figures shown above are cumulative figures. Since a person with disabilities may have more than one type of disability, the total number of persons with disabilities issued with the Registration Cards for People with Disabilities by the CRR is less than the sum of the number of persons with disabilities listed by individual types of disability above.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)007

(Question Serial No. 2139)

Head: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (1) Director of Bureau's Office

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please advise this Committee on the following:

- 1. What are the numbers of non-civil service contract (NCSC) staff employed by the Director of Bureau's Office and the relevant expenditures in the past 3 years?
- 2. Are there any establishment and expenditure ceilings on the NCSC staff employed by the Director of Bureau? If yes, what are the relevant establishment and expenditure ceilings?

Asked by: Hon CHENG Wing-shun, Vincent (LegCo internal reference no.: 42)

Reply:

In the past 3 years, 1 NCSC staff was employed by the Director of Bureau's Office in the Labour and Welfare Bureau. The expenditures involved are as follows:

Financial Year	Expenditure on NCSC Staff
2018-19	\$0.37 million
2019-20	\$0.42 million
2020-21	\$0.41 million
(as at February 2021)	

The Civil Service Bureau (CSB) has set a ceiling for the number of NCSC staff to be employed by each bureau/department. Prior approval from CSB has to be sought for the employment of NCSC staff over and above the prescribed ceiling.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)008

(Question Serial No. 0218)

<u>Head</u>: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Welfare

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

Director of Bureau: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the progressive implementation of anti-abuse and enhancement measures under the Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities (the \$2 Scheme) under the Programme, would the Government advise the following:

- 1. The amount of reimbursement claims made to the Government and the number of beneficiaries under the \$2 Scheme in each of the past 3 years, broken down by transport operator, mode of transport and type of beneficiaries (namely the elderly and eligible persons with disabilities);
- 2. The average number of daily passenger trips under the \$2 Scheme, broken down by mode of transport, and the annual average number of passenger trips taken by each elderly person and person with disabilities under the \$2 Scheme;
- 3. The number of anonymous Elder Octopus cards issued and collected by the card issuer in each of the past 3 years;
- 4. The number of people who applied for the \$2 Scheme with personalised Octopus cards in the past 3 years;
- 5. Whether the Government would take any measures to curb the circulation of anonymous Elder Octopus cards to avoid abuse, and if so the details;
- 6. The latest progress of extending the \$2 Scheme to red mini buses, kaitos and tramways;
- 7. The estimated expenditure for the \$2 Scheme for the coming financial year.

Asked by: Hon KWOK Wai-keung (LegCo internal reference no.: 56)

Reply:

The information is provided below:

(1) & (2)

There are currently about 1.49 million eligible beneficiaries under the Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities (the \$2 Scheme), of which approximately 1.32 million are elderly persons (Note 1) and around 170 000 are eligible persons with disabilities (Note 2).

The average number of daily passenger trips under the \$2 Scheme in 2018, 2019 and 2020 calendar years are tabulated as follows:

Dublic tronger out on austra	Colondon	Average number of daily passenger trips under the \$2 Scheme		
Public transport operator	Calendar year	Elderly persons	Eligible persons with disabilities	
Mass Transit Railway	2018	392 000	57 000	
Corporation Limited	2019	454 000	64 000	
(MTRCL)	2020	362 000	47 000	
	2018	512 000	70 000	
Franchised bus operators	2019	537 000	72 000	
	2020	406 000	56 000	
	2018	6 900	900	
Ferry operators	2019	7 200	1 000	
	2020	6 600	900	
	2018	243 000	31 000	
Green minibus (GMB) operators	2019	258 000	31 000	
operators	2020	210 000	25 000	

⁽Note 1) Persons aged 65 or above.

The Government's reimbursement to participating public transport operators for their revenue forgone under the \$2 Scheme in the 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 financial years is tabulated below:

	2018-19		2019-20		2020-21	
5.11		ual	actual		revised estimate	
Public	(\$1)	000)	(\$'000)		(\$'000)	
transport		Eligible		Eligible		Eligible
operator	Elderly	persons	Elderly	persons	Elderly	persons
	persons	with	persons	with	persons	with
		disabilities		disabilities		disabilities
MTRCL	261,306	53,221	287,411	54,258	228,458	40,884
Franchised bus operators	372,531	142,818	393,235	147,932	294,799	115,107
Ferry operators	27,749	3,491	26,237	3,364	23,994	3,173

⁽Note 2) Recipients under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance Scheme aged below 65 with 100% disabilities, and recipients of the Disability Allowance in the same age group.

GMB operators	309,079	39,213	323,126	39,425	288,162	34,548
Total	970,665	238,743	1,030,009	244,979	835,413	193,712

(3) According to the information provided by Octopus Cards Limited to the Transport Department (TD), the number of Anonymous On-Loan Elder Octopus Cards, which are loan cards, issued and collected in 2018, 2019 and 2020 calendar years are tabulated below:

Calandar year	Anonymous Elder Octopus Card (On-Loan)		
Calendar year	Number of cards issued	Number of cards collected	
2018	520 000	260 000	
2019	510 000	290 000	
2020	280 000	170 000	

- (4) To enjoy the concessionary fare under the \$2 Scheme, elderly persons are required to use Elder Octopus Card or Personalised Octopus Card (P-Card) whereas eligible persons with disabilities are required to use P-Card with "Persons with Disabilities Status". The Government does not maintain a breakdown of the number of passenger trips taken by elderly persons using Elder Octopus Card or P-Card to enjoy the \$2 Scheme.
- (5) The Government announced on 12 January 2021 that persons aged 60 to 64 must apply for and use tailor-made P-Card with photo and age eligibility as a prerequisite for benefitting from the concessionary fare. The Government will also extend the mandatory requirement of using P-Card to all existing beneficiaries aged 65 and above in the following 2 years upon completion of the issue of P-Card to new beneficiaries, so as to cease the access by Anonymous Elder Octopus Card to the \$2 Scheme in the future.
- (6) The Government will extend the \$2 Scheme to red mini buses and kaitos on the condition of their strict compliance with TD's monitoring conditions prior to their admission, including registration with TD in respect of the origin and destination of the routes and fares, installation of an Octopus payment system on admitted routes to ensure adherence to pre-set registered fares for calculating the differential fare to be reimbursed, as well as compliance with TD's regular reporting and audit requirements. Upon lowering the eligible age of the \$2 Scheme to 60, the Government will extend the \$2 Scheme to tramways on the condition that Hong Kong Tramways Limited will adhere to the standard requirements under the \$2 Scheme (i.e. participating public transport operators will only be reimbursed the difference between the full adult fare and the \$2 flat rate). TD is liaising with the related sectors on the relevant details.
- (7) In 2021-22, the estimated expenditure for the Government to reimburse the participating public transport operators the revenue forgone under the \$2 Scheme is \$2.744 billion, which covers the annual differential fare for the existing beneficiaries aged 65 or above and the differential fare to be reimbursed in the first quarter of 2022 as a result of extending the \$2 Scheme to beneficiaries aged 60 to 64 and to red mini buses, kaitos and tramways under the enhancement measures. In addition, the non-recurrent

commitment, mainly for progressive implementation of tailor-made P-Cards for the beneficiaries, is \$208 million.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)009

(Question Serial No. 3012)

<u>Head</u>: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Welfare

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

Director of Bureau: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

1. The current number of eligible beneficiaries of the Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme (the \$2 Scheme);

- 2. The total amount of fare differential reimbursed to various public transport operators by the Government under the \$2 Scheme in the past 3 years;
- 3. The average daily passenger trips of the \$2 Scheme (with a breakdown by type of public transport operator) in the past 3 years;
- 4. The latest implementation timetable for lowering the eligible age of the \$2 Scheme to 60, and the estimated increases in the number of eligible beneficiaries and recurrent expenditure; and
- 5. Whether the Administration has assessed the increases in the number of eligible beneficiaries and recurrent expenditure if the \$2 Scheme were to cover all full-time students in the territory.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Mei-fun, Priscilla (LegCo internal reference no.: 29)

Reply:

The information is provided below:

1. There are currently about 1.49 million eligible beneficiaries under the Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities (the \$2 Scheme), of which approximately 1.32 million are elderly persons^(Note 1) and around 170 000 are eligible persons with disabilities^(Note 2).

(Note 1) Persons aged 65 or above.

(Note 2) Recipients under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance Scheme aged below 65 with 100% disabilities, and recipients of the Disability Allowance in the same age group.

2. The Government's reimbursements to participating public transport operators for their revenue forgone under the \$2 Scheme in the 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 financial years is tabulated below:

Public transport operator	2018-19 actual (\$'000)	2019-20 actual (\$'000)	2020-21 revised estimate (\$'000)
Mass Transit Railway Corporation Limited (MTRCL)	314,527	341,669	269,342
Franchised bus operators	515,349	541,167	409,906
Ferry operators	31,240	29,601	27,167
Green minibus (GMB) operators	348,292	362,551	322,710
Total	1,209,408	1,274,988	1,029,125

3. The average numbers of daily passenger trips under the \$2 Scheme in 2018, 2019 and 2020 calendar years are tabulated as follows:

Public transport	Calendar	Average number of daily passenger trips under the \$2 Scheme		
operator	year	Elderly persons	Eligible persons with disabilities	
	2018	392 000	57 000	
MTRCL	2019	454 000	64 000	
	2020	362 000	47 000	
Franchised bus	2018	512 000	70 000	
operators	2019	537 000	72 000	
operators	2020	406 000	56 000	
	2018	6 900	900	
Ferry operators	2019	7 200	1 000	
	2020	6 600	900	
	2018	243 000	31 000	
GMB operators	2019	258 000	31 000	
	2020	210 000	25 000	

4. The lowering of the eligible age of the \$2 Scheme involves system development, orderly processing of applications from 600 000 people aged 60 to 64 and issue of tailor-made Personalised Octopus Cards (P-Cards) for the \$2 Scheme. If passage of all relevant procedures proceed smoothly (including the appropriation procedures under the Legislative Council), the Government may implement progressively the lowering of the eligible age of the \$2 Scheme and other enhancement measures from the first quarter of 2022.

In 2021-22, the estimated expenditure for the Government to reimburse to the participating public transport operators the revenue forgone under the \$2 Scheme is \$2.744 billion, which covers the annual differential fare for the existing beneficiaries aged 65 or above and the differential fare to be reimbursed in the first quarter of 2022 as a result of extending the \$2 Scheme to beneficiaries aged 60 to 64 and to red mini buses, kaitos and tramways under the enhancement measures. In addition, the non-recurrent commitment, mainly for progressive implementation of tailor-made P-Cards for the beneficiaries, is \$208 million.

5. The Government has no plan to cover full-time students under the \$2 Scheme for the time being.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)010

(Question Serial No. 0215)

<u>Head</u>: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Welfare

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the preparatory work for progressive implementation of anti-abuse and enhancement measures under the Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities (the \$2 Scheme) mentioned under this Programme, please advise the following:

- 1. The details of the anti-abuse and enhancement measures mentioned above;
- 2. Whether the Government has explored with the card issuer the technology and administrative arrangements and measures to prevent abuse; if yes, please provide the dates and details; if not, the reasons;
- 3. The timetable for implementing the anti-abuse and enhancement measures mentioned above;
- 4. How will the Government urge the relevant operators and law enforcement departments to step up prosecution actions against abuse;
- 5. Whether it is possible to expedite the implementation of the aforesaid measures through increasing manpower, so that the plan for extending the \$2 Scheme to cover people aged 60-64 can be introduced earlier within this year;
- 6. What is the estimated expenditure for the aforesaid measures?

Asked by: Hon LUK Chung-hung (LegCo internal reference no.: 44)

Reply:

The information is provided below:

(1)

The Government announced on 12 January 2021 the enhancement and anti-abuse measures under the Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities (the \$2 Scheme), including:

- 1. implementing the lowering of the eligible age of the \$2 Scheme to 60 on the condition that persons aged 60 to 64 must apply for and use tailor-made Personalised Octopus Cards (P-Cards) with photo and age eligibility as a prerequisite for benefitting from the concessionary fare;
- 2. extending the mandatory requirement of using P-Cards to all existing beneficiaries aged 65 and above in the following two years upon completion of the issue of P-Cards to new beneficiaries aged 60 to 64;
- 3. requiring all public transport operators under the \$2 Scheme to enhance ticket inspection and passenger identifications, and to strictly enforce the penalty as set out in the relevant legislation and by-laws; and launching publicity programmes to enhance public awareness towards any abuse of the \$2 Scheme and to remind beneficiaries of making appropriate use of "section fare" to ensure proper use of public money;
- 4. extending the \$2 Scheme to red mini buses, kaitos and tramways on the condition of their strict compliance with the Transport Department (TD)'s monitoring requirements prior to their admission; and
- 5. making appropriate adjustments to the fixed rate of \$2 every five years.

(2) & (4)

The Government has been closely monitoring the implementation of the \$2 Scheme. When implementing the \$2 Scheme, TD has requested the participating public transport operators to strengthen ticket inspection and passenger identity verification work, and to strictly enforce the penalty as set out in the relevant legislation and by-laws to prevent abuse. TD has further arranged field surveys to monitor the situation. Public transport operators have also enhanced publicity and reminded passengers to honestly tender the fares payable. Non-eligible passengers who are found travelling at the concessionary fare are required to pay a surcharge and/or the shortfall. Depending on the circumstances, the public transport operators may initiate prosecutions or refer individual cases to the Police for follow-up action. TD has launched publicity programmes in March 2021 to raise public awareness of not abusing the \$2 Scheme, and will continue to request the participating public transport operators to step up ticket inspection and passenger identity verification work

In parallel, TD also monitors the public transport operators in implementing the \$2 Scheme to prevent any abuse. TD has established a series of monitoring measures with the participating public transport operators, including the establishment of a set of audit standards to strengthen the internal control system, and deployment of TD staff to conduct on-site inspections on internal controls adopted by the public transport operators. TD also regularly examines the records and reports submitted by the public transport operators and the Octopus Cards Limited as well. If suspected abuse cases are detected, TD will refer them to the Police for follow-up action.

(3) & (5)

The lowering of the eligible age of the \$2 Scheme involves system development, orderly processing of applications from people aged 60 to 64 and issue of tailor-made P-Cards for the \$2 Scheme. If passage of all relevant procedures proceeds smoothly (including the

appropriation procedures under the Legislative Council), the Government may progressively implement the lowering of the eligible age of the \$2 Scheme and other enhancement measures from the first quarter of 2022, and extend the mandatory requirement of using P-Cards to all beneficiaries in 2024.

(6)

In 2021-22, the estimated expenditure for the Government to reimburse to the participating public transport operators the revenue forgone under the \$2 Scheme is \$2.744 billion, which covers the annual differential fare for the existing beneficiaries aged 65 or above and the differential fare to be reimbursed in the first quarter of 2022 as a result of extending the \$2 Scheme to beneficiaries aged 60 to 64 and to red mini buses, kaitos and tramways under the enhancement measures. In addition, the non-recurrent commitment, mainly for progressive implementation of tailor-made P-Cards for the beneficiaries, is \$208 million.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)011

(Question Serial No. 2008)

<u>Head</u>: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Welfare

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

Director of Bureau: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the implementation of community support programme for residents of new public rental housing (PRH) estates mentioned under this programme, please advise:

- 1. for each of the past 3 years, the number of community support programmes for residents of new PRH estates provided by the Government, the PRH estates and non-governmental organisations (NGOs) involved as well as the services provided;
- 2. the types of cases received and followed up under the community support programmes in the past 3 years;
- 3. in addition to the provision of support for the concerned new PRH estates, did the Government strengthen and increase the social welfare services provided for the related community and transfer the cases received under the community support programmes to the relevant social service units for follow-up action upon the expiry of the programmes? If yes, please provide the details;
- 4. in view of the successive completion of several new development areas (NDAs) such as Tung Chung East, Kwu Tung, Hung Shui Kiu, etc. in the next few years, has the Government made preparations for the social welfare planning and community support programme for these NDAs and pledged to commence the support services in tandem with the intake of residents?
- 5. the estimated expenditure and manpower related to the concerned policy in the coming year.

Asked by: Hon LUK Chung-hung (LegCo internal reference no.: 34)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1., 2. & 3.

The Government has always been concerned about the needs of residents of the newly completed public rental housing (PRH) estates. To ensure the availability of adequate

and appropriate services to assist the residents of new PRH estates to establish support networks at the time of resident-intake of new PRH estates, we have regularised the community support programme for new PRH estates through the Community Investment and Inclusion Fund (CIIF) with effect from April 2019 to help the new residents and families integrate into the community as soon as possible.

As at mid-March 2021, there are a total of 61 CIIF-funded community support projects for new PRH estates ongoing/upcoming in or after 2018. Organisations funded and housing estates supported under the projects are as follows:

	Programme name	Organisation and service unit (if any)	New / redeveloped PRH estates
1	"Home Sweet Home" Care & Support in the Community	Po Leung Kuk – Wan Lam May Yin Shirley Neighbourhood Elderly Centre	Kai Ching Estate and Tak Long Estate, Kowloon City
2	"Life Gets Started" Caring Community Project	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited – HKSKH Kowloon City Children & Youth Integrated Service Centre – Jockey Club Youth Express	Kai Ching Estate and Tak Long Estate, Kowloon City
3	"New Estate with New Relationship" Cheung Lung Wai Community Neighborhoods Network Project	Hong Kong Evangelical Church Social Service Limited – Hong Kong Evangelical Church Yan Lam Community Service Centre	Cheung Lung Wai Estate, Sheung Shui
4	Building Community's Power in Ngau Tau Kok	Caritas-Hong Kong – Ngau Tau Kok Community Centre	Lower Ngau Tau Kok Estate, Kwun Tong New block: Kwai Wah House
5	T·C·R	Kwun Tong Resident Association	Lei Yue Mun Estate, Kwun Tong
6	Make A Difference: Building a Sustainable Cross-sectoral Carers' Support Network (Phase 2)	Hong Kong Federation of Women's Centres Limited – Jockey Club Tai Wo Centre	Po Heung Estate, Tai Po
7	Better SHA Teen Café (Care For Emotional health)	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals – Jockey Club Shatin Integrated Services Centre	Shui Chuen O Estate, Shatin
8	At Home With Love	South Kwai Chung Social Service –	Wing Cheong Estate, Sham Shui Po

	Programme name	Organisation and service unit (if any)	New / redeveloped PRH estates
		Lai King Community Service Unit	
9	A New Page in Life: To Develop a Sustainable Mutual Help Network for New Arrival Women and Single Mothers	Hong Kong Federation of Women's Centres Limited – Jockey Club Lai Kok Centre	Cheung Sha Wan Estate and Wing Cheong Estate, Sham Shui Po
10	"Blessing Hung Fuk Estate" Family Support & Community Partnership Project	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals — Long Love Integrated Family Services Centre	Hung Fuk Estate, Yuen Long
11	Good Neighbors Network at Lei Yue Mun Estate	Hong Kong Chinese Women's Club – Dr. Ellen LI Learning Centre	Lei Yue Mun Estate, Kwun Tong New block: Lei Wong House
12	Neighbour of Well-being (New) So Uk 330	New Life Psychiatric Rehabilitation Association – The Wellness Centre (Sham Shui Po)	So Uk Estate (Phase 1), Sham Shui Po
13	新社區家庭互助計劃 (Chinese only)	Brotherly Love Swatow Baptist Church – Tung Tau Chapel	Mei Tung Estate, Wong Tai Sin
14	"On Tat Neighbour Networking" Project	Pentecosal Church of Hong Kong – Sau Mau Ping Good Neighbour Family Center	On Tat Estate, Kwun Tong
15	So Uk Estate Social Capital Development Project	The Salvation Army – Community Project	So Uk Estate (Phase 1), Sham Shui Po
16	Healthy Community in Anderson	Haven of Hope Christian Service – Haven of Hope Sheung Tak Community Health Development Centre	On Tat Estate, Kwun Tong
17	Shui Chuen O – Networks Build Community	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals — Wilson T.S. Wang District Elderly Community Centre	Shui Chuen O Estate, Shatin
18	"On-Tat Buddy & Beyond" Community Networking Project	Po Leung Kuk – Po Leung Kuk Lau Chan Siu Po District Elderly Community Centre	On Tat Estate, Kwun Tong
19	"Active Aging" Community Empowerment Project	The Jade Club Management Limited	Ming Wah Dai Ha, Eastern District

	Programme name	Organisation and service unit (if any)	New / redeveloped PRH estates
20	Love Sharing @ Tung Chung	The Salvation Army – Tung Chung Family Support Centre	Ying Tung Estate and Mun Tung Estate, Islands (Tung Chung)
21	On Tai Buddies	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals — Stephen Yow Mok Shing Neighbourhood Elderly Centre	On Tai Estate, Kwun Tong
22	Together We Build Sharing and Caring Community Project	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Company Limited – Kowloon City Children & Youth Integrated Service Centre	Kai Ching Estate and Tak Long Estate, Kowloon City
23	「Seek The Wing」 Project	Po Leung Kuk – Wan Lam May Yin Neighbourhood Elderly Centre	Kai Ching Estate and Tak Long Estate, Kowloon City
24	SELF Life Choice Project	CCC Tam Lee Lai Fun Memorial Secondary School	Yan Tin Estate, Tuen Mun
25	Community Health Academy for Elderly	The Hong Kong Medical Association	Kwai Tsui Estate, Kwai Tsing
26	Ageing with Energy & Health in Community	Kwun Tong Resident Association	Sau Mau Ping Estate, Kwun Tong New block: Sau Yun House
27	Shek Mun OCAMP	Stewards – Youth Online - Stewards Integrated Service Centre for Young People	Shek Mun Estate (Phase 2), Shatin
28	"Long-lasting Relationship in Cheung Lung Wai Estate" – Cheung Lung Wai Community Neighbourhoods Strengthening and Widening Network Project	Hong Kong Evangelical Church Social Service Limited — Hong Kong Evangelical Church Yan Lam Community Service Centre	Cheung Lung Wai Estate, Sheung Shui
29	We Build Ying Tung	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Company Limited – Tung Chung Integrated Services	Ying Tung Estate, Islands (Tung Chung)
30	MUN TUNG Networking Project	The Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council –	Mun Tung Estate, Islands (Tung Chung)

	Programme name	Organisation and service unit (if any)	New / redeveloped PRH estates
		Tung Chung Integrated Services Centre	
31	Social Capital.330@So Uk Elderly Project	New Life Psychiatric Rehabilitation Association – The Wellness Centre (Sham Shui Po)	So Uk Estate (Phase 2), Sham Shui Po
32	'Love Plus Life @ Tung Chung' Neighbourhood Caring Project	Tung Chung Safe and Healthy City Foundation Limited	Ying Tung Estate and Mun Tung Estate, Islands (Tung Chung)
33	So Uk Estate Social Capital Development Project (Phase II)	The Salvation Army – Community Project	So Uk Estate (Phase 2), Sham Shui Po
34	Yau Lai Community Networking Project	The Hong Kong Chinese Women's Club – Dr. Ellen Li Learning Centre	Yau Lai Estate, Kwun Tong New block: Shun Lai House
35	HF Children Friendly Network	Community Development Enhancement Fund Limited – Community & Education Unit	Hung Fuk Estate, Yuen Long
36	Project Play and Build	The Boys' & Girls' Clubs Association of Hong Kong — Jockey Club Cheung Sha Wan C&Y Integrated Services Centre	Lai Tsui Court, Sham Shui Po
37	KID@SCO – Shui Chuen O Social Capital Building Project	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals – Wilson T.S.Wang District Elderly Community Centre	Shui Chuen O Estate, Shatin
38	Sau Mau Ping "Enjoy Being Young" Community Enrichment Project	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals — Fong Shiu Yee Neighborhood Elderly Centre	Sau Mau Ping Estate, Kwun Tong New block: Sau Yun House
39	Living in Concord – Po Shek Wu Estate Community Supporting Project	Hong Kong Lutheran Social Service – Community Development Division	Po Shek Wu Estate, North District
40	Building an age-friendly community at Hoi Ying Estate	Pok Oi Hospital – Mr. Kwok Hing Kwan Neighbourhood Elderly Centre	Hoi Ying Estate, Sham Shui Po
41	"Love Family Love	Caritas-Hong Kong –	Tung Wui Estate, Wong

	Programme name	Organisation and service unit (if any)	New / redeveloped PRH estates
	Community"	Integrated Family Service Centre - Tung Tau (Wong Tai Sin South West)	Tai Sin
42	Love Around Fai Ming	Hong Kong Lutheran Social Service – Jockey Club Yung Shing Lutheran Integrated Service Centre	Fai Ming Estate, North District
43	Chun Yeung 12345 – Neighbourhood mutual help project	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association – Shatin Integrated Social Service Centre	Chun Yeung Estate, Shatin
44	Project on Developing Community Network	Hong Kong PHAB Association – Jockey Club Shatin Integrated Service Centre for Children & Youth	Chun Yeung Estate, Shatin
45	ABCD Shui Chuen O Family Network	The Chinese University of Hong Kong — The Nethersole School of Nursing, Faculty of Medicine	Shui Chuen O Estate, Shatin
46	Joyful Family Connection	Yang Memorial Methodist Social Service – Kingsford Terrace Centre	Fu Shan Estate, Wong Tai Sin New block: Fu Fai House
47	We Care, We Share – Social Capital Building Project	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals – Yu Mak Yuen Integrated Services Centre	Hoi Tat Estate, Sham Shui Po
48	Flying over Self-Reliance & Mutual Help – Estate House Team Leader for On Tai Project	Christian Action – Christian Action Lo Kwee Seong On Tai Service Center	On Tai Estate, Kwun Tong
49	Yan Tin Joyful Partnership Project	The Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council – Tuen Mun/Yuen Long Rural Village Centre	Yan Tin Estate, Tuen Mun
50	"Healthy and Sustainable Life in Shek Kip Mei" Community Support and Networking Project	The Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council – Shamshuipo District Elderly Community Centre & Shamshuipo Family Support Networking Team	Shek Kip Mei Estate (Phase 3, 6 and 7), Sham Shui Po
51	"Healthy and Happy Family in Pak Tin"	The Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council –	Pak Tin Estate (Phase 7, 8 and 11), Sham Shui Po

	Programme name	Organisation and service unit (if any)	New / redeveloped PRH estates
	Community Support and Networking Project	Shamshuipo District Elderly Community Centre & Shamshuipo Family Support Networking Team	
52	Building Long Sin New Home Together	New Home Association – New Territories West Service Centre	Long Sin Estate, Yuen Long
53	Joyful Yue Wan Community Support Project	St. James' Settlement – Wan Chai Community Centre	Yue Chun House, Yue Wan Estate, Chai Wan, Eastern District
54	"Good Neighbour@ Tai Po" – Fu Tip Estate Community Support and Networking Project	The Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council – Jockey Club Tai Po North Integrated Children & Youth Services Centre	Fu Tip Estate, Tai Po
55	Queen's Hill, Co-creation	Caritas-Hong Kong – Caritas Integrated Family Service Centre - Fanling	Queen's Hill Estate, North District (Fanling)
56	Community Club House @ Choi Fuk	Hong Kong Playground Association – Choi Tak Integrated Service Centre for Children & Youth	Choi Fuk Estate, Kwun Tong
57	Love Around Queen's Hill	Hong Kong Lutheran Social Service-LCHKS – Jockey Club Yung Shing Lutheran Integrated Service Centre	Queen's Hill Estate, North District (Fanling)
58	Co-joyful Queen's Hill – Neighbourhood Mutual Help Project	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association – Ellen Li District Elderly Community Centre	Queen's Hill Estate, North District (Fanling)
59	Love your Ming Wah Neighbours	Methodist Centre – Community Support Service	Ming Wah Dai Ha, Shau Kei Wan, Eastern District
60	Living Water – Lively Estate	The Urban Peacemaker Evangelistic Fellowship Ltd – Kowloon East Office	Kai Chuen Court, Diamond Hill, Wong Tai Sin
61	Project New Vision (Lai King)	The Urban Peacemaker Evangelistic Fellowship Ltd – T.K.T. Office	Hang King House, Lai King Estate, Kwai Tsing

On receiving cases requiring follow-up, project teams of the community support programme will make use of the referral mechanism established with district stakeholders and refer the cases to the existing welfare services for follow-up. The CIIF hopes that the community support programme for new PRH estates and the existing welfare services may complement each other.

- 4. The CIIF Secretariat has been liaising closely with the Housing Department to ensure that adequate and appropriate community support services are provided through the CIIF projects at the time of resident-intake of new PRH estates, so as to assist the new residents to establish support networks. The Government will also assess from time to time the community's demand for different welfare services, and will continue to allocate resources to increase the provision of relevant services. The Social Welfare Department will sustain its efforts in exploring with the relevant government departments the reservation of sites or premises for the provision of welfare facilities, so as to meet the needs of the localities (including new development areas) for welfare services.
- 5. On the estimated expenditure, the number of community support programmes for new PRH estates will be subject to district needs and the number of households in new PRH estates. For 2021-22, the CIIF funding for community support programmes for new PRH estates is estimated at about \$8 million. As for the manpower, the expenditure involved will be borne by the Labour and Welfare Bureau with its existing resources.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)012

(Question Serial No. 2010)

<u>Head</u>: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Welfare

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

Director of Bureau: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

On following up the implementation of the recommendations of the Elderly Services Programme Plan (ESPP) under this Programme, will the Government advise on the following:

- 1. the progress of the Department's follow-up on each of the 4 strategic directions and 20 recommendations set out in the ESPP, as well as the Department's resources and estimated provisions for each recommendation in the past 2 years;
- 2. the specific work and estimated provisions in taking forward the ESPP in the coming year.

Asked by: Hon LUK Chung-hung (LegCo internal reference no.: 36)

Reply:

The Elderly Services Programme Plan (ESPP) has put forward 4 strategic directions and 20 short-term and medium to long-term recommendations on the future development of elderly services. Follow-up actions will be taken by the Labour and Welfare Bureau (LWB), Social Welfare Department and other relevant policy bureaux and departments according to their respective scope of responsibility. The LWB is responsible for the overall co-ordination and monitoring of the progress of implementation of ESPP. As ESPP follow-up actions involve strengthening and enhancing existing elderly services or on-going tasks of bureaux and departments, the resources involved cannot be separately calculated.

The follow-up of the short-term recommendations has commenced/completed in or before 2019, while that of the medium to long-term recommendations will generally commence within 3 to 5 years following the release of ESPP.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)013

(Question Serial No. 3145)

Head: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: Not specified

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Will the Bureau please provide the balance, government injection amount, investment or other income and total expenditure of the following funds in 2019-20? If there are other funds within the purview of the Bureau not being listed below, please also provide information as per the items above.

- 1. Elder Academy Development Foundation
- 2. Queen Elizabeth Foundation for the Mentally Handicapped
- 3. Emergency Relief Fund
- 4. Traffic Accident Victims Assistance Fund
- 5. Hong Kong Paralympians Fund
- 6. Trust Fund for Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome
- 7. Pneumoconiosis Ex Gratia Fund
- 8. Social Work Training Fund
- 9. Child Development Fund
- 10. Community Investment and Inclusion Fund
- 11. Partnership Fund for the Disadvantaged
- 12. Social Welfare Development Fund
- 13. Continuing Education Fund

Asked by: Hon MA Fung-kwok (LegCo internal reference no.: 78)

Reply:

The information on funds which are administered by the Labour and Welfare Bureau or government departments under its purview and have received government injection is provided as follows -

A. Funds outside the Accounts of the Government

1. Elder Academy Development Foundation

	Amount (\$m)	
	2019-20	
Government injection		0
Investment or other income		3
Total expenditure		9
Balance		28

2. Queen Elizabeth Foundation for the Mentally Handicapped

Queen Enzacem i conduction for the intentary flundreapped		
	Amount (\$m)	
	2019-20	
Government injection	0	
Investment or other income	0.2	
Total expenditure	21	
Balance	195	

3. Emergency Relief Fund

Emergency rener rand		
	Amount (\$m)	
	2019-20	
Government injection	10	
Investment or other income	3	
Total expenditure	5	
Balance	111	

4. Traffic Accident Victims Assistance Fund

	Amount (\$m)
	2019-20
Government injection	66
Investment or other income	336
Total expenditure	325
Balance	1,736

5. Hong Kong Paralympians Fund

	Amount (\$m)	
	2019-20	
Government injection	0	
Investment or other income	9	
Total expenditure	8	
Balance	239	

6. Trust Fund for Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome

	Amount (\$m)	
	2019-20	
Government injection	0	
Investment or other income	2	
Total expenditure	10	
Balance	46	

7. Pneumoconiosis Ex Gratia Fund

	Amount (\$m)	
	2019-20	
Government injection	10	
Investment or other income	0	
Total expenditure	5	
Balance	23	

8. Social Work Training Fund

	Amount (\$m)
	2019-20
Government injection	0
Investment or other income	1
Total expenditure	3
Balance	17

9. Arts Development Fund for Persons with Disabilities

This 20 veropinent I that for I organis with 2 is the interest		
	Amount (\$m)	
	2019-20	
Government injection	0	
Investment or other income	6	
Total expenditure	8	
Balance	249	

B. Funds under the Accounts of the Government

10. Child Development Fund

	Amount (\$m)	
	2019-20	
Commitment increased	0	
Investment or other income	0	
Total expenditure	71	
Balance of approved commitment	484	

11. Community Investment and Inclusion Fund

	Amount (\$m)	
	2019-20	
Commitment increased	0	
Investment or other income	0	
Total expenditure	72	
Balance of approved commitment	26	

12. Partnership Fund for the Disadvantaged

	Amount (\$m)
	2019-20
Commitment increased	0
Investment or other income	0
Total expenditure	67
Balance of approved commitment	620

13. Social Welfare Development Fund

_	Amount (\$m)	
	2019-20	
Commitment increased	0	
Investment or other income	0	
Total expenditure	72	
Balance of approved commitment	108	

14. Continuing Education Fund

	Amount (\$m)	
	2019-20	
Commitment increased	0	
Investment or other income	0	
Total expenditure	191	
Balance of approved commitment	11,500	

15. <u>Innovation and Technology Fund for Application in Elderly and Rehabilitation Care</u>

	Amount (\$m)
	2019-20
Commitment increased	0
Investment or other income	0
Total expenditure	19
Balance of approved commitment	981

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)014

(Question Serial No. 0216)

Head: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Women's Interests

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

It is mentioned under this Programme that the Bureau will "enhance women's participation in advisory and statutory bodies". Will the Government provide the following information:

- 1. the respective total numbers and proportion of male and female non-official members of all government advisory and statutory bodies (ASBs) in the past 3 years;
- 2. the respective numbers and proportion of male and female members among the non-official members appointed by the Government to serve on 3 or more ASBs in the past 3 years;
- 3. a list of ASBs which currently have no female non-official members and that of ASBs with female members accounting for less than 35% of the total number of non-official members, and the percentage of the number of these ASBs in the total number of ASBs;
- 4. the number and growth rate of women's curricula vitae in the Central Personality Index in the past 3 years;
- 5. ways for the Government to enhance women's participation in ASBs, and whether the target of increasing the proportion of female members to 35% can be met in the coming year; and
- 6. the expenditure involved in enhancing women's participation in ASBs in the coming year?

Asked by: Hon MAK Mei-kuen, Alice (LegCo internal reference no.: 49)

Reply:

1. The number and proportion of appointed male and female non-official members in all advisory and statutory bodies (ASBs) in the past 3 years are set out below:

	Number of appointed non-official members (calculated on a post basis)		
	(as at 31 December of the year)		
	Male (proportion) Female (proportion)		
2018	4 632 (66.8%)	2 307 (33.2%)	
2019	4 657 (66.2%)	2 373 (33.8%)	

1			
	2020	4 709 (66.0%)	2 426 (34.0%)

2. The number and proportion of appointed male and female non-official members serving on 3 or more ASBs in the past 3 years are set out below:

	Number of appointed non-official members serving on 3 or more ASBs (as at 31 December of the year)	
	Male (proportion) Female (proportion)	
2018	332 (58.8%)	233 (41.2%)
2019	364 (60.0%)	242 (40.0%)
2020	395 (61.5%)	247 (38.5%)

- 3. A list of ASBs with no appointed female non-official members and a list of ASBs with appointed female non-official members of less than 35% as at the end of December 2020 are provided in Annex I and Annex II respectively. The ASBs set out in Annex I and Annex II account for 41.9% of all ASBs with appointed non-official members.
- 4. The number and growth rate of curriculum vitae (CV) provided by female data subjects in the centralised database in the past 3 years are set out below:

	Number of CV	Growth rate
	of female data subjects	
2018	10 192	6.2%
2019	10 963	7.6%
2020	11 567	5.5%

5. & 6. The Government makes appointments of non-official members to ASBs on the basis of the merit of individuals concerned. The Labour and Welfare Bureau reminds bureaux and departments (B/Ds) from time to time to appoint as many female members to the ASBs as possible under the said principle, with a view to raising the female participation rate. The Government will also continue to take proactive measures to attract capable women to participate in community and public services, and invite associations and organisations to nominate women for inclusion in the centralised database administered by the Home Affairs Bureau. The expenditure involved will be absorbed by B/Ds and is not separately accounted for.

ASBs with no appointed female non-official members

(as at 31 December 2020)

Advisory Board on Licensing of Plumbers

Advisory Body on Third Party Funding of Arbitration and Mediation

Asbestos Administration Committee

Authorized Persons, Registered Structural Engineers and Registered Geotechnical Engineers Committee

Board of Directors of the Widows and Orphans Pension Scheme

Board of Scientific Advisers

Buildings Energy Efficiency Appeal Board Panel

Chinese Temples Committee

Committee on Slot Complaints

Council for the AIDS Trust Fund

Customs and Excise Service Children's Education Trust Fund Investment Advisory Board

Electoral Affairs Commission

Expert Committee on Plumbing and Waterworks Materials

Fire Service (Installation Contractors) Disciplinary Board

Geotechnical Engineers Registration Committee Panel

Hong Kong Rotary Club Students' Loan Fund & Sing Tao Charitable Foundation Students' Loan Fund Joint Selection Committee

Inspectors Registration Committee Panel

Mandatory Provident Fund Industry Schemes Committee

Minor Works Contractors Registration Committee Panel

New Energy Transport Fund Steering Committee

Port Operations Committee

Port Welfare Committee

Project Management Committee of Cleaner Production Partnership Programme

Registered Contractors' Disciplinary Board Panel

Standing Advisory Committee (Oil Storage Installations)

Structural Engineers Registration Committee Panel

Technical Committee on the Code of Practice for Structural Use of Concrete

Telecommunications Regulatory Affairs Advisory Committee

Tung Wah Group of Hospitals Advisory Board

(Note: ASBs with no government appointed non-official members are excluded.)

ASBs with appointed female non-official members of less than 35%

(excluding ASBs set out in Annex I)
(as at 31 December 2020)

Accreditation .	Advisory	Board
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Action Committee Against Narcotics

Advisory Committee for the Fire Safety (Buildings) Ordinance and the Fire Safety (Commercial Premises) Ordinance

Advisory Committee on Chinese Medicine Development Fund

Advisory Committee on Countryside Conservation

Advisory Committee on Post-service Employment of Civil Servants

Advisory Committee on Promotion of Arbitration

Advisory Committee on Water Supplies

Advisory Committee under Fire Safety (Buildings) Ordinance, Cap 572

Air Pollution Control Appeal Board Panel

Air Transport Licensing Authority

Airport Authority

Appeal Board (Bedspace Apartments)

Appeal Board (Clubs (Safety of Premises))

Appeal Board (Hotel and Guesthouse Accommodation)

Appeal Board Panel (Electricity)

Appeal Board Panel (Entertainment Special Effects)

Appeal Board Panel (under the Construction Workers Registration Ordinance)

Appeal Panel (Property Management Services)

Appeal Panel on Government's Voluntary Contributions under the Civil Service Provident Fund Scheme

Appeal Tribunal Panel (Buildings)

Authorized Persons Registration Committee Panel

Authorized Persons', Registered Structural Engineers' and Registered Geotechnical Engineers' Disciplinary Board Panel

Aviation Development and Three-runway System Advisory Committee

Award Council of the Hong Kong Award for Young People

Banking Advisory Committee

Betting and Lotteries Commission

Board of Directors of the Hong Kong Science and Technology Parks Corporation

Board of Governors of the Prince Philip Dental Hospital

Board of Review (Film Censorship)

Building Safety Loan Scheme Advisory Committee

Building Safety Loan Scheme Vetting Committee

Buildings Energy Efficiency Disciplinary Board Panel

Business Facilitation Advisory Committee

Chiropractors Council

Citizens Advisory Committee on Community Relations of the ICAC

Civil Service Training Advisory Board
Committee on Innovation, Technology and Re-industrialisation
Committee on Professional Development of Teachers and Principals
Committee on the Support Programme for Employees with Disabilities
Common Spatial Data Advisory Committee
Competition Commission
Construction Industry Council
Consumer Council
Contractors Registration Committee Panel
Correctional Services Department Complaints Appeal Board
Council of the City University of Hong Kong
Council of the Hong Kong Baptist University
Council of the Chinese University of Hong Kong
Council of the Hong Kong Polytechnic University
Council of the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology
Council of the University of Hong Kong
Council on Professional Conduct in Education
CreateSmart Initiative Vetting Committee
Deposit-taking Companies Advisory Committee
Disaster Relief Fund Advisory Committee
Disciplinary Board Panel (Land Survey)
Disciplinary Tribunal Panel (Electricity)
Education Commission
Electrical Safety Advisory Committee
Enterprise Support Scheme Assessment Panel
Exchange Fund Advisory Committee
Expanded Building Committee
Expert Committee on Food Safety
Expert Panel on the Designation of Designated Local Research Institutions
Fight Crime Committee
Film Development Council
Financial Reporting Council
Financial Reporting Review Panel
Financial Services Development Council
Fire Safety Committee
High Speed Craft Consultative Committee
Hong Kong Council for Testing and Certification
Hong Kong Council for Testing and Certification
Hong Kong Council on Smoking and Health
Hong Kong Deposit Protection Board
Hong Kong Fleet Operation Advisory Committee
Hong Kong Housing Authority

Hong Kong Logistics Development Council
Hong Kong Maritime and Port Board
Hong Kong Productivity Council
Hong Kong Trade Development Council
Honours and Non-official Justices of the Peace Selection Committee
Hospital Authority
Independent Police Complaints Council
Industry Advisory Committee on Long Term Business
InnoHK Steering Committee
Innovation and Technology Fund General Support Programme Vetting
Committee
Innovation and Technology Fund Re-industrialisation Funding Scheme Vetting Committee
Innovation and Technology Fund Research Projects Assessment Panel
Innovation and Technology Venture Fund Advisory Committee
Insurance Appeals Tribunal
Insurance Authority
Intangible Cultural Heritage Advisory Committee
Sir David Trench Fund for Recreation Investment Advisory Committee
Investment Committee of the HKSAR Government Scholarship Fund
Joint Committee on Information Technology for the Social Welfare Sector
Joint Committee on Student Finance
Land and Development Advisory Committee
Land Surveyors Registration Committee
Lantau Development Advisory Committee
Local Vessels Advisory Committee
Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Advisory Committee
Operations Review Committee of the ICAC
Panel of the Witness Protection Review Board
Pensions Appeal Panel
Pilotage Advisory Committee
Pneumoconiosis Compensation Fund Board
Po Leung Kuk Advisory Board
Prevention of Legionnaires' Disease Committee
Prisoners' Education Trust Fund Investment Advisory Committee
Private Columbaria Appeal Board
Private Columbaria Licensing Board
Process Review Panel for Insurance Authority
Professional Services Advancement Support Scheme Vetting Committee
Programme Management Committee, Dedicated Fund on Branding, Upgrading
and Domestic Sales Property Management Services Authority
Property Management Services Authority Radiation Board
Nauration Duaru

Radiological Protection Advisory Group
Registered Inspectors' Disciplinary Board Panel
Research Council
Research Grants Council
Retail Technology Adoption Assistance Scheme for Manpower Demand
Management Vetting Committee
Review Committee on Trust Fund for Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome
Review Panel under the Land (Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance
Securities and Futures Appeals Tribunal
Securities and Futures Commission
Security and Guarding Services Industry Authority
Self-financing Post-secondary Education Fund Investment Committee
Sir Edward Youde Memorial Fund Council
Small and Medium Enterprises Committee
Stamp Advisory Committee
Standing Committee on Judicial Salaries and Conditions of Service
Standing Committee on Legal Education and Training
Steering Committee of the HKSAR Government Scholarship Fund
Steering Committee on Construction Innovation and Technology Fund
Steering Committee on Electronic Health Record Sharing
Steering Committee on Mediation
Steering Committee on the Promotion of Electric Vehicles
Tang Shiu Kin & Ho Tim Charitable Fund Management Committee
Technology Voucher Programme Committee
Telecommunications (Competition Provisions) Appeal Board
The Chief Executive's Council of Advisers on Innovation and Strategic
Development
Torture Claims Appeal Board
Tourism Strategy Group
Town Planning Board
Trade and Industry Advisory Board
Travel Industry Authority
University Grants Committee
Urban Renewal Authority Board
Vehicle Maintenance Technical Advisory Committee
Vetting Committee of the Trade and Industrial Organisation Support Fund
Vocational Training Council
Water Pollution Control Appeal Board Panel
West Kowloon Cultural District Authority
Youth Square Management Advisory Committee

(Note: ASBs with no government appointed non-official members are excluded.)

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)015

(Question Serial No. 0217)

<u>Head</u>: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Welfare

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

Director of Bureau: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Integrated Discharge Support Programme for Elderly Patients (IDSP) under Subhead 000 Operational expenses, would the Government please advise the following:

- 1. please list the numbers of elderly persons referred to the IDSP in each of the past 3 years, broken down by hospital/group of hospitals participating in the IDSP and non-governmental organisation (NGO) operating Home Support Team which partnered with them;
- 2. the rates of unplanned readmission to hospital of elderly persons participating in the IDSP in each of the past 3 years;
- 3. the numbers and ratios of elderly persons who were arranged to receive community support and day care services such as home care services of the Social Welfare Department after completing the IDSP; and the numbers of cases leaving the IDSP halfway through the programme and the reasons for leaving in each of the past 3 years;
- 4. the average cost per service place and the service/administrative fees payable to NGOs in the past three years;
- 5. the specific reason(s) for the budget increase of \$15 million for the coming year when compared with last year.

Asked by: Hon MAK Mei-kuen, Alice (LegCo internal reference no.: 50)

Reply:

The Hospitals of the Hospital Authority (HA) participating in the Integrated Discharge Support Programme for Elderly Patients (IDSP) have set up Discharge Planning Teams (DPTs) comprising doctors, nurses, occupational therapists, physiotherapists, etc, to formulate personalised discharge plans for patients before they leave the hospitals. Each DPT partners with a Home Support Team (HST) operated by a non-governmental organisation (NGO) and consists of social workers and care workers to provide post-discharge support for patients, including transitional home support services. Training and support are

provided to carers of the patients so as to facilitate ageing in place. In the past 3 years, about 33 000 persons participated in the IDSP each year.

The annual total expenditure (including the service fees payable to NGOs) is as follows-

Year	Total expenditure (\$million)
2018-19	192.4
2019-20	216.1
2020-21 (revised estimate)	213.3

The increase of about \$15 million in the 2021-22 estimate over the revised estimate for 2020-21 is mainly due to an increase in salary provision for posts of personal care workers, ward attendants and home helpers upon renewal of the service contracts.

The HA has evaluated the effectiveness of the IDSP based on the data collected during its trial run. The results show that there was a significant decrease in the number of Accident and Emergency (A&E) attendance and the number of admissions to hospital via A&E by patients participating in the IDSP. There were also improvements in the measuring indicators of their functional capacity, ability in performing daily self-care activities and quality of life, such as the Barthel Index and the SF12: Physical Component and Mental Component Summary Scale. In view of the effectiveness of the IDSP, the Government has regularised the scheme since 2012 for territory-wide implementation.

The HA does not maintain the figures of the number of elderly persons who were arranged to receive home care services and day care services of the Social Welfare Department after completing the IDSP, nor relevant figures of the average cost per service place and the reasons for withdrawal of the participants.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)016

(Question Serial No. 0715)

Head: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Women's Interests

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

It is stated in the Matters Requiring Special Attention in 2021-22 that the Administration will support the Women's Commission (WoC) in promoting the well-being and interests of women. In this connection, please inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. Please provide the name of the activities organised by the WoC, the number of participants, the details and effectiveness of the activities, as well as the expenditure involved over the past 2 years.
- 2. What supporting measures were taken by the Administration for the WoC last year? What are the details and effectiveness of such measures?
- 3. How will the Administration make effective and reasonable use of the increased provision for supporting the work of the WoC this year? What are the specific work initiatives, additional manpower and estimated expenditure involved?

Asked by: Hon QUAT Elizabeth (LegCo internal reference no.: 58)

Reply:

The Women's Commission (WoC) held and attended over 50 meetings and activities in the past 2 years. The major activities and meetings held by the WoC are set out on the WoC's website. Other than its internal meetings, the WoC widely invites relevant women organisations, non-governmental organisations and social services organisations to participate in its activities. The Government does not keep a breakdown of the expenditures incurred for these activities.

The Labour and Welfare Bureau (LWB) has been working closely with the WoC in promoting women's interests and well-being through the provision of an enabling environment, empowerment of women and public education. The LWB's estimated expenditure on women's interests for 2021-22 is \$41.2 million, which will be used for supporting the work of the WoC. The estimated expenditure by subhead is set out as follows:

Subhead	Provision in 2021-22 (\$'000)
Implementing the Capacity Building Mileage Programme	12,100
Implementing the Funding Scheme for Women's Development	4,000
Carrying out public education and publicity activities	1,500
Strengthening liaison and exchanges with women's groups in	400
Hong Kong and other regions	
Salaries, allowances and other personnel related expenses	18,400
Others	4,800
Total	41,200

The estimated expenditure for 2021-22 is \$6.1 million (17.4%) higher than the revised estimate for 2020-21 (i.e. \$35.1 million) for strengthening support for the work of the WoC, including commissioning a consultant to conduct a survey and a research study on women's employment as well as enhancing the Capacity Building Mileage Programme.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)017

(Question Serial No. 1184)

<u>Head</u>: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Director of Bureau's Office

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The work of the Office of the Secretary for Labour and Welfare includes planning, coordination and implementation of all arrangements for the Secretary's public, media and community functions. In this connection, please inform this Committee of:

- (a) the staffing establishment of the Office; and
- (b) the details of the Secretary's media and community functions planned and co-ordinated by the Office in the past year.

Asked by: Hon WONG Kwok-kin (LegCo internal reference no.: 29)

Reply:

The information requested is provided as follows:

- (a) Apart from the Secretary, Under Secretary and Political Assistant to the Secretary, the establishment of the Director of Bureau's Office (the Office) under Programme (1) in Labour and Welfare Bureau also includes 1 Administrative Officer Staff Grade C, 1 Senior Executive Officer, 1 Personal Assistant, 1 Senior Personal Secretary, 1 Personal Secretary I, 1 Chauffeur and 2 clerical grade staff for providing support to the Office.
- (b) As planning and co-ordination of the Secretary's media and community functions are regular and on-going tasks of the office, we have not compiled the relevant statistics. The information on the Secretary's public, media and community functions is usually released through such channels as Press Release and/or government website (http://www.lwb.gov.hk).

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)018

(Question Serial No. 0988)

Head: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Welfare

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the conduct of research on the standards and practices on universal design in overseas cities for examining barrier-free access facilities for persons with disabilities with a view to further enhancing the accessibility of the community/living environment in Hong Kong, would the Government advise this Committee on the following:

- 1) What are the numbers of barrier-free access facilities that have refurbishment/alteration works completed, as well as the expenditures involved in the past 3 years? How are the expenditures compared with the original estimates?
- 2) What is the number of barrier-free access facilities that will have refurbishment/alteration works carried out, as well as the expenditure to be involved in the coming year?
- 3) Does the Administration have a timetable for refurbishing/altering all barrier-free access facilities across the territory? If yes, what are the details? If not, what are the reasons?

Asked by: Hon YIU Si-wing (LegCo internal reference no.: 13)

Reply:

The Government has been taking forward a total of 375 items under the Universal Accessibility Programme (UAP). As at end-February 2021, 169 items were completed and 54 were under construction. The construction works of the remaining 152 items will commence as soon as possible upon completion of the detailed design and other related work. A total of 98 items were completed in 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 under UAP, and the respective expenditures were \$746 million (higher than the original estimate by 1.3%), \$650 million (lower than the original estimate by 0.4%) and \$565 million (lower than the original estimate by 8%). In 2021-22, it is expected that 44 items would commence construction works with an estimated expenditure at \$573 million.

The 2019 Policy Address announced that the UAP scope would be expanded with the launch of a "Special Scheme" for retrofitting lifts at the footbridges, pedestrian subways and elevated walkways in housing estates under the Hong Kong Housing Authority's Tenants Purchase Scheme and the Buy or Rent Option Scheme, as well as public rental housing estates with properties divested. The Highways Department has started to carry out technical feasibility study for selected items under the "Special Scheme" and would conduct investigation and design work in 2021-22, with an estimated expenditure at \$4.8 million.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)019

(Question Serial No. 1458)

<u>Head</u>: (141) Government Secretariat: Labour and Welfare Bureau

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Women's Interests

Controlling Officer: Permanent Secretary for Labour and Welfare (Ms CHANG King-

yiu)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

On enhancing women's participation in advisory and statutory bodies (ASBs), what are the numbers and proportion of women participating in ASBs, as well as their participation rate as compared with other countries and regions in 2020-21? How will the number of women participating in ASBs vary in 2021-22 as compared with the previous year? What measures will the Bureau take to further enhance women's participation?

Asked by: Hon YUNG Hoi-yan (LegCo internal reference no.: 40)

Reply:

The number and proportion of appointed male and female non-official members in all advisory and statutory bodies (ASBs) as at 31 December 2020 are set out in the table below. The Labour and Welfare Bureau (LWB) does not keep a breakdown of statistics on ASBs, nor relevant information in respect of other countries and regions.

Number of appointed non-official members (calculated on a post basis)		
(as at 31 December 2020)		
Male (proportion) Female (proportion)		
4 709 (66.0%)	2 426 (34.0%)	

The Government makes appointments of non-official members to ASBs on the basis of the merit of individuals concerned. The LWB reminds bureaux and departments from time to time to appoint as many female members to the ASBs as possible under the said principle, with a view to raising the female participation rate. The Government will also continue to take proactive measures to attract capable women to participate in community and public services, and invite associations and organisations to nominate women for inclusion in the centralised database administered by the Home Affairs Bureau.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)020

(Question Serial No. 1925)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: Not Specified

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the matter on assisting the Social Welfare Department in identifying premises for purchase, would the Government inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. the number of premises identified, the area and uses of such premises and the progress of purchase since the implementation of the project with a breakdown by District Council district;
- 2. the staffing establishment and expenditure involved in the project; and
- 3. whether any assessment has been made on the effectiveness of the project since its implementation? If yes, what are the details? If no, what are the reasons?

Asked by: Hon CHAN Hak-kan (LegCo internal reference no.: 22)

Reply:

On 30 June 2020, the Government obtained funding approval from the Finance Committee of the Legislative Council (LegCo) to purchase properties over some 3 years for accommodating welfare facilities, including child care centres, day care centres for the elderly, neighbourhood elderly centres, on-site pre-school rehabilitation services, etc. to help meet the acute shortfall of premises.

The Social Welfare Department (SWD) has completed the consultation with the 18 District Councils on the welfare facilities proposed to be accommodated in purchased premises for the districts concerned in mid-November 2020 and has started the purchase exercise. With the assistance of the Government Property Agency (GPA), SWD has been formulating, reviewing and enhancing the purchase strategy. SWD is also currently identifying suitable non-domestic premises for purchase through different channels, including open invitations to owners of potentially suitable non-domestic premises available for sale in 18 districts to submit their sale proposals to GPA for consideration. SWD is assessing the suitability of offered premises for purchase. SWD will update the GPA's website with regard to the information on welfare facilities for which suitable premises have been purchased.

In respect of staffing establishment, the Finance Committee of the LegCo approved the creation of 1 permanent post of the Senior Principal Executive Officer grade (Directorate Pay Scale Point 2) on 30 June 2020 for SWD to implement the purchase exercise and enhance the

planning, co-ordination and implementation of capital works projects of premises for other welfare facilities. In addition, SWD created 2 time-limited posts of the Executive Officer grade in 2020-21 to assist the implementation of the purchase exercise and GPA created 14 time-limited non-directorate posts to handle the purchase of premises.

SWD has earmarked a provision of \$4.273 billion in 2021-22 for the purchase exercise for welfare premises. The actual expenditure will be subject to the availability of suitable and reasonably priced premises in the market.

- End -

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)021

(Question Serial No. 1929)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the implementation of the time-limited Special Scheme of Assistance to the Unemployed (Special Scheme), would the Government inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. The monthly number of applications received and approved, as well as the average amount approved since its implementation;
- 2. Has the Government reviewed the change in number of applications before and after the relaxation of asset limits? If yes, what are the details? If no, what are the reasons?
- 3. What is the current average, longest and shortest vetting time required in the processing of an application for the Special Scheme?
- 4. Has the Government increased its manpower for processing the applications in view of the rising number? If yes, what are the details? If no, what are the reasons?
- 5. As the epidemic wears on, economic recovery is expected to take an extended period of time. Does the Government have plans to introduce other measures to provide short-term relief for the unemployed? If yes, what are the details? If no, what are the reasons?

Asked by: Hon CHAN Hak-kan (LegCo internal reference no.: 28)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1., 2 & 5. To assist the unemployed and their families who face immediate financial difficulties in a more focused manner, the Government has launched the time-limited Special Scheme under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme to temporarily relax the asset limits for able-bodied persons by 100% during the one-year period from 1 June 2020 to 31 May 2021. Moreover, during the six-month period from 1 April to 30 September 2021, the Government will disregard the cash value of insurance policies of able-bodied applicants of CSSA as assets in a grace period of 1 year. The Finance Committee of the Legislative Council has approved a one-off commitment of \$3.52 billion to cater for the relevant expenses. As at the end of

December 2020, the number of CSSA unemployment cases amounts to around 19 500, an increase of over 55% compared to the end of December 2019. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) will continue to actively process CSSA applications in order to provide timely assistance to persons in need.

3. & 4. Regarding the processing of CSSA applications, under normal circumstances, and if the applicant or his/her guardian/appointee can produce all the necessary information, the application process can be completed within 4 weeks. In view of the implementation of new measures under CSSA and the rising trend in the number of CSSA applications, SWD has increased the manpower at various Social Security Field Units (SSFUs), including the addition of 45 Social Security Grade posts in the end of 2020 and early 2021. Meanwhile, SWD allocated additional resources in May 2020 to hire over 70 retired civil servants under the Post-retirement Service Contract Scheme to assist in the processing and approval of CSSA applications at various SSFUs. The aforesaid batch of additional manpower will continue to assist in the processing of CSSA applications in 2021-22.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)022

(Question Serial No. 1937)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Short-term Food Assistance Service Projects (the Projects), please inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. the monthly number of applications, cases granted, service users and meal-days served for the past 3 years until now;
- 2. the number of service quota, applications, cases granted, service users and meal-days served under each of the 8 respective Projects;
- 3. the number of service users by household size of 1-person or individual-based, 2-person, 3-person, 4-person, 5-person and 6-person or above, and their respective percentages of the total number of service users:
- 4. it is learnt that the Projects would provide a one-off basic food assistance to service recipients for a period of up to 8 weeks, and may extend the service period beyond 8 weeks depending on circumstances. Has the Government compiled any statistics on the number of cases that needed an extension of the service period to a total of 16 weeks and its percentage of the total number? If so, what are the details? If not, what are the reasons?
- 5. given the significant adverse impact of the epidemic on the grassroots, does the Government have any plan to extend the period of basic food assistance, and relax the income and asset limits for applications? If so, what are the details? If not, what are the reasons?

Asked by: Hon CHAN Hak-kan (LegCo internal reference no.: 37)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. & 2. The number of applications, cases granted, beneficiaries and meal-days provided by the Projects over the past 3 years by service area is set out in Tables 1 to 4 of the Annex.

- 3. The total number of cases by household size and their percentages out of the total from 2018-19 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) are set out in Table 5 of the Annex.
- 4. The Projects provide a one-off basic food assistance to eligible individuals or families for a period of up to 8 weeks. The operating non-governmental organisations may extend the period beyond 8 weeks, depending on the special needs of individual applicants and their families. Among the cases granted, the total number of cases given an extension of service (including those receiving the first round of food assistance for less than 8 weeks) over the past 3 years is 25 186, taking up about 22% of the total.
- 5. Starting from 1 June 2021, the Government will relax the asset limit requirements of the Projects, pitching to those of the Working Family Allowance Scheme, for a limited period of 12 months, so as to aid the unemployed and underemployed during the epidemic, subject to the funding approval of the Finance Committee. The relaxed measure is expected to benefit about 120 000 additional service users.

Table 1: Number of Applications by Service Area

	Number of Applications				
Service Area	2018-19		2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	
Hong Kong Island,					
Islands, Tsuen Wan and	2	210	2 553	3 028	
Kwai Tsing					
Kwun Tong [Note]		1 232	2 086	2 463	
Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung [Note]	960	751	1 308	1 627	
		731	1 300	1 027	
Sha Tin, Tai Po	1 921		2 414	2 120	
and North	1 721			2 120	
Sham Shui Po	1	624	1 518	2 102	
Kowloon City,	1	974	2 192	2 472	
Yau Tsim Mong	1) 1	2 1) 2	2 472	
Tuen Mun	730		602	625	
Yuen Long	2 096		1 617	1 295	
Total	13	498	14 290	15 732	

[Note] From 1 August 2018 onwards, the service area of Kwun Tong, Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung has been split into 2 service areas, namely Kwun Tong, and Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung.

Table 2: Number of Cases Granted by Service Area

	Number of Cases Granted					
Service Area	2018-19		2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)		
Hong Kong Island, Islands, Tsuen Wan and	2 095		2 411	2 957		
Kwai Tsing	2	093	2 411	2 857		
Kwun Tong [Note]		1 206	2 051	2 444		
Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung [Note]	951	743	1 306	1 622		
Sha Tin, Tai Po and North	1 917		2 418	2 110		
Sham Shui Po	1	546	1 376	1 856		
Kowloon City, Yau Tsim Mong	1 965		2 165	2 431		
Tuen Mun	722		599	608		
Yuen Long	1 984		1 607	1 239		
Total	13	129	13 933	15 167		

[Note] From 1 August 2018 onwards, the service area of Kwun Tong, Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung has been split into 2 service areas, namely Kwun Tong, and Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung.

Table 3: Number of Beneficiaries by Service Area

	Number of Beneficiaries [Note 1]					
Service Area	2018-19		2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)		
Hong Kong Island, Islands, Tsuen Wan and Kwai Tsing	6 366		7 351	8 905		
Kwun Tong [Note 2]		3 686	6 505	7 523		
Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung [Note 2]	2 835	2 224	3 895	4 863		
Sha Tin, Tai Po and North	5	375	6 928	6 020		
Sham Shui Po	4	910	4 524	6 025		
Kowloon City, Yau Tsim Mong	5 516		6 158	6 375		
Tuen Mun	2 087		1 734	1 809		
Yuen Long	5 623		4 703	3 636		
Total	38	622	41 798	45 156		

[Note 1] Service users may use the service for more than once.

[Note 2] From 1 August 2018 onwards, the service area of Kwun Tong, Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung has been split into 2 service areas, namely Kwun Tong, and Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung.

Table 4: Number of Meals Provided by Service Area

	Number of Meals Served				
Service Area	2018-19		2019-20	2020-21	
				(as at end-December 2020)	
Hong Kong Island,					
Islands, Tsuen Wan and		330 369	392 360	478 634	
Kwai Tsing					
Kwun Tong [Note]		299 966	528 217	611 379	
Wong Tai Sin and	164 293	191470	334 295	456 631	
Sai Kung [Note]		1914/0	334 293	430 031	
Sha Tin, Tai Po	251 880		341 347	333 833	
and North	231 880		341 347	333 833	
Sham Shui Po		244 286	254 675	322 598	
Kowloon City,		202 702	320 145	320 449	
Yau Tsim Mong	302 792		320 143	320 449	
Tuen Mun	149 025		159 509	180 613	
Yuen Long	292 410		401 316	329 157	
Total	2	226 491	2 731 864	3 033 294	

[Note] From 1 August 2018 onwards, the service area of Kwun Tong, Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung has been split into 2 service areas, namely Kwun Tong, and Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung.

Table 5: Number of Cases by Household Size (April 2018 to end-December 2020)

Household Size	Number of Cases	Percentage
1-person	8 568	20.2%
2-person	8 270	19.6%
3-person	8 604	20.4%
4-person	11 047	26.2%
5-person or above	5 740	13.6%
Total	42 229	100.0%

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)023

(Question Serial No. 1971)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the local residential care services for the elderly in the past 5 years, please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the annual number of subsidised care and attention (C&A) and subsidised nursing home (NH) places provided by the Government, the manpower and expenditure involved;
- 2. the number of practitioners currently engaged in elderly services, and the estimated number of such practitioners in the coming 5 years;
- 3. the current number of local training courses on elderly services;
- 4. the annual number of applications for subsidised C&A and subsidised NH places;
- 5. the annual number of places successfully allocated;
- 6. the number of elderly persons currently waitlisted, the average duration of waiting for the above residential care places in years, and the longest waiting time in years; and
- 7. whether the Government has plans to increase the residential care places in the coming 5 years; if yes, the details.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Hak-kan (LegCo internal reference no.: 91)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The number of subsidised residential care places for the elderly and the total expenditure from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are set out in Annex 1 and Annex 2 respectively.
- 2. As services for the elderly involve various aspects and different operational models, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) has not collected statistics on the overall number of practitioners currently engaged in elderly services. The information sought is therefore unavailable.
- 3. As at 31 December 2020, a total of 29 training organisations were approved by the Director of Social Welfare under the Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons) Regulation to organise 43 health worker training courses applicable to residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs). Currently, there are different organisations in Hong

Kong offering other elderly service training courses. Since these courses are not provided or approved by SWD, the relevant information is unavailable.

4. The number of new elderly applicants for subsidised C&A and that for subsidised NH places from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are as follows:

	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
					(as at end-
					December
					2020)
C&A places	16 607	16 547	17 494	15 478	10 977
NH places	2 660	2 634	2 760	2 406	1 771

5. From 2016-17 to 2020-21, the number of elderly persons allocated with subsidised residential care places is as follows:

2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
				(as at end-
				December
				2020)
5 607	5 219	5 366	5 487	4 516

6. The waiting time for subsidised residential care places for the elderly is affected by various factors, for example, whether the applicants have special preferences for a particular home and the location, diet and religious background of RCHEs, whether they accept subsidised residential care places provided under the Enhanced Bought Place Scheme (EBPS) and the Nursing Home Place Purchase Scheme (NHPPS), whether they have requested joining family members and/or relatives in a particular home, the turnover rate of individual homes, etc. SWD does not have information on the longest waiting time.

The waiting time and number of people waitlisted for subsidised C&A places and NH places as at end-December 2020 are provided as follows:

Service type	Average waiting time (in months) (Average of the previous 3 months) [Note 1]	No. of people waitlisted
C&A places		
- Subvented/contract RCHEs	41	
- Private homes participating	9	31 426 [Note 2]
in the EBPS		
Overall	21	
NH places [Note 3]	26	6 099 ^[Note 4]

[Note 1] It is the average number of months taken (from the waitlist date to the admission date) for normal cases to be admitted to subsidised RCHEs in the past 3 months. Cases accorded priority in allocation of places, cases with inactive history admitted in the past 3 months, and cases transferred from homes for the aged (H/A) places to the converted C&A places providing a continuum of care (CoC) in the same RCHE have been excluded in the calculation because their waiting time may be extraordinarily long or short in comparison with that of normal cases.

- [Note 2] The figure includes the elderly persons using subsidised community care services (CCS) while waiting for subsidised C&A places, but does not include the elderly persons classified as "inactive" cases on the Central Waiting List (CWL).
- [Note 3] Including subsidised NH places provided at subvented and self-financing NHs and contract homes.
- [Note 4] The figure includes the elderly persons using subsidised CCS while waiting for subsidised NH places, but does not include the elderly persons classified as "inactive" cases on the CWL.
- 7. The Government will continue to take a multi-pronged approach to increase elderly service places, and is implementing 66 development projects to construct new contract homes and day care centres/units for the elderly, with about 8 800 residential care places for the elderly (including subsidised and non-subsidised places) and about 2 800 subsidised day care service places for the elderly expected to come on stream in the coming few years. In addition, the Pilot Scheme on Residential Care Service Voucher (RCSV) for the Elderly has been implemented since March 2017. A maximum of 3 000 RCSVs will be issued in batches, offering elderly persons in need of residential care service with an additional choice. Besides, SWD will purchase an additional 5 000 EA1 places under the EBPS over 5 consecutive years starting from 2019-20 to increase the supply of subsidised residential care places for the elderly and enhance the overall service quality of private RCHEs.

Apart from the aforesaid measures, the Labour and Welfare Bureau will continue to implement the Special Scheme on Privately Owned Sites for Welfare Uses (Special Sites Scheme) with a view to encouraging non-governmental organisations to better utilise their own sites through expansion, redevelopment or new development to provide diversified subvented and self-financing services in particular to increase the provision of elderly service places. According to the latest proposals from applicant organisations in Phase 1 of the Special Sites Scheme, subject to the smooth implementation of all the proposed projects relating to elderly services, a total of about 7 500 additional residential care places (including subsidised and non-subsidised places) could be provided. To further increase welfare facilities in keen demand, including elderly services, the Government launched a new phase of the Special Sites Scheme in April 2019.

Annex 1
Number of subsidised residential care places for the elderly

	Number of subsidised places			
Year	H/A places [Note 1]	C&A places [Note 2]	NH places [Note 3]	Total
2016-17	67	23 381	3 806	27 254
2017-18	67	23 460	3 962	27 489
2018-19	67	23 521	4 016	27 604
2019-20	67	24 234	4 218	28 519
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	67	24 849	4 284	29 200

- [Note 1] SWD has ceased to accept new applications for H/A places since 1 January 2003. Subsidised residential care places for the elderly currently available for application include C&A places and NH places. Starting from 2005-06, H/A places have gradually been converted into C&A places providing a CoC.
- [Note 2] C&A places include places provided by contract homes and subvented C&A homes and those under the EBPS. Moreover, the places include the C&A places with CoC under the Residential Care Services Scheme in Guangdong launched since 2014-15.
- [Note 3] Including subsidised NH places provided at subvented NHs, contract homes and self-financing NHs participating in the NHPPS.

Annex 2 Expenditure on subsidised residential care services for the elderly

Year	Expenditure (\$ billion) [Note]
2016-17 (Actual)	4.5388
2017-18 (Actual)	4.7939
2018-19 (Actual)	5.4222
2019-20 (Actual)	6.4275
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	7.1030

[Note] Including various types of residential places for the elderly and residential places under the Residential Care Services Scheme in Guangdong launched since 2014-15.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)024

(Question Serial No. 1972)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the day care service for persons with disabilities, please advise:

- 1. the number of service places, quarterly number of users, number of waitlisted persons, service utilisation rate, number of persons having left the service and reasons for their leaving of each service unit in the past 5 years (the same service user in the same quarter counted as 1 only).
- 2. by type of disability, the number of service places, number of cases, number of served persons, number of waitlisted persons, utilisation rate, number of participants having left and reasons for their leaving.
- 3. by District Council (DC) district, the number of service places, number of cases, number of served persons, number of waitlisted persons, utilisation rate, number of participants having left, number of users of different age groups and reasons for their leaving.
- 4. by age group, the number of places, number of cases, number of served persons, number of waitlisted persons, utilisation rate, number of users of different age groups and reasons for their leaving of each type of service.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Hak-kan (LegCo internal reference no.: 92)

Reply:

The day care services for persons with severe disabilities (day care services) are currently attached to 11 care-and-attention homes for severely disabled persons, 14 district support centres for persons with disabilities and 4 community rehabilitation day centres. From 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020), the number of service places for day care services by administrative district of the Social Welfare Department (SWD) and the utilisation rate of each year are set out in Annex. SWD does not have information on the number of day care service users per quarter, waitlisted persons and persons who have left service and their reasons for leaving. SWD also does not have information on the number of day care service places, cases, served persons and waitlisted persons, utilisation rate, number of users of different age groups and reasons for leaving broken down by type of disabilities, DC district and age group.

Annex

Yearly number of service places and utilisation rate of day care services for persons with severe disabilities from 2016-17 to 2020-21

		Numb	er of servic	e places [Note	e 1]
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (As at end-December 2020)
Central/Western/ Southern & Islands	5	5	5	5	5
Eastern/Wan Chai	15	15	15	15	15
Kwun Tong	20	25	25	30	35
Wong Tai Sin/ Sai Kung	15	25	30	30	30
Kowloon City/ Yau Tsim Mong	5	10	10	10	10
Sham Shui Po	12	17	17	17	17
Sha Tin	10	15	15	15	15
Tai Po/North	20	30	30	30	30
Yuen Long	15	25	25	25	25
Tsuen Wan/ Kwai Tsing	17	37	37	37	37
Tuen Mun	15	20	20	20	20
Total	149	224	229	234	239
Utilisation rate %	88.8%	81.8%	81.8%	85.1%	29.1% [Note 2]

[Note 1] The number of service places is broken down by district in which service units are set up, and the service targets of some units are not exclusive to persons with disabilities living in those districts.

[Note 2] SWD continues to provide day care services to persons with severe disabilities in need during the COVID-19 epidemic. Some service users choose to reduce their service utilisation to minimise the risk of infection.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)025

(Question Serial No. 1973)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the day care service for persons with disabilities, please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the number of service places, quarterly number of users, number of waitlisted persons, service utilisation rate, number of persons who have left the service, and their reasons for leaving of each day care service unit over the past 5 years (the same service user in the same quarter counted as 1 only);
- 2. the number of users and number of waitlisted persons of each day care service unit for each quarter broken down by type of disabilities (the same service user in the same quarter counted as 1 only);
- 3. the number of users and number of waitlisted persons of each day care service unit broken down by District Council (DC) district (the same service user in the same quarter counted as 1 only).

Asked by: Hon CHAN Hak-kan (LegCo internal reference no.: 93)

Reply:

The day care service for persons with severe disabilities (day care services) are currently attached to 11 care-and-attention homes for severely disabled persons, 14 district support centres for persons with disabilities and 4 community rehabilitation day centres. From 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020), the number of service places for day care services by administrative district of the Social Welfare Department (SWD) and the utilisation rate of each year are set out in the Annex. SWD does not have information on the number of day care services users per quarter, number of persons waitlisted, number of persons who have left service and their reasons for leaving. SWD also does not have information on the number of users and waitlisted persons of each day care service unit, broken down by type of disabilities and DC district.

Yearly number of service places and utilisation rate of day care services for persons with severe disabilities from 2016-17 to 2020-21

		Numbe	er of service	places [Note 1	[]
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (As at end- December 202 0)
Central/Western/ Southern & Islands	5	5	5	5	5
Eastern/Wan Chai	15	15	15	15	15
Kwun Tong	20	25	25	30	35
Wong Tai Sin/ Sai Kung	15	25	30	30	30
Kowloon City/ Yau Tsim Mong	5	10	10	10	10
Sham Shui Po	12	17	17	17	17
Sha Tin	10	15	15	15	15
Tai Po/North	20	30	30	30	30
Yuen Long	15	25	25	25	25
Tsuen Wan/ Kwai Tsing	17	37	37	37	37
Tuen Mun	15	20	20	20	20
Total	149	224	229	234	239
Utilisation rate %	88.8%	81.8%	81.8%	85.1%	29.1% [Note 2]

[Note 1] The number of service places is broken down by district in which service units are set up, and the service targets of some units are not exclusive to persons with disabilities living in those districts.

[Note 2] SWD continues to provide day care services to persons with severe disabilities in need during the COVID-19 epidemic. Some service users choose to reduce their service utilisation to minimise the risk of infection.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)026

(Question Serial No. 3057)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

- 1. Regarding the adoption of case management service (CMS) approach for home care service for persons with severe disabilities (HCS), integrated support service for persons with severe physical disabilities (ISS) and district support centres for persons with disabilities (DSCs), would the Government please inform this Committee of the number of case managers, yearly number of persons served, yearly expenditure, details of the service and evaluation of service effectiveness?
- 2. Regarding DSCs, HCS, ISS and integrated community centres for mental wellness (ICCMWs), please advise:
 - a. the number of places, number of users, headcount of users, average waiting time for the services, the overall annual expenditure and the average expenditure per service user for each service of each unit or district centre in each of the past 5 years; and
 - b. the number of places, number of users and headcount of users broken down by service type over each of the past 5 years.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Hak-kan (LegCo internal reference no.: 94)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. SWD has implemented the CMS for HCS, ISS and DSCs since 2014. Case managers co-ordinate necessary services for service users, covering personal care, rehabilitation training and nursing care services, and make timely referrals so that service users can be provided with appropriate social and medical services. Joining forces with a multi-disciplinary team comprising allied health staff, nurses, social workers, etc., case managers draw up individual care plans with service users and/or their families. They also collaborate with social and medical service units that accept referrals to enable service users and their families to obtain appropriate services. In July 2014, SWD set up a working group on case management, with members comprising academics from universities, and representatives from non-governmental organisations (NGOs), groups for persons with disabilities and the Hong Kong Council of Social Service. The

working group completed the formulation of the Handbook on CMS in March 2016 to give case managers a more lucid understanding of their role and scope of work, and for them to be equipped with the relevant knowledge and skills for the provision of quality CMS. Following consultation with the relevant service operators, the Handbook on CMS came into full implementation in September 2016.

In 2020-21, 3 550, 900 and 1 760 persons with disabilities were expected to receive CMS under HCS, ISS and DSCs respectively. As at the end of December 2020, 4 133, 1 098 and 1 712 persons with disabilities had received the service they needed through CMS, meaning that the number of persons served has surpassed/neared the full-year service target.

Under the Lump Sum Grant Subvention System, service operators have the flexibility to deploy the resources and arrange suitable staffing to meet the requirements as set out in the Funding and Service Agreements. SWD does not have information on the number of case managers in HCS, ISS and DSCs and the yearly expenditure on CMS.

2. In 2020-21, there were 3 550 and 900 places under HCS and ISS respectively. As DSCs and ICCMWs are operated on a membership system, there is no information on the number of places. The number of service users under DSCs, HCS, ISS and ICCMWs by unit/district each year from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) is set out in Table 1 to Table 4 of the Annex. The expenditure on these services is set out in Table 5 of the Annex. SWD does not have information on the waiting time for the services or the average cost per service user.

Table 1: Number of DSC service users from 2016-17 to 2020-21 by district

		Numb	er of servi	ce users (m	embers)
Service unit	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Service unit					(as at end-December
					2020)
Central Western, Southern and	627	676	622	528	491
Islands					
Eastern and Wan Chai	379	305	273	252	233
Kwun Tong	665	752	755	581	760
Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung	912	890	1 045	1 047	993
Kowloon City and Yau Tsim Mong	216	242	238	246	230
Sham Shui Po	476	351	349	317	239
Sha Tin	369	381	362	347	350
Tai Po and North	656	732	559	542	541
Tsuen Wan and Kwai Tsing	782	860	969	1 025	716
Tuen Mun	235	267	273	302	294
Yuen Long	670	692	744	653	864
Total	5 987	6 148	6 189	5 840	5 711

Table 2: Number of HCS users from 2016-17 to 2020-21 by unit

			Number of	service use	ers
Service unit	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Central Western, Southern and Islands, Eastern and Wan Chai	668	809	801	724	622
Sham Shui Po, Kowloon City, Yau Tsim Mong and Tseung Kwan O	788	828	886	832	833
Kwun Tong, Wong Tai Sin	595	649	637	634	678
Sha Tin, Tai Po and North, Sai Kung	742	899	994	947	875
Tsuen Wan, Yuen Long, Tin Shui Wai	587	706	753	708	583
Kwai Chung, Tsing Yi, Tuen Mun	549	616	659	628	542
Total	3 929	4 507	4 730	4 473	4 133

Table 3: Number of ISS users from 2016-17 to 2020-21 by unit

	Number of service users							
Service unit	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)			
Hong Kong Island and Kowloon	500	566	554	529	496			
New Territories	482	582	639	628	602			
Total	982	1 148	1 193	1 157	1 098			

Table 4: Number of ICCMW service users (members) from 2016-17 to 2020-21 by district

		Numl	er of servi	ce users (m	embers)
Service unit	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Central Western, Southern and Islands	2 807	2 950	3 187	3 177	3 003
Eastern and Wan Chai	2 738	2 519	2 903	2 688	2 760
Kwun Tong	2 614	2 725	2 769	2 738	2 801
Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung	3 359	3 358	3 351	3 419	3 779
Kowloon City and Yau Tsim Mong	2 453	2 628	2 618	2 216	2 261
Sham Shui Po	1 203	1 264	1 246	1 214	1 118
Sha Tin	2 227	2 322	2 311	2 223	2 224
Tai Po and North	2 691	2 761	2 624	2 718	2 811
Tsuen Wan and Kwai Tsing	3 044	2 979	3 271	3 353	3 268
Tuen Mun	1 945	2 115	2 066	2 033	1 986
Yuen Long	1 938	2 030	1 966	1 873	1 923
Total	27 019	27 651	28 312	27 652	27 934

Table 5: Expenditure on DSCs, HCS, ISS and ICCMWs from 2016-17 to 2020-21

Service type	2016-17 (Actual) (\$ million)	2017-18 (Actual) (\$ million)	2018-19 (Actual) (\$ million)	2019-20 (Actual) (\$ million)	2020-21 (Revised Estimate) (\$ million)
DSCs	172.3	179.6	200.3	211.5	276.6
HCS	254.1	262.8	287.0	305.3	330.4
ISS	61.9	61.6	64.9	68.8	68.6
ICCMWs	310.0	330.9	381.2	458.0	488.7

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)027

(Question Serial No. 3058)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

1. Please set out the age distribution of users of various services for persons with disabilities with a breakdown by age group of 0 to 18, 18 to 29, 30 to 39, 40 to 49, 50 to 59, 60 to 64, 70 or above.

2. Please set out the waiting situation and the situation of service provision of various community support services, care services and training services for persons with disabilities, including the number of waitlisted persons, the average, the longest and the shortest waiting time, geographical distribution, unit cost and number of service places over the past 5 years.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Hak-kan (LegCo internal reference no.: 95)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The age distribution of users of various services for persons with disabilities is set out in Annex 1.
- The Social Welfare Department (SWD), through non-governmental organisations, 2. provides persons with disabilities and their carers/families with various community support services including integrated support service for persons with severe physical disabilities (ISS), home care service for persons with severe disabilities (HCS), district support centres for persons with disabilities (DSCs), parents/relatives resource centres (PRCs) and community rehabilitation day centres (CRDCs), so as to help persons with disabilities living in the community integrate into society and receive the care services In 2020-21, there were 900 and 3 550 places under ISS and HCS respectively; as for the other services, the number of designated places had not been set. The geographical distribution of the above services is set out in Table 1 to Table 4 of Annex 2. As community support services may admit service users directly or through referral, SWD does not have information on the age distribution of service users and their waiting situation. As the services required by individual service users vary, SWD does not have information on the unit cost per case of the above services. of persons waitlisted, average waiting time, number of service places and average cost per place per month regarding pre-school rehabilitation services broken down by administrative district of SWD are set out in Table 5 to Table 9 of Annex 2. On-site pre-school rehabilitation services (OPRS) has been regularised since October 2018, providing a total of 8 074 service places as at 31 December 2020. OPRS is allocated

on an agency basis and hence distribution of OPRS places.	SWD	does	not	have	informatio	n on	the	geogra	phical

Table 1: Age distribution of users of residential rehabilitation services in 2020-21

(as at 31 December 2020)

	Number of service users								
Type of service	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons	11	345	976	1 009	900	578	109	9	
Hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons	9	151	544	689	782	428	80	-	
Supported hostel	1	68	160	209	225	68	4	-	
Halfway house	9	196	384	412	362	104	2	-	
Long stay care home	-	5	23	128	375	647	305	78	
Hostel for severely physically handicapped persons	-	49	124	187	164	100	20	-	
Care and attention home for severely disabled persons	1	240	219	170	178	166	66	16	
Care and attention home for the aged blind	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	62	106	617	

N.A. - Not applicable

Table 2: Age distribution of users of day rehabilitation services in 2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)

	Number of service users									
Type of service	Aged 15	Aged 20					Aged 70			
	to 19	to 29	to 39	to 49	to 59	to 69	to 79	or above		
Day Activity Centre	45	1 064	1 444	1 210	1 010	648	122	9		
Sheltered Workshop	33	919	1 174	1 119	1 233	683	95	2		
Supported Employment	6	301	641	571	390	123	3	-		
Integrated Vocational	42	1 042	1 354	1 180	1 193	598	78	1		
Rehabilitation Services Centre	42	42 1 042	1 334	1 100	1 193	390	76	1		
On the Job Training Programme										
for People with Disabilities [Note]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Sunnyway - On the Job Training										
Programme for Young People	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
with Disabilities [Note]										
Integrated Vocational Training								·		
Centre (Day) [Note]	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	-		

[Note] These services may admit service users directly or through referral and hence SWD does not have statistics on

the age distribution of service users. Table 3: Age distribution of users of pre-school rehabilitation services in 2020-21

(as at 31 December 2020)

Type of comice	Number of service users					
Type of service	Aged 0 to 2	Aged 3 to 4	Aged 5 to 6			
Early education and training centre (EETC)	687	1 486	1 405			
Special child care centre (SCCC)	60	761	1 281			
Integrated programme in kindergarten-cum- child care centres (IP)	62	822	925			
OPRS	99	3 681	3 744			

Table 4: Age distribution of users of Small Group Homes for Mildly Mentally Handicapped Children [SGHs(MMHC)] in 2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)

Type of complex	Number of service users							
Type of service	Aged 6 to 8	Aged 9 to 11	Aged 12 to 15	Aged 16 or above				
SGH(MMHC) [Note]	8	18	63	36				

SGHs(MMHC) include integrated small group homes.

Table 1: Geographical distribution of HCS and ISS (as at 31 December 2020)

Service distri	ct	Number of HCS service units	Number of ISS service units
Hong Kong	Central/Western/Southern & Islands, Eastern and Wan Chai	1	
Island and Kowloon	Sham Shui Po, Kowloon City, Yau Tsim Mong and Tseung Kwan O	1	1
	Kwun Tong and Wong Tai Sin	1	
N	Sha Tin, Tai Po & North and Sai Kung	1	
New Territories	Tsuen Wan, Yuen Long and Tin Shui Wai	1	1
remories	Kwai Chung, Tsing Yi and Tuen Mun	1	
Total		6	2

Table 2: Geographical distribution of DSCs (as at 31 December 2020)

Service district	Number of service units
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	1
Eastern and Wan Chai	1
Kwun Tong East	1
Kwun Tong West	1
Wong Tai Sin	1
Tseung Kwan O and Sai Kung	1
Kowloon City and Yau Tsim Mong	1
Sham Shui Po	1
Sha Tin	1
Tai Po	1
North	1
Tsuen Wan and Tsing Yi	1
Kwai Chung	1
Tuen Mun	1
Yuen Long	1
Tin Shui Wai	1
Total	16

Table 3: Geographical distribution of subvented PRCs (as at 31 December 2020)

Service district	Number of service units
Central & Western	1
Southern	1
Islands	1
Eastern	1
Wan Chai	1
Kwun Tong	1
Wong Tai Sin	1
Sai Kung	1
Kowloon City	1
Yau Tsim Mong	1
Sham Shui Po	1
Sha Tin	1
Tai Po	1
North	1
Tsuen Wan	1
Kwai Chung and Tsing Yi	1
Tuen Mun	1
Yuen Long	1
Hong Kong as a whole	1
Total	19

Table 4: Geographical distribution of CRDCs (as at 31 December 2020)

Service district	Number of service units
Hong Kong Island	1
Kowloon	1
New Territories East	1
New Territories West	1
Total	4

Table 5: Number of persons waitlisted for pre-school rehabilitation services

	Number of waitlisted persons							
Type of service	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)			
EETC	5 217	5 533	2 867 [Note 3]	1 472 [Note 3]	1 001 [Note 3]			
IP	2 048	1 855	870 [Note 3]	575 [Note 3]	455 [Note 3]			
SCCC	1 790	2 007	1 550 [Note 3]	1 454 [Note 3]	997 [Note 3]			
OPRS [Note 1]	N.A.	N.A.	1 096 [Note 3]	2 276 [Note 3]	1 347 ^[Note 3]			
Occasional child care service (OCCS) [Note 2]	-	-	-	-	-			

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] OPRS was regularised in October 2018.

[Note 2] The service may admit service users directly or through referral and hence SWD does not have statistics on the number of persons waitlisted.

[Note 3] The figure does not include users of pre-school rehabilitation services who are now attending transitional services of EETCs or OPRS, or users who are waiting for a change of service type/choice of centre.

Table 6: Average waiting time for pre-school rehabilitation services

Type of convice		Average waiting time (in months) [Note 1]							
Type of service	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20				
EETC	17.9	16.8	16.2	16.6	11.2				
IP	12.3	13.5	13.1	12.6	7.5				
SCCC	18.8	18.2	19.6	18.4	17.5				
OPRS [Note 2]	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	4.8				
OCCS [Note 3]	-	-	-	-	-				

N.A. - Not applicable

The waiting time is affected by a number of factors including the location preference of service units indicated by the applicants, the choice of specific service units indicated, the turnover rate of the service units selected by the applicants, etc. Moreover, as the average waiting time is compiled on a financial-year basis covering the 1st day of April of a year to the 31st day of March of the next year, the figure for 2020-21 is not yet available.

[Note 2] OPRS was regularised in October 2018.

[Note 3] The service may admit service users directly or through referral and hence SWD does not have statistics on the waiting time.

Table 7a: Number of service places of EETCs

	Number of service places of EETCs						
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		
District					(as at		
					31 December 2020)		
Central/Western/Southern &	205	385	385	448	448		
Islands							
Eastern/Wan Chai	401	401	401	401	401		
Kwun Tong	262	262	328	390	390		
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	416	416	416	416	416		
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	231	231	231	231	231		
Sham Shui Po	274	274	274	400	400		
Sha Tin	291	291	291	291	291		
Tai Po/North	237	387	387	387	387		
Yuen Long	172	172	172	172	172		
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	406	406	406	406	406		
Tuen Mun	229	229	229	229	229		
Total	3 124	3 454	3 520	3 771	3 771		

Table 7b: Number of service places of IP

	Number of service places of IP						
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		
District					(as at		
					31 December 2020)		
Central/Western/Southern &	132	132	132	132	132		
Islands							
Eastern/Wan Chai	186	186	186	186	186		
Kwun Tong	228	228	228	228	228		
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	240	240	240	240	240		
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	210	210	210	210	210		
Sham Shui Po	108	108	108	108	108		
Sha Tin	168	168	168	168	168		
Tai Po/North	168	168	168	168	168		
Yuen Long	186	186	186	186	186		
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	198	198	198	198	198		
Tuen Mun	156	156	156	156	156		
Total	1 980	1 980	1 980	1 980	1 980		

Table 7c: Number of service places of SCCCs

	Number of service places of SCCCs						
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)		
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	199	199	253	253	313		
Eastern/Wan Chai	216	216	216	216	216		
Kwun Tong	66	66	66	126	186		
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	333	333	333	333	333		
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	30	30	30	30	30		
Sham Shui Po	205	205	205	205	235		
Sha Tin	138	138	138	138	138		
Tai Po/North	227	227	299	299	299		
Yuen Long	108	108	108	108	108		
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	168	168	168	168	168		
Tuen Mun	144	144	144	144	144		
Total	1 834	1 834	1 960	2 020	2 170		

Table 7d: Number of places of OCCS for disabled children

	Number of places of OCCS for disabled children						
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		
District					(as at		
					31 December 2020)		
Central/Western/Southern &	4	4	4	4	6		
Islands							
Eastern/Wan Chai	8	8	8	8	8		
Kwun Tong	6	6	8	8	10		
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	13	13	13	13	12		
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	2	2	2	2	2		
Sham Shui Po	10	10	10	10	13		
Sha Tin	12	12	11	11	10		
Tai Po/North	13	15	15	15	15		
Yuen Long	10	10	10	10	10		
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	6	6	6	6	6		
Tuen Mun	10	10	10	10	10		
Total	94	96	97	97	102		

Table 8a: Number of persons waitlisted for EETCs

	Number of persons waitlisted for EETCs						
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		
District					(as at		
					31 December 2020)		
Central/Western/Southern &	468	344	216	116	59		
Islands							
Eastern/Wan Chai	494	526	259	121	98		
Kwun Tong	518	646	356	148	74		
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	681	748	381	162	119		
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	535	584	336	203	108		
Sham Shui Po	309	303	174	107	50		
Sha Tin	614	664	298	171	144		
Tai Po/North	425	387	180	106	79		
Yuen Long	329	406	246	144	116		
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	597	584	251	129	75		
Tuen Mun	247	341	170	65	79		
Total	5 217	5 533	2 867 [Note]	1 472 [Note]	1 001 [Note]		

[Note]

The figure does not include users of pre-school rehabilitation services who are waiting for a change of service type/choice of centre.

Table 8b: Number of persons waitlisted for IP

	Number of persons waitlisted for IP						
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)		
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	119	105	43	27	11		
Eastern/Wan Chai	132	121	55	50	37		
Kwun Tong	179	166	87	69	69		
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	229	172	91	54	36		
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	200	160	108	82	50		
Sham Shui Po	129	139	67	66	43		
Sha Tin	248	231	98	54	39		
Tai Po/North	285	244	97	68	47		
Yuen Long	237	199	91	47	56		
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	181	201	75	40	32		
Tuen Mun	109	117	58	18	35		
Total	2 048	1 855	870 [Note]	575 [Note]	455 [Note]		

[Note]

The figure does not include users of pre-school rehabilitation services who are now attending transitional services of EETCs, or users who are waiting for a change of service type/choice of centre.

Table 8c: Number of persons waitlisted for SCCCs

	Number of persons waitlisted for SCCCs				
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	127	138	82	133	61
Eastern/Wan Chai	140	137	108	111	87
Kwun Tong	197	201	143	137	80
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	223	295	219	173	125
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	168	190	159	138	102
Sham Shui Po	115	142	91	79	68
Sha Tin	189	252	172	136	94
Tai Po/North	153	150	117	110	73
Yuen Long	149	170	174	188	136
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	234	236	190	156	99
Tuen Mun	95	96	95	93	72
Total	1 790	2 007	1 550 [Note]	1 454 [Note]	997 [Note]

[Note] The figure does not include users of pre-school rehabilitation services who are now attending transitional services of EETCs or OPRS, or users who are waiting for a change of service type/choice of centre.

Table 8d: Number of persons waitlisted for OPRS $^{[Note\ 1]}$

	Number of persons waitlisted for OPRS			
District	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)	
Central/Western/Southern &	90	175	78	
Islands				
Eastern/Wan Chai	106	171	92	
Kwun Tong	122	256	151	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	159	285	142	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	107	227	110	
Sham Shui Po	58	138	83	
Sha Tin	88	286	148	
Tai Po/North	118	201	125	
Yuen Long	75	187	175	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	107	184	138	
Tuen Mun	66	166	105	
Total	1 096 [Note 2]	2 276 [Note 2]	1 347 [Note 2]	

[[]Note 1] OPRS was regularised in October 2018.

[Note 2] The figure does not include users of pre-school rehabilitation services who are now attending transitional services of EETCs, or users who are waiting for a change of service type/choice of centre.

Table 9: Cost per place per month of pre-school rehabilitation services

	Cost per place per month				
Type of service	2016-17 (Actual) (\$)	2017-18 (Actual) (\$)	2018-19 (Actual) (\$)	2019-20 (Actual) (\$)	2020-21 (Revised Estimate) (\$)
Pre-school rehabilitation services	8,298	8,893	8,811	9,544	10,637

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)028

(Question Serial No. 0952)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

At present, the waiting time for admission to subsidised residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) is long and often spans years, causing enormous pressure on elderly persons and their carers. Please advise:

- 1. the number of elderly persons who are waiting for admission to subsidised RCHEs and their average waiting time; whether new measures are put in place to shorten their waiting time; if yes, the details and timetable; if no, the reasons for that;
- 2. the total number of cases received following the implementation of a scheme by the Government in 2003 to encourage provision of RCHE premises in private developments and allow eligible RCHE premises to be exempted from payment of premium; the total number of successful cases so far and the reasons for unsuccessful applications; whether the Government will consider streamlining the current procedures or extending the current co-development approach between the Government and social welfare organisations to private RCHEs, so that more interested parties in the sector can enter the market; if yes, the details and timetable; if no, the reasons for that; and
- 3. with the advancement of technology nowadays, whether the Government will, having regard to the current needs, consider relaxing the restriction that a RCHE shall not be situated at a height more than 24 metres above the ground floor, so that the sector can use the floor area more flexibly, for instance, building laundries, kitchens or storage rooms on higher floors to free up more lower floor space to accommodate more elderly persons; if yes, the details and timetable; if no, the reasons for that.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Han-pan (LegCo internal reference no.: 44)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. As at the end of December 2020, the waiting time and number of people waitlisted for subsidised care and attention (C&A) places and nursing home (NH) places are as follows:

Service type		No. of people
	(Average of the previous 3 months) [Note 1]	waitlisted
C&A places	21	31 426 [Note 2]
NH places [Note 3]	26	6 099 [Note 4]

It is the average number of months taken (from the waitlist date to the admission date) for normal cases to be admitted to subsidised RCHEs in the past 3 months. Cases accorded priority in allocation of places, cases with inactive history admitted in the past 3 months, and cases transferred from homes for the aged places to the converted C&A places providing a continuum of care in the same RCHE have been excluded in the calculation because their waiting time may be extraordinarily long or short in comparison with that of normal cases.

[Note 2] The figure includes the elderly persons using subsidised community care services (CCS) while waiting for subsidised C&A places, but does not include the elderly persons classified as "inactive" cases on the Central Waiting List (CWL).

[Note 3] The figure includes the elderly persons using subsidised CCS while waiting for subsidised NH places, but does not include the elderly persons classified as "inactive" cases on the CWL.

The Government will continue to take a multi-pronged approach to increase elderly service places through long, medium and short-term strategies. Regarding long-term strategy, the Government has reinstated the population-based planning ratios in the Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines in respect of elderly facilities in late 2018, specifying a ratio of 21.3 subsidised RCHEs places to every 1 000 elderly persons aged 65 or above, so as to set a clear service provision target for future planning As for medium-term strategy, the Government is implementing 66 development projects, with about 8 800 residential care places for the elderly (including subsidised and non-subsidised places) and about 2 800 day care service places for the elderly expected to come on stream in the coming few years. Besides, according to the 2020 Policy Address, the Government has invited the Hong Kong Housing Authority and the Hong Kong Housing Society to explore setting aside about 5% of the gross floor area in suitable public housing projects in the future for the provision of social welfare facilities, which include the much-needed RCHEs, on the premise that the original flat production and development scale of ancillary facilities will not be affected. In respect of shortterm strategy, the Pilot Scheme on Residential Care Service Voucher (RCSV) for the Elderly has been implemented since March 2017. A maximum of 3 000 RCSVs will be issued, offering elderly persons in need of residential care service an additional choice. In addition, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) will purchase an additional 5 000 EA1 places under the EBPS within 5 years starting from 2019-20 to increase the supply of subsidised residential care places for the elderly and enhance the overall service quality of private RCHEs.

Apart from the aforesaid measures, the Labour and Welfare Bureau will continue to implement the Special Scheme on Privately Owned Sites for Welfare Uses (Special Sites Scheme) with a view to encouraging non-governmental organisations to better utilise their own sites through expansion, redevelopment or new development to provide diversified subvented and self-financing services. According to the latest proposals from applicant organisations in Phase 1 of the Special Sites Scheme, it is anticipated that an additional of about 7 500 residential care places (including subsidised and non-subsidised places) will be provided, subject to the smooth implementation of all the proposed projects relating to elderly services. To further increase welfare facilities in keen demand, including elderly services, the Government launched a new phase of the Special Sites Scheme in April 2019. SWD is discussing with applicant organisations to finalise the details of the proposals such as service type, number of places, development parameters, project cost, etc. with a view to implementing the projects as soon as possible.

2. The Government launched a scheme in July 2003 to encourage provision of RCHE premises in new private developments (the Scheme). Eligible RCHE premises under the Scheme would be exempted from payment of premium under different types of land transactions, including lease modification, land exchange and private treaty grant, if the developers accept incorporation of certain lease conditions to ensure the provision of RCHE premises. The premium exemption for the relevant development projects will only be granted with the support of relevant departments (including SWD). The developers will have to bear the construction cost of the RCHE premises which, once built, will become the properties of the developers. The Government will allow the developers to lease, sell or operate the premises themselves or through agencies as long as the premises remain as RCHEs. The developers/operators are free to set their own fees having regard to the market trend.

Since the implementation of the Scheme, 1 project in Tuen Mun has received premium exemption. Construction and furnishing of the RCHE premises have been completed, while the application for RCHE licence is in progress. SWD has also received other preliminary proposals submitted under the Scheme by interested developers/applicants referred by the Lands Department or the Planning Department. Whether the projects can be realised is subject to other considerations and factors affecting the land transaction of individual developers/applicants.

3. The RCHEs are regulated under the Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons) Regulation (the Regulation). According to section 20(1) of the Regulation, subject to section 20(2), no part of an RCHE shall be situated at a height more than 24 metres above the ground floor. This requirement is a safety consideration for elderly residents, as many of them are wheelchair-bound or even bed-ridden. In the event of fire or other emergencies, they need extensive assistance to evacuate. The difficulty of fire personnel and other rescue teams in evacuating a large number of frail elderly persons with mobility problems to the ground floor cannot be neglected. Therefore, stipulating a height restriction for RCHEs helps to protect the safety of elderly residents in the event of fire or other emergencies as well as effectively shortening the time for fire personnel to rescue or evacuate residents.

Currently, under section 20(2) of the Regulation, the Director of Social Welfare may, by notice in writing served on an operator, authorise that any part of such RCHE may be situated at a height more than 24 metres above the ground floor as may be indicated in the notice. As the height restriction for RCHEs involves safety considerations, whether to relax the relevant regulations requires a careful study.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)029

(Question Serial No. 1248)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

It is stated in the Programme that the Social Welfare Department (SWD) would re-engineer in phases existing Mutual Help Child Care Centres (MHCCCs), and consider converting them to provide after-school care service for pre-school children so as to further meet child care needs in the community. In this connection, please inform this Committee of:

- a) the list of MHCCCs expected to undergo re-engineering in the coming year and the number of families that would be affected;
- b) how the impact on society will be reduced during re-engineering; and
- c) the detailed schedule of re-engineering all MHCCCs, and the new service areas to be provided after re-engineering.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Kin-por (LegCo internal reference no.: 10)

Reply:

At present, there are a total of 19 MHCCCs run by non-governmental organisations on a fee- charging and self-financing basis throughout the territory, providing a flexible form of child care service for children under 3 (children under 6 may also use the service if needed). In response to the low utilisation rate of MHCCCs in recent years and to optimise the use of resources, SWD originally planned to re-engineer in phases the 19 MHCCCs across the territory from 2019-20 onwards to provide after-school care service for pre-primary children, and increase the social workers and supporting staff so as to better meet the child care needs in the community.

SWD has discussed with MHCCC operators on their intention to participate in service re-engineering at different stages, and obtained their views on the implementation details. In view of the latest situation of COVID-19, the first phase of re-engineering work originally scheduled for January to March 2020 will be tentatively deferred to 2021-22. The specific commencement date and the list of MHCCCs expected to undergo re-engineering in 2021-22 will be subject to the epidemic situation.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY LWB(WW)030

(Question Serial No. 2694)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please advise on the following in the coming 5 years, with a breakdown by the 18 District Council (DC) districts:

- 1. the estimated number of additional places for various types of residential care services for the elderly, broken down by year of service commencement; and
- 2. the estimated number of additional places for various types of day care and community care services for the elderly (including residential and day respite services), broken down by year of service commencement.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 67)

Reply:

The Government will continue to take a multi-pronged approach to increase elderly service places, and is implementing 66 development projects, with about 8 800 residential care places for the elderly (including subsidised and non-subsidised places) and about 2 800 subsidised day care service places for the elderly expected to come on stream in the coming few years. The Government will continue to implement the Special Scheme on Privately Owned Sites for Welfare Uses (Special Sites Scheme) with a view to encouraging non-governmental organisations to better utilise their own sites through expansion, redevelopment or new development to provide welfare facilities in keen demand. According to the latest proposals from applicant organisations in Phase 1 of the Special Sites Scheme, subject to the smooth implementation of all the proposed projects relating to elderly services, a total of about 7 500 residential care places (including subsidised and non-subsidised places) and about 1 500 day care service places are expected to be provided. The Government has also secured \$20 billion funding approval from the Finance Committee of the Legislative Council to purchase premises from the private market for provision of welfare facilities in 2020-21. Facilities proposed to be accommodated in the premises to be purchased include 15 day care centres for the elderly, providing a total of 900 day care service places for the elderly.

Besides, the Pilot Scheme on Residential Care Service Voucher (RCSV) for the Elderly has been implemented since March 2017 to issue a maximum of 3 000 RCSVs, offering elderly persons in need of residential care service with an additional choice. The Government will also purchase an additional 5 000 EA1 places under the Enhanced Bought Place Scheme

within 5 years starting from 2019-20 to increase the supply of subsidised residential care places for the elderly and enhance the overall service quality of private residential care homes for the elderly.

Regarding community care services for the elderly, the Government will provide an additional 3 000 service places in total under integrated home care services (frail cases) in 2 phases. Among them, 1 500 additional service places have been provided since October 2020, and the Government will provide the remaining 1 500 service places in April 2021.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)031

(Question Serial No. 2695)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher (CCSV) for the Elderly (CCSV Pilot Scheme), the Pilot Scheme on Home Care and Support for Elderly Persons with Mild Impairment (Mild Impairment Pilot Scheme) and the Pilot Scheme on Residential Care Service Voucher (RCSV) for the Elderly (RCSV Pilot Scheme), please advise on the following:

- 1. the number of recognised service providers (RSPs), the number of places, the number of persons currently using the vouchers, the number of persons having left and the expenditure involved since the introduction of the aforesaid pilot schemes;
- 2. the average time taken for the elderly to receive the services, counting from the time they applied for the 3 pilot schemes;
- 3. the average time taken for the elderly to receive the services, counting from the time they got the vouchers for the 3 pilot schemes;
- 4. a breakdown of the cumulative number of elderly persons having left the 3 pilot schemes by reason of leaving; and
- 5. a breakdown of the cumulative number of voucher holders in the 3 pilot schemes by copayment level.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 69)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The first phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme was implemented from September 2013 to August 2017. As at the end of August 2017, there were 62 RSPs providing 998 day care service places in total, and there were 1 053 CCSV users and 1 914 persons having left the pilot scheme cumulatively. The total amount of subsidies involved was about \$175.8 million. The second phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme was implemented from October 2016 to September 2020. As at the end of September 2020, there were 179 RSPs in total providing 3 250 day care service places and 7 123 home care service places, and there were 4 379 CCSV users and 5 995 persons having left the pilot scheme cumulatively. The subsidy

amount involved in the pilot scheme was about \$695.6 million in total. The third phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme commenced in October 2020. As at the end of December 2020, there were 227 RSPs in total providing 3 804 day care service places and 10 542 home care service places, and there were 4 475 CCSV users and 519 persons having left the pilot scheme cumulatively. The 2020-21 Revised Estimate is about \$46 million.

The RCSV Pilot Scheme has been implemented since March 2017. As at the end of December 2020, there were 1 847 current RCSV users, a cumulative total of 2 463 RCSV users and 894 persons having left the pilot scheme, and 137 RSPs in total. Where situation permits, RSPs must provide residential places to any RCSV holder wishing to be admitted. The 2020-21 Revised Estimate is about \$381 million.

The Mild Impairment Pilot Scheme was launched in December 2017. Under the Mild Impairment Pilot Scheme, services are provided by 55 integrated home care services teams under 24 non-governmental organisations. Upon its completion in November 2020, the Mild Impairment Pilot Scheme has been extended for 25 months to the end of 2022, providing 4 000 service places. As at the end of December 2020, there were a cumulative total of 3 496 persons having received services and granted subsidies, and the total amount granted was about \$106.9 million.

- 2. & 3. The statistics captured for the CCSV Pilot Scheme and the Mild Impairment Pilot Scheme do not include the time taken for the elderly persons to receive services and their waiting time for the services. Therefore, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the information sought.
 - As at the end of December 2020, it took the elderly RCSV users an average of about 2.4 months, counting from SWD's receipt of their applications, to receive the services. Meanwhile, cumulatively it took the elderly RCSV users an average of about 18 days, counting from their receipt of RCSVs, to receive the services.
- 4. The cumulative number of elderly persons having left the CCSV Pilot Scheme, the RCSV Pilot Scheme and the Mild Impairment Pilot Scheme by reason for leaving is set out in Tables 1 to 5 of the Annex.
- 5. The number of participants in the CCSV Pilot Scheme, RCSV Pilot Scheme and the Mild Impairment Pilot Scheme by co-payment level is set out in Tables 6 to 10 of the Annex.

Table 1: Cumulative number of elderly persons having left the first phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme by reason for leaving

Reason for leaving the pilot scheme	No. of persons
Natural turnover	
Will be/have been allocated with subsidised community care services or subsidised/private residential care services	845
Deceased	298
Taken care of by family members or domestic helpers	264
Others (e.g. hospitalised, out of town)	106
Service-related	
No suitable service providers/service packages	401
Total	1 914

Table 2: Cumulative number of elderly persons having left the second phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme by reason for leaving

Reason for leaving the pilot scheme	No. of persons
Natural turnover	
Will be/have been allocated with subsidised community care services or subsidised/private residential care services	2 739
Deceased	1 808
Taken care of by family members or domestic helpers	680
Others (e.g. hospitalised, out of town)	473
Service-related	
No suitable service providers/service packages	295
Total	5 995

Table 3: Cumulative number of elderly persons having left the third phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme by reason for leaving (as at end-December 2020)

Reason for leaving the pilot scheme	No. of persons
Natural turnover	
Will be/have been allocated with subsidised community care services or subsidised/private residential care services	272
Deceased	195
Taken care of by family members or domestic helpers	21
Others (e.g. hospitalised, out of town)	31
Service-related	
No suitable service providers/service packages	-
Total	519

Table 4: Cumulative number of RCSV holders having left the RCSV Pilot Scheme by reason for leaving (as at end-December 2020)

Reason for leaving the pilot scheme	No. of persons
Elderly persons having no immediate need for residential care services	27
Taken care of by family members or domestic helpers, etc. or community care services	148
Deceased	526
The preferred RSP was full/no suitable RSPs	92
Chose to wait for subsidised residential care places	43
Refused to accept the co-payment arrangement	27
Others (e.g. long-term hospitalisation, out of town, chose not to leave the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance Scheme and could not adapt to institutional life, etc.)	31
Total	894

Table 5: Cumulative number of elderly persons having left the Mild Impairment Pilot Scheme by reason for termination of services (as at end-December 2020)

Reason for termination of services	Deceased	Admitted to residential care services	Admitted to subsidised community care services	Withdrawn from the services ^[Note]	Total
No. of persons	219	163	166	523	1 071

[Note]

The main reasons for withdrawal include elderly persons having to receive hospitalised treatment or experiencing changes in family support (e.g. elderly persons being taken care of by family members or domestic helpers.)

Table 6: Distribution of CCSV holders in the first phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme by co-payment level

Co-payment level [Note]	No. of persons
I	2 031
II	312
III	299
IV	53
V	273
Total	2 968

[Note]

The amounts of co-payment payable by CCSV holders in the first phase of the pilot scheme are set according to affordability at 5 levels, namely (I) to (V), being $$500 ext{ (I)}$, $$750 ext{ (II)}$, $$1,000 ext{ (III)}$, $$1,500 ext{ (IV)}$ and $$2,500 ext{ (V)}$. (The number of persons includes elderly persons who had used CCSVs, those who had left the pilot scheme and those who held but had not yet used CCSVs.)

Table 7: Cumulative number of CCSV holders in the second phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme by co-payment level

Co-payment level [Note]	No. of persons
I	2 081
II	5 745
III	1 156
IV	1 173
V	208
VI	1 791
Total	12 154

[Note]

The amounts of co-payment payable by CCSV holders in the second phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme are set according to affordability at 6 levels, namely (I) to (VI) (i.e. 5% (I), 8% (II), 12% (III), 16% (IV), 25% (V) and 40% (VI) of the CCSV value). CCSV holders shall settle their service fees in accordance with the voucher value of the CCSV they used and their corresponding co-payment percentages. The 5 types of CCSV values are set at \$4,130, \$5,970, \$7,460, \$8,380, \$9,870 per month in 2020-21. (The number of persons includes elderly persons who had used CCSVs, those who had left the pilot scheme and those who held but had not yet used CCSVs.)

Table 8: Cumulative number of CCSV holders in the third phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme by co-payment level (as at end-December 2020)

Co-payment level [Note]	No. of persons
I	1 135
II	3 640
III	706
IV	733
V	134
VI	990
Total	7 338

[Note]

The amounts of co-payment payable by CCSV holders in the third phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme are set according to affordability at 6 levels, namely (I) to (VI) (i.e. 5% (I), 8% (II), 12% (III), 16% (IV), 25% (V) and 40% (VI) of the CCSV value). CCSV holders shall settle their service fees in accordance with the voucher value of the CCSV they used and their corresponding co-payment percentages. The CCSV values with effect from 1 October 2020 range from \$4,130 to \$9,870 per month. (The number of persons includes elderly persons who had used CCSVs, those who had left the pilot scheme and those who held but had not yet used CCSVs.)

Table 9: Distribution of RCSV holders by co-payment level (as at end-December 2020)

Level [Note]	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Co-payment percentages	0.0%	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%	62.5%	75%
Cumulative no. of RCSV holders	2 498	301	8	7	3	1	-	67

[Note]

The face value of a voucher is \$15,755 per month starting from 1 November 2020. Under the RCSV Pilot Scheme, there are 8 co-payment levels in total, level 0 being the lowest and level 7 being the highest. The Government will fully subsidise RCSV holders classified under co-payment level 0. RCSV holders under co-payment levels 1 to 7 have to pay service fees according to the co-payment percentages. (The above number of holders includes elderly persons who had used RCSVs, those who had left the pilot scheme and those who held but had not yet used RCSVs.)

Table 10: Distribution of participants in the Mild Impairment Pilot Scheme by co-payment level (as at end-December 2020)

Co-payment level [Note]	No. of persons
I	1 451
II	1 663
III	187
IV	172
V	23
Total	3 496

[Note]

The 5 co-payment percentages for meal services are set at 20%, 30%, 35%, 40% and 45%, whereas the 5 co-payment percentages for home services are set at 0%, 9%, 15%, 21% and 27%.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)032

(Question Serial No. 2696)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please provide the following information for the past 3 years:

- 1) the number of participants of the Navigation Scheme for Young Persons in Care Services (Navigation Scheme);
- 2) the number of persons having completed the Navigation Scheme; the number of dropouts and their reasons; and
- 3) the per capita cost for the Navigation Scheme;

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 70)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- The Social Welfare Department (SWD) launched the Navigation Scheme in July 2015, providing a total of 1 000 training places in phases starting from 2015-16, to encourage young people to join the elderly and rehabilitation care services. A total of 1 158 trainees were recruited under the Navigation Scheme. As at the end of December 2020, 529 of them graduated, while 91 trainees are still under the Navigation Scheme. 538 trainees have left the Navigation Scheme mainly for reasons such as pursuing further studies, finding the job nature not suitable, having secured another job or personal reasons. SWD has continued to provide a total of 1 200 training places within 5 years since 2020-21, and implemented enhancement measures. The enhanced Navigation Scheme has recruited a total of about 400 trainees so far.
- Given that trainees participated in the Navigation Scheme at different time intervals, that the actual number of trainees admitted to various operating agencies each year may vary, and that operating agencies will arrange for suitable staffing with flexibility, information on the per capita cost for the Navigation Scheme is not available.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)033

(Question Serial No. 2697)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

(7) Young People

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Many grassroots families are unable to attend to all their school children with needs due to mental stress during the epidemic. What additional manpower would the Government provide in support during the period?

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 71)

Reply:

While minimising the risk of spreading COVID-19 in the community, the Government is concerned about the welfare needs of different people in the community. All aided child care centres (CCCs) (including special CCCs) and After School Care Programme centres under the Social Welfare Department (SWD) will remain open during service suspension to serve parents who have difficulty in taking care of their children so as to relieve their burden during the epidemic. The 67 Integrated Family Service Centres/Integrated Service Centres (Centres) across the territory continue to provide services for the public, including telephone contact with service users by social workers of the Centres proactively to offer counselling and to ensure that their welfare needs are properly addressed. SWD has also launched the "2020 Psycho education information Hub for Combatting COVID-19" timely on its website, which includes information on children's suspension of classes to help parents adjust their emotions and proactively combat the epidemic with their children. Furthermore, SWD's Clinical Psychological Service Branch also continues to provide psychological assessment For any person in urgent need, he/she can seek help by and treatment for the public. contacting the Centres or calling SWD's hotline.

To enhance teenagers' mental health and stress resilience, SWD has implemented the measure of "two school social workers for each school" in more than 460 secondary schools across the territory since the 2019/20 school year with enhanced supervisory support provided concomitantly for handling complicated cases. Through casework, groups and programmes, secondary school social workers help needy students solve their academic, social and/or emotional problems, including pressure faced under the epidemic. During suspension of face-to-face classes for schools due to COVID-19 as required, school social workers still continue to maintain close liaison with students and school personnel. Apart from

maintaining contacts with students through telephone calls and online means, school social workers provide timely counselling to students through interviews or visits in case of need or in urgent situation.

For early identification of and to provide assistance to pre-primary children and their families with welfare needs, the Government has provided social work services in phases for about 150 000 pre-primary children and their families in more than 700 subsidised/aided Pre-primary Institutions (PPIs) (including aided CCCs, kindergartens (KGs) and KG-cum-CCCs) across the territory. Phases 1, 2 and 3 of the pilot scheme commenced operation in February 2019, August 2019 and August 2020 respectively. During the epidemic, despite suspension of face-to-face classes for KGs due to COVID-19 as required, PPIs remain open to serve the children in need so as to reduce the pressure on parents who take care of their children amid the fight against the epidemic. Separately, the social work teams maintain contacts with pre-primary children and their families through telephone calls and online means to provide support for them, and the teams also provide assistance to the children in need and their families through interviews or visits in case of need or in urgent situation.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)034

(Question Serial No. 2698)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please advise this Committee in table form for the past 3 years:

- 1) the number of abuse cases involving elderly, youth, children, women and spouse/cohabitant battering;
- 2) among these cases, how many were referred by teachers, police, medical staff, relatives or others (please provide a breakdown);
- 3) the distribution of age, the types of abuse, the usual place of occurrence and the duration of continued abuse of respective cases;
- 4) in general, the relationship between the perpetrator and the abused known to the Social Welfare Department (SWD);
- 5) what support services does the Government have in place to support the abused and their families?
- 6) what is the average waiting time for an abuse case to receive support services after getting in contact with SWD? What is the per capita cost?

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 72)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

SWD collects information on spouse/cohabitant battering cases, sexual violence cases, newly registered child protection cases and elder abuse cases reported by various parties through its Central Information System on Spouse/Cohabitant Battering Cases and Sexual Violence Cases, Child Protection Registry, Central Information System on Elder Abuse Cases and Family and Child Protective Services Units (FCPSUs). The number of newly reported cases involving spouse/cohabitant battering, child protection (including cases with children under high risk/maltreatment) and elder abuse over the past 3 years by age and gender, and a breakdown of cases by reporting/referring agency are tabulated in the Annex. SWD does not have information on the duration of continued abuse in respective cases.

In addition, a breakdown of the case type, residential district of the victim/usual place of occurrence and perpetrator's relationship with the victim has been uploaded on SWD's webpage (address as below):

Support for Victims of Child Abuse, Spouse/Cohabitant Battering and Sexual Violence

https://www.swd.gov.hk/vs/index_e.html

Statistics on Elder Abuse Cases

https://www.swd.gov.hk/en/index/site_pubsvc/page_elderly/sub_csselderly/id_se rabuseelder/

5) & 6) To ensure the safety of the victims and their families and provide timely support for them, in particular the victims, when a social worker or relevant personnel receive or identify a case of domestic violence, child maltreatment or spouse/cohabitant battering or elder abuse, he/she will conduct assessment on the risk of further harm to the related victim and whether the victim needs emergency services such as medical check in accordance with the information initially collected. If the victim and his/her family member(s) are considered to be at high risk of further violence, the social worker will take immediate action (subject to the victim's consent as appropriate) to provide shelter, temporary accommodation or residential service, emotional support/counselling, clinical psychological service and financial assistance, etc. In case of need, the social worker will assist the victim to seek legal protection including application for an injunction order under the Domestic and Cohabitation Relationships Violence Ordinance or application for a Care or Protection Order under the Protection of Children and Juveniles Ordinance to protect the children concerned. For suspected cases of criminal offence, the relevant personnel will report the case to the Police.

> Besides, SWD's Integrated Family Service Centres/Integrated Services Centres, FCPSUs, District Elderly Community Centres, Neighbourhood Elderly Centres, Support Teams for the Elderly, Clinical Psychology Units, Family Support Networking Teams, Refuge Centres for Women, the Family Crisis Support Centre, the Multi-purpose Crisis Intervention and Support Centre, residential child care services and child care centres, etc. provide a wide range of preventive, supportive and specialised services to support victims of domestic violence, child maltreatment, spouse/cohabitant battering and elder abuse cases, including children who have witnessed or been exposed to domestic violence, perpetrators Furthermore, SWD has funded the Victim Support and families in need. Programme for Victims of Family Violence to provide victims of domestic violence with information on the legal proceedings and community support services (such as legal aid services, accommodation, medical treatment and child care support, etc.). The victim will also be provided with emotional support and, if needed, accompanied to court to go through the legal proceedings.

> Victims of domestic violence, child maltreatment, spouse/cohabitant battering or elder abuse cases do not have to wait to receive these emergency support services. SWD does not have information on the per capita cost.

Table 1: Newly reported spouse/cohabitant battering cases [Note 1]

(1) Age and gender of victim

A go		2018			2019			2020	
Age	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
above 16 to 18	_	16	16	_	5	5	_	11	11
above 18 to 20	5	22	27	-	21	21	2	23	25
above 20 to 25	22	117	139	10	124	134	11	98	109
above 25 to 30	31	280	311	26	266	292	28	277	305
above 30 to 35	52	445	497	50	442	492	31	384	415
above 35 to 40	90	439	529	65	467	532	41	422	463
above 40 to 45	70	392	462	62	409	471	48	338	386
above 45 to 50	73	267	340	60	275	335	49	238	287
above 50 to 55	59	147	206	50	167	217	31	148	179
above 55 to 59	48	77	125	34	90	124	29	99	128
above 60 to 64	38	82	120	31	90	121	38	73	111
above 64 to 69	30	56	86	25	54	79	35	41	76
above 69 to 74	9	19	28	20	22	42	18	33	51
above 74 to 79	11	16	27	8	17	25	13	13	26
above 79 to 84	4	9	13	12	10	22	9	6	15
85 or above	8	3	11	7	1	8	9	5	14
Total	550	2 387	2 937	460	2 460	2 920	392	2 209	2 601

(2) Type of reporting agency [Note 2]

Reporting agency	2018	2019	2020
SWD	1 354	1 408	1 184
Non-governmental organisations (NGOs)	175	300	303
Hospital Authority	86	90	92
Legal Aid Department	1	-	-
Hong Kong Police Force	1 321	1 122	1 022
Department of Health	-	-	-
Total	2 937	2 920	2 601

The figures on newly reported spouse/cohabitant battering cases in Table 1 come from the Central Information System on Spouse/Cohabitant Battering Cases and Sexual Violence Cases. If the victim is aged 60 or above, the case is also registered in the Central Information System on Elder Abuse Cases. As such, the number of cases on victims aged 60 or above in Table 1 is also reflected in the figures in Table 3.

[Note 2] If more than 1 agency reports the same case, the first agency which provides the data will be recorded as reporting agency.

Table 2: Child protection cases

(1) Age of newly registered children under high risk and maltreatment in the Child Protection Registry

Age	2018	2019	2020
0 to 2	185	170	173
3 to 5	99	98	96
6 to 8	177	180	143
9 to 11	227	181	138
12 to 14	237	239	245
15 to 17	139	138	145
	Total 1 064	1 006	940

(2) Number of child protection cases newly received by FCPSUs with a breakdown by source of referral

Source of referral	2018	2019	2020
Medical professionals and medical social workers	192	161	217
Schools (including teachers and school social workers)	180	165	147
Police	152	104	113
Social service units (including other service units under SWD, IFSCs and NGOs, etc.)	430	429	387
Members of the public/media/SWD hotlines	1	-	4
Courts/other government departments	7	2	6
Self-approach	13	8	12
Others	-	3	2
Total [Note 3]	975	872	888

As each case may involve more than 1 child under high risk/maltreatment, the number of child protection cases newly received by FCPSUs does not tally with the total number of newly registered children under high risk/maltreatment in the Child Protection Registry of the year.

Table 3: Elder Abuse Cases [Note 4]

(1) Age and gender of victim

Ago	2018		2019			2020			
Age	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
60 to 64	59	123	182	46	128	174	55	104	159
65 to 69	57	86	143	44	85	129	51	59	110
70 to 74	24	35	59	29	37	66	28	49	77
75 to 79	19	26	45	15	25	40	24	23	47
80 to 84	12	16	28	17	27	44	19	22	41
85 or above	18	21	39	15	20	35	15	20	35
Total	189	307	496	166	322	488	192	277	469

(2) Type of reporting agency

Reporting agency	2018	2019	2020
SWD	153	174	161
NGOs	30	40	58
Hospital Authority	16	14	24
Department of Health	-	-	-
Hong Kong Police Force	297	260	226
Housing Department	-	-	-
Tota	1 496	488	469

[Note 4] The figures on elder abuse cases in Table 3 come from the Central Information System on Elder Abuse Cases. If the perpetrator's relationship with the victim is spouse/intimate partner, the case is also registered in the Central Information System on Spouse/Cohabitant Battering Cases and Sexual Violence Cases. As such, the number of elder abuse cases in Table 3 also includes the number of cases on victims aged 60 or above in Table 1.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)035

(Question Serial No. 2699)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please advise this Committee in table form for the past 3 years:

the number of cases where compassionate rehousing (CR) was arranged for individuals or families as a means to solve their housing problems, and the reasons for application.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 73)

Reply:

The number of CR cases recommended by the Social Welfare Department (SWD) to the Housing Department in the past 3 years [2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 (as at December 2020)] is 788, 729 and 482 respectively.

SWD does not have information on the reasons for seeking CR recommendation claimed by the applicant.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)036

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2700)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (1) Family and Child Welfare

Controlling Officer: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please advise this Committee in table form:

the 5 service areas of Integrated Family Service Centres (IFSCs) over the past 3 years.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 74)

Reply:

The 65 IFSCs in Hong Kong have been providing a range of preventive, supportive and remedial services for people in need. Services include family life education, parent-child activities, consultation, outreaching service, support/mutual help groups, counselling and referral services, etc.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)037

(Question Serial No. 2701)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the integrated support service for persons with severe physical disabilities (ISS), please advise the following for the past 3 years:

- a) the respective numbers of applications received and approved for the 2 cash assistance programmes of ISS, and the breakdown of the approved applications by the amount of subsidy granted;
- b) the age distribution of applicants (in ten-year bands);
- c) the amount involved; and
- d) the estimated total number of eligible applicants.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 78)

Reply:

The 2 assistance programmes under Community Care Fund, namely "Provision of Special Subsidy to Persons with Severe Physical Disabilities for Renting Respiratory Support Medical Equipment" (RSME programme) and "Provision of Special Subsidy to Persons with Severe Physical Disabilities for Purchasing Medical Consumables Related to Respiratory Support Medical Equipment" (Consumables programme) have been regularised under ISS with effect from November 2014. The number of applicants and recipients under the 2 programmes from 2018-19 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) are set out in Table 1 of Annex. The annual expenditure on these 2 programmes is set out in Table 2 of Annex. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have a breakdown by amount of subsidy granted, the age distribution of applicants or the estimated total number of eligible applicants.

Table 1: Number of applicants and recipients under the RSME programme and the Consumables programme

Year	2018-19		2019-20		2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	
Type of Subsidies	No. of applicants [Note 1]	No. of recipients	No. of applicants [Note 1]	No. of recipients	No. of applicants [Note 1]	No. of recipients
RSME programme		281		262		246
Consumables programme	83	302	84	287	52	267
Total	83	304 [Note 2]	84	287 [Note 2]	52	267 [Note 2]

[Note 1] SWD does not have the respective numbers of applicants for the 2 programmes.

[Note 2] The total number includes recipients under RSME programme only, recipients under Consumables programme only, and recipients under both programmes.

Table 2: Annual expenditure on the RSME programme and the Consumables programme

Year	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Annual actual expenditure (\$ million)	6.58	7.02	5.20

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)038

(Question Serial No. 2702)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Apart from Siu Lam Hospital, please set out the location and number of other places that provide residential care, day care services and residential respite service to persons with intellectual disability who have stomach stomas or need to use respiratory support equipment.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 80)

Reply:

Care and Attention Homes for Severely Disabled Persons https://www.swd.gov.hk/en/index/site_pubsvc/page_rehab/sub_listofserv/id_residcare/id_careattcasd/) provide residential care and respite service for eligible persons with disabilities requiring intensive nursing care (including persons with intellectual disability who require tube feeding Day Care Service for Persons with Severe Disabilities (list: or oxygen therapy). https://www.swd.gov.hk/en/index/site_pubsvc/page_rehab/sub_listofserv/id_supportcom/id_dcsd/) also offers day care service to the above eligible persons with disabilities. Moreover, the Transitional Care and Support Centre for Tetraplegic Patients situated at Ma On Shan in the New Territories provides 2 transitional residential care service places for eligible persons with disabilities who need to use respiratory support equipment.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)039

(Question Serial No. 2704)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Social Security Allowance (SSA) Scheme, please list out the following information with a breakdown by District Council (DC) district in the past 5 years:

1) the age and percentage of Old Age Allowance (OAA) recipients:

	Aged 70 to 75	Aged 76 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Central & Western			
Wan Chai			
Eastern			
Southern			
Sham Shui Po			
Yau Tsim Mong			
Kowloon City			
Wong Tai Sin			
Kwun Tong			
Kwai Tsing			
Tsuen Wan			
Tuen Mun			
Yuen Long			
North			
Tai Po			
Sha Tin			
Sai Kung			
Islands			

2) the age and percentage of Normal Old Age Living Allowance (OALA) recipients:

	Aged 65 to 70	Aged 70 to 75	Aged 76 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Central & Western				
Wan Chai				
Eastern				
Southern				
Sham Shui Po				
Yau Tsim Mong				
Kowloon City				
Wong Tai Sin				
Kwun Tong				

	Aged 65 to 70	Aged 70 to 75	Aged 76 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Kwai Tsing				
Tsuen Wan				
Tuen Mun				
Yuen Long				
North				
Tai Po				
Sha Tin				
Sai Kung				
Islands				

3) the age and percentage of Higher OALA recipients:

	Aged 65 to 70	Aged 70 to 75	Aged 76 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Central & Western				
Wan Chai				
Eastern				
Southern				
Sham Shui Po				
Yau Tsim Mong				
Kowloon City				
Wong Tai Sin				
Kwun Tong				
Kwai Tsing				
Tsuen Wan				
Tuen Mun				
Yuen Long				
North				
Tai Po				
Sha Tin	_			
Sai Kung				
Islands				

4) the age and percentage of OAA recipients under the Guangdong (GD) Scheme:

	Aged 70 to 75	Aged 76 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Central & Western			
Wan Chai			
Eastern			
Southern			
Sham Shui Po			
Yau Tsim Mong			
Kowloon City			
Wong Tai Sin			
Kwun Tong			
Kwai Tsing			
Tsuen Wan			
Tuen Mun			
Yuen Long			
North			
Tai Po			
Sha Tin			
Sai Kung			
Islands			

5) the age and percentage of Normal OALA recipients under the GD Scheme:

	Aged 65 to 70	Aged 70 to 75	Aged 76 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Central & Western				

	Aged 65 to 70	Aged 70 to 75	Aged 76 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Wan Chai				
Eastern				
Southern				
Sham Shui Po				
Yau Tsim Mong				
Kowloon City				
Wong Tai Sin				
Kwun Tong				
Kwai Tsing				
Tsuen Wan				
Tuen Mun				
Yuen Long				
North				
Tai Po				
Sha Tin				
Sai Kung				
Islands				

6) the age and percentage of Higher OALA recipients under the GD Scheme:

	Aged 65 to 70	Aged 70 to 75	Aged 76 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Central & Western				
Wan Chai				
Eastern				
Southern				
Sham Shui Po				
Yau Tsim Mong				
Kowloon City				
Wong Tai Sin				
Kwun Tong				
Kwai Tsing				
Tsuen Wan				
Tuen Mun				
Yuen Long				
North				
Tai Po				
Sha Tin				
Sai Kung				
Islands		_		

7) the age and percentage of OAA recipients under the Fujian (FJ) Scheme:

	Aged 70 to 75	Aged 76 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Central & Western			
Wan Chai			
Eastern			
Southern			
Sham Shui Po			
Yau Tsim Mong			
Kowloon City			
Wong Tai Sin			
Kwun Tong			
Kwai Tsing			
Tsuen Wan			
Tuen Mun			
Yuen Long			
North			

	Aged 70 to 75	Aged 76 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Tai Po			
Sha Tin			
Sai Kung			
Islands			

8) the age and percentage of Normal OALA recipients under the FJ Scheme:

	Aged 65 to 70	Aged 70 to 75	Aged 76 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Central & Western				
Wan Chai				
Eastern				
Southern				
Sham Shui Po				
Yau Tsim Mong				
Kowloon City				
Wong Tai Sin				
Kwun Tong				
Kwai Tsing				
Tsuen Wan				
Tuen Mun				
Yuen Long				
North				
Tai Po				
Sha Tin				
Sai Kung				
Islands				

9) the age and percentage of Higher OALA recipients under the FJ Scheme:

	Aged 65 to 70	Aged 70 to 75	Aged 76 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Central & Western				
Wan Chai				
Eastern				
Southern				
Sham Shui Po				
Yau Tsim Mong				
Kowloon City				
Wong Tai Sin				
Kwun Tong				
Kwai Tsing				
Tsuen Wan				
Tuen Mun				
Yuen Long				
North				
Tai Po				
Sha Tin				
Sai Kung				
Islands				

10) the age and percentage of Normal Disability Allowance (NDA) recipients:

	Aged 18 or below	Aged to 29	19	Aged to 39	30	Aged to 49	40	Aged to 59	50	Aged to 65	60	Aged or above	66 ve
Central &													
Western													
Wan Chai													
Eastern													
Southern													

	Aged 18		19		30	Aged	40		50		60	Aged	
	or below	to 29		to 39		to 49		to 59		to 65		or abo	ve
Sham													
Shui Po													
Yau Tsim													
Mong													
Kowloon													
City													
Wong Tai													
Sin													
Kwun													
Tong													
Kwai													
Tsing													
Tsuen													
Wan													
Tuen Mun													
Yuen													
Long													
North	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·												
Tai Po													
Sha Tin													
Sai Kung													
Islands													

11) the age and percentage of Higher Disability Allowance (HDA) recipients:

	Aged 18 or below	Aged to 29	19	Aged to 39	30	Aged to 49	40	Aged to 59	50	Aged to 65	60	Aged 66 or above
Central &	or below	10 27		10 37		10 47		10 37		10 03		or above
Western												
Wan Chai												
Eastern												
Southern												
Sham												
Shui Po												
Yau Tsim												
Mong												
Kowloon												
City												
Wong Tai												
Sin												
Kwun												
Tong												
Kwai												
Tsing												
Tsuen												
Wan												
Tuen Mun												
Yuen												
Long												
North												
Tai Po												
Sha Tin												
Sai Kung												
Islands												

- 12) a list of dental clinics designated by the Social Welfare Department (SWD) under the current CSSA system.
- 13) the maximum amount of dental grant on an actual reimbursement basis under the current CSSA system.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 83)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1) The number of OAA cases and the percentage out of the total number of cases in the past 3 years with a breakdown by age group and district are set out in Annex 1. SWD does not have the other information sought.
- 2) & 3) The number of Normal OALA and Higher OALA cases and their percentages out of the total number of cases in the past 3 years with a breakdown by age group and district are set out in Annex 2. SWD does not have the other information sought.
- 4) to 9) Under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme, OAA and OALA (including Normal OALA and Higher OALA) will be provided to eligible Hong Kong elderly persons who have chosen to reside in GD or FJ, without requiring them to return to Hong Kong each year.
 - The number of OAA, Normal OALA and Higher OALA cases under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme in the past 3 years with a breakdown by age group are set out in Annex 3. SWD does not have the other information sought.
- 10) & 11) The number of NDA and HDA cases and the percentage out of the total number of cases in the past 3 years with a breakdown by district are set out in Annex 4. SWD does not have the other information sought.
- 12) & 13) As at the end of December 2020, there were 74 dental clinics designated by SWD for providing examination service and quotation to CSSA recipients. SWD does not have the other information sought.

Annex 1
Number of OAA cases and percentage out of the total number of cases from 2018-19 to 2020-21 by age group and district

			18-19	
District	1 70 4 74		of OAA cases	TD 4 1
	Aged 70 to 74	Aged 75 to 79	Aged 80 or above	Total 13 723
Central & Western	5 338	2 931	5 454	(5.5%)
Eastern	13 796	7 516	12 289	33 601 (13.5%)
Islands	1 919	880	1 218	4 017 (1.6%)
Kowloon City	7 530	4 604	8 017	20 151 (8.1%)
Kwai Tsing	6 325	3 311	3 948	13 584 (5.4%)
Kwun Tong	7 431	4 167	6 221	17 819 (7.1%)
North	3 243	1 517	2 424	7 184 (2.9%)
Sai Kung	5 744	2 717	3 179	11 640 (4.7%)
Sha Tin	10 273	4 515	6 002	20 790 (8.3%)
Sham Shui Po	5 529	3 186	5 417	14 132 (5.7%)
Southern	4 876	2 383	3 790	11 049 (4.4%)
Tai Po	4 068	1 744	2 416	8 228 (3.3%)
Tsuen Wan	5 225	2 714	3 453	11 392 (4.6%)
Tuen Mun	5 695	2 413	2 438	10 546 (4.2%)
Wan Chai	3 806	2 441	4 780	11 027 (4.4%)
Wong Tai Sin	4 977	2 725	4 781	12 483 (5.0%)
Yau Tsim Mong	5 907	3 606	5 621	15 134 (6.1%)
Yuen Long	6 255	2 972	3 966	13 193 (5.3%)
Total	107 937	56 342	85 414	249 693 (100%)

	2019-20										
District		Number o	f OAA cases								
	Aged 70 to 74	Aged 75 to 79	Aged 80 or above	Total							
Central & Western	6 055	2 931	5 612	14 598 (5.4%)							
Eastern	15 567	7 591	12 834	35 992 (13.4%)							
Islands	2 234	940	1 271	4 445 (1.7%)							
Kowloon City	8 331	4 613	8 339	21 283 (7.9%)							
Kwai Tsing	6 886	3 486	4 158	14 530 (5.4%)							
Kwun Tong	8 166	4 210	6 467	18 843 (7.0%)							
North	3 816	1 619	2 518	7 953 (3.0%)							
Sai Kung	6 585	2 869	3 428	12 882 (4.8%)							
Sha Tin	11 955	4 791	6 346	23 092 (8.6%)							

	2019-20										
District		Number o	of OAA cases								
	Aged 70 to 74	Aged 75 to 79	Aged 80 or above	Total							
Sham Shui Po	6 058	3 240	5 610	14 908 (5.5%)							
Southern	5 490	2 443	3 960	11 893 (4.4%)							
Tai Po	4 628	1 858	2 570	9 056 (3.4%)							
Tsuen Wan	5 787	2 919	3 607	12 313 (4.6%)							
Tuen Mun	6 593	2 578	2 628	11 799 (4.4%)							
Wan Chai	4 198	2 370	4 960	11 528 (4.3%)							
Wong Tai Sin	5 478	2 792	4 865	13 135 (4.9%)							
Yau Tsim Mong	6 527	3 616	5 851	15 994 (6.0%)							
Yuen Long	7 148	3 173	4 231	14 552 (5.4%)							
Total	121 502	58 039	89 255	268 796 (100%)							

		`	d-December 2020)	
District			of OAA cases	
	Aged 70 to 74	Aged 75 to 79	Aged 80 or above	Total
Central & Western	6 631	3 054	5 672	15 357 (5.4%)
Eastern	17 112	7 746	13 108	37 966 (13.3%)
Islands	2 574	1 001	1 312	4 887 (1.7%)
Kowloon City	9 021	4 764	8 445	22 230 (7.8%)
Kwai Tsing	7 362	3 574	4 328	15 264 (5.3%)
Kwun Tong	8 866	4 279	6 579	19 724 (6.9%)
North	4 304	1 737	2 543	8 584 (3.0%)
Sai Kung	7 394	3 012	3 628	14 034 (4.9%)
Sha Tin	13 335	5 078	6 577	24 990 (8.7%)
Sham Shui Po	6 653	3 302	5 727	15 682 (5.5%)
Southern	6 017	2 558	4 083	12 658 (4.4%)
Tai Po	5 278	2 012	2 617	9 907 (3.5%)
Tsuen Wan	6 277	3 056	3 735	13 068 (4.6%)
Tuen Mun	7 511	2 759	2 734	13 004 (4.6%)
Wan Chai	4 714	2 356	5 107	12 177 (4.3%)
Wong Tai Sin	5 922	2 834	4 892	13 648 (4.8%)
Yau Tsim Mong	7 020	3 709	6 034	16 763 (5.9%)
Yuen Long	8 079	3 374	4 366	15 819 (5.5%)
Total	134 070	60 205	91 487	285 762 (100%)

 $\label{eq:Annex2} Annex~2$ Number of Normal OALA and Higher OALA $^{[Note]}$ cases and their percentages out of the total number of cases from 2018-19 to 2020-21 by age group and district

	2018-19									
District	Aged 6	5 to 69	Aged 7	70 to 74	Aged 7	75 to 79	Aged 80	or above	Tot	tal
District	Normal OALA	Higher OALA	Normal OALA	Higher OALA	Normal OALA	Higher OALA	Normal OALA	Higher OALA	Normal OALA	Higher OALA
Central & Western	267	1 593	301	1 743	190	1 134	476	3 275	1 234 (2.4%)	7 745 (1.6%)
Eastern	1 298	8 568	1 146	9 156	754	6 050	1 483	13 459	4 681 (8.9%)	37 233 (7.6%)
Islands	239	2 361	178	1 877	100	1 111	206	2 059	723 (1.4%)	7 408 (1.5%)
Kowloon City	647	5 397	594	5 626	435	3 913	942	8 032	2 618 (5.0%)	22 968 (4.7%)
Kwai Tsing	1 480	13 380	1 110	12 788	764	8 919	1 130	13 169	4 484 (8.6%)	48 256 (9.9%)
Kwun Tong	1 746	17 022	1 336	15 878	868	11 131	1 593	19 581	5 543 (10.6%)	63 612 (13.0%)
North	839	6 103	491	4 577	300	2 687	559	5 203	2 189 (4.2%)	18 570 (3.8%)
Sai Kung	1 051	7 643	677	6 668	423	4 201	678	6 950	2 829 (5.4%)	25 462 (5.2%)
Sha Tin	2 054	15 204	1 461	13 115	810	7 611	1 315	12 922	5 640 (10.8%)	48 852 (10.0%)
Sham Shui Po	807	7 744	625	6 192	409	4 163	848	9 383	2 689 (5.1%)	27 482 (5.6%)
Southern	613	4 246	454	4 363	307	2 993	643	7 138	2 017 (3.9%)	18 740 (3.8%)
Tai Po	908	6 416	521	4 612	259	2 755	505	5 208	2 193 (4.2%)	18 991 (3.9%)
Tsuen Wan	566	4 477	477	4 589	322	3 263	582	5 949	1 947 (3.7%)	18 278 (3.7%)
Tuen Mun	1 731	13 805	935	9 790	465	5 062	611	7 388	3 742 (7.1%)	36 045 (7.4%)
Wan Chai	115	707	136	756	101	568	299	1 855	651 (1.2%)	3 886 (0.8%)
Wong Tai Sin	1 247	10 170	859	9 128	585	6 696	1 382	15 453	4 073 (7.8%)	41 447 (8.5%)
Yau Tsim Mong	486	3 265	512	3 131	314	2 023	664	4 706	1 976 (3.8%)	13 125 (2.7%)
Yuen Long	1 264	10 996	743	7 781	429	4 640	712	7 951	3 148 (6%)	31 368 (6.4%)
Total	17 358	139 097	12 556	121 770	7 835	78 920	14 628	149 681	52 377 (100%)	489 468 (100%)

District Aged 65 to 69 Normal Pigher Pighe						201	9-20				
Normal Higher Normal Higher OALA OALA	District	Aged 6	65 to 69	Aged 7	70 to 74	Aged '	75 to 79	Aged 80	or above	Tot	al
Central & Western 264 1 553 302 1 971 174 1 148 408 3 294 1 148 7 966 Eastern 1 205 8 334 1 145 10 326 649 6 216 1 324 13 741 4 323 38 617 (7.4%) Islands 244 2 608 195 2 199 93 1 214 160 2 254 692 8 275 Kowloon 706 5 368 553 6 251 374 4 127 783 8 421 2416 24 167 (4.6%) (4.6%) 1 (4.8%) 4 203 35 901 (8.4%) 9 513 1 038 13 907 8 421 2416 24 167 (4.6%) 9 8 9513 1 038 13 907 1 93 2 984 4 203 3 907 (8.4%) 9 8 96 9 513 1 038 13 907 1 93 2 984 4 204 5 439 2 918 2 984 4 204 5 439 2 918 2 933 4 97 2 973 5 2 13 2 5 2 984 4 24 5	District	Normal		Normal		Normal			Higher	Normal	
Western 264 1 553 302 1 971 174 1 148 408 3 294 (2.3%) (1.5%) Eastern 1 205 8 334 1 145 10 326 649 6 216 1 324 13 741 4 323 38 617 Islands 244 2 608 195 2 199 93 1 214 160 2 254 692 8 275 Kowloon 706 5 368 553 6 251 374 4 127 783 8 421 2 416 24 167 City 706 5 368 553 6 251 374 4 127 783 8 421 2 416 24 167 City 706 5 368 553 6 251 374 4 127 783 8 421 2 416 24 16 646 646% Kwai Tsing 1 428 13 697 1 039 13 784 698 9 513 1 038 13 907 4203 50 901 Kwun Tong 1 735 17 512 1 291 17 51		OALA	OALA	OALA	OALA	OALA	OALA	OALA	OALA	OALA	
Eastern 1 205 8 334 1 145 10 326 649 6 216 1 324 13 741 4 323 38 617 (7.4%) Islands 244 2 608 195 2 199 93 1 214 160 2 254 692 8 275 (1.4%) (1.6%) Kowloon 706 5 368 553 6 251 374 4 127 783 8 421 2416 24 167 (1.6%) Kwai Tsing 1 428 13 697 1 039 13 784 698 9 513 1 038 13 907 4 203 50 901 Kwun Tong 1 735 17 512 1 291 17 512 778 11 680 1 394 20 677 5 198 67 381 North 847 6 707 492 5 213 255 2 984 424 5 439 20 677 (10.4%) (12.9%) Sai Kung 999 7 897 681 7 566 398 4 551 600 7 341 2 678 27 355 Sham Shui 830 8 345 642 7 260 378 4 375 783 9 752 2 633 29 732 Southern 607 4 271 464 4 772 270 3 030 562 7 385 1 903 19 458 Southern 607 4 271 464 4 772 270 3 030 562 7 385 1 903 19 458 Southern 607 4 271 464 4 772 270 3 030 562 7 385 1 903 19 458 Tai Po 918 6 963 523 5 411 230 2 965 442 5 473 2 113 2 0 812 Tuen Mun 1 787 1 4 403 1 060 11 569 468 5 601 542 7 866 3 857 3 9 439 Tuen Mun 1 787 1 4 403 1 060 11 569 468 5 601 542 7 866 3 857 3 9 49 Wong Tai 1 213 10 463 866 10 126 520 6 837 1 197 15 765 7 669 (1.2%) (1.2%) Wong Tai 1 213 10 463 866 10 126 520 6 837 1 197 15 765 (7.6%) (8.3%) Wong Tai 1 213 10 463 866 10 126 520 6 837 1 197 15 765 (7.6%) (8.3%) Wong Tai 1 213 10 463 866 10 126 520 6 837 1 197 15 765 (7.6%) (8.3%) Wong Tai 1 213 10 463 866 10 126 520 6 837 1 197 15 765 (7.6%) (8.3%) Wong Tai 1 213 10 463 866 10 126 520 6 837 1 197 15 765 (7.6%) (8.3%) Wong Tai 1 213 10 463 866 10 126 520 6 837 1 197 15 765 (7.6%) (8.3%) (2.7%) Wuen Long 1 337 11 983 751 8 964 368 5 134 587 8 300 (6.6%) (6.6%) (6.6%)	Central &	264	1 552	202	1.071	174	1 1 1 1 0	400	2 204	1 148	7 966
Eastern 1 205 8 354 1 145 10 326 649 6 216 1 324 13 741 (8.7%) (7.4%) Islands 244 2 608 195 2 199 93 1 214 160 2 254 (1.4%) (1.6%) Kowloon 706 5 368 553 6 251 374 4 127 783 8 421 2 416 (4.8%) (4.6%) Kwai Tsing 1 428 13 697 1 039 13 784 698 9 513 1 038 13 907 (8.4%) (9.8%) Kwun Tong 1 735 17 512 1 291 17 512 778 11 680 1 394 20 677 5198 67 381 North 847 6 707 492 5 213 255 2 984 424 5 439 (10.4%) (12.9%) Sai Kung 999 7 897 681 7 566 398 4 551 600 7 341 (3.6%) (5.2%) Sham Shui 830 8 345 642 7 260 378 4 375 783 9 752 (5.3%) (5.5%) Southern 607 4 271 464 4 772 270 3 030 562 7 385 1903 19 458 Tai Po 918 6 963 523 5 411 230 2 965 442 5 473 (4.2%) (4.0%) Tuen Mun 1 787 14 403 1 060 11 569 468 5 601 542 7 866 (7.7%) (7.6%) Wan Chai 123 686 135 868 85 558 248 1817 (1.29%) (0.8%) Wong Tai 1 213 10 463 866 10 126 520 6 837 1 197 15 765 3 796 (3.6%) (2.7%) Tuen Long 1 337 11 983 751 8 964 368 5 134 587 8 300 (6.6%) (2.7%) Total 17 365 14 4 319 12 565 13 745 7 102 8 3723 13 800 156 167 49 832 521 453 Total 17 365 14 4 319 12 565 13 745 7 102 8 3723 13 800 156 167 49 832 521 453	Western	204	1 333	302	1 9/1	1/4	1 148	408	3 294	(2.3%)	(1.5%)
Islands 244 2608 195 2199 93 1214 160 2254 692 8275	Factorn	1 205	8 33/	1 1/15	10 326	6/10	6 216	1 324	13 7/11		38 617
Stands 244 2608 195 2199 93 1214 160 2254 (1.4%) (1.6%) Kowloon 706 5368 553 6251 374 4127 783 8421 2416 24167 Kwai Tsing 1428 13697 1039 13784 698 9513 1038 13907 (8.4%) (9.8%) Kwun Tong 1735 17512 1291 17512 778 11680 1394 20677 (10.4%) (12.9%) North 847 6707 492 5213 255 2984 424 5439 2018 20343 Kung 999 7897 681 7566 398 4551 600 7341 (4.6%) (5.2%) Sha Tin 2075 15654 1486 14934 785 8225 1208 13743 (5.2%) For 830 8345 642 7260 378 4375 783 9752 (5.3%) (5.3%) Southern 607 4271 464 4772 270 3030 562 7385 (3.8%) (3.7%) Tai Po 918 6963 523 5411 230 2965 442 5473 (4.2%) (4.2%) (4.0%) Tsuen Wan 569 4480 466 4968 296 3431 532 6240 (3.7%) (3.7%) Tuen Mun 1787 14403 1060 11569 468 5601 542 7866 3857 39439 Wan Chai 123 686 135 868 85 558 248 1817 591 3929 Wan Chai 123 10463 866 10126 520 6837 1197 15765 3796 43191 Yuen Long 1337 11983 751 8964 368 5134 587 8300 (6.6%) (6.6%) Total 17365 144319 12565 137245 7102 83723 12800 156167 49832 521453	Lastern	1 203	0 334	1 173	10 320	0+7	0 210	1 324	13 / +1		
Kowloon City 706 5 368 553 6 251 374 4 127 783 8 421 2 416 (4.8%) (4.6%) Kwai Tsing 1 428 13 697 1 039 13 784 698 9 513 1 038 13 907 4 203 (4.6%) 50 90 (8.4%) 9.8%) Kwun Tong 1 735 17 512 1 291 17 512 778 11 680 1 394 20 677 5 198 (67 381) 67 381 (10.4%) (12.9%) North 847 6 707 492 5 213 255 2 984 4 24 5 439 2 018 (20.34) (10.4%) (12.9%) Sai Kung 999 7 897 681 7 566 398 4 551 600 7 341 2 678 27 355 (5.4%) (5.2%) 554 (2.5%) 554 (2.5%) 5554 (5.4%) (5.2%) 5554 (5.4%) 5554 (5.4%) 5554 (5.2%) 5554 (5.4%) 5554 (5.2%) 5554 (5.4%) 5554 (5.2%) 5554 (5.4%) 5554 (5.2%) 5554 (5.4%) 5554 (5.2%) 5554 (5.2%) 5554 (5.4%) 55256 (5.4%) 5594 (5.2%) 5594 (5.2%)	Islands	244	2 608	195	2 199	93	1 214	160	2 254		
City 706 5 368 553 6 251 374 4 127 783 8 421 (4.8%) (4.6%) Kwai Tsing 1 428 13 697 1 039 13 784 698 9 513 1 038 13 907 4 203 50 901 Kwun Tong 1 735 17 512 1 291 17 512 778 11 680 1 394 20 677 5 198 67 381 North 847 6 707 492 5 213 255 2 984 424 5 439 20 18 20 343 Sai Kung 999 7 897 681 7 566 398 4 551 600 7 341 2 678 27 355 Sha Tin 2 075 15 654 1 486 14 934 785 8 225 1 208 13 743 5 554 (5.2%) Sham Shui Po 830 8 345 642 7 260 378 4 375 783 9 752 2 633 29 732 Southern 607 4 271 464 4 772 270 </td <td></td> <td>211</td> <td>2 000</td> <td>173</td> <td>2 177</td> <td>73</td> <td>1211</td> <td>100</td> <td>2 23 1</td> <td></td> <td>`</td>		211	2 000	173	2 177	73	1211	100	2 23 1		`
City (4.8%) (4.8%) (4.8%) (4.8%) (4.8%) (3.6%) (9.8%) <td></td> <td>706</td> <td>5 368</td> <td>553</td> <td>6 251</td> <td>374</td> <td>4 127</td> <td>783</td> <td>8 421</td> <td></td> <td></td>		706	5 368	553	6 251	374	4 127	783	8 421		
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Kwun Tong 1 735 17 512 1 291 17 512 778 11 680 1 394 20 677 5198 67 381 North 847 6 707 492 5 213 255 2 984 424 5 439 2018 20 343 Sai Kung 999 7 897 681 7 566 398 4 551 600 7 341 2 678 27 355 Sha Tin 2 075 15 654 1 486 14 934 785 8 225 1 208 13 743 5554 52 556 Sham Shui 830 8 345 642 7 260 378 4 375 783 9 752 2633 29 732 Southern 607 4 271 464 4 772 270 3 030 562 7 385 1303 19 458 Tai Po 918 6 963 523 5 411 230 2 965 442 5 473 2 113 20 812 Wan Chai 1 787 14 403 1 060 11 569 468	Kwai Tsing	1 428	13 697	1 039	13 784	698	9 513	1 038	13 907		
Rewin Tong 1 735 17 512 1 291 17 512 7/8 11 680 1 394 20 67/2 (10.4%) (12.9%) North 847 6 707 492 5 213 255 2 984 424 5 439 2018 20 343 Sai Kung 999 7 897 681 7 566 398 4 551 600 7 341 (5.4%) (5.2%) Sha Tin 2 075 15 654 1 486 14 934 785 8 225 1 208 13 743 (5.4%) (5.2%) Sham Shui Po 830 8 345 642 7 260 378 4 375 783 9 752 2 633 29 732 Southern 607 4 271 464 4 772 270 3 030 562 7 385 1 903 (10.1%) Tai Po 918 6 963 523 5 411 230 2 965 442 5 473 2 113 20 812 Tuen Wan 569 4 480 466 4 968 296<	11// 13/11/8	1 .20	10 07,	1 00)	10 , 0 .	0,0	, 010	1 000	10 / 0 /		
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Total 17 365 144 319 12 565 137 245 7 102 83 722 12 800 156 167 49 832 521 453	Yuen Long	1 337	11 983	751	8 964	368	5 134	587	8 300		
TOTOL 17 465 1/1/1 41U 17 565 14/1 7/15 7 1117 X 4 7/7 17 XIII 156 167											` ′
	Total	17 365	144 319	12 565	137 245	7 102	83 722	12 800	156 167	(100%)	(100%)

				2020-21	(as at en	d-Decem	ber 2020)			
District	Aged 6	65 to 69	Aged 7	70 to 74	Aged '	75 to 79	Aged 80	or above	Tot	al
District	Normal	Higher	Normal	Higher	Normal	Higher	Normal	Higher	Normal	Higher
	OALA	OALA	OALA	OALA	OALA	OALA	OALA	OALA	OALA	OALA
Central &	273	1 603	313	2 078	165	1 215	395	3 298	1 146	8 194
Western									(2.3%)	(1.5%)
Eastern	1 236	8 582	1 145	11 031	612	6 390	1 240	13 978	4 233	39 981
Eastern									(8.5%)	(7.3%)
Islands	230	2 855	199	2 466	86	1 311	156	2 315	671	8 947
									(1.4%)	(1.6%)
Kowloon	737	5 592	569	6 637	372	4 263	714	8 582	2 392	25 074
City									(4.8%)	(4.6%)
Kwai Tsing	1 441	14 300	1 036	14 682	635	9 835	999	14 457	4 111	53 274
Tewar Time									(8.3%)	(9.7%)
Kwun Tong	1 763	17 969	1 315	18 888	736	11 885	1 303	21 412	5 117	70 154
Trium Tong									(10.3%)	(12.8%)
North	864	7 258	536	5 816	244	3 120	393	5 543	2 037	21 737
									(4.1%)	(4.0%)
Sai Kung	1 045	8 416	696	8 192	373	4 701	593	7 742	2 707	29 051
	2072	1 5 1 11	1.524	1 5 1 5 2	7.00	0.450	4.40.	11.005	(5.5%)	(5.3%)
Sha Tin	2 052	16 141	1 624	16 453	768	8 678	1 135	14 327	5 579	55 599
	004	0.000	660	0.057	2.40	4.640	70.6	10.040	(11.3%)	(10.1%)
Sham Shui	894	8 980	669	8 057	349	4 648	726	10 040	2 638	31 725
Po	C15	4.200	402	5.002	2.00	2.000	500	7.400	(5.3%)	(5.8%)
Southern	615	4 380	483	5 083	268	3 089	522	7 490	1 888	20 042
	944	7 414	5.47	6.067	220	2 127	202	5 (51	(3.8%)	(3.7%)
Tai Po	944	7 414	547	6 067	230	3 127	393	5 651	2 114	
	575	4 621	464	5 228	282	3 574	517	6 391	(4.3%) 1 838	(4.1%) 19 814
Tsuen Wan	373	4 021	404	3 228	202	3 3 / 4	317	0 391	(3.7%)	
	1 834	14 863	1 135	13 073	475	5 986	527	8 216	3 971	(3.6%) 42 138
Tuen Mun	1 654	14 803	1 133	13 073	473	3 900	321	8 210	(8.0%)	(7.7%)
	133	716	132	941	83	576	227	1 829	575	4 062
Wan Chai	133	/10	132	741	0.5	370	221	1 029	(1.2%)	(0.7%)
Wong Tai	1 239	11 051	895	10 848	481	6 942	1 095	15 977	3 710	44 818
Sin	1 237	11 031	0,5	10 070	701	0 772	1 073	13 711	(7.5%)	(8.2%)
Yau Tsim	455	3 550	488	3 916	276	2 172	533	4 753	1 752	14 391
Mong	755	3 330	700	3 710	2,0	21/2	333	7 733	(3.5%)	(2.6%)
	1 432	12 797	800	10 061	350	5 294	530	8 555	3 112	36 707
Yuen Long	1 132	12 / / /	000	10 001	330	3 27 4	330	0 333	(6.3%)	(6.7%)
	17 762	151 088	13 046	149 517	6 785	86 806	11 998	160 556	49 591	547 967
Total	_		10 0.0		0.50		12//3		(100%)	(100%)

[Note] OALA has been renamed as Normal OALA upon implementation of the Higher OALA since 1 June 2018.

Annex 3
Number of OAA, Normal OALA and Higher OALA cases under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme from 2018-19 to 2020-21 by age group

Type of allowance	Age group	2018-19		2019	2019-20		2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	
[Note]		GD Scheme	FJ Scheme	GD Scheme	FJ Scheme	GD Scheme	FJ Scheme	
	65 to 69	1 931	186		N	.A.		
	70 to 74	4 588	459	3 276	288	2 728	238	
OAA	75 to 79	3 884	310	2 637	184	2 046	155	
	80 or above	6 165	701	3 863	313	2 922	222	
	Total	16 568	1 656	9 776	785	7 696	615	
	65 to 69			2 284	171	2 449	215	
III alaan	70 to 74			2 209	194	3 029	259	
Higher OALA	75 to 79			1 173	155	1 787	194	
OALA	80 or above			2 394	459	3 537	618	
	Total	NI.		8 060	979	10 802	1 286	
	65 to 69	N.A	٦.	223	11	233	15	
No	70 to 74			162	12	225	11	
Normal OALA	75 to 79				3	150	8	
UALA	80 or above				5	179	11	
	Total			629	31	787	45	

N.A. - Not applicable

OALA under the GS Scheme and the FJ Scheme, applicable to elderly persons aged 65 or above, was launched on 1 January 2020. Meanwhile, OAA under those 2 schemes is disbursed to elderly persons aged 70 or above without means test starting from the same day.

Annex 4
Number of NDA and HDA cases and their percentages out of the total number of cases
from 2018-19 to 2020-21 by district

District	201	8-19	201	9-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)		
2 1502 100	NDA	HDA	NDA	HDA	NDA	HDA	
Central &	3 228	631	3 382	642	3 526	671	
Western	(2.5%)	(3.7%)	(2.5%)	(3.7%)	(2.5%)	(3.7%)	
Г	10 975	1 694	11 276	1 711	11 572	1 750	
Eastern	(8.5%)	(9.9%)	(8.4%)	(9.8%)	(8.4%)	(9.7%)	
T.1 1.	2 341	188	2 599	223	2 793	219	
Islands	(1.8%)	(1.1%)	(1.9%)	(1.3%)	(2.0%)	(1.2%)	
V . 1 C't	6 006	986	6 236	1 000	6 351	997	
Kowloon City	(4.7%)	(5.8%)	(4.7%)	(5.7%)	(4.6%)	(5.5%)	
	10 259	1 080	10 464	1 069	10 758	1 068	
Kwai Tsing	(8.0%)	(6.3%)	(7.8%)	(6.1%)	(7.8%)	(5.9%)	
И Т	11 365	1 688	12 009	1 650	12 512	1 643	
Kwun Tong	(8.8%)	(9.9%)	(9.0%)	(9.4%)	(9.0%)	(9.1%)	
N .1	6 193	780	6 446	803	6 633	815	
North	(4.8%)	(4.6%)	(4.8%)	(4.6%)	(4.8%)	(4.5%)	
G : IZ	6 500	931	6 835	959	7 123	991	
Sai Kung	(5.1%)	(5.4%)	(5.1%)	(5.5%)	(5.1%)	(5.5%)	
OI FF:	13 293	1 913	13 718	1 965	14 054	2 031	
Sha Tin	(10.3%)	(11.2%)	(10.2%)	(11.2%)	(10.2%)	(11.3%)	
CI CI : D	6 949	977	7 329	991	7 663	1 034	
Sham Shui Po	(5.4%)	(5.7%)	(5.5%)	(5.6%)	(5.5%)	(5.7%)	
C - 41	6 098	738	6 385	743	6 591	771	
Southern	(4.7%)	(4.3%)	(4.8%)	(4.2%)	(4.8%)	(4.3%)	
т : ъ	6 282	756	6 557	730	6 686	755	
Tai Po	(4.9%)	(4.4%)	(4.9%)	(4.2%)	(4.8%)	(4.2%)	
T XX	4 363	603	4 558	632	4 755	661	
Tsuen Wan	(3.4%)	(3.5%)	(3.4%)	(3.6%)	(3.4%)	(3.7%)	
Т М	10 030	904	10 363	1 013	10 669	1 062	
Tuen Mun	(7.8%)	(5.3%)	(7.7%)	(5.8%)	(7.7%)	(5.9%)	
W. Chai	1 762	493	1 839	482	1 897	473	
Wan Chai	(1.4%)	(2.9%)	(1.4%)	(2.7%)	(1.4%)	(2.6%)	
Wong Toi Sir	7 994	999	8 190	1 037	8 404	1 043	
Wong Tai Sin	(6.2%)	(5.8%)	(6.1%)	(5.9%)	(6.1%)	(5.8%)	
Von Teim Merr	4 163	667	4 233	684	4 482	717	
Yau Tsim Mong	(3.2%)	(3.9%)	(3.2%)	(3.9%)	(3.2%)	(4.0%)	
V I	10 801	1 091	11 450	1 211	11 887	1 284	
Yuen Long	(8.4%)	(6.4%)	(8.6%)	(6.9%)	(8.6%)	(7.1%)	
Total	128 602	17 119	133 869	17 545	138 356	17 985	
1 otal	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	(100%)	

- End -

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)040

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2705)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Amid the pandemic, grassroots families have to deal with a drastic increase in expenditure due to the procurement of anti-epidemic items, and their financial pressure is expected to heighten when school resumes. Please inform this Committee of the relevant support measures for grassroots families.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 84)

Reply:

The Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme aims to provide a safety net for individuals and households who are unable to support themselves financially because of old age, illness, disability, single parenthood, unemployment, low earnings, etc. Different rates are applicable to different categories of CSSA recipients to meet their basic needs.

The CSSA monthly standard rates for children are higher than those for adults of similar physical conditions so as to meet their needs. In addition to the standard rates, school children on CSSA will receive a range of special grants to meet their educational expenses, including grants to cover school fees, fares to and from school, public examination fees, application fee for Joint University Programmes Admissions System, monthly meal allowance for full-day students taking lunch away from home, as well as a flat-rate grant for selected items of school-related expenses (i.e. books, stationery, school uniforms, miscellaneous and minor one-off expenses) which ranges from \$1,825 to \$7,490. Moreover, the CSSA standard rates will be adjusted annually in accordance with the adjustment mechanism to reflect changes in prices.

Meanwhile, the 2019 Policy Address has announced a series of improvements to the CSSA Scheme, including a significant increase of the maximum rent allowance and the maximum level of monthly disregarded earnings, enhancement of employment support services and extension of coverage of various supplement and special grants to eligible non-elderly ablebodied recipients (including children). Upon approval by the Finance Committee of the Legislative Council, the Government had commenced the gradual implementation of the improvement measures starting from 2020 as planned and has achieved full implementation since February 2021.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)041

(Question Serial No. 2706)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (7) Young People

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the District Support Scheme for Children and Youth Development (the Scheme), please provide the following information for the past 5 years:

1. the number of children and youths having received cash assistance under the Scheme each year

	Aged 0 to 5	Aged 6 to 14	Aged 15 to 24	Total
Central & Western	_			
Wan Chai				
Eastern				
Southern				
Sham Shui Po				
Yau Tsim Mong				
Kowloon City				
Wong Tai Sin				
Kwun Tong				
Kwai Tsing				
Tsuen Wan				
Tuen Mun				
Yuen Long				
North				
Tai Po				
Sha Tin				
Sai Kung	·			
Islands				

2. the number of rejected applications each year

	Aged 0 to 5	Aged 6 to 14	Aged 15 to 24	Total
Central & Western				
Wan Chai				
Eastern				
Southern				
Sham Shui Po				
Yau Tsim Mong				
Kowloon City				
Wong Tai Sin				

	Aged 0 to 5	Aged 6 to 14	Aged 15 to 24	Total
Kwun Tong				
Kwai Tsing				
Tsuen Wan				
Tuen Mun				
Yuen Long				
North				
Tai Po				
Sha Tin				
Sai Kung				
Islands				

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 85)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The number of beneficiaries having received cash assistance under the Scheme for the past 5 years, broken down by district [administrative district of the Social Welfare Department (SWD)] and age group, is set out in Annex 1.
- 2. SWD will not normally turn down applications for cash assistance under the Scheme. However, application for cash assistance may be unsuccessful for those applicants who do not meet the eligibility criteria. The number of unsuccessful applicants for cash assistance under the Scheme for the past 5 years, broken down by administrative district of SWD and year, is set out in Annex 2. SWD does not have information on the age group of these unsuccessful applicants.

Annex 1
Number of beneficiaries having received cash assistance under the Scheme (by year, district and age group)

District [Note 1]	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 [Note 2]
Central Western, S			2010 17	2017 20	2020 21
Aged 0 to 5	101	90	137	180	164
Aged 6 to 14	358	373	463	499	497
Aged 15 to 24	123	112	127	128	159
Sub-total	582	575	727	807	820
Eastern and Wan		313	121	007	020
Aged 0 to 5	106	111	125	168	144
Aged 6 to 14	293	288	426	462	464
Aged 15 to 24	52	60	83	101	149
Sub-total	451	459	634	731	757
Kwun Tong	13.1	100	031	731	737
Aged 0 to 5	69	86	100	125	113
Aged 6 to 14	284	278	391	524	484
Aged 15 to 24	59	47	67	66	82
Sub-total	412	411	558	715	679
Wong Tai Sin and			220	, 10	1 0,7
Aged 0 to 5	93	104	131	146	200
Aged 6 to 14	393	373	510	633	644
Aged 15 to 24	97	96	126	177	203
Sub-total	583	573	767	956	1 047
Kowloon City and					
Aged 0 to 5	110	133	175	239	261
Aged 6 to 14	341	337	479	566	669
Aged 15 to 24	49	53	78	109	130
Sub-total	500	523	732	914	1 060
Sham Shui Po					-1
Aged 0 to 5	89	88	118	118	129
Aged 6 to 14	374	347	465	567	619
Aged 15 to 24	75	87	116	141	180
Sub-total	538	522	699	826	928
Sha Tin					-1
Aged 0 to 5	67	76	116	123	99
Aged 6 to 14	277	279	371	449	414
Aged 15 to 24	78	63	94	103	134
Sub-total	422	418	581	675	647
Tai Po and North	•				•
Aged 0 to 5	121	96	165	203	184
Aged 6 to 14	409	412	529	579	599
Aged 15 to 24	70	72	76	109	116
Sub-total	600	580	770	891	899
Yuen Long					
Aged 0 to 5	140	144	190	234	222
Aged 6 to 14	416	444	601	708	847
Aged 15 to 24	93	90	113	159	185
Sub-total	649	678	904	1 101	1 254

District [Note 1]	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 [Note 2]			
Tsuen Wan and Kwai Tsing								
Aged 0 to 5	157	164	262	210	197			
Aged 6 to 14	507	532	789	649	782			
Aged 15 to 24	101	93	170	153	193			
Sub-total	765	789	1 221	1 012	1 172			
Tuen Mun								
Aged 0 to 5	69	67	76	84	81			
Aged 6 to 14	293	264	355	383	380			
Aged 15 to 24	107	134	156	157	171			
Sub-total	469	465	587	624	632			
Total	5 971	5 993	8 180	9 252	9 895			

 $[Note \ 1]$ By administrative district of SWD.

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Annex 2 Number of unsuccessful applicants for cash assistance under the Scheme (by district and year)

District [Note 1]	Central Western, Southern and Islands	Eastern and Wan Chai	Kwun Tong	Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung	Kowloon City and Yau Tsim Mong	Sham Shui Po	Sha Tin	Tai Po and North	Yuen Long	Tsuen Wan and Kwai Tsing	Tuen Mun	Total
2016-17	3	-	-	-	6	1	-	-	-	-	2	12
2017-18	-	_	_	-	1	1	4	ı	ı	-	-	6
2018-19	1	5	-	-	12	3	ı	-	ı	-	2	23
2019-20	-	-	1	2	13	10	ı	-	ı	3	2	31
2020-21 [Note 2]	1	2	7	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	24

[Note 1] By administrative district of SWD.

[Note 2] As at end-February 2021.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)042

(Question Serial No. 2709)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Pilot Scheme on Support for Elderly Persons Discharged from Public Hospitals after Treatment (Pilot Scheme), please advise the following since its implementation:

- 1. the details, the number of users and the number of cases for each of the services each year;
- 2. the number of participants each year, with a breakdown by co-payment level;
- 3. the number of participants having left the Pilot Scheme each year and their reasons for leaving;
- 4. the number of ineligible applicants for the Pilot Scheme each year and the reasons for their ineligibility;
- 5. the total expenditure and the breakdown of various expenditure items each year, including the subsidy for service provision, the staff cost of the Discharge Support Team of the Social Welfare Department (SWD), the expenditure on consultancy study and evaluation of effectiveness, and administrative costs since the implementation of the Pilot Scheme.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 88)

Reply:

Funded by the Community Care Fund (CCF), the Pilot Scheme was launched on 26 February 2018.

In 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020), the cumulative number of elderly persons having received the services provided under the Pilot Scheme with a breakdown by service type is provided as follows:

Service type	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
			(as at end-December 2020)
Transitional residential care services	347	711	996
Transitional community care and support services	195	487	767
Using both services	43	122	195

Service type	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
			(as at end-December 2020)
Total	585	1 320	1 958

Cumulative number of elderly persons	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
participating in the Pilot Scheme with			(as at end-December 2020)
a breakdown by co-payment level:			
Co- payment level			
(Co-payment percentage)			
I (5%)	79	187	274
II (8%)	301	660	973
III (12%)	67	145	224
IV (16%)	83	189	277
V (25%)	13	31	47
VI (40%)	42	108	163
Total	585	1 320	1 958

As at the end of December 2020, there were no ineligible applications under the Pilot Scheme. The cumulative number of persons having left the Pilot Scheme with a breakdown by reason for leaving is provided as follows:

Reason for leaving the Pilot	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Scheme			(as at end-December 2020)
Independent living or being taken care of by family members	217	608	982
Allocated with subsidised community care and support services	40	78	154
Allocated with subsidised/ private residential care services	54	197	328
Others (including deceased, hospitalised, out of town, etc.)	40	111	177
Total	351	994	1 641

As at 2018-19, the cumulative total expenditure under the Pilot Scheme was about \$20.5 million (including about \$12.75 million for subsidising service provision to participants, about \$6.92 million for the manpower expenses of the Discharge Support Team of SWD, and about \$0.83 million for evaluation of effectiveness and administrative costs). As at 2019-20, the cumulative total expenditure under the Pilot Scheme was about \$51.66 million (including about \$37.17 million for subsidising service provision to participants, about \$12.19 million for the manpower expenses of the Discharge Support Team of SWD, and about \$2.3 million for evaluation of effectiveness and administrative costs). As at 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020), the cumulative total expenditure under the Pilot Scheme was about \$88.37 million (including about \$69.68 million for subsidising service provision to participants, about \$15.69 million for the manpower expenses of the Discharge Support Team of SWD, and about \$3 million for evaluation of effectiveness and administrative costs).

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)043

(Question Serial No. 2710)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Pilot Scheme on Support for Elderly Persons Discharged from Public Hospitals after Treatment (Pilot Scheme), please advise the following:

- 1. the expenditure on manpower, details of work, and the staffing establishment of the Discharge Support Team of the Social Welfare Department (SWD);
- 2. please set out the number of voucher users, the number of persons having left and the expenditure involved in the table below:

	Number of	Number of service places	Number of	Cumulative	Subsidy	Average
	approved		service users	number of	amount	subsidy per
	service			persons	(\$ million)	service user
	providers			having left		per month
	(ASPs)	Transitional				Transitional
		residential				community
		care service				care and
						support
						service
2018-19						
2019-20						
2020-21						

- 3. the list of service providers of residential care and community care service units and the corresponding number of residential care places;
- 4. when the evaluation report of the effectiveness of the Pilot Scheme will be completed and whether it will be published. If no, please explain.
- 5. the subsequent arrangement for the Pilot Scheme.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 89)

Reply:

Funded by the Community Care Fund, the Pilot Scheme was launched on 26 February 2018 with SWD being responsible for its implementation. SWD has set up a Discharge Support Team, consisting of 13 social workers, who work closely with the Hospital Authority (HA) to plan the post-discharge transitional support services for the elderly persons referred by the HA and arrange for them to receive services from suitable service providers. Social workers

of the Discharge Support Team will formulate individual care plans for elderly participants of the Pilot Scheme, and will contact their family members and service providers to arrange necessary transitional residential care and/or community care services in accordance with their needs, thereby enabling them to continue ageing-in-place after receiving suitable transitional care and support services.

As at 2018-19, a cumulative total of 585 elderly persons had received the services provided under the Pilot Scheme, while 351 of them had left. As at 2019-20, a cumulative total of 1 320 elderly persons had received the services provided under the Pilot Scheme, while 994 of them had left. As at 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020), a cumulative total of 1 958 elderly persons had received the services provided under the Pilot Scheme, while 1 641 of them had left. The cumulative number of elderly persons having received the services provided under the Pilot Scheme with a breakdown by service type is provided as follows:

Service type	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
			(As at end-December)
Transitional residential care services	347	711	996
Transitional community care and support services	195	487	767
Both services	43	122	195
Total	585	1 320	1 958

As at 2018-19, the cumulative total expenditure under the Pilot Scheme was about \$20.5 million (including about \$12.75 million for subsidising service provision to participants, about \$6.92 million for the manpower expenditure of the Discharge Support Team of SWD and \$0.83 million for evaluation of effectiveness and administrative costs). As at 2019-20, the cumulative total expenditure under the Pilot Scheme was about \$51.66 million (including about \$37.17 million for subsidising service provision to participants, about \$12.19 million for the manpower expenditure of the Discharge Support Team of SWD and \$2.3 million for evaluation of effectiveness and administrative costs). As at 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020), the cumulative total expenditure under the Pilot Scheme was about \$88.37 million (including about \$69.68 million for subsidising service provision to participants, about \$15.69 million for the manpower expenditure of the Discharge Support Team of SWD and \$3 million for evaluation of effectiveness and administrative costs).

SWD has invited eligible subvented homes, contract homes and EA1 homes under the Enhanced Bought Place Scheme to participate in the Pilot Scheme as approved service providers (ASPs) to provide transitional residential care service for needy elderly persons. The list of ASPs and service units is set out in Annex 1. For transitional community care and support services, SWD has invited existing recognised service providers under the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly to participate as ASPs, which are listed in Annex 2. As at the end of December 2020, a total of 85 residential care homes and 81 community care service units under 104 organisations had joined the Pilot Scheme as ASPs.

The Pilot Scheme has been extended for 32 months from February 2021 to the end of September 2023, and will be implemented under a new mode of operation starting from October 2021. Under the new mode of operation, SWD will select 3 non-governmental organisations through invitation for proposals where each of them will set up a Transitional Care Team to provide service to needy elderly persons referred by respective HA clusters (Kowloon East, New Territories East and New Territories West). Medical staff of the relevant hospitals will make assessment and formulate discharge plans for elderly patients in

need so as to facilitate planning for appropriate nursing care, rehabilitation and care support services. Needy elderly persons will subsequently be referred to the Transitional Care Teams, which will provide transitional community care and support services and/or arrange residential care services for the elderly persons.

SWD will continue to commission consultancy to evaluate the effectiveness of the new operation mode under the extended Pilot Scheme, and the evaluation report is expected to be completed by early 2023. The Government will formulate the way forward for the Pilot Scheme with reference to the evaluation results.

List of ASPs for transitional residential care services and service units (As at end-December 2020)

	Name of organisations		Name of units
	The Hong Kong Chinese Women's Club [Note]		The Hong Kong Chinese Women's Club
1.			Madam Wong Chan Sook Ying Memorial
	Club		Care and Attention Home for the Aged
		2.	Po Leung Kuk Tung Chung Home for the Elderly
		3.	Po Leung Kuk Merry Court for the Senior cum
		٥.	Sunny Green Day Care Centre for the Senior
2.	Po Leung Kuk [Note]	4.	Po Leung Kuk Eco-Home for the Senior cum Sunny
		т.	Green Day Care Centre for the Senior
		5.	Po Leung Kuk Tin Yan Home for the Elderly cum
		٥.	Green Joy Day Care Centre for the Elderly
	TY I I Notel	6.	Evergreen (Tsz Ching) Nursing Home Cum Day
3.	Wai Ying Investment Limited [Note]		Care Centre
		7.	Evergreen (Pratas Street) Nursing Home
4.	Beijing Elder Centre Limited	8.	Beijing Elder Centre Limited
5.	Care & Sevrvices Co. Ltd	9.	Care & Services Elderly Centre (North Point)
6.	Chak Oi Company Limited	10.	Yan Oi Elder Centre
7.	Charmind Limited [Note]	11.	Tung Fong Home For The Aged
		12.	Evergreen Nursing Home cum Day Care Centre
8.	Cheer Hall Development Limited	13.	Tung Fong Home For The Aged
9.	Comfort Elderly Home Branch	14.	Comfort Elderly Home Branch
1.0	T. T. I. I. Motel	15.	Oasis Nursing Home
10.	E.T. Investment Limited ^[Note]	16.	Olive Nursing Home cum Day Care Unit for the
1.1			Elderly
11.	Energetic Limited	17.	Spring (Kennedy) Home For The Aged
12.	Ever Kind Asia Limited	18.	Altru Nursing Home
13.	Everbright Groups Limited	19.	Everbright Home For The Elderly
14. 15.	Everfame Holdings Limited	20.	Everbright Nursing Home
16.	Fa Yuen Nursing Centre Limited Fitbest Corporation Limited	21. 22.	Fa Yuen Nursing Centre Limited
17.	Focus Health Care Limited	23.	Pine Care (Manning) Elderly Centre Loc Ling Elderly Home
18.	Gericare Centre Limited	24.	Pine Care (Po Tak) Elderly Centre
19.	Golden Fame Investments Limited	25.	Springfield Home For The Aged
		26.	Grace Nursing Home (Tak Tin)
20.	Grace Healthcare Limited	27.	Grace Nursing Home
21.	Great Honour Home For Elderly Limited	28.	Great Honour Home For Elderly
22.	Happy Luck Elderly Home Limited	29.	Happy Luck Elderly Home Limited
	Hiu Kwong (Tai Kok Tsui) Nursing		Hiu Kwong (Tai Kok Tsui) Nursing Centre
23.	Centre Company Limited	30.	Company Limited
2.4	Hiu Kwong Nursing Centre Company	31.	Hiu Kwong Nursing Centre Company Limited
24.	Limited	32.	Hiu Kwong Nursing Centre Company Limited
25			Buddhist Sum Ma Shui Ying Care & Attention
25.	The Hong Kong Buddhist Association	33.	Home for the Elderly
26.	Hong Lok Yuen Aged Sanatorium Centre	34.	Hong Lok Yuen Aged Sanatorium Centre Limited
	Limited	٠	200 200 1 god 1 god Sanatorium Contro Emilited
27.	Hong Shing Home For Aged Company Limited	35.	Hong Shing Home For Aged Company Limited
28.	Hongtai Home For The Aged Limited	36.	Hongtai Home For The Aged Limited
29.	International Home Of Aged Limited	37.	International Home Of Aged Limited
30.	Lucky Stable Limited	38.	Jade Elderly Home
31.	Kam To (Kln.) Company Limited	39.	Kam To Nursing Centre
	Kang Fook Rest Home For The Aged		
32.	Limited	40.	Kang Fook Rest Home For The Aged Limited
33.	Kato Kung Limited	41.	Kato Home For The Elderly

43. Pacific First Limited 53. Pine Care (Tak Fung) Elderly Centre		Name of organisations		Name of units
S. Lai Lai Nursing Centre (Allway) Limited 36. Lau Sau Ching 37. Le Grand Silverjoy Limited 44. Telford Nursing Centre (Allway) Limited 45. Le Grand Silverjoy 38. Long Tact Limited 46. Longevity Palace 47. Mic King Home For Aged Limited 48. On Fuk Nursing Home Limited 49. Tang Tat Home For Aged Limited 40. On Fuk Nursing Home Limited 41. Oriental Base Limited 42. Oriental Chinese Medicine Limited 43. Pacific First Limited 44. Phocnix Olympic Nursing Home Limited 45. Richfast Limited 46. Richfast Limited 47. Senior Care Elderly Limited 48. Senior Care Elderly Limited 48. Senior Care Elderly Limited 49. Senior Care Limited 49. Senior Care Limited 49. Senior Care Nursing Home Limited 40. Sinch Kot Tsui Nursing Home Limited 41. Sing Yan Nursing Home Limited 42. Sinch Karsu Nursing Home Limited 43. Richgran International Development 44. Discovered State	3/1	Kei Tak (Tai Hang) Home For The Aged	12	Kai Tak (Tai Hang) Homa For The Aged Limited
36. Lau Sau Ching 44. Telford Nursing Centre				
37. Le Grand Silverjoy Limited 46. Long Tact Limited 47. Mic King Home For Aged Limited 48. Long Tact Limited 49. On Fuk Nursing Home Limited 49. On Fuk Nursing Home Limited 49. Tang Tat Home For Aged Limited 49. Tang Tat Home For Elder (Kwai Chung) 50. Shui Hong Nursing Home (Cheung Shan Estate Branch) 51. Shui Hong Nursing Home (Cheung Shan Estate Branch) 54. Pacific First Limited 53. Fine Care (Tak Fung) Elderly Centre 54. Phoenix Olympic Nursing Home Limited 55. Wui Fung Care Home 56. Richfast Limited 57. Senior Care Elderly Limited 58. Senior Care (Fuk Kwan) Elderly Care Home 58. Senior Care (Fuk Kwan) Elderly Care Home 59. Senior Care Limited 59. Senior Care (Fuk Kwan) Elderly Care Home 59. Senior Care Instituted 51. Sing Yan Nursing Home Limited 52. Sun King Home Of Aged Limited 53. Tai Kok Tsui Nursing Home Limited 54. San Kor Sun Nursing Centre (Kwai Hing Branch) Limited 56. Tak Ghong Nursing Centre (Kwai Hing Branch) Limited 57. Tin Tin Home For The Aged Limited 58. Tanswin Development Limited 58. Tanswin Development Limited 59. Tanswin Devel				
38. Long Tact Limited 46. Longevity Palace				
Mie King Home For Aged Limited 43. On Fuk Nursing Home Limited 48. On Fuk Nursing Home Limited 50. Shui Hong Nursing Home (Cheung Shan Estate Branch) Shui Hong Nursing Home Limited 54. Phoenix Olympic Nursing Home Limited 55. Wii Fung Care Home Shui Great International Development Limited 56. Senior Care Elderly Limited 57. Senior Care Home Senior Care Nursing Home Limited 58. Senior Care (Fuk Kwan) Elderly Care Home Shui On Nursing Gentre (Shun On) Company Limited Company Limited Shui On Nursing Home Limited Shui On Nursing Centre (Shun On) Company Limited Shui On Nursing Centre (Shun On) Company Limited Shui On Nursing Centre (Kwai Hing Branch) Limited Shui On Nursing Centre Limite				
40. On Fuk Nursing Home Limited 48. On Fuk Nursing Home Limited 49. Tang Tat Home For Elder (Kwai Chung) 50. Shui Hong Nursing Home 41. Oriental Base Limited 42. Oriental Chinese Medicine Limited 43. Pacific First Limited 44. Phoenix Olympic Nursing Home Limited 45. Richfast Limited 46. Richfast Limited 47. Senior Care Elderly Limited 48. Senior Care Elderly Limited 48. Senior Care Limited 49. Senior Care Limited 40. Senior Care Limited 41. Senior Care Rederly Limited 42. Senior Care Home 43. Senior Care Limited 44. Phoenix Olympic Nursing Home Limited 45. Senior Care Home 46. Wing On Home For The Aged 47. Senior Care Limited 48. Senior Care Limited 49. Senior Care Nursing Home Limited 50. Shui On Nursing Centre (Shun On) 51. Sing Yan Nursing Home Limited 52. Sun King Home Of Aged Limited 53. Tai Kok Tsui Nursing Home Limited 54. Tak Cheong Nursing Centre (Kwai Hing Branch) Limited 55. Tak On Nursing Centre (Kwai Hing Branch) Limited 56. Tang Tat Home For Elder Limited 57. Tak On Nursing Centre Limited 58. Transwin Development Limited 59. Treasure Ring Limited 60. Treasure Ring Limited 61. Tria Tria Home For The Aged Limited 62. Treasure Ring Limited 63. Taken Nursing Centre Limited 64. Wah Fung Nursing Centre Limited 65. Treasure Ring Limited 66. Treasure Ring Limited 67. Tin Tin Home For The Aged Limited 68. Treasure Ring Limited 69. Yan Oi Nursing Centre Limited 60. Treasure Ring Limited 61. Tria Cheong Nursing Centre Limited 62. Tusen Wan Elderly Care Services Limited 63. Tsuen Wan Elderly Care Services Limited 64. Wah Fung Nursing Centre Limited 65. Wing On Home For The Aged Limited 66. World Castle Limited 77. Vi Wo Yuen Aged Sanatorium Centre Limited 78. Yan Oi Elder Centre Limited 79. Wi Wo Yuen Aged Sanatorium Centre Limited 70. Wi Wo Yuen Aged Sanatorium Centre Limited 71. Wan Oi Elder Centre Limited 72. Win On Home For The Aged Limited 73. Tsuen Wan Elderly Care Home Limited 74. Wah Fung Nursing Centre Limited 75. Wi Wo Yuen Aged Sanatorium C			46.	Longevity Palace
49. Tang Tat Home For Elder (Kwai Chung) 41. Oriental Base Limited 42. Oriental Chinese Medicine Limited 43. Pacific First Limited 44. Phoenix Olympic Nursing Home Limited 45. Richfast Limited 46. Richgreat International Development Limited 47. Senior Care Elderly Limited 48. Senior Care Elderly Limited 49. Senior Care Limited 49. Tang Tat Home For Elder (Kwai Home For The Aged Paranch) 50. Shui Hong Nursing Home (Cheung Shan Estate Branch) 51. Pia-To Sino-West Combined Home For The Aged 52. Wii Fung Care Home 53. Pine Care (Tak Fung) Elderly Centre 54. Phoenix Olympic Nursing Home Limited 55. Wii Fung Care Home 56. Senior Care Elderly Limited 57. Senior Care (Fuk Kwan) Elderly Care Home 58. Senior Care (Man Kee) Elderly Care Home 59. Senior Care Nursing Home Limited 50. Shui On Nursing Centre (Shun On) Company Limited 51. Sing Yan Nursing Home Limited 52. Sun King Home Of Aged Limited 53. Tai Kok Tsui Nursing Home 54. Brach No Nursing Centre (Kwai Hing Branch) Limited 55. Tak On Nursing Centre (Kwai Hing Branch) Limited 56. Tang Tat Home For Elder Limited 57. Tin Tin Home For Elder Limited 58. Transwin Development Limited 59. Treasure Ring Limited 60. Treasure Safe Investment Limited 61. Tri Tech Corporation Limited 62. Limited 63. Tsuen Wan Elderly Care Services Limited 64. Wah Fung Nursing Centre Limited 65. Wing On Home For The Aged Limited 66. Wah Fung Nursing Centre Limited 67. Tin Tin Home For The Aged Limited 68. Wan Gastel Limited 69. Yan Oi Nursing Centre Limited 60. World Castle Limited 70. Wing On Home For The Aged Limited 71. Yi Wo Yuen Aged Sanatorium Centre Limited 72. Wing On Home For The Aged Limited 73. Twen Wan Elderly Centre Limited 74. Wah Fung Nursing Centre Limited 75. Wing On Home For The Aged Limited 76. Wing On Home For The Aged Limited 77. Yan Oi Elder Centre Limited 78. Yan Oi Elder Centre Limited 79. Yi Wo Yuen Aged Sanatorium Centre Limited 79. Yi Wo Yuen Aged Sanatorium Centre Limited 70. Besting Holdings Limited 71. Greenery	39.	Mie King Home For Aged Limited		
41. Oriental Base Limited 42. Oriental Chinese Medicine Limited 43. Pacific First Limited 44. Phoenix Olympic Nursing Home Limited 45. Richfast Limited 46. Richgreat International Development Limited 47. Senior Care Elderly Limited 48. Senior Care Elderly Limited 49. Senior Care Limited 49. Senior Care Limited 49. Senior Care Nursing Home Limited 49. Senior Care Rursing Home Limited 50. Shu in No Nursing Centre (Shun On) 50. Company Limited 51. Sing Yan Nursing Home Limited 52. Sun King Home Of Aged Limited 53. Tai Kok Tsui Nursing Home Limited 54. Sing Yan Nursing Centre (Kwai Hing Branch) Limited 55. Tak On Nursing Centre (Kwai Hing Branch) Limited 56. Tang Tat Home For Elder Limited 57. Tin Tin Home For The Aged Limited 58. Transwin Development Limited 59. Transwin Development Limited 50. Transwin Development Limited 51. Transwin Development Limited 52. Transwin Development Limited 53. Transwin Development Limited 54. Transwin Development Limited 55. Transwin Development Limited 56. Transwin Development Limited 57. Tin Tin Home For The Aged Limited 58. Transwin Development Limited 59. Transwin Development Limited 50. Treasure Ring Limited 60. Treasure Safe Investment Limited 61. Tri Tech Corporation Limited 62. Transwin Development Limited 63. Tsuen Wan Elderly Care Services Limited 64. Wah Fung Nursing Centre Limited 65. Wing On Home For The Aged Limited 66. World Castle Limited 67. Yi Wo Yuen Aged Sanatorium Centre Limited 68. Yan Yan Elderly Care Home 79. Yi Wo Yuen Aged Sanatorium Centre Limited 70. Wing On Home For The Aged Limited 71. Wing On Home For The Aged Limited 72. Wing On Home For The Aged Limited 73. Twen Wan Elderly Care Home Limited 74. Wah Fung Nursing Centre Limited 75. Wing On Home For The Aged Limited 76. World Castle Limited 77. Yan Oi Elder Centre Limited 78. Yan Oi Elder Centre Limited 79. Yi Wo Yuen Aged Sanatorium Centre Limited 79. Yi Wo Yuen Aged Sanatorium Centre Limited 79. Yi Wo Yuen Aged Sanatorium Centre Limited 79. We Pine Care Centre 79. Yi Wo Yuen Aged Sanatorium Centre Li	40	On Fult Nursing Home Limited	48.	
42. Oriental Chinese Medicine Limited 43. Pacific First Limited 44. Phoenix Olympic Nursing Home Limited 45. Richfast Limited 46. Richgreat International Development Limited 47. Senior Care Elderly Limited 48. Senior Care Elderly Limited 49. Senior Care Elderly Limited 49. Senior Care Rursing Home Limited 49. Senior Care Rursing Home Limited 50. Shu ion Nursing Centre (Shun On) Company Limited 51. Sing Yan Nursing Home Limited 52. Sun King Home Of Aged Limited 53. Tai Kok Tsui Nursing Home Limited 54. Tanswin Development Limited 55. Tak On Nursing Centre (Kwai Hing Branch) Limited 56. Tang Tat Home For Elder Limited 57. Tin Tin Home For The Aged Limited 58. Transwin Development Limited 59. Treasure Ring Limited 50. Treasure Ring Limited 50. Treasure Ring Limited 51. Trianswin Development Limited 52. Trianswin Development Limited 53. Transwin Development Limited 54. Transwin Development Limited 55. Trianswin Development Limited 56. Transwin Development Limited 57. Trian Home For The Aged Limited 58. Transwin Development Limited 59. Treasure Ring Limited 60. Treasure Ring Limited 61. Tri Tech Corporation Limited 62. Limited 63. Tsuen Wan Elderly Care Entre Limited 64. Wah Fung Nursing Centre Limited 65. Wing On Home For The Aged Limited 66. World Castle Limited 77. Yan Oi Elder Vera Elder Limited 78. Wing On Home For The Aged Limited 79. Yan Oi Elder Vera	40.	On ruk Nursing Home Emilied		Tang Tat Home For Elder (Kwai Chung)
Branch St. Branch St. Fai-To Sino-West Combined Home For The Aged			50.	Shui Hong Nursing Home
42. Oriental Chinese Medicine Limited 43. Pacific First Limited 44. Phoenix Olympic Nursing Home Limited 45. Richfast Limited 46. Richgreat International Development Limited 47. Senior Care Elderly Limited 48. Senior Care Elderly Limited 49. Senior Care Elderly Limited 49. Senior Care Nursing Home Limited 40. Senior Care Nursing Home Limited 41. Senior Care Nursing Home Limited 42. Senior Care Nursing Home Limited 43. Senior Care Nursing Home Limited 44. Senior Care Nursing Home Limited 45. Senior Care (Fuk Kwan) Elderly Care Home 46. Senior Care Nursing Home Limited 47. Senior Care (Fuk Kwan) Elderly Care Home 48. Senior Care Nursing Home Limited 49. Senior Care Nursing Home Limited 40. Sing Yan Nursing Home Limited 41. Sing Yan Nursing Home Limited 42. Sing Yan Nursing Home Limited 43. Tai Kok Tsui Nursing Home Limited 44. Sing Yan Nursing Home Limited 45. Tak On Nursing Centre (Kwai Hing Branch) Limited 46. Tak On Nursing Centre Limited 47. Tin Tin Home For The Aged Limited 48. Senior Care (Nan Kee) Elderly Care Home 49. Senior Care (Tai Wah) Elderly Care Home 49. Senior Care (Tai Wah) Elderly Care Home 40. Sing Yan Nursing Home Limited 40. Tak On Nursing Centre (Shun On) Company Limited 41. Sing Yan Nursing Home 42. Tin Tin Home For The Aged Limited 43. Tai Kok Tsui Nursing Home Limited 44. Tak On Nursing Centre Limited 45. Tanswin Development Limited 46. Tang Tat Home For The Aged Limited 47. Tria Tin Home For The Aged Limited 48. Trianswin Development Limited 49. Trian Home For The Aged Limited 40. Treasure Safe Investment Limited 40. Trian Home For The Aged Limited 41. Vi Wo Yuen Aged Sanatorium Centre (Hung Hon Vi Wan On Home For The Aged Limited 42. Wah Fung Nursing Centre Limited 43. Tak On Nursing Centre Limited 44. Wah Fung Nursing Centre Limited 45. Wan Yan Elderly Care Home 46. Wan Fung Nursing Centre Limited 47. Vi Wo Yuen Aged Sanatorium Centre Limited 48. Wan Yan Elderly Care Home Limited 49. Yan Yan Elderly Care Home Limited 40. Wah Fung Nursing Centre Limited 41. Wah Fung Nursing Centre Limit	41.	Oriental Base Limited	51	Shui Hong Nursing Home (Cheung Shan Estate
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44. Phoenix Olympic Nursing Home Limited 54. Phoenix Olympic Nursing Home Limited 55. Wui Fung Care Home	42.	Oriental Chinese Medicine Limited	52.	Fai-To Sino-West Combined Home For The Aged
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[Note] This organisation operates both transitional residential care services and community care and support services at the same time.

List of ASPs for transitional community care and support service and service units (As at end-December 2020)

	Name of organisations		Name of units
	· ·	1	Baptist Oi Kwan Social Service Jordan
		1.	Elderly Centre
		2.	Baptist Oi Kwan Social Service Yee Wui
1	Pontist Oi Vyyon Social Samilas	2.	Integrated Health Service Centre
1.	Baptist Oi Kwan Social Service	3.	Baptist Oi Kwan Social Service Yee Tsuen
		٥.	Integrated Health Service Centre
		4	Baptist Oi Kwan Social Service Yee Lok Integrated
		4.	Health Service Centre
2.	Chi Lin Nunnery	5.	Chi Lin Day Care Centre for the Elderly
		6.	CYMCA Community Support Services for the
		0.	Elderly - Chai Wan Neighbourhood Elderly Centre
3.	Chinese YMCA of Hong Kong		CYMCA Community Support Services for the
		7.	Elderly - Tin Ping Care and Attention Home for the
			Elderly
		8.	Lively Elderly Day Training Centre
4.	Christian Family Service Centre	9.	D & O Service - CAPD & Osteoporosis Care
		10.	Mind Delight & Cognitive Training Centre
		11.	Haven of Hope Tsui Lam Day Training Centre for
5.	Haven of Hope Christian Service		the Elderly
	The ven of frope Christian Service	12.	Haven of Hope Lok Wah Day Care Centre for the
		1	Elderly
_			Heung Hoi Ching Kok Lin Association Elderly
6.	Heung Hoi Ching Kok Lin Association	13.	Community Care Services Day Care Centre (North
			District)
7.	The Hong Kong Chinese Women's Club	14.	Yau Tong Day Care Centre for the Elderly
	Hong Kong Employment Development	15.	Grace Elderly Care Service
8.	Service Limited	16.	Grace Elderly Care Service (Yuen Long)
0	Hone Kone Foreily Wolford Codistry	17	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society Lee Foo
9.	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	17.	Service Centre
		18.	Lutheran Community Care Service Voucher Centre
10.	Hong Kong Lutheran Social Service,	10.	for the Elderly
10.	Lutheran Church - Hong Kong Synod	19.	Lutheran Kwai Tsing Community Care Service
		1).	Voucher Centre for the Elderly
		20.	H.K.S.K.H. Centre of Wellness (East Kowloon)
11.	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	21.	Centre of Wellness (Kwun Tong)
11.	Council Limited	22.	H.K.S.K.H. Cyril and Amy Cheung Aged Care
			Complex
12.	The Hong Kong Society for	23.	Cheng Tak Yim Day Rehabilitation and Care
	Rehabilitation		Centre
1.0	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian	24.	Y Care (Hong Kong East)
13.	Association	25.	Y Senior Care
1.4	DA Component Linear 1	26.	NWS Y Care (North District)
14.	PA Company Limited	27.	Jockey Club CADENZA Hub
		28.	Po Leung Kuk Proactive Concern Centre for the
		20	Elderly De Levre Kult Ture Character for the Elderly
1.5	Do Loung Kult [Note]	29.	Po Leung Kuk Tung Chung Home for the Elderly
15.	Po Leung Kuk [Note]	30.	Po Leung Kuk Mrs Maria Cheung Lifelong
		-	Learning Institute for the Senior
			Po Leung Kuk Community Care Service Voucher
			for Elderly (Kwun Tong Wan Hon)

	Name of organisations		Name of units
		22	Po Leung Kuk Fong Tam Yuen Leung Health
		32.	Enhancement Centre for the Senior
			Po Leung Kuk Siu Ming Memorial Home cum
		33.	Care & Attention Unit/Wellness Centre for the
			Dementia
		2.4	Po Leung Kuk Wan Lam May Yin Shirley
		34.	Neighbourhood Elderly Centre
		25	Po Leung Kuk Chu Lee Yuet Wah Day Care
		35.	Centre for the Elderly
		36.	Po Leung Kuk Eco-Home for the Senior cum
		30.	Sunny Green Day Care Centre for the Senior
		37.	Po Leung Kuk Home Care Service for the Elders
		38.	Po Leung Kuk Tin Ka Ping Family Joy Centre
		39.	Po Leung Kuk Lau Hon Shuen Memorial Family
		37.	Joy Centre
16.	The Salvation Army	40.	The Salvation Army Tai Po Integrated Home Care
10.	•	40.	Services cum Day Care Centre for Senior Citizens
17.	The Tsung Tsin Mission of Hong Kong Social Service	41.	Carewell-Home Care Services
	Social Scivice		Ho Tung Home for the Elderly-New Horizons Day
		42.	Care Unit
18.	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals		Henry G. Leong Community Support Centre for
10.	Tung wan Group of Hospitans	43.	the Elderly
		44.	Top-Tact Home Care Services
			Evergreen (Tsz Ching) Nursing Home Cum Day
19.	Wai Ying Investment Limited [Note]	45.	Care Centre
		46.	Evergreen (Pratas Street) Nursing Home
20.	Wise Creation Holding Limited	47.	Oasis Day Care Centre
		48.	Woopie Club Home Care Services Team
		49.	Woopie Club (Kwun Tong)
		50.	Woopie Club (North Point)
		51.	Woopie Club (Sai Wan Ho)
21.	Woopie Social Enterprises	52.	Woopie Club (Sha Tin)
21.	woopie Social Enterprises	53.	Woopie Club (Tuen Mun)
		54.	Woopie Club (To Kwa Wan)
		55.	Woopie Club (Aberdeen)
		56.	Woopie Club (Tai Po)
		57.	Woopie Club (Tseung Kwan O)
		58.	Yan Chai Hospital Fung Ying Seen Koon Luen Wo
			Integrated Community Development Centre
		59.	Yan Chai Hospital Suen Choi To May Integrated
	V CI III III II	<u> </u>	Community Development Centre
22.	Yan Chai Hospital Social Services	60.	Yan Chai Hospital Community Care Service for
	Department		the Elderly Van Chai Hamital Eura Ving Saan Kaan
		61.	Yan Chai Hospital Fung Ying Seen Koon
			Integrated Community Development Centre
		62.	Yan Chai Hospital Mrs. Annie Chan Social Centre For The Elderly
		63.	Yan Oi Tong Clarea Au Eldergarten
23.	Yan Oi Tong Limited		Yan Oi Tong (Tuen Mun) Community Care
		64.	Service Voucher for the Elderly - Day Care Unit
24.	Charmind Limited [Note]	65.	Evergreen Nursing Home cum Day Care Centre
		66.	Oasis Nursing Home
25.	E.T. Investment Limited [Note]	67.	Olive Nursing Home cum Day Care Unit for the Elderly
		68.	Oasis Home Care Team
		00.	Owold Hollie Care I calli

	Name of organisations		Name of units
26.	Wah Fung Nursing Centre Limited [Note]	69.	Wah Fung Nursing Centre Limited
27.	Aberdeen Kai-fong Welfare Association Limited Social Service Centre	70.	Southern District Integrated Elderly Service Centre
28.	Alice Ho Miu Ling Nethersole Social Service Limited	71.	Nethersole Outreaching Rehabilitation Mission
29.	Evangelical Lutheran Church Social Service - Hong Kong	72.	Evangelical Lutheran Church of Hong Kong Shatin Caring Centre
30.	Hong Kong Christian Service	73.	Shamshuipo Integrated Home Care Service Team - Wonderful Care
31.	Mothodist Contro	74.	Methodist Community Care Centre (Eastern)
31.	Methodist Centre		Methodist Rejoice Centre
32.	Sai Kung District Community Centre Limited	76.	Sai Kung District Community Centre Limited
33.	Sik Sik Yuen	77.	Ho Hing Health Care Services Centre (Sponsored by Sik Sik Yuen) 'Love@Home'Elderly Community Care Services
34.	South Kwai Chung Social Service	78.	South Kwai Chung Social Service Cheers
35.	The Hong Kong Society for the Aged	79.	SAGE Quan Chuen Home for the Elderly
33.	The Hong Kong Society for the Aged	80.	SAGE Tung Lin Kok Yuen Home for the Elderly
36.	Trustful Medical and Domestic Services Co. Limited	81.	Trustful Medical and Domestic Services Limited

[Note] This organisation operates both transitional residential care services and community care and support services at the same time.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)044

(Question Serial No. 2711)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Pilot Scheme on Support for Elderly Persons Discharged from Public Hospitals after Treatment (Pilot Scheme), please advise the following:

A) please set out the number of elderly persons under the Pilot Scheme in the following table:

	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Number of existing elderly participants			
under the Pilot Scheme			
Cumulative number of elderly participants			
under the Pilot Scheme			
Number of past elderly participants under			
the Pilot Scheme			

- B) the average time taken for an elderly person to receive the service, counting from the time of being admitted by the Pilot Scheme.
- C) the cumulative number of elderly persons who have left the Pilot Scheme, broken down by reasons for leaving.
- D) the number of elderly persons under the Pilot Scheme, broken down by co-payment level.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 90)

Reply:

Funded by the Community Care Fund, the Pilot Scheme was launched on 26 February 2018. As at 2018-19, a cumulative total of 585 elderly persons had received the services provided under the Pilot Scheme, including 351 of them having left the Pilot Scheme and 234 receiving services. As at 2019-20, a cumulative total of 1 320 elderly persons had received the services provided under the Pilot Scheme, including 994 of them having left the Pilot Scheme and 326 receiving services. As at 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020), a cumulative total of 1 958 elderly persons had received the services provided under the Pilot Scheme, including 1 641 of them having left the Pilot Scheme and 317 receiving services. The Social

Welfare Department does not have the average time taken for an elderly person participating in the Pilot Scheme to receive the services.

The cumulative number of elderly persons having left the Pilot Scheme with a breakdown by reason for leaving is provided as follows:

Reason for leaving the Pilot Scheme	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2019)
Independent living or being taken care of by family members	217	608	982
Allocated with subsidised community care and support services	40	78	154
Allocated with subsidised/private residential care service	54	197	328
Others (including deceased, hospitalised, out of town, etc.)	40	111	177
Total	351	994	1 641

The number of elderly persons participating in the Pilot Scheme with a breakdown by co-payment level is provided as follows:

Co-payment level	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
(Co-payment percentage)			(as at end-December 2020)
I (5%)	79	187	274
II (8%)	301	660	973
III (12%)	67	145	224
IV (16%)	83	189	277
V (25%)	13	31	47
VI (40%)	42	108	163
Total	585	1 320	1 958

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)045

(Question Serial No. 2941)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please set out the following by District Council (DC) district for the past 5 years:

- 1. the number of various Bought Place Scheme (BPS) and non-BPS places of subsidised residential care services for the elderly, the average waiting time, the number of persons who applied for a freeze on service allocation, with a breakdown by gender, age and 18 DC districts;
- 2. the average per capita cost, service fee and total amount of subsidy for the various BPS and non-BPS places of subsidised residential care services for the elderly;
- 3. the total number of waitlisted elderly persons having passed away or withdrawn their applications for subsidised care and attention (C&A) homes and subsidised nursing homes (NHs), and the percentage share out of the number of waitlisted elderly persons broken down by age;
- 4. the number of persons waiting for various BPS and non-BPS places of subsidised residential care services for the elderly, with a breakdown by gender, age and 18 DC districts; and

	Aged 60 to 65	Aged 65 to 70	Aged 70 to 75	Aged 76 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Central & Western					
Wan Chai					
Eastern					
Southern					
Sham Shui Po					
Yau Tsim Mong					
Kowloon City					
Wong Tai Sin					
Kwun Tong					
Kwai Tsing					
Tsuen Wan					
Tuen Mun					
Yuen Long					
North					
Tai Po					
Sha Tin					
Sai Kung					
Islands					

5. the number of users of various BPS and non-BPS places of subsidised residential care services for the elderly, with a breakdown by gender, age and 18 DC districts.

	Aged 60 to 65	Aged 65 to 70	Aged 70 to 75	Aged 76 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Central & Western					
Wan Chai					
Eastern					
Southern					
Sham Shui Po					
Yau Tsim Mong					
Kowloon City					
Wong Tai Sin					
Kwun Tong					
Kwai Tsing					
Tsuen Wan					
Tuen Mun					
Yuen Long					
North					
Tai Po					
Sha Tin					
Sai Kung					
Islands					

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 65)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. & 4. The actual number of subsidised places offered by various types of residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) in different districts each year for the period from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) is set out in Annexes 1 to 5. The average waiting time for various types of subsidised residential care places for the elderly and the number of elderly persons waitlisted for such places with a breakdown by age group and gender are set out in Annexes 6 and 7 respectively.

Elderly persons waitlisted for subsidised residential care services (RCS) are not required to update regularly their personal particulars (including address), and therefore the Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the breakdown figures of the elderly persons by district of residence.

To encourage ageing in place, elderly persons assessed to be suitable for RCS will be given the choice of community care services (CCS) if they wish to stay at home. Upon receiving CCS, their applications for RCS will be classified as "inactive" and will not be called for admission to RCS. However, these elderly persons may seek to re-activate their RCS option if there is a need in future. Once their applications are re-activated, these elderly persons will be called for admission to RCS according to their original application dates subject to valid assessment results when vacancies arise. SWD does not have the breakdown figures on the district of residence of these elderly persons. The total number of elderly persons treated as "inactive" cases from 2016-17 to 2020-21 is as follows:

2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
				(as at
				end-December 2020)
10 988	12 667	13 856	16 104	18 278

- 2. The average cost, service fee and the expenditure involved per place per month of various subsidised RCS for the elderly for the period from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) are set out in Annexes 8 to 10.
- 3. As for subsidised C&A places, the number of elderly applicants having passed away and those having withdrawn their applications and their percentages of the number of elderly applicants having been waitlisted for subsidised C&A places are set out as follows:

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
No. of elderly applicants having passed away	4 290	4 388	4 878	4 963	4 898
Percentage of elderly applicants having passed away out of the no. of waitlisted applicants	9.9%	9.5%	9.9%	9.8%	10.3%
No. of elderly applicants having withdrawn their applications	1 856	1 668	2 276	1 398	1 400
Percentage of elderly applicants having withdrawn their applications out of the no. of waitlisted applicants	4.3%	3.6%	4.6%	2.8%	3.0%

As for subsidised NH places, the number of elderly applicants having passed away and those having withdrawn their applications and their percentages of the number of elderly applicants having been waitlisted for subsidised NH places are set out as follows:

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
No. of elderly applicants having passed away	1 814	1 871	1 988	2 082	2 126
Percentage of elderly applicants having passed away out of the no. of waitlisted applicants	18.4%	18.3%	18.0%	18.5%	20.5%
No. of elderly applicants having withdrawn their applications	335	293	330	242	334
Percentage of elderly applicants having withdrawn their applications out of the no. of waitlisted applicants	3.4%	2.9%	3.0%	2.2%	3.2%

SWD does not have information on the number of elderly applicants having passed away or withdrawn their applications while being waitlisted for various subsidised RCS by age of elderly applicants.

5. SWD does not have information on the number of users of subsidised RCS for the elderly by gender, age and 18 DC districts of elderly applicants. Information on the number of users of various subsidised RCS for the elderly from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) is set out in Annex 11.

Annex 1
Subsidised places offered by various types of RCHEs by DC district in 2016-17

	Number of places				
District	Subvented homes operated	Private RCHEs participating in	Contract RCHEs [Note 2]	Total	
	by NGOs and self-financing homes [Note 1]	the Enhanced Bought Place Scheme (EBPS)			
Eastern	444	302	149	895	
Wan Chai	462	54	56	572	
Central & Western	236	531	210	977	
Islands	382	-	75	457	
Southern	1 436	497	-	1 933	
Sham Shui Po	798	320	372	1 490	
Kowloon City	648	1 452	100	2 200	
Yau Tsim Mong	98	747	265	1 110	
Wong Tai Sin	1 331	177	204	1 712	
Sai Kung	1 282	-	-	1 282	
Kwun Tong	1 361	650	203	2 214	
Sha Tin	1 288	-	60	1 348	
Tai Po	1 214	98	-	1 312	
North	1 218	306	-	1 524	
Yuen Long	934	675	73	1 682	
Tuen Mun	1 198	479	-	1 677	
Tsuen Wan	831	881	79	1 791	
Kwai Tsing	1 738	918	304	2 960	
Total	16 899	8 087	2 150	27 136	

[[]Note 1] Including homes for the aged (H/A) places, C&A places, C&A places providing a continuum of care (CoC), NH places and places purchased under the Nursing Home Place Purchase Scheme (NHPPS).

[Note 2] Including C&A places providing a CoC and NH places.

Annex 2 Subsidised places offered by various types of RCHEs by DC district in 2017-18

	Number of places				
District	Subvented homes operated by NGOs and self-financing homes [Note 1]	Private RCHEs participating in the EBPS	Contract RCHEs [Note 2]	Total	
Eastern	444	300	149	893	
Wan Chai	462	54	56	572	
Central & Western	236	531	210	977	
Islands	352	-	75	427	
Southern	1 453	497	-	1 950	
Sham Shui Po	813	315	372	1 500	
Kowloon City	648	1 433	110	2 191	
Yau Tsim Mong	98	732	267	1 097	
Wong Tai Sin	1 331	177	208	1 716	
Sai Kung	1 284	-	-	1 284	
Kwun Tong	1 366	647	204	2 217	
Sha Tin	1 314	-	120	1 434	
Tai Po	1 214	98	-	1 312	
North	1 219	306	-	1 525	
Yuen Long	934	674	74	1 682	
Tuen Mun	1 198	470	-	1 668	
Tsuen Wan	922	956	175	2 053	
Kwai Tsing	1 739	819	304	2 862	
Total	17 027	8 009	2 324	27 360	

[[]Note 1] Including H/A places, C&A places, C&A places providing a CoC, NH places and places purchased under the NHPPS.

[[]Note 2] Including C&A places providing a CoC and NH places.

Annex 3
Subsidised places offered by various types of RCHEs by DC district in 2018-19

	Number of places				
District	Subvented homes operated by NGOs and self-financing homes [Note 1]	Private RCHEs participating in the EBPS	Contract RCHEs [Note 2]	Total	
Eastern	444	300	150	894	
Wan Chai	462	54	56	572	
Central & Western	236	531	212	979	
Islands	352	-	75	427	
Southern	1 456	497	-	1 953	
Sham Shui Po	825	311	433	1 569	
Kowloon City	648	1 433	110	2 191	
Yau Tsim Mong	98	728	268	1 094	
Wong Tai Sin	1 331	177	208	1 716	
Sai Kung	1 282	-	-	1 282	
Kwun Tong	1 366	639	204	2 209	
Sha Tin	1 331	-	120	1 451	
Tai Po	1 224	98	-	1 322	
North	1 222	306	-	1 528	
Yuen Long	935	673	74	1 682	
Tuen Mun	1 202	489	-	1 691	
Tsuen Wan	922	936	175	2 033	
Kwai Tsing	1 740	819	305	2 864	
Total	17 076	7 991	2 390	27 457	

[[]Note 1] Including H/A places, C&A places, C&A places providing a CoC, NH places and places purchased under the NHPPS.

[[]Note 2] Including C&A places providing a CoC and NH places.

Annex 4
Subsidised places offered by various types of RCHEs by DC district in 2019-20

	Number of places				
District	Subvented homes operated by NGOs and self-financing homes [Note 1]	Private RCHEs participating in the EBPS [Note 2]	Contract RCHEs [Note 3]	Total	
Eastern	448	300	150	898	
Wan Chai	462	89	56	607	
Central & Western	236	585	212	1 033	
Islands	352	-	145	497	
Southern	1 465	501	-	1 966	
Sham Shui Po	825	322	433	1 580	
Kowloon City	648	1 552	110	2 310	
Yau Tsim Mong	98	752	268	1 118	
Wong Tai Sin	1 333	204	208	1 745	
Sai Kung	1 281	-	-	1 281	
Kwun Tong	1 375	639	284	2 298	
Sha Tin	1 344	-	121	1 465	
Tai Po	1 226	228	-	1 454	
North	1 222	307	-	1 529	
Yuen Long	1 783	693	149	1 783	
Tuen Mun	1 204	617	-	1 821	
Tsuen Wan	922	922	175	2 019	
Kwai Tsing	1 741	905	305	2 951	
Total	17 123	8 616	2 616	28 355	

[[]Note 1] Including H/A places, C&A places, C&A places providing a CoC, NH places and places purchased under the NHPPS.

[[]Note 2] Excluding homes providing designated respite places.

[[]Note 3] Including C&A places providing a CoC and NH places.

Annex 5
Subsidised places offered by various types of RCHEs by DC district in 2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)

	Number of places				
District	Subvented homes operated by NGOs and self-financing homes [Note 1]	Private RCHEs participating in the EBPS [Note 2]	Contract RCHEs [Note 3]	Total	
Eastern	448	320	150	918	
Wan Chai	462	80	56	598	
Central & Western	236	585	212	1 033	
Islands	352	-	145	497	
Southern	1 465	538	-	2 003	
Sham Shui Po	825	342	433	1 600	
Kowloon City	648	1 572	110	2 330	
Yau Tsim Mong	98	790	272	1 160	
Wong Tai Sin	1 335	227	208	1 770	
Sai Kung	1 281	-	-	1 281	
Kwun Tong	1 375	639	284	2 298	
Sha Tin	1 347	-	121	1 468	
Tai Po	1 226	228	-	1 454	
North	1 222	347	-	1 569	
Yuen Long	941	787	149	1 877	
Tuen Mun	1 204	671	-	1 875	
Tsuen Wan	922	958	175	2 055	
Kwai Tsing	1 741	1 141	375	3 257	
Total	17 128	9 225	2 690	29 043	

[[]Note 1] Including H/A places, C&A places, C&A places providing a CoC, NH places and places purchased under the NHPPS.

[[]Note 2] Excluding homes providing designated respite places.

[[]Note 3] Including C&A places providing a CoC and NH places.

Average waiting time for various types of subsidised residential care places for the elderly

	Average waiting time (in months) (Average of the previous 3 months) [Note 1]				
Service type	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)
C&A places					
- Subvented/contract RCHEs	36	36	40	41	41
- Private homes participating in the EBPS	11	11	10	9	9
Overall	24	24	24	21	21
NH places [Note 2]	25	24	25	27	26

[Note 1] It is the average number of months taken (from the waitlist date to the admission date) for normal cases to be admitted to service in the past 3 months. Cases accorded priority in allocation of places, cases with inactive history admitted in the past 3 months, and cases transferred from H/A places to the converted C&A places providing a CoC in the same RCHE have been excluded in the calculation because their waiting time may be extraordinarily long or short in comparison with that of normal cases.

[Note 2] Including subsidised NH places provided at subvented and self-financing NHs and contract homes.

Number of elderly persons waitlisted for subsidised residential care places for the elderly by age group and gender

Table 1: 2016-17

A == ======	Gei	Total	
Age group	Male	Female	Total
60 to 69	1 771	1 404	3 175
70 to 79	3 589	3 759	7 348
80 to 89	6 572	11 191	17 763
90 or above	2 075	5 570	7 645
Total	14 007	21 924	35 931

Table 2: 2017-18

A go group	Ge	Total	
Age group	Male	Female	Total
60 to 69	1 899	1 471	3 370
70 to 79	3 775	3 828	7 603
80 to 89	6 931	11 512	18 443
90 or above	2 359	6 136	8 495
Total	14 964	22 947	37 911

Table 3: 2018-19

A 90 94044	Gei	Total	
Age group	Male	Female	10tai
60 to 69	2 145	1 618	3 763
70 to 79	4 036	4 105	8 141
80 to 89	7 421	12 135	19 556
90 or above	2 662	6 656	9 318
Total	16 264	24 514	40 778

Table 4: 2019-20

A	Ge	Total	
Age group	Male	Female	Total
60 to 69	2 131	1 571	33 702
70 to 79	3 953	3 979	7 932
80 to 89	7 122	11 311	18 433
90 or above	2 782	6 806	9 588
Total	15 988	23 667	39 655

Table 5: 2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)

A	Ge	Total	
Age group	Male	Female	Total
60 to 69	1 994	1 515	3 509
70 to 79	3 957	4 023	7 980
80 to 89	6 710	10 778	17 488
90 or above	2 493	6 055	8 548
Total	15 154	22 371	37 525

	Average cost per place per month						
Service type	2016-17 (\$)	2017-18 (\$)	2018-19 (\$)	2019-20 (\$)	2020-21 (Revised Estimate) (\$)		
C&A homes providing a CoC	14,822	15,265	16,393	17,373	18,096		
NHs [Note]	22,273	22,331	23,788	24,979	25,689		
Private homes participating in the EBPS	10,813	11,326	12,121	14,315	15,991		
Contract homes	16,010	17,306	17,972	19,006	19,840		

[Note] NHs include subvented NHs and subsidised NH places purchased under the NHPPS.

Service fees for various subsidised RCS for the elderly $(2016\text{-}17\ to\ 2020\text{-}21)$

	Monthly Fee						
Service type	2016-17 (\$)	2017-18 (\$)	2018-19 (\$)	2019-20 (\$)	2020-21 (Revised Estimate) (\$)		
C&A homes providing a CoC	2,000	2,000	2,060	2,060	2,060		
NHs							
- Subvented NHs	1,994	1,994	2,054	2,054	2,054		
- NHPPS	2,000	2,000	2,060	2,060	2,060		
Private homes participating in the EBPS							
- EA1 places	1,707	1,707	1,763	1,763	1,763		
- EA2 places	1,603	1,603	1,656	1,656	1,656		
Contract homes	2,000	2,000	2,060	2,060	2,060		

Expenditure involved in subsidised RCS for the elderly (2016-17 to 2020-21)

Year	Expenditure (\$ billion) ^[Note]
2016-17 (Actual)	4.5388
2017-18 (Actual)	4.7939
2018-19 (Actual)	5.4222
2019-20 (Actual)	6.4275
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	7.1030

[Note] Including various types of subsidised residential care places for the elderly and residential places under the Residential Care Services Scheme in Guangdong.

Number of users of various subsidised RCS for the elderly (2016-17 to 2020-21)

		Number of users					
Service type	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)		
C&A homes providing a CoC [Note 1]	14 196	14 318	14 642	14 382	14 405		
NHs [Note 2]	1 781	1 784	1 804	1 738	1 750		
Private homes participating in the EBPS	7 808	7 699	7 728	8 113	8 447		
Contract homes [Note 3]	2 121	2 266	2 335	2 392	2 582		

[[]Note 1] Including C&A places and C&A places providing a CoC, but excluding residential places under the Residential Care Services Scheme in Guangdong.

- End -

[[]Note 2] Including subvented NHs and subsidised NH places purchased under the NHPPS.

[[]Note 3] Including C&A places providing a CoC and NH places.

Examination of Estimates of Expenditure 2021-22

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)046

(Question Serial No. 2942)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please list by District Council (DC) district for the past 5 years:

- 1. the number of places of various community care services (CCS) for the elderly (including residential and day respite services) and the average waiting time, with a breakdown by gender, age and 18 DC districts;
- 2. the per capita costs, the fees and charges, and the total amount of subsidies for various CCS for the elderly (including residential and day respite services);
- 3. the number of persons waitlisted for various CCS for the elderly (including residential and day respite services), with a breakdown by gender, age and 18 DC districts; and

	Aged 60 to 65	Aged 65 to 70	Aged 70 to 75	Aged 76 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Central & Western					
Wan Chai					
Eastern					
Southern					
Sham Shui Po					
Yau Tsim Mong					
Kowloon City					
Wong Tai Sin					
Kwun Tong					
Kwai Tsing					
Tsuen Wan					
Tuen Mun					
Yuen Long					
North					
Tai Po					
Sha Tin					
Sai Kung					
Islands					

4. the number of users of various CCS for the elderly (including residential and day respite services), with a breakdown by gender, age and 18 DC districts.

	Aged 60 to 65	Aged 65 to 70	Aged 70 to 75	Aged 76 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Central & Western					
Wan Chai					
Eastern					
Southern					
Sham Shui Po					
Yau Tsim Mong					
Kowloon City					
Wong Tai Sin					
Kwun Tong					
Kwai Tsing					
Tsuen Wan					
Tuen Mun					
Yuen Long					
North					
Tai Po					
Sha Tin					
Sai Kung					
Islands					

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 66)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. & 3. The numbers of service places for day care centres/units for the elderly (DEs/DCUs), integrated home care services (frail cases) (IHCS(FC)) and Enhanced Home and Community Care Services (EHCCS) from 2016-17 to 2020-21 by DC district are set out at Annexes 1 to 3 respectively.

The numbers of places for the designated day respite service provided by the DEs/DCUs in various districts from 2017-18 to 2020-21 are set out at Annex 4. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have data on the designated day respite service, the waiting time and the number of persons waitlisted for the respite service by gender and age group for 2016-17.

The average waiting time and numbers of persons waitlisted for DEs/DCUs, IHCS(FC) and EHCCS from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are set out at Annexes 5 to 6 respectively. SWD does not have such information by DC district, gender and age group.

The numbers of places for the designated residential respite service for the elderly in various districts from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are set out at Annex 7. SWD does not have the waiting time and the number of persons waitlisted by DC district, gender and age group.

2. The average cost per case per month and the total annual expenditure for DEs/DCUs from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are as follows:

Year	Average cost per case per month	Total annual expenditure
	(\$)	(\$ million)
2016-17 (Actual)	8,755	315.5
2017-18 (Actual)	9,109	330.1
2018-19 (Actual)	9,942	375.8
2019-20 (Actual)	10,721	421.0
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	10,878	454.1

SWD does not keep the average cost per case per month and the total annual expenditure for IHCS (ordinary cases (OC)) and IHCS(FC) separately. The average cost per case per month and the total annual expenditure for IHCS(OC) and IHCS(FC) from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are as follows:

Year	Average cost per case per month	Total annual expenditure
	(\$)	(\$ million)
2016-17 (Actual)	1,904	621.9
2017-18 (Actual)	1,968	635.8
2018-19 (Actual)	2,215	696.6
2019-20 (Actual)	2,453	740.6
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	2,679	831.9

The average cost per case per month and the total annual expenditure for EHCCS from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are as follows:

Year	Average cost per case per month	Total annual expenditure
	(\$)	(\$ million)
2016-17 (Actual)	4,533	389.2
2017-18 (Actual)	4,635	398.1
2018-19 (Actual)	4,853	419.0
2019-20 (Actual)	6,646	638.1
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	8,417	935.1

SWD does not have information on the per capita cost and total amount of subsidies for the designated day respite service and designated residential respite service for the elderly provided by DEs/DCUs.

The fees and charges for DEs/DCUs, IHCS(FC), EHCCS, and designated residential respite places for the elderly from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are set out in Tables 1 to 4 at Annex 8.

4. The full-year numbers of users of DEs/DCU services, IHCS(FC) and EHCCS with a breakdown by DC district from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are set out at Annexes 9 to 11 respectively.

The numbers of admissions for the designated day respite service provided by DEs/DCUs from 2017-18 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) are as follows:

	Full-year no. of service admissions				
	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	
Total no. of admissions	23 764	26 414	23 674	6 319	

[Note] SWD does not keep the number of admissions for the designated day respite service in 2016-17.

The full-year numbers of users of the designated residential respite service for the elderly from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) are as follows:

	Full-year no. of service users					
	2016-17	2017-18	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)			
Total no. of users	363	754	2 181	2 735	1 623	

Annex 1
Number of places at DEs/DCUs

	No. of places						
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)		
Central & Western	129	129	129	129	129		
Eastern	256	256	256	256	256		
Wan Chai	110	110	110	110	130		
Southern	108	108	108	108	108		
Islands	40	40	40	40	40		
Kwun Tong	407	407	407	432	452		
Wong Tai Sin	290	290	290	290	290		
Sai Kung	205	205	205	205	225		
Kowloon City	158	158	158	158	158		
Sham Shui Po	280	280	280	280	280		
Yau Tsim Mong	152	152	152	152	152		
Sha Tin	313	318	318	318	318		
Tai Po	64	64	64	64	64		
North	44	44	44	44	44		
Yuen Long	115	115	115	198	218		
Tsuen Wan	84	154	154	154	174		
Kwai Tsing	194	262	262	262	302		
Tuen Mun	110	110	148	208	208		
Total	3 059	3 202	3 240	3 408	3 548		

Annex 2

Number of IHCS(FC) places

District	No. of places from 2016-17 to 2019-20	No. of places in 2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Central & Western	40	70
Eastern	80	220
Wan Chai	30	65
Southern	80	130
Islands	20	45
Kwun Tong	150	355
Wong Tai Sin	100	260
Sai Kung	30	105
Kowloon City	30	90
Yau Tsim Mong	40	80
Sham Shui Po	90	150
Sha Tin	120	230
Tai Po	30	100
North	30	110
Yuen Long	90	135
Tuen Mun	30	115
Tsuen Wan	40	120
Kwai Tsing	90	240
Total	1 120	2 620

Number of EHCCS places

Year	1 April 2016 to		1 October 2019 to		1 September 2020 to
	30 Septer	mber 2019	31 Augu	st 2020	31 December 2020
	By	By	By	By	By district team
District	district	cluster	district	cluster	[Note]
	team	team	team	team	
Central & Western	171		209		242
Eastern	206	347	250	501	677
Wan Chai	154	347	185	301	226
Southern	158		200		200
Islands	89	-	105	-	105
Kwun Tong	421	497	535	675	1210
Wong Tai Sin	406	769	505	952	1173
Sai Kung	228	709	268	932	552
Kowloon City	290		323		554
Yau Tsim Mong	188	535	210	682	339
Sham Shui Po	255		325		647
Sha Tin	192		247		795
Tai Po	129	394	175	548	175
North	141		190		190
Yuen Long	178		225		326
Tuen Mun	160	766	200	1 005	401
Tsuen Wan	235	/00	280	1 005	463
Kwai Tsing	336		450		970
Total	7	245	9 2	45	9 245

 $^{[\mathrm{Note}]}$ All cluster teams of EHCCS have been changed to district teams since 1 September 2020.

Number of places for the designated day respite service at DEs/DCUs in various districts from 2017-18 to 2020-21

District	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)
Central & Western	13	13	13	13
Eastern	3	3	3	3
Wan Chai	3	3	3	3
Southern	2	2	2	2
Islands	2	2	2	2
Kwun Tong	33	33	36	36
Wong Tai Sin	6	6	6	6
Sai Kung	13	13	13	13
Kowloon City	-	-	-	-
Sham Shui Po	26	26	26	26
Yau Tsim Mong	5	5	5	5
Sha Tin	20	20	20	20
Tai Po	2	2	2	2
North	-	-	-	-
Yuen Long	4	4	13	13
Tsuen Wan	18	18	18	18
Kwai Tsing	12	12	12	15
Tuen Mun	8	10	15	15
Total	170	172	189	192

Annex 5
Average waiting time and number of persons waitlisted for DEs/DCUs

Year	Average waiting time (in months) (average of previous 3 months)	No. of persons waitlisted [Note]
2016-17	11	3 338
2017-18	10	3 568
2018-19	12	4 370
2019-20	11	4 519
2020-21		
(as at end-December	12	3 891
2020)		

[Note] The figures do not include the number of elderly persons classified as inactive cases because of their participation in the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly.

Average waiting time and number of persons waitlisted for IHCS(FC) and EHCCS

Year	Average waiting time [Note] (in months) (average of previous 3 months)	No. of persons waitlisted ^[Note]
2016-17	11	4 504
2017-18	15	5 819
2018-19	18	7 930
2019-20	12	5 595
2020-21		
(as at end-December 2020)	12	4 191

[Note] Frail elderly persons who have been confirmed as moderately or severely impaired under the Standardised Care Need Assessment Mechanism for Elderly Services can be waitlisted for IHCS(FC) and/or EHCCS. The figures do not include the number of elderly persons classified as inactive cases because of their participation in the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly.

 $\label{eq:Annex 7} \textbf{Number of designated residential respite places for the elderly in various districts} \ {}^{[Note]}$ (from 2016-17 to 2020-21)

District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)
Central & Western	1	23	25	25	25
Southern	2	16	18	18	18
Islands	1	1	1	2	2
Eastern	2	19	23	23	23
Wan Chai	1	3	5	7	5
Kwun Tong	2	17	17	19	19
Wong Tai Sin	3	11	11	13	13
Sai Kung	2	3	3	3	3
Kowloon City	1	42	42	42	42
Yau Tsim Mong	-	26	27	25	25
Sham Shui Po	3	20	21	24	24
Sha Tin	2	4	4	5	5
Tai Po	2	6	6	12	12
North	2	14	14	14	12
Yuen Long	2	35	35	36	36
Tsuen Wan	2	20	22	22	22
Kwai Tsing	3	29	30	30	30
Tuen Mun	1	15	15	23	23
Total	32	304	319	343	339

[Note] They refer to the designated residential respite places provided by subvented RCHEs, contract homes and private RCHEs participating in the Enhanced Bought Place Scheme (EBPS).

Table 1: Service fees and charges for various types of subvented DEs/DCUs (from 2016-17 to 2020-21)

	Monthly fees and charges						
Service type	2016-17 (\$)	2017-18 (\$)	2018-19 (\$) [Note]	2019-20 (\$)	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020) (\$)		
Subvented DEs/DCUs	988	988	1,002	1,002	1,002		
DCUs for the elderly attached to contract homes	1,000	1,000	1,014	1,014	1,014		
Day respite service (daily)	40	40	41.5	41.5	41.5		

[Note] Fees and charges for various types of subvented DEs/DCUs have been adjusted since 1 July 2018.

Table 2: Fees and charges for IHCS(FC) and EHCCS (from 2016-17 to 2017-18)

Service type		Service fees and charges (\$) (subject to income level)				
		Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) level or below	Between CSSA to 1.5 CSSA level	Above 1.5 CSSA level		
Meal Deliv	ery	12.6	15.4	18.6		
I J	light		0.7			
Laundry	medium	0.9				
service	heavy	1.8				
Direct care, home making and escort services (per hour)		5.4	11.7	19		

Table 3: Fees and charges for IHCS(FC) and EHCCS (from 2018-19 to 2020-21)

Service type		Service fees and charges (\$) [Note] (subject to income level)				
		Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) level or below Between CSSA 1.5 level		Above 1.5 CSSA level		
Meal Deliv	ery	13 16		19		
I over day.	light		0.7			
Laundry	medium	0.9				
service	heavy	1.8				
	, home making services (per	5.5	12	19		

[Note] Fees and charges for IHCS(FC) and EHCCS have been adjusted since 1 July 2018.

Table 4: Service fees and charges for designated residential respite places for the elderly (daily (\$)) (from 2016-17 to 2020-21)

Type of residential care places	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19 [Note 1]	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)
Homes for the aged places	50	50	52	52	52
Care-and-attention (C&A) places [Note 2]	60	60	62	62	62
Nursing home (NH) places [Note 3]	70	70	72	72	72

[[]Note 1] Fees and charges for the designated residential respite places for the elderly have been adjusted since 1 October 2018.

[Note 3] They refer to NH places in contract homes.

[[]Note 2] They include places in subvented C&A homes providing a continuum of care, C&A places in contract homes, and places of private RCHEs participating in EBPS.

 ${\bf Annex~9}$ Geographical distribution of full-year number of service users of DEs/DCUs

	Full-year no. of service users						
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		
District					(as at end-		
					December		
					2020)		
Central & Western	281	306	292	281	255		
Eastern	546	547	517	502	438		
Wan Chai	185	211	196	192	181		
Southern	206	216	198	189	184		
Islands	79	86	79	81	71		
Kwun Tong	773	795	801	819	770		
Wong Tai Sin	527	525	551	504	476		
Sai Kung	403	439	436	400	372		
Kowloon City	287	303	301	290	249		
Sham Shui Po	573	579	574	589	488		
Yau Tsim Mong	350	303	314	307	247		
Sha Tin	614	669	688	621	550		
Tai Po	135	141	149	129	115		
North	89	108	92	86	72		
Yuen Long	235	229	250	310	359		
Tsuen Wan	184	269	374	349	318		
Kwai Tsing	385	396	487	457	480		
Tuen Mun	254	256	265	351	330		
Total	6 106	6 378	6 564	6 457	5 955		

Annex 10 Full-year number of IHCS(FC) users

		Full-y	ear no. of se	rvice users	
District/Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)
Central & Western	49	54	61	51	77
Eastern	114	105	113	100	238
Wan Chai	40	39	43	35	71
Southern	112	113	104	101	144
Islands	30	24	26	25	45
Kwun Tong	192	199	184	184	381
Wong Tai Sin	129	120	132	115	286
Sai Kung	43	35	34	39	116
Kowloon City	36	42	41	36	100
Yau Tsim Mong	51	54	56	51	87
Sham Shui Po	109	109	130	119	181
Sha Tin	160	153	155	153	260
Tai Po	41	37	40	37	105
North	45	39	35	41	119
Yuen Long	124	124	117	119	149
Tuen Mun	34	36	32	33	119
Tsuen Wan	48	50	46	43	126
Kwai Tsing	104	103	109	105	243
Total	1 461	1 436	1 458	1 387	2 847

Full-year number of EHCCS users

Year		2016-17			2017-18			2018-19			2019-20		2020-21	2020-21 (as at end-August 2020)		2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	
District	By district team		by cluster team	By district team	4 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	by cluster team	By district team		by cluster team	By district team		By cluster team	By district team	-	by cluster team	By district Team ^[Note 4]	
Central &	218			219			221			254			223			303	
Western																	
Eastern	267	222	245	282	249	228	268	238	224	307	286	329	285	240	292	734	_
Wan Chai	202			195			208			226			199			284	_
Southern	214			221			209			246			226			262	_
Islands	122		Α.	117	N.		118		.A.	145		.A.	123		.A.	137	_
Kwun Tong	551		224	568		197	566	440	_	699	539	298	597	467	287	1 512	_
Wong Tai Sin	523	1 C)13	531	10	1 21 te 1]		528 1 012 [Note 1]		627	1226 [Note 1]		561	1 063 [Note 1]		1 435	_
Sai Kung	289	[NO	ic ij	292	[IVOI	ic 1j	308	ĮWO	te 1j	340	[IVC	, te 1j	298	ĮNO	te 1j	672	_
Kowloon City	364	54	41	395	53	37	376	52	24	423	6	20	361	5!	54	671	4
Yau Tsim Mong	248	[No	te 2]	249	[Not	te 2]	256	[No	te 2]	274	[No	ote 2]	231	[No	te 2]	409	
Sham Shui Po	341		176	347		194	319		195	395		245	363		213	800	
Sha Tin	251			264			244			320			273			875	
Tai Po	165	286	242	194	278	234	181	280	237	225	325	348	200	298	304	245	
North	180			186			186			229			210			279	
Yuen Long	248			245			240			284			244			409	
Tuen Mun	210		36	225	10		205	4)41	272		255	215		98	471	
Tsuen Wan	301	[No	te 3]	304	[Not	te 3]	306	[No	te 3]	343	[Note 3]		306	[Note 3]		579	
Kwai Tsing	447			458			439			589			502			1 162	
Total	9	562		9	721				:	11 669		10 233		11 239			

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] Including 3 cluster teams.

[Note 2] Including 2 cluster teams.

[Note 3] Including 4 cluster teams.

[Note 4] All cluster teams of EHCCS have been changed to district teams since 1 September 2020.

- End -

Examination of Estimates of Expenditure 2021-22

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)047

(Question Serial No. 2943)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Pilot Scheme on Home Care and Support for Elderly Persons with Mild Impairment (Pilot Scheme), what are the statistics on the following services in the past 3 years?

- 1. the number of elderly persons who have undergone assessment;
- 2. the number of elderly persons assessed as eligible by the Community Care Fund (CCF);
- 3. the number of elderly persons who have been refused service (Please reply using the following table):

	Number of Elderly Person(s)
Assessed to be without any impairment	
Assessed to be of impairment of more than a mild level	
Assessed to be of mild impairment but failed the means test by the CCF	
Others	

- 4. the number of elderly persons who have been assessed as eligible but have refused to use the service;
- 5. the number of elderly persons who have withdrawn from the service and the reasons for withdrawal;
- 6. the number of recognised assessors for elderly services;
- 7. the total expenditure on the Pilot Scheme; and
- 8. the respective numbers of elderly persons currently using Integrated Home Care Services (Ordinary Cases) (IHCS(OC)), participating in the Pilot Scheme, and waiting for IHCS(OC) in various districts (Please reply using the following table):

	No. of elderly persons	No. of elderly persons	No. of elderly persons
	using IHCS(OC)	participating in the Pilot Scheme	waiting for IHCS(OC)
Central & Western			
Wan Chai			
Eastern			
Southern			
Sham Shui Po			
Yau Tsim Mong			

	No. of elderly persons using IHCS(OC)	No. of elderly persons participating in the Pilot Scheme	No. of elderly persons waiting for IHCS(OC)
Kowloon City	<u> </u>		
Wong Tai Sin			
Kwun Tong			
Kwai Tsing			
Tsuen Wan			
Tuen Mun			
Yuen Long			
North			
Tai Po			
Sha Tin			
Sai Kung			
Islands			

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 68)

Reply:

Funded by the CCF, the three-year Pilot Scheme was launched in December 2017. The Pilot Scheme has been extended for 25 months starting from December 2020 to the end of 2022, with the Social Welfare Department (SWD) being responsible for its continued implementation.

As at the end of December 2020, a total of 4 511 elderly persons waitlisted for IHCS(OC) had been invited to participate in the Pilot Scheme and were assessed by the simple assessment tools over the past 3 years. Among them, 195 were assessed to be with no impairment, and 163 were assessed to be of non-mild impairment and recommended for further assessment. Meanwhile, 3 827 were assessed to have mild impairment and approved by the CCF to be eligible for the Pilot Scheme and were referred to service units for follow-up, and 69 were assessed to be ineligible. During the same period, a cumulative total of 3 496 persons had received services and granted with the subsidy, involving an expenditure of about \$106.9 million.

As at the end of December 2020, a total of 1 071 persons had left the Pilot Scheme over the past 3 years. The number of such persons with a breakdown by reason for leaving is set out as follows:

Reason for	Deceased	Received	Received	Withdrawn from	Total
leaving the Pilot	Deceased	residential care	subsidised	the Pilot Scheme	
Scheme		services	community care	[Note]	
			services		
No. of persons	219	163	166	523	1 071

[Note] The main reasons for withdrawal include elderly persons hospitalised for treatment or experiencing changes in family support (e.g. elderly persons being taken care of by family members or domestic helpers.)

SWD and Sau Po Centre on Ageing of the University of Hong Kong have trained a total of 163 accredited assessors for approved service providers over the past 3 years.

SWD does not have information on the number of persons currently participating in the Pilot Scheme with a breakdown by District Council (DC) district. The number of elderly cases currently using IHCS(OC) and that of waitlisted elderly persons with a breakdown by DC district are set out in Annexes 1 and 2 respectively.

Number of elderly cases currently using IHCS(OC) in 2020-21

(as at end-December 2020)

District	No. of cases
Central & Western	479
Eastern	1 325
Wan Chai	351
Southern	849
Islands	283
Kwun Tong	1 574
Wong Tai Sin	1 196
Sai Kung	365
Kowloon City	1 170
Yau Tsim Mong	812
Sham Shui Po	1 389
Sha Tin	1 130
Tai Po	501
North	1 001
Yuen Long	909
Tuen Mun	890
Tsuen Wan	377
Kwai Tsing	992
Total	15 593

Number of waitlisted elderly persons for IHCS(OC) in 2020-21

(as at end-December 2020)

District	No. of waitlisted persons
Central & Western	63
Eastern	158
Wan Chai	103
Southern	111
Islands	81
Kwun Tong	923
Wong Tai Sin	620
Sai Kung	134
Kowloon City	98
Yau Tsim Mong	96
Sham Shui Po	338
Sha Tin	571
Tai Po	138
North	96
Yuen Long	180
Tuen Mun	309
Tsuen Wan	6
Kwai Tsing	47
Total	4 072

Examination of Estimates of Expenditure 2021-22

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)048

(Question Serial No. 2944)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please list the following for the past 5 years:

- 1. the quota for Bought Place Scheme (BPS) and non-BPS places of various subsidised residential care services (RCS) for persons with disabilities, the average waiting time and the number of persons who applied for a freeze on service allocation, with a breakdown by age and 18 District Council (DC) districts;
- 2. the per capita costs, fees and charges, and total amount of subsidies as regards BPS and non-BPS places of various subsidised RCS for persons with disabilities;
- 3. the total number of waitlisted persons with disabilities having passed away or withdrawn their application, and the percentage share of the number of such persons with disabilities, with a breakdown by age;
- 4. the number of persons waitlisted for BPS and non-BPS places of various subsidised RCS for persons with disabilities, with a breakdown by age and 18 DC districts; and

	Aged 18 to	Aged 31 to	Aged 41 to	Aged 51 to	Aged 61 to	Aged 71 to	Aged 81 or
	30	40	50	60	70	80	above
Central & Western							
Wan Chai							
Eastern							
Southern							
Sham Shui Po							
Yau Tsim Mong							
Kowloon City							
Wong Tai Sin							
Kwun Tong							
Kwai Tsing							
Tsuen Wan							
Tuen Mun							
Yuen Long							
North							
Tai Po							
Sha Tin							
Sai Kung							
Islands							

5. the number of users of BPS and non-BPS places of various subsidised RCS for persons with disabilities, with a breakdown by age and 18 DC districts.

	Aged 18 to	Aged 31 to	Aged 41 to	Aged 51 to	Aged 61 to	Aged 71 to	Aged 81 or
	30	40	50	60	70	80	above
Central & Western							
Wan Chai							
Eastern							
Southern							
Sham Shui Po							
Yau Tsim Mong							
Kowloon City							
Wong Tai Sin							
Kwun Tong							
Kwai Tsing							
Tsuen Wan							
Tuen Mun							
Yuen Long							
North							
Tai Po							
Sha Tin							
Sai Kung							
Islands							

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 75)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The number of service places and average waiting time for various residential rehabilitation services for persons with disabilities by administrative district of Social Welfare Department (SWD) in each of the past 3 years are set out in Annexes 1 and 2. SWD does not have information on the number of persons who applied for a freeze on service allocation.
- 2. The average cost per place per month for residential rehabilitation services for persons with disabilities in each of the past 3 years is set out in Annex 3. In view of the diversity of residential places for persons with disabilities, SWD can only provide the average cost of bought places and all subsidised residential places for reference. The fees and charges and total subsidy amount for various types of subsidised residential rehabilitation services are set out in Annexes 4 and 5 respectively.
- 3. The number of persons on the waiting list for residential rehabilitation services having passed away or withdrawn their applications and their percentage share of the number of such persons with disabilities are set out in Annex 6. SWD does not have statistical information on persons on the waiting list for residential rehabilitation services having passed away or withdrawn their applications by age.
- 4. The number of persons waitlisted for various residential rehabilitation services by administrative district of SWD and age group in each of the past 3 years is set out in Annex 7.
- 5. SWD does not have the number of service users of various residential rehabilitation services by district and age.

Table 1: Number of service places for various types of residential rehabilitation services in 2018-19

(by SWD's administrative district)

	HMMH	HSMH	HSPH	C&A/	C&A/	SGH	SHOS	HWH	LSCH	Private
District				SD	AB	(MMHC)				RCHD
District						[Note]				under
										BPS
Central/Western/Southern &	336	652	109	200	375		79	168	170	
Islands	330	032	109	200	313	I	19	108	170	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	85	160	58	100	ı	8	40	119	1	-
Kwun Tong	308	230	65	-	-	3	61	84	-	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	188	359	100	88	-	33	76	237	-	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	304	137	20	-	52	-	19	-	-	273
Sham Shui Po	80	206	-	32	78	-	50	169	200	65
Sha Tin	186	520	88	102	-	17	93	206	-	-
Tai Po/North	180	304	-	100	-	64	101	80	-	160
Yuen Long	237	158	50	100	80	-	86	104	80	27
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	218	721	25	202	-	3	83	162	525	181
Tuen Mun	436	432	67	67	243	-	20	180	612	154
Total	2 558	3 879	582	991	828	128	708	1 509	1 587	860

[Note] SGHs(MMHC) include integrated small group homes (ISGHs).

Legend

HMMH - hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons

HSMH - hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons

HSPH - hostel for severely physically handicapped persons

C&A/SD - care and attention home for severely disabled persons

C&A/AB - care and attention home for the aged blind

SGH(MMHC) - small group home for mildly mentally handicapped children

SHOS - supported hostel

HWH - halfway house

LSCH - long stay care home

Private RCHD under BPS - private residential care home for persons with disabilities under the Bought Place Scheme

Table 2: Number of service places for various types of residential rehabilitation services in 2019-20 (by SWD's administrative district)

	HMMH	HSMH	HSPH	C&A/	C&A/	SGH	SHOS	HWH	LSCH	Private
District				SD	AB	(MMHC) [Note 1]				RCHD under BPS
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	336	652	109	200	375	-	79	168	170	_
Eastern/Wan Chai	85	158	58	100	-	8	40	144	-	46
Kwun Tong	358	282	115	51	1	3	61	144	-	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	188	359	100	88	1	33	96	237	-	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	304	137	20	-	52	ı	19	-	-	308
Sham Shui Po	80	206	-	32	78	-	50	169	200	90
Sha Tin	236	520	138	102	-	17	93	206	-	-
Tai Po/North	180	304	-	100	-	64	101	80	-	192
Yuen Long	237	158	50	100	80	-	86	104	80	27
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	218	721	25	202	-	3	83	162	525	181
Tuen Mun	436	432	50	67	243	-	36	180	612	174
Total	2 658	3 929	665	1 042	828	128	744	1 594	1 587	1 018

[Note 1] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

Table 3: Number of service places for various types of residential rehabilitation services in 2020-21

(by SWD's administrative district) (As at 31 December 2020)

	НММН	HSMH	HSPH	C&A/	C&A/	SGH	SHOS	HWH	LSCH	Private
District				SD	AB	(MMHC)				RCHD
District						[Note]				under BPS
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	376	682	109	200	375	-	79	168	170	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	85	158	58	100	-	8	40	144	-	46
Kwun Tong	409	332	165	101	-	3	101	144	-	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	188	359	100	88	-	33	96	237	-	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	304	137	20	-	52	-	19	-	-	308
Sham Shui Po	131	257	-	72	78	-	50	169	200	90
Sha Tin	236	520	138	102	-	17	93	206	-	-
Tai Po/North	180	304	-	100	-	64	101	80	-	192
Yuen Long	237	158	50	100	80	-	86	104	80	27
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	218	721	25	202	-	3	83	162	525	181
Tuen Mun	436	432	50	67	243	-	36	180	612	174
Total	2 800	4 060	715	1 132	828	128	784	1 594	1 587	1 018

[Note] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

Average waiting time for residential rehabilitation services between 2018-19 and 2020-21

Country True	Average waiting time (in months) [Note 1]						
Service Type	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21				
HMMH	114.1	144.3	Not yet available [Note 2]				
HSMH	185.6	160.5	Not yet available [Note 2]				
HSPH	168.0	123.6	Not yet available [Note 2]				
C&A/SD	68.1	68.4	Not yet available [Note 2]				
C&A/AB	10.0	9.9	Not yet available [Note 2]				
SGH(MMHC) [Note 3]	15.0	8.7	Not yet available [Note 2]				
SHOS	39.0	47.3	Not yet available [Note 2]				
HWH	6.0	5.4	Not yet available [Note 2]				
LSCH	54.3	57.8	Not yet available [Note 2]				
Private RCHD under BPS [Note 4]	N.A. [Note 4]	N.A. [Note 4]	N.A. [Note 4]				

N.A. - Not applicable

The waiting time is affected by a number of factors including the location preference of service units indicated by the applicants, the choice of specific service units indicated, the turnover rate of the service units selected by the applicants, etc. The average waiting time is compiled on a financial-year basis covering the 1st day of April of a year to the 31st day of March of the next year.

The figures for 2020-21 are not yet available as the average waiting time is compiled on a financial-year basis covering the 1st day of April of a year to the 31st day of March of the next year.

[Note 3] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

There is no separate central waiting list or data on the waiting time for the BPS for private RCHDs. For applicants on the waiting list for LSCHs and HMMHs under the Central Referral System for Rehabilitation Services, BPS places are allocated by SWD according to the preference of the applicants who have indicated acceptance of the BPS.

Legend

HMMH - hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons

HSMH - hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons

HSPH - hostel for severely physically handicapped persons

C&A/SD - care and attention home for severely disabled persons

C&A/AB - care and attention home for the aged blind

SGH(MMHC) - small group home for mildly mentally handicapped children

SHOS - supported hostel

HWH - halfway house

LSCH - long stay care home

Private RCHD under BPS - private residential care home for persons with disabilities under the Bought Place Scheme

Annex 3

The average cost per place per month for residential rehabilitation services between 2018-19 and 2020-21

Year	Average cost per place per month for residential rehabilitation services (\$)	Average cost per place per month for private RCHD under BPS (\$)
2018-19 (Actual)	16,336	8,910
2019-20 (Actual)	18,221	10,547
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	18,588	11,100

Annex 4

Fees and Charges for various subsidised residential rehabilitation services

	Current monthly	fees and charges (\$)
Service Type	adult with 50% disability	adult with 100% disability or disability allowance recipient
НММН	1,481	1,559
HSMH	1,660	1,871
HSPH	1,660	1,871
C&A/SD	1,660	1,871
C&A/AB	1,660	1,871
SGH(MMHC) [Note]	F	Free
SHOS	897	977
HWH	1	,220
LSCH	1,660	1,871
Private RCHD under BPS	1,079 (moderate level of ca	are)/1,656 (high level of care)

Note | SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

Legend

HMMH - hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons

HSMH - hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons

HSPH - hostel for severely physically handicapped persons

C&A/SD - care and attention home for severely disabled persons

C&A/AB - care and attention home for the aged blind

SGH(MMHC) - small group home for mildly mentally handicapped children

SHOS - supported hostel

HWH - halfway house

LSCH - long stay care home

Private RCHD under BPS - private residential care home for persons with disabilities under the Bought Place Scheme

Total subsidy amount for various types of residential rehabilitation services between 2018-19 and 2020-21

	To	tal subsidy amount (\$ mi	llion)
Service Type	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	(Actual)	(Actual)	(Revised Estimate)
НММН	327.8	350.2	378.4
HSMH	829.7	937.0	982.5
HSPH	139.4	146.8	180.0
C&A/SD	265.6	292.3	321.8
C&A/AB	164.8	181.0	179.2
SGH(MMHC) [Note]	23.5	31.7	32.9
SHOS	90.4	102.8	111.9
HWH	211.6	220.3	232.2
LSCH	297.7	311.0	308.9
Private RCHD under BPS	64.0	94.7	166.8

[Note] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

Legend

HMMH - hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons

HSMH - hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons

HSPH - hostel for severely physically handicapped persons

C&A/SD - care and attention home for severely disabled persons

C&A/AB - care and attention home for the aged blind

SGH(MMHC) - small group home for mildly mentally handicapped children

SHOS - supported hostel

HWH - halfway house

LSCH - long stay care home

Private RCHD under BPS - private residential care home for persons with disabilities under the Bought Place Scheme

Table 1: Number of persons having passed away while waiting for residential rehabilitation services in 2018-19

Service Type	Number of waitlisted persons	Number of waitlisted persons having passed away	Percentage of waitlisted persons having passed away
НММН	2 475	3	0.12%
HSMH	2 609	16	0.61%
HSPH	663	26	3.92%
C&A/SD	602	28	4.65%
C&A/AB	167	8	4.79%
SGH(MMHC) [Note 1]	34	-	0.00%
SHOS	2 126	4	0.19%
HWH	602	1	0.17%
LSCH	2 431	7	0.29%
Private RCHD under BPS	N.A. [Note 2]	N.A. [Note 2]	N.A. [Note 2]

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

There is no separate central waiting list or data on the waiting time for the BPS for private RCHDs. For applicants on the waiting list for LSCHs and HMMHs under the Central Referral System for Rehabilitation Services, BPS places are allocated by SWD according to the preference of the applicants who have indicated acceptance of the BPS.

Legend

HMMH - hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons

HSMH - hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons

HSPH - hostel for severely physically handicapped persons

C&A/SD - care and attention home for severely disabled persons

C&A/AB - care and attention home for the aged blind

SGH(MMHC) - small group home for mildly mentally handicapped children

SHOS - supported hostel

HWH - halfway house

LSCH - long stay care home

Private RCHD under BPS - private residential care home for persons with disabilities under the Bought Place Scheme

Table 2: Number of persons having passed away while waiting for residential rehabilitation services in 2019-20

Service Type	Number of waitlisted persons	Number of waitlisted persons having passed away	Percentage of waitlisted persons having passed away
НММН	2 516	6	0.24%
HSMH	2 427	29	1.19%
HSPH	545	28	5.14%
C&A/SD	581	40	6.88%
C&A/AB	148	20	13.51%
SGH(MMHC) [Note 1]	50	-	0.00%
SHOS	2 203	10	0.45%
HWH	617	7	1.13%
LSCH	2 627	8	0.30%
Private RCHD under BPS	N.A. [Note 2]	N.A. [Note 2]	N.A. [Note 2]

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

There is no separate central waiting list or data on the waiting time for the BPS for private RCHDs. For applicants on the waiting list for LSCHs and HMMHs under the Central Referral System for Rehabilitation Services, BPS places are allocated by SWD according to the preference of the applicants who have indicated acceptance of the BPS.

Table 3: Number of persons having passed away while waiting for residential rehabilitation services in 2020-21 (As at 31 December 2020)

Service Type	Number of waitlisted persons	Number of waitlisted persons having passed away	Percentage of waitlisted persons having passed away
НММН	2 510	7	0.28%
HSMH	2 434	5	0.21%
HSPH	407	15	3.69%
C&A/SD	536	26	4.85%
C&A/AB	150	9	6.00%
SGH(MMHC) [Note 1]	74	-	0.00%
SHOS	2 233	1	0.04%
HWH	510	-	0.00%
LSCH	2 646	13	0.49%
Private RCHD under BPS	N.A. [Note 2]	N.A. [Note 2]	N.A. [Note 2]

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

There is no separate central waiting list or data on the waiting time for the BPS for private RCHDs. For applicants on the waiting list for LSCHs and HMMHs under the Central Referral System for Rehabilitation Services, BPS places are allocated by SWD according to the preference of the applicants who have indicated acceptance of the BPS.

Table 4: Number of waitlisted persons having withdrawn their applications for residential rehabilitation services from 2018-19 to 2020-21

Year	Number of waitlisted persons	Number of waitlisted persons having withdrawn their applications [Note]	Percentage of waitlisted persons having withdrawn their applications
2018-19	11 709	547	4.67%
2019-20	11 714	736	6.28%
2020-21 (As at 31 December 2020)	11 500	575	5.00%

[Note] Including those waitlisted persons having their applications withdrawn due to death.

Table 1: Number of persons waitlisted for HMMHs in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

	Number of persons waitlisted							
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	32	67	35	24	16	8	-	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	21	71	65	42	14	14	2	-
Kwun Tong	31	92	50	47	33	16	1	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	61	110	61	33	38	10	-	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	43	51	39	38	19	12	1	-
Sham Shui Po	31	56	40	24	20	6	1	-
Sha Tin	28	75	63	35	20	4	2	-
Tai Po/North	35	74	39	23	19	6	-	-
Yuen Long	42	70	43	11	24	3	-	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	41	94	62	38	29	14	-	_
Tuen Mun	38	80	51	26	9	2	-	ı
Total	403	840	548	341	241	95	7	•

Table 2: Number of persons waitlisted for HMMHs in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

	Number of persons waitlisted							
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	30	71	37	19	20	4	1	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	25	69	68	40	14	14	1	-
Kwun Tong	32	94	47	44	31	16	2	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	64	119	62	29	28	13	-	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	54	51	42	28	20	9	1	-
Sham Shui Po	34	56	40	25	22	5	1	-
Sha Tin	23	71	65	33	20	2	2	-
Tai Po/North	32	72	44	27	21	6	-	-
Yuen Long	47	79	43	15	22	6	-	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	34	101	72	32	31	15	1	-
Tuen Mun	40	80	57	30	9	2	-	-
Total	415	863	577	322	238	92	9	-

Table 3: Number of persons waitlisted for HMMHs in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)
(As at 31 December 2020)

	Number of persons waitlisted								
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	32	71	32	20	19	5	1	-	
Eastern/Wan Chai	22	67	66	39	19	13	2	-	
Kwun Tong	43	88	53	37	33	13	1	-	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	67	125	56	33	25	9	-	-	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	44	54	45	31	17	13	-	1	
Sham Shui Po	32	54	34	25	10	5	1	-	
Sha Tin	27	69	61	32	18	4	2	-	
Tai Po/North	32	67	53	27	19	6	1	-	
Yuen Long	44	85	49	16	18	6	-	-	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	38	107	64	33	37	13	1	-	
Tuen Mun	42	84	58	30	8	2	-	-	
Total	423	871	571	323	223	89	9	1	

Table 4: Number of persons waitlisted for HSMHs in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

	Number of persons waitlisted								
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	31	76	34	16	18	5	1	-	
Eastern/Wan Chai	30	84	44	22	24	13	2	-	
Kwun Tong	46	100	57	30	24	13	3	-	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	52	126	65	27	26	20	1	-	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	42	75	47	25	26	10	1	-	
Sham Shui Po	27	58	39	15	24	8	1	-	
Sha Tin	27	79	51	17	13	13	2	-	
Tai Po/North	37	114	48	13	9	4	3	-	
Yuen Long	32	110	39	29	24	13	1	-	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	37	99	65	43	22	16	2	-	
Tuen Mun	23	71	65	33	35	29	3	-	
Total	384	992	554	270	245	144	20	-	

Table 5: Number of persons waitlisted for HSMHs in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

	Number of persons waitlisted							
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	28	69	39	14	20	4	1	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	30	88	44	20	22	12	7	-
Kwun Tong	45	86	57	19	19	14	2	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	47	129	55	23	22	19	2	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	46	82	44	24	16	4	3	-
Sham Shui Po	31	53	39	11	19	8	1	-
Sha Tin	25	69	36	14	13	10	3	-
Tai Po/North	38	99	32	8	6	5	4	-
Yuen Long	42	105	33	25	25	12	2	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	41	97	61	35	25	17	2	-
Tuen Mun	22	61	64	27	30	20	1	-
Total	395	938	504	220	217	125	28	-

Table 6: Number of persons waitlisted for HSMHs in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)
(As at 31 December 2020)

			Nun	iber of per	sons waitl	isted		
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	33	58	40	15	19	5	1	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	29	84	50	19	20	10	7	-
Kwun Tong	41	88	55	19	20	12	3	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	47	135	56	17	19	23	2	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	40	83	39	22	14	5	2	-
Sham Shui Po	32	55	38	12	21	8	1	-
Sha Tin	26	67	37	15	14	8	3	-
Tai Po/North	38	100	33	7	11	4	4	-
Yuen Long	48	107	38	24	23	15	2	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	41	94	64	32	26	21	2	-
Tuen Mun	26	57	65	32	24	24	3	-
Total	401	928	515	214	211	135	30	-

Table 7: Number of persons waitlisted for HSPHs in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

			Nun	ber of per	sons waitl	isted		
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern &	3	16	5	8	18	8	_	_
Islands	3	10	3	O	10	O	_	_
Eastern/Wan Chai	5	16	11	13	14	6	-	-
Kwun Tong	1	7	5	17	27	8	2	1
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	6	13	6	17	29	14	-	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	1	5	8	16	25	8	-	-
Sham Shui Po	2	11	3	5	14	5	1	-
Sha Tin	3	13	2	9	31	11	-	-
Tai Po/North	1	8	4	7	15	12	-	-
Yuen Long	4	9	5	9	12	3	-	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	7	7	8	19	28	5	-	-
Tuen Mun	5	10	9	8	15	4	-	-
Total	38	115	66	128	228	84	3	1

Table 8: Number of persons waitlisted for HSPHs in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

			Nun	iber of per	sons waitl	isted		
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	4	13	9	8	18	5	-	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	5	14	9	11	17	3	-	-
Kwun Tong	1	9	2	10	23	4	-	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	5	13	4	14	14	8	-	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	3	4	9	11	24	3	-	-
Sham Shui Po	2	4	3	4	13	3	-	-
Sha Tin	2	11	3	9	15	6	-	-
Tai Po/North	3	7	5	4	10	-	-	-
Yuen Long	3	8	7	7	11	2	-	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	7	8	7	18	28	5	-	-
Tuen Mun	4	11	8	9	15	6	-	-
Total	39	102	66	105	188	45	-	-

Table 9: Number of persons waitlisted for HSPHs in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)
(As at 31 December 2020)

			Nun	iber of per	sons waitl	isted		
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	3	12	6	8	16	5	-	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	4	13	6	4	15	1	-	-
Kwun Tong	2	6	2	5	10	5	-	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	3	6	4	11	15	8	-	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	1	3	8	8	14	1	-	-
Sham Shui Po	2	3	2	1	10	1	-	-
Sha Tin	-	8	3	5	12	4	-	-
Tai Po/North	2	6	1	2	7	1	-	-
Yuen Long	3	6	4	8	9	2	-	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	7	7	6	9	22	4	-	-
Tuen Mun	4	9	7	7	9	9	-	-
Total	31	79	49	68	139	41	-	-

Table 10: Number of persons waitlisted for C&A/SDs in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

			Nun	ber of per	sons waitl	isted		
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	5	7	7	9	26	2	1	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	6	6	3	9	16	6	2	-
Kwun Tong	6	8	2	5	17	4	1	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	21	9	3	9	23	5	1	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	4	7	3	9	28	5	-	-
Sham Shui Po	6	8	3	9	14	1	-	-
Sha Tin	7	5	4	7	20	6	-	-
Tai Po/North	16	8	6	9	16	9	6	-
Yuen Long	11	17	2	6	9	2	1	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	18	11	3	12	24	6	1	-
Tuen Mun	6	8	3	5	13	8	1	-
Total	106	94	39	89	206	54	14	-

Table 11: Number of persons waitlisted for C&A/SDs in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

			Nun	ber of per	sons waitl	isted		
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	5	8	9	8	29	3	1	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	8	6	2	8	15	7	2	-
Kwun Tong	6	5	1	8	14	1	2	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	15	14	2	8	19	5	1	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	5	5	5	11	25	8	-	-
Sham Shui Po	8	3	3	6	11	4	-	-
Sha Tin	8	1	5	8	22	5	-	-
Tai Po/North	17	10	7	6	22	7	5	1
Yuen Long	10	17	2	8	8	1	1	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	13	10	4	9	19	7	1	-
Tuen Mun	6	9	-	3	11	9	3	-
Total	101	88	40	83	195	57	16	1

Table 12: Number of persons waitlisted for C&A/SDs in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)
(As at 31 December 2020)

			Nun	ber of per	sons waitl	isted		
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	4	7	9	8	23	9	1	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	7	6	1	11	10	4	2	-
Kwun Tong	7	3	2	5	16	1	2	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	17	8	6	6	20	7	1	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	6	5	5	10	18	5	-	=.
Sham Shui Po	7	1	3	6	8	5	-	-
Sha Tin	10	2	3	6	17	7	-	-
Tai Po/North	16	7	6	5	18	4	3	-
Yuen Long	10	12	2	5	11	1	1	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	14	6	3	14	22	9	2	-
Tuen Mun	4	9	1	3	13	5	3	-
Total	102	66	41	79	176	57	15	-

Table 13: Number of persons waitlisted for SHOSs in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

			Nun	iber of per	sons waitl	isted		_					
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above					
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	14	30	40	36	31	8	1	-					
Eastern/Wan Chai	5	31	34	38	40	9	1	-					
Kwun Tong	20	46	55	56	33	14	-	-					
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	18	71	86	75	69	15	1	-					
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	10	17	23	22	24	11	-	-					
Sham Shui Po	9	27	35	32	33	4	-	-					
Sha Tin	9	34	57	53	24	7	-	-					
Tai Po/North	20	60	72	24	25	1	-	-					
Yuen Long	7	56	49	33	24	1	-	-					
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	26	61	64	57	33	11	1	-					
Tuen Mun	15	54	61	29	28	6	-	-					
Total	153	487	576	455	364	87	4	-					

Table 14: Number of persons waitlisted for SHOSs in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

			Nun	ber of per	sons waitl	isted		
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	8	32	43	34	32	8	1	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	5	31	37	39	36	9	1	-
Kwun Tong	27	53	48	49	37	11	1	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	24	69	96	66	66	17	1	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	9	18	22	21	23	8	-	-
Sham Shui Po	10	28	42	27	38	8	-	-
Sha Tin	14	36	60	51	22	9	-	-
Tai Po/North	21	71	64	28	27	2	-	-
Yuen Long	16	55	51	34	26	1	-	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	31	60	73	56	39	10	1	-
Tuen Mun	17	52	66	38	30	7	-	-
Total	182	505	602	443	376	90	5	-

Table 15: Number of persons waitlisted for SHOSs in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)
(As at 31 December 2020)

			Nun	ber of per	sons waitl	isted		
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	7	37	51	40	33	9	1	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	4	30	31	39	28	9	1	-
Kwun Tong	25	56	51	40	32	12	1	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	26	64	91	65	57	20	-	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	8	23	23	16	23	8	-	=
Sham Shui Po	11	28	42	29	38	7	-	=
Sha Tin	9	44	61	61	20	8	-	=
Tai Po/North	17	76	64	37	26	3	-	-
Yuen Long	16	55	54	33	28	2	-	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	33	56	87	57	37	12	1	-
Tuen Mun	17	57	69	41	29	7	_	-
Total	173	526	624	458	351	97	4	-

Table 16: Number of persons waitlisted for LSCHs in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

			Nun	iber of per	sons waitl	isted		
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern &	_	3	20	59	102	64	12	8
Islands	-	3	20	39	102	04	12	O
Eastern/Wan Chai	1	2	4	22	67	68	12	3
Kwun Tong	-	2	11	34	62	46	5	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	-	1	12	33	93	46	5	2
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	-	2	17	52	84	48	4	3
Sham Shui Po	-	2	13	30	74	43	5	-
Sha Tin	-	7	22	58	102	68	13	-
Tai Po/North	-	2	16	33	84	60	10	-
Yuen Long	2	3	17	38	59	28	4	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	2	4	22	68	113	79	11	-
Tuen Mun	-	8	30	72	130	82	7	1
Total	5	36	184	499	970	632	88	17

Table 17: Number of persons waitlisted for LSCHs in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

			Nun	ber of per	sons waitl	isted		_						
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above						
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	-	5	15	64	110	86	14	7						
Eastern/Wan Chai	-	3	5	20	78	81	11	4						
Kwun Tong	-	3	12	34	69	44	3	1						
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	1	1	13	33	91	54	11	1						
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	-	2	14	62	86	53	4	2						
Sham Shui Po	-	3	10	36	74	41	7	-						
Sha Tin	-	9	22	61	107	89	16	-						
Tai Po/North	-	2	19	36	77	70	10	-						
Yuen Long	-	8	17	41	56	32	6	-						
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	1	6	26	79	126	83	12	-						
Tuen Mun	-	11	26	70	123	106	10	2						
Total	2	53	179	536	997	739	104	17						

Table 18: Number of persons waitlisted for LSCHs in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)
(As at 31 December 2020)

	Number of persons waitlisted								
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	-	4	10	60	119	83	17	7	
Eastern/Wan Chai	-	3	8	23	78	74	15	4	
Kwun Tong	-	3	13	33	73	45	3	1	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	1	2	11	36	83	55	11	1	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	-	1	16	53	87	52	10	2	
Sham Shui Po	-	3	8	35	72	44	8	-	
Sha Tin	-	8	25	68	107	97	17	-	
Tai Po/North	-	-	22	37	81	68	13	-	
Yuen Long	-	9	12	38	53	39	5	-	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	1	7	27	78	137	74	10	1	
Tuen Mun	2	12	22	72	115	110	11	1	
Total	4	52	174	533	1 005	741	120	17	

Table 19: Number of persons waitlisted for HWHs in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

	Number of persons waitlisted								
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	-	17	9	16	13	9	-	-	
Eastern/Wan Chai	-	24	21	28	28	8	-	-	
Kwun Tong	1	13	20	12	13	-	-	-	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	-	8	10	10	11	2	-	-	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	-	10	10	10	10	3	-	-	
Sham Shui Po	-	3	3	11	5	-	-	-	
Sha Tin	4	20	20	8	5	2	-	-	
Tai Po/North	1	12	17	16	9	3	-	-	
Yuen Long	2	8	11	7	9	-	-	-	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	2	18	17	18	11	1	1	-	
Tuen Mun	1	7	17	12	4	1	-	-	
Total	11	140	155	148	118	29	1	-	

Table 20: Number of persons waitlisted for HWHs in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

	Number of persons waitlisted							
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	2	11	12	10	21	7	1	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	1	20	24	27	26	4	1	-
Kwun Tong	4	8	12	14	10	1	-	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	-	12	9	11	9	1	-	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	3	9	14	12	10	2	-	-
Sham Shui Po	-	7	9	9	10	2	-	-
Sha Tin	-	12	16	16	13	4	-	-
Tai Po/North	1	12	19	13	9	1	-	-
Yuen Long	2	8	16	5	3	-	-	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	2	13	27	16	17	4	-	-
Tuen Mun	3	5	12	14	8	1	-	-
Total	18	117	170	147	136	27	2	-

Table 21: Number of persons waitlisted for HWHs in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)
(As at 31 December 2020)

	Number of persons waitlisted								
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	-	8	8	11	9	4	-	-	
Eastern/Wan Chai	1	16	18	22	22	11	-	-	
Kwun Tong	1	4	9	10	14	1	-	-	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	3	5	11	8	3	1	-	-	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	-	10	13	8	9	3	-	-	
Sham Shui Po	2	7	5	9	10	-	-	-	
Sha Tin	2	12	13	8	8	5	-	-	
Tai Po/North	2	5	13	14	7	2	-	-	
Yuen Long	2	11	10	2	5	-	-	-	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	-	9	21	16	20	2	-	-	
Tuen Mun	-	9	14	11	10	1	-	-	
Total	13	96	135	119	117	30	-	-	

Table 22: Number of persons waitlisted for C&A/ABs in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

District	I	Number of persons waitlist	ed
District	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern &	3	7	14
Islands	3	/	14
Eastern/Wan Chai	3	3	12
Kwun Tong	3	4	10
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	5	2	5
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	2	2	11
Sham Shui Po	2	3	10
Sha Tin	1	2	11
Tai Po/North	6	2	3
Yuen Long	2	4	8
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	3	6	10
Tuen Mun	3	1	4
Total	33	36	98

Table 23: Number of persons waitlisted for C&A/ABs in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

District	1	Number of persons waitlist	ed
District	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern &		4	6
Islands	-	4	6
Eastern/Wan Chai	4	1	7
Kwun Tong	3	4	7
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	4	3	10
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	3	1	9
Sham Shui Po	1	-	10
Sha Tin	3	2	9
Tai Po/North	2	2	4
Yuen Long	1	5	11
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	-	7	14
Tuen Mun	2	3	6
Total	23	32	93

Table 24: Number of persons waitlisted for C&A/ABs in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)
(As at 31 December 2020)

District		Number of persons waitliste	ed
District	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	1	2	8
Eastern/Wan Chai	5	2	7
Kwun Tong	1	6	4
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	5	7	15
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	6	4	4
Sham Shui Po	1	3	9
Sha Tin	2	3	6
Tai Po/North	2	3	5
Yuen Long	1	5	13
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	=	6	7
Tuen Mun	4	1	2
Total	28	42	80

Table 25: Number of persons waitlisted for SGHs(MMHC) $^{[Note]}$ in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

District		Number of pe	rsons waitlisted	
District	Aged 6 to 8	Aged 9 to 11	Aged 12 to 15	Aged 16 or above
Central/Western/Southern &				
Islands	-	_	-	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	-	-	2	2
Kwun Tong	-	7	1	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	1	2	2	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	-	1	-	-
Sham Shui Po	-	1	2	-
Sha Tin	1	1	1	-
Tai Po/North	1	1	1	1
Yuen Long	-	1	1	1
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	-	-	-	-
Tuen Mun	1	-	2	-
Total	4	14	12	4

[Note]

SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

Table 26: Number of persons waitlisted for SGHs(MMHC) [Note] in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

District		Number of per	rsons waitlisted	
District	Aged 6 to 8	Aged 9 to 11	Aged 12 to 15	Aged 16 or above
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	2	1	-	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	-	1	3	2
Kwun Tong	1	2	7	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	2	2	1	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	-	1	1	-
Sham Shui Po	-	-	2	1
Sha Tin	-	2	2	-
Tai Po/North	3	2	3	-
Yuen Long	-	-	2	1
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	1	-	4	-
Tuen Mun	-	-	1	-
Total	9	11	26	4

[Note]

SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

Table 27: Number of persons waitlisted for SGHs(MMHC) [Note] in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

(As at 31 December 2020)

District	·	Number of pe	rsons waitlisted	
District	Aged 6 to 8	Aged 9 to 11	Aged 12 to 15	Aged 16 or above
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	1	1	2	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	-	1	3	3
Kwun Tong	1	2	14	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	3	3	2	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	-	1	3	-
Sham Shui Po	1	1	3	-
Sha Tin	-	2	5	-
Tai Po/North	2	1	4	-
Yuen Long	-	2	4	1
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	3	-	3	-
Tuen Mun	1	-	1	-
Total	12	14	44	4

SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)049

(Question Serial No. 2945)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please list the following for the past 5 years:

- 1. the quota for various day care and community care services for persons with disabilities (including residential respite, day respite and home-based support services) and the average waiting time, with a breakdown by age and 18 District Council (DC) districts;
- 2. the per capita costs, fees and charges, and total amount of subsidies as regards various day care and community care services for persons with disabilities (including residential respite, day respite and home-based support services);
- 3. the number of users of various day care and community care services for persons with disabilities (including residential respite, day respite and home-based support services), with a breakdown by gender, age and 18 DC districts; and

	Aged	Aged 18	Aged 31	Aged 41	Aged 51	Aged 61	Aged 71	Aged 81
	under 18	to 30	to 40	to 50	to 60	to 70	to 80	or above
Central & Western								
Wan Chai								
Eastern								
Southern								
Sham Shui Po								
Yau Tsim Mong								
Kowloon City								
Wong Tai Sin								
Kwun Tong								
Kwai Tsing								
Tsuen Wan								
Tuen Mun								
Yuen Long								
North								
Tai Po								
Sha Tin		_	_		_		_	_
Sai Kung								
Islands								

4. the number of persons waitlisted for various day care and community care services for persons with disabilities (including residential respite, day respite and home-based support services), with a breakdown by gender, age and 18 DC districts.

	Aged under 18	Aged 18 to 30	Aged 31 to 40	Aged 41 to 50	Aged 51 to 60	Aged 61 to 70	Aged 71 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Central & Western								
Wan Chai								
Eastern								
Southern								
Sham Shui Po								
Yau Tsim Mong								
Kowloon City								
Wong Tai Sin								
Kwun Tong								
Kwai Tsing								
Tsuen Wan								
Tuen Mun								
Yuen Long								
North								
Tai Po								
Sha Tin								
Sai Kung								
Islands								

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 76)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. From 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020), the number of service places and headcount of service users of day and residential respite services for persons with disabilities are set out at Tables 1 and 2 of Annex 1 respectively, whereas the number of service places of integrated support service for persons with severe physical disabilities (ISS) and home care service for persons with severe disabilities (HCS) are set out in Table 3 of Annex 1. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have information on the average waiting time for day and residential respite services, ISS and HCS by age and 18 DC districts.
- 2. The total amount of subsidies for day respite services, ISS and HCS is set out in Annex 2 respectively. SWD does not have information on the total amount of subsidies for residential respite services and the per capita costs for various services. The fees and charges for various services have been uploaded onto SWD's webpages (the respective websites as follows):

Residential respite service:

https://www.swd.gov.hk/en/index/site_pubsvc/page_rehab/sub_listofserv/id_sup_portcom/id_2respites/

Day respite service:

https://www.swd.gov.hk/en/index/site_pubsvc/page_rehab/sub_listofserv/id_sup_portcom/id_drs/

ISS:

 $\underline{https://www.swd.gov.hk/en/index/site_pubsvc/page_rehab/sub_listofserv/id_sup_portcom/id_iss/}$

HCS

https://www.swd.gov.hk/en/index/site_pubsvc/page_rehab/sub_listofserv/id_sup_portcom/id_hcs/

3. & 4. SWD does not have information on the number of users and the number of persons waitlisted for various day care and community care services for persons with disabilities (including residential respite, day respite and home-based support services) by gender, age and 18 DC districts.

Table 1: Number of service places of day and residential respite services for persons with disabilities from 2016-17 to 2020-21

Year	Number of places				
rear	Day respite service	Residential respite services			
2016-17	158	291			
2017-18	158	292			
2018-19	158	297			
2019-20	160	318			
2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)	160	344			

Table 2: Headcount of service users of day and residential respite services for persons with disabilities from 2016-17 to 2020-21

Voor	Headcount of service users [Note 1]			
Year	Day respite service	Residential respite service		
2016-17	3 117	3 331		
2017-18	2 482	3 370		
2018-19	2 427	3 013		
2019-20	1 805	2 285		
2020-21 [Note 2] (as at 31 December 2020)	599	159		

[Note 1] A service user may have multiple admissions for day or residential respite service in a year.

[Note 2] Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of service users over the previous years.

Table 3: Number of service places of ISS and HCS from 2016-17 to 2020-21

Year	Number of service places			
rear	ISS	HCS		
2016-17	900	3 250		
2017-18	900	3 250		
2018-19	900	3 250		
2019-20	900	3 550		
2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)	900	3 550		

Annex 2
Total amount of subsidies for various day care and community care services for persons with disabilities

Service type	2016-17 (Actual) (\$ million)	2017-18 (Actual) (\$ million)	2018-19 (Actual) (\$ million)	2019-20 (Actual) (\$ million)	2020-21 (Revised Estimate) (\$ million)
Day respite	7.1	7.3	7.6	7.9	7.8
HCS	254.1	262.8	287.0	305.3	330.4
ISS	61.9	61.6	64.9	68.8	68.6

⁻ End -

Examination of Estimates of Expenditure 2021-22

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)050

(Question Serial No. 2946)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

For each of the next 5 years, please set out:

- 1. the estimated number of additional places for various types of residential care homes for persons with disabilities (RCHDs), broken down by year of service commencement and 18 District Council (DC) districts;
- 2. the estimated number of additional places for various types of day care and community care service (including residential and day respite services) for persons with disabilities, broken down by year of service commencement and 18 DC districts; and
- 3. the number of additional places for rehabilitation services in the coming 5 years as it is stated in the 2020 Policy Address that the gross floor area in public housing set aside for the provision of social welfare facilities will be raised to 5%.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 77)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The estimated number of additional places for various residential rehabilitation services for persons with disabilities in the coming 5 years broken down by 18 DC districts are set out in Annex 1.
- 2. The number of service places of day care service for persons with severe disabilities (DC/SD), day and residential respite services for persons with disabilities, integrated support service for persons with severe physical disabilities (ISS) and home care service for persons with severe disabilities (HCS) in 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) are set out in Annex 2. Apart from maintaining existing service places, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) will consider increasing the service places having regard to the demand of persons with disabilities.

Moreover, SWD will provide additional places under residential respite services in new subvented RCHDs. Starting from March 2021, SWD will also purchase more than 40 designated residential respite places from RCHDs participating in the Bought Place Scheme (BPS) for RCHDs.

3.	In accordance with the 2020 Policy Address, the Government has invited the Hong Kong Housing Authority and the Hong Kong Housing Society to explore reserving about 5% of the total domestic gross floor area in future public housing development projects exclusively for welfare uses, without affecting the public housing supply and other ancillary facilities. As the planning details are yet to be confirmed, the aggregate floor area and distribution of various welfare uses are currently unavailable.

Estimated number of additional service places for various residential rehabilitation services from 2021-22 to 2025-26

(by DC district)

Service	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26
Hostel for					
moderately	50 (Sham Shui Po)				
mentally	75 (Tuen Mun)	-	-	50 (Southern)	-
handicapped	20 (Kwai Tsing)				
persons					
Hostel for severely	50 (Sham Shui Po)				
mentally	400 (Tuen Mun)	_	60 (Tai Po)	_	50 (Kwun Tong)
handicapped	11 (Sai Kung)	_	50 (North)	_	50 (Tuen Mun)
persons	11 (Sai Kung)				
Hostel for severely					
physically	75 (Tuen Mun)	_	_	_	_
handicapped	75 (Tuell Wull)	_	_	_	_
persons					
Care and attention					
home for severely	200 (Tuen Mun)	-	40 (North)	-	-
disabled persons					
Long stay care home	400 (Tuen Mun)	-	-	-	-
Supported hostel	50 (Sham Shui Po) 30 (Sha Tin)	30 (Sha Tin)	30 (Sai Kung) 60 (Tuen Mun)	40 (Eastern)	50 (Tuen Mun)
Private RCHD participating in the BPS	300 (locations to be determined)	-	-	-	-

Number of service places of DC/SD, day and residential respite services for persons with disabilities, ISS and HCS

Service type	Number of service places in 2020-21 (As at end-December 2020)
DC/SD	239
Day respite service for persons with disabilities	160
Residential respite service for persons with disabilities	344
ISS	900
HCS	3 550

- End -

Examination of Estimates of Expenditure 2021-22

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)051

(Question Serial No. 2961)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Would the Government please advise the following for each of the past 5 years by District Council (DC) district:

- 1) the number and age of persons benefiting from the "Pilot Scheme on Living Allowance for Low-income Carers of Persons with Disabilities" under the Community Care Fund (CCF) and the amount involved;
- 2) the number and age of persons receiving the "Special Care Subsidy for the Severely Disabled" under the CCF and the amount involved;
- 3) the number and age of persons benefiting from the "Pilot Scheme on Providing Subsidy for Higher Disability Allowance Recipients in Paid Employment to Hire Carers" under the CCF and the amount involved; and
- 4) the number of persons benefiting from the "Pilot Scheme on Raising the Maximum Level of Disregarded Earnings for Recipients with Disabilities under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance Scheme" under the CCF.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 79)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1) As at the end of December 2020, a total of 2 320 carers had received allowances under the Pilot Scheme on Living Allowance for Low-income Carers of Persons with Disabilities. The amount of subsidy granted was about \$209 million. The age distribution of the beneficiary carers is set out in Annex 1.
- As at the end of December 2020, a total headcount of 14 629 persons benefited from the Special Care Subsidy for the Severely Disabled programme. The amount of subsidy granted was about \$421 million. The Social Welfare Department does not have information on the age distribution of the beneficiaries.
- 3) As at the end of December 2020, a total of 41 beneficiaries had received subsidies under the Pilot Scheme on Providing Subsidy for Higher Disability Allowance Recipients in

- Paid Employment to Hire Carers. The amount of subsidy granted was about \$7.29 million. The age distribution of the beneficiaries is set out in Annex 2.
- 4) As at the end of December 2020, a total of 9 488 beneficiaries had received subsidies under the Pilot Scheme on Raising the Maximum Level of Disregarded Earnings for Recipients with Disabilities under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance Scheme.

Annex 1

Age distribution of beneficiary carers under the Pilot Scheme on Living Allowance for Low-income Carers of Persons with Disabilities as at the end of December 2020:

Age	Number of persons
Aged 18 or below	2
Aged 19 to 29	96
Aged 30 to 39	561
Aged 40 to 49	540
Aged 50 to 59	613
Aged 60 to 69	433
Aged 70 or above	75

Age distribution of beneficiaries under the Pilot Scheme on Providing Subsidy for Higher Disability Allowance Recipients in Paid Employment to Hire Carers as at the end of December 2020:

Age	Number of persons
Aged 19 to 29	8
Aged 30 to 39	13
Aged 40 to 49	8
Aged 50 to 59	8
Aged 60 to 69	3
Aged 70 or above	1

- End -

Examination of Estimates of Expenditure 2021-22

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)052

(Question Serial No. 2962)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme, please list out the following information in connection with the past 3 years:

1) the number and percentage of cases involving CSSA households living in rented private housing with actual rent exceeding the maximum rent allowance (MRA) after taking into account the rent allowance received:

	One-person household	Two-person household	Three-person household	Four-person household	Five-person	Household with
	nousenoid	nousenoid	nousenoid	nousenoid	household	6 persons or above
Central & Western						
Wan Chai						
Eastern						
Southern						
Sham Shui Po						
Yau Tsim Mong						
Kowloon City						
Wong Tai Sin						
Kwun Tong						
Kwai Tsing						
Tsuen Wan						
Tuen Mun						
Yuen Long						
North						
Tai Po						
Sha Tin						
Sai Kung						
Islands						

2) the number and percentage of CSSA cases living in rented private housing (i.e. not public rental housing) and receiving CSSA rent allowance which are also eligible for a allowance under the Community Care Fund (CCF), with actual rent exceeding the MRA (with a breakdown by the amount in excess: \$0 to \$300, \$301 to \$600, \$601 or above):

	One-person household	Three-person household	Four-person household	Five-person household	Household with 6 persons or above
Actual rent exceeding MRA					

3) Ir	e number and percentage of cases involving CSSA households living in public rental
	busing with actual rent exceeding the MRA after taking into account the rent allowance
	ceived:

	One-person	Two-person	Three-person	Four-person	Five-person	Household with
	household	household	household	household	household	6 persons
						or above
Central & Western						
Wan Chai						
Eastern						
Southern						
Sham Shui Po						
Yau Tsim Mong						
Kowloon City						
Wong Tai Sin						
Kwun Tong						
Kwai Tsing						
Tsuen Wan						
Tuen Mun						
Yuen Long						
North						
Tai Po						
Sha Tin						
Sai Kung						
Islands						

4) the number and percentage of CSSA cases benefitting from the provision of disregarded earnings (DE):

	One-person household	Two-person household	Three-person household	Four-person household	Five-person household	Household with 6 persons or above
Central & Western						
Wan Chai						
Eastern						
Southern						
Sham Shui Po						
Yau Tsim Mong						
Kowloon City						
Wong Tai Sin						
Kwun Tong						
Kwai Tsing						
Tsuen Wan						
Tuen Mun						
Yuen Long						
North						
Tai Po						
Sha Tin						
Sai Kung						
Islands						

5) the level of assistance received by CSSA cases benefitting from the provision of DE:

		•		_	_	
	One-person household	Two-person household	Three-person household	Four-person household	Five-person household	Household with 6 persons or above
Central & Western						
Wan Chai						
Eastern						
Southern						
Sham Shui Po						
Yau Tsim Mong						
Kowloon City						
Wong Tai Sin						
Kwun Tong						
Kwai Tsing						
Tsuen Wan						
Tuen Mun						
Yuen Long						
North						
Tai Po						
Sha Tin						
Sai Kung						

	One-person household	Two-person household	Three-person household	Four-person household	Five-person household	Household with 6 persons or above
Islands						

6) the age and percentage of CSSA cases that fall under the category of "permanent disability":

	Aged 18	Aged 19	Aged 30	Aged 40	Aged 50	Aged 60	Aged 66
	or below	to 29	to 39	to 49	to 59	to 65	or above
Central & Western							
Wan Chai							
Eastern							
Southern							
Sham Shui Po							
Yau Tsim Mong							
Kowloon City							
Wong Tai Sin							
Kwun Tong							
Kwai Tsing							
Tsuen Wan							
Tuen Mun							
Yuen Long							
North							
Tai Po							
Sha Tin							
Sai Kung							
Islands							

7) the age and percentage of CSSA cases that fall under the category of "ill health":

	Aged 18 or below	Aged 19 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 65	Aged 66 or above
Central & Western							
Wan Chai							
Eastern							
Southern							
Sham Shui Po							
Yau Tsim Mong							
Kowloon City							
Wong Tai Sin							
Kwun Tong							
Kwai Tsing							
Tsuen Wan							
Tuen Mun							
Yuen Long							
North							
Tai Po							
Sha Tin							
Sai Kung							
Islands							

8) the age and percentage of CSSA cases that fall under the category of "single parent":

	Aged 18 or below	Aged 19 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 65	Aged 66 or above
Central & Western							
Wan Chai							
Eastern							
Southern							
Sham Shui Po							
Yau Tsim Mong							
Kowloon City							
Wong Tai Sin							
Kwun Tong							
Kwai Tsing							
Tsuen Wan							
Tuen Mun							
Yuen Long							
North							
Tai Po							
Sha Tin							

	Aged 18 or below	Aged 19 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 65	Aged 66 or above
Sai Kung							
Islands							

9) the age and percentage of CSSA cases that fall under the category of "low-earnings":

	Aged 18 or below	Aged 19 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 65	Aged 66 or above
Central & Western							
Wan Chai							
Eastern							
Southern							
Sham Shui Po							
Yau Tsim Mong							
Kowloon City							
Wong Tai Sin							
Kwun Tong							
Kwai Tsing							
Tsuen Wan							
Tuen Mun							
Yuen Long							
North							
Tai Po							
Sha Tin							
Sai Kung							
Islands							

10) the age and percentage of CSSA cases that fall under the category of "unemployment":

	Aged 18 or below	Aged 19 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 65	Aged 66 or above
Control 0 W	or perow	10 29	10 39	10 49	10 39	10 03	or above
Central & Western							
Wan Chai							
Eastern							
Southern							
Sham Shui Po							
Yau Tsim Mong							
Kowloon City							
Wong Tai Sin							
Kwun Tong							
Kwai Tsing							
Tsuen Wan							
Tuen Mun							
Yuen Long							
North							
Tai Po							
Sha Tin							
Sai Kung							
Islands							

11) the age and percentage of CSSA cases that fall under the category of "others":

the age and percentage of CSSA cases that fair under the category of others.							
	Aged 18	Aged 19	Aged 30	Aged 40	Aged 50	Aged 60	Aged 66
	or below	to 29	to 39	to 49	to 59	to 65	or above
Central & Western							
Wan Chai							
Eastern							
Southern							
Sham Shui Po							
Yau Tsim Mong							
Kowloon City							
Wong Tai Sin							
Kwun Tong							
Kwai Tsing							
Tsuen Wan							
Tuen Mun							
Yuen Long							
North							
Tai Po							
Sha Tin							
Sai Kung							
Islands							

12) the number of child beneficiaries of CSSA and their educational attainment:

	Pre-school	Nursery &	Primary	Secondary
		Kindergarten		
Central & Western				
Wan Chai				
Eastern				
Southern				
Sham Shui Po				
Yau Tsim Mong				
Kowloon City				
Wong Tai Sin				
Kwun Tong				
Kwai Tsing				
Tsuen Wan				
Tuen Mun				
Yuen Long				
North				
Tai Po				
Sha Tin				
Sai Kung				
Islands				

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 82)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The number and percentage of CSSA cases living in rented private housing and receiving rent allowance with actual rent exceeding the MRA from 2018-19 to 2020-21, with a breakdown by the number of eligible members in the household are set out in Table 1 of the Annex. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the other information sought.
- 2. The number and percentage of CSSA cases living in rented private housing and receiving rent allowance, as well as being eligible for the allowance under CCF, with actual rent exceeding the MRA and the average monthly subsidy from the CCF, with a breakdown by the number of eligible members in the household and the amount in excess, are set out in Table 2 of the Annex.
- 3. The number and percentage of CSSA cases living in public housing and receiving rent allowance with actual rent exceeding MRA from 2018-19 to 2020-21, with a breakdown by the number of eligible members in the household, are set out in Table 3 of the Annex. SWD does not have the other information sought.
- 4. The number and percentage of CSSA cases having benefited from the DE arrangement from 2018-19 to 2020-21 are provided in the table below:

Year	Number of cases having benefited from the DE arrangement	Percentage out of total CSSA cases (%)
2018-19	15 696	7.0
2019-20	13 833	6.2
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	12 625	5.6

SWD does not have the other information sought.

5. The average amount of DE of each CSSA recipient benefiting from the DE arrangement at the end of each financial year from 2018-19 to 2020-21 is provided in the table below:

Year	Average DE of each CSSA recipient benefiting from the DE arrangement as at year-end (\$)
2018-19	1,548
2019-20	1,488
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	1,419

- SWD does not have the other information sought.
- 6. to 11. The number and percentage of CSSA cases from 2018-19 to 2020-21 with a breakdown by district and case nature are set out in Table 4 of the Annex. SWD does not have the information sought.
- 12. The number of school children on CSSA from 2018-19 to 2020-21 with a breakdown by district and educational attainment is set out in Table 5 of the Annex.

Table 1: Number and percentage of CSSA cases living in rented private housing and receiving rent allowance with actual rent exceeding MRA by the number of eligible members in the household

Number of eligible	Number of CSSA cases living in rented private housing with actual rent exceeding MRA			
members	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	
1	7 589	7 860	7 359	
2	4 493	4 366	3 879	
3	2 157	1 938	2 206	
4	911	920	899	
5	345	322	234	
6 or above	115	100	88	
Total	15 610 (69%)	15 506 (69%)	14 665 (57%)	

Table 2: Number and percentage of CSSA cases living in rented private housing and receiving rent allowance, as well as being eligible for the CCF [Note 1], with actual rent exceeding MRA and the average monthly subsidy from the CCF [Note 2], by the number of eligible members in the household

Number of eligible members	Number of cases with actual rent exceeding MRA and				
members	the average monthly subsidy from the CCF in 2018-19 Less than \$301 \$301 to \$600 \$601 or above Total				
	Less man \$301	\$301 to \$000	Soul of above	(Percentage)	
1	2 976	1 157	3 456	7 589 (74%)	
2	1 746	1 291	1 456	4 493 (71%)	
3	1 028	496	633	2 157 (57%)	
4	262	187	462	911 (60%)	
5	52	60	233	345 (72%)	
6 or above	20	21	74	115 (65%)	
Total	6 084	3 212	6 314	15 610 (69%)	
Number of eligible		er of cases with actu			
members	the av	erage monthly subsi	dy from the CCF in	2019-20	
	Less than \$301	\$301 to \$600	\$601 or above	Total	
				(Percentage)	
1	3 411	837	3 612	7 860 (75%)	
2	1 851	1 182	1 333	4 366 (69%)	
3	699	562	677	1 938 (52%)	
4	322	152	446	920 (62%)	
5	90	35	197	322 (74%)	
6 or above	17	28	55	100 (62%)	
Total	6 390	2 796	6 320	15 506 (69%)	
Number of eligible	Number of cases with actual rent exceeding MRA and				
members	the av	erage monthly subsi	dy from the CCF in	2020-21	
	T 41 0201		ecember 2020)	70.41	
	Less than \$301	\$301 to \$600	\$601 or above	Total	
1	2.510	020	2.011	(Percentage)	
1	3 510	838	3 011	7 359 (59%)	
3	1 536 788	1 274 537	1 069 881	3 879 (55%)	
4	788 296	537 194	409	2 206 (53%)	
5	296 56	30	148	899 (54%)	
_	19	20	49	234 (48%)	
6 or above	6 205	20 2 893	5 567	88 (53%)	
Total	0 205	2 893	5 50 /	14 665 (57%)	

To provide subsidy to CSSA households living in rented private housing and paying rent which exceeds the MRA under the CSSA Scheme.

Including the amount of subsidy provided by the CCF to CSSA households in rented private housing, i.e. the monthly subsidy will be either 50% of the portion of the rental amount exceeding the MRA or 15% of the MRA, whichever is the less. The average monthly subsidy is the amount of annual subsidy divided by 12 months.

Table 3: Number and percentage of CSSA cases living in public housing and receiving rent allowance with actual rent exceeding MRA from 2018-19 to 2020-21, by the number of eligible members in the household

Number of digible	Number of CSSA cases living in public housing with actual rent exceeding MRA			
Number of eligible members	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	
members			(as at end-December 2020)	
1	3 484	3 221	2 299	
2	241	146	197	
3	64	29	53	
4	27	14	11	
5	16	4	9	
6 or above	4	3	3	
Total	3 836	3 417	2 572	
	(3%)	(3%)	(2%)	

Table 4: Number and percentage of CSSA cases from 2018-19 to 2020-21 by district and case nature

	2018-19					
District	Number of CSSA cases by case nature					
District	Permanent disability	Ill health	Single parent	Low-earnings	Unemployment	
Central & Western	220	310	153	27	122	
Central & western	(1.3%)	(1.3%)	(0.6%)	(0.8%)	(1.0%)	
Eastern	1 009	927	910	148	413	
Eastern	(6.1%)	(4.0%)	(3.7%)	(4.3%)	(3.5%)	
Islands	226	420	653	145	370	
Islanus	(1.4%)	(1.8%)	(2.7%)	(4.2%)	(3.2%)	
Kowloon City	874	1 240	1 459	161	682	
Kowloon City	(5.3%)	(5.4%)	(6.0%)	(4.7%)	(5.8%)	
Kwai Tsing	2 092	1 812	1 879	439	942	
Kwai 18ilig	(12.6%)	(7.9%)	(7.7%)	(12.8%)	(8.1%)	
Kwun Tong	1 419	2 726	3 547	511	1 505	
Kwuli Tolig	(8.5%)	(11.9%)	(14.6%)	(14.9%)	(12.9%)	
North	969	1 169	1 432	126	566	
NOIUI	(5.8%)	(5.1%)	(5.9%)	(3.7%)	(4.8%)	
Sai Kung	649	881	617	136	274	
Sai Kung	(3.9%)	(3.8%)	(2.5%)	(4.0%)	(2.3%)	
Sha Tin	1 269	1 731	2 042	216	561	
Sila Tili	(7.6%)	(7.5%)	(8.4%)	(6.3%)	(4.8%)	
Sham Shui Po	1 168	2 369	2 445	285	1 556	
Shain Shui Fo	(7.0%)	(10.3%)	(10.0%)	(8.3%)	(13.3%)	
Southern	1 016	718	444	83	200	
Southern	(6.1%)	(3.1%)	(1.8%)	(2.4%)	(1.7%)	
Tai Po	474	932	849	71	238	
Tairo	(2.9%)	(4.1%)	(3.5%)	(2.1%)	(2.0%)	
Tsuen Wan	536	530	715	98	288	
I such wan	(3.2%)	(2.3%)	(2.9%)	(2.9%)	(2.5%)	
Tuen Mun	1 832	1 943	1 642	217	719	
I uch Mun	(11.0%)	(8.5%)	(6.7%)	(6.3%)	(6.2%)	
Wan Chai	45	105	71	3	155	
w an Chai	(0.3%)	(0.5%)	(0.3%)	(0.1%)	(1.3%)	
Wong Tai Sin	851	1 631	1 644	307	755	
wong rai sili	(5.1%)	(7.1%)	(6.7%)	(9.0%)	(6.5%)	
Yau Tsim Mong	431	1 018	977	70	960	
Tau TSIIII WIOIIg	(2.6%)	(4.4%)	(4.0%)	(2.0%)	(8.2%)	
Yuen Long	1 539	2 514	2 895	379	1 382	
I UCII LOIIG	(9.3%)	(10.9%)	(11.9%)	(11.1%)	(11.8%)	
Total	16 619	22 976	24 374	3 422	11 688	
Total	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	

	2019-20					
District	Number of CSSA cases by case nature					
District	Permanent disability	Ill health	Single parent	Low-earnings	Unemployment	
Central & Western	238	298	151	23	187	
Central & Western	(1.4%)	(1.2%)	(0.6%)	(0.8%)	(1.3%)	
Eastern	1 019	996	886	126	495	
Lastern	(6.0%)	(4.1%)	(3.7%)	(4.3%)	(3.4%)	
Islands	227	438	690	127	471	
istanus	(1.3%)	(1.8%)	(2.9%)	(4.3%)	(3.2%)	
Kowloon City	853	1 328	1 385	142	842	
Rowloon City	(5.0%)	(5.4%)	(5.8%)	(4.8%)	(5.8%)	
Kwai Tsing	2 176	2 012	1 827	375	1 173	
Tewar Tollig	(12.8%)	(8.2%)	(7.6%)	(12.7%)	(8.0%)	
Kwun Tong	1 494	2 838	3 431	440	1 795	
Rwun Tong	(8.8%)	(11.6%)	(14.3%)	(14.9%)	(12.3%)	
North	959	1 246	1 494	111	736	
North	(5.6%)	(5.1%)	(6.2%)	(3.8%)	(5.0%)	
Sai Kung	649	902	558	118	326	
Sur Rung	(3.8%)	(3.7%)	(2.3%)	(4.0%)	(2.2%)	
Sha Tin	1 350	1 768	2 091	194	743	
Silu Tili	(7.9%)	(7.2%)	(8.7%)	(6.6%)	(5.1%)	
Sham Shui Po	1 186	2 567	2 484	268	1 902	
Sham Shai i o	(7.0%)	(10.5%)	(10.3%)	(9.1%)	(13.0%)	
Southern	1 019	724	437	74	270	
Bournern	(6.0%)	(3.0%)	(1.8%)	(2.5%)	(1.9%)	
Tai Po	527	1 012	824	60	303	
14110	(3.1%)	(4.1%)	(3.4%)	(2.0%)	(2.1%)	
Tsuen Wan	551	545	744	81	369	
1 Such Wah	(3.2%)	(2.2%)	(3.1%)	(2.7%)	(2.5%)	
Tuen Mun	1 838	2 082	1 594	181	958	
T dell Titali	(10.8%)	(8.5%)	(6.6%)	(6.1%)	(6.6%)	
Wan Chai	59	158	73	9	147	
Truit Chai	(0.3%)	(0.6%)	(0.3%)	(0.3%)	(1.0%)	
Wong Tai Sin	869	1 725	1 537	265	933	
	(5.1%)	(7.1%)	(6.4%)	(9.0%)	(6.4%)	
Yau Tsim Mong	450	1 122	1 016	46	1 249	
	(2.6%)	(4.6%)	(4.2%)	(1.6%)	(8.6%)	
Yuen Long	1 556	2 703	2 785	314	1 692	
	(9.1%)	(11.0%)	(11.6%)	(10.6%)	(11.6%)	
Total	17 020	24 464	24 007	2 954	14 591	
10441	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	

	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)					
District	Number of CSSA cases by case nature					
District	Permanent disability	Ill health	Single parent	Low-earnings	Unemployment	
Central & Western	239	275	164	21	210	
Central & Western	(1.4%)	(1.1%)	(0.7%)	(0.8%)	(1.1%)	
Eastern	1 034	1 058	922	113	690	
Lastem	(6.0%)	(4.1%)	(3.7%)	(4.5%)	(3.5%)	
Islands	254	430	704	111	625	
isianus	(1.5%)	(1.7%)	(2.8%)	(4.4%)	(3.2%)	
Kowloon City	860	1 412	1 440	115	1 126	
Rowloon City	(5.0%)	(5.4%)	(5.8%)	(4.6%)	(5.8%)	
Kwai Tsing	2 202	2 107	1 824	304	1 532	
Kwai Tsing	(12.7%)	(8.1%)	(7.4%)	(12.1%)	(7.9%)	
Kwun Tong	1 571	3 020	3 401	360	2 383	
Kwun Tong	(9.0%)	(11.6%)	(13.7%)	(14.3%)	(12.2%)	
North	958	1 362	1 596	96	1 032	
1101111	(5.5%)	(5.2%)	(6.4%)	(3.8%)	(5.3%)	
Sai Kung	662	973	527	97	437	
Sur Rung	(3.8%)	(3.7%)	(2.1%)	(3.9%)	(2.2%)	
Sha Tin	1 396	1 886	2 217	176	1 137	
Silu Tili	(8.0%)	(7.3%)	(9.0%)	(7.0%)	(5.8%)	
Sham Shui Po	1 201	2 752	2 607	234	2 363	
Shain Shai i o	(6.9%)	(10.6%)	(10.5%)	(9.3%)	(12.1%)	
Southern	1 008	742	430	65	379	
Southern	(5.8%)	(2.9%)	(1.7%)	(2.6%)	(1.9%)	
Tai Po	563	1 066	849	51	410	
14110	(3.2%)	(4.1%)	(3.4%)	(2.0%)	(2.1%)	
Tsuen Wan	575	574	778	71	486	
1 Such VV un	(3.3%)	(2.2%)	(3.1%)	(2.8%)	(2.5%)	
Tuen Mun	1 844	2 213	1 645	151	1 261	
1 4011 1/14/1	(10.6%)	(8.5%)	(6.6%)	(6.0%)	(6.5%)	
Wan Chai	57	144	99	4	228	
, un chui	(0.3%)	(0.6%)	(0.4%)	(0.2%)	(1.2%)	
Wong Tai Sin	890	1 793	1 583	237	1 226	
	(5.1%)	(6.9%)	(6.4%)	(9.4%)	(6.3%)	
Yau Tsim Mong	492	1 287	1 132	46	1 760	
	(2.8%)	(5.0%)	(4.6%)	(1.8%)	(9.0%)	
Yuen Long	1 565	2 887	2 829	263	2 196	
	(9.0%)	(11.1%)	(11.4%)	(10.5%)	(11.3%)	
Total	17 371	25 981	24 747	2 515	19 481	
Total	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	(100.0%)	

Table 5: Number of school children on CSSA from 2018-19 to 2020-21 by district and educational attainment

District	2018-19 (as at end-December 2018)				
	Nursery & Kindergarten	Primary	Secondary		
Central & Western	70	189	155		
Eastern	308	902	1 103		
Islands	188	708	937		
Kowloon City	512	1 451	1 317		
Kwai Tsing	607	2 086	2 679		
Kwun Tong	1 027	3 438	4 443		
North	525	1 336	1 555		
Sai Kung	160	605	897		
Sha Tin	499	1 850	2 218		
Sham Shui Po	798	2 073	2 418		
Southern	135	408	584		
Tai Po	292	775	875		
Tsuen Wan	262	666	733		
Tuen Mun	568	1 684	1 826		

District	2018-19 (as at end-December 2018)						
	Nursery & Kindergarten	Nursery & Kindergarten Primary Secondary					
Wan Chai	44	97	69				
Wong Tai Sin	532	1 633	2 113				
Yau Tsim Mong	438	800	579				
Yuen Long	1 037	2 916	3 554				
Total	8 002	23 617	28 055				

District	2019-20 (as at end-December 2019)				
	Nursery & Kindergarten	Primary	Secondary		
Central & Western	52	155	135		
Eastern	280	818	1 047		
Islands	227	827	959		
Kowloon City	479	1 321	1 282		
Kwai Tsing	585	1 909	2 542		
Kwun Tong	882	3 197	4 171		
North	513	1 294	1 557		
Sai Kung	147	549	761		
Sha Tin	497	1 856	2 170		
Sham Shui Po	776	2 148	2 477		
Southern	147	388	534		
Tai Po	272	722	814		
Tsuen Wan	270	622	674		
Tuen Mun	532	1 514	1 733		
Wan Chai	43	74	56		
Wong Tai Sin	490	1 506	1 959		
Yau Tsim Mong	413	756	524		
Yuen Long	963	2 705	3 325		
Total	7 568	22 361	26 720		

District	2020-21 [as at end-December 2020 (preliminary figures)]				
District	Nursery & Kindergarten	Primary	Secondary		
Central & Western	64	172	136		
Eastern	272	842	1 058		
Islands	221	847	997		
Kowloon City	480	1 323	1 430		
Kwai Tsing	611	1 917	2 601		
Kwun Tong	876	3 166	4 253		
North	557	1 390	1 614		
Sai Kung	142	519	766		
Sha Tin	502	2 026	2 346		
Sham Shui Po	788	2 297	2 622		
Southern	123	362	541		
Tai Po	280	822	831		
Tsuen Wan	267	674	689		
Tuen Mun	533	1 566	1 802		
Wan Chai	46	96	74		
Wong Tai Sin	482	1 551	2 029		
Yau Tsim Mong	463	868	630		
Yuen Long	1 003	2 723	3 397		
Total	7 710	23 161	27 816		

- End -

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)053

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2963)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Dementia Community Support Scheme (pilot scheme), please advise the following:

- 1. the number of persons waitlisted, the average waiting time, the estimated number and the actual number of beneficiaries since its introduction, and the number of elderly beneficiaries being diagnosed as having dementia;
- 2. the annual allocation, the relevant resources and staffing establishment for the pilot scheme;
- 3. the details, sessions, service headcount and expenditure involved in various services provided under the pilot scheme; and
- 4. whether the Government has conducted a review on the pilot scheme; if yes, the evaluation report and the expenditure involved; if no, the reasons.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 91)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The Food and Health Bureau (FHB), in collaboration with the Hospital Authority (HA) and the Social Welfare Department (SWD), launched a two-year pilot scheme named "Dementia Community Support Scheme" in February 2017 to provide appropriate support services for elderly persons with mild or moderate dementia in the community through the participation of 20 district elderly community centres (DECCs) and 4 HA clusters based on a medical-social collaboration model. The target number of beneficiaries under the pilot scheme was 2 000. Target users include patients diagnosed with mild or moderate dementia and referred by the HA, and members of DECCs who are suspected of having features of early dementia. 31 January 2019, the DECCs had provided services to a cumulative total of 2 065 elderly persons within 2 years. Among them, 1 950 were elderly persons referred by the HA to participate in the pilot scheme, and the remaining were members of the DECCs.

The pilot scheme has been regularised since February 2019, and expanded to all 41 DECCs and 7 HA clusters in the territory since May 2019. As at 31 December 2020, DECCs had provided services to a cumulative total of 2 635 elderly persons after service regularisation. Among them, 2 487 were elderly persons referred by the HA to participate in the scheme, and the remaining were members of DECCs.

- 2. After regularisation, SWD has provided an additional annual provision of about \$84 million, covering, among others, the manpower resources equivalent to 1.5 Advanced Practice Nurse and Occupational Therapist I/Physiotherapist I and 1 Social Work Assistant for each DECC, programme expenses and training subsidy. Moreover, the FHB has allocated a recurrent provision of about \$21 million for the HA to recruit 21.5 nurses (including Advanced Practice Nurses and Registered Nurses) and other support personnel and to cover service-related expenses.
- 3. DECCs provide services in accordance with the care plans jointly formulated with the HA. The services, comprising 6 domains, namely cognition, functioning, behavioural and psychological symptoms of dementia, physical co-morbidities, psychosocial aspect and carers' burden, provide elderly persons and their carers with training and support services for a period of about 5 to 9 months to meet their individual needs. The number of sessions and headcount of service users depend on the number of cases of individual DECCs and their arrangements for activities. The expenditure involved has been included in the aforesaid recurrent provision.
- 4. The FHB obtained a provision of \$1.4 million from the Community Care Fund (CCF) for carrying out an evaluation study on the pilot scheme and reported the evaluation findings to the CCF Task Force in March 2019. Overall speaking, the evaluation report has reflected positive feedback on the pilot scheme from both service providers and service users. The evaluation report submitted by the FHB to the CCF Task Force has been uploaded to the CCF webpage:

https://www.communitycarefund.hk/download/Evaluation_Report_Dementia_eng.pdf

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)054

(Question Serial No. 2970)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: Not Specified

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the implementation of the Special Scheme on Privately Owned Sites for Welfare Uses (Special Sites Scheme), please provide the following information:

Location	Original use of the site	Rental	Type of social service use after the change of use	Operator

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 111)

Reply:

The Government had received a total of 63 preliminary proposals from 43 non-governmental organisations (NGOs) under Phase One of the Special Sites Scheme as at 18 November 2013, the closing date of application. After review, 13 project proposals, which are not able to proceed further due to various reasons (e.g. site constraints), have been removed from the Special Sites Scheme. The types of proposed new services in the remaining 50 proposals include:

- ◆ Care and Attention Home for the Elderly providing a continuum of care (C&A Home/CoC)
- ♦ Nursing Home
- ◆ Day Care Centre for the Elderly (DE)
- Care and Attention Home for Severely Disabled Persons
- ♦ Hostel for Severely Mentally Handicapped Persons (HSMH)
- Hostel for Moderately Mentally Handicapped Persons (HMMH)
- ♦ Long Stay Care Home

- ♦ Integrated Vocational Rehabilitation Services Centre (IVRSC)
- ♦ Day Activity Centre (DAC)
- ♦ Special Child Care Centre (SCCC)
- ♦ Early Education and Training Centre (EETC)

As at the end of December 2020, 5 projects under Phase One of the Special Sites Scheme had been completed and had commenced service, and 1 other project had entered the construction stage and was expected to be completed in 2021. These 6 projects provide various welfare services. Details are as follows:

Works project	Additional welfare services on the list of facilities set out by the Government under the Special Sites Scheme
Redevelopment of Hong Chi Pinehill	НММН
Integrated Vocational Training Centre - Minor	
Staff Quarter and Services Building, Pinehill	
Village, Tai Po	
Redevelopment of Caritas Social Centre -	C&A Home/CoC
Tsuen Wan at 9 Shing Mun Road, Tsuen Wan	DE
Redevelopment of Heep Hong Society	SCCC
Catherine Lo Centre at 19 Sandy Bay Road,	EETC
Pok Fu Lam	
New development on a vacant area now used	SCCC
for the purposes of environmental enhancement	EETC
and farming within Hong Chi Pinehill Village,	
Tai Po	
Redevelopment of Hong Chi Pinehill	HSMH
Integrated Vocational Training Centre - Main	DAC
Building, Pinehill Village, Tai Po	IVRSC
Expansion of Haven of Hope Woo Ping Care	C&A Home/CoC
and Attention Home at 8 Pui Shing Lane,	(is expected to complete in 2021)
Tseung Kwan O	

Furthermore, 17 projects were at the technical feasibility study stage while 4 projects were at the pre-construction detailed design/study stage. As for the other projects which were at different planning stages under Phase One of the Special Sites Scheme, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) will consider supporting the respective NGO applicants to proceed with technical feasibility studies having regard to the actual status of individual projects.

A total of 25 proposals were received from 16 NGOs under Phase Two of the Special Sites Scheme by the closing date of application on 30 August 2019. SWD is discussing with NGO applicants to finalise the details of the proposals such as the service type and number of places, development parameters, project cost, etc. with a view to implementing the projects as soon as possible.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)055

(Question Serial No. 2237)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please set out for the past 3 years, the number of places, number of applicants, and headcount of service users of various pre-school rehabilitation services. Please also set out the current median waiting time and age distribution of each service.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 182)

Reply:

The number of service places of various pre-school rehabilitation services in the past 3 years is set out in Table 1 of the Annex. The number of applicants and age distribution of pre-school rehabilitation services in the past 3 years is set out in Tables 2a to 2c of the Annex. The Social Welfare Department does not have statistics on the headcount of service users and median waiting time for pre-school rehabilitation services, or the number of applicants and age distribution of occasional child care service for disabled children (OCC for DC).

Table 1: Number of places for pre-school rehabilitation services

Service type	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)
On-site pre-school rehabilitation services (OPRS) [Note]	5 187	7 074	8 074
Early education and training centre (EETC)	3 520	3 771	3 771
Integrated programme in kindergarten-cum-child care centre (IP)	1 980	1 980	1 980
Special child care centre (SCCC)	1 960	2 020	2 170
OCC for DC	97	97	102

[Note] OPRS was regularised in October 2018.

Table 2a: Number and age distribution of applicants for various pre-school rehabilitation services $^{[Note]}$ in 2018-19

Sanvias type		Number of new applicants				
Service type	Aged 0 to 2	Aged 3 to 4	Aged 5 to 6	Total		
OPRS	240	912	357	1 509		
EETC	1 132	1 624	513	3 269		
IP	474	555	36	1 065		
SCCC	657	441	44	1 142		

[Note] OPRS was regularised in October 2018.

Table 2b: Number and age distribution of applicants for various pre-school rehabilitation services in 2019-20

Complete type	Number of new applicants				
Service type	Aged 0 to 2	Aged 3 to 4	Aged 5 to 6	Total	
OPRS	588	2 494	672	3 754	
EETC	798	565	227	1 590	
IP	298	285	32	615	
SCCC	694	382	33	1 109	

Table 2c: Number and age distribution of applicants for various pre-school rehabilitation services in 2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)

Compiles type	Number of new applicants				
Service type	Aged 0 to 2	Aged 3 to 4	Aged 5 to 6	Total	
OPRS	546	1 921	491	2 958	
EETC	646	421	131	1 198	
IP	308	265	32	605	
SCCC	477	298	23	798	

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Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)056

(Question Serial No. 2238)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please list out the number of Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) cases receiving rent allowance, the number of recipients and the expenditure involved in the past 3 years.

Please list out the number and percentage of CSSA cases living in public and private housing receiving rent allowance with actual rent exceeding the maximum rent allowance (MRA) in the past 3 years with a breakdown by the number of eligible members in the household.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 190)

Reply:

The number of CSSA cases and recipients receiving rent allowance and the expenditure incurred from 2018-19 to 2020-21 are set out in Table 1 of the Annex.

The number and percentage of CSSA cases living in public and private housing receiving rent allowance with actual rent exceeding MRA from 2018-19 to 2020-21, with a breakdown by the number of eligible members in the household, are set out in Table 2 of the Annex.

Table 1: Number of CSSA cases and recipients receiving rent allowance and the expenditure incurred from 2018-19 to 2020-21

Year	Number of CSSA cases receiving rent allowance	Number of CSSA recipients receiving rent allowance	CSSA expenditure on rent allowance (\$ million)
2018-19	197 461	304 450	3,601
2019-20	193 007	295 183	3,424
	198 322	303 903	2,613
2020-21	(as at end-December 2020)	(as at end-December 2020)	(as at end-December 2020)

Table 2: Number and percentage of CSSA cases living in public and private housing receiving rent allowance with actual rent exceeding MRA from 2018-19 to 2020-21 by the number of eligible members in the household

Number of	Number of CSSA cases living in public housing with actual rent exceeding MRA				
eligible members	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		
			(as at end-December 2020)		
1	3 484	3 221	2 299		
2	241	146	197		
3	64	29	53		
4	27	14	11		
5	16	4	9		
6 or above	4	3	3		
Total	3 836	3 417	2 572		
	(3.2%)	(2.9%)	(2.1%)		
	Number of CSS	A cases living in pi	rivate housing with actual rent		
Number of		exceeding	MRA		
eligible members	2018-19	2010 20	2020-21		
	2010-19	2019-20	(as at end-December 2020)		
1	7 868	8 152	7 623		
2	4 653	4 538	4 030		
3	2 234	2 018	2 312		
4	958	963	950		
5	360	337	248		
6 or above	118	103	92		
Total	16 191	16 111	15 255		
Total	(60.6%)	(60.4%)	(50.4%)		

- End -

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)057

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2239)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

Programme: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please set out the number of waitlisted persons, the number of waitlisted elderly persons having passed away, and the current average waiting time for various types of subsidised residential care places for the elderly over the past 3 years.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 195)

Reply:

The number of waitlisted persons, the average waiting time and the number of waitlisted persons having passed away by type of subsidised residential care places for the elderly from 2018-19 to 2020-21 are set out in Annexes 1 to 3.

Average waiting time, number of waitlisted persons and number of waitlisted persons having passed away by type of subsidised residential care services for the elderly in 2018-19

Service type	Average waiting time (in months) (Average of the previous 3 months) [Note 1]	No. of persons waitlisted	No. of waitlisted persons having passed away [Note 2]
 Care-and-Attention (C&A) places Subvented/contract residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) Private homes participating in the Enhanced Bought Place Scheme (EBPS) 	40 10	33 716 ^[Note 3]	4 799
Overall Nursing home (NH) places [Note 4]	24 25	7 062 [Note 5]	1 974

- It is the average number of months taken (from the waitlist date to the admission date) for normal cases to be admitted to subsidised RCHE places in the past 3 months. Cases accorded priority in allocation of places, cases with inactive history admitted in the past 3 months, and cases transferred from home for the aged (H/A) places to converted C&A places providing a continuum of care (CoC) in the same RCHE have been excluded in the calculation because their waiting time may be extraordinarily long or short in comparison with that of normal cases.
- [Note 2] The figure represents the number of waitlisted persons having passed away as at the end of March 2019.
- The figure includes some 2 970 elderly persons using subsidised community care services (CCS) while waiting for subsidised C&A places, but does not include the elderly persons classified as "inactive" cases on the Central Waiting List (CWL).
- [Note 4] Including subsidised NH places provided at subvented and self-financing NHs and contract homes.
- The figure includes some 510 elderly persons using subsidised CCS while waiting for subsidised NH places, but does not include the elderly persons classified as "inactive" cases on the CWL.

Average waiting time, number of waitlisted persons and number of waitlisted persons having passed away by type of subsidised residential care services for the elderly in 2019-20

Service type	Average waiting time (in months) (Average of the previous 3 months) [Note 1]	No. of persons waitlisted	No. of waitlisted persons having passed away [Note 2]
C&A places	44		
- Subvented/contract RCHEs	41	32 880 [Note 3]	5 070
- Private homes participating in the EBPS	9	32 880	3 070
Overall	21		
NH places [Note 4]	27	6 775 [Note 5]	2 187

- It is the average number of months taken (from the waitlist date to the admission date) for normal cases to be admitted to subsidised RCHE places in the past 3 months. Cases accorded priority in allocation of places, cases with inactive history admitted in the past 3 months, and cases transferred from H/A places to converted C&A places providing a CoC in the same RCHE have been excluded in the calculation because their waiting time may be extraordinarily long or short in comparison with that of normal cases.
- [Note 2] The figure represents the number of waitlisted persons having passed away as at the end of March 2020.
- The figure includes some 3 290 elderly persons using subsidised CCS while waiting for subsidised C&A places, but does not include the elderly persons classified as "inactive" cases on the CWL.
- [Note 4] Including subsidised NH places provided at subvented and self-financing NHs and contract homes.
- The figure includes some 530 elderly persons using subsidised CCS while waiting for subsidised NH places, but does not include the elderly persons classified as "inactive" cases on the CWL.

Average waiting time, number of waitlisted persons and number of waitlisted persons having passed away by type of subsidised residential care services for the elderly in 2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)

Service type	Average waiting time (in months) (Average of the previous 3 months) [Note 1]	No. of persons waitlisted	No. of waitlisted persons having passed away [Note 2]
C&A places			
- Subvented/contract RCHEs	41	31 426 [Note 3]	3 479
- Private homes participating in the EBPS	9	31 420	3 479
Overall	21		
NH places [Note 4]	26	6 099 [Note 5]	1 500

- It is the average number of months taken (from the waitlist date to the admission date) for normal cases to be admitted to subsidised RCHE places in the past 3 months. Cases accorded priority in allocation of places, cases with inactive history admitted in the past 3 months, and cases transferred from H/A places to converted C&A places providing a CoC in the same RCHE have been excluded in the calculation because their waiting time may be extraordinarily long or short in comparison with that of normal cases.
- [Note 2] The figure represents the number of waitlisted persons having passed away as at the end of December 2020.
- [Note 3] The figure includes some 3 420 elderly persons using subsidised CCS while waiting for subsidised C&A places, but does not include the elderly persons classified as "inactive" cases on the CWL.
- [Note 4] Including subsidised NH places provided at subvented and self-financing NHs and contract homes.
- The figure includes some 450 elderly persons using subsidised CCS while waiting for subsidised NH places, but does not include the elderly persons classified as "inactive" cases on the CWL.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)058

(Question Serial No. 2240)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please set out for the past 3 years, the number of applicants, number of service users and total amount of subsidies for various residential care and rehabilitation services. Please also set out the current average waiting time for such services.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 198)

Reply:

The number of applicants, number of service users and total amount of subsidies for various residential rehabilitation services for persons with disabilities over the past 3 years are set out in Annexes 1 to 3 respectively. The average waiting time for various residential rehabilitation services for persons with disabilities in 2019-20 is set out in Annex 4.

	No. of applicants		
	2018-19	2019-20	2020-2021
Service type			(as at
			31 December
II . 1 C 1			2020)
Hostel for severely mentally	2 (00	2.427	2.424
handicapped persons	2 609	2 427	2 434
(HSMH) Hostel for moderately			
mentally handicapped	2 475	2 516	2 510
persons (HMMH)	2 4/3	2 310	2 310
Hostel for severely			
physically handicapped	663	545	407
persons (HSPH)			
Care and attention home for			
severely disabled persons	602	581	536
(C&A/SD)			
Care and attention home for	167	148	150
the aged blind (C&A/AB)			
Halfway house (HWH)	602	617	510
Long stay care home	2 431	2 627	2 646
(LSCH)		2 027	2 0 10
Integrated vocational	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
training centre	[Note 2]	[Note 2]	[Note 2]
(IVTC)(residential service)	2.126	2 202	2 222
Supported hostel (SHOS)	2 126	2 203	2 233
Small group home for mildly			
mentally handicapped children (SGH(MMHC))	34	50	74
[Note 1]			
Private residential care home			
for persons with disabilities	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
(RCHD) participating in the	[Note 3]	[Note 3]	[Note 3]
Bought Place Scheme (BPS)			

N.A. - Not applicable

- [Note 1] SGHs(MMHC) include integrated small group homes (ISGHs).
- [Note 2] As the service may admit service users directly or through referral, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the relevant statistics.
- [Note 3] There is no separate central waiting list (CWL) or data on the waiting situation for the BPS for Private RCHDs. For applicants on the waiting list for LSCH and HMMH under the Central Referral System for Rehabilitation Services (CRSRehab) who have indicated acceptance of BPS, SWD will allocate BPS places to them according to their preference.

Annex 2 Number of service users of various residential rehabilitation services from 2018-19 to 2020-21

No. of service users			rs
Service type	2018-19	2019-20	2020-2021 (as at 31 December 2020)
HSMH	3 620	3 854	3 937
НММН	2 544	2 580	2 683
HSPH	574	582	644
C&A/SD	982	1 010	1 056
C&A/AB	788	791	785
HWH	1 411	1 422	1 469
LSCH	1 567	1 562	1 561
IVTC (residential service)	N.A. [Note 2]	N.A. [Note 2]	N.A. [Note 2]
SHOS	697	709	735
SGH(MMHC) [Note 1]	124	127	125
Private RCHD participating in BPS	583	798	883

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

[Note 2] As the service may admit service users directly or through referral, SWD does not have the relevant statistics.

Annex 3
Total amount of subsidies for various residential rehabilitation services from 2018-19 to 2020-21

	Total amount of subsidies (\$ million)		
Service type	2018-19 (Actual)	2019-20 (Actual)	2020-2021 (Revised Estimate)
HSMH	829.7	937.0	982.5
НММН	327.8	350.2	378.4
HSPH	139.4	146.8	180.0
C&A/SD	265.6	292.3	321.8
SHOS	90.4	102.8	111.9
C&A/AB	164.8	181.0	179.2
HWH	211.6	220.3	232.2
LSCH	297.7	311.0	308.9
IVTC (residential service)	11.3	11.9	11.7
SGH(MMHC) [Note 1]	23.5	31.7	32.9
Private RCHD participating in BPS	64.0	94.7	166.8

[Note 1] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

Annex 4

Average waiting time for various residential rehabilitation services

Service type	Average waiting time (in months) [Note 1] 2019-20
HSMH	160.5
НММН	144.3
HSPH	123.6
C&A/SD	68.4
SHOS	47.3
C&A/AB	9.9
HWH	5.4
LSCH	57.8
IVTC (residential service)	N.A. [Note 2]
Private RCHD participating in BPS	N.A. [Note 3]
SGH(MMHC) [Note 4]	8.7

N.A. - Not applicable

- [Note 1] The waiting time is affected by a number of factors including the applicants' location preference for the service units, the choice of the specific service units, the turnover rate of the service units selected by the applicants, etc. Moreover, as the average waiting time is compiled on a financial-year basis covering the 1st day of April of a year to the 31st day of March of the next year, the figures for 2020-21 are not yet available.
- [Note 2] As the service may admit service users directly or through referral, SWD does not have the relevant statistics.
- [Note 3] There is no separate CWL or data on the waiting situation for the BPS for Private RCHDs. For applicants on the waiting list for LSCH and HMMH under the CRSRehab who have indicated acceptance of BPS, SWD will allocate BPS places to them according to their location preference.
- [Note 4] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)059

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2241)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please set out for the past 3 years, the number of applicants, number of service users and total amount of subsidy for various vocational rehabilitation services. Please also set out the current average waiting time for such services.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 200)

Reply:

The number of applicants, the number of service users, the total amount of subsidy and the current average waiting time for various vocational rehabilitation services in each of the past 3 years are set out in Tables 1 to 4 of the Annex respectively.

Table 1: Number of applicants for various vocational rehabilitation services

Service type	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)
Sheltered Workshop (SW)	2 562	2 416	2 186
Supported Employment (SE)	33	23	24
Integrated Vocational Rehabilitation Services Centre (IVRSC) [Note 1]	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
On the Job Training Programme for People with Disabilities (OJT) [Note 2]	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Sunnyway - On the Job Training Programme for Young People with Disabilities (Sunnyway) [Note 2]	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Integrated Vocational Training Centre (Day) [IVTC(Day)] [Note 2]	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] IVRSC does not have its own central waiting list (CWL) and applicants are selected from the CWLs for SW and SE.

[Note 2] The service may admit service users directly or through referral and hence the Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the statistics in this aspect.

Table 2: Number of service users of various vocational rehabilitation services

	Number of service users		
Service type/Year	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)
SW	5 315	5 303	5 258
SE	1 974	2 036	2 035
IVRSC	4 944	5 176	5 488
OJT	436	393	312
Sunnyway	307	301	229
IVTC(Day)	333	363	425

Table 3: Total subsidy amount for various vocational rehabilitation services

	Total subsidy amount (\$ million)		
Service type	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Bet vice type	(Actual)	(Actual)	(Revised
			Estimate)
SW	359.4	375.6	376.8
SE	74.8	100.4	102.3
IVRSC	278.9	312.7	357.0
OJT	16.6	21.9	21.8
Sunnyway	16.1	16.5	16.6
IVTC(Day)	32.1	33.3	33.1

Table 4: Average waiting time for various vocational rehabilitation services

Service type	Average waiting time in 2018-19 (in months) [Note 3]	Average waiting time in 2019-20 (in months) [Note 3]	Average waiting time in 2020-21 (in months) [Note 3]
SW	21.3	18.8	Not yet available [Note 4]
SE	3.8	1.8	Not yet available [Note 4]
IVRSC [Note 1]	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
OJT [Note 2]	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Sunnyway [Note 2]	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
IVTC(Day) [Note 2]	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

N.A. - Not applicable

- [Note 1] IVRSC does not have its own CWL and applicants are selected from the CWLs for SW and SE.
- [Note 2] The service may admit service users directly or through referral and hence SWD does not have the statistics in this aspect.
- [Note 3] The waiting time is affected by a number of factors including the location preference indicated by the applicants, the choice of specific service units indicated, the turnover rate of the service units selected by the applicants, etc. The average waiting time is compiled on a financial-year basis covering the 1st day of April of a year to the 31st day of March of the next year.
- [Note 4] The figures for 2020-21 are not yet available as the average waiting time is compiled on a financial-year basis covering the 1st of April of a year to the 31st of March of the next year.

LWB(WW)060

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2242)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please set out for the past 3 years, the number of applicants, number of service users and total amount of subsidy for integrated home care services (frail cases) (IHCS(FC)) and enhanced home and community care services (EHCCS). Please also set out the current average waiting time for such services.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 201)

Reply:

The number of new applicants and the average waiting time for IHCS(FC) and EHCCS from 2018-19 to 2020-21 are provided as follows:

Year	No. of new applicants	Average waiting time [Note]
		(in months)
		(Average of the past 3 months)
2018-19	5 948	18
2019-20	5 626	12
2020-21	4 2 1 0	13
(as at end-December 2020)	4 318	12

[Note] Frail elderly persons who have been confirmed as moderately or severely impaired under the Standardised Care Need Assessment Mechanism for Elderly Services could wait for IHCS(FC) and/or EHCCS. The number of persons waitlisted does not include the elderly persons classified as inactive cases because of their participation in the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly.

The number of service users for IHCS(FC) and EHCCS throughout the year from 2018-19 to 2020-21 are provided as follows:

Year	IHCS(FC)	EHCCS
2018-19	1 458	9 572
2019-20	1 387	11 669
2020-21	2 847	11 239
(as at end-December 2020)	2 047	11 239

The Social Welfare Department does not keep the total annual expenditure under IHCS(OC) and IHCS(FC) separately. The total annual expenditure under IHCS(OC) and IHCS(FC) from 2018-19 to 2020-21 is provided as follows:

Year	Total annual expenditure (\$ million)
2018-19 (Actual)	696.6
2019-20 (Actual)	740.6
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	831.9

The total annual expenditure under EHCCS from 2018-19 to 2020-21 is provided as follows:

Year	Total annual expenditure (\$ million)
2018-19 (Actual)	419.0
2019-20 (Actual)	638.1
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	935.1

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)061

(Question Serial No. 2247)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

Programme: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please list the number of street sleepers in the past 3 years by district and age.

Please advise the number of cases on supporting street sleepers in the past 3 years.

Please advise the headcount of street sleepers receiving emergency fund over the past 3 years.

Please advise the total number of admissions to emergency/temporary shelters/hostels/short-term hostels over the past 3 years, and the actual expenditure involved.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 180)

Reply:

The number of street sleepers approached by the 3 Integrated Services Teams for Street Sleepers (ISTs) operated by non-governmental organisations (NGOs) under subventions of the Social Welfare Department (SWD), and related service units in the past 3 financial years with breakdown by district and age group is set out in Tables 1 and 2 of the Annex, and the number of street sleeper cases receiving support is set out in Table 3.

The headcount of street sleepers receiving emergency fund and the number of admissions to emergency/temporary shelters/hostels/short-term hostels subvented by SWD in the past 3 financial years are set out in Tables 4 and 5 of the Annex.

The Government provides integrated services for street sleepers (including emergency/temporary shelters/hostels/short-term hostels) through subventions to NGOs. The expenditure for such services in 2018-19(Actual), 2019-20(Actual) and 2020-21(Revised Estimate) are \$22.9 million, \$23.6 million and \$27 million respectively.

Table 1: Number of Street Sleepers by District

	Number of Street Sleepers		
District	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
			(as at end-December 2020)
Hong Kong & Islands	118	191	199
Kowloon	1 033	1 106	1 223
New Territories	146	126	119
Total	1 297	1 423	1 541

Table 2: Number of Street Sleepers by Age Group

		Number of Street Sleepers			
Age Group			2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)		
29 or below	29	28	33		
30 to 49	409	425	483		
50 to 69	732	823	873		
70 or above	114	137	143		
Unknown	13	10	9		
Total	1 297	1 423	1 541		

Table 3: Number of Street Sleeper Cases Receiving Support

Year	Number of Cases
2018-19	643
2019-20	622
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	746

Table 4: Headcount of Street Sleepers Receiving Emergency Fund

Year	Headcount [Note]
2018-19	1 569
2019-20	1 527
2020-21 (as at December 2020)	1 119

[Note] Headcount is based on the number of applications.

Table 5: Number of Admissions to Emergency/Temporary Shelters/Hostels/ Short-term Hostels

Year	Number of Admissions	
2018-19	576	
2019-20	543	
2020-21 (as at December 2020)	457	

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)062

(Question Serial No. 2826)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

Controlling Officer: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Special Scheme of Assistance to the Unemployed (Special Scheme), please advise the monthly number of beneficiaries and the amount of Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) payment disbursed since its implementation.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 46)

Reply:

To assist the unemployed and their families who face immediate financial difficulties in a more focused manner, the Government has launched the time-limited Special Scheme under the CSSA Scheme to temporarily relax the asset limits for able-bodied persons by 100% during the one-year period from 1 June 2020 to 31 May 2021. Moreover, during the sixmonth period from 1 April to 30 September 2021, the Government will disregard the cash value of insurance policies of able-bodied applicants of CSSA as assets in a grace period of 1 year. The Finance Committee of the Legislative Council has approved a one-off commitment of \$3.52 billion to cater for the relevant expenses. As at the end of December 2020, the number of CSSA unemployment cases amounts to around 19 500, an increase of over 55% compared to the end of December 2019. The Social Welfare Department will continue to actively process CSSA applications in order to provide timely assistance to persons in need.

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)063

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2870)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

<u>Programme</u>: Not Specified

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please list the number of non-governmental organisations (NGOs) by the amount of cumulative Lump Sum Grant (LSG) reserve in the past 3 years.

Please advise which NGOs were required to refund to the Government owing to their cumulative LSG reserve having exceeded 25% of operating expenditure for the year and the amounts involved in the past 3 years.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 183)

Reply:

The number of NGOs by the amount of cumulative LSG reserve from 2017-18 to 2019-20 is set out in Annex 1.

The name of those NGOs required to refund to the Government because their cumulative LSG reserves exceeded 25% of their operating expenditure for the year and the amount of the refund from 2017-18 to 2019-20 are set out in Annex 2.

Number of NGOs by the amount of cumulative LSG Reserve from 2017-18 to 2019-20

Amount of	Number of NGOs			
cumulative LSG Reserve	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	
(\$)				
100,000,000 or above	9	8	14	
10,000,000 to below 100,000,000	47	52	51	
1,000,000 to below 10,000,000	74	76	75	
100,000 to below 1,000,000	26	20	17	
1 to below 100,000	4	1	1	
0	5	8	6	
Total [Note]	165	165	164	

^[Note] The number of NGOs receiving LSG subvention has been adjusted from 165 to 164 since 2019-20.

NGOs required to refund to the Government due to cumulative LSG reserve exceeding 25% of operating expenditure for the year and the amounts involved for 2017-18

S/N	Name of NGOs	Amount of LSG reserve refunded in 2017-18 [Note 1] (\$)
1	Association for the Rights of Industrial Accident Victims Limited	500,390
2	Agency for Volunteer Service	859
3	Alice Lan and Vera Shen Education Fund Limited	263,004
4	China Peniel Missionary Society Incorporation	91,878
5	Ching Chung Taoist Association of Hong Kong Limited	732,510
6	Christian New Being Fellowship Limited (The)	1,058,823
7	Chung Sing Benevolent Society	6,790,903
8	Hop Yat Church, the Church of Christ in China	523,472
9	Endeavourers Hong Kong (The)	60,700
10	Fung Kai Public School	1,201,893
11	Five Districts Business Welfare Association	367,655
12	Hong Kong and Kowloon Kaifong Women's Association	1,764,173
13	Fo Guang Shan International Buddhist Progress Society (Hong Kong) Limited	989,408
14	International Women's League Limited	168,593
15	Jordan Valley Kaifong Welfare Association	350,880
16	Lutheran Philip House Limited	332,030
17	New Life Church of Christ Hong Kong Limited	2,240,217
18	New Territories Women and Juveniles Welfare Association Limited (The)	848,220
19	Superioress of the Sisters of the Precious Blood (The)	9,197
20	Shamshuipo Kai Fong Welfare Advancement Association	912,328
21	Society for Community Organization	167,354
22	Society of St. Vincent de Paul Central Council of Hong Kong	124,066
23	Mission Covenant Church Limited (The)	654,647
24	Suen Mei Speech and Hearing Centre	141,321
25	Tung Sin Tan Home for the Aged	416,834
26	Hong Kong West Point Baptist Church	1,143,907
	Total [Note 2]	21,855,261

The amount of reserve that should be refunded to the Government is calculated on the basis of the Social Welfare Department's (SWD) examination of the Annual Financial Reports (AFRs) submitted by individual NGOs. The figures are subject to change with further supplementary information.

[Note 2] Individual figures may not add up to the total due to rounding effect.

NGOs required to refund to the Government due to cumulative LSG reserve exceeding 25% of operating expenditure for the year and the amounts involved for 2018-19

S/N	Name of NGO	Amount of LSG reserve refunded in 2018-19 [Note 1] (\$)
1	Association for Engineering and Medical Volunteer Services	238,282
2	Association for the Rights of Industrial Accident Victims Limited	607,182
3	Agency for Volunteer Service	724,555
4	Baptist Oi Kwan Social Service	1,133,347
5	Alice Lan and Vera Shen Education Fund Limited	1,316,196
6	China Peniel Missionary Society Incorporation	1,174,180
7	Christian New Being Fellowship Limited (The)	1,634,682
8	Christian Nationals' Evangelism Commission Grace Light Neighbourhood Elderly Centre	839,188
9	Chung Sing Benevolent Society	9,384,724
10	Hop Yat Church, the Church of Christ in China	1,021,561
11	Fung Kai Public School	537,466
12	Five Districts Business Welfare Association	44,148
13	Hong Kong and Kowloon Kaifong Women's Association	2,245,354
14	Hong Kong Women Foundation Limited	111,587
15	Hong Kong Juvenile Care Centre	473,688
16	Hong Kong Mutual Encouragement Association Limited	587,987
17	Fo Guang Shan International Buddhist Progress Society (Hong Kong) Limited	1,758,065
18	International Women's League Limited	335,175
19	Jordan Valley Kaifong Welfare Association	714,596
20	Lam Tin Estate Kai Fong Welfare Association Limited (The)	576,204
21	New Life Church of Christ Hong Kong Limited	856,075
22	New Territories Women and Juveniles Welfare Association Limited (The)	1,889,764
23	Sai Kung District Community Centre Limited	260,373
24	Shamshuipo Kai Fong Welfare Advancement Association	2,255,438
25	Society for Community Organization	545,785
26	Society of St. Vincent de Paul Central Council of Hong Kong	449,085
27	Mission Covenant Church Limited (The)	934,550
28	Tsim Sha Tsui District Kaifong Welfare Association	1,123,035
29	Suen Mei Speech and Hearing Centre	75,185
30	Hong Kong and Macau Regional Centre of the World Fellowship of Buddhists Limited	365,909
31	Hong Kong and Macau Regional Centre of the World Fellowship of Buddhists Limited	184,762
32	Hong Kong West Point Baptist Church	489,159
	Total [Note 2]	34,887,284

The amount of reserve that should be refunded to the Government is calculated on the basis of SWD's examination of the AFRs submitted by individual NGOs. The figures are subject to change with further supplementary information.

[Note 2] Individual figures may not add up to the total due to rounding effect.

NGOs required to refund to the Government due to cumulative LSG reserve exceeding 25% of operating expenditure for the year and the amounts involved for 2019-20

S/N	Name of NGO	Amount of LSG reserve refunded in 2019-20 [Note 1] (\$)
1	Association for Engineering and Medical Volunteer Services	1,485,267
2	Association for the Rights of Industrial Accident Victims Limited	744,415
3	Agency for Volunteer Service	1,068,064
4	Alice Lan and Vera Shen Education Fund Limited	602,772
5	Hong Kong Buddhist Association (The)	462,664
6	China Peniel Missionary Society Incorporation	892,183
7	Christian Nationals' Evangelism Commission Grace Light Neighbourhood Elderly Centre	1,075,916
8	Chung Sing Benevolent Society	13,645,274
9	Hop Yat Church, the Church of Christ in China	532,538
10	Emmanuel Church	72,344
11	Fung Kai Public School	264,771
12	Fung Ying Seen Koon	408,609
13	Hong Kong and Kowloon Kaifong Women's Association	1,540,175
14	Hong Kong Down Syndrome Association (The)	1,261,198
15	Hong Kong Women Foundation Limited	56,609
16	Hong Kong Juvenile Care Centre	1,793,413
17	Hong Kong Mutual Encouragement Association Limited	52,421
18	Hong Kong Rehabilitation Power	96,460
19	Hong Kong Society for the Protection of Children	6,110,637
20	Fo Guang Shan International Buddhist Progress Society (Hong Kong) Limited	1,257,666
21	Jordan Valley Kaifong Welfare Association	468,143
22	Lam Tin Estate Kai Fong Welfare Association Limited (The)	160,578
23	New Life Church of Christ Hong Kong Limited	1,162,769
24	New Territories Women and Juveniles Welfare Association Limited (The)	553,478
25	Shamshuipo Kai Fong Welfare Advancement Association	2,615,205
26	Society for Community Organization	517,284
27	Mission Covenant Church Limited (The)	779,959
28	Tsim Sha Tsui District Kaifong Welfare Association	475,886
29	Suen Mei Speech and Hearing Centre	633,070
30	Hong Kong and Macau Regional Centre of the World Fellowship of Buddhists Limited	338,197
31	Yuk Chi Resource Centre Limited	52,545
32	Hong Kong West Point Baptist Church	338,498
33	Zion Social Service Limited	84,475
	Total [Note 2]	41,603,480

[[]Note 1] The amount of reserve that should be refunded to the Government is calculated on the basis of SWD's examination of the AFRs submitted by individual NGOs. The figures are subject to change with further supplementary information.

[Note 2] Individual figures may not add up to the total due to rounding effect.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)064

(Question Serial No. 2871)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please advise this Committee the number of recipients of the Normal Disability Allowance (NDA) and Higher Disability Allowance (HDA) and the expenditure involved in the past 3 years.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 185)

Reply:

The number of NDA and HDA recipients and the expenditure involved from 2018-19 to 2020-21 are provided as follows:

	NDA		HDA	
Year [Note 1]	Number of recipients [Note 2]	Expenditure (\$ million)	Number of recipients [Note 2]	Expenditure (\$ million)
2018-19 (Actual)	129 495	3,331	17 210	853
2019-20 (Actual)	135 124	3,527	17 694	852
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	139 480	3,625	18 098	911

The 2018-19 Actual Expenditure included the payment of 2 additional months of the allowances and the top-up payment to make up to \$4,000 under the Caring and Sharing Scheme. The 2019-20 Actual Expenditure included the payment of 1 additional month of the allowances and an extra 1 month allowance announced by the Financial Secretary in August 2019. The 2020-21 Revised Estimate included the payment of 1 additional month of the allowances.

[Note 2] The number of recipients for 2018-19 and 2019-20 is the figure as at the end of the respective financial years, whereas the number of cases for 2020-21 is the figure as at the end of December 2020.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)065

(Question Serial No. 2872)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please list out the number of new and approved applications for the Old Age Living Allowance (OALA) and the amount involved in the past 3 years.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 186)

Reply:

The number of new and approved OALA applications from 2018-19 to 2020-21 is set out in Table 1 of the Annex, while the expenditure of OALA is set out in Table 2 of the Annex.

Table 1: Number of new and approved OALA applications from 2018-19 to 2020-21

	Number of OALA cases		
Year [Note 1]	New applications [Note 1]	Approved applications [Note 2]	
2018-19	53 566	50 806	
2019-20	50 965	44 233	
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	41 309	42 894	

[Note 1] New applications refer to the number of applications received within the year.

[Note 2] Approved applications refer to the number of applications approved within the year.

Table 2: Expenditure of OALA from 2018-19 to 2020-21

Year [Note]	Expenditure (\$ million)		
2018-19	29,937		
(Actual)	29,931		
2019-20	26,893		
(Actual)	20,893		
2020-21	28,490		
(Revised Estimate)	20,490		

[Note] The 2018-19 Actual Expenditure included the payment of 2 additional months of the allowance and the disbursement of a one-off grant to eligible Higher OALA recipients which takes retrospective effect from May 2017. The 2019-20 Actual Expenditure included the payment of 1 additional month of the allowance and an extra 1 month allowance announced by the Financial Secretary in August 2019. The 2020-21 Revised Estimate included the payment of 1 additional month of the allowance in the year.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)066

(Question Serial No. 2874)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please list out the number of Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) cases, recipients, households and new applications (excluding those under the Portable Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (PCSSA) Scheme) in the past 3 years with a breakdown by case nature.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 188)

Reply:

The number of CSSA cases (excluding those under PCSSA Scheme) (i.e. number of households), recipients and new CSSA applications (including PCSSA cases) from 2018-19 to 2020-2021 with a breakdown by case nature is set out in Tables 1, 2 and 3 of the Annex respectively.

Table 1: Number of CSSA cases (excluding those under PCSSA Scheme) (i.e. number of households) from 2018-19 to 2020-21 by case nature

	Year		
Case nature	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Old age	140 037	134 083	129 607
Permanent disability	16 619	17 020	17 371
Ill health	22 976	24 464	25 981
Single parent	24 374	24 007	24 747
Low-earnings	3 422	2 954	2 515
Unemployment	11 688	14 591	19 481
Others	4 102	4 130	3 978
Total	223 218	221 249	223 680

Table 2: Number of CSSA recipients (excluding those under PCSSA Scheme) from 2018-19 to 2020-21 by case nature

	Year		
Case nature	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
			(as at end-December 2020)
Old age	166 731	157 452	152 888
Permanent disability	22 054	22 261	22 923
Ill health	34 243	35 232	37 885
Single parent	58 913	57 591	60 106
Low-earnings	11 283	9 450	8 164
Unemployment	19 552	21 537	30 643
Others	5 819	5 541	5 626
Total	318 595	309 064	318 235

Table 3: Number of new CSSA applications (intermittent CSSA cases have been counted more than once) (including those under PCSSA Scheme) from 2018-19 to 2020-21 by case nature

	Year		
Case nature	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
			(as at end-December 2020)
Old age	14 174	12 590	10 475
Permanent disability	1 475	1 649	1 421
Ill health	6 657	7 551	6 309
Single parent	3 530	3 858	4 150
Low-earnings	940	1 087	1 338
Unemployment	4 971	7 991	13 808
Others	5 092	4 682	4 517
Total	36 839	39 408	42 018

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)067

(Question Serial No. 2875)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please list out the number of single parent families receiving Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) in the past 3 years with a breakdown by district.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 189)

Reply:

The number of single parent families receiving CSSA from 2018-19 to 2020-21 with a breakdown by district is set out in the Annex.

 ${\bf Annex}$ Number of single parent families receiving CSSA by district from 2018-19 to 2020-21

	Nu	Number of CSSA single parent cases		
District	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	
			(as at end-December 2020)	
Central & Western	153	151	164	
Eastern	910	886	922	
Islands	653	690	704	
Kowloon City	1 459	1 385	1 440	
Kwai Tsing	1 879	1 827	1 824	
Kwun Tong	3 547	3 431	3 401	
North	1 432	1 494	1 596	
Sai Kung	617	558	527	
Sha Tin	2 042	2 091	2 217	
Sham Shui Po	2 445	2 484	2 607	
Southern	444	437	430	
Tai Po	849	824	849	
Tsuen Wan	715	744	778	
Tuen Mun	1 642	1 594	1 645	
Wan Chai	71	73	99	
Wong Tai Sin	1 644	1 537	1 583	
Yau Tsim Mong	977	1 016	1 132	
Yuen Long	2 895	2 785	2 829	
Total	24 374	24 007	24 747	

LWB(WW)068

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2876)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please advise the number of elderly persons having been changed to "inactive" cases over the past 3 years:

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 191)

Reply:

To encourage ageing in place, elderly persons assessed to be suitable for residential care services (RCS) will also be given the choice of community care services (CCS) if they wish to stay at home. Upon receiving CCS, their applications for RCS will be classified as "inactive" and will not be called for admission to RCS. However, these elderly persons may seek to re-activate their RCS option if there is a need in future. Once their applications are re-activated, these elderly persons will be called for admission to RCS according to their original application dates and subject to valid assessment results when vacancies arise. The total number of elderly persons classified as "inactive" cases from 2018-19 to 2020-21 is as follows:

2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
		(as at end-December 2020)
13 856	16 104	18 278

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)069

(Question Serial No. 2877)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

Regarding the government-funded construction of residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) that are not yet in operation, please list the number of residential places to be provided by these RCHEs and the year of service commencement.

Please list the RCHEs under planning which have not secured government funding for construction.

Please list the proposals received and the number of residential places under Phase Two of the Special Scheme on Privately Owned Sites for Welfare Uses (Special Sites Scheme) by district.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 192)

Reply:

As at the end of December 2020, RCHE projects that were allocated with government funding for construction but not yet in operation and RCHE projects under planning which had not secured government funding for construction are set out in Annexes 1 and 2 respectively.

A total of 25 proposals (excluding 1 proposal subsequently withdrawn by the non-governmental organisation (NGO) applicant) were received from 16 NGOs under Phase Two of the Special Sites Scheme by the closing date of application on 30 August 2019. About 7 000 additional service places for elderly, rehabilitation and child care services could be provided, subject to the smooth implementation of all the project proposals. The Social Welfare Department is discussing with NGO applicants to finalise the details of the proposals such as the service type and number of places, development parameters and project cost, etc. with a view to implementing the projects as soon as possible.

RCHE projects allocated with government funding for construction but not yet in operation (as at end-December 2020)

District	Planned RCHE projects	Estimated no. of residential places for the elderly [Note 1]	Estimated year of service commencement
Eastern	Joint User Complex at Lei King Road	200	2025-26
	Public housing development at Wang Chiu Road (Phase 1), Kwun Tong [Note 2]	100	2027-28
Kwun Tong	Public housing development at Hiu Ming Street, Kwun Tong [Note 2]	100	2027-28
Tong	Public housing development at Yan Wing Street (Lei Yue Mun Estate Phase 4), Kwun Tong	250	2026-27
Wong Tai Sin	Re-development of Mei Tung Estate, Wong Tai Sin	150	2029-30
Sai Kung	Conversion of Ex-Sai Kung Central Primary School [Note 2]	100	2022-23
	Private development in a land sale site at Kai Tak Area 1F Site 1	200 200	2025-26
Kowloon	Private development in a land sale site at Kai Tak Area 4A Site 1	200	2026-27
City	Private development in a land sale site at Kai Tak Area 4A Site 2 [Note 2]	200	2027-28
	Private development in a land sale site at Kai Tak Area 2A Site 4, Area 2A Site 5(B) & Area 2A Site 10 [Note 2]	150 150	To be confirmed [Note 3]
Sham Shui	Hoi Tat Estate Ancillary Facilities Block (Public housing development at North West Kowloon Reclamation Site 6)	100	2022-23
Po	Public housing development at North West Kowloon Reclamation Site 1	100	2026-27
	Public housing development at Shek Mun Estate Phase II [Note 2]	150	2022-23
Sha Tin	Public housing development at Sha Tin Areas 16 & 58D, Fo Tan (Chun Yeung Estate, Fo Tan)	100	2022-23
	Public housing development at Hang Tai Road, Ma On Shan (Yan On Estate Extension)	100	2024-25
	Public housing development at Chung Nga Road East and Tai Po Area 9	100	2022-23
Tai Po	Private residential development in a land sale site at the junction of Yau King Lane and Pok Yin Road, Pak Shek Kok	100	2026-27
Nouth	Public housing development at Choi Yuen Road, Sheung Shui	100	2022-23
North	Public housing development at Queen's Hill, Fanling	150	2023-24

District	Planned RCHE projects	Estimated no. of residential places for the elderly [Note 1]	Estimated year of service commencement
	Mixed housing development programme at Pak Wo Road, Fanling (Hong Kong Housing Society (HKHS))	150	2027-28
	Kwu Tung North New Development Area 29 Multi-welfare Services Complex [Note 2]	1 750	2023-24
	Public housing development at Site 1, Areas 4 & 30, Sheung Shui	100	2027-28
Tuen Mun	Public housing development at Tuen Mun Area 29 West	100	2025-26
Tuen Mun	Private residential development at ex- Kwong Choi Market	100	2021-22
Kwai Tsing	Public housing development at Ching Hong Road North, Tsing Yi	150	2025-26

[[]Note 1] Figures include both subsidised and non-subsidised residential care places for the elderly.

[[]Note 2] Including the provision of day care units for the elderly (DCUs).

[[]Note 3] The relevant land sale was cancelled on 13 May 2020. The estimated year of service commencement will depend on the subsequent land sale arrangements.

RCHE projects under planning not having secured government funding for construction (as at end-December 2020)

District	Planned RCHE projects	Estimated no. of residential places for the elderly [Note 1]
	Joint User Complex at Siu Sai Wan Road, Siu Sai Wan	100
Eastern	Comprehensive redevelopment of Ming Wah Dai Ha (HKHS)	150
Islands	Joint User Complex at Area 107, Tung Chung [Note 2]	200
Islanus	Public housing development at Area 42, Tung Chung	150
Kwun Tong	Public housing development at Pik Wan Road, Yau Tong [Note 2]	250
Soi Vuna	Public housing development at Pak Shing Kok Road, Tseung Kwan O (the site to the East of Hong Kong Movie City)	150
Sai Kung	Public housing development at Yau Yue Wan Village Road, Tseung Kwan O	150
	Joint-user building at Anderson Road Quarry Site G2 [Note 2]	100
	Public housing development at Kai Tak Area 1E Site 1 (HKHS) [Note 2]	250
Kowloon City	Private development in a land sale site at Kai Tak Area 4B Site 5 [Note 2]	200
•	Private development in a land sale site at Kai Tak Area 2A Site 1 [Note 2]	200
Sham Shui Po	Comprehensive Development Area development encompassed by Lai Hong Street, Fat Tseung Street West, Sham Mong Road and West Kowloon Corridor and a small strip of Government land on Lai Hong Street, Cheung Sha Wan	100
Sha Tin	Private residential development at upper end of Ma On Shan Tsuen Road	150
	Conversion of Ex-CCC Kei Ching Primary School, Fu Shin Estate, Tai Po	130
Tai Po	Private residential development at Sai Sha, Shap Sze Heung, Tai Po [Note 2]	100
	Public housing development at East of Cheung Muk Tau Village	150
North	Subsidised housing development at Jockey Club Road, Fanling (HKHS)	100
	Conversion of Ex-CCC Kei Leung Primary School, Leung King Estate, Tuen Mun	100
Tuen Mun	Public housing development at Wu Shan Road [Note 2]	150
	Re-development of Tuen Mun Clinic	200

Public housing development near Cheung Shan Estate [Note 2]

Public housing development at ex-Kwai Chung Public

School site and its adjoining Government land

Tsuen

Wan

100

250

[[]Note 1] Figures include subsidised and non-subsidised residential care places for the elderly.

[[]Note 2] Including the provision of DCUs.

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)070 CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2878)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

(3) Services for The Elderly Programme:

Controlling Officer: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

Director of Bureau: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

Please set out the respective numbers of 3 types of private residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs), namely subvented and contract homes, self-financing homes and homes participating in the Enhanced Bought Place Scheme (EBPS), over the past 3 years.

Please set out the number of surprise inspections on the aforesaid homes and the number of special incident reports submitted over the past 3 years.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 193)

Reply:

The number of various types of RCHEs, the number of inspections on RCHEs conducted by the Social Welfare Department (SWD) and the number of special incident reports submitted by RCHEs over the past 3 years are set out in Tables 1, 2 and 3 respectively in the Annex.

Table 1: Number of various types of RCHEs

	Types of RCHEs			
Year	Subvented and	Self-financing	Private homes [Note]	
	contract homes	homes		
2018-19	151	36	549	
2019-20	154	36	557	
2020-21	155	36	571	
(As at 31 December 2020)	155	30	3/1	

[Note] Including private RCHEs participating in the EBPS.

Table 2: Number of inspections on RCHEs conducted by SWD

Year	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)
Number of inspections	5 687	5 308	4 244

Table 3: Number of special incident reports submitted by RCHEs

Year	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)
Number of special incident reports	556	472	225

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY LWB(WW)071

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REI

(Question Serial No. 2879)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please set out the number of subsidised places offered by various types of residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs), and the number of places in day care centres for the elderly (DEs), with a breakdown by 18 districts.

Please set out the total expenditure and the average cost per place per month for various types of subsidised residential care services for the elderly over the past 3 years.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 194)

Reply:

As at the end of December 2020, the number of service places of DEs/day care units for the elderly (DCUs) with a breakdown by 18 District Council (DC) districts is set out in Annex 1. The number of subsidised places in various types of RCHEs by district is set out in Annex 2.

The total expenditure and the average cost per place per month for various types of subsidised residential care services for the elderly from 2018-19 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) are set out in Annexes 3 and 4 respectively.

Annex 1

Number of service places of DEs/DCUs (as at end-December 2020)

District	No. of Places
Central & Western	129
Eastern	256
Wan Chai	130
Southern	108
Islands	40
Kwun Tong	452
Wong Tai Sin	290
Sai Kung	225
Kowloon City	158
Yau Tsim Mong	152
Sham Shui Po	280
Sha Tin	318
Tai Po	64
North	44
Yuen Long	218
Tuen Mun	208
Tsuen Wan	174
Kwai Tsing	302
Total	3 548

Annex 2 Number of subsidised residential care places in various types of RCHEs (as at end-December 2020)

	Number of places			
District	Subvented homes operated by non-governmental organisations and self-financing homes [Note 1]	Private RCHEs participating in the Enhanced Bought Place Scheme (EBPS)	Contract RCHEs [Note 2]	Total
Eastern	448	320	150	918
Wan Chai	462	80	56	598
Central & Western	236	585	212	1 033
Islands	352	-	145	497
Southern	1 465	538	-	2 003
Sham Shui Po	825	342	433	1 600
Kowloon City	648	1 572	110	2 330
Yau Tsim Mong	98	790	272	1 160
Wong Tai Sin	1 335	227	208	1 770
Sai Kung	1 281	1	-	1 281
Kwun Tong	1 375	639	284	2 298
Sha Tin	1 347	-	121	1 468
Tai Po	1 226	228	-	1 454
North	1 222	347	-	1 569
Yuen Long	941	787	149	1 877
Tuen Mun	1 204	671		1 875
Tsuen Wan	922	958	175	2 055
Kwai Tsing	1 741	1 141	375	3 257
Total	17 128	9 225	2 690	29 043

[Note 1] Including homes for the aged (H/A) places, care-and-attention (C&A) places, C&A places providing a continuum of care (CoC), nursing home (NH) places and places purchased under the Nursing Home Place Purchase Scheme (NHPPS).

[Note 2] Including C&A places providing a CoC and NH places.

Year	Expenditure (\$ billion) ^[Note]
2018-19 (Actual)	5.4222
2019-20 (Actual)	6.4275
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	7.1030

[Note] Including various types of residential places for the elderly and residential places under the Residential Care Services Scheme in Guangdong.

Annex 4
Average cost per place per month for various subsidised RCS for the elderly (2018-19 to 2020-21)

	Average cost per place per month			
Service type	2018-19 (\$)	2019-20 (\$)	2020-21 (Revised Estimate) (\$)	
C&A homes providing a CoC	16,393	17,373	18,096	
NHs [Note]	23,788	24,979	25,689	
Private homes participating in the EBPS	12,121	14,315	15,991	
Contract homes	17,972	19,006	19,840	

[Note] NHs include subvented NHs and subsidised NH places purchased under the NHPPS.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)072

(Question Serial No. 2881)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

Please set out the number of places for various types of residential care and rehabilitation services, the estimated number of additional places and the actual number of such additional places in the past 3 years, with a breakdown by administrative district of the Social Welfare Department (SWD); the number of planned additional places for various types of residential care and rehabilitation services, broken down by administrative district of SWD; and the number of inspections conducted on residential care homes for persons with disabilities (RCHDs) in the past 3 years.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 197)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

Information on the number of service places, and the estimated and actual numbers of additional service places for various residential rehabilitation services for persons with disabilities (PWDs) over the past 3 years, with a breakdown by administrative district of SWD, is set out at Tables 1 to 6 of Annex 1 respectively. In 2021-22, the number of planned additional service places for various residential rehabilitation services for PWDs, with a breakdown by administrative district of SWD, is set out at Annex 2. The number of inspections of RCHDs conducted by SWD over the past 3 years is set out at Annex 3.

Table 1: Number of service places for various residential rehabilitation services in 2018-19

(by administrative district of SWD)

District	HMMH	HSMH	HSPH	C&A/ SD	C&A/ AB	SGH (MMHC) [Note]	SHOS	HWH	LSCH	Private RCHD under BPS
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	336	652	109	200	375	-	79	168	170	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	85	160	58	100	-	8	40	119	-	-
Kwun Tong	308	230	65	-	-	3	61	84	-	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	188	359	100	88	-	33	76	237	-	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	304	137	20	-	52	-	19	-	-	273
Sham Shui Po	80	206	-	32	78	-	50	169	200	65
Sha Tin	186	520	88	102	-	17	93	206	-	-
Tai Po/North	180	304	-	100	-	64	101	80	-	160
Yuen Long	237	158	50	100	80	-	86	104	80	27
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	218	721	25	202	ı	3	83	162	525	181
Tuen Mun	436	432	67	67	243	-	20	180	612	154
Total	2 558	3 879	582	991	828	128	708	1 509	1 587	860

[Note] SGHs(MMHC) include integrated small group homes (ISGHs).

Legend

HMMH - hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons

HSMH - hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons

HSPH - hostel for severely physically handicapped persons

C&A/SD - care and attention home for severely disabled persons

C&A/AB - care and attention home for the aged blind

SGH(MMHC) - small group home for mildly mentally handicapped children

SHOS - supported hostel HWH - halfway house

LSCH - long stay care home

BPS - Bought Place Scheme

Table 2: Number of service places for various residential rehabilitation services in 2019-20

(by administrative district of SWD)

District	НММН	HSMH	HSPH	C&A/ SD	C&A/ AB	SGH (MMHC) [Note]	SHOS	HWH	LSCH	Private RCHD under BPS
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	336	652	109	200	375	-	79	168	170	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	85	158	58	100	-	8	40	144	-	46
Kwun Tong	358	282	115	51	-	3	61	144	-	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	188	359	100	88	-	33	96	237	-	-
Kowloon City/ Yau Tsim Mong	304	137	20	-	52	-	19	-	-	308
Sham Shui Po	80	206	_	32	78	-	50	169	200	90
Sha Tin	236	520	138	102	-	17	93	206	-	-
Tai Po/North	180	304	_	100	-	64	101	80	-	192
Yuen Long	237	158	50	100	80	-	86	104	80	27
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	218	721	25	202	-	3	83	162	525	181
Tuen Mun	436	432	50	67	243	-	36	180	612	174
Total	2 658	3 929	665	1 042	828	128	744	1 594	1 587	1 018

[Note] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

HMMH - hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons

HSMH - hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons

HSPH - hostel for severely physically handicapped persons

C&A/SD - care and attention home for severely disabled persons

C&A/AB - care and attention home for the aged blind

SGH(MMHC) - small group home for mildly mentally handicapped children

SHOS - supported hostel

HWH - halfway house

LSCH - long stay care home

Table 3: Number of service places for various residential rehabilitation services in 2020-21

(by administrative district of SWD) (as at 31 December 2020)

District	НММН	HSMH	HSPH	C&A/ SD	C&A/ AB	SGH (MMHC) [Note]	SHOS	HWH	LSCH	Private RCHD under
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	376	682	109	200	375	-	79	168	170	BPS -
Eastern/Wan Chai	85	158	58	100	-	8	40	144	-	46
Kwun Tong	409	332	165	101	-	3	101	144	-	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	188	359	100	88	-	33	96	237	-	-
Kowloon City/ Yau Tsim Mong	304	137	20	-	52	-	19	-	-	308
Sham Shui Po	131	257	1	72	78	_	50	169	200	90
Sha Tin	236	520	138	102	-	17	93	206	-	-
Tai Po/North	180	304	_	100	-	64	101	80	-	192
Yuen Long	237	158	50	100	80	-	86	104	80	27
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	218	721	25	202	-	3	83	162	525	181
Tuen Mun	436	432	50	67	243	-	36	180	612	174
Total	2 800	4 060	715	1 132	828	128	784	1 594	1 587	1 018

[Note] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

HMMH - hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons

HSMH - hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons

HSPH - hostel for severely physically handicapped persons

C&A/SD - care and attention home for severely disabled persons

C&A/AB - care and attention home for the aged blind

SGH(MMHC) - small group home for mildly mentally handicapped children

SHOS - supported hostel

HWH - halfway house LSCH - long stay care home

BPS - Bought Place Scheme

Table 4: Estimated and actual numbers of additional service places for various residential rehabilitation services in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD)

Service type	Estimated no. of additional places	Actual no. of additional places	SWD's administrative district
НММН	50	50	Yuen Long: 50
			Central/Western/Southern & Islands: 30
HSMH	280	280	Sha Tin: 50
			Tai Po/North: 200
SGH(MMHC) [Note]	48	48	Tai Po/North: 32
SGH(MIMIHC)	46	46	Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung: 16
Private RCHD under BPS	260	260	Tai Po/North: 160
Private RCHD under BPS	200	200	Tuen Mun: 100

[Note] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

Legend

HMMH - hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons

HSMH - hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons

SGH(MMHC) - small group home for mildly mentally handicapped children

BPS - Bought Place Scheme

Table 5: Estimated and actual numbers of additional service places for various residential rehabilitation services in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD)

Service type	Estimated no. of additional places	Actual no. of additional places	SWD's administrative district
HWH	85	85	Eastern/Wan Chai: 25
111111	00	85 100 50 100 51	Kwun Tong: 60
HMMH	100	100	Kwun Tong: 50
	100	100	Sha Tin: 50
HSMH	52	50	Kwun Tong: 52
HSPH	100	100	Kwun Tong: 50
порп	100	100	Sha Tin: 50
C&A/SD	51	51	Kwun Tong: 51
SHOS	36	26	Wong Tai Sin: 20
31103	30	30	Tuen Mun: 16
			Sham Shui Po: 25
			Tuen Mun: 20
Private RCHD under BPS	300	158	Eastern/Wan Chai: 46
			Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong: 35
			Tai Po/North: 32

Legend

HWH - halfway house

HMMH - hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons

HSMH - hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons

HSPH - hostel for severely physically handicapped persons

C&A/SD - care and attention home for severely disabled persons

SHOS - supported hostel BPS - Bought Place Scheme

Table 6: Estimated and actual numbers of additional service places for various residential rehabilitation services in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD)

(as at 31 December 2020)

Service type	Estimated no. of additional places	Actual no. of additional places	SWD's administrative district
			Kwun Tong: 51
НММН	142	142	Sham Shui Po: 51
			Central/Western/Southern & Islands: 40
			Kwun Tong: 50
HSMH	131	131	Sham Shui Po: 51
			Central/Western/Southern & Islands: 30
HSPH	50	50	Kwun Tong: 50
C&A/SD	90	90	Kwun Tong: 50
C&A/SD	90	90	Sham Shui Po: 40
SHOS	60	40 [Note 1]	Kwun Tong: 40
			-
Private RCHD under BPS	300	_ [Note 2]	-
			-

Due to the impact of the COVID-19 epidemic on the progress of the fitting-out works, the commencement of service of an SHOS with 20 service places has to be deferred to 2021-22.

Due to the impact of the COVID-19 epidemic on plans to improve their manpower, equipment and use of space, some of the private RCHDs could hardly vacate places to be bought under the BPS as scheduled, and thus were unable to participate in the BPS in 2020-21 in time. SWD has launched a new round of BPS. The supply of places is expected to gradually increase in 2021-22.

Legend

HMMH - hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons

HSMH - hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons

HSPH - hostel for severely physically handicapped persons

C&A/SD - care and attention home for severely disabled persons

SHOS - supported hostel

BPS - Bought Place Scheme

Number of planned additional service places for various residential rehabilitation services in 2021-22 (by administrative district of SWD)

Service type	No. of places	SWD's administrative district
LSCH	400	Tuen Mun: 400
		Sham Shui Po: 50
НММН	145	Tuen Mun: 75
		Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing: 20
		Sham Shui Po: 50
HSMH	461	Tuen Mun: 400
		Sai Kung: 11
HSPH	75	Tuen Mun: 75
C&A/SD	200	Tuen Mun: 200
SHOS	90	Sham Shui Po: 50
SHOS	80	Sha Tin: 30
Private RCHD under BPS	300	Location to be determined

Legend

LSCH - long stay care home

HMMH - hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons

HSMH - hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons

HSPH - hostel for severely physically handicapped persons

C&A/SD - care and attention home for severely disabled persons

SHOS - supported hostel

BPS - Bought Place Scheme

Number of inspections of RCHDs conducted by SWD

Year	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
No. of inspections	2 518	2 157	1 386

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)073

(Question Serial No. 2882)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

Please set out the number of places for various types of vocational rehabilitation services, the estimated number of additional places and the actual number of such additional places in the past 3 years, with a breakdown by administrative district of the Social Welfare Department (SWD); and the number of planned additional places for various types of vocational rehabilitation services, broken down by administrative district of SWD.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 199)

Reply:

The number of service places and the planned and actual number of additional places for various types of vocational rehabilitation services in each of the past 3 years with a breakdown by administrative district of SWD are set out in the Annex. Since On the Job Training Programme for People with Disabilities and Sunnyway - On the Job Training Programme for Young People with Disabilities are provided on an agency basis, SWD does not have information on the number of service places by district.

Table 1a: Number of service places for various types of rehabilitation services in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD)

District	Sheltered workshop (SW)	Supported employment (SE)	Integrated vocational rehabilitation services centre (IVRSC)	Integrated vocational training centre (day) [IVTC(Day)]
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	333	115	580	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	618	378	200	-
Kwun Tong	680	185	170	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	325	370	693	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	635	95	317	220
Sham Shui Po	545	120	210	-
Sha Tin	276	20	794	-
Tai Po/North	321	65	180	233
Yuen Long	247	70	621	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	776	180	450	-
Tuen Mun	633	35	607	-
Total	5 389	1 633	4 822	453

Table 1b: Number of service places for various types of rehabilitation services in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD)

District	SW	SE	IVRSC	IVTC(Day)
Central/Western/Southern	333	115	580	
& Islands	555	113	360	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	618	378	200	=
Kwun Tong	680	185	466	=
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	325	370	693	=
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	635	95	317	220
Sham Shui Po	545	120	210	-
Sha Tin	276	20	964	-
Tai Po/North	321	65	180	233
Yuen Long	247	70	621	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	786	180	450	-
Tuen Mun	633	35	607	-
Total	5 399	1 633	5 288	453

Table 1c: Number of service places for various types of rehabilitation services in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD)

(As at 31 December 2020)

District	SW	SE	IVRSC	IVTC(Day)
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	333	115	666	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	618	378	200	-
Kwun Tong	680	185	466	=
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	325	370	718	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	635	95	317	220
Sham Shui Po	545	120	334	-
Sha Tin	276	20	964	-
Tai Po/North	321	65	180	233
Yuen Long	247	70	621	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	786	180	450	-
Tuen Mun	633	35	607	-
Total	5 399	1 633	5 523	453

Table 2a: Planned and actual number of additional places for SW, IVRSC and Work Extension Programme in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD)

District	SW	[Note 1]	IVRSO	[Note 1]		xtension (WEP) [Note 3]
	Planned number of additional places [Note 2]	Actual number of additional places	Planned number of additional places [Note 2]	Actual number of additional places	Planned number of additional places [Note 2]	Actual number of additional places
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	-	8	-	15	-	35
Eastern/Wan Chai	-	20	-	_	-	35
Kwun Tong	-	-	-	-	-	30
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	-	5	-	20		25
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	-	20	-	-	-	35
Sham Shui Po	-	10	-	-	-	10
Sha Tin	-	5	-	20	-	25
Tai Po/North	-	15	85	85	-	15
Yuen Long			170	170	-	10
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	-	15	-	-	-	35
Tuen Mun	-	15	-	5	-	25
Total	120	113	315	315	305	280

[[]Note 1] Including WEP places.

WEP is attached to SW/IVRSC. The number of additional service places includes those converted from SW/IVRSC and additional places.

Table 2b: Planned and actual number of additional places for SW, IVRSC and WEP in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD)

District	SW	[Note 1]	IVI	RSC	WEP	
	Planned number of additional places	Actual number of additional places	Planned number of additional places	Actual number of additional places	Planned number of additional places	Actual number of additional places
Central/Western/Southern	_	_	_	_	_	_
& Islands						
Eastern/Wan Chai	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kwun Tong	-	-	296	296	-	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	-	-	-	-	ı	-
Sham Shui Po	-	=	-	-	-	-
Sha Tin	-	-	170	170	-	-
Tai Po/North	-	-	-	-	-	-
Yuen Long	-	ı	ı	-	ı	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	-	10	-	-	-	10
Tuen Mun	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	10	466	466	-	10

[Note 1] Including WEP places.

[[]Note 2] Since the planned number of additional places for WEP is allocated on an agency basis, SWD does not have information on the number of planned number of additional places by administrative district.

Table 2c: Planned and actual number of additional places for SW, IVRSC and WEP in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD)

District	S	W	IVI	RSC	W	EP
	Planned number of additional places	Actual number of additional places	Planned number of additional places	Actual number of additional places	Planned number of additional places	Actual number of additional places
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	-	-	86	86	-	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kwun Tong	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung		-	25	25	-	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sham Shui Po	-	-	124	124	-	-
Sha Tin	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tai Po/North	-	-	-	-	-	-
Yuen Long	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tuen Mun	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	•	235	235	•	-

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)074

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2883)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please set out the number of places for day care service for persons with disabilities, number of users of the service and the total amount of subsidy in the past 3 years, with a breakdown by administrative district of the Social Welfare Department (SWD).

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 202)

Reply:

The day care services for persons with severe disabilities (day care services) are currently attached to 11 care-and-attention homes for severely disabled persons, 14 district support centres for persons with disabilities and 4 community rehabilitation day centres. From 2018-19 to 2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020), the number of service places for day care services by administrative district of SWD and the utilisation rate of each year are set out in the Annex. SWD does not have information on the number of users and the total amount of subsidy for day care services.

Number of service places and the utilisation rate of day care services for persons with severe disabilities in each year from 2018-19 to 2020-21

	Number of service places [Note 1]					
District	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (As at end- December 2020)			
Central/Western/ Southern & Islands	5	5	5			
Eastern & Wan Chai	15	15	15			
Kwun Tong	25	30	35			
Wong Tai Sin & Sai Kung	30	30	30			
Kowloon City & Yau Tsim Mong	10	10	10			
Sham Shui Po	17	17	17			
Sha Tin	15	15	15			
Tai Po & North	30	30	30			
Yuen Long	25	25	25			
Tsuen Wan & Kwai Tsing	37	37	37			
Tuen Mun	20	20	20			
Total	229	234	239			
Utilisation rate %	81.8%	85.1%	29.1% [Note 2]			

[Note 1] The number of service places is broken down by district in which service units are set up, and the service targets of some units are not exclusive to persons with disabilities living in those districts.

[Note 2] SWD continues to provide day care services to persons with severe disabilities in need during the COVID-19 epidemic. Some service users choose to reduce their service utilisation to minimise the risk of infection.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)075

(Question Serial No. 2913)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

Please advise the number of places, average utilisation rate and number of service users of standalone child care centres (CCCs), CCCs attached to kindergartens (KGs), extended hours service (EHS), occasional child care service (OCCS), mutual help child care centres (MHCCCs) and Neighbourhood Support Child Care Project (NSCCP) in the past 3 years.

Please advise the number of service users and service hours under NSCCP in the past 3 years.

Please advise the additional places anticipated for the above services in the coming year.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 181)

Reply:

The number of service places and average utilisation rate/number of users of various types of day child care services (including standalone CCCs, CCCs attached to KGs, EHS, OCCS, MHCCCs and NSCCP) in the past 3 financial years are set out in the Annex.

The number of service users (including home-based child care service (HCCS) and centre-based care group service (CCG)) and service hours under NSCCP in the past 3 financial years are set out in the table below:

	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
			(as at end-December 2020)
Number of service users	12 586	10 704	5 668
Number of service hours	850 220	743 484	511 045

The number of additional places expected from aided standalone CCCs in 2020-21 is 105.

Annex
Number of places/average utilisation rate/number of service users of standalone CCCs,
CCCs attached to KGs, EHS, OCCS, MHCCCs and NSCCP

		CC	CCs		EI	HS	OC	CCS	MHO	CCCs	NSC	ССР
	Stand CCCs	lalone [Note 1]		CCs ned to [Note 3]								
Year	Number of places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of places [Note 4]	Number of service users
2018-19	3 626	70	31 854	63	2 260	49	446	56	261	9.0	954	12 586
2019-20	3 402	64 [Note 2]	30 966	63	2 286	38 [Note 2]	449	49 [Note 2]	261	8.4 [Note 2]	954	10 704 [Note 2]
2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)	3 248	44 [Note 2]	32 260	50 [Note 2]	2 286	7 [Note 2]	449	10 [Note 2]	261	2.8 [Note 2]	954	5 668 [Note 2]

[Note 1] Including aided and non-aided CCCs⁻

[Note 2] Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the average utilisation rate/number of service users.

[Note 3] The information is provided by the Education Bureau in September every year.

[Note 4] Service operators are required to provide no less than 53 service places in each district (i.e. the total number of places in all 18 districts should not be less than 954). Operators can flexibly increase the number of HCCS places on top of the requirement so as to meet the actual service demand.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)076

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2914)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (000) Operational expenses

<u>Programme</u>: Not Specified

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please advise on the number of the top three-tier executives of non-governmental organisations having received cash allowance under Lump Sum Grant subvention from the Social Welfare Department and the amount involved in the past 3 years.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 184)

Reply:

The information sought is provided in the table below:

Reporting year	No. of staff	Total amount of cash allowance
	having received cash allowance	(\$)
2017-18	399	7,136,381
2018-19	397	7,675,521
2019-20	607	11,323,060

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)077

(Question Serial No. 2217)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: Not Specified

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

1. Regarding the progress of the implementation of purchase of premises for the provision of welfare services with the allocation of \$20 billion last year, how many properties have been purchased so far? What are their welfare uses?

2. Has the Department received any complaints so far, involving owners suspected of forcing existing tenants to move out of their premises and selling the properties to the Government? If so, how many complaints are there? If not, are there any measures to prevent the occurrence of such a situation?

Asked by: Hon CHEUNG Kwok-kwan (LegCo internal reference no.: 23)

Reply:

On 30 June 2020, the Government obtained funding approval from the Finance Committee of the Legislative Council to purchase properties over some 3 years for accommodating welfare facilities, including child care centres (CCCs), day care centres for the elderly (DEs), neighbourhood elderly centres (NECs), on-site pre-school rehabilitation services (OPRS), etc. to help meet the acute shortfall of premises. The details of welfare facilities proposed to be accommodated in premises to be purchased are set out in the Annex.

The Social Welfare Department (SWD) has completed the consultation with the 18 District Councils on the welfare facilities proposed to be accommodated in purchased premises for the districts concerned in mid-November 2020 and has started the purchase exercise. With the assistance of the Government Property Agency (GPA), SWD is currently identifying suitable non-domestic premises for purchase through different channels, including open invitations to owners of potentially suitable non-domestic premises available for sale in 18 districts to submit their sale proposals to GPA for consideration. SWD is assessing the suitability of offered premises for purchase and will update the GPA's website with regard to the information on welfare facilities for which suitable premises have been purchased.

SWD has not received any complaints mentioned in the question.

Purchase of Premises for the Provision of Welfare Facilities List of Welfare Facilities Proposed to be Accommodated in Premises to be Purchased

Type of facilities	Number of facilities
Family and child care facilities	
(a) CCC	28
(b) Co-parenting Support Centre	5
(c) Integrated Family Service Centre	6
Elderly facilities	
(d) DE	15
(e) NEC	48
(f) District Elderly Community Centre	7
Rehabilitation facilities	
(g) Day Activity Centre	3
(h) Integrated Vocational Rehabilitation Services Centre	3
(i) Special Child Care Centre (SCCC)	5
(j) OPRS	12
(k) Support Centre for Persons with Autism	3
(1) District Support Centre for Persons with Disabilities	5
(m) Parents/Relatives Resource Centre	9
(n) Community Rehabilitation Day Centre	1
(o) SCCC cum Early Education and Training Centre	1
Youth facilities	
(p) Integrated Children and Youth Services Centre	1
(q) Youth Outreaching Team	1
(r) Cyber Youth Support Team	5
Total:	158

LWB(WW)078

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2952)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

1. Please advise the number of persons applying for Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) due to unemployment and the number of approved applications since 1 June 2019.

- 2. Among them, how many cases have successfully applied for unemployment CSSA through the newly launched Special Scheme of Assistance to the Unemployed (Special Scheme) since 1 June 2020.
- 3. Please provide the age group distribution of unemployed CSSA recipients, as well as their type of trade and monthly income level before unemployment since 1 June 2019.

Asked by: Hon CHEUNG Kwok-kwan (LegCo internal reference no.: 16)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The number of CSSA new applications under unemployment (UT) category from 2019-20 to 2020-21 is provided in the table below:

Year	CSSA new applications under UT category [Note]
2019-20	7 991
2020-21	13 808
(as at end-December 2020)	13 000

[Note] Intermittent CSSA cases have been counted more than once.

2. To assist the unemployed and their families who face immediate financial difficulties in a more focused manner, the Government has launched the time-limited Special Scheme under the CSSA Scheme to temporarily relax the asset limits for able-bodied persons by 100% during the one-year period from 1 June 2020 to 31 May 2021. Moreover, during the six-month period from 1 April to 30 September 2021, the Government will disregard the cash value of insurance policies of able-bodied applicants of CSSA as assets in a grace period of 1 year. The Finance Committee of the Legislative Council has approved a one-off commitment of \$3.52 billion to cater for the relevant expenses. As at end-December 2020, the number of CSSA UT cases amounts to around 19 500, an

- increase of over 55% compared to the end of December 2019. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) will continue to actively process CSSA applications in order to provide timely assistance to persons in need.
- 3. The number of unemployed CSSA recipients from 2019-20 to 2020-21 with a breakdown by age and occupation is set out in Table 1 and Table 2 of the Annex. SWD does not have the other information sought.

Table 1: Number of unemployed CSSA recipients by age group from 2019-20 to 2020-21

Age group	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
15 to 19	336	463
20 to 29	909	1 345
30 to 39	1 152	2 090
40 to 49	4 104	5 977
50 to 59	6 260	7 043
60 to 64	2 006	3 910
Total	14 767	20 828

Table 2: Number of unemployed CSSA recipients by occupation from 2019-20 to 2020-21

Occupation	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Cleaner	186	184
Clerk	10	18
Construction worker/labourer/fitting-out worker	20	32
Delivery worker	76	113
Domestic helper/baby sitter	63	66
Driver	42	56
General worker/labourer (other than those engaging in construction works)	272	341
Salesperson	60	76
Waiter/waitress	57	112
Watchman/guard	19	19
Others	311	384
Jobless	13 651	19 427
Total	14 767	20 828

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)079

(Question Serial No. 1283)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the home care service for persons with severe disabilities (HCS), would the Government please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the yearly figures of cases served and service places provided by the 6 non-governmental organisations (NGOs) operating HCS across the territory in the past 3 years;
- 2. the number of users of HCS by service type in the past 3 years; and
- 3. the manpower and expenditure involved for HCS in the past 3 years?

Asked by: Hon CHIANG Lai-wan (LegCo internal reference no.: 11)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The 6 NGOs operating HCS across the territory served a total of 4 730, 4 473 and 4 133 cases in 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) respectively. The number of places under HCS was about 3 550 in 2020-21.
- 2. The output of HCS by service type from 2018-19 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) is set out in Annex 1.
- 3. The notional staffing establishment (NSE) for and the service expenditure on the HCS from 2018-19 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) are set out in Tables 1 and 2 of Annex 2 respectively.

Annex 1
Output of various services utilised by HCS users

Service	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020) [Note 1]
Nursing care service (no. of hours)	39 502	38 804	28 553
Rehabilitation training (no. of hours)	73 552	64 737	37 689
Personal care service (no. of hours)	84 730	75 660	53 509
Escort service (no. of hours)	61 629	58 164	27 961
Carer support activities (no. of activities)	162	129	54
Home respite service (headcount of users)	11 666	12 056	7 996
Social work service (no. of users)	4 730	4 473	4 133
Meal support service (no. of users)	76	157 [Note 2]	131 [Note 2]
Household cleaning service (no. of users)	16	25	42

[[]Note 1] Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of service users of individual items over previous years.

[Note 2] Among the users of meal support service in 2019-20, 80 of them only used the service once; while among those service users in 2020-21, 12 of them only used the service once.

Table 1: NSE for HCS [Note] (estimated on the basis of each home care team serving 550 cases)

	No. of st	aff members
Rank/Post	2018-19	From 2019-20 to 2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)
Social Work Officer	0.4	0.5
Occupational Therapist I/Physiotherapist I	-	1
Assistant Social Work Officer	2	3
Social Work Assistant	12	12
Physiotherapist II	6	6
Occupational Therapist II	6	6
Occupational Therapist Assistant	12	13
Speech Therapist	-	1
Registered Nurse	-	1
Enrolled Nurse	4	4
Health Worker	4	4
Personal Care Worker	84	84
Clerical Assistant	4	5
Motor Driver	-	1

[Note]

Starting from March 2020, there has been an addition of 0.1 Social Work Officer, 1 Occupational Therapist I/Physiotherapist I, 1 Assistant Social Work Officer, 1 Occupational Therapist Assistant, 1 Speech Therapist, 1 Registered Nurse, 1 Clerical Assistant and 1 Motor Driver in the NSE for each home care team, so as to cope with the increasing service demand. Under the Lump Sum Grant Subvention System, service operators have the flexibility to deploy resources and arrange suitable staffing to meet the requirements as set out in the FSAs. NSE is only used by SWD for calculating the subventions for subvented services and should not be used for benchmarking the manpower and staffing structure of the subvented services.

Table 2: Service expenditure on HCS

Service	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	(Actual)	(Actual)	(Revised Estimate)
	(\$ million)	(\$ million)	(\$ million)
HCS	287.0	305.3	330.4

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)080

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 1305)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the statistics of integrated home care services (IHCS) with the introduction of IHCS (ordinary cases (OC)) supplementary information sheets (SISs), please provide this Committee with the following information:

- 1. for each quarter from 2015 to date, the number of applicants requesting to be waitlisted for various types of primary services and the respective percentages among the services as shown in the form(s);
- 2. for each quarter from 2015 to date, the number of persons duly assessed for services and the percentage it represents as shown in the form(s);
- 3. for each quarter from 2015 to date, the number of applications from elderly persons, persons with disabilities and needy families newly waitlisted for IHCS(OC) among those already waitlisted;
- 4. for each quarter from 2015 to date, the number of elderly persons, persons with disabilities and needy families whose applications for IHCS(OC) were rejected or who withdrew their own applications among those already waitlisted;
- 5. for each quarter from 2015 to date, the number of elderly persons, persons with disabilities and needy families who have been admitted to IHCS(OC) among those already waitlisted;
- 6. for each quarter from 2015 to date, the main reasons for applications being withdrawn by the applicant or rejected while being arranged for IHCS(OC) waitlisting;
- 7. for each quarter from 2015 to date, the type of primary and secondary services requested by applicants being arranged for IHCS(OC) waitlisting; and
- 8. for each quarter from 2015 to date, the number of current IHCS(OC) users whose requests for other services were pending arrangements.

Asked by: Hon CHIANG Lai-wan (LegCo internal reference no.: 60)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The Social Welfare Department (SWD), in collaboration with the welfare sector, drew up the SISs, which have been formally introduced since July 2015, to facilitate front-line social workers in processing case applications/admission/review. Having regard to the introduction of SISs, SWD subsequently revised the IHCS(OC) quarterly statistical forms for use by IHCS teams, and began to collect statistical data on ordinary cases from IHCS teams through the revised quarterly statistical forms starting from 1 April 2016. The headcount of the persons waitlisted for various types of primary services under the IHCS(OC) in each quarter between April 2016 and December 2020 is set out in Annex 1.
- 2. The number of cases assessed by IHCS teams using the SISs in each quarter between April 2016 and December 2020 is set out in Annex 2.
- 3, 6 & 7. The waiting list for IHCS(OC) is kept and managed by non-governmental organisations operating the service. SWD has not kept the number of elderly persons, persons with disabilities and needy families newly waitlisted for IHCS(OC), the main reasons for applications being withdrawn by the applicant or rejected while waiting for IHCS(OC), and the type of primary and secondary services the applicant was being waitlisted for.
- 4. The number of cases of elderly persons, persons with disabilities and needy individuals and families waiting for IHCS(OC) whose applications were rejected or who withdrew their own applications in each quarter between April 2016 and December 2020 is set out in Annex 3.
- 5. The number of cases of elderly persons, persons with disabilities and needy individuals and families receiving IHCS(OC) in each quarter between April 2016 and December 2020 is set out in Annex 4.
- 8. The number of cases of current IHCS(OC) users whose requests for other services were pending arrangements in each quarter between April 2016 and December 2020 is set out in Annex 5.

Headcount ^[Note] of persons waitlisted for various types of primary services under IHCS(OC) (April 2016 to December 2020)

	Headcount [Note] of persons waitlisted for various types of primary services						
Quarter	General household or domestic duties	Provision of meals service	Escort	Personal care	Purchase and delivery of daily necessities		
April to June 2016	2 196	1 351	889	131	44		
July to September 2016	2 173	1 468	960	131	43		
October to December 2016	2 144	1 415	993	138	41		
January to March 2017	2 130	1 412	1 029	124	41		
April to June 2017	2 104	1 436	1 066	134	49		
July to September 2017	2 316	1 896	1 260	161	61		
October to December 2017	2 291	1 930	1 302	137	64		
January to March 2018	2 048	1 911	1 237	175	60		
April to June 2018	1 547	1 619	1 055	158	45		
July to September 2018	1 278	1 660	1 044	159	53		
October to December 2018	1 158	1 720	1 007	150	41		
January to March 2019	1 203	1 741	1 121	193	41		
April to June 2019	1 236	1 844	1 176	169	57		
July to September 2019	1 209	1 829	1 204	157	62		
October to December 2019	1 195	1 771	1 190	145	61		
January to March 2020	1 337	2 063	1 294	166	63		
April to June 2020	1 280	1 854	1 258	171	63		
July to September 2020	1 482	2 179	1 369	209	86		
October to December 2020	2 537	1 584	1 522	236	96		

 $^{[Note]}$ Elderly persons may be waitlisted for more than 1 service according to their needs.

Number of cases assessed by IHCS teams using the SISs (April 2016 to December 2020)

Quarter	Number of cases
April to June 2016	3 233
July to September 2016	3 010
October to December 2016	2 938
January to March 2017	2 954
April to June 2017	3 189
July to September 2017	3 483
October to December 2017	3 112
January to March 2018	3 267
April to June 2018	3 409
July to September 2018	3 179
October to December 2018	3 215
January to March 2019	3 097
April to June 2019	3 396
July to September 2019	3 143
October to December 2019	2 921
January to March 2020	2 266
April to June 2020	3 004
July to September 2020	2 954
October to December 2020	3 303

Number of cases of elderly persons, persons with disabilities and needy individuals and families waiting for IHCS(OC) whose applications were rejected or who withdrew their own applications (April 2016 to December 2020)

	Number of cases					
Quarter	Elderly persons	Persons with disabilities	Needy individuals and families			
April to June 2016	620	65	19			
July to September 2016	448	27	9			
October to December 2016	532	35	20			
January to March 2017	515	28	14			
April to June 2017	540	29	14			
July to September 2017	545	19	19			
October to December 2017	457	18	12			
January to March 2018	1 464	22	6			
April to June 2018	1 552	34	21			
July to September 2018	1 419	31	22			
October to December 2018	933	29	20			
January to March 2019	813	22	12			
April to June 2019	855	37	17			
July to September 2019	892	28	14			
October to December 2019	831	29	17			
January to March 2020	442	17	15			
April to June 2020	924	32	21			
July to September 2020	605	15	16			
October to December 2020	760	25	10			

Number of cases of elderly persons, persons with disabilities and needy individuals and families receiving IHCS(OC) (April 2016 to December 2020)

	Number of cases					
Quarter	Elderly persons	Persons with disabilities	Needy individuals and families			
April to June 2016	17 300	1 290	254			
July to September 2016	17 235	1 248	264			
October to December 2016	17 221	1 235	273			
January to March 2017	17 194	1 214	256			
April to June 2017	17 349	1 186	254			
July to September 2017	17 363	1 164	255			
October to December 2017	17 294	1 152	242			
January to March 2018	17 124	1 118	221			
April to June 2018	16 936	1 123	231			
July to September 2018	16 851	1 116	252			
October to December 2018	16 684	1 099	249			
January to March 2019	16 614	1 091	232			
April to June 2019	16 521	1 058	227			
July to September 2019	16 552	1 053	244			
October to December 2019	16 307	1 040	240			
January to March 2020	15 740	999	241			
April to June 2020	15 815	990	244			
July to September 2020	15 846	979	228			
October to December 2020	15 593	962	224			

Number of cases of current IHCS(OC) users whose requests for other services were pending arrangements (April 2016 to December 2020)

Quarter	Number of cases
April to June 2016	464
July to September 2016	557
October to December 2016	541
January to March 2017	545
April to June 2017	531
July to September 2017	582
October to December 2017	592
January to March 2018	574
April to June 2018	560
July to September 2018	458
October to December 2018	487
January to March 2019	476
April to June 2019	439
July to September 2019	488
October to December 2019	434
January to March 2020	429
April to June 2020	407
July to September 2020	409
October to December 2020	396

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)081

(Question Serial No. 1306)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Supplementary information sheets (SISs) for integrated home care services (ordinary cases) (IHCS(OC)) have been introduced since July 2015. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) also has quarterly statistical forms to compile statistics on the overall situation of elderly persons receiving or waiting for the services. In this connection, would the Government advise this Committee:

- 1. the number of referral forms and application forms with SISs attached in each quarter;
- 2. the number of people provided with immediate services, being waitlisted or having been turned down in each quarter; and
- 3. whether the effectiveness of using SISs has been evaluated; if yes, what are the details and has it facilitated the formulation of development and waitlisting indicators? If no, what are the reasons?

Asked by: Hon CHIANG Lai-wan (LegCo internal reference no.: 61)

Reply:

To facilitate service providers to process applications for IHCS(OC) by elderly persons with a set of consistent assessment standards, SWD drew up SISs in collaboration with the welfare sector to facilitate front-line social workers in processing case applications/admission/review. Officially introduced since July 2015, the SISs are mainly concerned with the social and health conditions of the elderly applicants. Service teams are not required to submit them to SWD. As reflected by the IHCS teams, the SISs are useful in setting consistent standards for processing applications and enabling suitable services to be provided to elderly persons with pressing needs as soon as possible.

Having regard to the introduction of SISs, SWD subsequently revised the IHCS(OC) quarterly statistical forms used by IHCS teams, and have been collecting more statistical data on ordinary cases from IHCS teams through the revised quarterly statistical forms starting from 1 April 2016, with a view to achieving a more systematic record of the overall situation of elderly persons receiving and waiting for the services. The respective numbers of elderly applicants provided with immediate services, registered on the waiting list, turned down or

having withdrawn their own applications in each quarter from April 2016 to December 2020 are shown in the Annex.

 $\label{eq:localization} Annex \\ Number of applicants for IHCS(OC) in each quarter by assessment result \\ (April 2016 to December 2020)$

		Assessment Result							
Quarter	Provided with immediate services	Registered on the waiting list	Application turned down	Application withdrawn by applicant	Total				
April to June 2016	1 092	1 145	109	645	2 991				
July to September 2016	1 005	1 042	82	656	2 785				
October to December 2016	977	1 026	90	613	2 706				
January to March 2017	1 015	1 029	76	606	2 726				
April to June 2017	1 120	1 103	82	669	2 974				
July to September 2017	1 074	1 419	130	616	3 239				
October to December 2017	934	1 303	88	587	2 912				
January to March 2018	862	1 493	106	609	3 070				
April to June 2018	931	1 533	121	611	3 196				
July to September 2018	947	1 311	125	578	2 961				
October to December 2018	881	1 339	94	682	2 996				
January to March 2019	914	1 301	86	581	2 882				
April to June 2019	983	1 456	76	654	3 169				
July to September 2019	921	1 312	67	629	2 929				
October to December 2019	849	1 258	60	565	2 732				
January to March 2020	598	1 001	71	446	2 116				
April to June 2020	844	1 317	97	581	2 839				
July to September 2020	778	1 370	121	529	2 798				
October to December 2020	835	1 546	148	581	3 110				

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)082

(Question Serial No. 1307)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher (CCSV) for the Elderly (Pilot Scheme), would the Government inform this Committee:

1. please set out the details in the following table

	No. of recognised service		No. of se	ervice pl	aces	Annual Subsidy for CCSVs (\$ million)	Average subsidy per CCSV holder per month
	providers (RSPs)	Day care	Home care	Mixed Mode	Residential respite	Dementia services	Speech therapy
2013-14							
2014-15							
2015-16							
2016-17							
2017-18							
2018-19							
2019-20							
2020-21							

- 2. the average time taken for the elderly to receive the CCSVs, counting from the time they applied for the Pilot Scheme;
- 3. the average time taken for the elderly to receive the services, counting from the time they obtained the CCSVs;
- 4. the progress of evaluation of the second phase of the Pilot Scheme by a commissioned consultant; when and how the evaluation results will be published; and the subsequent arrangement for the Pilot Scheme.

Asked by: Hon CHIANG Lai-wan (LegCo internal reference no.: 62)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The first phase of the Pilot Scheme was implemented from September 2013 to August 2017, while the second phase of the Pilot Scheme was implemented from October 2016. The third phase of the Pilot Scheme commenced in October 2020. The information sought is tabulated in the Annex.

- 2. & 3. As the statistical data collected from the Pilot Scheme does not include the waiting time taken for the elderly to receive CCSVs and the services, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the relevant information sought.
- 4. The evaluation on the second phase of the Pilot Scheme conducted by the Sau Po Centre on Ageing of the University of Hong Kong (Sau Po Centre) revealed that the Pilot Scheme had effectively enhanced the quality of life of frail elderly persons, and had reduced carers' stress and burden. Having regard to the evaluation of the Sau Po Centre and the operational experience of the second phase of the Pilot Scheme, SWD commenced the third phase of the Pilot Scheme in October 2020 so as to introduce more enhancement measures, further increase service supply and provide more diversified choices for frail elderly persons. SWD will make reference to the experience of implementing the third phase of the Pilot Scheme in considering the way forward for the Pilot Scheme.

Table 1: First phase of the Pilot Scheme

	No. of	No. of pl	aces [Note]	Subsidies for CCSVs	
Year	RSPs	Day care	Home care	[actual expenditure] (\$ million)	per CCSV holder per month (\$)
2013-14	62	881	N.A.	3.1	5,123
2014-15	62	923	N.A.	41.6	5,236
2015-16	62	993	N.A.	66.9	5,019
2016-17	62	998	N.A.	55.1	5,564
2017-18	62	998	N.A.	9.1	5,044

N.A. - Not applicable

The first phase of the Pilot Scheme did not provide residential respite service and speech therapy service. It provided (i) day care services (part-time) (single mode) or (ii) day care services (part-time) and home care services. The figures in the above table indicate the maximum number of day care service places to be provided by RSPs, with no separate number of home care service places. Service

units might provide home care services to CCSV holders in need of day care services.

Day care service places include service places for CCSV holders with dementia. Some RSPs were designated to provide services to CCSV holders with dementia.

Table 2: Second phase of the Pilot Scheme

Year	No. of RSPs	Service places [Note 1]		Subsidies for CCSVs	Average subsidy per CCSV holder
Teal		Day care	Home care	(\$ million)	per month (\$)
2016-17	124	2 081	2 944	119.9 [Note 2]	5,564
2017-18	125	2 254	3 040	119.9	5,044
2018-19	153	2 815	4 861	201.9	5,293
2019-20	173	3 210	6 806	226.0	5,474
2020-21	179	3 250	7 123	147.8	5,298

Under the second phase of the Pilot Scheme, RSPs could decide whether to provide residential respite service or speech therapy service (from July 2019) and set the number of service places. CCSV holders might choose either the single mode or mixed mode of day care and home care services.

Day care and home care service places include dementia service places. CCSV holders with dementia may choose to receive services in designated RSPs or other RSPs.

[Note 2] The second phase of the Pilot Scheme was launched in October 2016. The subsidy expenditure for CCSV holders from October 2016 to March 2017 is reflected in the 2017-18 Actual Expenditure.

Table 3: Third phase of the Pilot Scheme (from 1 October to end-December 2020)

Year	No. of RSPs	Service places [Note 1] Day care Home care		Subsidies for CCSVs (\$ million)	Average subsidy per CCSV holder per month (\$)
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	227	3 804	10 542	46 [Note 2]	5,672

Under the third phase of the Pilot Scheme, RSPs can decide whether to provide residential respite service and/or speech therapy service and set the number of service places. CCSV holders may choose either the single mode or mixed mode of day care and home care services.

Day care and home care service places include dementia service places. CCSV holders with dementia may choose to receive services in designated RSPs or other RSPs.

[Note 2] 2020-21 Revised Estimate for the third phase of the Pilot Scheme.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)083

(Question Serial No. 1308)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the second phase of the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher (CCSV) for the Elderly (Pilot Scheme), would the Government please advise:

1. please set out the details in the following table:

	No. of	Annual no.	Annual no.	Annual no.	Annual no.	No. of cases
	invitation	of applicants	of eligible	of ineligible	of rejected	yet to
	letters issued	for services	cases	cases	cases	respond
2016-17						
2017-18						
2018-19						
2019-20						
2020-21						

2. please set out the number of CCSV holders in the second phase of the Pilot Scheme in the following table:

	Cumulative	Annual no.	No. of CC	No. of CCSV holders		o. of persons
	no. of	of persons			having left the	Pilot Scheme
	participants	issued with	who had	who had not	who had used	who had not
	in the Pilot	CCSVs	used CCSVs	yet used	CCSVs	used CCSVs
	Scheme			CCSVs		
2016-17						
2017-18						
2018-19						
2019-20						
2020-21						

- 3. distribution of elderly persons having left the second phase of the Pilot Scheme by reason for leaving.
- 4. distribution of CCSV holders in the second phase of the Pilot Scheme by co-payment level.
- 5. distribution of CCSV holders by different values of CCSV issued in the second phase of the Pilot Scheme.

6. please set out the distribution of CCSV holders by service type used each year in the second phase of the Pilot Scheme in the following table:

	Day care	Home care	Day care and	Residential	Dementia	Speech
	service	service	home care	respite	service	therapy
			services	service		service
2016-17						
2017-18						
2018-19						
2019-20						
2020-21						

Asked by: Hon CHIANG Lai-wan (LegCo internal reference no.: 63)

Reply:

The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the number of invitations issued, the number of eligible or ineligible cases, the number of rejected cases and the number of cases yet to respond.

The information sought on the utilisation of CCSVs under the second phase of the Pilot Scheme is set out in Tables 1 to 5 in the Annex.

Table 1: Number of CCSV applicants and holders

	Cumulative no. of applicants	Cumulative no. of participants in the Pilot	No. of CCSV holders		persons h	ntive no. of aving left the Scheme
Year	for CCSV	Scheme (cumulative no. of persons issued with CCSVs)	who had used CCSVs	who had not yet used CCSVs	who had used CCSVs	who had not yet used CCSVs
2016-17	3 902	3 373	1 871	1 185	109	208
2017-18	6 588	6 520	3 031	1 357	831	1 301
2018-19	8 892	8 813	3 608	1 535	1 745	1 925
2019-20	11 284	11 222	4 237	1 787	2 722	2 476
2020-21	12 217	12 154	4 379	1 780	3 289	2 706

Table 2: Cumulative number of elderly persons having left the Pilot Scheme by reason for leaving

Reason for leaving the Pilot Scheme	Number of persons
Natural turnover	
Will be/have been allocated with subsidised community care service or subsidised/private residential care service	2 739
Deceased	1 808
Taken care of by family members or domestic helpers	680
Others (e.g. hospitalised, out of town)	473
Service-related	
No suitable service units/service packages	295
Total	5 995

Table 3: Distribution of CCSV holders by co-payment level

Co-payment Level [Note]	No. of CCSV holders
I	2 081
II	5 745
III	1 156
IV	1 173
V	208
VI	1 791
Total	12 154

The amounts of co-payment payable by CCSV holders in the second phase of the Pilot Scheme are set according to affordability at 6 levels, namely (I) to (VI), being 5%(I), 8%(II), 12%(III), 16%(IV), 25%(V) and 40%(VI) of CCSV value.

Table 4: Distribution of CCSV holders by different values of CCSV used (as at end-September 2020)

CCSV values (\$)	Number of users
4,130	2 327
5,970	674
7,460	257
8,380	151
9,870	970
Total	4 379

Table 5: Distribution of CCSV holders by service type used each year [Note]

Year	Day care service	Home care service	Day care and home care services
2016-17	905	278	688
2017-18	1 409	680	942
2018-19	1 605	1 043	960
2019-20	1 774	1 398	1 065
2020-21	1 725	1 599	1 055

[Note] Speech therapy service has been provided under the second phase of the Pilot Scheme since July 2019. As at end-September 2020, the cumulative number of service users was 261, and the cumulative number of elderly persons who had procured residential respite service with CCSVs was 229. SWD does not have the number of elderly service users with dementia.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)084

(Question Serial No. 1309)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the second phase of the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher (CCSV) for the Elderly (Pilot Scheme), please advise:

- 1. the number of service places for various types of services, the number of service vacancies, the number of service users in the whole year, the number of cases served yearly and the total number of such cases in each of the years since its introduction, with a breakdown by service unit;
- 2. the number of CCSV service places, the number of elderly voucher users, the number of elderly persons having left, the number of invitation letters issued, the number of service users under mixed mode, and the number of service users under single mode in each of the years since its introduction, with a breakdown by district;
- 3. the number of recognised service providers (RSPs), the number of service places for various types of services (including day care services, home care services, services delivered in mixed mode, residential respite services, dementia services, speech therapy service) and their vacancy rates in each of the years since its introduction, with a breakdown by district; and
- 4. the number of replies received in response to the invitation letters issued since its introduction, with a breakdown by type of reply.

Asked by: Hon CHIANG Lai-wan (LegCo internal reference no.: 64)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. & 2. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have information broken down by service unit, year and service type, or information on utilisation broken down by district, year and service. The number of CCSV users by geographical distribution is set out in Table 1 of the Annex.
- 3. SWD does not have the number of service places and vacancy rate broken down by district, year and service type. The number of RSPs and the number of service places by district are set out in Table 2 of the Annex.

4.	Upon receipt of invitation letters, eligible elderly persons may lodge their applications at different time slots according to their needs. From October 2016 to September 2020, a cumulative total of 12 217 elderly persons applied for participation in the second phase of the Pilot Scheme.

Table 1: Number of CCSV users under the second phase of the Pilot Scheme (as at end-September 2020) [Note 1]

		No. of C	CCSV users	
Disti	rict	Service users of single mode [Note 2]	Service users of mixed mode [Note 3]	Total
1.	Eastern	249	145	394
2.	Wan Chai	153	23	176
3.	Central & Western	83	11	94
4.	Southern	95	15	110
5.	Islands	7	3	10
6.	Kwun Tong	507	132	639
7.	Wong Tai Sin	412	123	535
8.	Sai Kung	108	40	148
9.	Sham Shui Po	192	38	230
10.	Kowloon City	232	54	286
11.	Yau Tsim Mong	101	31	132
12.	Sha Tin	290	55	345
13.	Tai Po	168	73	241
14.	North	71	39	110
15.	Kwai Tsing	206	102	308
16.	Tsuen Wan	244	109	353
17.	Tuen Mun	144	47	191
18.	Yuen Long	62	15	77
Tota	l:	3 324	1 055	4 379

[[]Note 1] As at the end of September 2020, the cumulative total of elderly persons having left the Pilot Scheme was 5 995.

Table 2: Number of RSPs and service places under the second phase of the Pilot Scheme (as at end-September 2020)

Dia4		No of DCDs	Service pl	aces [Note]
Dist	rici	No. of RSPs	Day care	Home care
1.	Eastern	17	234	504
2.	Wan Chai	7	116	550
3.	Central & Western	7	90	275
4.	Southern	9	130	152
5.	Islands	1	20	20
6.	Kwun Tong	19	447	610
7.	Wong Tai Sin	14	278	666
8.	Sai Kung	6	172	465
9.	Sham Shui Po	15	203	488
10.	Kowloon City	14	237	910
11.	Yau Tsim Mong	7	89	220
12.	Sha Tin	10	221	278
13.	Tai Po	7	134	304
14.	North	5	112	150
15.	Kwai Tsing	16	312	496
16.	Tsuen Wan	10	166	455
17.	Tuen Mun	9	199	425
18.	Yuen Long	6	90	155
Tota	ıl:	179	3 250	7 123

[Note] Service places for day care and home care services include dementia service places.

[[]Note 2] Services delivered in the single mode include day care service (single mode) and home care service (single mode).

[[]Note 3] Services delivered in the mixed mode include day care service and home care service.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)085

(Question Serial No. 1310)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the day care service for persons with disabilities, would the Government please inform this Committee:

- 1. by type of disability, of the number of service places, number of cases, number of served persons, number of waitlisted persons, utilisation rate, number of participants having left and reasons for their leaving;
- 2. by District Council (DC) district, of the number of service places, number of cases, number of served persons, number of waitlisted persons, utilisation rate, number of participants having left, number of users of different age groups and reasons for their leaving; and
- 3. by age group, of the number of places, number of cases, number of served persons, number of waitlisted persons, utilisation rate, number of users of different age groups and reasons for their leaving of each type of service.

Asked by: Hon CHIANG Lai-wan (LegCo internal reference no.: 65)

Reply:

The day care services for persons with severe disabilities (day care services) are currently attached to 11 care-and-attention homes for severely disabled persons, 14 district support centres for persons with disabilities and 4 community rehabilitation day centres. From 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020), the number of service places for day care services by administrative district of the Social Welfare Department (SWD) and the utilisation rate of each year are set out in the Annex. SWD does not have information on the number of day care service places, cases, served persons and waitlisted persons, utilisation rate, number of users of different age groups, and persons having left service and their reasons for leaving broken down by type of disabilities, DC district and age group.

Annex Yearly number of service places and utilisation rate of day care services

for persons with severe disabilities from 2016-17 to 2020-21

	Number of service places [Note 1]								
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (As at end- December 202 0)				
Central/Western/ Southern & Islands	5	5	5	5	5				
Eastern/Wan Chai	15	15	15	15	15				
Kwun Tong	20	25	25	30	35				
Wong Tai Sin/ Sai Kung	15	25	30	30	30				
Kowloon City/ Yau Tsim Mong	5	10	10	10	10				
Sham Shui Po	12	17	17	17	17				
Sha Tin	10	15	15	15	15				
Tai Po/North	20	30	30	30	30				
Yuen Long	15	25	25	25	25				
Tsuen Wan/ Kwai Tsing	17	37	37	37	37				
Tuen Mun	15	20	20	20	20				
Total	149	224	229	234	239				

[Note 1] The number of service places is broken down by district in which service units are set up, and the service targets of some units are not exclusive to persons with disabilities living in those districts.

81.8%

81.8%

88.8%

Utilisation rate%

[Note 2] SWD continues to provide day care services to persons with severe disabilities in need during the COVID-19 epidemic. Some service users choose to reduce their service utilisation to minimise the risk of infection.

29.1% [Note 2]

85.1%

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)086

(Question Serial No. 1311)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the day care service for persons with disabilities, would the Government please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the number of service places, quarterly number of users, number of waitlisted persons, service utilisation rate, number of persons who have left the service, and their reasons for leaving of each day care service unit over the past 5 years (the same service user in the same quarter counted as 1 only);
- 2. the number of users and number of waitlisted persons of each day care service unit for each quarter broken down by type of disabilities (the same service user in the same quarter counted as 1 only); and
- 3. the number of users and number of waitlisted persons of each day care service unit broken down by District Council (DC) district (the same service user in the same quarter counted as 1 only).

Asked by: Hon CHIANG Lai-wan (LegCo internal reference no.: 66)

Reply:

The day care service for persons with severe disabilities (day care services) are currently attached to 11 care-and-attention homes for severely disabled persons, 14 district support centres for persons with disabilities and 4 community rehabilitation day centres. From 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020), the number of service places for day care services by administrative district of the Social Welfare Department (SWD) and the utilisation rate of each year are set out in the Annex. SWD does not have information on the number of day care services users per quarter, number of persons waitlisted, number of persons who have left service and their reasons for leaving. SWD also does not have information on the number of users and waitlisted persons of each day care service unit, broken down by type of disabilities and DC district.

Yearly number of service places and utilisation rate of day care services for persons with severe disabilities from 2016-17 to 2020-21

	Number of service places [Note 1]									
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (As at end- December 202 0)					
Central/Western/ Southern & Islands	5	5	5	5	5					
Eastern/Wan Chai	15	15	15	15	15					
Kwun Tong	20	25	25	30	35					
Wong Tai Sin/ Sai Kung	15	25	30	30	30					
Kowloon City/ Yau Tsim Mong	5	10	10	10	10					
Sham Shui Po	12	17	17	17	17					
Sha Tin	10	15	15	15	15					
Tai Po/North	20	30	30	30	30					
Yuen Long	15	25	25	25	25					
Tsuen Wan/ Kwai Tsing	17	37	37	37	37					
Tuen Mun	15	20	20	20	20					
Total	149	224	229	234	239					
Utilisation rate %	88.8%	81.8%	81.8%	85.1%	29.1% [Note 2]					

[Note 1] The number of service places is broken down by district in which service units are set up, and the service targets of some units are not exclusive to persons with disabilities living in those districts.

[Note 2] SWD continues to provide day care services to persons with severe disabilities in need during the COVID-19 epidemic. Some service users choose to reduce their service utilisation to minimise the risk of infection.

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)087 CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 1312)

(170) Social Welfare Department Head:

Subhead (No. & title):

(4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services Programme:

Controlling Officer: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

Director of Bureau: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

The Social Welfare Department (SWD) has adopted a case management service (CMS) approach for home care service for persons with severe disabilities (HCS), integrated support service for persons with severe physical disabilities (ISS) and district support centres for persons with disabilities (DSCs). Would the Government please inform this Committee of the number of case managers, yearly number of persons served, yearly expenditure, details of the service and evaluation of service effectiveness of the relevant service?

Asked by: Hon CHIANG Lai-wan (LegCo internal reference no.: 67)

Reply:

SWD has implemented the CMS for HCS, ISS and DSCs since 2014. Case managers coordinate necessary services for service users, covering personal care, rehabilitation training and nursing care services, and make timely referrals so that service users can be provided with appropriate social and medical services. Joining forces with a multi-disciplinary team (comprising allied health staff, nurses, social workers, etc.), case managers draw up individual care plans with service users and/or their families. They also collaborate with social and medical service units that accept referrals to enable service users and their families to obtain appropriate services. In July 2014, SWD set up a working group on case management, with members comprising academics from universities, and representatives from nongovernmental organisations, groups for persons with disabilities and the Hong Kong Council The working group completed the formulation of the Handbook on CMS of Social Service. in March 2016 to give case managers a more lucid understanding of their role and scope of work, and for them to be equipped with the relevant knowledge and skills for the provision of quality CMS. Following consultation with the relevant service operators, the Handbook on CMS came into full implementation in September 2016.

In 2020-21, 3 550, 900 and 1 760 persons with disabilities were expected to receive CMS under HCS, ISS and DSCs respectively. As at the end of December 2020, 4 133, 1 098 and 1 712 persons with disabilities have received the service they needed through CMS, meaning that the number of persons served has surpassed/approached the full-year service target.

Under the Lump Sum Grant Subvention System, service operators have the flexibility to deploy the resources and arrange suitable staffing to meet the requirements as set out in the Funding and Service Agreements. SWD does not have information on the number of case managers in HCS, ISS and DSCs and the yearly expenditure on CMS.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)088

(Question Serial No. 3217)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding hostels for severely mentally handicapped persons (HSMHs), hostels for moderately mentally handicapped persons (HMMHs), care-and-attention home for severely disabled persons (C&A/SDs), supported hostels (SHOSs), private residential care homes for persons with disabilities (RCHDs) participating in the Bought Place Scheme (BPS) and small group homes for mildly mentally handicapped children (SGHs(MMHC)) for mentally handicapped persons, please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the number of service places, the estimated increase and actual increase in the number of service places, the longest, shortest and average waiting time (with a breakdown by priority and normal waiting list) and the median waiting time (with a breakdown by priority and normal waiting list) in each of the past 3 years;
- 2. the average cost per place per month of residential rehabilitation services in the past 3 years;
- 3. the number of applicants, the number of persons served and the number of persons applying for a freeze in service allocation with a breakdown by district of residence and age group in the past 3 years; and
- 4. the age of service users of residential rehabilitation services.

Asked by: Hon CHIANG Lai-wan (LegCo internal reference no.: 7)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The number of service places of HSMHs, HMMHs, C&A/SDs, SHOSs, private RCHDs participating in the BPS, and SGHs(MMHC) in each of the past 3 years are set out in Annex 1, while the planned and actual number of additional service places are set out in Annex 2. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have statistics on the longest and shortest waiting time (broken down by priority and normal waiting list) or the median waiting time (broken down by priority and normal waiting list), whereas the average waiting time for the above residential rehabilitation services in each of the past 3 years is set out in Annex 3.

- 2. The average cost per place per month of residential rehabilitation services for persons with disabilities in each of the past 3 years is set out in Annex 4. In view of the diversity of residential places for persons with disabilities, SWD can only provide the average cost of all residential places for reference.
- 3. The number of applicants for the above residential rehabilitation services with a breakdown by administrative district of SWD and age group and the number of service users in each of the past 3 years are set out in Annexes 5 and 6 respectively. There is no separate central waiting list or data on the waiting time for the BPS for private RCHDs. SWD does not have information on the number of service users of the above residential rehabilitation services and the number of persons applying for a freeze in service allocation for the past 3 years by district of residence and age.
- 4. The age distribution of service users of the above residential rehabilitation services is set out in Annex 7.

Annex 1

Number of service places for various residential rehabilitation services from 2018-19 to 2020-21

	Number of service places							
Type of Service	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21					
			(As at 31 December 2020)					
HSMH	3 879	3 929	4 060					
НММН	2 558	2 658	2 800					
C&A/SD	991	1 042	1 132					
SHOS	708	744	784					
Private RCHD	860	1 018	1 018					
participating in the BPS		1 010	1 010					
SGH(MMHC) [Note]	128	128	128					

[Note] SGHs(MMHC) include integrated small group homes (ISGHs).

Annex 2
Planned and actual number of additional places of residential rehabilitation services
from 2018-19 to 2020-21

	2018	3-19	2019-		2020-21 (As at 31 December 2020)		
Year	Planned number of additional places	Actual number of additional places	Planned number of additional places	Actual number of additional places		Actual number of additional places	
HSMH	280	280	52	50	131	131	
НММН	50	50	100	100	142	142	
C&A/SD	-	-	51	51	90	90	
SHOS	-	-	36	36	60	40 [Note 1]	
Private RCHD participating in the BPS	260	260	300	158	300	_ [Note 2]	
SGH(MMHC) [Note]	48	48	-	-	-	-	

Due to the impact of the COVID-19 epidemic on the progress of the fitting-out works, the commencement of service of an SHOS with 20 service places has to be deferred to 2021-22.

[Note 3] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

Due to the impact of the COVID-19 epidemic on plans to improve their manpower, equipment and use of space, some of the private RCHDs could hardly vacate places to be bought under the BPS as scheduled, and thus were unable to participate in the BPS in 2020-21 in time. SWD has launched a new round of BPS. The supply of places is expected to gradually increase in 2021-22.

Annex 3
Average waiting time for residential rehabilitation services from 2018-19 to 2020-21

	Average waiting time (in months) [Note 1]								
Type of service	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)						
HSMH	185.6	160.5	Not yet available [Note 2]						
НММН	114.1	144.3	Not yet available [Note 2]						
C&A/SD	68.1	68.4	Not yet available [Note 2]						
SHOS	39	47.3	Not yet available [Note 2]						
Private RCHD participating in the BPS	N.A. [Note 3]	N.A. [Note 3]	N.A. [Note 3]						
SGH(MMHC) [Note 4]	15	8.7	Not yet available [Note 2]						

N.A. - Not applicable

- [Note 1] The waiting time is affected by a number of factors including the location preference indicated by the applicants, the choice of specific service units indicated, the turnover rate of the service units selected by the applicants, etc. The average waiting time is compiled on a financial-year basis covering the 1st day of April of a year to the 31st day of March of the next year.
- [Note 2] The figures for 2020-21 are not yet available as the average waiting time is compiled on a financial-year basis covering the 1st day of April of a year to the 31st day of March of the next year.
- There is no separate central waiting list or data on the waiting time for the BPS for private RCHDs. For applicants on the waiting list for long stay care homes and HMMHs under the Central Referral System for Rehabilitation Services, BPS places are allocated by SWD according to the preference of the applicants who have indicated acceptance of the BPS.
- [Note 4] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

Annex 4

Average cost per place per month of residential rehabilitation services from 2018-19 to 2020-21

Year	Average cost per place per month (\$)
2018-19 (Actual)	16,336
2019-20 (Actual)	18,221
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	18,588

Table 1: Number of applicants for HSMHs in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

	Number of applicants								
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	31	76	34	16	18	5	1	-	
Eastern/Wan Chai	30	84	44	22	24	13	2	-	
Kwun Tong	46	100	57	30	24	13	3	-	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	52	126	65	27	26	20	1	-	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	42	75	47	25	26	10	1	-	
Sham Shui Po	27	58	39	15	24	8	1	-	
Sha Tin	27	79	51	17	13	13	2	-	
Tai Po/North	37	114	48	13	9	4	3	-	
Yuen Long	32	110	39	29	24	13	1	-	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	37	99	65	43	22	16	2	-	
Tuen Mun	23	71	65	33	35	29	3	-	
Total	384	992	554	270	245	144	20	-	

Table 2: Number of applicants for HSMHs in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

		Number of applicants								
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above		
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	28	69	39	14	20	4	1	-		
Eastern/Wan Chai	30	88	44	20	22	12	7	-		
Kwun Tong	45	86	57	19	19	14	2	-		
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	47	129	55	23	22	19	2	-		
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	46	82	44	24	16	4	3	-		
Sham Shui Po	31	53	39	11	19	8	1	-		
Sha Tin	25	69	36	14	13	10	3	-		
Tai Po/North	38	99	32	8	6	5	4	-		
Yuen Long	42	105	33	25	25	12	2	-		
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	41	97	61	35	25	17	2	-		
Tuen Mun	22	61	64	27	30	20	1	-		
Total	395	938	504	220	217	125	28	-		

Table 3: Number of applicants for HSMHs in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)
(As at 31 December 2020)

	Number of applicants								
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	33	58	40	15	19	5	1	-	
Eastern/Wan Chai	29	84	50	19	20	10	7	-	
Kwun Tong	41	88	55	19	20	12	3	-	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	47	135	56	17	19	23	2	-	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	40	83	39	22	14	5	2	-	
Sham Shui Po	32	55	38	12	21	8	1	-	
Sha Tin	26	67	37	15	14	8	3	-	
Tai Po/North	38	100	33	7	11	4	4	-	
Yuen Long	48	107	38	24	23	15	2	-	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	41	94	64	32	26	21	2	-	
Tuen Mun	26	57	65	32	24	24	3	-	
Total	401	928	515	214	211	135	30	-	

Table 4: Number of applicants for HMMHs in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

	Number of applicants								
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	32	67	35	24	16	8	-	-	
Eastern/Wan Chai	21	71	65	42	14	14	2	-	
Kwun Tong	31	92	50	47	33	16	1	-	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	61	110	61	33	38	10	-	-	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	43	51	39	38	19	12	1	-	
Sham Shui Po	31	56	40	24	20	6	1	-	
Sha Tin	28	75	63	35	20	4	2	-	
Tai Po/North	35	74	39	23	19	6	-	-	
Yuen Long	42	70	43	11	24	3	-	-	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	41	94	62	38	29	14	-	-	
Tuen Mun	38	80	51	26	9	2	-	-	
Total	403	840	548	341	241	95	7	-	

Table 5: Number of applicants for HMMHs in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

			1	Number of	applicant	s		
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	30	71	37	19	20	4	1	-
Eastern/Wan Chai	25	69	68	40	14	14	1	-
Kwun Tong	32	94	47	44	31	16	2	-
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	64	119	62	29	28	13	-	-
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	54	51	42	28	20	9	1	-
Sham Shui Po	34	56	40	25	22	5	1	-
Sha Tin	23	71	65	33	20	2	2	-
Tai Po/North	32	72	44	27	21	6	-	-
Yuen Long	47	79	43	15	22	6	-	-
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	34	101	72	32	31	15	1	-
Tuen Mun	40	80	57	30	9	2	-	-
Total	415	863	577	322	238	92	9	-

Table 6: Number of applicants for HMMHs in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)
(As at 31 December 2020)

	Number of applicants								
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	32	71	32	20	19	5	1	-	
Eastern/Wan Chai	22	67	66	39	19	13	2	-	
Kwun Tong	43	88	53	37	33	13	1	-	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	67	125	56	33	25	9	-	-	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	44	54	45	31	17	13	-	1	
Sham Shui Po	32	54	34	25	10	5	1	-	
Sha Tin	27	69	61	32	18	4	2	-	
Tai Po/North	32	67	53	27	19	6	1	-	
Yuen Long	44	85	49	16	18	6	-	-	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	38	107	64	33	37	13	1	-	
Tuen Mun	42	84	58	30	8	2	-		
Total	423	871	571	323	223	89	9	1	

Table 7: Number of applicants for C&A/SDs in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

District	Number of applicants								
	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	5	7	7	9	26	2	1	-	
Eastern/Wan Chai	6	6	3	9	16	6	2	-	
Kwun Tong	6	8	2	5	17	4	1	-	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	21	9	3	9	23	5	1	-	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	4	7	3	9	28	5	-	-	
Sham Shui Po	6	8	3	9	14	1	-	-	
Sha Tin	7	5	4	7	20	6	-	-	
Tai Po/North	16	8	6	9	16	9	6	-	
Yuen Long	11	17	2	6	9	2	1	-	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	18	11	3	12	24	6	1	-	
Tuen Mun	6	8	3	5	13	8	1	-	
Total	106	94	39	89	206	54	14	-	

Table 8: Number of applicants for C&A/SDs in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

District	Number of applicants								
	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	5	8	9	8	29	3	1	-	
Eastern/Wan Chai	8	6	2	8	15	7	2	-	
Kwun Tong	6	5	1	8	14	1	2	-	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	15	14	2	8	19	5	1	-	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	5	5	5	11	25	8	-	-	
Sham Shui Po	8	3	3	6	11	4	-	-	
Sha Tin	8	1	5	8	22	5	-	-	
Tai Po/North	17	10	7	6	22	7	5	1	
Yuen Long	10	17	2	8	8	1	1	-	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	13	10	4	9	19	7	1	-	
Tuen Mun	6	9	-	3	11	9	3	-	
Total	101	88	40	83	195	57	16	1	

Table 9: Number of applicants for C&A/SDs in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)
(As at 31 December 2020)

District	Number of applicants								
	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	4	7	9	8	23	9	1	-	
Eastern/Wan Chai	7	6	1	11	10	4	2	-	
Kwun Tong	7	3	2	5	16	1	2	-	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	17	8	6	6	20	7	1	-	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	6	5	5	10	18	5	-	-	
Sham Shui Po	7	1	3	6	8	5	-	-	
Sha Tin	10	2	3	6	17	7	-	-	
Tai Po/North	16	7	6	5	18	4	3	-	
Yuen Long	10	12	2	5	11	1	1	-	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	14	6	3	14	22	9	2	-	
Tuen Mun	4	9	1	3	13	5	3	-	
Total	102	66	41	79	176	57	15	-	

Table 10: Number of applicants for SHOSs in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

	Number of applicants								
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	14	30	40	36	31	8	1	-	
Eastern/Wan Chai	5	31	34	38	40	9	1	-	
Kwun Tong	20	46	55	56	33	14	-	-	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	18	71	86	75	69	15	1	-	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	10	17	23	22	24	11	-	-	
Sham Shui Po	9	27	35	32	33	4	-	-	
Sha Tin	9	34	57	53	24	7	-	-	
Tai Po/North	20	60	72	24	25	1	-	-	
Yuen Long	7	56	49	33	24	1	-	-	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	26	61	64	57	33	11	1	-	
Tuen Mun	15	54	61	29	28	6	-	-	
Total	153	487	576	455	364	87	4	-	

Table 11: Number of applicants for SHOSs in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

	Number of applicants								
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	8	32	43	34	32	8	1	-	
Eastern/Wan Chai	5	31	37	39	36	9	1	-	
Kwun Tong	27	53	48	49	37	11	1	-	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	24	69	96	66	66	17	1	-	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	9	18	22	21	23	8	-	-	
Sham Shui Po	10	28	42	27	38	8	-	-	
Sha Tin	14	36	60	51	22	9	-	-	
Tai Po/North	21	71	64	28	27	2	-	-	
Yuen Long	16	55	51	34	26	1	-	-	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	31	60	73	56	39	10	1	-	
Tuen Mun	17	52	66	38	30	7	-	-	
Total	182	505	602	443	376	90	5	-	

Table 12: Number of applicants for SHOSs in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)
(As at 31 December 2020)

	Number of applicants								
District	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	7	37	51	40	33	9	1	-	
Eastern/Wan Chai	4	30	31	39	28	9	1	-	
Kwun Tong	25	56	51	40	32	12	1	-	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	26	64	91	65	57	20	-	-	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	8	23	23	16	23	8	-	-	
Sham Shui Po	11	28	42	29	38	7	-	-	
Sha Tin	9	44	61	61	20	8	-	-	
Tai Po/North	17	76	64	37	26	3	-	-	
Yuen Long	16	55	54	33	28	2	-	-	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	33	56	87	57	37	12	1	-	
Tuen Mun	17	57	69	41	29	7	-	-	
Total	173	526	624	458	351	97	4	-	

Table 13: Number of applicants for SGHs(MMHC) [Note] in 2018-19 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

District	Number of applicants						
District	Aged 6 to 8	Aged 9 to 11	Aged 12 to 15	Aged 16 or above			
Central/Western/Southern &							
Islands	-	=	-	-			
Eastern/Wan Chai	-	-	2	2			
Kwun Tong	-	7	1	-			
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	1	2	2	-			
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	-	1	-	-			
Sham Shui Po	-	1	2	-			
Sha Tin	1	1	1	-			
Tai Po/North	1	1	1	1			
Yuen Long	-	1	1	1			
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	-	-	-	-			
Tuen Mun	1	-	2	-			
Total	4	14	12	4			

[Note] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

Table 14: Number of applicants for SGHs(MMHC) [Note] in 2019-20 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

District	Number of applicants						
District	Aged 6 to 8	Aged 9 to 11	Aged 12 to 15	Aged 16 or above			
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	2	1	-	-			
Eastern/Wan Chai	-	1	3	2			
Kwun Tong	1	2	7	-			
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	2	2	1	-			
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	-	1	1	-			
Sham Shui Po	-	-	2	1			
Sha Tin	-	2	2	-			
Tai Po/North	3	2	3	-			
Yuen Long	-	-	2	1			
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	1	-	4	-			
Tuen Mun	-	-	1	-			
Total	9	11	26	4			

[Note] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

Table 15: Number of applicants for SGHs(MMHC) [Note] in 2020-21 (by administrative district of SWD and age group)

(As at 31 December 2020)

D: 4 · 4	Number of applicants						
District	Aged 6 to 8	Aged 9 to 11	Aged 12 to 15	Aged 16 or above			
Central/Western/Southern &	-						
Islands	1	1	2	-			
Eastern/Wan Chai	-	1	3	3			
Kwun Tong	1	2	14	-			
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	3	3	2	-			
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	-	1	3	-			
Sham Shui Po	1	1	3	-			
Sha Tin	-	2	5	-			
Tai Po/North	2	1	4	-			
Yuen Long	-	2	4	1			
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	3	-	3	-			
Tuen Mun	1	-	1	-			
Total	12	14	44	4			

[Note] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

Number of service users of various residential rehabilitation services from 2018-19 to 2020-21

Type of service	Number of service users					
	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (As at 31 December 2020)			
HSMH	3 620	3 854	3 937			
НММН	2 544	2 580	2 683			
C&A/SD	982	1 010	1 056			
SHOS	697	709	735			
Private RCHD participating in the BPS	583	798	883			
SGH(MMHC) [Note]	124	127	125			

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} \beg$

Table 1: Age distribution of service users of various residential rehabilitation services in 2020-21

(As at 31 December 2020)

		Number of service users						
Type of Service	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above
HSMH	11	345	976	1 009	900	578	109	9
HMMH	9	151	544	689	782	428	80	-
C&A/SD	1	240	219	170	178	166	66	16
SHOS	1	68	160	209	225	68	4	-
Private RCHD participating in the BPS	-	29	82	219	298	218	37	-

Table 2: Age distribution of service users of SGHs(MMHC) [Note] in 2020-21 (As at 31 December 2020)

	Number of service users					
Type of Service	Aged 6 to 8	Aged 9 to 11	Aged 12 to 15	Aged 16 or above		
SGH(MMHC) [Note]	8	18	63	36		

[Note] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)089

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 3218)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding integrated home care services (IHCS) and enhanced home and community care services (EHCCS), would the Government advise this Committee:

- 1. the number of service places and the actual number of services users of the 60 service teams in Hong Kong over the past 3 years;
- 2. the number of users throughout the year of IHCS (ordinary cases) (IHCS(OC)) and IHCS (frail cases) (IHCS(FC)) and the number of persons waitlisted over the past 3 years, with a breakdown by District Council (DC) district;
- 3. the number of EHCCS users throughout the year and the number of persons waitlisted over the past 3 years, with a breakdown by DC district; and
- 4. the average waiting time for IHCS and EHCCS over the past 3 years?

Asked by: Hon CHIANG Lai-wan (LegCo internal reference no.: 8)

Reply:

The numbers of IHCS(OC) and IHCS(FC) places from 2018-19 to 2020-21 are set out at Annexes 1 to 3 respectively.

The number of IHCS(OC) users throughout the year and the number of persons waitlisted for IHCS(OC) from 2018-19 to 2020-21, with a breakdown by DC district, are set out at Annexes 4 and 5 respectively. The waiting list for IHCS(OC) is kept and managed by non-governmental organisations currently operating the services. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have information on the waiting time for IHCS(OC).

The number of IHCS(FC) users throughout the year from 2018-19 to 2020-21, with a breakdown by DC district, are set out at Annex 6.

The number of EHCCS users throughout the year from 2018-19 to 2020-21, with a breakdown by DC district, are set out at Annex 7.

SWD only keeps the statistical information on the number of persons waitlisted for IHCS(FC) and EHCCS in the territory without a breakdown by DC district. The numbers of persons waitlisted and the average waiting time for IHCS(FC) and EHCCS from 2018-19 to 2020-21 are as follows:

Year	No. of persons waitlisted [Note]	Average waiting time (in months) (average of previous 3 months)
2018-19	7 930	18
2019-20	5 595	12
2020-21	4 191	12
(as at end-December 2020)	4 191	12

[Note] Frail elderly persons who have been confirmed as moderately or severely impaired under the Standardised Care Need Assessment Mechanism for Elderly Services can be waitlisted for IHCS(FC) and/or EHCCS. The figures do not include the number of elderly persons classified as inactive cases because of their participation in the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly.

Number of service places for IHCS(OC) and IHCS(FC) $\ensuremath{(2018\text{-}19)}$

D: -4: -4	N	No. of places			
District	Name of organisation	OC [Note]	FC		
	St. James' Settlement	167	20		
Central & Western	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	137	10		
Central & Western	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	259	10		
	Council Limited	239	10		
Islands	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	232	20		
Wan Chai	St. James' Settlement	338	20		
w all Clial	Methodist Centre	86	10		
	Hong Kong Society for Aged	471	30		
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	404	20		
	Methodist Epworth Village	284	10		
Eastern	Community Centre, Social Welfare	204	10		
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	208	10		
	Hong Kong Young Women's	108	10		
	Christian Association	108	10		
	Aberdeen Kai-fong Welfare	466	50		
Southern	Association Social Service Centre	400	30		
	Caritas-Hong Kong	406	30		
	Association for Engineering and	81	20		
	Medical Volunteer Services	81	20		
	Caritas-Hong Kong	291	10		
	Christian Family Service Centre	199	10		
Wone Toi Cin	Neighbourhood Advice-Action	134	10		
Wong Tai Sin	Council	134	10		
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	516	20		
	Council Limited	516	30		
	Yang Memorial Methodist Social	279	20		
	Service	219	20		
	Caritas-Hong Kong	224	10		
Sai Kung	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	148	10		
	Salvation Army	43	10		
	Christian Family Service Centre	692	60		
V T	Hong Kong Christian Service	118	10		
Kwun Tong	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	714	40		
	Salvation Army	240	40		
	Yang Memorial Methodist Social	152	10		
	Service	153	10		
Yau Tsim Mong	Salvation Army	463	20		
	Mongkok Kai-Fong Association	20.6	10		
	Limited	296	10		
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	133	10		
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	001	10		
Kowloon City	Council Limited	981	10		
·	Hong Kong Young Women's	201	10		
	Christian Association	201	10		

D: -4: -4	NT	No. of p	laces	
District	Name of organisation	OC [Note]	FC	
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association	122	10	
	Hong Kong Christian Service	450	15	
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	267	10	
Sham Shui Po	Caritas-Hong Kong	315	15	
Shain Shui I O	Sik Sik Yuen	194	10	
	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	115	10	
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited	96	20	
	Caritas-Hong Kong	421	20	
CI TE:	Evangelical Lutheran Church Social Service - Hong Kong	229	20	
Sha Tin	Hong Kong Children & Youth Services	301	40	
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	351	40	
	Hong Kong Children & Youth Services	179	10	
Tai Po	Salvation Army	277	10	
	United Christian Nethersole Community Health Service	110	10	
	Caritas-Hong Kong	187	10	
North	Hong Kong Evangelical Church Social Service Limited	797	10	
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association	213	10	
	Caritas-Hong Kong	348	30	
Yuen Long	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	178	10	
C	Pok Oi Hospital	246	20	
	Yan Oi Tong	355	30	
T W	Hong Kong Society for the Aged	165	10	
Tsuen Wan	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	253	30	
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	587	50	
Kwai Tsing	Hong Kong Society for the Aged	344	20	
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited	269	20	
	Yan Oi Tong	490	15	
Tuen Mun	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	606	15	
Total		17 937	1 120	

^[Note] Individual service providers of IHCS(OC) set their own capacity. Figures listed in the table refer to the number of persons receiving the services at the end of each year.

Number of service places for IHCS(OC) and IHCS(FC) $\ensuremath{(2019\text{-}20)}$

D' 4 ' 4	N	No. of 1	olaces	
District	Name of organisation	OC [Note]	FC	
	St. James' Settlement	132	20	
Central & Western	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	119	10	
Central & Western	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	255	10	
	Council Limited	233	10	
Islands	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	213	20	
Wan Chai	St. James' Settlement	315	20	
w an Chai	Methodist Centre	91	10	
	Hong Kong Society for Aged	497	30	
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	372	20	
	Methodist Epworth Village	250	10	
Eastern	Community Centre, Social Welfare	230	10	
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	194	10	
	Hong Kong Young Women's	101	10	
	Christian Association	101	10	
	Aberdeen Kai-fong Welfare	455	50	
Southern	Association Social Service Centre			
	Caritas-Hong Kong	395	30	
	Association for Engineering and	78	20	
	Medical Volunteer Services			
	Caritas-Hong Kong	243	10	
	Christian Family Service Centre	205	10	
Wong Tai Sin	Neighbourhood Advice-Action	132	10	
wong rarbin	Council	132	10	
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	491	30	
	Council Limited	121		
	Yang Memorial Methodist Social	260	20	
	Service			
	Caritas-Hong Kong	226	10	
Sai Kung	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	159	10	
	Salvation Army	40	10	
	Christian Family Service Centre	660	60	
Kwun Tong	Hong Kong Christian Service	131	10	
Tiwan Tong	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	670	40	
	Salvation Army	243	40	
	Yang Memorial Methodist Social	138	10	
	Service			
Yau Tsim Mong	Salvation Army	443	20	
	Mongkok Kai-Fong Association	298	10	
	Limited			
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	130	10	
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	917	10	
Kowloon City	Council Limited	/1/	10	
	Hong Kong Young Women's	188	10	
	Christian Association	100	10	

D'44	NI C	No. of p	olaces
District	Name of organisation	OC [Note]	FC
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association	114	10
	Hong Kong Christian Service	410	15
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	253	10
Sham Shui Po	Caritas-Hong Kong	308	15
Shain Shui Fo	Sik Sik Yuen	185	10
	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	105	10
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited	99	20
	Caritas-Hong Kong	427	20
CI TT'	Evangelical Lutheran Church Social Service - Hong Kong	241	20
Sha Tin	Hong Kong Children & Youth Services	265	40
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	363	40
	Hong Kong Children & Youth Services	175	10
Tai Po	Salvation Army	268	10
	United Christian Nethersole Community Health Service	105	10
	Caritas-Hong Kong	195	10
North	Hong Kong Evangelical Church Social Service Limited	727	10
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association	202	10
	Caritas-Hong Kong	308	30
Yuen Long	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	181	10
C	Pok Oi Hospital	236	20
	Yan Oi Tong	316	30
TD 137	Hong Kong Society for the Aged	144	10
Tsuen Wan	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	217	30
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	524	50
Kwai Tsing	Hong Kong Society for the Aged	276	20
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited	267	20
	Yan Oi Tong	421	15
Tuen Mun	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	607	15
Total		16 980	1 120

^[Note] Individual service providers of IHCS(OC) set their own capacity. Figures listed in the table refer to the number of persons receiving the services at the end of each year.

Number of service places for IHCS(OC) and IHCS(FC) $\ensuremath{(2020\text{-}21)}$

District	Name of augmination	No. of p	olaces	
District	Name of organisation	OC [Note]	FC	
	St. James' Settlement	126	30	
Central & Western	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	114	20	
Central & Western	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	247	20	
	Council Limited	247	20	
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	221	25	
Islands	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited [Note 2]	73	20	
Wan Chai	St. James' Settlement	280	35	
Wan Chai	Methodist Centre	92	30	
	Hong Kong Society for Aged	497	65	
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	370	40	
	Methodist Epworth Village	220	40	
Eastern	Community Centre, Social Welfare	238	40	
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	203	35	
	Hong Kong Young Women's	05	40	
	Christian Association	95	40	
	Aberdeen Kai-fong Welfare	477	75	
Southern	Association Social Service Centre	4//	75	
	Caritas-Hong Kong	437	55	
W T.: Cin	Association for Engineering and	71	45	
	Medical Volunteer Services	/1	43	
	Caritas-Hong Kong	227	40	
	Christian Family Service Centre	191	40	
	Neighbourhood Advice-Action	135	40	
Wong Tai Sin	Council	155	40	
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	455	50	
	Council Limited	433		
	Yang Memorial Methodist Social	242 4		
	Service	242	45	
	Caritas-Hong Kong	231	40	
Sai Kung	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	140	40	
	Salvation Army	39	25	
	Christian Family Service Centre	677	110	
Kwun Tong	Hong Kong Christian Service	115	65	
Kwun Tong	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	676	90	
	Salvation Army	198	90	
	Yang Memorial Methodist Social Service	110	30	
Yau Tsim Mong	Salvation Army	440	35	
S	Mongkok Kai-Fong Association	202		
	Limited	302	15	
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	131	20	
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare			
Kowloon City	Council Limited	934	35	
•	Hong Kong Young Women's	152	25	
	Christian Association	153	35	

District	Nome of organization	No. of p	olaces
District	Name of organisation	OC [Note]	FC
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association	94	20
	Hong Kong Christian Service	424	20
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	258	15
Sham Shui Po	Caritas-Hong Kong	304	20
Shain Shui Fo	Sik Sik Yuen	181	30
	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	124	15
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited	109	30
	Caritas-Hong Kong	401	50
Cho Tio	Evangelical Lutheran Church Social Service - Hong Kong	241	50
Sha Tin	Hong Kong Children & Youth Services	247	70
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	361	60
	Hong Kong Children & Youth Services	138	30
Tai Po	Salvation Army	281	30
	United Christian Nethersole Community Health Service	122	40
	Caritas-Hong Kong	164	35
North	Hong Kong Evangelical Church Social Service Limited	735	40
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association	184	35
	Caritas-Hong Kong	304	35
Yuen Long	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	176	25
C	Pok Oi Hospital	230	40
	Yan Oi Tong	305	35
TD 137	Hong Kong Society for the Aged	146	50
Tsuen Wan	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	256	70
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	554	100
Vyyoi Toina	Hong Kong Society for the Aged	267	70
Kwai Tsing	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited	246	70
	Yan Oi Tong	411	60
Tuen Mun	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	579	55
Total		16 779	2 620

[[]Note 1] Individual service provider of IHCS(OC) set their own capacity. Figures listed in the table refer to the number of ordinary case persons receiving the services at the end of each year.

[[]Note 2] The only Home Help Team has been upgraded to IHCS team since 1 October 2020, and there are a total of 61 IHCS teams in the territory.

Annex 4

Number of IHCS(OC) users throughout the year (from 2018-19 to 2020-21)

	Numbe	er of service users t	hroughout the year
District/Year	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
			(as at end-December 2020)
Central & Western	741	717	623
Eastern	2 047	1 970	1 799
Wan Chai	557	562	456
Southern	1 281	1 196	1 148
Islands	323	316	354
Kwun Tong	2 270	2 256	2 077
Wong Tai Sin	1 981	1 826	1 626
Sai Kung	547	571	504
Kowloon City	1 716	1 612	1 452
Yau Tsim Mong	1 220	1 235	1 070
Sham Shui Po	2 074	1 968	1 827
Sha Tin	1 737	1 724	1 575
Tai Po	801	761	716
North	1 643	1 553	1 364
Yuen Long	1 566	1 413	1 263
Tuen Mun	1 479	1 369	1 220
Tsuen Wan	595	572	524
Kwai Tsing	1 774	1 769	1 461
Total	24 352	23 390	21 059

Number of persons waitlisted for IHCS(OC) (from 2018-19 to 2020-21)

		Number of person	ns waitlisted
District/Year	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Central & Western	28	47	66
Eastern	106	146	166
Wan Chai	56	69	108
Southern	84	85	115
Islands	-	_	93
Kwun Tong	761	861	988
Wong Tai Sin	577	609	663
Sai Kung	87	125	150
Kowloon City	110	104	102
Yau Tsim Mong	82	82	99
Sham Shui Po	251	292	363
Sha Tin	416	506	598
Tai Po	103	140	148
North	55	61	105
Yuen Long	122	151	196
Tuen Mun	302	261	337
Tsuen Wan	9	5	6
Kwai Tsing	112	70	50
Total	3 261	3 614	4 353

Number of IHCS(FC) users throughout the year (from 2018-19 to 2020-21)

	Numbe	er of service users t	hroughout the year
District/Year	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
			(as at end-December 2020)
Central & Western	61	51	77
Eastern	113	100	238
Wan Chai	43	35	71
Southern	104	101	144
Islands	26	25	45
Kwun Tong	184	184	381
Wong Tai Sin	132	115	286
Sai Kung	34	39	116
Kowloon City	41	36	100
Yau Tsim Mong	56	51	87
Sham Shui Po	130	119	181
Sha Tin	155	153	260
Tai Po	40	37	105
North	35	41	119
Yuen Long	117	119	149
Tuen Mun	32	33	119
Tsuen Wan	46	43	126
Kwai Tsing	109	105	243
Total	1 458	1 387	2 847

Number of EHCCS users throughout the year (from 2018-19 to 2020-21)

Year	20	18-19		20	19-20		(as at end-	20-21 August	2020)	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)
District	By district team		luster am	By district team	•	luster am	By district team	•	luster am	By district team [Note 4]
Central & Western	221			254			223			303
Eastern	268	238	224	307	286	329	285	240	292	734
Wan Chai	208			226			199			284
Southern	209			246			226			262
Islands	118	N.	A.	145	N	.A.	123	N.	.A.	137
Kwun Tong	566	440	203	699	539	298	597	467	287	1 512
Wong Tai Sin	528	-1	1 012 627		4	226	561	1 063		1 435
Sai Kung	308	[No	te 1]	340	[No	te 1]	298	[No	te 1]	672
Kowloon City	376	51	24	423	6	20	361	5	54	671
Yau Tsim Mong	256	[No		274		20 ote 2]	231		te 2]	409
Sham Shui Po	319		195	395		245	363		213	800
Sha Tin	244			320			273			875
Tai Po	181	280	237	225	325	348	200	298	304	245
North	186			229			210			279
Yuen Long	240			284			244			409
Tuen Mun	205	1 (272		255	215)98	471
Tsuen Wan	306	[No	te 3]	343	[No	ote 3]	306	[No	te 3]	579
Kwai Tsing	439			589			502			1 162
Total	9	572		11	1 669		10	233		11 239

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] Including 3 cluster teams.

[Note 2] Including 2 cluster teams.

[Note 3] Including 4 cluster teams.

[Note 4] All cluster teams of EHCCS have been changed to district teams since 1 September 2020.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)090

(Question Serial No. 3219)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding matters related to residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs), would the Government please advise this Committee:

- 1. the number of subsidised places offered by various types of RCHEs, the actual increase in the number of places and the average waiting time for the places over the past 3 years;
- 2. the average cost per place per month of various types of RCHEs over the past 3 years;
- 3. the number of elderly persons waitlisted for subsidised residential care places for the elderly by age group and gender over the past 3 years;
- 4. the number of persons whose applications for residential care services being classified as "inactive" cases over the past 3 years;
- 5. the number of waitlisted elderly persons for subsidised residential care places for the elderly who had refused care and attention (C&A) places and nursing home (NH) places offered over the past 3 years;
- 6. the respective numbers of elderly persons waitlisted for subsidised C&A places and NH places having passed away over the past 3 years; and
- 7. the number of elderly persons who withdrew from the services of subsidised C&A homes and NHs over the past 3 years and their reasons for withdrawal.

Asked by: Hon CHIANG Lai-wan (LegCo internal reference no.: 9)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. There was an actual total increase of 1 711 places in the number of subsidised places offered by various types of RCHEs from 2018-19 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020). Information on the number of subsidised services offered by various types of RCHEs and the average waiting time for such places are set out at Annexes 1 and 2 respectively.
- 2. The average cost per place per month for various types of RCHEs from 2018-19 to 2020-21 is set out at Annex 3.

- 3. The number of elderly persons waitlisted for subsidised residential care places for the elderly from 2018-19 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) with a breakdown by age group and gender is set out at Annex 4.
- 4. The total number of elderly persons whose cases were classified as "inactive" ones from 2018-19 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) is as follows:

2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
		(as at end-December 2020)
13 856	16 104	18 278

5. The number of elderly persons who were waitlisted for subsidised residential care places for the elderly but refused the allocation of C&A or NH places from 2018 to 2020 is as follows:

2018	2019	2020
3 355	2 333	2 259

6. The number of elderly persons having passed away while waiting for subsidised C&A places from 2018 to 2020 is as follows:

2018	2019	2020
4 878	4 963	4 898

The number of elderly persons having passed away while waiting for subsidised NH places in the same period is as follows:

2018	2019	2020
1 988	2 082	2 126

7. The number of elderly persons having withdrawn from the services of subvented C&A homes from 2018 to 2020 and their reasons are as follows:

Reason for withdrawal from the services of	No. of elderly persons			
subvented C&A homes	2018	2019	2020	
Admitted to other homes/services [Note]	350	120	69	
Withdrawn on own accord	269	309	315	
Health improved and does not need the services	2	13	7	
Deceased	3 538	3 659	3 813	
Total	4 159	4 101	4 204	

[Note] They include residential care services and community care and support services. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have a breakdown of the relevant figures.

The number of elderly persons having withdrawn from the services of subvented NHs from 2018 to 2020 and their reasons are as follows:

Reason for withdrawal from the services of	No. of elderly persons			
subvented NHs	2018	2019	2020	
Admitted to other homes/services [Note]	3	19	4	
Withdrawn on own accord	19	19	23	
Health improved and does not need the services	-	1	-	
Deceased	973	1 019	1 144	
Total	995	1 058	1 171	

[Note] They include residential care services and community care and support services. SWD does not have a breakdown of the relevant figures.

Annex 1

Subsidised places offered by various types of RCHEs (from 2018-19 to 2020-21)

	No. of places					
Service type	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21			
			(as at end-December 2020)			
Subvented RCHEs [Note 1]	15 360	15 426	15 425			
Subvented NHs	1 574	1 574	1 574			
Self-financing homes	289	287	286			
participating in the Nursing						
Home Place Purchase Scheme						
(NHPPS)						
Contract RCHEs [Note 2]	2 390	2 616	2 690			
Private RCHEs participating in	7 991	8 616	9 225			
the Enhanced Bought Place						
Scheme (EBPS) [Note 3]						
Total	27 604	28 519	29 200			

[[]Note 1] They include places at homes for the aged (H/As), C&A places, C&A places with a continuum of care (CoC) and places under the Residential Care Services Scheme in Guangdong.

[[]Note 2] They include C&A places with a CoC and NH places.

[[]Note 3] The number of places in 2019-20 and 2020-21 excludes those for the residential respite service for the elderly (designated places) which has been regularised since October 2019.

Average waiting time for various types of subsidised residential care places for the elderly

Comice tune	Average waiting time (in months) (Average of previous 3 months) [Note 1]				
Service type	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)		
C&A places					
- Subvented/	40	41	41		
contract RCHEs					
- Private RCHEs	10	9	9		
participating in					
the EBPS					
Overall	24	21	21		
NH places [Note 2]	25	27	26		

It refers to the average number of months taken (from waitlist date to admission date) for normal application cases to be admitted to service in the previous 3 months. Cases which were accorded priority in place allocation, those classified as "inactive" ones and admitted to service in the previous 3 months, and those transferred from H/A places to converted C&A places with a CoC in the same RCHE have been excluded in the calculation, as their waiting time might have been either extraordinarily long or extraordinarily short in comparison with that for normal application cases.

[Note 2] They include subsidised NH places provided at subvented NHs, self-financing NHs and contract homes.

	Average cost per place per month				
Service type	2018-19 (\$)	2019-20 (\$)	2020-21 (Revised Estimate) (\$)		
C&A homes with a CoC	16,393	17,373	18,096		
NHs [Note]	23,788	24,979	25,689		
Contract RCHEs	17,972	19,006	19,840		
Private RCHEs participating in the EBPS	12,121	14,315	15,991		

[Note] NHs include subvented NHs and subsidised NH places purchased under the NHPPS.

Number of elderly persons waitlisted for subsidised residential care places for the elderly with a breakdown by age group and gender

Table 1: 2018-19

A 50 54044	Gender				
Age group	Male	Female	Total		
60 to 69	2 145	1 618	3 763		
70 to 79	4 036	4 105	8 141		
80 to 89	7 421	12 135	19 556		
90 or above	2 662	6 656	9 318		
Total	16 264	24 514	40 778		

Table 2: 2019-20

A go guoun	Gen	Total	
Age group Male		Female	Total
60 to 69	2 131	1 571	33 702
70 to 79	3 953	3 979	7 932
80 to 89	7 122	11 311	18 433
90 or above	2 782	6 806	9 588
Total	15 988	23 667	39 655

Table 3: 2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)

A go gwown	Gen	Total	
Age group	Male Female		Total
60 to 69	1 994	1 515	3 509
70 to 79	3 957	4 023	7 980
80 to 89	6 710	10 778	17 488
90 or above	2 493	6 055	8 548
Total	15 154	22 371	37 525

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)091

(Question Serial No. 3225)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding district support centres for persons with disabilities (DSCs), home care service for persons with severe disabilities (HCS), integrated support service for persons with severe physical disabilities (ISS) and integrated community centres for mental wellness (ICCMWs), please inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. the number of places, number of users, headcount of users, average waiting time for the services, the overall annual expenditure and the average expenditure per service user for each service of each unit or district centre in each of the past 5 years; and
- 2. the number of places, number of users and headcount of users broken down by service type over each of the past 5 years.

Asked by: Hon CHIANG Lai-wan (LegCo internal reference no.: 68)

Reply:

In 2020-21, there were 3 550 and 900 places under HCS and ISS respectively. As DSCs and ICCMWs are operated on a membership system, there is no information on the number of places. The number of service users under DSCs, HCS, ISS and ICCMWs by unit/district each year from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) is set out in Table 1 to Table 4 of Annex. The expenditure on these services is set out in Table 5 of Annex. The Social Welfare Department does not have information on the waiting time for the services and the average cost per service user.

Table 1: Number of DSC service users from 2016-17 to 2020-21 by district

	Number of service users (members)				
Service unit	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Central Western, Southern and Islands	627	676	622	528	491
Eastern and Wan Chai	379	305	273	252	233
Kwun Tong	665	752	755	581	760
Wong Tai Sin and	912	890	1 045	1 047	993
Sai Kung					
Kowloon City and Yau Tsim Mong	216	242	238	246	230
Sham Shui Po	476	351	349	317	239
Sha Tin	369	381	362	347	350
Tai Po and North	656	732	559	542	541
Tsuen Wan and Kwai	782	860	969	1 025	716
Tsing					
Tuen Mun	235	267	273	302	294
Yuen Long	670	692	744	653	864
Total	5 987	6 148	6 189	5 840	5 711

Table 2: Number of HCS users from 2016-17 to 2020-21 by unit

	Number of service users				
Service unit	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Central Western,	_				
Southern and Islands,	668	809	801	724	622
Eastern and Wan Chai					
Sham Shui Po,					
Kowloon City,	788	828	886	832	833
Yau Tsim Mong and	700	020	880	032	833
Tseung Kwan O					
Kwun Tong,	595	649	637	634	678
Wong Tai Sin	393	049	037	034	078
Sha Tin, Tai Po and	742	899	994	047	875
North, Sai Kung	142	899	994	947	8/3
Tsuen Wan, Yuen Long,	507	706	752	700	502
Tin Shui Wai	587	706	753	708	583
Kwai Chung, Tsing Yi,	540	616	650	620	542
Tuen Mun	549	616	659	628	342
Total	3 929	4 507	4 730	4 473	4 133

Table 3: Number of ISS users from 2016-17 to 2020-21 by unit

	Number of service users					
Service unit	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	
Hong Kong Island and Kowloon	500	566	554	529	496	
New Territories	482	582	639	628	602	
Total	982	1 148	1 193	1 157	1 098	

Table 4: Number of ICCMW service users (members) from 2016-17 to 2020-21 by district

	Number of service users (members)				
Service unit	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Central Western, Southern and Islands	2 807	2 950	3 187	3 177	3 003
Eastern and Wan Chai	2 738	2 519	2 903	2 688	2 760
Kwun Tong	2 614	2 725	2 769	2 738	2 801
Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung	3 359	3 358	3 351	3 419	3 779
Kowloon City and Yau Tsim Mong	2 453	2 628	2 618	2 216	2 261
Sham Shui Po	1 203	1 264	1 246	1 214	1 118
Sha Tin	2 227	2 322	2 311	2 223	2 224
Tai Po and North	2 691	2 761	2 624	2 718	2 811
Tsuen Wan and Kwai Tsing	3 044	2 979	3 271	3 353	3 268
Tuen Mun	1 945	2 115	2 066	2 033	1 986
Yuen Long	1 938	2 030	1 966	1 873	1 923
Total	27 019	27 651	28 312	27 652	27 934

Table 5: Expenditure on DSCs, HCS, ISS and ICCMWs from 2016-17 to 2020-21

Service type	2016-17 (Actual)	2017-18 (Actual)	2018-19 (Actual)	2019-20 (Actual)	2020-21 (Revised Estimate)
	(\$ million)				
DSCs	172.3	179.6	200.3	211.5	276.6
HCS	254.1	262.8	287.0	305.3	330.4
ISS	61.9	61.6	64.9	68.8	68.6
ICCMWs	310.0	330.9	381.2	458.0	488.7

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Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)092

(Question Serial No. 3226)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the support services for persons with disabilities, please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the age distribution of service users of various services for persons with disabilities with a breakdown by age group of 0 to 18, 18 to 29, 30 to 39, 40 to 49, 50 to 59, 60 to 64, 70 or above; and
- 2. the waiting situation and the situation of service provision of various community support services, care services and training services for persons with disabilities, including the number of waitlisted persons, the average, the longest and the shortest waiting time, geographical distribution, unit cost and number of service places over the past 5 years.

Asked by: Hon CHIANG Lai-wan (LegCo internal reference no.: 69)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The age distribution of service users of various services for persons with disabilities is set out in Annex 1.
- The Social Welfare Department (SWD), through non-governmental organisations, 2. provides persons with disabilities and their carers/families with various community support services including integrated support service for persons with severe physical disabilities (ISS), home care service for persons with severe disabilities (HCS), district support centres for persons with disabilities (DSCs), parents/relatives resource centres (PRCs) and community rehabilitation day centres (CRDCs), so as to help persons with disabilities living in the community integrate into society and receive the care services In 2020-21, there were 900 and 3 550 places under ISS and HCS respectively; as for the other services, the number of designated places had not been set. The geographical distribution of the above services is set out in Table 1 to Table 4 of Annex 2. As community support services may admit service users directly or through referral, SWD does not have information on the age distribution of service users and their waiting situation. As the services required by individual service users vary, SWD does not have information on the unit cost per case of the above services. of persons waitlisted, average waiting time, number of service places and average cost per place per month regarding pre-school rehabilitation services broken down by administrative district of SWD are set out in Table 5 to Table 9 of Annex 2. On-site pre-school rehabilitation services (OPRS) has been regularised since October 2018, providing a total of 8 074 service places as at 31 December 2020. OPRS is allocated

on an agency basis and hence distribution of OPRS places.	s SWD	does	not	have	information	on	the	geographical

Table 1: Age distribution of service users of residential rehabilitation services in 2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)

	Number of service users								
Type of service	Aged 15 to 19	Aged 20 to 29	Aged 30 to 39	Aged 40 to 49	Aged 50 to 59	Aged 60 to 69	Aged 70 to 79	Aged 80 or above	
Hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons	11	345	976	1 009	900	578	109	9	
Hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons	9	151	544	689	782	428	80	-	
Supported hostel	1	68	160	209	225	68	4	-	
Halfway house	9	196	384	412	362	104	2	-	
Long stay care home	-	5	23	128	375	647	305	78	
Hostel for severely physically handicapped persons	-	49	124	187	164	100	20	-	
Care and attention home for severely disabled persons	1	240	219	170	178	166	66	16	
Care and attention home for the aged blind	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	62	106	617	

N.A. - Not applicable

Table 2: Age distribution of service users of day rehabilitation services in 2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)

	Number of service users								
Type of service	Aged 15	Aged 20					Aged 70		
	to 19	to 29	to 39	to 49	to 59	to 69	to 79	or above	
Day Activity Centre	45	1 064	1 444	1 210	1 010	648	122	9	
Sheltered Workshop	33	919	1 174	1 119	1 233	683	95	2	
Supported Employment	6	301	641	571	390	123	3	-	
Integrated Vocational	42	1 042	1 354	1 180	1 193	598	78	1	
Rehabilitation Services Centre	42	1 042	1 334	1 100	1 173	390	76	1	
On the Job Training Programme									
for People with Disabilities [Note]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sunnyway - On the Job Training									
Programme for Young People	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
with Disabilities [Note]									
Integrated Vocational Training									
Centre (Day) [Note]	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	

[Note] These services may admit service users directly or through referral and hence SWD does not have statistics on the age distribution of service users.

Table 3: Age distribution of service users of pre-school rehabilitation services in 2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)

True of couries	Number of service users					
Type of service	Aged 0 to 2 Aged 3 to 4		Aged 5 to 6			
Early education and training centre (EETC)	687	1 486	1 405			
Special child care centre (SCCC)	60	761	1 281			
Integrated programme in kindergarten-cum- child care centres (IP)	62	822	925			
OPRS	99	3 681	3 744			

Table 4: Age distribution of service users of Small Group Homes for Mildly Mentally Handicapped Children [SGHs(MMHC)] in 2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)

Type of somion	Number of service users					
Type of service	Aged 6 to 8	Aged 9 to 11	Aged 12 to 15	Aged 16 or above		
SGH(MMHC) [Note]	8	18	63	36		

[Note] SGHs(MMHC) include integrated small group homes.

Table 1: Geographical distribution of HCS and ISS (as at 31 December 2020)

Service district		Number of HCS service units	Number of ISS service units	
Hong Kong	Central/Western/Southern & Islands, Eastern and Wan Chai	1		
Island and Kowloon	Sham Shui Po, Kowloon City, Yau Tsim Mong and Tseung Kwan O	1	1	
	Kwun Tong and Wong Tai Sin	1	1	
NI	Sha Tin, Tai Po & North and Sai Kung	1		
New Territories	Tsuen Wan, Yuen Long and Tin Shui Wai	1	1	
reminories	Kwai Chung, Tsing Yi and Tuen Mun	1		
Total		6	2	

Table 2: Geographical distribution of DSCs (as at 31 December 2020)

Service district	Number of service units
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	1
Eastern and Wan Chai	1
Kwun Tong East	1
Kwun Tong West	1
Wong Tai Sin	1
Tseung Kwan O and Sai Kung	1
Kowloon City and Yau Tsim Mong	1
Sham Shui Po	1
Sha Tin	1
Tai Po	1
North	1
Tsuen Wan and Tsing Yi	1
Kwai Chung	1
Tuen Mun	1
Yuen Long	1
Tin Shui Wai	1
Total	16

Table 3: Geographical distribution of subvented PRCs (as at 31 December 2020)

Service district	Number of service units
Central & Western	1
Southern	1
Islands	1
Eastern	1
Wan Chai	1
Kwun Tong	1
Wong Tai Sin	1
Sai Kung	1
Kowloon City	1
Yau Tsim Mong	1
Sham Shui Po	1
Sha Tin	1
Tai Po	1
North	1
Tsuen Wan	1
Kwai Chung and Tsing Yi	1
Tuen Mun	1
Yuen Long	1
Hong Kong as a whole	1
Total	19

Table 4: Geographical distribution of CRDCs (as at 31 December 2020)

Service district	Number of service units
Hong Kong Island	1
Kowloon	1
New Territories East	1
New Territories West	1
Total	4

Table 5: Number of persons waitlisted for pre-school rehabilitation services

	Number of waitlisted persons							
Type of service	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)			
EETC	5 217	5 533	2 867 [Note 3]	1 472 [Note 3]	1 001 [Note 3]			
IP	2 048	1 855	870 [Note 3]	575 [Note 3]	455 [Note 3]			
SCCC	1 790	2 007	1 550 [Note 3]	1 454 [Note 3]	997 [Note 3]			
OPRS [Note 1]	N.A.	N.A.	1 096 ^[Note 3]	2 276 [Note 3]	1 347 ^[Note 3]			
Occasional child care service (OCCS) [Note 2]	-	-	-	-	-			

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] OPRS was regularised in October 2018.

[Note 2] The service may admit service users directly or through referral and hence SWD does not have statistics on the number of persons waitlisted.

[Note 3] The figure does not include users of pre-school rehabilitation services who are now attending transitional services of EETCs or OPRS, or users who are waiting for a change of service type/choice of centre.

Table 6: Average waiting time for pre-school rehabilitation services

Type of convice		Average waiting time (in months) [Note 1]							
Type of service	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20				
EETC	17.9	16.8	16.2	16.6	11.2				
IP	12.3	13.5	13.1	12.6	7.5				
SCCC	18.8	18.2	19.6	18.4	17.5				
OPRS [Note 2]	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	4.8				
OCCS [Note 3]	-	-	-	-	-				

N.A. - Not applicable

The waiting time is affected by a number of factors including the location preference of service units indicated by the applicants, the choice of specific service units indicated, the turnover rate of the service units selected by the applicants, etc. Moreover, as the average waiting time is compiled on a financial-year basis covering the 1st day of April of a year to the 31st day of March of the next year, the figure for 2020-21 is not yet available.

[Note 2] OPRS was regularised in October 2018.

[Note 3] The service may admit service users directly or through referral and hence SWD does not have statistics on the waiting time.

Table 7a: Number of service places of EETCs

	Number of service places of EETCs						
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)		
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	205	385	385	448	448		
Eastern/Wan Chai	401	401	401	401	401		
Kwun Tong	262	262	328	390	390		
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	416	416	416	416	416		
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	231	231	231	231	231		
Sham Shui Po	274	274	274	400	400		
Sha Tin	291	291	291	291	291		
Tai Po/North	237	387	387	387	387		
Yuen Long	172	172	172	172	172		
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	406	406	406	406	406		
Tuen Mun	229	229	229	229	229		
Total	3 124	3 454	3 520	3 771	3 771		

Table 7b: Number of service places of IP

	Number of service places of IP						
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		
District					(as at 31 December 2020)		
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	132	132	132	132	132		
Eastern/Wan Chai	186	186	186	186	186		
Kwun Tong	228	228	228	228	228		
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	240	240	240	240	240		
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	210	210	210	210	210		
Sham Shui Po	108	108	108	108	108		
Sha Tin	168	168	168	168	168		
Tai Po/North	168	168	168	168	168		
Yuen Long	186	186	186	186	186		
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	198	198	198	198	198		
Tuen Mun	156	156	156	156	156		
Total	1 980	1 980	1 980	1 980	1 980		

Table 7c: Number of service places of SCCCs

	Number of service places of SCCCs					
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	199	199	253	253	313	
Eastern/Wan Chai	216	216	216	216	216	
Kwun Tong	66	66	66	126	186	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	333	333	333	333	333	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	30	30	30	30	30	
Sham Shui Po	205	205	205	205	235	
Sha Tin	138	138	138	138	138	
Tai Po/North	227	227	299	299	299	
Yuen Long	108	108	108	108	108	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	168	168	168	168	168	
Tuen Mun	144	144	144	144	144	
Total	1 834	1 834	1 960	2 020	2 170	

Table 7d: Number of places of OCCS for disabled children

	Number of places of OCCS for disabled children					
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	
District					(as at 31 December 2020)	
Central/Western/Southern &	4	4	4	4	6	
Islands	4	4	4	4	O	
Eastern/Wan Chai	8	8	8	8	8	
Kwun Tong	6	6	8	8	10	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	13	13	13	13	12	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	2	2	2	2	2	
Sham Shui Po	10	10	10	10	13	
Sha Tin	12	12	11	11	10	
Tai Po/North	13	15	15	15	15	
Yuen Long	10	10	10	10	10	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	6	6	6	6	6	
Tuen Mun	10	10	10	10	10	
Total	94	96	97	97	102	

Table 8a: Number of persons waitlisted for EETCs

	Number of persons waitlisted for EETCs					
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	
District					(as at	
					31 December 2020)	
Central/Western/Southern &	468	344	216	116	59	
Islands						
Eastern/Wan Chai	494	526	259	121	98	
Kwun Tong	518	646	356	148	74	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	681	748	381	162	119	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	535	584	336	203	108	
Sham Shui Po	309	303	174	107	50	
Sha Tin	614	664	298	171	144	
Tai Po/North	425	387	180	106	79	
Yuen Long	329	406	246	144	116	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	597	584	251	129	75	
Tuen Mun	247	341	170	65	79	
Total	5 217	5 533	2 867 [Note]	1 472 [Note]	1 001 [Note]	

[Note]

The figure does not include users of pre-school rehabilitation services who are waiting for a change of service type/choice of centre.

Table 8b: Number of persons waitlisted for IP

	Number of persons waitlisted for IP					
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	119	105	43	27	11	
Eastern/Wan Chai	132	121	55	50	37	
Kwun Tong	179	166	87	69	69	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	229	172	91	54	36	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	200	160	108	82	50	
Sham Shui Po	129	139	67	66	43	
Sha Tin	248	231	98	54	39	
Tai Po/North	285	244	97	68	47	
Yuen Long	237	199	91	47	56	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	181	201	75	40	32	
Tuen Mun	109	117	58	18	35	
Total	2 048	1 855	870 [Note]	575 [Note]	455 [Note]	

[Note]

The figure does not include users of pre-school rehabilitation services who are now attending transitional services of EETCs, or users who are waiting for a change of service type/choice of centre.

Table 8c: Number of persons waitlisted for SCCCs

	Number of persons waitlisted for SCCCs					
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	127	138	82	133	61	
Eastern/Wan Chai	140	137	108	111	87	
Kwun Tong	197	201	143	137	80	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	223	295	219	173	125	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	168	190	159	138	102	
Sham Shui Po	115	142	91	79	68	
Sha Tin	189	252	172	136	94	
Tai Po/North	153	150	117	110	73	
Yuen Long	149	170	174	188	136	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	234	236	190	156	99	
Tuen Mun	95	96	95	93	72	
Total	1 790	2 007	1 550 [Note]	1 454 [Note]	997 [Note]	

The figure does not include users of pre-school rehabilitation services who are now attending transitional services of EETCs or OPRS, or users who are waiting for a change of service type/choice of centre.

Table 8d: Number of persons waitlisted for OPRS $^{[Note\ 1]}$

	Number of persons waitlisted for OPRS						
District	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)				
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	90	175	78				
Eastern/Wan Chai	106	171	92				
Kwun Tong	122	256	151				
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	159	285	142				
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	107	227	110				
Sham Shui Po	58	138	83				
Sha Tin	88	286	148				
Tai Po/North	118	201	125				
Yuen Long	75	187	175				
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	107	184	138				
Tuen Mun	66	166	105				
Total	1 096 [Note 2]	2 276 [Note 2]	1 347 [Note 2]				

[[]Note 1] OPRS was regularised in October 2018.

[Note 2] The figure does not include users of pre-school rehabilitation services who are now attending transitional services of EETCs, or users who are waiting for a change of service type/choice of centre.

Table 9: Cost per place per month of pre-school rehabilitation services

	Cost per place per month						
Type of service	2016-17 (Actual) (\$)	2017-18 (Actual) (\$)	2018-19 (Actual) (\$)	2019-20 (Actual) (\$)	2020-21 (Revised Estimate) (\$)		
Pre-school rehabilitation services	8,298	8,893	8,811	9,544	10,637		

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)093

(Question Serial No. 1658)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

It is stated under Programme (2) of the Social Welfare Department that the Department will administer the Guangdong (GD) Scheme and Fujian (FJ) Scheme to provide Old Age Allowance (OAA) and Old Age Living Allowance (OALA) to eligible Hong Kong elderly persons who choose to reside in GD and FJ. In this connection, please inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. the number of eligible Hong Kong elderly persons who have received OAA and OALA through the GD Scheme and FJ Scheme respectively in the past year.
- 2. further to the above, the amount involved.

Asked by: Hon CHOW Ho-ding, Holden (LegCo internal reference no.: 39)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. & 2. The number of cases and the expenditure on OAA under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme in 2020-21 are provided as follows:

		Number of cases	2020-21 Revised
Type of allow	onaac	in 2020-21	Estimate [Note]
Type of allow	ances	(as at end-December	(\$ million)
		2020)	
GD Scheme	OAA	7 696	167
GD Scheme	OALA	11 589	626
El Cahama	OAA	615	28
FJ Scheme	OALA	1 331	139

[Note] 2020-21 Revised Estimate includes payment of 1 additional month of the allowances in the year.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)094

(Question Serial No. 1659)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

It is stated under Programme (2) of the Social Welfare Department (SWD) that the Department will implement the time-limited Special Scheme of Assistance to the Unemployed (Special Scheme) under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme. In this connection, please inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. What are the specific measures of the Special Scheme?
- 2. What is the total number of beneficiaries of the Special Scheme?
- 3. Further to the above, what is the amount of expenditure involved?

Asked by: Hon CHOW Ho-ding, Holden (LegCo internal reference no.: 40)

Reply:

To assist the unemployed and their families who face immediate financial difficulties in a more focused manner, the Government has launched the time-limited Special Scheme under the CSSA Scheme to temporarily relax the asset limits for able-bodied persons by 100% during the one-year period from 1 June 2020 to 31 May 2021. Moreover, during the sixmonth period from 1 April to 30 September 2021, the Government will disregard the cash value of insurance policies of able-bodied applicants of CSSA as assets in a grace period of 1 year. The Finance Committee of the Legislative Council has approved a one-off commitment of \$3.52 billion to cater for the relevant expenses. As at the end of December 2020, the number of CSSA unemployment cases amounts to around 19 500, an increase of over 55% compared to the end of December 2019. SWD will continue to actively process CSSA applications in order to provide timely assistance to persons in need.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)095

(Question Serial No. 1722)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (7) Young People

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the enhancement measures to strengthen After School Care Programme (ASCP), please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the number of service places, the number of users and the utilisation rate of ASCP and Enhanced ASCP in the past 2 years, broken down by the 18 districts in Hong Kong. Please also advise on the enhancement measures taken.
- 2. whether the Government has discussed with the non-governmental organisations (NGOs) concerned to increase ASCP places in the coming financial year. If yes, please set out the names of NGOs concerned and additional resources required.

Asked by: Hon CHOW Ho-ding, Holden (LegCo internal reference no.: 74)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The number of service places, number of users and utilisation rate under the ASCP and the Enhanced ASCP in the 18 districts in Hong Kong in the past 2 years (i.e. from 2019-20 to 2020-21) are set out in the Annex.
 - The Government has regularised the Pilot Scheme on ASCP under the Community Care Fund (CCF) and introduced a host of enhancement measures to strengthen the services and further support the needy families. They include the addition of 2 500 full fee-waiving places, relaxation of application eligibility, increase of subsidy level, provision of extra subsidy for students with special educational needs, and streamlining means-test procedures. The enhancement measures were rolled out in October 2020, following the completion of the Pilot Scheme on ASCP under CCF. The additional recurrent expenditure involved is \$65 million. More than 5 700 students and their families are expected to benefit from these measures.
- 2. The Social Welfare Department will review the demand for the ASCP in each district on a regular basis, and will, in consultation with the relevant NGOs operating the services, provide additional places as necessary having regard to the actual utilisation of fee-waiving places. Furthermore, ASCP centres operated by NGOs can redeploy the service places flexibly to benefit more service users.

Annex
Number of ASCP and Enhanced ASCP places and utilisation by district

			2019-	2020			2020-2021 (as at end-December 2020) [Note 1]						
		ASCP		Enh	Enhanced ASCP							hanced ASCP	
District	No. of places	No. of users	Utilisation rate [Note 2]	No. of places	No. of users [Note 3]	Utilisation rate [Note 4]	No. of places	No. of users	Utilisation rate [Note 2]	No. of places	No. of users [Note 3]	Utilisation rate [Note 4]	
Central & Western	90	85	94%	-	N.	A.	90	29	32%	-	N.	A.	
Southern	286	247	86%	16	18	73%	306	201	66%	16	14	5%	
Islands	248	217	88%	42	75	82%	254	120	47%	52	46	70%	
Eastern	365	298	82%	44	67	79%	405	282	70%	44	57	54%	
Wan Chai	174	153	88%	8	10	80%	220	169	77%	8	7	37%	
Kowloon City	211	175	83%	8	19	89%	194	148	76%	8	12	47%	
Yau Tsim Mong	171	148	87%	20	37	74%	155	120	77%	20	20	69%	
Sham Shui Po	262	225	86%	43	80	57%	329	237	72%	43	42	24%	
Kwun Tong	485	438	90%	14	27	72%	557	345	62%	14	11	48%	
Wong Tai Sin	387	356	92%	12	11	74%	374	227	61%	12	11	61%	
Sai Kung	125	115	92%	-	N.	A.	142	121	85%	-	N.	A.	
Sha Tin	623	592	95%	54	102	83%	688	406	59%	54	72	45%	
Tai Po	203	199	98%	6	2	15%	224	130	58%	6	4	34%	
North	315	224	71%	28	22	29%	208	160	77%	24	5	8%	
Yuen Long	412	355	86%	91	94	70%	502	300	60%	95	100	59%	
Tsuen Wan	175	153	87%	8	11	53%	191	90	47%	8	13	59%	
Kwai Tsing	503	425	84%	69	77	69%	458	358	78%	76	93	79%	
Tuen Mun	494	411	83%	35	32	78%	476	273	57%	35	38	85%	
Total	5 529	4 816	87.1%	498	684	70.1%	5 773	3 716	64%	515	545	55%	

[Note 1] Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of service users and utilisation rate over 2019-20.

[Note 2] The utilisation rate is based on the number of users.

[Note 3] Each service place may be utilised by more than 1 child.

[Note 4] The utilisation rate is based on actual utilisation of service sessions.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)096

(Question Serial No. 1726)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please list the number of places and average utilisation rate of aided child care centres (CCCs) providing long full-day child care service for children aged below 3 across the territory in the past 3 years, and details of additional resources required for the next financial year.

Asked by: Hon CHOW Ho-ding, Holden (LegCo internal reference no.: 77)

Reply:

The number of places providing long full-day child care service in aided CCCs (including aided standalone CCCs and aided CCCs attached to kindergartens (KGs)) and the average utilisation rate by 18 districts in 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 (as at December 2020) are set out in the Annex. The estimated expenditure for aided day CCCs in 2021-22 is about \$220 million.

Table 1: Number of places and average utilisation rate in aided CCCs providing long full-day child care service (2018-19)

	Aided CCCs providing long full-day child care service							
District	Aided stand	dalone CCCs	Aided CCCs attached to KGs [Note]					
District	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate (%)				
Central & Western	48	100	462	33				
Southern	-	N.A.	294	67				
Islands	-	N.A.	284	36				
Eastern	64	100	356	65				
Wan Chai	48	100	158	77				
Kwun Tong	-	N.A.	563	85				
Wong Tai Sin	-	N.A.	405	79				
Sai Kung	-	N.A.	758	39				
Kowloon City	67	100	517	53				
Yau Tsim Mong	99	100	217	95				
Sham Shui Po	62	100	307	70				
Sha Tin	72	100	425	85				
Tai Po	-	N.A.	182	76				
North	51	100	315	62				
Yuen Long	64	100	367	91				
Tsuen Wan	76	100	210	81				
Kwai Tsing	32	100	374	81				
Tuen Mun	64	100	511	70				
Total	747	100	6 705	66				

[Note] Figures provided by the Education Bureau (EDB) as at September 2018. They only include service places of aided CCCs attached to KGs providing long full-day service for children aged below 3.

Table 2: Number of places and average utilisation rate in aided CCCs providing long full-day child care service (2019-20)

	Aided CCCs providing long full-day child care service							
District		dalone CCCs	Aided CCCs attached to KGs [Note]					
District	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate (%)				
Central &	48	100	459	30				
Western	40	100	439	30				
Southern	-	N.A.	343	60				
Islands	-	N.A.	195	35				
Eastern	64	100	361	63				
Wan Chai	48	99	161	76				
Kwun Tong	-	N.A.	582	83				
Wong Tai Sin	-	N.A.	379	78				
Sai Kung	-	N.A.	609	49				
Kowloon City	67	100	479	56				
Yau Tsim Mong	99	100	240	87				
Sham Shui Po	62	99	304	69				
Sha Tin	72	100	450	82				
Tai Po	-	N.A.	189	65				
North	51	100	282	61				
Yuen Long	64	100	340	92				
Tsuen Wan	76	99	223	76				
Kwai Tsing	32	100	410	64				
Tuen Mun	64	100	510	67				
Total	747	100	6 516	66				

[Note] Figures provided by EDB as at September 2019. They only include service places of aided CCCs attached to KGs providing long full-day service for children aged below 3.

Table 3: Number of places and average utilisation rate in aided CCCs providing long full-day child care service (April to December 2020)

	Aided CCCs providing long full-day child care service						
District -	Aided stand	dalone CCCs	Aided CCCs attached to KGs [Note]				
District	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate (%)			
Central & Western	48	100	509	25			
Southern	-	N.A.	342	54			
Islands	-	N.A.	311	23			
Eastern	64	100	347	53			
Wan Chai	48	96	170	63			
Kwun Tong	-	N.A.	527	75			
Wong Tai Sin	-	N.A.	363	79			
Sai Kung	-	N.A.	907	30			
Kowloon City	67	99	536	45			
Yau Tsim Mong	99	98	276	73			
Sham Shui Po	62	100	299	62			
Sha Tin	72	98	458	72			
Tai Po	-	N.A.	297	41			
North	51	100	331	49			
Yuen Long	64	100	343	87			
Tsuen Wan	76	83	241	69			
Kwai Tsing	32	100	432	60			
Tuen Mun	64	100	455	64			
Total	747	98	7 144	54			

[Note] Figures provided by EDB as at September 2020. They only include service places of aided CCCs attached to KGs providing long full-day service for children aged below 3.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)097

(Question Serial No. 1728)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

With regard to enhancing clinical psychological support for children under foster care and strengthening supervisory support for subsidised child care centres (CCCs), please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the funding and staffing establishment involved;
- 2. the details and services covered; and
- 3. the additional resources required for the next financial year.

Asked by: Hon CHOW Ho-ding, Holden (LegCo internal reference no.: 78)

Reply:

To support children and youth with special learning needs/emotional and behavioural problems receiving foster care service, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) has taken forward "Agency-based Enhancement of Clinical Psychological Support Services for Children under Foster Care" since October 2020 so that they can receive related services and support while waiting for long-term clinical psychological service. The services provided include case assessments, clinical consultations/treatments, and training for foster care workers and foster parents. The annual provision involved is about \$3.7 million.

To further strengthen the supervisory support for aided CCCs (including aided standalone CCCs and aided CCCs attached to kindergartens), SWD has provided Subsidy for Assistant Supervisor to aided CCCs since February 2021 to improve their service quality. Aided CCCs receiving the subsidy should employ additional child care worker or nominate existing child care worker to assist the child care supervisor in handling supervision and administration work. The annual provision involved is about \$37.9 million.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)098

(Question Serial No. 0865)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Social Security

Controlling Officer: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please provide the information required in the table below:

- (i) the number of cases where grants were paid by the Government, and the average and total amounts of grants paid for various items under "grants to repair or replace vessels and fishing gear" in the past 3 years (from 2018-19 to 2020-21);
- (ii) the number of cases where grants were paid by the Government, and the average and total amounts of grants paid for various items under "primary producer grants" in the past 3 years (from 2018-19 to 2020-21); and
- (iii) the number of cases where grants were paid by the Government, and the average and total amounts of grants paid for various items under "special grants" in the past 3 years (from 2018-19 to 2020-21).

	2018-19			2019-20			2020-21		
	No.	Average	Total	No.	Average	Total	No.	Average	Total
	of	amount	amount	of	amount	amount	of	amount	amount
	cases	of grants	of grants	cases	of grants	of grants	cases	of grants	of grants
		per case	paid		per case	paid		per case	paid
		(\$)			(\$)			(\$)	
Grants to repair or replace									
vessels and fishing gear									
Primary producer grants									
Special grants									

Asked by: Hon HO Chun-yin, Steven (LegCo internal reference no.: 27)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

		2018-19			2019-20			2020-21		
							(as at	end-Decem	ber 2020)	
	No. of cases	Average amount of grants per case (\$)	Total amount of grants paid (\$)	No. of cases	Average amount of grants per case (\$)	Total amount of grants paid (\$)	No. of cases	Average amount of grants per case (\$)	Total amount of grants paid (\$)	
(i) Grants to repair or replace vessels and fishing gear	104	13,055	1,357,752	3	80,183	240,549	-	-	-	
(ii) Primary producer grants	3 306	5,733	18,954,634	1 223	3,516	4,299,517	1	27,792	27,792	
(iii) Special grants	-	-	ı	ı	-	-	-	-	-	

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)099

(Question Serial No. 0530)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (7) Young People

Controlling Officer: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The Government has implemented the measure of "two school social workers for each school" in secondary schools since the 2019/20 school year. At that time, there were 463 eligible schools, involving an additional full-year recurrent expenditure of around \$313.2 million. Additional resources were allocated among 34 non-governmental organisations (NGOs) operating secondary school social work services. Would the Government advise this Committee:

- (a) the estimated expenditure on school social work services for 2021/22, and of which, the estimated expenditure involved in secondary school social work services;
- (b) the number of NGOs having been allocated with resources to operate secondary school social work services; please also set out in table form the name of each NGO having been allocated with resources and the amount of allocation received; and
- (c) the service output and outcome achieved by each school social worker; please also set out in table form the respective overall compliance rates for each indicator in the 2018/19, 2019/20 and 2020/21 school years (if applicable).

Asked by: Hon IP LAU Suk-yee, Regina (LegCo internal reference no.: 76)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- (a) & (b) NGOs are subvented by the Social Welfare Department (SWD) to provide school social work service in secondary schools. The estimated expenditure on school social work service in secondary schools in 2021-22 is \$774.6 million. The resources will be allocated to 34 NGOs operating school social work service in secondary schools. The names of the NGOs are set out in the Annex.
- (c) The current output and outcome standards required for each school social worker are set out below:

Output standard	Agreed level of output indicator
1	Total number of cases handled in a year: 50 [Note 1]
2	Total number of cases closed having achieved the agreed

Output standard	Agreed level of output indicator					
	goal within a year: 16 [Note 1]					
3	Total number of group/programme sessions conducted					
	within a year (excluding orientation programmes): 40					
4	Total number of consultations within a year: 380					
5	Total number of collaboration meetings with school					
	personnel within a year: 5 [Note 1]					

In view of the increasing complexity and diversity of student problems, school social workers have to provide students with more in-depth counselling and support services. After reviewing the service performance standards with 34 NGOs operating secondary school social work service, SWD has adjusted the agreed level of output indicators since 2019-20.

Outcome standard	Agreed level of outcome indicator
1	Percentage of cases closed having achieved the goal agreed with service users in a year: 75%
2	Percentage of groups completed having achieved the goal agreed with group members in a year: 60%

The overall compliance rates for output and outcome indicators achieved by school social workers are set out below:

Year	Overall compliance rates
	for each output and outcome indicator
2018-19	100
2019-20	N.A. [Note 2]
2020-21	N.A. [Note 3]

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 2] SWD has implemented the measure of "two school social workers for each school" in secondary schools starting from the 2019/20 school year, and adjusted the agreed level of output indicators accordingly since 2019-20. To meet the special needs of secondary school students arising from social incidents, some schools have advanced the implementation of the new measure and adopted the agreed adjusted level of output indicators at different times of the summer holiday. Therefore, a standardised calculation for valid compliance rates is unavailable.

[Note 3] As 2020-21 has not yet ended, the overall compliance rates of the services for the year is not available at the moment.

Annex

NGOs Operating School Social Work Service in Secondary Schools

S/N	Name of NGOs
1	Aberdeen Kai-fong Welfare Association Social Service Centre
2	The ABM Hong Kong Swatow Baptist Church Community Service Association
3	Asbury Methodist Social Service
4	Baptist Oi Kwan Social Service
5	The Boys' and Girls' Clubs Association of Hong Kong
6	The Boys' Brigade, Hong Kong
7	Caritas - Hong Kong
8	Chinese Young Men's Christian Association of Hong Kong
9	Christian Family Service Centre
10	The Church of United Brethren in Christ Hong Kong Limited
11	Evangelical Lutheran Church Social Service – Hong Kong
12	Hong Kong Children and Youth Services
13	Hong Kong Christian Service
14	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society
15	The Hong Kong Federation of Youth Groups
16	Hong Kong Lutheran Social Service, the Lutheran Church - Hong Kong Synod
	Limited
17	Hong Kong PHAB Association
18	Hong Kong Playground Association
19	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited
20	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association
21	International Social Service Hong Kong Branch
22	Kwun Tong Methodist Social Service
23	Methodist Epworth Village Community Centre, Social Welfare
24	The Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council
25	Po Leung Kuk
26	The Salvation Army
27	Scout Association of Hong Kong
28	St. James' Settlement
29	Stewards
30	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals
31	Yan Chai Hospital
32	Yan Oi Tong
33	Yang Memorial Methodist Social Service
34	Zion Social Service Limited

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)100

(Question Serial No. 1748)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The Government is currently implementing 66 new projects to provide about 8 800 residential care additional places for the elderly and about 2 800 subsidised day care service places for the elderly in the coming few years. In this connection, please advise this Committee the following:

- 1. whether the Government will collaborate with non-profit-making organisations for some of the aforesaid new projects; if yes, the number of these projects;
- 2. the manpower and expenditure involved for the aforesaid new projects;
- 3. whether consultancy firms have been engaged for the aforesaid new projects; if yes, the expenditure involved; and
- 4. the distribution of the 8 800 residential care places for the elderly and about 2 800 subsidised day care service places for the elderly in various districts.

Asked by: Hon IP LAU Suk-yee, Regina (LegCo internal reference no.: 43)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. Regarding the new residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs), the Government will select operators that can provide the best services for the elderly residents through open tender to ensure the service quality. All eligible private organisations and non-governmental organisations can participate in the tender.

As regards the new day care centres for the elderly (DEs), the Government will invite eligible non-profit-making charitable institutions, which are exempt from tax under section 88 of the Inland Revenue Ordinance (Cap. 112), to submit operation proposals. Service operators will then be selected by a vetting committee.

As the tendering work for the new projects/selection of operators has yet to be commenced, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the number of collaborating organisations.

- 2. As calculations of the manpower and expenditure involved in the new projects will be subject to the official service commencement of the facilities concerned and the number of service places, etc., SWD does not have the relevant information.
- 3. The Government is implementing 66 development projects. SWD has undertaken the role as the works agent for 2 of these development projects. Both projects have engaged consultancy to conduct technical feasibility studies, detailed design and project management work, involving an expenditure of about \$7.8 million.
- 4. About 8 800 residential care places for the elderly (including subsidised and non-subsidised places) and about 2 800 day care service places for the elderly are expected to come on stream progressively in the coming few years under the aforesaid 66 development projects. The information on the relevant projects is set out in the Annex.

 $\label{eq:Annex} Annex \\ Sites earmarked for constructing new contract RCHEs (as at end-December 2020)$

District	Sites earmarked for constructing new contract RCHEs/DEs & day care units for the elderly (DCUs)	Estimated number of additional care-and-attention places providing a continuum of care and nursing home places [Note]	Estimated number of additional DE/DCU places
	Joint User Complex at Lei King Road	200	-
	Joint User Complex at Siu Sai Wan Road, Siu Sai Wan	100	60
Eastern	Comprehensive redevelopment of Ming Wah Dai Ha (Hong Kong Housing Society)	150	60
	Public housing development at Cheung Man Road, Chai Wan	-	60
Wan Chai	Private development in a land sale site at Caroline Hill Road, Causeway Bay	-	60
Central & Western	Joint User Complex at Chung Kong Road, Sheung Wan	-	120
	Public housing development at Area 100, Tung Chung	-	40
Islands	Joint User Complex at Area 107, Tung Chung	200	30
	Public housing development at Area 42, Tung Chung	150	-
	Public housing development at Wang Chiu Road (Phase 1), Kwun Tong	100	20
	Public housing development at Hiu Ming Street, Kwun Tong	100	30
Kwun Tong	URA development at Hang On Street, Kwun Tong	-	4
	Public housing development at Yan Wing Street (Lei Yue Mun Estate Phase 4), Kwun Tong	250	60
	Public housing development at Pik Wan Road, Yau Tong	250	20
Wong Tai Sin	Public housing redevelopment at Mei Tung Estate, Wong Tai Sin	150	80
	Conversion of Ex-Sai Kung Central Primary School	100	30
	Public housing development at Ying Yip Road, Tseung Kwan O	-	60
	Public housing development at Pak Shing Kok Road, Tseung Kwan O (the site to the East of Hong Kong Movie City)	150	1
Sai Kung	Public housing development at Yau Yue Wan Village Road, Tseung Kwan O	150	-
	Private development at Area 86 LOHAS Park, Tseung Kwan O	-	48
	Joint-user building at Anderson Road Quarry Site G2 (1 planned DCU and 1 planned DE)	100	30 40
	Joint-user building at Area 67 (junction of Po Yap Road and Tong Yin Street), Tseung Kwan O	-	60
Kowloon City	Private development in a land sale site at Kai Tak Area 1F Site 1, Kowloon City (2 planned RCHE projects and 2 planned DEs)	200 200	60 60

District	Sites earmarked for constructing new contract RCHEs/DEs & day care units for the elderly (DCUs)	Estimated number of additional care-and-attention places providing a continuum of care and nursing home places [Note]	Estimated number of additional DE/DCU places
	Private development in a land sale site at Kai Tak Area 4A Site 1	200	-
	Public housing development of the Hong Kong Housing Society (HKHS) at Kai Tak Area 1E Site 1 (1 planned DCU and 1 planned DE)	250	30 60
	Private development in a land sale site at Kai Tak Area 4A Site 2 (1 planned DCU and 1 planned DE)	200	30 60
	Private development in a land sale site at Kai Tak Area 4B Site 5	200	30
	Private development in a land sale site at Kai Tak Area 2A Site 4, Area 2A Site 5(B) & Area 2A Site 10 (2 planned RCHE projects and 2 planned DCUs)	150 150	30 30
	Private development in a land sale site at Kai Tak Area 2A Site 1	200	30
Yau Tsim	Private development at Sai Yee Street and Mong Kok East Station	-	60
Mong	Private development in a land sale site at the junction of Soy Street and Shanghai Street	-	40
	Hoi Tat Estate Ancillary Facilities Block (Public housing development at North West Kowloon Reclamation Site 6)	100	ı
	Seaside Sonata (URA development at Hai Tan Street/Kweilin Street/Pei Ho Street)	-	4
	Treasury Building, Cheung Sha Wan Public housing development at North West Kowloon Reclamation Site 1	100	40
Sham Shui Po	Public housing redevelopment at Pak Tin Estate (Phase 13)	-	40
	Comprehensive Development Area development encompassed by Lai Hong Street, Fat Tseung Street West, Sham Mong Road and West Kowloon Corridor and a small strip of Government land on Lai Hong Street, Cheung Sha Wan	100	60
	Joint-user building at Po Lun Street	-	60
	Public housing development at Shek Mun Estate Phase II	150	30
Sha Tin	Public housing development at Sha Tin Areas 16 & 58D, Fo Tan (Chun Yeung Estate, Fo Tan)	100	60
	Public housing development at Hang Tai Road, Ma On Shan (Yan On Estate Extension)	100	60
	Private residential development at upper end of Ma On Shan Tsuen Road	150	-
	Public housing development at lower end of Ma On Shan Tsuen Road	-	80
Tai Po	Conversion of Ex-CCC Kei Ching Primary School, Fu Shin Estate	130	60
	Public housing development at Chung Nga Road East and Tai Po Area 9	100	60

District	Sites earmarked for constructing new contract RCHEs/DEs & day care units for the elderly (DCUs)	Estimated number of additional care-and-attention places providing a continuum of care and nursing home places [Note]	Estimated number of additional DE/DCU places
	Private residential development in a land sale site at the junction of Yau King Lane and Pok Yin Road, Pak Shek Kok	100	-
	Private residential development at Sai Sha, Shap Sze Heung	100	30
	Public housing development at East of Cheung Muk Tau Village	150	80
	Public housing development at Choi Yuen Road, Sheung Shui	100	40
	Public housing development at Queen's Hill, Fanling	150	60
	Mixed housing development at Pak Wo Road, Fanling	150	-
North	Joint user development of the North District Community Health Centre	-	60
	Kwu Tung North New Development Area 29 Multi-welfare Services Complex	1 750	40
	Public housing development at Site 1, Areas 4 & 30, Sheung Shui	100	-
	Subsidised housing development at Jockey Club Road, Fanling	100	-
	Conversion of Ex-CCC Kei Leung Primary School, Leung King Estate Private residential development at ex-Kwong	100	-
	Choi Market Public housing development at Tuen Mun Area	100	60
Tuen Mun	29 West Public housing development at Site 1&1A in	100	-
	Tuen Mun Area 54 Public housing development at Wu Shan Road	150	60
	Re-development of Tuen Mun Clinic	200	-
Yuen Long	Private residential development at Kam Tin North	-	60
Kwai Tsing	Public housing development at Ching Hong Road North, Tsing Yi	150	60
	Public housing development at San Kwai Street	-	60
	Public Housing development near Cheung Shan Estate (1 planned DCU and 1 planned DE)	100	30 60
Tsuen Wan	Public housing development at Ex-Kwai Chung Public School site and its adjoining Government land	250	60
Total	66 projects	8 780	2 766

[Note] Figures include both subsidised and non-subsidised residential care places for the elderly.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)101

(Question Serial No. 1749)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): (700) General non-recurrent

Programme: (3) Services for The Elderly

(4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

The Innovation and Technology Fund for Application in Elderly and Rehabilitation Care (I&T Fund) was set up in December 2018 to subsidise elderly and rehabilitation service units to procure, rent and try out technology products, so as to improve the quality of life of service users and reduce the burden and pressure of care staff and carers. The Government has earmarked \$1 billion for setting up the I&T Fund. In this connection, please inform this Committee:

- 1. of the number of applications received from elderly and rehabilitation service units and the administrative cost involved in the past 3 years; and
- 2. whether statistics have been complied on the main types of technology products procured by elderly and rehabilitation service units; if yes, the details.

Asked by: Hon IP LAU Suk-yee, Regina (LegCo internal reference no.: 44)

Reply:

The Government launched the \$1 billion I&T Fund in December 2018 to subsidise eligible elderly and rehabilitation service units to procure/rent and try out technology products, with a view to improving the life of service users, and reducing the burden and pressure on care staff and carers. As at December 2020, about 600 residential care homes for the elderly and persons with disabilities, and over 1 000 service units providing subsidised community care and support services/day rehabilitation and community support services for the elderly and persons with disabilities were eligible for applying for the Fund. 3 tranches of grants totalling over \$200 million had been approved for about 970 elderly and rehabilitation service units to procure or rent over 4 200 items of technology products. The types of products that got more applications for procurement from the service units included smart hospital beds low position, equipment and assessment tools for therapy/physiotherapy/speech therapy, tilt-in-space/height adjustable commode/shower chair, wireless health monitoring equipment, companion robot, and anti-wandering system, etc. For fourth tranche application closed on 2 November 2020, applications for a total of about 3 000 items of technology products from about 640 service units were received. Vetting is underway.

In 2018-19, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) set up a secretariat to co-ordinate operation of the I&T Fund and support the Assessment Panel, involving 11 time-limited posts covering social work officer grade and general supporting grades, in order to cope with the operational need of the secretariat. SWD has also commissioned the Hong Kong Council of Social Service (HKCSS) to promote the use of technology products among social welfare organisations and carers. In this connection, SWD has allocated an additional recurrent funding of about \$3.75 million to HKCSS to increase manpower.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)102

(Question Serial No. 1763)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

In view of manpower shortage of care staff and the ageing problem, please inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. the number of different ranks of care staff employed in subsidised elderly service units, their age and salary over the past 3 years;
- 2. the number of training places for front-line care staff and that of graduates over the past 3 years;
- 3. the number of new recruits of front-line care staff and their turnover rate; and
- 4. how the Government will attract young people to join the elderly service sector.

Asked by: Hon IP LAU Suk-yee, Regina (LegCo internal reference no.: 41)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. & 3. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have information on different ranks of care staff and new recruits of front-line care staff in subsidised elderly service units.
- 2. As at 31 December 2020, a total of 29 training organisations were approved by the Director of Social Welfare under the Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons) Regulation to organise 43 health worker training courses applicable to residential care homes for the elderly. Currently, there are different organisations in Hong Kong offering other elderly service training courses for different types of front-line care staff. Since these courses are not provided or approved by SWD, SWD does not have the number of training places and graduates.
- 4. The Government has implemented the Navigation Scheme for Young Persons in Care Services (Navigation Scheme) since July 2015 to encourage young people to join the elderly and rehabilitation care services. As at the end of December 2020, the Navigation Scheme recruited a total of 1 158 trainees. Apart from receiving on-the-job training in elderly or rehabilitation service units, young people participating in the Navigation Scheme were also provided with government

subsidies to pursue a relevant two-year part-time diploma course. SWD continues to provide a total of 1 200 additional training places within 5 years starting from 2020-21, and roll out enhancement measures, which include expanding the age range of trainees from between 18 and 25 to between 17 and 29, reducing the working hours per week for trainees from 44 to 40 for them to further their studies more effectively, and raising their salaries and training subsidies, with a view to attracting more young people to join the social welfare care sector. Operating agencies have started recruiting trainees under the enhanced scheme since the second quarter of 2020, recruiting about 400 trainees so far.

The Government has allocated additional recurrent provision since June 2018 for subsidised elderly services, rehabilitation services, and family and child welfare services units to increase the salaries provision for recognised posts of personal care workers, ward attendants and home helpers, thereby enabling these subsidised service units to recruit and retain front-line care staff more effectively.

In addition, the Government launched the \$1 billion "Innovation and Technology Fund for Application in Elderly and Rehabilitation Care" in December 2018 to subsidise elderly and rehabilitation service units in the procurement/rental and trial use of technology products, with a view to improving the quality of life of service users and reducing the burden and pressure on care staff and carers.

SWD arranged a series of publicity work, including advertising on newspapers, in November 2020 to promote the care sector so as to attract more individuals to join the sector.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)103

(Question Serial No. 1764)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The Government will provide an additional 1 500 subsidised places under home care services for the elderly this year, involving an annual expenditure of about \$150 million. In this connection, would the Government advise this Committee:

- 1. the distribution of the 1 500 subsidised places in various districts; and
- 2. the manpower and expenditure involved for the subsidised places?

Asked by: Hon IP LAU Suk-yee, Regina (LegCo internal reference no.: 42)

Reply:

The Government will provide an additional 1 500 service places for integrated home care services (frail cases) (IHCS(FC)) in April 2021, involving an additional full-year expenditure of \$150 million. The geographical distribution of the additional service places is set out in the Annex.

Number of additional service places for IHCS(FC)

District [Note]	No. of service places
Central & Western	40
Eastern	140
Wan Chai	30
Southern	60
Kwun Tong	220
Wong Tai Sin	160
Sai Kung	70
Kowloon City	65
Yau Tsim Mong	30
Sham Shui Po	60
Sha Tin	120
Tai Po	70
North	80
Yuen Long	40
Tuen Mun	90
Tsuen Wan	80
Kwai Tsing	145
Total	1 500

[Note] 25 additional service places have been provided in the Islands District since October 2020.

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)104

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 0419)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Short-term Food Assistance Service Projects (the Projects) under the Programme, please inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. The number of applications, beneficiaries and meal-days served under the Projects in the past 2 years;
- 2. further to the above, please set out the information by service area under the Projects;
- 3. in the past 2 years, among the cases receiving food assistance at an average duration under the Projects, how many of them needed to extend the service duration to more than 8 weeks? What was the percentage of reapplication within a year out of the total number of cases under the Projects;
- 4. whether the benefits under the Projects would continue in the light of the economic situation, including a service period of up to 16 weeks for the needy and eligible citizens to help them tide over the difficult period;
- 5. whether the Government would integrate the resources provided under the Projects and by the society to facilitate people in need to seek food assistance;
- 6. the details of providing additional resources and regularising the Projects as mentioned under the Programme. What is the annual budget involved?

Asked by: Hon KWOK Wai-keung (LegCo internal reference no.: 67)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. & 2. The Projects have been implemented since 2009. The number of applications, beneficiaries and meal-days provided by the operating non-governmental organisations (NGOs) over the past 2 years by service area are set out in Tables 1 to 3 of the Annex.
- 3. & 4. The Projects provide a one-off basic food assistance to eligible individuals or families for a period of up to 8 weeks. The operating NGOs may extend the period beyond 8 weeks, depending on the special needs of individual applicants and their families. Among the cases granted, the number of cases given an

extension of service (including those casse receiving first round of food assistance for less than 8 weeks) in 2019-20 and 2020-21 totalled 20 472. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have other information sought. To aid the unemployed and underemployed during the epidemic, starting from 1 June 2021, the Government will relax the asset limit requirements of the Projects, pitching to those of the Working Family Allowance Scheme, for a limited period of 12 months, subject to the funding approval of the Finance Committee. The relaxed measure is expected to benefit about 120 000 additional service users.

- 5. At present, there are 8 Projects operated by NGOs and funded by SWD that provide territory-wide services. The Government does not have plans to integrate community-driven food assistance into the Projects for the time being.
- 6. The Government will regularise the Projects upon completion of the existing service contracts in August 2021, and has earmarked a sum of \$415 million to meet its recurrent expenditure. The provision is expected to benefit about 60 000 to 80 000 service users each year. Upon regularisation, the Projects will be included in the Lump Sum Grant Subvention System to provide steady financial and manpower resources.

Table 1: Number of Applications by Service Area

	Number of Applications				
Service Area	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)			
Hong Kong Island, Islands, Tsuen Wan and Kwai Tsing	2 553	3 028			
Kwun Tong	2 086	2 463			
Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung	1 308	1 627			
Sha Tin, Tai Po and North	2 414	2 120			
Sham Shui Po	1 518	2 102			
Kowloon City, Yau Tsim Mong	2 192	2 472			
Tuen Mun	602	625			
Yuen Long	1 617	1 295			
Total	14 290	15 732			

Table 2: Number of Beneficiaries by Service Area

	Number of Beneficiaries [Note]				
Service Area	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)			
Hong Kong Island, Islands, Tsuen Wan and Kwai Tsing	7 351	8 905			
Kwun Tong	6 505	7 523			
Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung	3 895	4 863			
Sha Tin, Tai Po and North	6 928	6 020			
Sham Shui Po	4 524	6 025			
Kowloon City, Yau Tsim Mong	6 158	6 375			
Tuen Mun	1 734	1 809			
Yuen Long	4 703	3 636			
Total	41 798	45 156			

 $^{\hbox{\scriptsize [Note]}}$ Service users may use the service for more than once.

Table 3: Number of Meals Provided by Service Area

	Number of Meals Served				
Service Area	2019-20	2020-21			
		(as at end-December 2020)			
Hong Kong Island, Islands,	392 360	478 634			
Tsuen Wan and Kwai Tsing	392 300	478 034			
Kwun Tong	528 217	611 379			
Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung	334 295	456 631			
Sha Tin, Tai Po and North	341 347	333 833			
Sham Shui Po	254 675	322 598			
Kowloon City, Yau Tsim Mong	320 145	320 449			
Tuen Mun	159 509	180 613			
Yuen Long	401 316	329 157			
Total	2 731 864	3 033 294			

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)105

(Question Serial No. 0554)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding "the launch of a five-year scheme to provide full subsidies for private residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) to join accreditation schemes" mentioned under the Programme, please advise the following:

- 1. the number of private RCHEs receiving accreditation each year since the launch of the scheme, and its percentage of all private RCHEs;
- 2. the effectiveness of the scheme over the past year, and how the Government will encourage accredited homes to remain accredited and the percentage of homes having remained accredited;
- 3. whether the number of accredited homes will be set as an indicator for the scheme; and
- 4. the number of accredited homes among the private homes providing EA1 places, the number of such homes applying for accreditation, and the number of such homes not having applied for accreditation; whether the Department has requested unaccredited RCHEs providing bought places to apply for accreditation or taken any follow-up actions?

Asked by: Hon KWOK Wai-keung (LegCo internal reference no.: 72)

Reply:

The Social Welfare Department (SWD) launched a five-year scheme in October 2019 to provide full subsidies for private RCHEs joining approved accreditation schemes provided under the Accredited Certification Body of Certification of Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons) Service Providers' Management System recognised by the Hong Kong Accreditation Service. The subsidy scheme aims at encouraging private RCHEs to improve their service quality on a continuous basis through joining independent accreditation schemes for an objective assessment of their services by certification bodies.

Over 500 private RCHEs throughout the territory can participate in the subsidy scheme. As at the end of February 2021, there were 162 private RCHEs (including 73 EA1 homes participating in the Enhanced Bought Place Scheme (EBPS)) registered for joining approved accreditation schemes included under the subsidy scheme. These include the Residential Aged Care Accreditation Scheme provided by the Hong Kong Association of Gerontology

Accreditation Division and the Residential Care Home for the Elderly Certification Scheme provided by the Hong Kong Quality Assurance Agency.

The Government has all along encouraged the sector to actively join independent accreditation schemes. In the selection of RCHEs for participating in the EBPS, SWD will consider whether the RCHE concerned has participated in any accreditation scheme as one of the selection criteria. Starting from April 2020, SWD has also included a condition in the service agreement of EBPS, requiring operators of all private RCHEs participating in the EBPS to join approved accreditation schemes provided by approved certification bodies and be accredited during the contract period.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)106

(Question Serial No. 2755)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

It is stated under this Programme that the Department "enhanced the provision of cross-boundary social service". Please provide:

- 1. the number of Hong Kong residents aged 65 or above taking up long-term residence in Guangdong and Fujian Provinces in the past 3 years;
- 2. the number of Hong Kong residents taking up long-term residence in the Mainland in the past 3 years;
- 3. the details of the cross-boundary social service, service target and the number of persons served, as well as the expenditure involved in various services by the Department in the past 3 years; and
- 4. What projects does the Government plan to undertake to enhance "the provision of cross-boundary social service" in the future? Please list the details of the cross-boundary social service to be enhanced, service target and the estimated expenditure for the coming year.

Asked by: Hon KWOK Wai-keung (LegCo internal reference no.: 63)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. & 2. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the number of Hong Kong residents aged 65 or above taking up long-term residence in Guangdong, Fujian and Hong Kong residents in other parts of the Mainland.
- 3. & 4. A non-governmental organisation is subvented by SWD to provide support services for cross-boundary families, so as to assist individuals and families in tackling and resolving issues arising from separation of family members (in the Mainland/other countries). Services include intake enquiries, counselling, various groups and activities as well as referrals so as to identify and guard against family problems at an early stage. The service agency also operates an enquiry hotline to offer professional advice, counselling and referral services for new arrivals of Hong Kong so that social workers can tender suitable assistance and follow-up on their service needs. The service agency tasked to handle cross-

boundary families had handled 379, 644 and 1 001 cases (including repeat use of the service delivery) in the 3 financial years of 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) respectively. The 2018-19 Actual Expenditure, 2019-20 Actual Expenditure and 2020-21 Revised Estimate for the above services are \$7.7 million, \$8 million and \$9 million respectively. To enhance cross-boundary support service, SWD has provided additional manpower support to the service agency tasked to handle cross-boundary family service in 2020-21, which involved a recurrent expenditure of about \$1.86 million.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)107

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2756)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

(4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

It is stated under the Programme that the Department provided "subsidies for home managers, health workers and care workers of all residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) and residential care homes for persons with disabilities (RCHDs) to enrol in Qualifications Framework-based training courses." Please advise:

- 1. the number of home managers, health workers and care workers of RCHEs and RCHDs who have obtained relevant qualifications each year since the implementation of the scheme, and their percentage of the total number of practitioners;
- 2. the number of home managers, health workers and care workers of RCHEs and RCHDs who have enrolled in approved courses each year since the implementation of the scheme, and the passing rate of the examinations;
- 3. the average wage level of home managers, health workers and care workers of RCHEs and RCHDs in the past 3 years, and whether the Department has assessed and reviewed the correlation between the pay trend and the qualifications attained;
- 4. whether the Department will provide relevant training courses for lay persons so that they can work as home managers, health workers and care workers in residential care homes; if yes, the details; and
- 5. the number of training places of the above courses in the future, the expenditure to be involved, the expected increase in the number of professionals working in residential care homes; whether the future amendments of requirements in the ordinances and codes of practice in respect of residential care homes can be met.

Asked by: Hon KWOK Wai-keung (LegCo internal reference no.: 73)

Reply:

To continuously enhance the service quality of RCHEs and RCHDs, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) has launched a five-year scheme in phases since March 2019 to provide full subsidies for home managers, health workers and care workers of all RCHEs and RCHDs in the territory to enrol in Qualifications Framework-based training courses. SWD will provide training subsidies for the homes concerned so that proper manpower arrangements

can be made to maintain the operation while the health workers and care workers are taking the courses. As at the end of December 2020, a total of about 1 200 home staff had enrolled in the training courses under the scheme. During the COVID-19 epidemic, RCHEs and RCHDs have to focus on stepping up various anti-epidemic measures. It is expected that more home staff will enrol in the training courses under the scheme when the epidemic subsides.

As at the end of December 2020, a total of 29 training organisations were approved by SWD to organise 53 health worker training courses applicable to RCHEs and/or RCHDs for the enrolment of individuals intending to apply for registration as health workers.

SWD launched the Navigation Scheme for Young Persons in Care Services (Navigation Scheme) in July 2015, providing a total of 1 000 training places starting from 2015-16 to encourage young people to join the elderly and rehabilitation care services. Apart from receiving on-the-job training in elderly or rehabilitation service units, young people participating in the Navigation Scheme were also provided with government subsidies to pursue a relevant two-year part-time diploma course. As at the end of December 2020, the Navigation Scheme recruited a total of 1 158 trainees, of whom 529 have graduated.

The Government continues with the operation of the Navigation Scheme to provide a total of 1 200 additional training places within 5 years starting from 2020-21, and has rolled out enhancement measures, which include expanding the age range of trainees from between 18 and 25 to between 17 and 29, reducing the working hours per week for trainees from 44 to 40 for them to further their studies more effectively, and raising their salaries and training subsidies, with a view to attracting more young people to join the social welfare care sector. Operating agencies have started recruiting trainees under the enhanced scheme since the second quarter of 2020, recruiting about 400 trainees so far.

There are different organisations in Hong Kong offering elderly and rehabilitation service training courses for different types of front-line care staff. Since these courses are not provided or approved by SWD, SWD does not have the relevant information.

SWD does not have information on the average salaries of home managers, health workers and care workers of the RCHEs and RCHDs.

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)108

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2757)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

Controlling Officer: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Portable Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (PCSSA) Scheme, the Guangdong (GD) Scheme and the Fujian (FJ) Scheme under the Programme, please advise the following:

- 1. the number of elderly persons joining the PCSSA Scheme, the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme, and the amount of assistance paid over the past 3 years;
- 2. further to the above, the number of elderly persons receiving the Old Age Allowance (OAA), the Normal Old Age Living Allowance (OALA) and the Higher OALA under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme.
- 2. the number of elderly persons who left the schemes because of death and those who have switched to receiving assistance in Hong Kong (HK) over the past 3 years;
- 3. the number of cases involving elderly persons residing in the Mainland seeking support from the Department over the past 3 years, and the amount and increase of expenditure on such service in the coming year;
- 4. Cross-boundary travel between HK and Mainland China has been put to a halt since last year due to the epidemic. As a result, some elderly persons are unable to meet the requirement of applying for the schemes (i.e. having resided in HK continuously for at least 1 year before the date of application). In view of the situation, will the Government exercise discretion to allow eligible elderly persons who have met the age requirement to apply for the schemes?

Asked by: Hon KWOK Wai-keung (LegCo internal reference no.: 51)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The number of elderly recipients under the PCSSA Scheme, the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme, and the expenditure involved from 2018-19 to 2020-21 are set out in Table 1 of the Annex.
- 2. The number of elderly recipients under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme from 2018-19 to 2020-21 with a breakdown by the type of allowance are set out in Table 2 of the Annex. Statistics on the number of elderly persons under the PCSSA Scheme, the GD

- Scheme and the FJ Scheme having passed away or returned to HK for personal reasons from 2018-19 to 2020-21 is set out in Table 3 of the Annex.
- 3. The Cross-boundary and Inter-country Social Service, subvented by the Social Welfare Department (SWD), assists HK residents in tackling individual and family issues arising from separation of family members. HK residents (including elderly persons currently residing in the Mainland) may seek assistance as necessary from the service provider. Service content includes enquiry, counselling and referral services. The 2018-19 Actual Expenditure, 2019-20 Actual Expenditure and 2020-21 Revised Estimate for the service are \$7.7 million, \$8 million and \$9 million respectively. SWD does not have statistics on cases involving HK elderly persons residing in the Mainland seeking support from the Department.
- 4. In view of the COVID-19 epidemic, the Director of Social Welfare will give consideration to disregard absences from HK of applicants or recipients of the CSSA Scheme and the SSA Scheme (including OAA, OALA, Disability Allowance, the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme) who, owing to the epidemic, fail to satisfy the relevant HK residence requirement.

Table 1: Number of elderly recipients and expenditure involved

Year [Note 1]	2018-19		2019-20		2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	
	Number of elderly recipients [Note 2]	Total expenditure (\$ million)	Number of elderly recipients [Note 2]	Total expenditure (\$ million)	Number of elderly recipients [Note 2]	Total expenditure (\$ million)
PCSSA Scheme	1 206	69	1 089	64	964	55
GD Scheme [Note 3]	16 568	336	18 465	360	19 285	793
FJ Scheme [Note 3]	1 656	22	1 795	37	1 946	167

The 2018-19 Actual Expenditure included the payment of 2 additional months of the allowances and the top-up payment to make up to \$4,000 under the Caring and Sharing Scheme. The 2019-20 Actual Expenditure included the payment of 1 additional month of the allowances, an extra 1 month allowance announced by the Financial Secretary in August 2019, and the expenditure involved in extending OALA to the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme. The 2020-21 Revised Estimate included the payment of 1 additional month of the allowances, and the expenditure involved in extending OALA to the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme.

[Note 2] The number of cases in 2018-19 and 2019-20 is the figure as at the end of the respective financial years, whereas the number of cases in 2020-21 is the figure as at end-December 2020.

[Note 3] OALA under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme is effective from 1 January 2020.

Table 2: Number of elderly recipients under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme by type of allowance

	GD Scheme [Note]			FJ Scheme [Note]		
Year	OAA	Normal OALA	Higher OALA	OAA	Normal OALA	Higher OALA
2018-19	16 568	N.A.	N.A.	1 656	N.A.	N.A.
2019-20	9 776	629	8 060	785	31	979
2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)	7 696	787	10 802	615	45	1 286

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note] OALA under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme is effective from 1 January 2020.

Table 3: Number of cases leaving the schemes

Year [Note 1]	2018-19		2019-20		2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	
Number of cases leaving the schemes because of	(i) Death	(ii) Return to HK for personal reasons	(i) Death	(ii) Return to HK for personal reasons	(i) Death	(ii) Return to HK for personal reasons
PCSSA Scheme	142	60	118	36	79	19
GD Scheme [Note 2]	627	1 147	588	1 898	376	2 820
FJ Scheme [Note 2] [Note 3]	20	19	31	915	39	290

The number of cases in 2018-19 and 2019-20 is the figure as at the end of the respective financial years, whereas the number of cases in 2020-21 is the figure as at end-December 2020.

[Note 2] OALA under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme is effective from 1 January 2020.

[Note 3] 2018-19 is the first year of implementation of the FJ Scheme (effective from 1 April 2018).

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)109

(Question Serial No. 2758)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Portable Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (PCSSA) Scheme, the Guangdong (GD) Scheme, the Fujian (FJ) Scheme and the Residential Care Services Scheme in Guangdong (the Scheme) under the Programme, please advise the following:

- 1. the number of elderly persons participating in the Scheme over the past 3 years;
- 2. elderly persons participating in the PCSSA Scheme, the GD Scheme, the FJ Scheme and the Scheme are unable to return to Hong Kong (HK) to attend follow-up consultation and receive other government services due to the epidemic. Their relatives in HK are also unable to pay them a visit. Before the full resumption of border crossing arrangements, how will the Government enhance care support for the elderly persons and maintain close contact with them, and what is the estimated expenditure for the relevant support measures?
- 3. whether the Government will collaborate with Mainland authorities or non- governmental organisations (NGOs) to allow family members or NGOs to pay regular visits to elderly persons from HK residing in the Mainland before resumption of border crossing arrangements;
- 4. elderly persons from HK residing in the Mainland may not be able to return to HK to participate in the COVID-19 Vaccination Programme due to border crossing arrangements. Will the Government liaise with Mainland authorities or the University of Hong Kong-Shenzhen Hospital (HKUSZH) to provide free vaccination for elderly persons from HK? If yes, what are the details and expenditure involved? If no, what are the reasons?

Asked by: Hon KWOK Wai-keung (LegCo internal reference no.: 52)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) launched the Pilot Residential Care Services Scheme in Guangdong in June 2014, and has regularised it since January 2020 to continue to provide an alternative for elderly persons waitlisted for subsidised care-and-attention places. As at the end of December 2020, 225 elderly persons have chosen to reside in the Hong Kong Jockey Club

Shenzhen Society for Rehabilitation Yee Hong Heights, and 34 in the Hong Kong Jockey Club Helping Hand Zhaoqing Home for the Elderly.

In 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020), a total of 147, 164 and 157 elderly persons participating in the Scheme were admitted to the 2 homes respectively.

2. & 3. SWD has appointed non-governmental organisation through contracts as SWD's Agent for implementing the PCSSA Scheme, and the Old Age Allowance and Old Age Living Allowance under the GD Scheme and FJ Scheme. During the epidemic, SWD's Agent has continued to provide assistance to elderly persons who are unable to travel to Hong Kong for the application procedures, conduct case reviews and provide enquiry services, etc.

During the epidemic, the 2 homes under the Scheme have assisted elderly residents in need to maintain communication with their families through video or telephone calls, and have arranged mainland volunteers to care for elderly residents.

4. According to the information provided by the Food and Health Bureau/Department of Health, the Government's goal is to provide COVID-19 vaccines for the majority of the Hong Kong population within 2021 for free and on a voluntary basis. There are 4 channels for receiving the COVID-19 vaccine, namely at (i) Community Vaccination Centres in the 18 districts across the territory, (ii) private doctors participating in the COVID-19 Vaccination Programme, (iii) 18 general out-patient clinics under the Hospital Authority, and (iv) residential care homes for the elderly and residential care homes for persons with disabilities. The Government's priority at this juncture is to provide vaccines for citizens residing in Hong Kong.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)110

(Question Serial No. 2759)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

Controlling Officer: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Old Age Living Allowance (OALA) under the Social Security Allowance (SSA) Scheme, please advise the following:

- 1. the number of elderly recipients of OALA in the past 2 years, the number of additional cases each year, and the percentage of these recipients out of elderly persons over the age of 65, with a breakdown by Higher OALA and Normal OALA;
- 2. the number of OALA applications rejected by the Social Welfare Department (SWD) broken down by reason of rejection in the past 2 years;
- 3. the number of reviews on OALA cases conducted last year, the number of such cases requiring in-depth investigation, and the manpower and expenditure involved;
- 4. the number of abuse reports concerning OALA and other allowances under the SSA Scheme received in the past 2 years, the number of such cases requiring follow-up actions by the Department, and the number of such cases which ended up with payments suspended or prosecution;
- 5. the Chief Executive proposed to reform the OALA scheme in January 2020 by combining Normal and Higher OALA into one. However, the latest news reveals that the implementation timetable of this policy initiative will be reviewed again. What are the future review and implementation timetable? Would it be deferred indefinitely?
- 6. further to the question above, regarding combining both OALA with a standard monthly payment rate, what will be the manpower and expenditure involved in the review? What will be the estimated additional expenditure if the combined OALA with a standard monthly payment rate is implemented?

Asked by: Hon KWOK Wai-keung (LegCo internal reference no.: 53)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The number of OALA cases and additional cases from 2019-20 to 2020-21 is set out in Table 1 of the Annex

- 2. The reasons for OALA new applications and re-applications being rejected and the breakdown from 2019-20 to 2020-21 are set out in Table 2 of the Annex.
- 3. SWD conducted reviews for about 176 000 OALA recipients in 2020-21 to verify their continuous eligibility for the allowance. Since social security staff is responsible for handling cases under various social security schemes (including the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance Scheme and the SSA Scheme, and OALA is one of the allowances under the SSA Scheme), SWD does not have a breakdown of the number of social security staff responsible for handling OALA cases, or the expenditure involved.
- 4. The number of SSA fraud cases from 2019-20 to 2020-21 is set out in Table 3 of the Annex.
- 5. & 6. In January 2020, the Government proposed that the Normal and Higher OALA (currently at \$2,845 and \$3,815 per month respectively) would be combined and the higher payment rate of OALA would be adopted, as well as to significantly relax the asset limits of OALA (to \$500,000 for elderly singletons and \$750,000 for elderly couples). Some 50 000 current recipients of Normal OALA can receive Higher OALA upon implementation of the aforesaid proposal. Meanwhile, it is estimated that an additional of around 100 000 elderly persons will become eligible for OALA due to the upward adjustment of asset limit. It is estimated that an additional recurrent expenditure amounting to \$5 billion will be incurred by the enhancement measure.

In light of the financial implications of the above measures, it is stated in the 2020 Policy Address that the timing of implementation will be reassessed.

Table 1: Number of OALA cases and additional cases from 2019-20 to 2020-21

	Normal	OALA	Higher OALA			
Year Number of cases (Percentage of elderly persons aged 65 or above)		Number of additional cases [Note]	Number of cases (Percentage of elderly persons aged 65 or above)	Number of additional cases [Note]		
2019-20	50 083 (4%)	9 358	521 946 (38%)	41 607		
	49 690 (4%)	7 996	548 193 (39%)	33 313		
2020-21	(as at end-	(as at end-	(as at end-	(as at end-		
	December 2020)	December 2020)	December 2020)	December 2020)		

[Note] The number of additional cases refers to the number of new applications and re-applications for OALA in the year.

Table 2: Reason for OALA new applications and re-applications being rejected and the breakdown from 2019-20 to 2020-21

Reason	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Excess in assets	58	85
Excess in income	90	107
Not meeting the age requirement	36	56
Not meeting the residence requirement	2 202	253
Absence from Hong Kong [Note]	72	9
Withdrawal	729	721
Lost contact [Note]	96	76
Deceased [Note]	293	241
Switched to CSSA Scheme	72	64
Other reasons	98	85
Total	3 746	1 697

[Note] As these applicants failed to complete the application procedures, SWD could not verify if they had met the eligibility criteria.

Table 3: Number of SSA fraud cases from 2019-20 to 2020-21

	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Number of reports of suspected fraud received	759	662
Number of cases requiring follow-up investigations	293	196
Number of cases successfully prosecuted	13	4

- End -

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)111

(Question Serial No. 2760)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the subsidised residential care services for the elderly under this Programme, please provide figures over the past 3 years:

- (1) the number of eligible elderly persons on the central waiting list (CWL) for subsidised care-and-attention (C&A) places and nursing home (NH) places, the additional number of such elderly persons each year, and the annual percentage change;
- (2) the number of elderly persons allocated with residential care places;
- (3) the number of elderly persons having withdrawn their applications;
- (4) the number of cases changed to "inactive" by the Social Welfare Department (SWD) for reasons such as applicants having received other care services; and
- (5) the number of elderly persons who passed away while waiting for the services.

Asked by: Hon KWOK Wai-keung (LegCo internal reference no.: 54)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- (1) As at the end of December 2018, the end of December 2019 and the end of December 2020, there were respectively 40 569, 41 011 and 37 525 eligible elderly persons on the CWL for subsidised C&A places and NH places, representing an increase/a decrease of 2 283 (6.0%), 442 (1.1%) and -3 486 (-8.5%) respectively in each of the years.
- (2) to (5) Among the applicants waitlisted for subsidised C&A places and NH places, the numbers of elderly persons having been allocated places, having withdrawn their applications, whose cases were changed to "inactive" and who passed away while waiting for the service from 2018 to 2020 are as follows:

	No. of elderly applicants				
	2018	2019	2020		
Allocated with places	5 384	5 786	5 584		
Applications withdrawn	2 606	1 640	1 734		
Cases changed to "inactive"	7 431	9 411	9 114		
Passed away	6 866	7 045	7 024		

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)112

(Question Serial No. 2761)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme and the Social Security Allowance Scheme under this Programme, please provide the following figures with a breakdown by the 18 districts:

	Old Age Living Allowance (OALA)	a t		DA recipients aged 65 to 69	DA recipients aged 70 or above	CSSA recipients aged 60 to 64	CSSA recipients aged 65 to 69	CSSA recipients aged 70 or above	Old Age Allowance (OAA) recipients aged 70 or above	Total no. of elderly population	
	Normal	Higher		Disability recipients	DA recipi	DA recipie DA recipie	DA recip	CSSA rec	CSSA recabove	Normal	Higher
Central &											
Western											
Wan Chai											
Eastern											
Southern											
Yau Tsim											
Mong											
Sham											
Shui Po											
Kowloon											
City											
Wong Tai											
Sin											
Kwun											
Tong Kwai											
Kwai											
Tsing											
Tsuen											
Wan											
Tuen											
Mun											
Yuen											
Long											

	Old Age Living Allowance (OALA) recipients aged 65 to 69		OALA recipients	aged 70 or above	9 8		ients aged 65 to 69 ients aged 70 or above	ripients aged 60 to 64	CSSA recipients aged 65 to 69	recipients aged 70 or	Old Age Allowance (OAA) recipients aged 70 or above	Total no. of elderly population
	Normal	Higher			Disability recipients	Disability Alle recipients aged	DA recipients DA recipients	CSSA recipients	CSSA rec	CSSA recabove	Normal	Higher
North												
Tai Po												_
Sha Tin												
Sai Kung												
Islands												

Asked by: Hon KWOK Wai-keung (LegCo internal reference no.: 55)

Reply:

The number of CSSA (excluding Portable CSSA), OAA, DA, Normal OALA and Higher OALA recipients aged 60 or above as at the end of December 2020 by age group and district is set out in Tables 1 to 3 of the Annex. Based on the information from the Planning Department, the population aged 65 or above as at mid-2020 by District Council district is set out in Table 4 of the Annex.

Table 1: Number of CSSA recipients (excluding those under the Portable CSSA Scheme) aged 60 or above as at the end of December 2020 by age group and district

District	Number of CSSA recipients						
District	Aged 60 to 64	Aged 65 to 69	Aged 70 or above				
Central & Western	227	257	1 438				
Eastern	1 126	1 097	5 776				
Islands	519	471	1 358				
Kowloon City	1 216	1 391	5 998				
Kwai Tsing	2 332	2 545	10 660				
Kwun Tong	3 460	3 885	16 450				
North	1 366	1 373	5 084				
Sai Kung	894	822	3 032				
Sha Tin	2 051	2 044	7 263				
Sham Shui Po	2 477	2 573	9 435				
Southern	662	642	3 578				
Tai Po	835	847	3 754				
Tsuen Wan	580	661	3 379				
Tuen Mun	2 095	2 342	7 923				
Wan Chai	116	124	595				
Wong Tai Sin	1 874	1 945	7 958				
Yau Tsim Mong	881	845	2 998				
Yuen Long	2 719	2 667	8 146				
Total	25 430	26 531	104 825				

Table 2: Number of OAA and DA recipients as at the end of December 2020 by age group and district

	Number of recipients							
District	OAA recipients aged 70 or above	DA recipients aged 60 to 64	DA recipients aged 65 to 69	DA recipients aged 70 or above				
Central & Western	15 359	562	354	1 215				
Eastern	37 968	1 989	1 040	2 743				
Islands	4 887	558	176	257				
Kowloon City	22 233	980	519	1 534				
Kwai Tsing	15 265	2 089	747	1 290				
Kwun Tong	19 726	2 451	752	1 685				
North	8 586	1 391	488	714				
Sai Kung	14 038	1 403	533	929				
Sha Tin	24 993	2 696	1 150	2 015				
Sham Shui Po	15 682	1 442	578	1 263				
Southern	12 659	1 147	538	1 255				
Tai Po	9 910	1 400	565	792				
Tsuen Wan	13 068	781	349	995				
Tuen Mun	13 006	2 176	830	1 091				
Wan Chai	12 177	245	170	869				
Wong Tai Sin	13 648	1 696	575	1 130				
Yau Tsim Mong	16 763	642	410	1 193				
Yuen Long	15 820	2 327	740	1 158				
Total	285 788	25 975	10 514	22 128				

Table 3: Number of Normal OALA and Higher OALA recipients as at the end of December 2020 by age group and district

	Number of recipients							
District	Normal OALA recipients aged 65 to 69	Normal OALA recipients aged 70 or above	Higher OALA recipients aged 65 to 69	Higher OALA recipients aged 70 or above				
Central & Western	273	873	1 603	6 591				
Eastern	1 236	2 997	8 582	31 399				
Islands	230	441	2 855	6 092				
Kowloon City	737	1 655	5 592	19 482				
Kwai Tsing	1 441	2 670	14 300	38 974				
Kwun Tong	1 763	3 354	17 969	52 185				
North	864	1 173	7 258	14 479				
Sai Kung	1 045	1 662	8 416	20 635				
Sha Tin	2 052	3 527	16 141	39 458				
Sham Shui Po	894	1 744	8 980	22 745				
Southern	615	1 273	4 380	15 662				
Tai Po	944	1 170	7 414	14 845				
Tsuen Wan	575	1 263	4 621	15 193				
Tuen Mun	1 834	2 137	14 863	27 275				
Wan Chai	133	442	716	3 346				
Wong Tai Sin	1 239	2 471	11 051	33 767				
Yau Tsim Mong	455	1 297	3 550	10 841				
Yuen Long	1 432	1 680	12 797	23 910				
Total	17 762	31 829	151 088	396 879				

Table 4: Population aged 65 or above as at mid-2020 by District Council district

District Council district	Population
Central & Western	45 300
Eastern	103 700
Islands	31 500
Kowloon City	78 800
Kwai Tsing	97 500
Kwun Tong	131 800
North	56 300
Sai Kung	83 000
Sha Tin	126 400
Sham Shui Po	78 800
Southern	50 700
Tai Po	55 600
Tsuen Wan	55 500
Tuen Mun	90 000
Wan Chai	32 900
Wong Tai Sin	83 700
Yau Tsim Mong	57 800
Yuen Long	112 300
Total	1 371 600

Individual figures may not add up to the total due to rounding effect.

Source: Planning Department

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)113

(Question Serial No. 2762)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the "pro-employment" measures and other improvement measures under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme, please advise the following:

- 1. the number of CSSA recipients participating in the Integrated Employment Assistance Programme for Self-reliance (IEAPS), case nature of participants, average time of participation, number of participants successfully securing employment for over 1 month and 3 months respectively, and the number of CSSA recipients leaving the CSSA net because of IEAPS in the past 3 years;
- 2. the number of CSSA recipients entitled to the disregard of 100% and 50% of their earnings from employment under the disregarded earnings (DE) arrangement, and the average amount of DE benefits for each of these CSSA recipients under such arrangement in the past 3 years;
- 3. further to the above, among the CSSA recipients applying for DE benefits, how many of them have left the CSSA net in the past 3 years;
- 4. in view of the challenging job market and an increasing number of CSSA recipients, how will the Government enhance the "pro-employment" measures and other arrangements in the coming year so as to help the unemployed return to the job market;
- 5. the estimated expenditure involved in the improvements to the "pro-employment" measures and other measures under the CSSA Scheme in the coming year.

Asked by: Hon KWOK Wai-keung (LegCo internal reference no.: 69)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. In January 2013, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) launched the IEAPS through non-governmental organisations (NGOs) to increase the employability of able-bodied CSSA recipients and to assist them to sustain employment. As one of the improvement measures announced in the 2019 Policy Address, enhanced employment support services have been launched starting from April 2020 to improve the effectiveness of NGOs in increasing the employability of service users. As individual participants of IEAPS and employment support services

may leave or re-join owing to short-term paid employment or change in their personal circumstances (such as their health conditions), SWD does not maintain the number of participants, average length of time of service received or a breakdown by financial year.

SWD has information on the cumulative headcount of participants. From January 2013 to end-December 2020, a cumulative headcount of 118 574 persons had participated in the IEAPS or employment support services, with 23 346 participants having secured employment or returned to mainstream schooling. Among them, 5 568 participants left the CSSA net.

- 2. & 3. The number of CSSA recipients benefiting from the DE arrangement and the average amount of DE benefits for each CSSA recipient at the end of each financial year from 2018-19 to 2020-21 are set out in the Annex. SWD does not have the other information sought.
- 4. & 5. The Government announced a series of improvements to the CSSA Scheme in 2019, including a significant increase of the maximum rent allowance and the maximum level of monthly DE, enhancement of employment support services, and extension of coverage of various supplements and special grants to eligible non-elderly able-bodied recipients. Upon approval by the Finance Committee of the Legislative Council, the Government had commenced the gradual implementation of the improvement measures starting from 2020 as planned and has achieved full implementation since February 2021. In particular, to encourage CSSA recipients to find and sustain employment, the Government has raised the maximum level of DE from \$2,500 to \$4,000 per month and increased the maximum level of earnings to be totally disregarded from a new job from the first month's income to a maximum of the first 2 months' income every 2 years starting from February 2021.

Regarding the enhancement of employment support services, as stated in part 1 of the reply, the Government has launched the enhanced employment support services starting from April 2020. In specifics, SWD has enhanced collaborations with the Labour Department (LD), the Employees Retraining Board (ERB) and NGOs, including the installation of ERB's Training Net and LD's Vacancy Search Terminals in employment assistance service centres and establishing a mechanism to arrange ERB's Training Consultancy Service for NGOs operating employment assistance services. SWD has also relaxed the arrangement for Temporary Financial Aid to cover more job seeking-related activities such as purchasing mobile phone SIM cards, taking meals away from home, etc.

In view of the varying circumstances and individual needs of each person facing economic difficulties, SWD is unable to make an accurate estimate of the number of beneficiaries and expenditure of the relevant improvement measures.

The recurrent expenditure (Revised Estimate) of the CSSA Scheme in 2020-21 is around \$21.6 billion, an increase of 8.2% and 6.2% over 2018-19 and 2019-20 respectively.

Annex

The number of CSSA recipients benefiting from the DE arrangement and the average amount of DE benefits for each CSSA recipient at the end of each financial year are provided as follows:

Year	Number of CSSA recipients benefiting from the DE arrangement	Average amount of DE benefits for each CSSA recipient at the end of each financial year (\$)		
2018-19	16 329	1,548		
2019-20	14 361	1,488		
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	13 063	1,419		

⁻ End -

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)114

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2763)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Government's residential care services for elderly persons, please advise the following:

- 1. the number of persons passing away while residing in various types of residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) (including self-financing and private ones) in the past 3 years; their percentage out of the number of persons residing in RCHEs;
- 2. the effectiveness of the Pilot Scheme on Multi-disciplinary Outreaching Support Teams for the Elderly (MOSTE); the number of cases receiving follow-up services provided by service operators with a breakdown by social work, physiotherapy, occupational therapy and speech therapy, that of RCHEs and that of the elderly persons involved in the past 2 years;
- 3. whether the above outreach services include life and death education and hospice care planning; if not, how elderly persons in RCHEs can obtain relevant information for their funeral arrangements;
- 4. with visiting arrangements suspended in quite a number of RCHEs amid the epidemic, whether the Government has provided support to the elderly persons living in isolation to enable them to stay connected to the outside world, including strengthening their liaison with close relatives, as well as enhancing outreach services to care about those in RCHEs; and
- 5. the budget and the number of service places of MOSTE in the coming year.

Asked by: Hon KWOK Wai-keung (LegCo internal reference no.: 71)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. Under the Code of Practice for Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons), an RCHE shall establish and maintain a comprehensive and regularly updated record system, including information in respect of death of the residents. These records will be examined during inspections conducted by inspectors of the Licensing Office of Residential Care Homes for the Elderly under the Social Welfare Department (SWD). As SWD does not collect statistics on the number of deaths among RCHE residents, these figures are not available.

- 2 & 5. SWD has progressively implemented the four-year MOSTE since mid-February 2019. As at the end of December 2020, a total of 629 RCHEs were participating in MOSTE, which accounts for 98% of the total number of various types of RCHEs. The number of beneficiaries of MOSTE was about 32 800, including about 24 700 participants of linkage activities provided by social workers, about 8 100 physiotherapy service recipients, 6 800 occupational therapy service recipients and about 9 000 speech therapy service recipients. Service users may receive more than one service items on a need basis. The total expenditure involved in MOSTE is about \$873 million. It is expected to provide outreach services to about 45 000 residents of RCHEs.
- 3. MOSTE provides outreach services to service users so as to address their social and rehabilitation needs. Based on the needs of service users, social workers of the service teams will arrange life education programmes, such as creating life story books for elderly persons and introducing funeral services to carers.
- 4. During the epidemic, when situation permits, service teams have still provided rehabilitation training and support services to service users through various means, including paying visits to RCHEs, video communication, short clips, online platforms and telephone consultation, etc. Social workers of the service teams have also provided assistance to needy elderly persons in maintaining communication with their relatives through video or telephone calls. Besides, SWD has reminded RCHEs from time to time amid the epidemic to continue to step up various infection control and personal and environmental hygiene measures, and take prudent measures when arranging visits under special circumstances and on compassionate ground, with reference to the "Guidelines for Residential Care Homes for the Elderly or Persons with Disabilities for the Prevention of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19)" issued by Centre for Health Protection of the Department of Health. SWD has also advised RCHEs to give every possible assistance to family members/relatives of their residents as far as practicable so that they can maintain contact with the residents through other means (such as telephone and video communication), or send videos of everyday life of family members/relatives to the residents.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)115

(Question Serial No. 3246)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

Director of Bureau: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The financial provision under this Programme shows that the Estimate for the government sector will increase by 11.4% while that for the subvented/private sectors will substantially increase by 40.2% in the coming year. According to the note, "certain payments originally grouped under 'Government sector' have been re-grouped under 'Subvented/private sectors' from 2020-21 onwards". In this connection, please advise:

- 1. the service items involved in the certain re-grouped payments as well as the amount of the payments;
- 2. the reason for the above re-grouping and that for the substantial increase in the provision after the re-grouped payments; and
- 3. a breakdown on the use of the estimated additional provision and the amount involved regarding the government sector and subvented/private sectors under this Programme.

Asked by: Hon KWOK Wai-keung (LegCo internal reference no.: 68)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. & 2. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) has been commissioning non-governmental organisations to assist in implementing the "pro-employment" measures under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme, the Portable CSSA Scheme, the Guangdong Scheme and the Fujian Scheme, and the expenses involved are originally grouped under "Government sector". From 2020-21 onwards, the aforesaid expenses have been re-grouped under "Subvented/private sectors" by SWD. After re-grouping, the accounts can better reflect the category of Actual Expenditure. The re-grouping of expenses does not involve additional expenses.
- 3. The 2021-22 Estimate of "Government sector" under the Programme on Social Security has increased by 11.4% compared to the 2020-21 Revised Estimate. This is mainly due to the anticipated increase in expenditure under the Social Security Allowance Scheme including those arising from the increase in the number of Higher Old Age Living Allowance cases. Meanwhile, the 2021-22 Estimate of "Subvented/private sectors" has increased by 40.2% compared to the 2020-21 Revised Estimate. This is mainly due to the anticipated increase in the number of cases under portable social security schemes and employment support services as handled by the agencies commissioned by SWD.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)116

(Question Serial No. 3247)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The additional provision under Programme (3) for the coming year is about \$2.4 billion, representing a growth of 20.5%, of which the provision for the government sector will increase substantially by 200% and that for the subvented/private sectors by 10%. It is stated under this Programme that this is mainly due to the continued implementation of anti-epidemic measures and the full-year effect of new initiatives implemented in the year. Please advise:

- 1. the amount of the additional provision for the implementation of anti-epidemic measures, with a breakdown of the expenditure involved by item;
- 2. the reason for the additional provision for the government sector being higher than that for the subvented/private sectors; please set out the number in the government sector and subvented/private sectors in relation to the estimated additional provision.

Asked by: Hon KWOK Wai-keung (LegCo internal reference no.: 70)

Reply:

The estimate for government sector under the Programme in 2021-22 is \$1.22 billion higher than that of the revised estimate for 2020-21. The increase is mainly due to the additional provision for continued implementation of anti-epidemic measures including the operation of quarantine centres for residents of residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) and residential care homes for persons with disabilities (RCHDs), and implementation of the Targeted Group Testing Scheme for staff/residents/service users of RCHEs, RCHDs and nursing homes, etc. The estimate for these measures accounts for about \$1.11 billion under the government sector of this Programme.

The estimate for subvented/private sectors under the Programme in 2021-22 is \$1.19 billion higher than that of the revised estimate for 2020-21. The increase is mainly due to the additional provision for the full-year effect of new initiatives to be implemented in 2021-22, including provision of an additional 1 500 service places for integrated home care services (frail cases), continued purchase of additional EA1 places under the Enhanced Bought Place Scheme, continued provision of soft meals to elderly persons with swallowing problems in subvented RCHEs and community care services units, and additional provision of \$190 million for subsidised elderly service units to continue implementing anti-epidemic measures.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)117

(Question Serial No. 1903)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The economy of Hong Kong has suffered a severe blow from the COVID-19 epidemic with unemployment rates rising continuously. Please set out in table form:

- 1. the number of unemployed Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) applications and recipients, percentage of those cases out of the total number of CSSA cases and the amount of expenditure involved in each of the 18 districts over the past 3 years;
- 2. the measures that the Government has put in place to help CSSA recipients return to the labour market together with the specific work objectives, implementation timetable and expenditure involved in this financial year.

Asked by: Hon LAU Ip-keung, Kenneth (LegCo internal reference no.: 70)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The number of CSSA unemployment cases, recipients and the percentage of the total from 2018-19 to 2020-21 with a breakdown by district are set out in Tables 1 and 2 of the Annex respectively. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have statistics on the expenditure of CSSA unemployment cases with a breakdown by district.
- 2. The Government announced a series of improvements to the CSSA Scheme in 2019, including the enhancement of various employment support services to increase the employability of and employment opportunities for able-bodied CSSA recipients. Upon approval by the Finance Committee of the Legislative Council, the Government had commenced the gradual implementation of the improvement measures starting from 2020 as planned, including the launch of enhanced employment support services starting from April 2020 to improve the effectiveness of non-governmental organisations (NGOs) in increasing the employability of service users. In specifics, SWD has enhanced collaborations with the Labour Department (LD), the Employees Retraining Board (ERB) and NGOs, including the installation of ERB's Training Net and LD's Vacancy Search Terminals in employment assistance service centres and establishing a mechanism to arrange ERB's Training Consultancy Service for NGOs operating SWD has also relaxed the arrangement for employment assistance services. Temporary Financial Aid to cover more job seeking-related activities such as purchasing mobile phone SIM cards, taking meals away from home, etc. The estimated expenditure for employment support services in 2021-22 is around \$192 million.

Table 1: Number of CSSA unemployment cases and percentage of the total from 2018-19 to 2020-21 by district

	Number of CSSA unemployment cases								
District	20	18-19	20	19-20	2020-21				
					(as at end-De	cember 2020)			
Central & Western	122	(1.0%)	187	(1.3%)	210	(1.1%)			
Eastern	413	(3.5%)	495	(3.4%)	690	(3.5%)			
Islands	370	(3.2%)	471	(3.2%)	625	(3.2%)			
Kowloon City	682	(5.8%)	842	(5.8%)	1 126	(5.8%)			
Kwai Tsing	942	(8.1%)	1 173	(8.0%)	1 532	(7.9%)			
Kwun Tong	1 505	(12.9%)	1 795	(12.3%)	2 383	(12.2%)			
North	566	(4.8%)	736	(5.0%)	1 032	(5.3%)			
Sai Kung	274	(2.3%)	326	(2.2%)	437	(2.2%)			
Sha Tin	561	(4.8%)	743	(5.1%)	1 137	(5.8%)			
Sham Shui Po	1 556	(13.3%)	1 902	(13.0%)	2 363	(12.1%)			
Southern	200	(1.7%)	270	(1.9%)	379	(1.9%)			
Tai Po	238	(2.0%)	303	(2.1%)	410	(2.1%)			
Tsuen Wan	288	(2.5%)	369	(2.5%)	486	(2.5%)			
Tuen Mun	719	(6.2%)	958	(6.6%)	1 261	(6.5%)			
Wan Chai	155	(1.3%)	147	(1.0%)	228	(1.2%)			
Wong Tai Sin	755	(6.5%)	933	(6.4%)	1 226	(6.3%)			
Yau Tsim Mong	960	(8.2%)	1 249	(8.6%)	1 760	(9.0%)			
Yuen Long	1 382	(11.8%)	1 692	(11.6%)	2 196	(11.3%)			
Total	11 688	(100.0%)	14 591	(100.0%)	19 481	(100.0%)			

Table 2: Number of unemployed CSSA recipients and percentage of the total from 2018-19 to 2020-21 by district

		Numbe	r of unem	ployed CSSA	recipients	
District	20	18-19		19-20	2020-21	
					(as at end-De	ecember 2020)
Central & Western	144	(0.7%)	185	(0.9%)	251	(0.8%)
Eastern	638	(3.3%)	667	(3.1%)	956	(3.1%)
Islands	914	(4.7%)	1 045	(4.9%)	1 408	(4.6%)
Kowloon City	1 139	(5.8%)	1 282	(6.0%)	1 831	(6.0%)
Kwai Tsing	1 606	(8.2%)	1 809	(8.4%)	2 543	(8.3%)
Kwun Tong	2 845	(14.6%)	2 933	(13.6%)	4 109	(13.4%)
North	1 080	(5.5%)	1 217	(5.7%)	1 784	(5.8%)
Sai Kung	486	(2.5%)	482	(2.2%)	654	(2.1%)
Sha Tin	936	(4.8%)	1 068	(5.0%)	1 793	(5.9%)
Sham Shui Po	2 163	(11.1%)	2 516	(11.7%)	3 319	(10.8%)
Southern	307	(1.6%)	391	(1.8%)	508	(1.7%)
Tai Po	407	(2.1%)	440	(2.0%)	689	(2.2%)
Tsuen Wan	474	(2.4%)	514	(2.4%)	753	(2.5%)
Tuen Mun	1 190	(6.1%)	1 429	(6.6%)	2 003	(6.5%)
Wan Chai	148	(0.8%)	133	(0.6%)	231	(0.8%)
Wong Tai Sin	1 271	(6.5%)	1 359	(6.3%)	1 916	(6.3%)
Yau Tsim Mong	1 097	(5.6%)	1 223	(5.7%)	2 046	(6.7%)
Yuen Long	2 707	(13.8%)	2 844	(13.2%)	3 849	(12.6%)
Total	19 552	(100.0%)	21 537	(100.0%)	30 643	(100.0%)

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)118

(Question Serial No. 1904)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The Government utilises the Emergency Relief Fund (ERF) to provide financial assistance to persons who have been affected by natural disasters. Please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the number of applications received, approved and rejected by the Government, types of application, average processing time and total approved amount of assistance in the past 3 years;
- 2. the staffing establishment, administrative cost, amount of government injection and balance of the ERF in the past 3 years;
- 3. the work objective, implementation timetable, staffing establishment and estimated expenditure in this financial year.

Asked by: Hon LAU Ip-keung, Kenneth (LegCo internal reference no.: 71)

Reply:

The Emergency Relief Fund Ordinance, Chapter 1103 of the Laws of Hong Kong, provides for the establishment and administration of a trust fund known as the ERF. The ERF is vested in the Director of Social Welfare Incorporated as Trustee. It aims to provide financial assistance for persons who are in need of urgent relief as a result of fire, flooding, tempest, landslide, typhoon or other natural disasters. Grants from the ERF are intended for relief rather than compensation. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) provides secretarial service for the ERF. The responsibility for approving grants and making payments is, in most cases, vested in the Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department (AFCD), the Marine Department (MD), SWD and the Lands Department (LandsD), while the Home Affairs Department (HAD) is responsible for overall co-ordination at the district level. There are 5 types of grants under the ERF:

	Type of grants	Operating department
A	Grants in respect of death or personal injury	SWD
В	Domestic re-accommodation, re-equipment,	LandsD
	site formation and repair grants and grant for	MD
	severe damage to home appliances	
С	Grants to repair or replace vessels and fishing	MD
	gear	AFCD
D	Primary producer grants	LandsD
		AFCD
Е	Special grants	Operating department(s) concerned

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The types of grants applied, number of approved and rejected/withdrawn cases, and the amount of approved assistance under the ERF in the past 3 years are set out in Table 1 of the Annex. Different types of grants under the ERF have varying criteria for disbursement and application procedures. The operating departments do not have information on the average processing time.
- 2. & 3. The required manpower and administrative costs of the ERF are absorbed by the internal resources of the operating departments. Government funding and balance of the ERF in the past 3 years are set out in Table 2 of the Annex. In line with the objective of establishing the ERF in accordance with the Emergency Relief Fund Ordinance, the Government will continue to provide assistance to people in need.

Table 1: Type of grants applied, number of approved and rejected/withdrawn cases, and the amount of approved assistance under the ERF in the past 3 years from 2018-19 to 2020-21

Year	Type of grants	Number of applications	Number of approved applications	Number of rejected/withdraw applications	Amount of assistance approved
	A	1	-	-	1
	В	240	226	14	1,384,541
2018-19	C	261	104	157	1,357,752
	D	3 390	3 306	84	18,954,634
	Е	•	-	-	•
	A	•	-	-	1
	В	3	3	-	19,040
2019-20	С	4	3	1	240,549
	D	1 228	1 223	5	4,299,517
	Е	-	-	-	-
	A	-	-	-	-
2020-21	В	4	3	1	16,400
(as at end-December	С	1	-	1	
2020)	D	1	1	-	27,792
	Е	-	-	-	-

Table 2: Government funding and balance of the ERF from 2018-19 to 2020-21

Year	Government funding (\$ million)	Balance (\$ million)
2018-19	36	102.51
2019-20	10	110.55
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	10	122.13

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)119

(Question Serial No. 1568)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

(4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

It is stated that the Government will continue the implementation of the \$1 billion Innovation and Technology Fund for Application in Elderly and Rehabilitation Care (I&T Fund) to subsidise elderly and rehabilitation service units to procure, rent, and try out technology products, with an aim to improving the quality of life of services users, and reducing the burden and pressure on care staff and carers. In this connection, would the Government please inform this Committee:

- 1. the total number of applications received since the introduction of the I&T Fund, and the estimated number of homes and private homes to apply for the fund in 2021-22;
- 2. the estimated operational span of the I&T Fund; whether the Government plans to continue providing resources in financial support upon depletion of the I&T Fund. If not, what are the reasons?

Asked by: Hon LAU Kwok-fan (LegCo internal reference no.: 30)

Reply:

The Government launched the \$1 billion I&T Fund in December 2018 to subsidise eligible elderly and rehabilitation service units to procure/rent and try out technology products, with a view to improving the life of service users, and reducing the burden and pressure on care staff and carers. As at December 2020, about 600 residential care homes for the elderly and persons with disabilities, and over 1 000 service units providing subsidised community care and support services/day rehabilitation and community support services for the elderly and persons with disabilities were eligible for applying for the Fund. 3 tranches of grants totalling over \$200 million had been approved for about 970 elderly and rehabilitation service units to procure or rent over 4 200 items of technology products. For the fourth tranche application closed on 2 November 2020, applications for a total of about 3 000 items of technology products from about 640 service units were received. Vetting is underway.

The \$1 billion Fund will be progressively disbursed within 5 years starting from 2019-2020. The Social Welfare Department will regularly review the utilisation of the Fund to evaluate its effectiveness and adjust its mode of operation as necessary, so as to promote the application of gerontechnology and benefit more service users, care staff and carers.

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)120

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 1579)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: Not Specified

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The Government states that it will continue to implement the Special Scheme on Privately Owned Sites for Welfare Uses (Special Sites Scheme) so as to better utilise the sites owned by non-governmental organisations (NGOs) through redevelopment or expansion to provide diversified subvented services. In this connection, will the Government inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. What was the Government's estimated expenditure on the Special Sites Scheme in 2020-21?
- 2. What is the total number of applications received from NGOs since the implementation of the Special Sites Scheme?
- 3. Please list in the table below the development projects under the Special Sites Scheme which are expected to be completed in 2021-22, the welfare facilities to be provided in the projects, their latest progress and estimated completion date.

Asked by: Hon LAU Kwok-fan (LegCo internal reference no.: 42)

Reply:

The Government had received a total of 63 preliminary proposals from 43 non-governmental organisations (NGOs) under Phase One of the Special Sites Scheme as at 18 November 2013, the closing date of application. After review, 13 project proposals, which are not able to proceed further due to various reasons (e.g. site constraints), have been removed from the Special Sites Scheme.

Regarding the remaining 50 project proposals, as at the end of December 2020, 5 projects had been completed and had commenced service, and 1 other project had entered the construction stage and was expected to be completed in 2021. Furthermore, 17 projects were at the technical feasibility study stage while 4 projects were at the pre-construction detailed design/study stage. As for the other projects which were at different planning stages under Phase One of the Special Sites Scheme, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) will consider supporting the respective NGO applicants to proceed with technical feasibility studies having regard to the actual status of individual projects. A total of 25 proposals were received from 16 NGOs under Phase Two of the Special Sites Scheme by the closing date of application on

30 August 2019. SWD is discussing with NGO applicants to finalise details of the proposals such as the service type and number of places, development parameters, project cost, etc. with a view to implementing the projects as soon as possible.

The administrative costs incurred by the Labour and Welfare Bureau and SWD for the implementation of the Special Sites Scheme is covered by the existing funding allocation. Furthermore, NGOs may apply for the Lotteries Fund or seeking other funding sources to fund the technical feasibility studies and detailed designs for the projects, and to meet the costs of construction, and furniture and equipment items.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)121

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 1580)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

It is noted that the Social Welfare Department (SWD) plans to provide in phases a total of about 400 additional long full-day child care places for children aged below 3 at aided standalone child care centres (CCCs) in North District, Kwun Tong, Sha Tin, Kwai Tsing and Yuen Long, in order to further enhance day child care services. However, considering that there are over 160 000 children aged below 3 in Hong Kong, the provision of child care services is far from adequate, with only 1 service place for every 220 children on average. There is no such service available in Tung Chung, Wong Tai Sin, Sai Kung, etc. In this connection, please advise this Committee:

- (1) whether SWD has plans to set up CCCs in Tung Chung, Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung; if yes, the number of new CCCs to be set up in the coming 5 years;
- (2) the number of CCCs in Hong Kong and the number of full-day child care service places by district in the past 5 years; and
- (3) whether SWD has projected the birth rate and the demand for full-day child care services for 2021-22; if yes, the adjustment to be made to the number of service places.

Asked by: Hon LAU Kwok-fan (LegCo internal reference no.: 43)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- (1) To further enhance day child care services, SWD has planned to set up 10 aided standalone CCCs and provide about 900 additional aided CCC places in the coming 3 to 4 years through various development projects (such as the Land Sale Programme, the Special Scheme on Privately Owned Sites for Welfare Uses, public housing development or redevelopment projects and urban renewal developments, etc.). SWD has also planned to provide in phases a total of about 1 000 additional aided standalone CCC places through the purchase of premises exercise starting from 2021-22.
- (2) The number of CCCs and total number of full-day care service places provided by standalone CCCs and CCCs attached to kindergartens (KGs) over the past 5 financial years in respective districts are set out in the Annex.

(3) According to the Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines, a planning ratio for aided CCCs is formulated on a population basis providing 100 aided places for every 25 000 persons. The planning standard mainly applies to new housing development projects. For developed areas, apart from making reference to the standard in planning aided CCCs, SWD also takes into account the child care service provision in the districts and factors including the service utilisation rate, ratio of aided to non-aided child care centres, number of CCC places, district land supply as well as the demographic changes of respective districts.

Table 1: Number of CCCs across the territory by district from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at December 2020)

Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Eastern	56	56	56	55	56
Wan Chai	17	19	19	19	17
Central & Western	25	29	29	29	31
Southern	23	21	20	19	19
Islands	16	15	15	15	15
Kwun Tong	39	41	40	41	41
Wong Tai Sin	27	26	26	26	24
Sai Kung	35	35	34	34	35
Kowloon City	58	60	60	58	57
Yau Tsim Mong	25	27	27	28	28
Sham Shui Po	22	23	25	25	27
Sha Tin	43	45	43	42	43
Tai Po	17	16	17	18	18
North	20	20	21	21	21
Yuen Long	31	31	33	34	34
Tsuen Wan	24	24	25	26	26
Kwai Tsing	32	32	32	33	32
Tuen Mun	34	35	34	34	34
Total	544	555	556	557	558

Table 2: Total number of full-day care service places provided by standalone CCCs from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at December 2020)

	`				<u>, </u>					
Age	Below 2				2 to 3					
Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
District	Total no. of places	Total no. of places	Total no. of places	Total no. of places	Total no. of places	Total no. of places				
Central & Western	48	48	48	48	48	-	-	-	-	-
Southern	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Islands	22	22	22	22	22	24	24	24	24	24
Eastern	64	64	64	64	64	38	50	50	-	-
Wan Chai	48	48	48	48	48	-	-	-	-	-
Kowloon City	64	67	67	67	67	-	-	-	-	-
Yau Tsim Mong	96	99	99	99	99	-	-	-	-	-
Sham Shui Po	48	48	48	48	48	14	14	14	14	14
Kwun Tong	-	12	12	15	17	-	14	14	14	14
Wong Tai Sin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sai Kung	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sha Tin	72	72	72	72	72	-	-	-	-	-
Tai Po	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North	48	48	51	51	51	-	-	-	-	-
Yuen Long	64	64	64	64	64	-	-	-	-	-
Tsuen Wan	76	76	76	76	76	-	-	-	-	-
Kwai Tsing	32	32	32	32	32	-	-	-	-	-
Tuen Mun	64	64	64	64	64	-	-	-	-	-
Total	746	764	767	770	772	76	102	102	52	52

Table 3: Total number of full-day care service places provided by CCCs attached to KGs $^{[Note]}$ from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at December 2020)

Age	Below 2				2 to 3					
Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
District	Total no. of places									
Central & Western	-	-	-	1	-	351	524	533	581	646
Southern	30	30	30	30	30	282	231	250	296	319
Islands	-	-	-	-	-	241	246	319	266	367
Eastern	60	30	30	30	28	492	443	510	623	597
Wan Chai	16	16	16	16	16	206	194	238	234	259
Kowloon City	32	32	32	33	32	791	870	1 012	976	899
Yau Tsim Mong	-	-	-	-	-	296	293	291	311	324
Sham Shui Po	16	16	16	16	16	290	306	346	335	312
Kwun Tong	72	72	60	60	60	560	480	466	495	446
Wong Tai Sin	31	31	31	31	31	398	387	403	375	313
Sai Kung	38	38	38	38	38	558	658	845	682	971
Sha Tin	-	-	-	-	-	488	483	545	576	527
Tai Po	14	14	14	14	14	254	194	230	228	349
North	ı	-	ı	-	1	233	281	363	334	366
Yuen Long	20	20	20	24	24	367	361	409	381	382
Tsuen Wan	24	24	24	24	24	231	224	247	245	256
Kwai Tsing	-	-	1	-	-	386	341	367	429	446
Tuen Mun	_	-	-	-	-	468	508	517	572	526
Total	353	323	311	316	313	6 892	7 024	7 891	7 939	8 305

[Note] Figures provided by the Education Bureau as at September of each school year

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)122

(Question Serial No. 1872)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The labour market has deteriorated sharply. The latest seasonally adjusted unemployment rate rose from 3.3% in the fourth quarter of 2020 to 7%. The number of unemployed persons reached 270 000, the highest in close to 17 years. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) provided 6 months of unemployment support under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme starting from June 2020, where the asset limits for able-bodied persons were temporarily relaxed by 100%. Would the Government inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. How many able-bodied CSSA applicants with assets exceeding the original limit but falling within the 100% relaxed threshold have successfully applied for unemployment support during the period from 1 June to 1 November 2020; and the amount of CSSA payment involved;
- 2. Has the Government reviewed the effectiveness of the scheme? If yes, what are the details? If no, what are the reasons?

Asked by: Hon LEE Wai-king, Starry (LegCo internal reference no.: 63)

Reply:

To assist the unemployed and their families who face immediate financial difficulties in a more focused manner, the Government has launched the time-limited Special Scheme of Assistance to the Unemployed under the CSSA Scheme to temporarily relax the asset limits for able-bodied persons by 100% during the one-year period from 1 June 2020 to 31 May 2021. Moreover, during the six-month period from 1 April to 30 September 2021, the Government will disregard the cash value of insurance policies of able-bodied applicants of CSSA as assets in a grace period of 1 year. The Finance Committee of the Legislative Council has approved a one-off commitment of \$3.52 billion to cater for the relevant expenses. As at the end of December 2020, the number of CSSA unemployment cases amounts to around 19 500, an increase of over 55% compared to the end of December 2019. SWD will continue to actively process CSSA applications in order to provide timely assistance to persons in need.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)123

(Question Serial No. 0340)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: Not Specified

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

It was mentioned in the 2019 Budget Speech that the Government would allocate \$20 billion for the purchase of 60 properties for accommodating more than 130 welfare facilities. Please advise:

- 1. the details of the latest development of the project; and
- 2. the estimated service commencement date of these facilities.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 1)

Reply:

On 30 June 2020, the Government obtained funding approval from the Finance Committee of the Legislative Council to purchase properties over some 3 years for accommodating welfare facilities, including child care centres, day care centres for the elderly, neighbourhood elderly centres, on-site pre-school rehabilitation services, etc. to help meet the acute shortfall of premises.

The Social Welfare Department (SWD) has completed the consultation with the 18 District Councils on the welfare facilities proposed to be accommodated in purchased premises for the districts concerned in mid-November 2020 and has started the purchase exercise. With the assistance of the Government Property Agency (GPA), SWD is currently identifying suitable non-domestic premises for purchase through different channels, including open invitations to owners of potentially suitable non-domestic premises available for sale in 18 districts to submit their sale proposals to GPA for consideration. SWD is assessing the suitability of offered premises for purchase.

SWD has earmarked a provision of \$4.273 billion in 2021-22 for the purchase exercise for welfare premises. The actual expenditure will be subject to the availability of suitable and reasonably priced premises in the market. We expect that the purchase of premises will be completed in 2023-24. SWD will update the GPA's website with regard to the information on welfare facilities for which suitable premises have been purchased.

LWB(WW)124

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 0341)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

(4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

Regarding the Innovation and Technology Fund for Application in Elderly and Rehabilitation Care (I&T Fund), please advise:

- 1. the details of the past 4 tranches of applications for the fund with a breakdown by type of subsidy for service providers (i.e. non-governmental organisation (NGO), private, self-financing, others);
- 2. the average amount of approved subsidy for each tranche;
- 3. whether the Government has any statistics on the general types of applications.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 2)

Reply:

The Government launched the \$1 billion I&T Fund in December 2018 to subsidise eligible elderly and rehabilitation service units to procure/rent and try out technology products, with a view to improving the life of service users, and reducing the burden and pressure on care staff and carers. As at December 2020, about 600 residential care homes for the elderly and persons with disabilities, and over 1 000 service units providing subsidised community care and support services/day rehabilitation and community support services for the elderly and persons with disabilities were eligible for applying for the Fund. 3 tranches of grants totalling over \$200 million had been approved for about 970 elderly and rehabilitation service units (including 820 service units of NGOs and 150 private service units) to procure or rent over 4 200 items of technology products. The types of products that got more applications for procurement from the service units included smart hospital beds with extra low position, equipment and assessment tools for occupational therapy/physiotherapy/ speech therapy, tiltin-space/height adjustable commode/shower chair, wireless health monitoring equipment, companion robot, and anti-wandering system, etc. For the fourth tranche application closed on 2 November 2020, applications for a total of about 3 000 items of technology products from about 640 service units were received. Vetting is underway.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)125

(Question Serial No. 0342)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

Controlling Officer: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

The Government is implementing the three-year pilot scheme to provide social work service for aided/subsidised child care centres (CCCs), kindergartens (KGs) and KG-cum-CCCs. Please advise the following:

- 1. Among the eligible institutions above, how many in the territory have received social work service?
- 2. Among the institutions receiving social work service above, what is the average number of children served by each social worker?
- 3. What is the average amount of subsidy provided to each institution above in each academic year under the scheme?
- 4. Would the Government consider regularising the scheme upon its completion?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 3)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The Pilot Scheme on Social Work Service for Pre-primary Institutions (PPIs) is implemented in 3 phases. Phases 1, 2 and 3 of the Pilot Scheme have commenced operation in February 2019, August 2019 and August 2020 respectively serving 246, 239 and 240 (725 in total) eligible PPIs (including aided CCCs, KGs and KG-cum-CCCs).
- 2. Given that each social work team with 8 social workers will provide service for not more than 16 PPIs serving about 3 200 pre-primary children and their families, each social worker will serve on average 400 pre-primary children and their families.
- 3. The Pilot Scheme is implemented by social work teams operated by eligible non-governmental organisations which provide stationing social work service for PPIs. Therefore, there is no direct subsidy provided for PPIs. The estimated expenditure of the Pilot Scheme for 2021-22 is about \$293 million.
- 4. During the implementation of the Pilot Scheme, the Government has commissioned the City University of Hong Kong to conduct an evaluation study on the current mode of operation, as well as the service performance and service outputs/outcomes of the Pilot Scheme so as to shed light on the way forward of the service.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)126

(Question Serial No. 0343)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The Government mentioned that it would re-engineer in phases existing Mutual Help Child Care Centres (MHCCCs), and consider converting them to provide after-school care service for pre-school children in the current year. Please advise the following:

- 1. What is the timetable of such re-engineering work? What are the details of re-engineering in each phase?
- 2. Will existing service providers be affected after re-engineering? If yes, how will they be affected?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 4)

Reply:

At present, there are a total of 19 MHCCCs run by non-governmental organisations on a fee- charging and self-financing basis throughout the territory, providing a flexible form of child care service for children under 3 (children under 6 may also use the service if needed). In response to the low utilisation rate of MHCCCs in recent years and to optimise the use of resources, the Government will re-engineer in phases 19 MHCCCs and increase social workers and supporting staff to provide after-school care service for pre-primary children so as to better meet the child care needs in the community. The Social Welfare Department has discussed with MHCCC operators on their intention to participate in service re-engineering at different stages, and obtained their views on the implementation details. In view of the latest situation of COVID-19, the first phase of re-engineering originally scheduled for January to March 2020 will be tentatively deferred to 2021-22. The specific commencement date will be subject to the epidemic situation.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)127

(Question Serial No. 0344)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding government-aided standalone child care centres (CCCs), please advise:

- 1. the number of places provided by aided standalone CCCs for children aged below 2 and the utilisation rate in the past 3 years;
- 2. the overall operating costs of aided standalone CCCs and the percentage of government subsidy in the overall operating costs of aided standalone CCCs in the past 3 years;
- 3. the measures to further alleviate the financial burden of parents in using the services in the past 3 years.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 5)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The total number of places provided by aided standalone CCCs for children aged below 2 and the utilisation rate for the past 3 financial years are set out in the Annex.
- 2. The average percentage of subsidies provided by the Social Welfare Department out of the operating costs of aided standalone CCCs from the 2018-19 to 2020-21 financial years are set out below:

Year	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Aided standalone CCCs	22%	34%	40%

3. The Government has raised the level of subsidies for subvented day CCC places in the 2019/20 school year to alleviate the financial burden of parents in paying the service fee. As such, the full costs incurred in enhancing the manning ratios for child care workers in the 2019/20 school year were borne by the Government, and the "Child Care Centre Parent Subsidy" implemented in February 2020 have provided direct subsidies for parents to cover part of the service fees of aided CCCs at the ceiling of \$600 per child each month.

Total number of places provided by aided standalone CCCs for children aged below 2 and utilisation rate 2018-19 to 2020-21 (as at December 2020)

Year	2018-19		2019	9-20	2020-21		
rear	eai eai				(as at December 2020)		
District	Number of	Utilisation	Number of	Utilisation	Number of	Utilisation	
District	places	rate	places	rate	places	rate	
Central & Western	48	100	48	100	48	100	
Southern	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Islands	-	1	-	1	-	1	
Eastern	64	100	64	100	64	100	
Wan Chai	48	100	48	100	48	96	
Kowloon City	67	100	67	100	67	99	
Yau Tsim Mong	99	100	99	100	99	98	
Sham Shui Po	48	100	48	99	48	100	
Kwun Tong	-	1	-	1	-	1	
Wong Tai Sin	-	1	-	1	-	1	
Sai Kung	-	1	-	1	-	1	
Sha Tin	72	100	72	100	72	98	
Tai Po	-	1	-	1	-	1	
North	51	100	51	100	51	100	
Yuen Long	64	100	64	100	64	100	
Tsuen Wan	76	100	76	100	76	83	
Kwai Tsing	32	100	32	100	32	100	
Tuen Mun	64	100	64	100	64	100	
Total:	733	100	733	100	733	98	

⁻ End -

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)128

(Question Serial No. 0345)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

1. Please provide in table form the number of cases related to child abuse handled by Family and Child Protective Services Units (FCPSUs) of the Social Welfare Department (SWD), the number of children involved, the age distribution of the maltreated children and the relationship between the perpetrator and the victim in each of the past 5 years.

2. The staffing establishment and expenditure of FCPSUs in each of the past 5 years.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 6)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The number of child protection cases [Note 1] handled by FCPSUs of SWD from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) and the number of maltreated children still being followed up as at 31 December are as follows:

Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Item					(as at end-December 2020)
Number of child protection cases handled [Note 2]	2 487	2 531	2 800	2 849	2 787
Number of maltreated children involved in child protection cases still being followed up as at 31 December [Note 3]	1 315	1 426	1 550	1 678	1 864

[Note 1] Since the revised "Protecting Children from Maltreatment - Procedural Guide for Multi-disciplinary Co-operation" was put into implementation in April 2020, the term "child abuse cases" has been changed to "child protection cases" to reduce the negative connotation behind "child abuse" and other related terms.

[Note 2] The number of maltreated children involved in each child protection case may be more than 1.

[Note 3] The figure does not include the number of maltreated children involved in the child protection cases already closed in that year.

SWD does not have the breakdown of the age distribution of maltreated children and the relationship between the perpetrator and the maltreated child involved in child protection cases handled by FCPSUs as mentioned in Question 1. According to the newly registered cases collected by the Child Protection Registry of SWD, the age distribution of maltreated children and the perpetrator's relationship with the maltreated child are set out in the Annex.

2. The staffing establishment of social workers in FCPSUs in the past 5 years is tabulated below:

Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Rank					
Senior Social Work Officer	11	11	14	14	14
Social Work Officer	119	119	155	155	155
Assistant Social Work Officer	49	49	51	51	51

The expenditure of FCPSUs in the past 5 years is tabulated below:

Year	Expenditure (\$ million)
2016-17 (Actual)	214
2017-18 (Actual)	216
2018-19 (Actual)	230
2019-20 (Actual)	288
2020-21 (Revised estimate)	294

Table 1: Age Distribution of Maltreated Children

Yea	r 2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Age					
0 to 2	158	222	185	170	173
3 to 5	104	91	99	98	96
6 to 8	153	157	177	180	143
9 to 11	172	127	227	181	138
12 to 14	194	212	237	239	245
15 to 17	111	138	139	138	145
Tota	al 892	947	1 064	1 006	940

Table 2: Perpetrator's Relationship with the Maltreated Child

Relationship with the	Number of Perpetrator					
Maltreated Child	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
Parent/Sibling/Step-parent/	629	655	776	739	685	
Grandparent/Relative	029	033	770	139	003	
Family friend/Parent of	0.4	89	0.4	120	00	
peer/Schoolmate/Friend/Peer	94	89	94	120	99	
Caregiver/School teacher/School						
personnel/Staff of boarding	58	54	60	56	51	
section of school/Tutor/Coach/	30	34			31	
Religious personnel						
Co-tenant/Neighbour/Inmate of	14	21	11	10	12	
residential service	14	21	11	10	12	
Unrelated person	79	107	79	75	104	
Unidentified person/Others	37	31	40	25	26	
Total [Note]	911	957	1 060	1 025	977	

[Note] The number of newly registered cases and number of perpetrators do not tally because a perpetrator may harm/maltreat more than 1 child and a child may be harmed/maltreated by more than 1 perpetrator.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)129

(Question Serial No. 0346)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please list out the number of approved Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) applications made by persons aged 18 or below and above who had resided in Hong Kong (HK) for less than 7 years over the past 5 years in the table below.

Year	Aged 18 or above	Aged 18 or below	CSSA amount involved
2015-16			
2016-17			
2017-18			
2018-19			
2019-20			

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 7)

Reply:

Following the judgment of the Court of Final Appeal handed down on a judicial review case regarding the residence requirement of the CSSA Scheme, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) restored the "one-year residence requirement" on 17 December 2013, which had been in effect before 1 January 2004. As in the past, persons aged below 18 continue to be exempted from the residence requirement of the CSSA Scheme.

From 2016-17 to 2020-21, the number of approved CSSA applications involving persons aged 18 or above who had resided in HK for less than 7 years is as follows:

Year	Number of approved CSSA applications from persons who had resided in HK for less than 7 years
2016-17	1 078
2017-18	1 191
2018-19	1 368
2019-20	1 171
2020-21	1 387
(as at 31 December 2020)	1 507

From 2016-17 to 2020-21, the CSSA expenditures on CSSA recipients having resided in HK for less than 7 years (CSSA is payable on a household basis, and the relevant expenditure was a rough estimation) is as follows:

Year	Expenditure [Note] (\$ million)
2016-17	933
2017-18	885
2018-19	899
2019-20	881
2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)	719

[Note] The actual expenditure for 2016-17 and 2017-18 included the payment of 1 additional month of CSSA standard rates; the actual expenditure for 2018-19 included (1) the payment of 2 additional months of CSSA standard rates and the top-up payment to make up to \$4,000 under the Caring and Sharing Scheme, (2) a one-off grant of \$2,000 to each needy student, whereas the actual expenditure for 2019-20 included (1) the payment of 1 additional month of CSSA standard rates, (2) a one-off grant of \$2,500 to each needy student, and (3) an extra 1 month allowance announced by the Financial Secretary in August 2019. The revised estimate of expenditure for 2020-21 included the payment of 1 additional month of CSSA standard rates.

SWD does not have the other information sought.

- End -

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)130

(Question Serial No. 0347)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Navigation Scheme for Young Persons in Care Services (Navigation Scheme), please advise the following:

- 1. the number of trainees each year since its launch in 2015 and the number of graduates still employed in social welfare service units;
- 2. the number of graduates who have secured employment through the Navigation Scheme and their average salaries each year.
- 3. the details of enhancement of the Navigation Scheme last year, progress of the enhancements, and additional expenditure involved.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 8)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. & 2. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) launched the Navigation Scheme in July 2015, providing a total of 1 000 training places starting from 2015-16, to encourage young people to join the elderly and rehabilitation care services. As at the end of December 2020, there were a total of 1 158 trainees under the Navigation Scheme. Among them, 529 have graduated. Based on the information provided by the trainees upon graduation, 299 graduates would continue to be employed in social welfare service units. SWD does not have information on the salaries of trainees after their departure from the Navigation Scheme.
- 3. The Government continues with the operation of the Navigation Scheme to provide a total of 1 200 training places within 5 years starting from 2020-21, and has rolled out enhancement measures, which include expanding the age range of trainees from between 18 and 25 to between 17 and 29, reducing the working hours per week for trainees from 44 to 40 for them to further their studies more effectively, and raising their salaries and training subsidies, with a view to attracting more young people to join the social welfare care sector. The total expenditure involved will be around \$266 million. Operating agencies have started recruiting trainees under the enhanced scheme since the second quarter of 2020, recruiting about 400 trainees so far.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)131

(Question Serial No. 0348)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding measures to facilitate the retirement of elderly persons in the Mainland, please advise:

1. the number of successful applicants under various schemes;

	Portable	Old Age	OAA under	Old Age	OALA
	Comprehensive	Allowance	the Fujian	Living	under the FJ
	Social Security	(OAA)	(FJ) Scheme	Allowance	Scheme
	Assistance	under the		(OALA)	
	(PCSSA)	Guangdong		under the	
	Scheme	(GD)		GD Scheme	
		Scheme			
2018-2019					
2019-2020					
2020-2021					
2021-2022					
(Estimate)					

- 2. the annual expenditure involved (with administrative costs excluded).
- 3. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) has appointed agents to provide assistance to elderly persons who are unable to return to Hong Kong to complete the application procedures due to health reasons. Please list out the names of those agents, the annual agent fees incurred for the appointment by the Government, and the number of cases served over the past 5 years, with a breakdown by scheme.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 9)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The number of recipients of the PCSSA Scheme, GD Scheme and FJ Scheme from 2018-19 to 2021-22 with a breakdown by type of assistance and allowance is set out in Table 1 of the Annex.

- 2. The expenditure on the PCSSA Scheme, GD Scheme and FJ Scheme from 2018-19 to 2021-22 is set out in Table 2 of the Annex.
- 3. From 2016-17 to 2020-21, SWD appointed the International Social Service Hong Kong Branch as the implementation agent for the PCSSA Scheme, the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme. Apart from providing assistance to the elderly persons who were unable to travel to Hong Kong to go through the application procedures, the agent also conducted annual case reviews for all cases (including home visits), provided enquiry service to elderly beneficiaries, handled reports of change of status, identified appropriate appointees for elderly beneficiaries in need and made recommendation to SWD, assisted SWD in recovering overpayments and investigating suspected fraud cases, etc. In view that the portable schemes are launched in different periods of time, the duration of contracts entered between SWD and the agent varies. In response to the question, the contract fees paid to the agent and the number of cases served from 2016-17 to 2020-21 with a breakdown by type of assistance and allowance are set out in Tables 3 and 4 of the Annex.

Table 1: Number of recipients of PCSSA Scheme, GD Scheme and FJ Scheme from 2018-19 to 2021-22 by type of assistance and allowance

Year	PCSSA	GD Scheme		FJ Scheme	
1 car	Scheme	OAA	OALA [Note 1]	OAA	OALA [Note 1]
2018-19	1 206	16 568	N.A.	1 656	N.A.
2019-20	1 089	9 776	8 689	785	1 010
2020-21	0.54		11.500		1 221
(as at end-December 2020)	964	7 696	11 589	615	1 331
2021-22	1 102	11 000	17 000	3 000	6 000
(Estimate)	1 102	11 000	17 000	3 000	0 000

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] OALA under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme was launched on 1 January 2020.

Table 2: Expenditure on PCSSA Scheme, GD Scheme and FJ Scheme from 2018-19 to 2021-22

	Expenditure	GD Se	cheme	FJ Scheme	
Year [Note 1]	on PCSSA (\$ million)	Expenditure on OAA (\$ million)	Expenditure on OALA (\$ million) [Note 2]	Expenditure on OAA (\$ million)	Expenditure on OALA (\$ million) [Note 2]
2018-19 (Actual)	69	336	N.A.	22	N.A.
2019-20 (Actual)	64	276	85	27	10
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	55	167	626	28	139
2021-22 (Estimate)	54	197	754	52	260

N.A. - Not applicable

The 2018-19 Actual Expenditure included the payment of 2 additional months of the allowances and the top-up payment to make up to \$4,000 under the Caring and Sharing Scheme. The 2019-20 Actual Expenditure included the payment of 1 additional month of the allowance, an extra 1 month allowance announced by the Financial Secretary in August 2019, and the expenditure involved in extending OALA to the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme. The 2020-21 Revised Estimate included the payment of 1 additional month of the allowance and the expenditure involved in extending OALA to the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme.

[Note 2] OALA under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme was launched on 1 January 2020.

Table 3: Contract fees paid to the agent from 2016-17 to 2020-21 by type of assistance and allowance

	Contract	GD Se	cheme	FJ Scheme [Note 1]	
Year	fees for PCSSA (\$ million)	Contract fees for OAA (\$ million)	Contract fees for OALA (\$ million) [Note 2]	Contract fees for OAA (\$ million)	Contract fees for OALA (\$ million) [Note 2]
2016-17	1.75	5.52	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
2017-18	1.93	5.29	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
2018-19	1.83	5.70	N.A.	3.67	N.A.
2019-20	1.94	5.46	1.15	2.30	0.61
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	1.55	3.50	3.55	1.35	1.54

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] The FJ Scheme is effective from 1 April 2018.

[Note 2] OALA under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme is effective from 1 January 2020.

Table 4: Number of cases served by the agent from 2016-17 to 2020-21 by type of assistance and allowance

Vacu	PCSSA	GD S	cheme	FJ Scheme [Note 1]	
Year	Scheme	OAA	OALA [Note 2]	OAA	OALA [Note 2]
2016-17	1 510	14 354	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
2017-18	1 390	15 803	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
2018-19	1 253	16 189	N.A.	1 473	N.A.
2019-20	1 139	9 089	8 051	694	922
2020-21					
(as at end-December	1 038	7 337	11 087	575	1 278
2020)					

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] The FJ Scheme is effective from 1 April 2018.

[Note 2] OALA under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme is effective from 1 January 2020.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)132

(Question Serial No. 0349)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding elderly persons receiving cash allowances under various social security schemes, please provide the number of recipients of the various allowances and the expenditure involved in the past 3 years as well as this year's estimate with a breakdown by age group of elderly persons:

- 1. Elderly Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA)
- 2. Old Age Allowance (OAA)
- 3. Higher Old Age Living Allowance (OALA)
- 4. Normal OALA
- 5. Guangdong (GD) Scheme
- 6. Fujian (FJ) Scheme
- 7. Higher Disability Allowance (HDA)
- 8. Normal Disability Allowance (NDA)

(Please provide a breakdown by age group of elderly persons aged 60 to 64, 65 to 69, 70 to 74, 75 to 79, 80 to 84 and 85 or above)

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 10)

Reply:

The number of CSSA recipients (including those under the Portable Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (PCSSA) Scheme) from 2018-19 to 2020-21 with a breakdown by age group is set out in Table 1 of the Annex.

The number of recipients under the Social Security Allowance (SSA) Scheme with a breakdown by type of allowance and age group from 2018-19 to 2020-21 is set out in Table 2 of the Annex.

The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have information on the number of CSSA recipients (including those under the PCSSA Scheme) in 2021-22 by age group, or the number of SSA recipients by type of allowance and age group.

The total CSSA expenditure from 2018-19 to 2021-22 is set out in Table 3 of the Annex. SWD does not have information on the amount of expenditure by age group of CSSA recipients.

The total expenditure for SSA recipients aged 60 or above with a breakdown by type of allowance from 2018-19 to 2021-22 is set out in Table 4 of the Annex.

Table 1: Number of CSSA (including PCSSA Scheme) recipients from 2018-19 to 2020-21 by age group

	Number of recipients						
Year	Aged 60 to 64	Aged 65 to 69	Aged 70 to 74	Aged 75 to 79	Aged 80 to 84	Aged 85 or above	
2018-19	25 102	27 720	25 744	22 549	23 963	36 334	
2019-20	24 225	26 627	26 552	21 462	22 574	35 560	
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	25 435	26 564	27 662	20 800	21 987	35 303	

Table 2: Number of SSA recipients from 2018-19 to 2020-21 by type of allowance and age group

	Number of recipients					
Type of allowance [Note 1]	Age group	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)		
OAA	60 to 64		N.A			
	65 to 69					
	70 to 74	108 037	122 004	134 273		
	75 to 79	56 364	58 116	60 245		
	80 to 84	46 477	47 144	47 106		
	85 or above	39 722	42 816	44 905		
Higher OALA [Note 2]	60 to 64		N.A			
	65 to 69	139 137	144 590	151 181		
	70 to 74	121 786	137 322	149 551		
	75 to 79	78 934	83 754	86 826		
	80 to 84	71 958	73 298	73 719		
	85 or above	77 817	82 982	86 916		
Normal OALA [Note 2]	60 to 64		N.A			
	65 to 69	17 381	17 509	17 813		
	70 to 74	12 565	12 608	13 063		
	75 to 79	7 840	7 119	6 793		
	80 to 84	7 518	6 294	5 810		
	85 or above	7 130	6 553	6 211		
GD Scheme	60 to 64		N.A			
	65 to 69	1 931	2 507	2 682		
	70 to 74	4 588	5 647	5 982		
	75 to 79	3 884	3 913	3 983		
	80 to 84	3 115	3 176	3 234		
	85 or above	3 050	3 222	3 404		
FJ Scheme [Note 3]	60 to 64		N.A	. .		
	65 to 69	186	182	230		
	70 to 74	459	494	508		
	75 to 79	310	342	357		
	80 to 84	358	367	399		
	85 or above	343	410	452		
HDA	60 to 64	1 751	1 939	2 089		
	65 to 69	1 439	1 539	1 614		
	70 to 74	1 261	1 342	1 481		
	75 to 79	1 249	1 161	1 141		
	80 to 84	1 965	1 808	1 740		
	85 or above	4 081	3 973	3 874		
NDA	60 to 64	21 847	23 127	24 135		
	65 to 69	7 550	8 389	8 985		
	70 to 74	3 876	4 446	4 846		
	75 to 79	2 268	2 260	2 362		
	80 to 84	2 747	2 643	2 539		
	85 or above	4 036	4 223	4 271		

N.A. - Not applicable

OAA applicants must be aged 70 or above. OALA, GD Scheme and FJ Scheme applicants must be aged 65 or above

[[]Note 2] OALA has been renamed as Normal OALA upon implementation of the Higher OALA on 1 June 2018.

[[]Note 3] The FJ Scheme is effective from 1 April 2018.

Table 3: Total expenditure on CSSA from 2018-19 to 2021-22

Year	Expenditure [Note] (\$ million)
2018-19 (Actual)	22,323
2019-20 (Actual)	22,667
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	22,728
2021-22 (Estimate)	24,251

The actual expenditure for 2018-19 included (1) the payment of 2 additional months of CSSA standard rates and the top-up payment to make up to \$4,000 under the Caring and Sharing Scheme; and (2) a one-off grant of \$2,000 to each needy student. The actual expenditure for 2019-20 included (1) the payment of 1 additional month of CSSA standard rates, (2) a one-off grant of \$2,500 to each needy student, and (3) an extra 1 month allowance announced by the Financial Secretary in August 2019. The revised estimate of expenditure for 2020-21 included the payment of 1 additional month of CSSA standard rates.

Table 4: Expenditure for SSA recipients aged 60 or above from 2018-19 to 2021-22 by type of allowances

Type of	Expenditure [Note 4] (\$ million)							
allowance [Note 1]	2018-19 (Actual)	2019-20 (Actual)	2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	2021-22 (Estimate)				
OAA	4,860	4,972	5,185	5,458				
Higher OALA [Note 2]	25,897 [Note 5]	25,090	26,618	30,026				
Normal OALA [Note 2]	4,040	1,804	1,872	2,078				
GD Scheme	336	360	793	951				
FJ Scheme [Note 3]	22	37	167	312				
HDA	611	564	592	715				
NDA	1,073	1,131	1,187	1,213				

OAA applicants must be aged 70 or above. OALA, GD Scheme and FJ Scheme applicants must be aged 65 or above.

[Note 2] OALA has been renamed as Normal OALA upon implementation of the Higher OALA on 1 June 2018.

[Note 3] The FJ Scheme is effective from 1 April 2018.

The actual expenditure for 2018-19 included the payment of 2 additional months of the allowances and the topup payment to make up to \$4,000 under the Caring and Sharing Scheme. The actual expenditure for 2019-20 included the payment of 1 additional month of the allowances, an extra 1 month allowance announced by the Financial Secretary in August 2019, and the expenditure involved in extending OALA to the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme. The revised estimate of expenditure for 2020-21 included the payment of 1 additional month of the allowances, and the expenditure involved in extending OALA to the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme.

[Note 5] The expenditure of the Higher OALA for 2018-19 included the disbursement of a one-off grant to eligible recipients of the Higher OALA, with retrospective effect from May 2017.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)133

(Question Serial No. 0353)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

Director of Bureau: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding "pro-employment" measures for Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) recipients:

- 1. Please list out the number of CSSA recipients participating in the Integrated Employment Assistance Programme for Self-reliance (IEAPS) each year since its launch in 2013.
- 2. Among the CSSA recipients participating in the IEAPS, how many of them have (1) secured employment or (2) returned to mainstream schooling? Please provide a breakdown by year.
- 3. Please list out the amount of resources involved in the IEAPS in each of the past 3 years.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 11)

Reply:

In January 2013, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) launched the IEAPS through non-governmental organisations (NGOs) to increase the employability of able-bodied CSSA recipients and to assist them to sustain employment. As one of the improvement measures announced in the 2019 Policy Address, enhanced employment support services have been launched starting from April 2020 to improve the effectiveness of NGOs in increasing the employability of service users. As individual participants of IEAPS and employment support services may leave or re-join owing to short-term paid employment or change in their personal circumstances (such as their health conditions), SWD does not maintain the number of participants or a breakdown by financial year.

SWD has information on the cumulative headcount of participants. From January 2013 to the end of December 2020, a cumulative headcount of 118 574 persons had participated in the IEAPS and employment support services, with 23 346 participants having secured employment or returned to mainstream schooling.

The expenditure incurred by SWD on commissioning NGOs to operate the IEAPS and employment support services from 2018-19 to 2020-21 is set out in the table below:

Year	Expenditure (\$ million)
2018-19 (Actual)	126
2019-20 (Actual)	137
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	151

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)134

(Question Serial No. 0354)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please list out the number of Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) recipients with a breakdown by type of residential care homes over the past 5 years.

	Number of recipients							
	Subsidised Reside	ential Care Homes	Non-subsidised Residential Care Home					
	Aged below 60 Aged 60 or above		Aged below 60	Aged 60 or above				
2016-17								
2017-18								
2018-19								
2019-20								
2020-21								

Please list out the average monthly CSSA payments received by elderly singletons residing in subsidised and non-subsidised residential care places according to their levels of disabilities.

Level of disabilities	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17
Able-bodied/50%					
disabled					
100% disabled					
Requiring constant					
attendance					
Others					

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 12)

Reply:

The number of CSSA recipients broken down by age group and type of residential care homes from 2016-17 to 2020-21 is set out in Table 1 in the Annex. The average monthly CSSA payments received by singletons aged 60 or above residing in subsidised and non-subsidised residential care homes from 2017 to 2021 by category are set out in Table 2 in the Annex.

Table 1 Number of CSSA recipients residing in residential care homes broken down by age group and type of residential care homes from 2016-17 to 2020-21

	Number of recipients						
	Subsidised reside	ential care homes	Non-subsidised residential care				
Year			hon	nes			
	Aged below 60 Aged 60 or above		Aged below 60	Aged 60 or above			
2016-17	9 251	16 716	4 401	24 434			
2017-18	9 201	16 755	4 302	24 607			
2018-19	9 081	16 697	4 209	24 209			
2019-20	9 176	16 595	3 901	23 130			
2020-21							
(as at end-December 2020)	9 207	16 828	3 821	22 394			

Table 2 Average monthly CSSA payments received by singletons aged 60 or above residing in subsidised and non-subsidised residential care homes from 2017 to 2021 by category

Type of residential care homes	Level of disability	1 February 2017 (\$) [Note]	1 February 2018 (\$) [Note]	1 February 2019 (\$) [Note]	1 February 2020 (\$) [Note]	1 February 2021 (\$) [Note]
Subsidised	Able-bodied/ 50% disabled	4,343	4,521	4,715	4,921	5,113
	100% disabled	5,642	5,884	6,215	6,526	6,761
residential care homes	Requiring constant attendance	8,918	9,208	9,569	9,895	10,621
Non-subsidised residential care homes	Able-bodied/ 50% disabled	6,361	6,657	7,062	7,793	8,203
	100% disabled	7,741	8,074	8,591	9,376	9,837
	Requiring constant attendance	10,036	10,467	11,169	12,147	12,669

[Note] This refers to the average amount of payment received by CSSA households when they do not have any other sources of income.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)135

(Question Serial No. 0355)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding government-aided standalone child care centres (CCCs), please advise:

- 1. the number of places provided for children aged below 2 and utilisation rate in the past 5 years;
- 2. the highest, lowest and median monthly fee charged for children aged below 2 in the past 5 years;
- 3. the overall operating costs and the percentage of government subsidy in the overall operating costs in the past 5 years;
- 4. what measures are in place to further alleviate the financial burden of parents in using the services of aided standalone CCCs.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 13)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The total number of places provided by aided standalone CCCs for children aged below 2 and the utilisation rate for the past 5 financial years are set out in the Annex.
- 2. The monthly service fees of aided standalone CCCs for children aged below 2 in the past 5 financial years are set out below:

Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Highest Monthly fee (\$)	6,300	6,345	6,500	6,538	6,700
Median Monthly fee (\$)	5,532	5,537	5,537	5,537	5,537
Lowest Monthly fee (\$)	4,385	4,385	4,385	4,385	4,385

3. The average percentage of subsidies provided by the Social Welfare Department out of the operating costs of aided standalone CCCs from the 2016-17 to 2020-21 financial years are set out below:

Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Aided standalone CCCs	10%	22%	22%	34%	40%

4. The Government has raised the level of subsidies for subvented day CCC places in the 2019/20 school year to alleviate the financial burden of parents in paying the service fee. As such, the full costs incurred in enhancing the manning ratios for child care workers in the 2019/20 school year were borne by the Government, and the "Child Care Centre Parent Subsidy" implemented in February 2020 have provided direct subsidies for parents to cover part of the service fees of aided CCCs at the ceiling of \$600 per child each month.

Total number of places provided by aided standalone CCCs for children aged below 2 and utilisation rate 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at December 2020)

Year	2010	6-17	201	7-18	2018	8-19	2019	9-20	2020)-21
District	Number of places	Utilisation rate	Number of places	Utilisation rate						
Central & Western	48	100	48	100	48	100	48	100	48	100
Southern	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Eastern	64	100	64	100	64	100	64	100	64	100
Wan Chai	48	100	48	100	48	100	48	100	48	96
Kowloon City	64	100	67	99	67	100	67	100	67	99
Yau Tsim Mong	96	100	99	100	99	100	99	100	99	98
Sham Shui Po	48	100	48	100	48	100	48	99	48	100
Kwun Tong	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wong Tai Sin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sai Kung	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sha Tin	72	100	72	100	72	100	72	100	72	98
Tai Po	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North	48	100	48	100	51	100	51	100	51	100
Yuen Long	64	100	64	100	64	100	64	100	64	100
Tsuen Wan	76	100	76	100	76	100	76	100	76	83
Kwai Tsing	32	100	32	100	32	100	32	100	32	100
Tuen Mun	64	100	64	100	64	100	64	100	64	100
Total:	724	100	730	100	733	100	733	100	733	98

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)136

(Question Serial No. 0356)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the support for divorced parents and their children, please advise the following:

- 1. The Government set up 5 specialised co-parenting support centres in 5 regions of the territory in 2019. Which organisations are operating these centres? What is the annual amount of subsidies for each centre? Please give a breakdown.
- 2. What has been the number of cases handled by each centre to support divorced families since 2019? (Please give a breakdown of the 5 centres)
- 3. It is learnt that the Pilot Project on Children Contact Service (Pilot Project) has been completed. What is the number of cases receiving support services since the implementation of the Pilot Project and what is the amount of subsidies involved?
- 4. Apart from the Pilot Project above, how will the Government enhance the support for divorced parents and their children? Please give a breakdown by name of projects, estimated expenditure involved and expected number of cases to be handled.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 14)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. & 2. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) set up a specialised co-parenting support centre (centre) operated by non-governmental organisations (NGOs) in each of the 5 regions in Hong Kong (namely Hong Kong Island, Kowloon East, Kowloon West, New Territories East and New Territories West) in October 2019. Each centre will receive an allocation of about \$6.23 million each year (not including subsidies on rent and rates). It is expected that each centre will provide co-parenting service for no less than 90 new cases every year. As at December 2020, the 5 centres provided support services for a total of 513 cases. The table below shows the service operators and number of cases handled:

Name of Service Operator/Centre	Number of cases handled
The Hong Kong Catholic Marriage Advisory Council	
KID First Specialised Co-parenting Support Centre	147
(Kowloon East)	
The Hong Kong Catholic Marriage Advisory Council	
KID First Specialised Co-parenting Support Centre	104
(Hong Kong)	
Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	
Parent-child Connect Specialised Co-parenting Support	124
Centre	
The Boys' and Girls' Clubs Association of Hong Kong	
Parent Child LINK Specialised Co-parenting Support	66
Centre	
St James' Settlement	72
Circle of Love Specialised Co-parenting Support Centre	12
Total	513

- 3. SWD launched a pilot project on children contact service from September 2016 to September 2019 with about \$12.57 million funding from the Lotteries Fund, providing children contact service for a total of 183 cases. The service has been incorporated in October 2019 as one of the main support services offered by 5 specialised co-parenting support centres newly set up.
- 4. Apart from setting up the 5 centres to strengthen support for divorced/separated parents and their children, SWD provided additional manpower for the Integrated Family Service Centres, Family and Child Protective Services Units and Family and Child Welfare Branch under its purview in 2018-19 to enhance the support for parents involved in domestic violence and facing separation/divorce, and provide child-focused services to their children to minimise the impact of separation/divorce. The services include the enhancement of supervisory support and training for professional staff in the district to identify families at risk of separation/divorce, and early intervention into cases where children and their parents facing separation/divorce are involved. The additional annual expenditure involved in the above measures is about \$69.5 million.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)137

(Question Serial No. 0357)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding child care services for children aged below 3:

- 1. Please list out in table form (1) the number of places provided by long full-day child care services, (2) average utilisation rate, (3) number of extended hours service (EHS) places and (4) utilisation rate of EHS places for children aged below 3 by districts across the territory in the past 3 years.
- 2. The Government has launched the second phase of a three-year pilot scheme in 2019 to provide social work service for subsidised/aided Pre-primary Institutions (PPIs). Up to now, what is the position on providing social work service for PPIs above? Please set out in table form.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 15)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The number of places provided by long full-day child care service (including aided standalone child care centres (CCCs) and aided CCCs attached to kindergartens (KGs)) as well as the number of places and average utilisation rate of EHS for children aged below 3 by district across the territory in the past 3 financial years are set out in the Annex.
- 2. For early identification of and to provide assistance to pre-primary children and their families with welfare needs, the Government has allocated about \$990 million from the Lotteries Fund to provide social work services in phases for about 150 000 pre-primary children and their families in more than 700 subsidised/aided PPIs (including aided CCCs, KGs and KG-cum-CCCs) across the territory. The pilot scheme is implemented in 3 phases. About 16 social work teams are set up in each phase, giving a total of about 48 teams. Phases 1, 2 and 3 of the service have commenced operation in February 2019, August 2019 and August 2020 respectively serving 246, 239 and 240 (725 in total) eligible PPIs. The aided CCCs providing long full-day child care service mentioned in paragraph 1 above are PPIs eligible for inclusion in the pilot scheme.

Table 1: Number of places and average utilisation rate of aided CCCs providing long full-day child care service for children aged below 3 and EHS across the territory by district (2018-19)

	Aided	CCCs		CCCs l to KGs	EHS	
District	Number of places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of places [Note]	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of places	Average utilisation rate (%)
Central & Western	48	100	462	33	80	52
Southern	-	N.A.	294	67	70	85
Islands	-	N.A.	284	36	14	22
Eastern	64	100	356	65	198	43
Wan Chai	48	100	158	77	94	55
Kwun Tong	-	N.A.	563	85	232	52
Wong Tai Sin	-	N.A.	405	79	196	54
Sai Kung	-	N.A.	758	39	88	47
Kowloon City	67	100	517	53	164	41
Yau Tsim Mong	99	100	217	95	138	42
Sham Shui Po	62	100	307	70	164	63
Sha Tin	72	100	425	85	110	50
Tai Po	-	N.A.	182	76	96	46
North	51	100	315	62	74	62
Yuen Long	64	100	367	91	122	46
Tsuen Wan	76	100	210	81	94	44
Kwai Tsing	32	100	374	81	146	33
Tuen Mun	64	100	511	70	180	45
Total	747	100	6 705	66	2 260	49

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note] Figures provided by the Education Bureau (EDB) as at September 2018

Table 2: Number of places and average utilisation rate of aided CCCs providing long full-day child care service for children aged below 3 and EHS across the territory by district (2019-20)

	Aided	CCCs		CCCs l to KGs	El	Average utilisation rate (%) 38 67		
District	Number of places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of places [Note] Average utilisation rate (%)		Number of places	utilisation rate		
Central & Western	48	100	459	30	99	` ′		
Southern	-	N.A.	343	60	73	67		
Islands	-	N.A.	195	35	27	15		
Eastern	64	100	361	63	189	32		
Wan Chai	48	100	161	76	94	40		
Kwun Tong	1	N.A.	582	83	226	40		
Wong Tai Sin	-	N.A.	379	78	210	43		
Sai Kung	-	N.A.	609	49	94	40		
Kowloon City	67	100	479	56	151	31		

	Aided	CCCs		CCCs l to KGs	El	Average utilisation rate (%) 34 46 37 31		
District	Number of places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of places [Note]	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of places	utilisation rate		
Yau Tsim Mong	99	100	240	87	139	` /		
Sham Shui Po	62	99	304	69	165	46		
Sha Tin	72	100	450	82	112	37		
Tai Po	1	N.A.	189	65	94	31		
North	51	100	282	61	82	47		
Yuen Long	64	100	340	92	122	38		
Tsuen Wan	76	99	223	76	98	37		
Kwai Tsing	32	100	410	64	138	29		
Tuen Mun	64	100	510	67	173	38		
Total	747	100	6 516	66	2 286	38		

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note] Figures provided by EDB as at September 2019

Table 3: Number of places and average utilisation rate of aided CCCs providing long full-day child care service for children aged below 3 and EHS across the territory by district (April to December 2020)

	Aided	CCCs		CCCs l to KGs	El	HS
District	Number of places	Average utilisation rate	Number of places [Note 1]	Average utilisation rate	Number of places	Average utilisation rate [Note 2]
		(%)		(%)		(%)
Central & Western	48	100	509	25	99	6
Southern	-	N.A.	342	54	73	6
Islands	-	N.A.	311	23	27	11
Eastern	64	100	347	53	189	7
Wan Chai	48	96	170	63	94	5
Kwun Tong	-	N.A.	527	75	226	8
Wong Tai Sin	-	N.A.	363	79	210	5
Sai Kung	-	N.A.	907	30	94	7
Kowloon City	67	99	536	45	151	8
Yau Tsim Mong	99	98	276	73	139	6
Sham Shui Po	62	100	299	62	165	8
Sha Tin	72	98	458	72	112	8
Tai Po	-	N.A.	297	41	94	7
North	51	100	331	49	82	6
Yuen Long	64	100	343	87	122	8
Tsuen Wan	76	83	241	69	98	8
Kwai Tsing	32	100	432	60	138	9
Tuen Mun	64	100	455	64	173	8
Total	747	98	7 144	54	2 286	7

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] Figures provided by EDB as at September 2020

[Note 2] The decrease in the utilisation rate is mainly due to the prolonged suspension of service during the COVID-19 epidemic.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)138

(Question Serial No. 0358)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding short-term food assistance service, please advise the following:

- 1. What is the total number of organisations operating the service in all districts across the territory over the past 3 years?
- 2. What is the number of people benefited from the service of respective organisations? Please set out in table form.
- 3. What is the amount of government subsidy received by respective organisations each year?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 16)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. As at the end of July 2018, there were 7 Short-term Food Assistance Service Projects (the Projects) operated by a total of 7 non-governmental organisations (NGOs) in various districts across the territory. The number of projects have been increased to 8 since August 2018, operated by 7 NGOs.
- 2. The number of beneficiaries of various operating NGOs is set out in the Annex.
- 3. The Government provides short-term food assistance service through subsidies to NGOs. The expenditure for the Projects in 2018-19 (Actual), 2019-20 (Actual) and 2020-21 (Revised Estimate) was \$133 million, \$136.1 million and \$254.7 million respectively.

Annex

Number of beneficiaries of operating NGOs

		Number of beneficiaries [Note]							
Operating NGOs	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21						
			(as at end-December 2020)						
St. James' Settlement	6 366	7 351	8 905						
Kwun Tong Methodist	5 222	6.505	7.522						
Social Service	5 333	6 505	7 523						
The ABM Hong Kong									
Swatow Baptist Church	3 412	2 905	4 863						
Community Service	3 412	3 895	4 803						
Association									
Hong Kong Women									
Development	5 375	6 928	6 020						
Association Limited									
Tung Wah Group of	4 910	4 524	6 025						
Hospitals	4 910	4 324	0 023						
Hong Kong Sheng									
Kung Hui Welfare	7 603	7 892	8 184						
Council Limited									
Po Leung Kuk	5 623	4 703	3 636						
Total	38 622	41 798	45 156						

[Note] Service users may use the service for more than once.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)139

(Question Serial No. 0359)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding domestic violence, would the Government advise this Committee:

- 1. the number of cases related to domestic violence handled in the past 2 years, with a breakdown by physical violence, psychological violence, sexual violence and others;
- 2. for each category of the cases related to domestic violence above, a breakdown by the relationship of the victim and the perpetrator;
- 3. the number of cases related to child abuse handled in the past 2 years, with a breakdown by physical violence, psychological violence, sexual violence and others;
- 4. for each category of the cases related to child abuse above, a breakdown by the relationship of the child victim and the perpetrator;
- 5. the manpower resources provided for respective Refuge Centres for Women, the Multipurpose Crisis Intervention and Support Centre (MCISC) and the Family Crisis Support Centre (FCSC) at present. What is the specific amount of subsidy received by each centre each year?
- 6. the Government had stated that it would enhance measures to combat domestic violence, including giving support to children who had witnessed or been exposed to domestic violence. What is the progress of these measures? What are the anticipated expenditures involved and the implementation schedule?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 19)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. to 4. The number of newly reported cases of domestic violence involving spouse/cohabitant battering cases and newly registered child protection cases as collected by the Central Information System on Spouse/Cohabitant Battering Cases and Sexual Violence Cases and the Child Protection Registry of the Social Welfare Department (SWD) in 2019 and 2020 by type and perpetrator's relationship with the victim/maltreated child is set out in the Annex.

5. The amount of subsidy received by the 5 Refuge Centres for Women, MCISC and FCSC each year is set out below:

Centre	Estimated provision for 2021-22
	(\$ million)
Refuge Centres for Women	46.5
MCISC	18.8
FCSC	12.2

Under the Lump Sum Grant Subvention System, service operators have the flexibility to deploy resources and arrange suitable staffing to meet the requirements as set out in the Funding and Service Agreements. Notional staffing establishment (NSE) is used by SWD for calculating the subventions for subvented services and should not be used for benchmarking the manpower and staffing structure of subvented services. In order to enhance the transparency of subventions calculation, SWD has uploaded the NSE samples of subvented services to its webpage in February 2017 (the website address is below):

https://www.swd.gov.hk/en/index/site_ngo/page_subventions/sub_modesofsub/id_2907/

To enhance the support for victims of domestic violence (including children who 6. have witnessed or been exposed to domestic violence), SWD provided additional manpower resources for Refuge Centres for Women, MCISC (i.e. the CEASE Crisis Centre) and FCSC in October 2019 and January 2020 respectively to strengthen the support for families in need at night. Furthermore, the Government has also provided additional manpower in 2019-20 to strengthen training for frontline professional staff on identifying and handling suspected child The additional full-year expenditure incurred by the maltreatment cases. 2 enhanced measures above is about \$10 million. Apart from that, starting from January 2020, SWD has provided additional resources for the CEASE Crisis Centre to raise the awareness of ethnic minorities towards domestic and sexual violence through public education programmes and other activities, and to encourage victims to seek help. The additional recurrent expenditure incurred is about \$1.96 million.

Table 1: Spouse/Cohabitant Battering Cases

(1) Newly Reported Spouse/Cohabitant Battering Cases

Type Year	2019	2020
Physical violence	2 313	2 055
Sexual violence	20	21
Psychological abuse	311	276
Multiple violence	276	249
Total	2 920	2 601

(2) Perpetrator's Relationship with the Victim

Polotionship with the Victim	Number of Perpetrators						
Relationship with the Victim	2019	2020					
Husband	1 847	1 593					
Wife	333	282					
Estranged husband/ex-husband	116	128					
Estranged wife/ex-wife	38	26					
Heterosexual cohabitant	373	372					
Same-sex cohabitant	10	7					
Heterosexual ex-cohabitant	199	190					
Same-sex ex-cohabitant	4	3					
Total	2 920	2 601					

Table 2: Child Protection Cases

(1) Newly Registered Child Protection Cases

Type Year	2019	2020
Physical abuse	430	389
Neglect	237	201
Sexual abuse	305	313
Psychological abuse	8	10
Multiple abuses	26	27
Total	1 006	940

(2) Perpetrator's Relationship with the Maltreated Child

Polationship with the Maltreated Child	Number of P	Perpetrators
Relationship with the Maltreated Child	2019	2020
Parent/Sibling/Step-parent/Grandparent/Relative	739	685
Family friend/Parent of peer/Schoolmate/Friend/Peer	120	99
Caregiver/School teacher/ School personnel/Staff of boarding section of school/Tutor/Coach/ Religious personnel	56	51
Co-tenant/Neighbour/ Inmate of residential service	10	12
Unrelated person	75	104
Unidentified person/Others	25	26
Total [Note]	1 025	977

[Note] The number of newly registered cases and number of perpetrators do not tally because a perpetrator may harm/maltreat more than 1 child and a child may be harmed/ maltreated by more than 1 perpetrator.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)140

(Question Serial No. 0360)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

Controlling Officer: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please provide the information sought on child care centres (CCC) in the attached tables:

Table 1:

			Full-da			ded by	aided C	CCCs					
A	ge			Belo	ow 2					2 t	o 3		
Ye	ear	201	8/19	201	9/20	2020	0/21	2013	3/19	2019/20		2020/21	
Social Welfare Department (SWD) administrative district		Total no. of places	No. of places utilised	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised								
Central Western, Southern and Islands	Central & Western Southern Islands												
Eastern/ Wan Chai	Eastern Wan Chai												
Kowloon City/ Yau Tsim Mong	Kowloon City Yau Tsim Mong												
Kwun Tong	Sham Shui Po Kwun Tong												
Wong Tai Sin/ Sai Kung	Sai Kung												
Sha Tin Tai Po/ North	Sha Tin Tai Po North												
Yuen Long Tsuen Wan/	Yuen Long Tsuen Wan												
Kwai Tsing Tuen Mun	Kwai Tsing Tuen Mun												
Total:	•												

Table 2:

	На	lf-day s	ervice j	orovide	d by no	n-profit	-makin	g/privat	e CCCs	3			
A	ge			Belo	ow 2					2 to	o 3		
Ye	ear	2018	8/19	2019	9/20	2020	0/21	2018	3/19	2019	9/20	2020/21	
SWD administrative district		Total no. of places	No. of places utilised										
Central	Central &												
Western,	Western												
Southern and	Southern												
Islands	Islands												
Eastern/	Eastern												
Wan Chai	Wan Chai												
Kowloon City/	Kowloon City												
Yau Tsim	Yau Tsim												
Mong	Mong												
Sham Shui Po	Sham Shui Po												
Kwun Tong	Kwun Tong												
Wong Tai Sin/	Wong Tai Sin												
Sai Kung	Sai Kung												
Sha Tin	Sha Tin												
Tai Po/	Tai Po												
North	North												
Yuen Long	Yuen Long												
Tsuen Wan/	Tsuen Wan												
Kwai Tsing	Kwai Tsing												
Tuen Mun	Tuen Mun												
Total:													

Table 3:

	Full-day serv	ice prov	rided by	v kinder	garten-	cum-ch	ild care	centres	KG-c	um-CC	(Cs)		
A	ge	lee pro	raca o	Belo		cuiii cii	ira care	Control	(IIO C		0 3		
	ear	201	8/19	2019	9/20	2020	0/21	2018/19		2019/20		2020/21	
SWD administrative district		Total no. of places	No. of places utilised	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised
Central Western, Southern and	Central & Western		1		7	I	<u> </u>	I	1	1	ו ח		1
Islands	Islands												
Eastern/	Eastern												
Wan Chai	Wan Chai												
Kowloon City/	Kowloon City												
Yau Tsim	Yau Tsim												
Mong	Mong												
	Sham Shui Po												
Kwun Tong	Kwun Tong												
Wong Tai Sin/													
Sai Kung	Sai Kung												
Sha Tin	Sha Tin												
Tai Po/	Tai Po												
North	North												
Yuen Long	Yuen Long												
Tsuen Wan/	Tsuen Wan												

	Full-day service provided by kindergarten-cum-child care centres (KG-cum-CCCs)												
A			Belo	ow 2			2 to 3						
Y	ear	201	8/19					9/20	/20 2020/21				
SWD administrative district		Total no. of places	No. of places utilised	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised						
Kwai Tsing	Kwai Tsing												
Tuen Mun	Tuen Mun												
Total:													

Table 4:

	Half-day service provided by KG-cum-CCCs												
A	ge			Below	2 [Note 2]					2 t	o 3		
Ye	ear	2018/19 2019/20 2020/21		0/21	2018/19		2019/20		2020/21				
SWD administrative district		Total no. of places	No. of places utilised	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised
Central	Central &												
Western,	Western												
Southern and	Southern												
Islands	Islands												
Eastern/	Eastern												
Wan Chai	Wan Chai												
Kowloon City/	Kowloon City												
Yau Tsim	Yau Tsim												
Mong	Mong												
Sham Shui Po	Sham Shui Po												
Kwun Tong	Kwun Tong												
Wong Tai Sin/	Wong Tai Sin												
Sai Kung	Sai Kung												
Sha Tin	Sha Tin												
Tai Po/	Tai Po												
North	North												
Yuen Long	Yuen Long												
Tsuen Wan/	Tsuen Wan												
Kwai Tsing	Kwai Tsing												
Tuen Mun	Tuen Mun												
Total:													

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 20)

Reply:

SWD compiles statistics on service places by financial year. The total number of places and the number of places utilised in respect of full-day care service provided by aided standalone CCCs, half-day care service provided by non-profit-making/private standalone CCCs, full-day care service provided by CCCs attached to KGs and half-day care service provided by CCCs attached to KGs by district for the past 3 financial years are set out in the Annex.

Table 1: Total number of full-day care service places provided by aided standalone CCCs and number of places utilised from 2018-19 to 2020-21 (as at December 2020)

Age			Belo	ow 2					2 t	o 3		
Year	201	8-19	2019	9-20	202	0-21	2018	8-19	2019	9-20	2020	0-21
District	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised										
Central &	48	48	48	48	48	48						
Western Southern												
Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Eastern	64	64	64	64	64	64	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wan Chai	48	48	48	45	48	48						
Kowloon City	67	67	67	67	67	67						
Yau Tsim Mong	99	99	99	99	99	99						
Sham Shui Po	48	48	48	48	48	48	14	14	14	14	14	14
Kwun Tong	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Wong Tai Sin	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Sai Kung	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Sha Tin	72	72	72	72	72	72						
Tai Po	-	-	ı	1	-	ı						
North	51	51	51	51	51	51	_	-	_	_	_	-
Yuen Long	64	64	64	64	64	64						
Tsuen Wan	76	76	76	76	76	76						
Kwai Tsing	32	32	32	32	32	32						
Tuen Mun	64	64	64	64	64	64						
Total:	733	733	733	730	733	733	14	14	14	14	14	14

Table 2: Total number of half-day care service places provided by non-profit-making/private standalone CCCs and number of places utilised from 2018-19 to 2020-21 (as at December 2020)

Age				ow 2					2 t	0 3		
Year	2018	8-19	2019-2	20 ^[Note]	2020-2	21 ^[Note]	2018	8-19	2019-2	20 ^[Note]	2020-2	21 ^[Note]
District	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised										
Central & Western							162	94	162	28	162	38
Southern	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Islands							-	-	1	-	-	-
Eastern							303	190	196	47	196	90
Wan Chai	20	18	20	9	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	-
Kowloon City	36	25	36	27	36	1	1 306	950	1 306	545	1 222	713
Yau Tsim Mong							32	27	116	41	116	14
Sham Shui Po							-	-	-	-	-	-
Kwun Tong							296	272	278	201	278	225
Wong Tai Sin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
Sai Kung							238	128	1	-	-	-
Sha Tin							-	-	1	-	-	-
Tai Po							-	-	-	-	-	-

Age				ow 2					2 t			
Year	2018	8-19	2019-2	20 ^[Note]	2020-2	21 ^[Note]	2018	8-19	2019-2	20 ^[Note]	2020-2	21 ^[Note]
District	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised										
North							-	-	1	-	-	-
Yuen Long							-	1	102	ı	ı	-
Tsuen Wan							336	181	336	21	336	62
Kwai Tsing							28	28	28	28	28	28
Tuen Mun							-	-	1	-	-	-
Total:	56	43	56	36	36	-	2 701	1 870	2 524	911	2 338	1 170

[Note] Due to the suspension of service during the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of places utilised.

Table 3: Total number of full-day care service places provided by CCCs attached to KGs $^{[Note\ 1]}$ and number of places utilised from 2018-19 to 2020-21 (as at December 2020)

Age			Belo	ow 2						0 3		
Year	2018	8-19	2019	9-20	2020-2	1 [Note 2]	201	8-19	2019-2	0 [Note 2]	2020-2	21 ^[Note 2]
District	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised										
Central & Western	-	-	-	-	-	-	533	178	581	176	646	160
Southern	30	30	30	30	30	30	250	157	296	166	319	156
Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	319	116	266	93	367	84
Eastern	30	28	30	28	28	28	510	315	623	372	597	290
Wan Chai	16	13	16	16	16	13	238	182	234	172	259	158
Kowloon City	32	30	33	33	32	22	1 012	538	976	542	899	404
Yau Tsim Mong	-	-	-	-	-	-	291	276	311	269	324	237
Sham Shui Po	16	16	16	16	16	16	346	235	335	227	312	186
Kwun Tong	60	46	60	42	60	39	466	399	495	418	446	340
Wong Tai Sin	31	30	31	30	31	30	403	313	375	287	313	243
Sai Kung	38	38	38	36	38	32	845	310	682	318	971	269
Sha Tin	-	-	-	-	-	-	545	466	576	469	527	381
Tai Po	14	14	14	14	14	10	230	175	228	149	349	142
North	-	-	-	-	-	-	363	224	334	205	366	180
Yuen Long	20	20	24	24	24	24	409	369	381	347	382	331
Tsuen Wan	24	24	24	24	24	24	247	195	245	178	256	169
Kwai Tsing	-	-	-	-	-	-	367	297	429	274	446	269
Tuen Mun	-	-	-	-	-	-	517	362	572	381	526	335
Total:	311	289	316	293	313	268	7 891	5 107	7 939	5 043	8 305	4 334

[Note 1] Figures provided by the Education Bureau (EDB) as at September of each school year

[Note 2] Due to the suspension of service during the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of places utilised.

Table 4: Total number of half-day care service places provided by CCCs attached to KGs [Note 1] and number of places utilised from 2018-19 to 2020-21 (as at December 2020)

Age			Belo	w 2					2 t	0 3		
Year	2018	8-19	2019	9-20	2020-2	21 ^{[Note}	2018	3-19	2019-2	20 ^{[Note}	2020-2	21 ^{[Note}
District												
	Total no. of places	No. of places utilised										
Central & Western	64	24	80	23	80	32	1 640	547	1 537	466	1 954	484
Southern	96	45	96	46	96	28	814	511	848	474	704	345
Islands	14	-	14	10	14	7	700	254	761	266	722	165
Eastern	290	181	290	185	290	177	2 966	1 835	2 741	1 637	3 314	1 609
Wan Chai	-	-	-	-	-	-	618	473	590	434	564	344
Kowloon City	120	81	120	114	120	83	3 661	1 946	3 179	1 766	3 595	1 616
Yau Tsim Mong	48	48	48	48	48	37	857	812	993	860	814	596
Sham Shui Po	-	ı	ı	ı	-	ı	846	575	959	650	1 160	693
Kwun Tong	-	-	-	-	-	-	793	678	848	716	697	531
Wong Tai Sin	-	-	-	-	-	-	379	294	331	254	198	154
Sai Kung	8	4	24	6	128	31	2 712	995	2 190	1 021	3 019	836
Sha Tin	16	-	16	-	16	-	1 571	1 341	1 471	1 199	1 264	913
Tai Po	-	-	-	-	-	-	630	478	724	472	866	353
North	8	-	8	-	-	-	687	423	592	363	506	249
Yuen Long	24	-	24	-	24	-	1 009	911	967	881	824	714
Tsuen Wan	-	-	-	-	-	-	924	730	959	699	820	541
Kwai Tsing	-	-	26	-	26	-	801	647	933	597	703	423
Tuen Mun	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 356	950	1 342	896	1 076	685
Total:	688	383	746	432	842	395	22 964	$\overline{14400}$	21 965	13 651	$2\overline{2800}$	11 251

[Note 1] Figures provided by EDB as at September of each school year

[Note 2] Due to the suspension of service during the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of places utilised.

- End -

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)141

(Question Serial No. 0361)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please advise this Committee the following:

1. Please set out in the table below the highest, the median and the lowest monthly fee charged by aided standalone child care centres (CCCs) for children aged below 2 and those charged by aided CCCs for children aged 2 to 3 from 2018-19 to 2020-21 respectively.

Table 1: Monthly fee of aided standalone CCCs for children aged below 2

	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Highest monthly fee			
Median monthly fee			
Lowest monthly fee			

Table 2: Monthly fee of aided CCCs for children aged 2 to 3

	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Highest monthly fee			
Median monthly fee			
Lowest monthly fee			

2. Please set out in the table below the percentage of subsidy provided by the Government in the overall operating costs of aided standalone CCCs from 2018-19 to 2020-21 respectively.

Table 3: Percentage of government subsidy in the overall operating costs of aided CCCs

	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Aided standalone CCCs			

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 21)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The monthly service fees of aided standalone CCCs for children aged below 2 and those of aided CCCs (including aided standalone CCCs and aided CCCs attached to

kindergartens (KGs)) for children aged 2 to below 3 in the past 3 financial years are set out below:

Table 1: Monthly service fees of aided standalone CCCs for children aged below 2

Year	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Highest Monthly fee (\$)	6,500	6,538	6,700
Median Monthly fee (\$)	5,537	5,537	5,537
Lowest Monthly fee (\$)	4,385	4,385	4,385

Table 2: Monthly service fees of aided CCCs for children aged 2 to below 3

Year	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Highest Monthly fee (\$)	6,906	5,865	6,499
Median Monthly fee (\$)	4,150	3,298	3,433
Lowest Monthly fee (\$)	2,467	1,412	540

2. CCCs providing child care service for children aged below 3 include standalone CCCs and CCCs attached to KGs. Since the implementation of the harmonisation of preprimary services in September 2005, standalone CCCs have been regulated by the Social Welfare Department (SWD) while CCCs attached to KGs have been regulated by the Education Bureau (EDB). CCC services are fee-charging and the operating cost of each CCC varies. The average percentage of subsidies provided by SWD out of the operating costs of aided standalone CCCs in the past 3 financial years are set out below:

Year	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Aided standalone CCCs	22%	34%	40%

CCCs attached to KGs are regulated by EDB. SWD does not have information on the relevant operating costs and the percentage of subsidies out of the overall operating costs.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)142

(Question Serial No. 0362)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding elder abuse:

- 1. Please provide the number of elder abuse cases reported to the Department in the past 3 years, with a breakdown by type of abuse (e.g. physical abuse/psychological abuse/neglect/financial abuse/abandonment/sexual abuse/multiple abuse/others);
- 2. It is understood that the Social Welfare Department (SWD) has a Central Information System on Elder Abuse Cases (CIS). How does the system operate? Is the system as effective as expected?
- 3. What measures does the Government currently have in place to prevent elder abuse? What are the respective annual expenditures involved?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 23)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The number of elder abuse cases from January 2018 to December 2020, broken down by nature of abuse, is tabulated as follows:

Year	Physical	Psychological	Neglect	Financial	Abandonment	Sexual	Multiple	Total
	abuse	abuse		abuse		abuse	abuse	
2018	340	43	2	68	-	15	28	496
2019	331	41	5	71	-	6	34	488
2020	331	49	-	46	-	10	33	469

2. SWD has developed CIS, which aims to collect the general profile and characteristics of the reported elder abuse cases and provide statistical data for the reference of the professionals providing services on the prevention and handling of elder abuse. When the case is identified as an elder abuse case, social workers or other personnel responsible for case handling are required to report the case details through CIS. The information collected through CIS will be reported to the Working Group on Elder Abuse on a regular basis, and uploaded to SWD's website for public access and reference.

3. SWD has been using various media channels and means to publicise the message of "Protecting Elderly Persons Against Abuse" to the general public. Public education programmes and activities on the prevention of elder abuse are organised by the District Social Welfare Offices and service units of SWD. Furthermore, SWD has also produced a set of 6 leaflets of different designs on "Protecting Elderly Persons Against Abuse" to raise the awareness of elderly persons, their families and other members of the public on the problem for preventing the occurrence of elder abuse incidents. Apart from English and Chinese, the promotional leaflets are also available in various ethnic minority languages. Besides, SWD has earmarked \$4 million in 2021-22 for organising publicity and public education programmes under the "Strengthening Families and Combating Violence" campaign (including prevention of elder abuse).

- End -

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)143

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 0363)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

(1) The Government launched a five-year scheme under the Accredited Certification Body of Certification of Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons) Service Providers' Management System in October 2019. To date, how many private residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) have applied for the scheme? How many RCHEs have been accredited? What is the expenditure involved?

(2) Would the Government please advise if the admission of elderly persons to these accredited homes have risen after the completion of the scheme? If yes, what are the details?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 24)

Reply:

The Social Welfare Department (SWD) launched a five-year scheme in October 2019 to provide full subsidies for private RCHEs joining approved accreditation schemes provided under the Accredited Certification Body of Certification of Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons) Service Providers' Management System recognised by the Hong Kong Accreditation Service. Over 500 private RCHEs throughout the territory can participate in the subsidy scheme, involving an expenditure of about \$52 million. As at the end of February 2021, there were 162 private RCHEs registered for joining approved accreditation schemes included under the subsidy scheme. These include the Residential Aged Care Accreditation Scheme provided by the Hong Kong Association of Gerontology Accreditation Division and the Residential Care Home for the Elderly Certification Scheme provided by the Hong Kong Quality Assurance Agency. The subsidy scheme aims at encouraging private RCHEs to improve their service quality on a continuous basis and join independent accreditation schemes for an objective assessment of their services by certification bodies. SWD does not have information on the admission of elderly persons to accredited homes.

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)144

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 0364)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding elderly persons receiving cash allowances under various social security schemes, please provide the number of recipients of the various allowances and the expenditure involved in each of the years from 2018-19 to 2020-21 with a breakdown by age group of elderly persons:

- 1. Elderly Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA)
- 2. Old Age Allowance (OAA)
- 3. Higher Old Age Living Allowance (OALA)
- 4. Normal OALA
- 5. Guangdong (GD) Scheme
- 6. Fujian (FJ) Scheme
- 7. Higher Disability Allowance (HDA)
- 8. Normal Disability Allowance (NDA)

(Please provide a breakdown by age group of elderly persons aged 60 to 64, 65 to 69, 70 to 74, 75 to 79, 80 to 84 and 85 or above)

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 26)

Reply:

The number of CSSA recipients (including those under the Portable Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (PCSSA) Scheme) from 2018-19 to 2020-21 with a breakdown by age group is set out in Table 1 of the Annex.

The number of recipients under the Social Security Allowance (SSA) Scheme with a breakdown by type of allowance and age group from 2018-19 to 2020-21 is set out in Table 2 of the Annex.

The total CSSA expenditure from 2018-19 to 2020-21 is set out in Table 3 of the Annex. The Social Welfare Department does not have information on the amount of expenditure by age group of CSSA recipients.

The total expenditure for SSA recipients aged 60 or above with a breakdown by type of allowance from 2018-19 to 2020-21 is set out in Table 4 of the Annex.

Table 1: Number of CSSA (including PCSSA Scheme) recipients from 2018-19 to 2020-21 by age group

	Number of recipients							
Year	Aged 60 to 64	Aged 65 to 69	Aged 70 to 74	Aged 75 to 79	Aged 80 to 84	Aged 85 or above		
2018-19	25 102	27 720	25 744	22 549	23 963	36 334		
2019-20	24 225	26 627	26 552	21 462	22 574	35 560		
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	25 435	26 564	27 662	20 800	21 987	35 303		

Table 2: Number of SSA recipients from 2018-19 to 2020-21 by type of allowance and age group

Type of		Number of recipients				
allowance [Note 1]	Age group	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		
				(as at end-December 2020)		
OAA	60 to 64	-	N.A.			
	65 to 69					
	70 to 74	108 037	122 004	134 273		
	75 to 79	56 364	58 116	60 245		
	80 to 84	46 477	47 144	47 106		
	85 or above	39 722	42 816	44 905		
Higher OALA [Note 2]	60 to 64		N.A.			
	65 to 69	139 137	144 590	151 181		
	70 to 74	121 786	137 322	149 551		
	75 to 79	78 934	83 754	86 826		
	80 to 84	71 958	73 298	73 719		
	85 or above	77 817	82 982	86 916		
Normal OALA [Note 2]	60 to 64		N.A.	•		
	65 to 69	17 381	17 509	17 813		
	70 to 74	12 565	12 608	13 063		
	75 to 79	7 840	7 119	6 793		
	80 to 84	7 518	6 294	5 810		
	85 or above	7 130	6 553	6 211		
GD Scheme	60 to 64	, 150	N.A.	0 211		
	65 to 69	1 931	2 507	2 682		
	70 to 74	4 588	5 647	5 982		
	75 to 79	3 884	3 913	3 983		
	80 to 84	3 115	3 176	3 234		
	85 or above	3 050	3 222	3 404		
FJ Scheme [Note 3]	60 to 64		N.A.			
	65 to 69	186	182	230		
	70 to 74	459	494	508		
	75 to 79	310	342	357		
	80 to 84	358	367	399		
	85 or above	343	410	452		
HDA	60 to 64	1 751	1 939	2 089		
ПDА	65 to 69	1 439	1 539	1 614		
	70 to 74	1 261	1 342	1 481		
	75 to 79	1 249	1 161	1 141		
	80 to 84	1 965	1 808	1 740		
	85 or above	4 081	3 973	3 874		
NDA	60 to 64	21 847	23 127	24 135		
	65 to 69	7 550	8 389	8 985		
	70 to 74	3 876	4 446	4 846		
	75 to 79	2 268	2 260	2 362		
	80 to 84	2 747	2 643	2 539		
	85 or above	4 036	4 223	4 271		

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 3] The FJ Scheme is effective from 1 April 2018.

OAA applicants must be aged 70 or above. OALA, GD Scheme and FJ Scheme applicants must be aged 65 or above.

[[]Note 2] OALA has been renamed as Normal OALA upon implementation of the Higher OALA on 1 June 2018.

Table 3: Total expenditure on CSSA from 2018-19 to 2020-21

Year	Expenditure ^[Note] (\$ million)
2018-19 (Actual)	22,323
2019-20 (Actual)	22,667
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	22,728

The actual expenditure for 2018-19 included (1) the payment of 2 additional months of CSSA standard rates and the top-up payment to make up to \$4,000 under the Caring and Sharing Scheme; and (2) a one-off grant of \$2,000 to each needy student. The actual expenditure for 2019-20 included (1) the payment of 1 additional month of CSSA standard rates, (2) a one-off grant of \$2,500 to each needy student, and (3) an extra 1 month allowance announced by the Financial Secretary in August 2019. The revised estimate of expenditure for 2020-21 included the payment of 1 additional month of CSSA standard rates.

Table 4: Expenditure for SSA recipients aged 60 or above from 2018-19 to 2021-22 by type of allowance

Type of	Expenditure [Note 4] (\$ million)					
allowance [Note 1]	2018-19 (Actual)	2019-20 (Actual)	2020-21 (Revised Estimate)			
OAA	4,860	4,972	5,185			
Higher OALA [Note 2]	25,897 [Note 5]	25,090	26,618			
Normal OALA [Note 2]	4,040	1,804	1,872			
GD Scheme	336	360	793			
FJ Scheme [Note 3]	22	37	167			
HDA	611	564	592			
NDA	1,073	1,131	1,187			

[Note 1] OAA applicants must be aged 70 or above. OALA, GD Scheme and FJ Scheme applicants must be aged 65 or above.

[Note 2] OALA has been renamed as Normal OALA upon implementation of the Higher OALA on 1 June 2018.

[Note 3] The FJ Scheme is effective from 1 April 2018.

The actual expenditure for 2018-19 included the payment of 2 additional months of the allowances and the topup payment to make up to \$4,000 under the Caring and Sharing Scheme. The actual expenditure for 2019-20 included the payment of 1 additional month of the allowances, an extra 1 month allowance announced by the Financial Secretary in August 2019, and the expenditure involved in extending OALA to the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme. The revised estimate of expenditure for 2020-21 included the payment of 1 additional month of the allowances, and the expenditure involved in extending OALA to the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme.

The expenditure of the Higher OALA for 2018-19 included the disbursement of a one-off grant to eligible recipients of the Higher OALA, with retrospective effect from May 2017.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)145

(Question Serial No. 0366)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

It is stated that the Government would adopt an updated assessment tool under the Standardised Care Need Assessment Mechanism of Elderly Services (SCNAMES) for better matching of long-term care services. What is the timetable for adopting the updated assessment tool? How will the updated assessment tool affect the arrangements for elderly persons waiting for care services?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 31)

Reply:

The Social Welfare Department (SWD) plans to implement the updated SCNAMES within 2021 with a view to enhancing the matching of long-term care (LTC) services.

Under the updated SCNAMES, elderly persons may seek re-assessment anytime when their health conditions deteriorate after having been recommended for matching with and waitlisting for community care services (CCS), i.e. day care centres for the elderly, enhanced home and community care services and integrated home care services (frail cases). If they are re-assessed to be suitable for residential care services (RCS), SWD will waitlist them for RCS according to their original date of application for LTC services, irrespective of whether they are waitlisted for, receiving or have ceased receiving subsidised CCS. This arrangement gives elderly persons peace of mind to use CCS without an immediate urge to apply for RCS.

On the other hand, elderly persons having been recommended for matching with RCS may also be waitlisted for and receive CCS. This arrangement is consistent with the current mechanism. All RCS applicants may have their status of RCS application changed to "inactive cases" according to their wish, irrespective of whether they have applied for, are waitlisted for, receiving or have ceased receiving CCS. If their health conditions subsequently deteriorate, they can request to reinstate their application status for subsidised RCS to "active cases" without the need to queue for the services all over again. Such an arrangement seeks to encourage elderly persons whose health conditions are suitable to stay in the community to continue to do so.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)146

(Question Serial No. 0367)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

1. The Department has set up 2 additional regional guardianship offices to handle guardianship cases last year. Please inform this Committee of the location of those 2 offices.

- 2. What are the respective numbers of cases served by the 3 regional guardianship offices since the implementation of the service?
- 3. What are the annual average operating cost of each office and the average cost of each case handled?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 32)

Reply:

The first Regional Guardianship Office, located in Wan Chai, was established on 27 March 2017 specialising in the handling of guardianship cases on Hong Kong Island. As at the end of February 2021, it had handled a total of 243 cases. The average actual expenditure of the Office from 2017-18 to 2019-20 was about \$5.12 million each year. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have information on the average cost per case.

The other 2 Regional Guardianship Offices, temporarily located in Wan Chai and Kwai Chung, will start operation at the end of March 2021 to handle cases in Kowloon and the New Territories respectively. SWD is currently identifying suitable long-term premises.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)147

(Question Serial No. 0383)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Neighbourhood Support Child Care Project (NSCCP):

- 1. Please set out in table form NSCCP services provided in various districts over the territory in the past 3 years, listing out (1) the number of places provided, (2) average utilisation rate and (3) average fee for home-based child care service (HCCS) and centre-based care group (CCG).
- 2. Did the Government strengthen training for home-based child carers, enhance the quality of services and raise the incentive payments for home-based child carers in the past 3 years? If yes, please set out the relevant details.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 17)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The number of places, number of service users and service fees of NSCCP by 18 districts in 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 (as at December 2020) are set out in the Annex.
- 2. To enhance the service quality of NSCCP, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) has provided additional provisions from January 2020 onwards for service operators to increase 1 child care worker and 1 supporting staff member in each service unit. To strengthen training for home-based child carers, registered nurses/midwives trained on child care are employed to conduct training courses on the latest knowledge and skills on infant and child care. There has also been a standard increase in the level of incentive payment for all home-based child carers to \$25 per hour in order to encourage more volunteers to join as home-based child carers, thus further promoting mutual help and care in the neighbourhood and meeting the need of child care service.

Table 1: Number of places, number of service users and service fees of NSCCP (2018-19)

District	Number of places	Number of ch	nildren served	Basic service fee per hour [Note 2] (\$)		
	[]	HCCS	CCG	HCCS	CCG	
Central & Western	53	340	103	24	24	
Eastern	53	455	2	22	22	
Islands	53	323	105	22	13	
Kowloon City	53	627	4	20	13	
Kwun Tong	53	563	108	20	13	
Kwai Tsing	53	238	311	18	13	
North	53	378	17	18	13	
Southern	53	262	14	20	12	
Sai Kung	53	852	5	20	13	
Sham Shui Po	53	929	232	20	13	
Sha Tin	53	655	202	20	13	
Tuen Mun	53	753	283	20	13	
Tai Po	53	668	211	20	13	
Tsuen Wan	53	606	74	20	13	
Wan Chai	53	163	131	22	22	
Wong Tai Sin	53	404	296	18	10	
Yuen Long	53	1 183	494	18	13	
Yau Tsim Mong	53	753	381	20	13	
Total	954	10 152	2 973	-	-	

Service operators are required to provide not less than 53 service places in each district (i.e. a total of not less than 954 service places should be provided in the 18 districts across the territory). Service operators may flexibly increase the number of HCCS places on top of the requirement so as to meet the actual service demand.

Service operators may determine the amount of fees according to the circumstances of the district. Service users with social needs and/or financial difficulties can apply for fee waiving/reduction.

Table 2: Number of places, number of service users and service fees of NSCCP (2019-20)

District	Number of places	Number of ch		Basic service fee per hour [Note 3] (\$)		
	[]	HCCS	CCG	HCCS	CCG	
Central & Western	53	173	267	24	24	
Eastern	53	382	50	22	22	
Islands	53	239	81	22	13	
Kowloon City	53	493	7	20	13	
Kwun Tong	53	421	89	20	13	
Kwai Tsing	53	392	183	18	13	
North	53	256	52	18	13	
Southern	53	158	29	20	12	
Sai Kung	53	743	8	20	13	
Sham Shui Po	53	546	181	20	13	
Sha Tin	53	582	338	20	13	
Tuen Mun	53	753	216	20	13	
Tai Po	53	526	169	20	13	
Tsuen Wan	53	567	103	20	13	
Wan Chai	53	122	108	22	22	
Wong Tai Sin	53	347	242	18	10	
Yuen Long	53	1 000	402	18	13	
Yau Tsim Mong	53	608	318	20	13	
Total	954	8 308	2 843	-	-	

[[]Note 1] Service operators are required to provide not less than 53 service places in each district (i.e. a total of not less than 954 service places should be provided in the 18 districts across the territory). Service operators may flexibly increase the number of HCCS places on top of the requirement so as to meet the actual service demand.

[[]Note 2] Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of service users over 2018-19.

[[]Note 3] Service operators may determine the amount of fees according to the circumstances of the district. Service users with social needs and/or financial difficulties can apply for fee waiving/reduction.

Table 3: Number of places, number of service users and service fees of NSCCP (2020-21) (as at December 2020)

District Number of places Number of children se			ren served [Note 2]	Basic service fee per hour [Note 3] (\$)		
	[1,000 2]	HCCS	CCG	HCCS	CCG	
Central & Western	53	102	157	24	24	
Eastern	53	175	86	22	22	
Islands	53	133	27	22	13	
Kowloon City	53	174	1	20	13	
Kwun Tong	53	166	63	20	13	
Kwai Tsing	53	273	42	18	13	
North	53	134	90	18	13	
Southern	53	82	36	20	12	
Sai Kung	53	353	3	20	13	
Sham Shui Po	53	369	203	20	13	
Sha Tin	53	343	125	20	13	
Tuen Mun	53	488	93	20	13	
Tai Po	53	317	88	20	13	
Tsuen Wan	53	189	26	20	13	
Wan Chai	53	76	79	22	22	
Wong Tai Sin	53	199	116	18	10	
Yuen Long	53	516	172	18	13	
Yau Tsim Mong	53	357	18	20	13	
Total	954	4 446	1 425	-	-	

Service operators are required to provide not less than 53 service places in each district (i.e. a total of not less than 954 service places should be provided in the 18 districts across the territory). Service operators may flexibly increase the number of HCCS places on top of the requirement so as to meet the actual service demand.

[[]Note 2] Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of service users over 2018-19 and 2019-20.

[[]Note 3] Service operators may determine the amount of fees according to the circumstances of the district. Service users with social needs and/or financial difficulties can apply for fee waiving/reduction.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)148

(Question Serial No. 0384)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

1. Regarding residential child care services, please provide information for the past 3 years by service type:

		Residential Homes for Children (RHCs)			
Year	Small group home (SGH)	Residential child care centre (RCCC)	Children's home	Boys'/girls' home/hostel	
Service Organisations (by number)					
Number of places (by person)					
Number of children served					
Number of children waitlisted					
Average waiting time					

2. What is the number of qualified social worker serving in each service organisation above, and the ratio of their number to that of children served?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 18)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The residential child care services in the past 3 years are set out below:

			RHCs			
Item	Year	SGH	DCCC	Children's	Boys'/girls'	
			RCCC	home	home/hostel	
Compiles enconications	2018-19	11	2	5	7	
Service organisations	2019-20	11	2	5	7	
(number)	2020-21	11	2	5	7	
Number of places	2018-19	894	212 [Note 1]	418 [Note 1]	1 053	
	2019-20	924	212 [Note 1]	418 [Note 1]	1 098	
(person)	2020-21	924	212 [Note 1]	418 [Note 1]	1 107	
Number of children	As at 31 December 2018	825	206	380	791	
Number of children served	As at 31 December 2019	856	206	371	852	
	As at 31 December 2020	828	203	366	784	
Number of children	2018-19	222	48	39	86	
waitlisted	2019-20	257	37	37	105	

			RHCs		
Item	Year	SGH	RCCC	Children's	Boys'/girls'
			RCCC	home	home/hostel
(monthly average) [Note 2]	2020-21 [Note 3]	260	36	32	97
	2018-19	3.60	6.50	3.10	1.39
Average waiting time (month) [Note 2]	2019-20	5.04	7.52	6.60	1.44
(month) [Note 2]	2020-21 [Note 3]	4.92	8.14	5.41	1.28

[Note 1] The figures include both ordinary service and emergency service.

The figures reflect only the average number of children waitlisted and average waiting time for ordinary service. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have statistics on the number of children waitlisted and average waiting time for emergency placement for residential child care services. Regarding emergency residential care service, caseworkers may approach the service units concerned directly for enquiries, and arrange for admission as soon as vacant places are available.

[Note 3] Statistics from April to December 2020

2. SWD does not have statistics on the number of qualified social workers under each residential child care service operator or the ratio of their number to that of children served. Under the subvention mode of Lump Sum Grant, service operators have the flexibility to deploy resources and arrange suitable manpower to meet the requirements as set out in the Funding and Service Agreements.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)149

(Question Serial No. 0385)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly (CCSV Pilot Scheme) and the Pilot Scheme on Residential Care Service Voucher for the Elderly (RCSV Pilot Scheme):

- 1. For each year since the launch of the CCSV Pilot Scheme, please set out in table form (1) the number of service providers; (2) the number of elderly persons participating in the CCSV Pilot Scheme (please provide a breakdown by age group of elderly persons aged 65 to 74, 75 to 84 and 85 or above); (3) the number of elderly persons having left the CCSV Pilot Scheme; and (4) the annual amount of government subsidies.
- 2. For each year since the launch of the RCSV Pilot Scheme, please set out in table form (1) the number of recognised service providers (RSPs) participating in the RCSV Pilot Scheme; (2) the number of service units; (3) the number of elderly persons participating in the RCSV Pilot Scheme (please provide a breakdown by age group of elderly persons aged 65 to 74, 75 to 84 and 85 or above); (4) the number of elderly persons having left the RCSV Pilot Scheme; and (5) the annual amount of government subsidies.
- 3. Given that the service charges paid by each elderly person participating in the above 2 pilot schemes and the amount of government subsidies vary according to the asset and income of the elderly person, please set out the respective sums paid by participants by co-payment level.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 22)

Reply:

The first phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme was implemented from September 2013 to August 2017, while the second phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme was implemented from October 2016. The third phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme commenced in October 2020, providing 8 000 CCSVs. As for the RCSV Pilot Scheme, it was launched in March 2017 to issue a maximum total of 3 000 RCSVs. The information sought in relation to the 2 Pilot Schemes above is set out in the Annex.

Table 1: First phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme

Year	No. of RSPs	Cumulative no. of participants	Cumulative no. of persons having left the CCSV Pilot Scheme	Subsidies for CCSVs (\$ million)
2013-14	62	1 251	108	3.1
2014-15	62	2 092	888	41.6
2015-16	62	2 919	1 555	66.9
2016-17	62	2 968	1 893	55.1
2017-18	62	2 968	1 914	9.1

Table 2: Second phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme

	No. of	Cumulative no.	Cumulative no. of	Subsidies for
Year	RSPs	of participants	persons having left the	CCSVs
			CCSV Pilot Scheme	(\$ million)
2016-17	124	3 373	317	119.9 ^[Note]
2017-18	125	6 520	2 132	119.9
2018-19	153	8 813	3 670	201.9
2019-20	173	11 222	5 198	226.0
2020-21				
(as at end-September	179	12 154	5 995	147.8
2020)				

[Note] The second phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme commenced in October 2016. The expenditure for the subsidies for CCSV holders from October 2016 to March 2017 is reflected in the 2017-18 Actual Expenditure.

Table 3: Third phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme (from 1 October 2020)

Year	No. of RSPs	Cumulative no. of participants	Cumulative no. of persons having left the CCSV Pilot Scheme	Subsidies for CCSVs (\$ million) [Note]
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	227	7 338	519	46.0

[Note] 2020-21 Revised Estimate.

Table 4: Age distribution of elderly persons participating in the CCSV Pilot Scheme

Year		T-4-1		
	60 to 74	75 to 84	85 or above	Total
2013-14	189	547	515	1 251
2014-15	313	856	923	2 092
2015-16	442	1 159	1 318	2 919
2016-17	854	2 083	2 424	5 361
2017-18	1 366	3 164	3 904	8 434
2018-19	1 700	3 907	5 120	10 727
2019-20	2 088	4 607	6 441	13 136
2020-21				
(as at end-December 2020)	2 544	5 386	7 317	15 247

Table 5: Distribution of CCSV holders in the first phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme by co-payment level

Co-payment level [Note]	No. of CCSV holders
I	2 031
II	312
III	299
IV	53
V	273
Total	2 968

[Note] The amounts of co-payment payable by CCSV holders in the first phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme are set according to affordability at 5 levels, namely (I) to (V) (i.e. \$500 (I), \$750 (II), \$1,000 (III), \$1,500 (IV) and \$2,500 (V)).

Table 6: Distribution of CCSV holders in the second phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme by co-payment level (The second phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme ended in September 2020)

Co-payment level [Note]	No. of CCSV holders
I	2 081
II	5 745
III	1 156
IV	1 173
V	208
VI	1 791
Total	12 154

The amounts of co-payment payable by CCSV holders in the second phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme are set according to affordability at 6 levels, namely (I) to (VI) (i.e. 5% (I), 8% (II), 12% (III), 16% (IV), 25% (V) and 40% (VI) of the CCSV value). CCSV holders shall settle their service fees in accordance with the voucher value of the CCSV they used and their corresponding co-payment percentages. The 5 types of CCSV values in 2020-21 are set at \$4,130, \$5,970, \$7,460, \$8,380, \$9,870 per month.

Table 7: Distribution of CCSV holders in the third phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme by co-payment level (as at end-December 2020)

Co-payment level [Note]	No. of CCSV holders
I	1 135
II	3 640
III	706
IV	733
V	134
VI	990
Total	7 338

The amounts of co-payment payable by CCSV holders in the third phase of the CCSV Pilot Scheme are set according to affordability at 6 levels, namely (I) to (VI) (i.e. 5% (I), 8% (II), 12% (III), 16% (IV), 25% (V) and 40% (VI) of the CCSV value). CCSV holders shall settle their service fees in accordance with the voucher value of the CCSV they used and their corresponding co-payment percentages. The CCSV values effective from 1 October 2020 range from \$4,130 to \$9,870 per month.

Table 8: RCSV Pilot Scheme

Year	No. of RSPs	No. of service units	Cumulative no. of RCSV recipients	Cumulative no. of RCSV recipients having left the RCSV Pilot Scheme	Subsidies for RCSVs (\$ million)
2017-18	86	56	353	30	15.3
2018-19	104	87	1 163	199	92.6
2019-20	121	108	2 156	579	244.1
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	137	125	2 885	894	381.0 [Note]

[Note] 2020-21 Revised Estimate.

Table 9: Age distribution of elderly persons participating in the RCSV Pilot Scheme

Year		T-4-1		
	60 to 74	75 to 84	85 or above	Total
2017-18	19	90	244	353
2018-19	102	310	751	1 163
2019-20	197	533	1 426	2 156
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	264	662	1 959	2 885

Table 10: Distribution of RCSV holders under the RCSV Pilot Scheme by co-payment level (as at end-December 2020)

Co-payment level [Note]	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Co-payment percentage	0.0%	10.0%	20.0%	30.0%	40.0%	50.0%	62.5%	75.0%
Co-payment amount (\$)	-	1,576	3,151	4,727	6,302	7,878	9,847	11,816
No. of RCSV holders	2 498	301	8	7	3	1	1	67

[Note]

As at the end of December 2020, there was a cumulative total of 2 885 RCSV holders. The voucher value of RCSV is set at \$15,755 per month from 1 November 2020. The RCSV Pilot Scheme has 8 co-payment levels, ranging from the lowest Level 0 to the highest Level 7. RCSV holders at Level 0 will be fully subsidised by the Government, while RCSV holders from Level 1 to Level 7 are required to pay an amount of co-payment as set out in the above table.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)150

(Question Serial No. 0386)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the provision of residential services for people with rehabilitation needs, please advise:

1. the number of places provided, enrolment rate, average waiting time, number of waitlisted persons having passed away and the annual service expenditure over the past 3 years in the table below.

Type of residential	Service	Enrolment	Average	No. of waitlisted	Service
service	places	rate	waiting time	persons having passed away	expenditure
Halfway house (HWH)				•	
for ex-mentally ill					
persons					
Long stay care home					
(LSCH) for ex-mentally					
ill persons					
Integrated vocational					
training centre (IVTC)					
for the mentally					
handicapped					
Hostel for moderately					
mentally handicapped					
persons (HMMH)					
Hostel for severely					
physically handicapped					
persons (HSPH)					
Care and attention home					
for the aged blind					
(C&A/ABs)					
Small group home for					
mildly mentally					
handicapped children					
(SGHs(MMHC))					
Supported hostel					
(SHOS)					

2. Does the Government have any plan for additional residential rehabilitation services in the future? If yes, what are the details? What are the resources involved?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 25)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The number of places provided, enrolment rate, average waiting time, number of waitlisted persons having passed away and the service expenditure on the various residential rehabilitation services over the past 3 years are set out in Tables 1 to 5 of the Annex.
- 2. A total of 1 391 additional service places will be provided under various residential rehabilitation services from 2021-22 to 2022-23. The relevant information is set out in Table 6 of the Annex.

Table 1: Number of service places under various residential rehabilitation services

	No. of service places					
Service Type	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)			
HWH	1 509	1 594	1 594			
LSCH	1 587	1 587	1 587			
Integrated vocational training centre (Residential) (IVTC(Res))	170	170	170			
НММН	2 558	2 658	2 800			
HSPH	582	665	715			
C&A/AB	828	828	828			
SGH(MMHC) [Note 1]	128	128	128			
SHOS	708	744	784			

[Note 1] SGHs(MMHC) include integrated small group homes (ISGHs).

Table 2: Average enrolment rate of various residential rehabilitation services

Average enrolment rate (%)						
2018-19 2019-20 2020-21						
(Actual)	(Actual) (Actual) (Revised Estimate)					
97	93	93				

Table 3: Average waiting time for various residential rehabilitation services

Compies Type	Average waiting time (in months) [Note 2]				
Service Type	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		
HWH	6.0	5.4			
LSCH	54.3	57.8			
IVTC(Res)	N.A. [Note 3]	N.A. [Note 3]			
НММН	114.1	144.3	Not available yet		
HSPH	168.0	123.6	[Note 4]		
C&A/AB	10.0	9.9			
SGH(MMHC) [Note 1]	15.0	8.7			
SHOS	39.0	47.3			

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

[Note 2] The waiting time is affected by a number of factors including the location preference of service units indicated by the applicants, the choice of specific service units indicated, the turnover rate of the service units selected by the applicants, etc. The average waiting time is compiled on a financial-year basis covering the 1st day of April of a year to the 31st day of March of the next year.

[Note 3] The service may admit service users directly or through referral and hence the Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the relevant statistics.

[Note 4] The figure for 2020-21 is not yet available as the average waiting time is compiled on a financial-year basis covering the 1st day of April of a year to the 31st day of March of the next year.

Table 4: Number of applicants having passed away while waiting for various residential rehabilitation services

Service Type	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)
HWH	1	7	-
LSCH	7	8	13
IVTC(Res)	N.A. [Note 1]	N.A. [Note 1]	N.A. [Note 1]
НММН	3	6	7
HSPH	26	28	15
C&A/AB	8	20	9
SGH(MMHC) [Note 2]	-	-	-
SHOS	4	10	1

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] The service may admit service users directly or through referral and hence SWD does not have the relevant statistics.

[Note 2] SGHs(MMHC) include ISGHs.

Table 5: Total amount of subsidy for various residential rehabilitation services over the past 3 years

	Total amount of subsidy (\$ million)					
Service Type	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21			
	(Actual)	(Actual)	(Revised			
			Estimate)			
HWH	211.6	220.3	232.2			
LSCH	297.7	311.0	308.9			
IVTC(Res)	11.3	11.9	11.7			
НММН	327.8	350.2	378.4			
HSPH	139.4	146.8	180.0			
C&A/AB	164.8	181.0	179.2			
SGH(MMHC)	23.5	31.7	32.9			
SHOS	90.4	102.8	111.9			

Table 6: Estimated number of additional service places under various residential rehabilitation services

Samias Type	Estimated number of additional service places			
Service Type	2021-22	2022-23		
LSCH	400	1		
НММН	145	-		
HSPH	461	-		
Hostel for severely mentally	75			
handicapped persons	73	1		
Care and attention home for	200			
severely disabled persons	200	1		
SHOS	80	30		
Total	1 361	30		

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)151

(Question Serial No. 0387)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the current vocational rehabilitation services,

1. please provide the following information:

Type of services	Service places	No. of places utilised	Average waiting time	No. of waitlisted persons having passed away	Service expenditure
Sheltered workshop (SW)					
Supported employment (SE)					
Integrated vocational training centre (IVTC)					
Integrated vocational rehabilitation services centre (IVRSC)					
On the Job Training Programme for People with Disabilities (OJT)					
Sunnyway - On the Job Training Programme for Young People with Disabilities (Sunnyway)					

2. Does the Government have any plan to provide additional service places for each of the above services? If yes, what are the details? What are the resources involved?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 27)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1.

Type of services	Service	No. of places	Average	No. of	2020-21
	places (as at	utilised (as at	waiting time	waitlisted	Service
	31 December	31 December	(2019-20)	persons	expenditure
	2020)	2020)	(in months)	having	(Revised
			[Note 1]	passed away	Estimate)
				(as at	(\$ million)
				31 December	
				2020)	
SW	5 399	5 258	18.8	25	376.8
SE [Note 2]	1 633	2 035	1.8	N.A.	102.3
IVTC [Note 3]	453	425	N.A.	N.A.	33.1
IVRSC [Note 4]	5 523	5 488	N.A.	N.A.	357.0
OJT [Note 3]	432	312	N.A.	N.A.	21.8
Sunnyway [Note 3]	311	229	N.A.	N.A.	16.6

N.A. - Not applicable

- The waiting time is affected by a number of factors including the location preference of service unit indicated by the applicants, the choice of specific service units, the turnover rate of the service units selected by the applicants, etc. The average waiting time is compiled on a financial-year basis covering the 1st day of April of a year to the 31st day of March of the next year.
- [Note 2] The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have information on the number of persons having passed away while waiting for SE.
- [Note 3] IVTC, OJT and Sunnyway may admit service users directly or through referral. Thus, SWD does not have information on the average waiting time and the number of persons having passed away while waiting for the relevant services.
- [Note 4] IVRSC does not have its own central waiting list (CWL) and the applicants are selected from the CWLs of SW and SE respectively.
- 2. There is no planned additional service places under SW, SE, IVTC, OJT and Sunnyway. It is estimated that 755 service places will be provided under IVRSC from 2020-21 to 2022-23 and the relevant information is set out as follows:

Year	Estimated number of additional service places
2020-21	235
2021-22	360
2022-23	160
Total	755

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)152

(Question Serial No. 0388)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (7) Young People

Controlling Officer: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

Director of Bureau: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

For the past 3 years, please advise the following regarding the After School Care Programme (ASCP):

- 1. How many organisations participated in the ASCP? Please list the total number of these organisations by year.
- 2. What was the average amount of subsidy received by these organisations? Please list by year.
- 3. How many students benefited from the ASCP each year? What was the average amount of subsidy received by each student?
- 4. How many students benefited from the Fee-waiving Subsidy Scheme (FWSS) under the ASCP each year? What was the expenditure involved?
- 5. It is understood that the Government has regularised the Pilot Scheme on ASCP under the Community Care Fund (CCF) and introduced a host of enhancement measures. What is the implementation timetable?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 28)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. to 4. Details on ASCP in the past 3 financial years are shown below:

	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
			(as at 31 December
			2020)
No. of organisations	55	55	58
No. of ASCP service users	5 032	4 816 [Note 1]	3 716 ^[Note 1]
No. of persons benefited from	2 013	1 774	1 934
FWSS [Note 2] under the ASCP			
Amount of subsidy involved in	Around	Around	Around
FWSS	\$19 million	\$18 million	\$30 million
Average amount of subsidy for	\$9,323	\$9,969	\$15,629
each student under FWSS			

Average amount of subsidy for the organisations under FWSS	Around	Around	Around
	\$0.34 million	\$0.32 milli	\$0.52 million
		on	

- Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of service users over previous years.
- [Note 2] After-school care services are operated by non-governmental organisations on a self-financing and fee-charging basis. Under the FWSS for ASCP, the Social Welfare Department provides fee waiving and fee reduction through after-school care centres for needy and eligible families, thus providing care services for low-income families that are unable to give proper care to children during after-school hours because of work, job search or other reasons. Needy and eligible families may approach ASCP operators directly for application for full fee-waiving, half fee-reduction or one-third fee-reduction.
- 5. The Government has regularised the Pilot Scheme on ASCP under CCF and introduced a host of enhancement measures to strengthen the services and further support the needy families. They include the addition of 2 500 full fee-waiving places, relaxation of application eligibility, increase of subsidy level, provision of extra subsidy for students with special educational needs, and streamlining meanstest procedures.

The above enhancement measures were rolled out in October 2020, following the completion of the Pilot Scheme on ASCP under CCF. The additional recurrent expenditure involved is \$65 million. More than 5 700 students and their families are expected to benefit from these measures.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)153

(Question Serial No. 0494)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

Controlling Officer: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

To assist the unemployed and their families who face immediate financial difficulties in a more focused manner, the Government has launched the Special Scheme of Assistance to the Unemployed (Special Scheme) under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme on 1 June 2020 for a period of 1 year to temporarily relax the asset limits for ablebodied persons by 100%. Please advise:

1. the number of approved CSSA applications under the Special Scheme;

	Aged 25 or	Aged 26 to	Aged 36 to	Aged 46 to	Aged 56 to	Aged 65 or
	below	35	45	55	65	above
Number of cases						
Amount						

- 2. (i) the number of applications received since the commencement of the Special Scheme;
 - (ii) among which the number of rejected applications;
 - (iii) the number of cases in which the applicants' assets exceeded the asset limits as a result of the cash value of their insurance policies being counted as assets.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 42)

Reply:

To assist the unemployed and their families who face immediate financial difficulties in a more focused manner, the Government has launched the time-limited Special Scheme under the CSSA Scheme to temporarily relax the asset limits for able-bodied persons by 100% during the one-year period from 1 June 2020 to 31 May 2021. Moreover, during the sixmonth period from 1 April to 30 September 2021, the Government will disregard the cash value of insurance policies of able-bodied applicants of CSSA as assets in a grace period of 1 year. The Finance Committee of the Legislative Council has approved a one-off commitment of \$3.52 billion to cater for the relevant expenses. As at the end of December 2020, the number of CSSA unemployment cases amounts to around 19 500, an increase of over 55% compared to the end of December 2019. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) will continue to actively process CSSA applications in order to provide timely assistance to persons in need. SWD does not have the other information sought.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)154

(Question Serial No. 0498)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (1) Family and Child Welfare

(6) Community Development

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

1. What is the number of local street sleepers registered under the Social Welfare Department (SWD)?

	Age 25 or below	26 to 35	16 to 45	46 to 55	56 to 65	Age 65 or above
2018						
2019						
2020						

- 2. Among these registered street sleepers, what is the percentage of people made street sleepers due to unemployment?
- 3(i). Among these registered street sleepers, how many have tried to apply for Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA)?
 - (ii). Among them, how many have succeeded in their applications for CSSA?
 - (1) What is the number of individual applicants?
 - (2) What is the number of family applicants?
- 4. What is the number of residential places provided for street sleepers in each of the years from 2018 to 2020, and what is the expenditure involved?
- 5(i). What is the number of cases handled by the Care and Support Networking Team (CSNT) on street sleepers from 2018 to 2020, and what is the expenditure involved?
 - (ii). What is the number of successful cases handled by the CSNT in helping street sleepers integrate into community from 2018 to 2020?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 46)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. & 2. Street sleeping is a complex social problem, involving various policy bureaux and departments. Various government departments and service units in districts have been collaborating closely to support street sleepers and improve their motivation for receiving support, with the hope to encourage them to quit street sleeping as soon as possible. From 2018-19 to 2020-21, the number of street sleepers approached by the 3 Integrated Services Teams for Street Sleepers operated by non-governmental organisations under

subvention of SWD, and related service units by age group is set out in the table below:

	Number of street sleepers				
Age group	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		
			(as at end-December 2020)		
29 or below	29	28	33		
30 to 49	409	425	483		
50 to 69	732	823	873		
70 or above	114	137	143		
Unknown	13	10	9		
Total	1 297	1 423	1 541		

In particular, in 2020-21 (as at end-December 2020), 541 street sleepers, representing around 35% of the total, cited unemployment and hence inability to pay rent as the reason for street sleeping.

- 3(i). & (ii). SWD does not have information on the number of street sleepers who have tried to apply for CSSA and have succeeded in their applications, or the number of individual and family applicants.
- 4. From 2018-19 to 2019-20 and in 2020-21, there were 222 and 228 residential places of emergency/temporary shelters/hostels/short-term hostels subvented by SWD respectively. The expenditure on integrated services for street sleepers subvented by SWD in 2018-19 (Actual), 2019-20 (Actual) and 2020-21 (Revised) was \$22.9 million, \$23.6 million and \$27 million respectively.
- CSNT is one of the various support services the Government provides for street sleepers. Its service targets include but are not limited to street sleepers. CSNT assists (i) ex-offenders (ii) ex-mentally ill persons and (iii) street sleepers in various districts of West Kowloon (including Sham Shui Po, Kowloon City and Yau Tsim Mong districts) to reintegrate into the community, mainly through the provision of outreaching, support, case counselling and group services. As the statistics of output standards are collected without a breakdown by type of service targets, SWD does not have information on the number of cases handled by CSNT on street sleepers.

5(ii).

SWD's annual expenditure on CSNT from 2018 to 2020 is as follows:

Year	Expenditure (\$ million)
2018-19 (Actual)	2.1
2019-20 (Actual)	2.2

Regarding successful cases handled by CSNT in helping street sleepers integrate into the community, as mentioned in (i) above, SWD does not have the statistics of CSNT by type of service targets. The overall outcome level achieved by CSNT from 2018 to 2020 is as follows:

Outcome indicator	Agreed level	Outcome level achieved	
Outcome indicator		2018-19	2019-20
Percentage of cases reported to			
have improved network with	80%	87%	91%
the community in a year			
Percentage of unemployed			
cases successfully engaged in	35%	58%	54%
employment, retraining, etc.	3370	3070	3470
in a year			

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)155

(Question Serial No. 1603)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the estimates for elderly services, please advise:

- (i) a list of government organisations with a breakdown by type and the annual expenditure of each government organisation; and
- (ii) the reasons for the significant increase in the 2021-22 Estimate.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 63)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- (i) The expenditure for government sector under the Programme is entirely for the Social Welfare Department.
- (ii) The estimate for government sector under the Programme in 2021-22 is \$1.22 billion higher than that of the revised estimate for 2020-21. The increase is mainly due to the additional provision for continued implementation of anti-epidemic measures including the operation of quarantine centres for residents of residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) and residential care homes for persons with disabilities (RCHDs), implementation of the Targeted Group Testing Scheme for staff/residents/service users of RCHEs, RCHDs and nursing homes, etc.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)156

(Question Serial No. 1604)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the estimates for elderly services, please advise this Committee:

- (i) a list of subvented/private organisations with a breakdown by type and the subsidy amount received by each organisation over the past 3 years;
- (ii) the reasons for the increase in the 2020-21 Estimate.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 64)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- (i) The annual expenditure for various elderly services over the past 3 years is set out in the Annex. The Social Welfare Department does not have information on the subsidy amount received by subvented/private organisations in respect of the provision of elderly services.
- (ii) The increase in the 2020-21 Estimate is mainly due to the purchase of additional EA1 places under the Enhanced Bought Place Scheme (EBPS), the provision of 120 additional day care service places under the Bought Place Scheme on Day Care Units for the Elderly and the provision of 1 500 additional service places for integrated home care services (frail cases).

Full-year expenditure for various elderly services (2018-19 to 2020-21)

Service type	2018-19 (Actual) (\$ million)	2019-20 (Actual) (\$ million)	2020-21 (Revised Estimate) (\$ million)
Residential care places in various types of subvented residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs)	3,469.6	3,716.2	3,759.9
Residential care places in contract homes	525.8	575.4	645.8
Residential care places under EBPS	1,161.7	1,429.5	1,792.8
Day care centres/units for the elderly	375.8	421.0	454.1
District elderly community centres/ Neighbourhood elderly centres/ Social centres for the elderly	1,179.7	1,497.2	1,531.0
Integrated home care services (ordinary and frail cases)	696.6	740.6	831.9
Enhanced home and community care services	419.0	638.1	935.1

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)157

(Question Serial No. 1605)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Residential Care Services Scheme in Guangdong (the Scheme), please advise this Committee:

- (i) (1). the number of residential places provided by the Hong Kong Jockey Club Shenzhen Society for Rehabilitation Yee Hong Heights and its enrolment rate;
 - (2). the information about Hong Kong elderly persons living in the Hong Kong Jockey Club Shenzhen Society for Rehabilitation Yee Hong Heights through bought places of the Scheme in 2019-2020 tabulated as follows:

	Aged 70 or below	Aged 71 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Number of persons			
Amount of subsidy			

- (ii) (1). the number of residential places provided by the Hong Kong Jockey Club Helping Hand Zhaoqing Home for the Elderly and its enrolment rate; and
 - (2). the information about Hong Kong elderly persons living in the Hong Kong Jockey Club Helping Hand Zhaoqing Home for the Elderly through bought places of the Scheme in 2019-2020 tabulated as follows:

	Aged 70 or below	Aged 71 to 80	Aged 81 or above
Number of persons			
Amount of subsidy			

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 65)

Reply:

The actual number of residential places purchased by the Social Welfare Department (SWD) from the 2 homes under the Scheme and the expenditure involved each year depend on the number of participants in the Scheme. In 2019-20, the number of elderly participants admitted to the 2 homes under the Scheme was 164, involving an actual expenditure of about \$17.1 million. SWD does not have a breakdown of the age and subsidy amount of the elderly persons living in the 2 homes.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)158

(Question Serial No. 1606)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the estimated expenditure on rehabilitation and medical social services, please provide this Committee with:

- (i). the detailed reason(s) for the significant increase in estimates for the government sector for 2021-22; and
- (ii). a list of the organisations in the subvented/private sectors by district over the past 3 years, and the amount of subvention for each organisation each year.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 66)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- (i). Under the Programme of "Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services", the increase in the 2021-22 Estimate over the 2020-21 Revised Estimate for the government sector is mainly due to the additional provision for the continued implementation of anti- epidemic measures funded by the Anti-epidemic Fund in 2020-21, including the operation of quarantine centres for residents of residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) and residential care homes for persons with disabilities (RCHDs), and the implementation of the Targeted Group Testing Scheme for staff/residents/service users of RCHEs, RCHDs and nursing homes.
- (ii). The Social Welfare Department does not have a list of all subvented/private organisations by district or information on the annual amount of subvention for each organisation under the Programme of "Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services" in the past 3 years.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)159

(Question Serial No. 1607)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

On strengthening the community-based support for persons with disabilities and their parents/carers, please inform this Committee of:

- (i) (1) the support for the parents/carers; and
 - (2) the amount of expenditure involved;
- (ii) (1) the services provided by the new parents/relatives resource centres (PRCs) in details;
 - (2) the expected distribution of the PRCs in the 18 districts across the territory; and
 - (3) the breakdown of the estimated expenditure and the amount of money involved; and
- (iii) the staffing arrangement for the above project and the expenditure involved.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 67)

Reply:

As regards support for persons with disabilities and their carers, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) provides them with a range of integrated home-based services through Home Care Service for Persons with Severe Disabilities and Integrated Support Service for Persons with Severe Physical Disabilities, with a view to relieving the pressure on their families/carers and improving their quality of life. Persons with disabilities and their carers/families may also use the services provided by PRCs, district support centres for persons with disabilities and integrated community centres for mental wellness, support centres for persons with autism, day care service for persons with severe disabilities and day and residential respite services to receive appropriate support. SWD does not have information on the amount involved in strengthening the community-based support for persons with disabilities and their parents/carers.

PRCs provide a focal point for parents and relatives/carers of persons with disabilities to share experience, obtain mutual support with the assistance from staff, understand and accept the needs of their family members with disabilities, and enhance their capability to take care of family members with disabilities at home. The service details include counselling,

organising groups and large-scale activities, providing information and implementing community education activities, etc. The geographical distribution of the 19 PRCs in Hong Kong at present is set out in Annex 1. SWD does not have a breakdown of the estimated expenditure showing the amount of money involved in respective PRCs. The notional staffing establishment (NSE) of PRCs is set out in Annex 2.

Annex 1

Geographical distribution of subvented PRCs (as at 31 December 2020)

Service district	Number of service units
Central & Western	1
Southern	1
Islands	1
Eastern	1
Wan Chai	1
Kwun Tong	1
Wong Tai Sin	1
Sai Kung	1
Kowloon City	1
Yau Tsim Mong	1
Sham Shui Po	1
Sha Tin	1
Tai Po	1
North	1
Yuen Long	1
Kwai Chung and Tsing Yi	1
Tuen Mun	1
Yuen Long	1
Hong Kong as a whole	1
Total	19

NSE of PRCs [Note]

Rank/Post	No. of staff		
	PRCs	PRC	
		(with specialised EMs units)	
Social Work Officer	0.125	0.25	
Assistant Social Work Officer	2	3	
Social Work Assistant	1	1	
Welfare Officer/	1	1	
Special Child Care Worker			
Welfare Worker	1	2	
Clerical Assistant	1	1	
Workman II	0.667	1	

[Note] NSE is used by SWD for calculating the subventions for subvented services. Under the Lump Sum Grant Subvention System, service operators have the flexibility to deploy resources and arrange suitable staffing to meet the requirements as set out in the Funding and Service Agreements.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)160

(Question Serial No. 1611)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: Not Specified

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

(1) What are the numbers of professional social workers of the Social Welfare Department (SWD) who resigned before their retirement age in the past 2 years from 2019 to 2020?

Service area	Number in	2019	Number	in	2020
	(turnover rate)		(turnover	rate))
Family and Child Welfare					
Social Security					
Services for The Elderly					
Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services					
Services for Offenders					
Community Development					
Services for Young People					

(2) What is the estimated turnover rate of SWD's professional social workers of the above service areas who resign before their retirement age in this year?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 71)

Reply:

The social work grades staff of SWD will be deployed to work in different service areas from time to time. The numbers of those social work grades staff who resigned before their retirement age in 2019-20 and 2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020) are provided as follows:

Year	Number of social work grades staff resigned [Note]
2019-20	17
2020-21(as at 31 December 2020)	12

[Note] As at the effective date of leaving the service.

SWD has not specifically made an estimate on this year's number of those social work grades staff who resign before their retirement age.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)161

(Question Serial No. 1612)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please explain why the balance of the Special Scheme of Assistance to the Unemployed (Special Scheme) makes up over 80% of the approved commitment.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 72)

Reply:

To assist the unemployed and their families who face immediate financial difficulties in a more focused manner, the Government has launched the time-limited Special Scheme under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme to temporarily relax the asset limits for able-bodied persons by 100% during the one-year period from 1 June 2020 to 31 May 2021. Moreover, during the six-month period from 1 April to 30 September 2021, the Government will disregard the cash value of insurance policies of able-bodied applicants of CSSA as assets in a grace period of 1 year. The Finance Committee of the Legislative Council has approved a one-off commitment of \$3.52 billion to cater for the relevant expenses. As at the end of December 2020, the number of CSSA unemployment cases amounts to around 19 500, an increase of over 55% compared to the end of December 2019. The Social Welfare Department will continue to actively process CSSA applications in order to provide timely assistance to persons in need.

LWB(WW)162

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 1621)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: Not Specified

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the "Assistance for patients and their families", please advise the following:

- (i) What are the reasons for the 2021-22 Estimate to exceed the 2019-20 Actual Expenditure by 100%?
- (ii) Regarding the 2019-20 Actual Expenditure,
 - (1) please provide the number of assistance cases involved.
 - (2) please list out the types of illness involved and the amount of assistance for each type of illness?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 78)

Reply:

The "Assistance for patients and their families" aims at offering direct and temporary financial assistance to patients who are receiving treatment at hospital and/or their family members to meet immediate needs. The scope of the assistance includes support for the patients to cover their emergency expenditures on medical care or short-term financial support for the patients and their families while pending approval of their application for the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance. Each year, the Social Welfare Department will set aside provisions to cover the approved assistance that seek to meet the needs of the patients or their families. The 2021-22 Estimate was based on the estimated demand of 2020-21. The actual expenditure for the assistance will depend on the number of cases each year.

The number of cases on providing "Assistance for patients and their families", type of illness and actual amount of assistance involved in 2019-20 are as follows:

Type of illness	No. of assistance	Amount of assistance
	cases	(\$)
Clinical Oncology	1	200.00
Medicine	18	8,417.10
Neurosurgery	1	1,503.40
Obstetrics	5	4,620.00
Orthopaedics and Traumatology (Orthopaedics)	3	967.00
Paediatrics	8	2,020.00
Surgery	2	1,749.00
Psychiatry	47	40,661.90
Accident and Emergency (A&E)	2	1,700.00
Total	87	61,838.40

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)163

(Question Serial No. 2449)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

- 1. Regarding the monthly unemployment rate, the number of Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) unemployment cases and the number of recipients, starting from June 2020, what is the number of such cases benefitting from the Special Scheme of Assistance to the Unemployed (Special Scheme), i.e. those benefitting from the temporary relaxation of the asset limits for able-bodied persons by 100% and disregard of the cash value of insurance policies as assets?
- 2. Regarding the latest statistics on CSSA unemployment cases for 2021, as compared with the same period in the past 2 years, please set out (i) the percentage of recipients being male, female, aged under 30, aged 30 to 39, aged 40 to 49, aged 50 to 59, and aged 60 to 64 out of the total number of recipients; (ii) their median duration of receiving CSSA; (iii) the percentage distribution of CSSA unemployment cases by number of eligible household members; and
- 3. Will the Government consider further raising the CSSA asset limits for able-bodied unemployed persons and allowing the unemployed who live with their families but do not receive financial support from their families to apply for CSSA on an individual basis?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Mei-fun, Priscilla (LegCo internal reference no.: 7)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. & 3. To assist the unemployed and their families who face immediate financial difficulties in a more focused manner, the Government has launched the time-limited Special Scheme under the CSSA Scheme to temporarily relax the asset limits for able-bodied persons by 100% during the one-year period from 1 June 2020 to 31 May 2021. Moreover, during the six-month period from 1 April to 30 September 2021, the Government will disregard the cash value of insurance policies of able-bodied applicants of CSSA as assets in a grace period of 1 year. The Finance Committee of the Legislative Council has approved a one-off commitment of \$3.52 billion to cater for the relevant expenses. As at the end of December 2020, the number of CSSA unemployment cases amounts to around

- 19 500, an increase of over 55% compared to the end of December 2019. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) will continue to actively process CSSA applications in order to provide timely assistance to persons in need. SWD does not have the other information sought.
- 2. The number of unemployed CSSA recipients with a breakdown of gender and age from 2018-19 to 2020-21, and the percentage out of the total number of CSSA recipients are set out in Tables 1 and 2 of the Annex respectively. The median duration of CSSA unemployment cases receiving CSSA is set out in Table 3 of the Annex. The distribution of percentages of CSSA unemployment cases with a breakdown by the number of eligible household members is set out in Table 4 of the Annex. SWD does not have the other information sought.

Table 1: Number of unemployed CSSA recipients by gender and percentage out of the total number of CSSA recipients from 2018-19 to 2020-21

Gender	Number of unemployed CSSA recipients (Percentage out of the total number of CSSA recipients)					
Gender	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)			
Male	6 085	7 531	10 413			
Female	6 357	7 236	10 415			
Total	12 442 (3.9%)	14 767 (4.8%)	20 828 (6.5%)			

Table 2: Number of unemployed CSSA recipients by age group and percentage out of the total number of CSSA recipients from 2018-19 to 2020-21

A go gwoun	Number of unemployed CSSA recipients (Percentage out of the total number of CSSA recipients)			
Age group	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	
15 to 29	1 134	1 245	1 808	
30 to 39	1 120	1 152	2 090	
40 to 49	3 895	4 104	5 977	
50 to 59	6 111	6 260	7 043	
60 to 64	182	2 006	3 910	
Total	12 442 (3.9%)	14 767 (4.8%)	20 828 (6.5%)	

Table 3: Median duration of CSSA unemployment cases receiving CSSA from 2018-19 to 2020-21

Year	Median duration of CSSA unemployment cases receiving CSSA (years)
2018-19	6.6
2019-20	4.9
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	2.1

Unemployment cases might have received CSSA in earlier years for other reasons (such as ill health, low-earnings or single parent). Not all of them have received CSSA all along due to unemployment.

Table 4: Distribution of percentages of CSSA unemployment cases by number of eligible household members from 2018-19 to 2020-21 (%)

Number of eligible household members	2018-19 (%)	2019-20 (%)	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020) (%)
1	59.3	63.9	66.6
2	11.0	9.9	9.7
3	10.6	9.2	8.9
4	10.4	9.0	8.4
5	5.5	4.9	4.2
6 or above	3.2	3.0	2.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Individual figures may not add up to the total due to rounding effect.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)164

(Question Serial No. 2483)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (1) Family and Child Welfare

(7) Young People

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

1. What were the expenditures on the Pilot Scheme on Social Work Service for Preprimary Institutions (PPIs) (Pilot Scheme), and the measures of "one school social worker for each school" in public sector primary schools and "two school social workers for each school" in secondary schools in each of the past 3 years?

- 2. What were the respective numbers of social workers and social work teams providing service under the Pilot Scheme, and PPIs and students and their families served in each of the past 3 years, what were the expenditures involved, how many staff members of the Social Welfare Department (SWD) were responsible for the supervisory work and provision of support, and what were the emolument provisions involved? When will the assessment study conducted by the City University of Hong Kong as commissioned by the Government be expected to complete?
- 3. How many primary schools switched to the new funding mode in each of the past 3 years, and what were the expenditures involved? When will all public sector primary schools switch to the new funding mode as expected by the Government? How many staff members of the Education Bureau or SWD will be responsible for the supervisory work and provision of support, and what will be the emolument provisions involved?
- 4. How many secondary schools benefitted from the measure of "two school social workers for each school" in each of the past 3 years, what were the additional numbers of school social workers, how many staff members of SWD were responsible for the supervisory work and provision of support, and what were the emolument provisions involved?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Mei-fun, Priscilla (LegCo internal reference no.: 125)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. & 2. For early identification of and to provide assistance to pre-primary children and their families with welfare needs, the Government has allocated about \$990 million from the Lotteries Fund to launch a three-year Pilot Scheme in the

2018/19 school year to provide social work services in phases for about 150 000 pre-primary children and their families in more than 700 subsidised/aided PPIs (including aided child care centres (CCCs), kindergartens (KGs) and KG-cum-CCCs) across the territory. The Pilot Scheme is implemented in 3 phases. Phases 1, 2 and 3 of the Pilot Scheme have commenced operation since February 2019, August 2019 and August 2020 respectively serving 246, 239 and 240 (725) in total) subsidised/aided PPIs (including aided CCCs, KGs and KG-cum-CCCs). During the implementation of the three-phase Pilot Scheme, a total of 57 social work teams (including 35 full teams and 22 half teams) have been set up through non-governmental organisations (NGOs). Each full team consists of 1 social work supervisor and 8 social workers. Based on the information submitted by subsidised/aided PPIs to the Social Welfare Department (SWD) and the Education Bureau (EDB) in September 2020, there are a total of about 129 000 children in the 725 PPIs joining Phases 1, 2 and 3 of the Pilot Scheme. As the co-ordination work of the Pilot Scheme is mainly absorbed by existing staff, SWD does not have information on a breakdown of emoluments. The Government has commissioned the City University of Hong Kong to conduct an evaluation study on the current mode of service operation, as well as the service performance and service outputs/outcomes during the implementation of the Pilot Scheme. It is expected that the evaluation study, to be completed in early 2022, will shed light on the way forward of the service.

1. & 3. From the 2018/19 to 2020/21 school years, 223, 309 and 332 public sector primary schools have respectively switched to the new funding mode and implemented the policy of "one school social worker for each school". The total expenditures on student guidance service under the old funding mode and the new funding mode for these 3 school years are \$436 million, \$487 million and \$492 million (estimated) respectively.

Since the 2018/19 school year, the Government has started to enhance student guidance service in primary schools. The Government has provided a new funding mode for implementing the policy of "one school social worker for each school" in all public sector and Direct Subsidy Scheme primary schools. Schools may, having regard to their own circumstances, employ at least 1 school-based registered graduate social worker with professional qualifications to further enhance the overall quality of guidance services. For schools currently having opted to employ Student Guidance Teachers, they can continue with the present arrangements. In case schools receiving Student Guidance Service Grant are not able to switch to the new funding mode owing to the need for more time to handle personnel matters, they may discuss with EDB separately.

EDB has implemented the Whole School Approach to guidance and discipline in schools, where related professionals (including guidance personnel, school social workers and school-based educational psychologists) collaborate with teachers to provide remedial, preventive and developmental guidance services for students as necessary for their whole-person development. Professional guidance officers of EDB will continue to offer appropriate assistance to schools through professional consultation, school visits and school-based training activities in light of their actual needs. As the expenditure for the supervision and support of school social workers has been subsumed under the overall expenditure of EDB, it is not possible to apportion the expenditure involved.

1. & 4. To enhance teenagers' mental health and stress resilience, SWD has implemented the measure of "two school social workers for each school" in secondary schools from the 2019/20 school year, with the addition of about 370 school social workers in total. The number of school social workers for each secondary school was then increased from 1.2 to 2 and about 46 posts of Social Work Officer were increased concomitantly to enhance supervisory support. The additional full-year recurrent provision involved is around \$313 million.

In each of the years from 2018-19 to 2020-21, 463 secondary schools benefited from school social work service (SSW) in secondary schools. The relevant expenditure is as follows:

2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
(Actual)	(Actual)	(Revised Estimate)
\$384 million	\$619 million	\$755 million

Under subvention of SWD, NGOs provide SSW service in secondary schools and are responsible for the related supervision and professional support. As the expenditure for SWD's planning and monitoring of SSW service in secondary schools has been subsumed under the overall expenditure of SWD, there is no breakdown of the expenditure involved.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)165

(Question Serial No. 2514)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

1. Please advise the number of Portable Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (PCSSA) recipients and the percentage out of the total number of elderly CSSA cases. In view of the fact that the amount of CSSA payment provided to the elderly persons participating in the PCSSA Scheme is generally around 30% less than that to those residing in Hong Kong (HK), will the Government consider providing supplements and special grants to participating elderly persons in order to make the scheme more attractive?

- 2. Please advise the number of applications for the Guangdong (GD) Scheme and the Fujian (FJ) Scheme, the number of cases involved and the percentage out of the total number of Old Age Allowance (OAA) cases respectively since the launch of the schemes.
- 3. A number of elderly persons have to commute between GD and HK frequently due to various reasons, making them ineligible for social allowance in HK or under the GD Scheme in GD Province. Does the Social Welfare Department (SWD) have plans to approve the receipt of social allowance by this group of persons on a discretionary basis or re-launch the special one-off arrangement, and will the Government consider relaxing the relevant requirements in the long term?
- 4. The former Chief Executive indicated in the 2011-12 Policy Address that "we need to conduct a comprehensive study on the portability of various welfare benefits, including services provided by residential care homes for the elderly, hospitals and clinics. We will consider whether such services should be extended for our elderly people residing in the Mainland from the perspectives of law, policy and public finance." Has the Government conducted and completed the study? If yes, what policies has SWD introduced to enhance the portability of welfare benefits based on the study findings?
- 5. Will SWD consider extending the welfare benefits currently available in the GD and FJ provinces to Macau and other provinces in the Mainland?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Mei-fun, Priscilla (LegCo internal reference no.: 1)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. As at the end of December 2020, there was a total number of 964 PCSSA recipients (867 of them residing in GD Province; 97 of them residing in FJ Province). PCSSA cases make up about 1% of the overall number of CSSA cases of "old age" nature.

The PCSSA Scheme is designed to provide eligible elderly CSSA recipients with a choice to take up permanent residence in GD Province or FJ Province while continuing to receive cash assistance. The amount of standard rates and long-term supplements receivable by elderly persons under the PCSSA Scheme is equal to the amount receivable by elderly recipients under the CSSA Scheme, and the relevant payments will be adjusted annually in accordance with the established mechanism of CSSA. The Government has no plan to provide other supplements and special grants to elderly persons participating in the PCSSA Scheme.

- 2. The number of OAA cases under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme and the percentage out of the total number of HK OAA cases from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are set out in Table 1 of the Annex.
- 3. In order to receive OAA in HK or through the GD Scheme, an applicant must, apart from meeting other criteria, reside in HK continuously for at least 1 year (hereinafter referred to as one-year-continuous-residence in HK requirement) immediately before the date of application. Absence from HK up to a maximum of 56 days during the one-year period is also treated as meeting the one-year-continuous-residence in HK requirement. The above requirement ensures that the relevant payments are only granted to HK residents who have a long-term connection with HK, so as to ensure long-term sustainability of the social security system.

In view of the COVID-19 epidemic, the Director of Social Welfare will give consideration to disregard absences from HK of applicants or recipients of the CSSA Scheme and the SSA Scheme (including OAA, Old Age Living Allowance (OALA), Disability Allowance, the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme) who, owing to the epidemic, fail to satisfy the relevant HK residence requirement.

4. & 5. On the social security front, having extended the coverage of CSSA and OAA to GD and FJ, the Government further extended the coverage of OALA (including Normal OALA and Higher OALA) to those 2 provinces with effect from 1 January 2020, aiming to provide adequate assistance to elderly persons residing in GD and FJ.

The portability arrangement of social security benefits is only applicable to eligible elderly persons residing in GD and FJ mainly because there are more HK people residing in these 2 provinces. In terms of geographical proximity and community bonding, elderly persons residing in GD and FJ could maintain a close connection with their relatives and friends in HK and more readily obtain support. Moreover, the 2 provinces are uniquely and closely connected with HK on the social, economic and transport fronts. The Government will continue to keep in view the implementation of the relevant arrangements.

Table 1: Number of OAA cases under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme and percentage out of the total number of HK OAA cases from 2016-17 to 2020-21

	GD Scheme	FJ Scheme [Note 1]
Year	(Percentage out of the total	(Percentage out of the total
	number of HK OAA cases)	number of HK OAA cases)
2016-17	14 600 (6.1%)	N.A.
2017-18	16 689 (6.7%)	N.A.
2018-19	16 568 (6.6%)	1 656 (0.7%)
2019-20 [Note 2]	9 776 (3.6%)	785 (0.3%)
2020-21 [Note 2]	7.606 (2.79/)	615 (0.20/)
(as at end-December 2020)	7 696 (2.7%)	615 (0.2%)

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] FJ Scheme was launched on 1 April 2018.

[Note 2] OALA under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme was launched on 1 January 2020. The number of cases in the year does not include the number of OALA cases under the schemes. In 2019-20, the number of OALA cases under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme are 8 689 and 1 010 respectively, whereas the number of OALA cases under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme in 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) are 11 589 and 1 331 respectively.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)166

(Question Serial No. 2515)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please advise:

- 1. the number of trainees recruited, the number of graduates, the number of graduates having remained in employment with social welfare service units in each of the years since the implementation of the Navigation Scheme for Young Persons in Care Services (Navigation Scheme);
- 2. the expenditure involved and the staffing establishment in each of the years since the implementation of the Navigation Scheme and in the coming year;
- 3. the additional recurrent expenditure involved since the implementation of the enhanced Navigation Scheme; and
- 4. the measures adopted by the Government to attract graduates of the Navigation Scheme to stay in the care sector so as to avoid wasting the training resources, and those to address the problem of manpower shortage in the care sector.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Mei-fun, Priscilla (LegCo internal reference no.: 2)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1 to 3. The Government earmarked about \$147 million to launch the Navigation Scheme in July 2015. As at the end of December 2020, the Navigation Scheme has recruited a total of 1 158 trainees. Among them, 529 trainees graduated, while 91 trainees were still under the Navigation Scheme. The relevant information by year is set out in the Annex.

The Social Welfare Department (SWD) continues to provide a total of 1 200 training places within 5 years starting from 2020-21, and roll out enhancement measures, involving a total expenditure of about \$266 million. Operating agencies have started recruiting trainees under the enhanced scheme since the second quarter of 2020, recruiting about 400 trainees so far. SWD is responsible for following up on the progress of the Navigation Scheme, and manpower is arranged by internal redeployment.

4. SWD has rolled out enhancement measures for the Navigation Scheme since 2020-21 to attract more young people to join the social welfare care sector. Enhancement measures include expanding the age range of trainees from between 18 and 25 to between 17 and 29, reducing the working hours per week for trainees from 44 to 40 for them to further their studies more effectively, and raising their salaries and training subsidies, etc.

Apart from the aforesaid Navigation Scheme, the Government has implemented the following measures to strengthen the manpower supply of front-line care workers.

The Government has allocated additional recurrent provision since June 2018 for subsidised elderly services, rehabilitation services, and family and child welfare services units to increase the salaries provision for recognised posts of personal care workers, ward attendants and home helpers, thereby enabling these subsidised service units to recruit and retain front-line care staff more effectively.

The Government launched the \$1 billion "Innovation and Technology Fund for Application in Elderly and Rehabilitation Care" (I&T Fund) in December 2018 to subsidise elderly and rehabilitation service units in the procurement/rental and trial use of technology products, with a view to improving the quality of life of service users and reducing the burden and pressure on care staff and carers.

SWD arranged a series of publicity work, including advertising on newspapers, in November 2020 to promote the care sector so as to attract job seekers to join the sector.

In addition, the 2020 Policy Address announced that the Government will consider adjusting the training and working hour arrangements under the Employees Retraining Board's "First-Hire-Then-Train" Scheme. Arrangements will also be made for employers participating in the scheme to join the Employment Programme for the Elderly and Middle-aged of the Labour Department and apply for on-the-job training allowance for employing staff meeting the requirement.

Annex
Number of trainees and expenditure involved in the Navigation Scheme by year

	No. of persons participating	No. of persons continued to be	Actual
	in the Navigation Scheme	employed in social welfare	expenditure of
Year		service units upon completion of	the Navigation
		the Navigation Scheme [Note 1]	Scheme
			(\$ million)
		Trainees not having completed	
2015-16	180	the Navigation Scheme were still	About 24.7
		under training	
2016-17	389	-Ditto-	About 56.3
2017-18	288	75	About 34.6
2018-19	161	114	About 22.6
2019-20	140	70	About 3.5
			[Note 2]
2020-21	Trainees from the former	40	
(as at end-	cohort		A b out 67.7
December	Trainees from the current	Trainees not having completed	About 67.7 [Note 3]
2020)	cohort: around 400	the Navigation Scheme are still	. ,
		under training	

[Note 1] Based on the information provided by some trainees upon graduation, 299 graduates would continue to be employed in social welfare service units.

[Note 2] The expenditure in 2019-20 was mainly used for publicity work commenced in the first quarter of 2020 under the enhanced Navigation Scheme. In that year, operating agencies made use of the operating balance of the Navigation Scheme in previous years for their operation of the Navigation Scheme.

[Note 3] 2020-21 Revised Estimate.

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)167

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 3016)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

- 1. It is stated under Programme (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services that the 2021-22 Estimate is 12.4% higher than last year and the estimate for Government sector has even significantly increased by 66.1%. Please provide a breakdown to explain the reasons for the substantial increase in the estimate. What new policies will the Social Welfare Department (SWD) introduce? How much of the expenditure involved is additional recurrent expenditure?
- 2. What are the staffing establishment, payroll cost and total expenditure for the monitoring and inspection of various types of residential care homes under Programme (4) in each of the past 3 years? In view of the substantial increase in the number of places of various types of residential care homes in the coming year, what measures will be adopted to strengthen the monitoring to ensure service quality?
- 3. What is the average waiting time (months) for various types of residential rehabilitation services in each of the past 3 years?
- 4. Please set out the number of additional places of hostels for severely mentally handicapped persons (HSMHs), hostels for moderately mentally handicapped persons (HMMHs), care-and-attention homes for severely disabled persons (C&A/SDs) and supported hostels (SHOSs) in each district in the coming year by 18 District Council (DC) districts;
- 5. What is the latest progress regarding the Government's amendment to the Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons) Ordinance, the Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons) Regulation, the Residential Care Homes (Persons with Disabilities) Ordinance and the Residential Care Homes (Persons with Disabilities) Regulation? When are they expected to be introduced to the Legislative Council?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Mei-fun, Priscilla (LegCo internal reference no.: 130)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. Under the Programme of Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services, the 2021-22 Estimate for Government sector will increase by about 66.1% when compared to the

- 2020-21 Revised Estimate. The increase is mainly due to the additional provision for the continued implementation of anti-epidemic measures including the operation of quarantine centres for residents of residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) and residential care homes for persons with disabilities (RCHDs), and implementation of the Targeted Group Testing Scheme for staff/residents/service users of RCHEs, RCHDs and nursing homes which were funded by the Anti-Epidemic Fund in 2020-21.
- 2. The staffing establishment and overall payroll cost for inspectors of SWD's Licensing Office of Residential Care Homes for Persons with Disabilities (LORCHD) in each of the past 3 years are set out in Table 1 of Annex 1. In addition, SWD has employed a total of 8 retired disciplined services officers on contract terms to assist in carrying out inspections at residential care homes (including RCHEs and RCHDs) since February 2017. The relevant payroll cost in each of the past 3 years is set out in Table 2 of Annex 1.

The Government attaches great importance to the service quality of RCHDs. SWD will continue to implement improvement measures, including stepping up inspection and law enforcement, increasing transparency, strengthening training of RCHD staff and promoting professionalism of the care service of RCHDs, etc.

- 3. The average waiting time for various types of residential rehabilitation services for persons with disabilities in each of the past 3 years is set out in Annex 2.
- 4. The estimated number of additional places for HSMHs, HMMHs, C&A/SDs and SHOSs for 2021-22 by DC district is set out in Annex 3.
- 5. To further enhance the regulation of residential care homes, SWD set up the Working Group on the Review of Ordinances and Codes of Practice for Residential Care Homes (Working Group) in June 2017. The Working Group completed the review in May 2019 and put forward recommendations covering the classification of residential care homes, statutory minimum staffing requirements, statutory minimum area of floor space per resident, requirements on operators, registration systems for home managers and health workers, relevant penalties, etc. Some recommendations of the Working Group are related to amendment of the Code of Practice for Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons) and the Code of Practice for Residential Care Homes (Persons with Disabilities). In this regard, SWD has amended the two Codes of Practice and implemented them since 1 January 2020. For the recommendations involving the Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons) Ordinance (Cap. 459) and the Residential Care Homes (Persons with Disabilities) Ordinance (Cap. 613), they have to be implemented by way of legislative amendments. The Government is making preparation for the legislative exercise.

Table 1: Staffing establishment and overall payroll cost for inspectors of the LORCHD

Year	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)
Social workers	13	14	14
Nurses	4	4	4
Building surveyors	3	3	3
Fire services officers	3	3	3
Total	22	24	24
(persons)	23	24	24
Overall payroll cost (\$ million)	about 15.15	about 16.77	about 12.57

Table 2: Payroll cost for employing retired disciplined services officers

Year	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)
Overall payroll cost (\$ million)	about 3.94	about 4.14	about 3.11

Annex 2
Average waiting time for various residential rehabilitation services

Service type	Average waiting time (in months) [Note 1]		
	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Halfway house	6.0	5.4	
Long stay care home	54.3	57.8	
Integrated Vocational Training Centre (Residential)	N.A. ^[Note 2]	N.A. [Note 2]	
Hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons	185.6	160.5	
Hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons	114.1	144.3	Not available vet
Hostel for severely physically handicapped persons	168.0	123.6	Not available yet [Note 3]
Care and attention home for severely disabled persons	68.1	68.4	
Care and attention home for the aged blind	10.0	9.9	
Small Group Home for Mildly Mentally Handicapped Children [Note 4]	15.0	8.7	
Supported hostel	39.0	47.3	

N.A.-Not applicable

- [Note 1] The waiting time is affected by a number of factors including the location preference indicated by the applicants, the choice of specific service units indicated, the turnover rate of the service units selected by the applicants, etc. The average waiting time is compiled on a financial-year basis covering the 1st day of April of a year to the 31st day of March of the next year.
- [Note 2] The service may admit service users directly or through referral and hence SWD does not have the statistics in this aspect.
- [Note 3] The figures for 2020-21 are not yet available as the average waiting time is compiled on a financial-year basis covering the 1st of April of a year to the 31st of March of the next year.
- [Note 4] Small group homes for mildly mentally handicapped children include integrated small group homes.

Estimated number of additional places for HSMHs, HMMHs, C&A/SDs and SHOSs for 2021-22

(By DC district)

DC District	Ty	pe of service and n	f service and number of service places	
DC District	HSMH	HMMH	C&A/SD	SHOS
Central & Western	-	-	-	-
Eastern	-	-	-	-
Wan Chai	-	-	-	-
Southern	-	-	-	-
Islands	-	-	-	-
Kwun Tong	-	-	-	-
Wong Tai Sin	-	-	-	-
Sai Kung	11	-	-	-
Kowloon City	-	-	-	-
Yau Tsim Mong	-	-	-	-
Sham Shui Po	50	50	-	50
Sha Tin	•	-	-	30
Tai Po	•	-	-	-
North	•	-	-	-
Yuen Long		-	-	-
Tuen Mun	400	75	200	-
Tsuen Wan	-	-	-	-
Kwai Tsing	-	20	-	-

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)168

(Question Serial No. 3018)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the operation of integrated community centres for mental wellness (ICCMWs), please inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. the expenditure incurred by ICCMWs and the staffing establishment of each notional team in the past 3 years and the coming year;
- 2. list the population of each service district, and the number of new cases and the number of members of each ICCMW in the past 3 years;
- 3. the number of ICCMWs with a total floor area above, equal to or below the standard Schedule of Accommodation (SoA) at present; what measures the Government have taken to help those ICCMWs with a total floor area below the standard SoA increase the total floor area;
- 4. the number of ICCMWs currently operating in permanent premises, those having identified permanent premises but yet to move in for operation, and those lacking permanent premises; the amount of rent allowance given or to be given to those ICCMWs lacking permanent premises in the past 3 years and the coming year;
- 5. The median waiting time in connection with psychiatric routine new cases of the Hospital Authority has shown no significant decrease since the ICCMWs came into operation. When assessing the effectiveness of the ICCMWs, is the effectiveness of ICCMWs in alleviating the burden of the public healthcare system one of the factors considered? If no, what are the other factors considered by the Government?

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Mei-fun, Priscilla (LegCo internal reference no.: 4)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The amount of subventions for the 24 ICCMWs granted by the Social Welfare Department (SWD) in the past 3 years and 2021-22 are set out in Annex 1.

Notional staffing establishment (NSE) is used by SWD for calculating the amount of subventions for subvented services. Under the Lump Sum Grant Subvention System, service operators have the flexibility to deploy resources and arrange suitable staffing

- to meet the requirements as set out in the Funding and Service Agreements. SWD has uploaded the samples of NSE of the subvented services to its webpage in February 2017 in order to enhance the transparency of subvention calculations. The NSE of ICCMWs is set out in Annex 2.
- 2. The number of new cases served by the 24 ICCMWs and the number of members of these centres by service district in the past 3 years are set out in Tables 1 to 2 of Annex 3. SWD does not have information in respect of the population of the service districts.
- 3. In order to cope with the service development and operational need, SWD has revised the standard SoA of ICCMWs, which was approved by the Government Property Agency in March 2018. According to the revised SoA, currently 7 out of the 24 ICCMWs have a total floor area equal to or above the standard SoA, while the other 17 ICCMWs have a total floor area below the standard, including 3 ICCMWs to be reprovisioned to permanent premises meeting the standard SoA upon completion of renovation/construction/conversion works. Apart from taking the standard SoA as a planning parameter for ICCMWs, SWD will also consider other factors in determining whether certain premises are suitable for ICCMW purpose, including the configuration, suitability, availability, accessibility and location of the premises. SWD will keep in view the overall service demand and the service situation of individual ICCMWs.
- 4. Among the 24 ICCMWs, 17 are currently operating in permanent premises. Suitable sites for permanent premises have been identified for 5 other ICCMWs, and fitting-out/building works are being/will be carried out. For the 2 remaining ICCMWs, sites have been preliminarily reserved in new development or redevelopment projects under planning, which have yet to be confirmed at this stage. SWD will continue to maintain close liaison with the relevant departments, with a view to finalising on the location of permanent premises as soon as possible. To tie in with operational and service need, SWD provide full subsidy to the 8 ICCMWs without permanent premises or having a total floor area below the standard SoA for renting 1 or more than 1 commercial premises for temporary service point or office purposes.
- 5. The ICCMWs mainly provide one-stop district-based community mental health support services for persons in mental recovery and persons with suspected mental health problems living in the serving districts. The core services of ICCMWs are not limited to casework counselling, day training, outreaching services, occupational therapy, therapeutic and supportive groups and public education, but also include referring cases with medical needs to the HA for clinical assessment or psychiatric treatment. In the meantime, ICCMWs will enhance the public's awareness of mental wellness through the organisation of public educational programmes, and encourage members of the public with mental health needs to seek early help or medical consultation. In each year, the ICCMWs need to assess the service outcomes using indicators such as the satisfaction of service users and whether the services have enhanced the service users' problem coping and solving capability. Implications on the healthcare system are not within the scope of the outcome assessment of ICCMW service.

Annex 1

Amount of subventions for the 24 ICCMWs granted by SWD in the past 3 years and 2021-22

Year	Expenditure (\$ million)
2018-19 (Actual)	381.2
2019-20 (Actual)	458.0
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	488.7
2021-22 (Estimate)	490.3

NSE of ICCMWs

ICCMW Scale: 1 Notional Team			
Rank/Post	Number of staff		
Social Work Officer	1.56		
Assistant Social Work Officer	10.08		
Social Work Assistant	9.20		
Registered Nurse (Psychiatric)	2.00		
Occupational Therapist I	1.13		
Occupational Therapist II	1.00		
Occupational Therapist Assistant	2.00		
Welfare Worker	6.13		
Clerical Assistant	1.00		
Workman II	1.00		

Table 1: Number of new cases served by 24 ICCMWs by service district

District	Number of new cases		
	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	700	651	556
Eastern & Wan Chai	807	851	669
Kwun Tong	727	714	626
Wong Tai Sin & Sai Kung	936	902	869
Kowloon City & Yau Tsim Mong	737	736	711
Sham Shui Po	378	372	350
Sha Tin	749	706	662
Tai Po & North	601	566	558
Yuen Long	772	703	594
Tsuen Wan & Kwai Tsing	969	995	839
Tuen Mun	606	526	501
Total	7 982	7 722	6 935

Table 2: Number of members of 24 ICCMWs by service district

District	Number of members		
	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	2 950	3 187	3 177
Eastern &Wan Chai	2 519	2 903	2 688
Kwun Tong	2 725	2 769	2 738
Wong Tai Sin & Sai Kung	3 358	3 351	3 419
Kowloon City & Yau Tsim Mong	2 628	2 618	2 216
Sham Shui Po	1 264	1 246	1 214
Sha Tin	2 322	2 311	2 223
Tai Po & North	2 761	2 624	2 718
Yuen Long	2 030	1 966	1 873
Tsuen Wan & Kwai Tsing	2 979	3 271	3 353
Tuen Mun	2 115	2 066	2 033
Total	27 651	28 312	27 652

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)169

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 0162)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the three-year pilot scheme to provide social work service for aided/subsidised child care centres (CCCs), kindergartens (KGs) and KG-cum-CCCs, please advise the following since its implementation:

- 1. the number of aided/subsidised CCCs, KGs and KG-cum-CCCs taking part in the scheme in respective years and their percentages of the total;
- 2. the number of non-governmental organisations (NGOs) and social workers involved; the average ratio of each social worker to children;
- 3. the number of aided/subsidised CCCs, KGs and KG-cum-CCCs receiving two-day, two-and-a-half-day and three-day or above stationing social work service in respective years;
- 4. the number of cases followed up by KG social workers in respective years by type;
- 5. whether the Government has conducted any mid-term review of the scheme and consulted the views of stakeholders; if so, please give the details;
- 6. the estimated expenditure for the coming year and the specific arrangements upon completion of the scheme.

Asked by: Hon LUK Chung-hung (LegCo internal reference no.: 32)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The Pilot Scheme on Social Work Service for Pre-primary Institutions (PPIs) is implemented in 3 phases. Phases 1, 2 and 3 of the Pilot Scheme have commenced operation in February 2019, August 2019 and August 2020 respectively serving 246, 239 and 240 (725 in total) eligible PPIs (including aided CCCs, KGs and KG-cum-CCCs). Based on the information of the Social Welfare Department (SWD) and the Education Bureau (EDB), there are a total of 775 subsidised/aided PPIs across the territory in the 2020/21 school year. The number of PPIs joining the Pilot Scheme takes up about 94% of all subsidised/aided PPIs eligible for the Pilot Scheme.

- 2. During the implementation of the three-phase Pilot Scheme, the Government has set up a total of 57 social work teams (including 35 full teams and 22 half teams of which 17 are jointly formed by more than 1 NGO) from 41 NGOs with more than 400 social workers. Given that each social work team with 8 social workers will provide service for not more than 16 PPIs serving about 3 200 pre-primary children and their families, each social worker will serve on average 400 pre-primary children and their families.
- 3. According to the service agreement between SWD and service operators, each social work team shall provide stationing service of not less than 2 days per week for serving PPI. SWD does not have a breakdown of two-day, two-and-a-half- day and three-day or above stationing service.
- 4. The number of cases receiving services under the Pilot Scheme in 2019-20 and 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) is 11 273 and 18 767 respectively. SWD does not have a breakdown of cases by type.
- 5. & 6. The estimated expenditure of the Pilot Scheme for 2021-22 is about \$293 million. During the implementation of the Pilot Scheme, the Government has commissioned the City University of Hong Kong to conduct an evaluation study on the current mode of operation, as well as the service performance and service outputs/outcomes of the Pilot Scheme so as to shed light on the way forward of the service.

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)170

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 0178)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (3) Services for The Elderly

(4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

Regarding the implementation of the \$1 billion Innovation and Technology Fund for Application in Elderly and Rehabilitation Care (I&T Fund), please advise:

- 1. the latest balance and utilisation of the I&T Fund, estimate for the coming year and the number of subsidised development projects;
- 2. the total number of projects on research and development (R&D) of gerontechnology and relevant products since the introduction of the I&T Fund; please list the relevant R&D projects, their progress, the subsidy involved and the results;
- 3. the total number of eligible elderly and rehabilitation service units having been subsidised to try out and procure/rent technology products since the implementation of the I&T Fund and the number of elderly beneficiaries; please list the number of items procured and rented, and categorise the gerontechnology products involved;
- 4. whether the I&T Fund will focus on technological R&D for "ageing in place" and expand the use of the I&T Fund to cover procurement at individual level in the future; if yes, please give the details; if not, the reasons; and
- 5. whether the Government will consider joint development of suitable gerontechnology products with neighbouring cities and research institutes.

Asked by: Hon LUK Chung-hung (LegCo internal reference no.: 37)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1 & 3. The \$1 billion I&T Fund was launched in December 2018 to subsidise eligible elderly and rehabilitation service units to procure/rent and try out technology products, with a view to improving the life of service users, and reducing the burden and pressure on care staff and carers. The \$1 billion Fund will be progressively disbursed within 5 years starting from 2019-2020. As at 31 December 2020, 3 tranches of grants totalling over \$200 million had been approved for about 970 elderly and rehabilitation service units to procure or rent

over 4 200 items of technology products. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have information on the number of beneficiary service users. The types of products that got more applications for procurement from the service units included smart hospital beds with extra low position, equipment and assessment tools for occupational therapy/physiotherapy/speech therapy, tilt- in- space/ height adjustable commode/shower chair, wireless health monitoring equipment, companion robot, and anti-wandering system, etc. For the fourth tranche application closed on 2 November 2020, applications for a total of about 3 000 items of technology products from about 640 service units were received. Vetting is underway.

- 2. 4 applications for trial use of newly developed technology products have been received so far. Vetting is underway.
- 4 & 5. SWD has commissioned the Hong Kong Council of Social Service (HKCSS) to promote the use of innovative technology in long-term care services and co- ordinate the collaboration among various stakeholders. In addition, the Government, HKCSS and the Hong Kong Science and Technology Parks Corporation have jointly organised the Gerontech and Innovation Expo cum Summit since 2017 to showcase local and overseas innovative products and concepts and provided a collaborative platform for various stakeholders to continue to promote the development of Gerontech. SWD will regularly review the utilisation of the Fund to evaluate its effectiveness and adjust its mode of operation as necessary, so as to promote the application of gerontechnology and benefit more service users, care staff and carers.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)171

(Question Serial No. 0199)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the implementation of the Special Scheme of Assistance to the Unemployed (Special Scheme) under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA), please advise the following:

- 1. the number of new CSSA unemployment cases since the launch of the Special Scheme on 1 June 2020, and among which the number of cases that have benefited from the relaxation of asset limits by 100% and the disregard of cash value of insurance policies as assets;
- 2. the average time required for applying for CSSA Scheme in the past 2 years; whether the Government has increased its manpower for more efficient processing and vetting of CSSA applications in view of economic downturn and rising service demand; if yes, please give the details; the manpower for processing CSSA cases and the average time required for applying for CSSA in the coming year;
- 3. whether the Government will review and extend the Special Scheme, including further enhancement so that the unemployed can apply for time-limited CSSA on an individual basis to tide over difficulties;
- 4. additional expenses involved in launching the Special Scheme.

Asked by: Hon LUK Chung-hung (LegCo internal reference no.: 40)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1, 3 & 4. To assist the unemployed and their families who face immediate financial difficulties in a more focused manner, the Government has launched the time-limited Special Scheme under the CSSA Scheme to temporarily relax the asset limits for able-bodied persons by 100% during the one-year period from 1 June 2020 to 31 May 2021. Moreover, during the six-month period from 1 April to 30 September 2021, the Government will disregard the cash value of insurance policies of able-bodied applicants of CSSA as assets in a grace period of 1 year. The Finance Committee of the Legislative Council has approved a one-off commitment of \$3.52 billion to cater for the relevant expenses. As at

the end of December 2020, the number of CSSA unemployment cases amounts to around 19 500, an increase of over 55% compared to end of December 2019. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) will continue to actively process CSSA applications in order to provide timely assistance to persons in need.

2. Regarding the processing of CSSA applications, under normal circumstances, and if the applicant or his/her guardian/appointee can produce all the necessary information, the application process can be completed within 4 weeks. In view of the implementation of new measures under CSSA and the rising trend in the number of CSSA applications, SWD has increased the manpower at various Social Security Field Units (SSFUs), including the addition of 45 Social Security Grade posts in the end of 2020 and early 2021. Meanwhile, SWD allocated additional resources in May 2020 to hire over 70 retired civil servants under the Post-retirement Service Contract Scheme to assist in the processing and approval of CSSA applications at various SSFUs. The aforesaid batch of additional manpower will continue to assist in the processing of CSSA applications in 2021-22.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)172

(Question Serial No. 0209)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the implementation of the "Pilot Project on Tier 1 Support Services in Kindergartens/Kindergarten-cum-Child Care Centres" (Pilot Project), please advise the following:

- 1. the number of cases having been followed-up by project teams since the introduction of the Pilot Project, the types of support services provided, and the number of children and kindergartens provided with such services;
- 2. in view of the impact of the epidemic and the class suspension over the past year on the learning, daily life and social skills of children showing signs of special needs, what additional resources, measures and services will the Government provide to support these children, parents and schools?
- 3. whether the Government will consider expanding the number of places and the scale of the Pilot Project so that more students can receive early intervention services; and
- 4. the estimated expenditure for the Pilot Project.

Asked by: Hon LUK Chung-hung (LegCo internal reference no.: 42)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The Government implemented a twenty-month "Pilot Project on Tier 1 Support Services in Kindergartens/Kindergarten-cum-Child Care Centres" (Pilot Project) in August 2020. As at 31 December 2020, 6 project teams co-ordinated by 6 non-governmental organisations operating on-site pre-school rehabilitation services provided early intervention services, including individual/group training, to 813 pre-school children in about 80 kindergartens/kindergarten-cum-child care centres. They also provided parents and teachers with professional consultation and training, including talks, workshops, seminars and teaching demonstrations.
- 2. The Government has been making timely announcements of special arrangements for welfare services, having regard to the development of the epidemic. Operators of preschool rehabilitation services have also arranged for different modes of individual training, such as centre-based training, mobile/electronic learning and home training for

- service users, taking into account the epidemic situation, service users' circumstances and their parents' preference.
- 3. The Government has commissioned a consultant to carry out an evaluative study on the Pilot Project to assess the effectiveness and long-term service development.
- 4. A funding of \$64.5 million was allocated from the Lotteries Fund to implement the Pilot Project.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)173

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2007)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: Not Specified

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the implementation of purchase of premises for the provision of welfare services under the Programme, please advise:

- 1. the premises purchased so far and their uses;
- 2. the progress of purchasing premises for around 160 proposed welfare facilities, as estimated by the Government, with a breakdown by service type and district;
- 3. based on experience, the average time taken from identifying suitable premises to formally purchasing properties; and whether the local communities have been consulted on the selection of the premises before the purchase; and
- 4. in view of the economy, many privately owned premises with larger area will be available for sale. Will the Government seize the opportunity to extend the project to purchasing premises for the provision of residential care homes for the elderly or persons with disabilities?

Asked by: Hon LUK Chung-hung (LegCo internal reference no.: 33)

Reply:

On 30 June 2020, the Government obtained funding approval from the Finance Committee of the Legislative Council to purchase properties over some 3 years for accommodating welfare facilities, including child care centres (CCCs), day care centres for the elderly (DEs), neighbourhood elderly centres (NECs), on-site pre-school rehabilitation services (OPRS), etc. to help meet the acute shortfall of premises. The details of welfare facilities proposed to be accommodated in premises to be purchased are set out in the Annex.

The Social Welfare Department (SWD) has completed the consultation with the 18 District Councils on the welfare facilities proposed to be accommodated in purchased premises for the districts concerned in mid-November 2020 and has started the purchase exercise. With the assistance of the Government Property Agency (GPA), SWD is currently identifying suitable non-domestic premises for purchase through different channels, including open invitations to owners of potentially suitable non-domestic premises available for sale in 18 districts to submit their sale proposals to GPA for consideration. SWD is assessing the suitability of offered premises for purchase. The Government will not disclose the locations

of the premises proposed to be purchased beforehand so as not to affect the transactions. SWD will update the GPA's website with regard to the information on welfare facilities for which suitable premises have been purchased.

Apart from taking up significant floor area, the technical and layout requirements of residential care homes for the elderly and persons with disabilities are also more complex. These facilities are preferably accommodated in purpose-built premises and are therefore not included in the purchase exercise. In this connection, the Government will continue to adopt a multi-pronged approach with long- and medium-term strategies to accommodate the residential care homes for the elderly and persons with disabilities in purpose-built premises in different types of new development projects.

Purchase of Premises for the Provision of Welfare Facilities List of Welfare Facilities Proposed to be Accommodated in Premises to be Purchased

Type of facilities	Number of
	facilities
Family and child care facilities	
(a) CCC	28
(b) Co-parenting Support Centre	5
(c) Integrated Family Service Centre	6
Elderly facilities	
(d) DE	15
(e) NEC	48
(f) District Elderly Community Centre	7
Rehabilitation facilities	
(g) Day Activity Centre	3
(h) Integrated Vocational Rehabilitation Services Centre	3
(i) Special Child Care Centre (SCCC)	5
(j) OPRS	12
(k) Support Centre for Persons with Autism	3
(1) District Support Centre for Persons with Disabilities	5
(m) Parents/Relatives Resource Centre	9
(n) Community Rehabilitation Day Centre	1
(o) SCCC cum Early Education and Training Centre	1
Youth facilities	
(p) Integrated Children and Youth Services Centre	1
(q) Youth Outreaching Team	1
(r) Cyber Youth Support Team	5
Total:	158

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)174

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2009)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the implementation of the enhanced Navigation Scheme for Young Persons in Care Services (Navigation Scheme) under this Programme, please advise the following:

- 1. the number of trainees recruited under the Navigation Scheme and the number of organisations participating in the Navigation Scheme over the past 2 years;
- 2. the number of dropouts over the past 2 years and whether the Government has looked into the reasons;
- 3. the average age and educational attainment of the trainees over the past 2 years;
- 4. the weekly working hours of trainees and their remuneration over the past 2 years;
- 5. the number of graduates joining the elderly sector over the past 2 years, and the average salary for their full-time jobs; and
- 6. whether similar schemes will be provided to the middle-aged/unemployed so as to attract them to the sector and alleviate the shortage?

Asked by: Hon LUK Chung-hung (LegCo internal reference no.: 35)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1 to 5. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) launched the Navigation Scheme in July 2015, recruiting young persons aged between 18 to 25 who have completed Secondary 5 education or attained an equivalent academic qualification to join the elderly or rehabilitation care services. Trainees work for 44 hours per week under the Navigation Scheme. As at the end of December 2020, a total of 1 158 trainees were recruited under the Navigation Scheme. 529 trainees graduated, while 91 trainees were still under the Navigation Scheme. 538 trainees had left the Navigation Scheme mainly for reasons such as pursuing further studies, finding the job nature not suitable, having secured another job or Based on the information provided by the trainees upon personal reasons. graduation, as at the end of December 2020, 299 graduates continued to be employed in social welfare service units, including elderly service units. SWD continues to provide a total of 1 200 additional training places within 5 years starting from 2020-21, and roll out enhancement measures, which include expanding the age range of trainees from between 18 and 25 to between 17 and 29, reducing the working hours per week for trainees from 44 to 40 for them to further their studies more effectively, and raising their salaries and training subsidies. 5 operating agencies have started recruiting trainees under the enhanced scheme since the second quarter of 2020, recruiting about 400 trainees so far.

The respective monthly salaries of trainees participating in the Navigation Scheme and recruited to fill the relevant posts in 2019-20 and 2020-21 are as follows:

Year	Monthly salary		
Post	2019-20	2020-21	
Tost	(\$)	(\$)	
Care worker (entry level)	11,740	14,150	
Health worker (after promotion)	14,110	17,090	

SWD does not have information on the average age, educational attainment and salaries of trainees upon their departure from the Navigation Scheme.

6. It is stated in the 2020 Policy Address that in view of the tight manpower situation of front-line care staff in residential care homes for the elderly, the Government will consider adjusting the training and working hour arrangements under Employees Retraining Board's "First-Hire-Then-Train" Scheme. Arrangements will also be made for employers participating in the scheme to join the Employment Programme for the Elderly and Middle-aged of the Labour Department and apply for on-the-job training (OJT) allowance. This is to encourage employers to engage job seekers aged 40 or above who are unemployed or have left the workforce and to provide them with OJT.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)175

(Question Serial No. 2011)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the implementation of the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher (CCSV) for the Elderly (Pilot Scheme), please advise:

- 1. in each of the past 2 years,
 - i) the number of persons who were issued CCSVs and the number of users;
 - ii) the number of service units with a breakdown by service type;
 - iii) the number of quotas of day care services and home care services and the frequency of using the services;
 - iv) the number of persons leaving the Pilot Scheme and the reasons for leaving;
- 2. the number of service units with their service delivery affected amid the epidemic in the past year, the number of elderly persons involved; whether the Government has implemented any measures to help the elderly persons who were issued CCSVs to obtain the services they need during the epidemic;
- 3. the progress of a plan announced by the Government in implementing the Third Phase of the Pilot Scheme under which medical institutions or medical/rehabilitation service operators with proven experience of direct community care service for the elderly may participate in the Pilot Scheme; the actual number of medical institutions or medical/rehabilitation service operators participating in the Pilot Scheme; the medical services involved; and
- 4. the number of CCSVs to be issued in the coming year and the estimated expenditure involved.

Asked by: Hon LUK Chung-hung (LegCo internal reference no.: 39)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. & 2. The second phase of the Pilot Scheme was implemented from October 2016 to September 2020. The third phase of the Pilot Scheme commenced in

October 2020. The information sought on the second and third phases of the Pilot Scheme is set out in the Annex.

Based on the latest development of the COVID-19 epidemic and service needs, recognised service providers (RSPs) of the Pilot Scheme have been making special arrangements for service adjustments, such as suspension or maintenance of day care centre services on a limited scale. With the adoption of suitable preventive measures, RSPs have also flexibly provided service packages to CCSV holders based on their needs, including the continued provision of some home care services (such as meals, escort, nursing, administration of medicine, assistance with personal hygiene and procurement of necessities) or online training, etc. CCSV holders may also use different values of CCSV in a flexible manner.

- 3. As at the end of December 2020, a total of 9 medical institutions or medical/rehabilitation service operators with proven experience of direct community care services for the elderly have participated in the third phase of the Pilot Scheme. The CCSV services offered by the relevant service providers include nursing care, physiotherapy, occupational therapy and speech therapy, etc.
- 4. The third phase of the Pilot Scheme provides a total of 8 000 CCSVs. The estimated expenditure for 2021-22 is about \$294 million.

Table 1: Number of persons issued with/ having used CCSVs under the second phase of the Pilot Scheme and the number of service places

Year	Cumulative	No. of CCSV	No. of RSPs	No. of service places	
	no. of persons issued with CCSVs	users		Day care service	Home care service
2019-20	11 222	4 237	173	3 210	6 806
2020-21 (as at end-September 2020)	12 154	4 379	179	3 250	7 123

Table 2: Distribution of RSPs and number of users [Note] by service type under the second phase of the Pilot Scheme

Year	Day care service Home care service		Pay care service Home care service Day care and care serv			
	No. of RSPs	No. of users	No. of RSPs	No. of users	No. of RSPs	No. of users
2019-20	34	1 774	22	1 398	117	1 065
2020-21 (as at end-September 2020)	34	1 725	25	1 599	120	1 055

[Note] The frequency of service usage is unavailable.

Table 3: Cumulative number of elderly persons having left the second phase of Pilot Scheme by reason for leaving

Reason for leaving the Pilot Scheme	2020-21 (as at end-September 2020) Number of persons		
Natural turnover			
Will be/have been allocated with subsidised community care service or subsidised/private residential care service	2 739		
Deceased	1 808		
Taken care of by family members or domestic helpers	680		
Others (e.g. hospitalised, out of town)	473		
Service-related			
No suitable service units/service packages	295		
Total	5 995		

Table 4: Number of persons issued with/ having used CCSVs under the third phase of the Pilot Scheme and the number of service places

Year	Cumulative no.	No. of CCSV	No. of RSPs	No. of serv	ice places
	of persons issued with CCSVs	users		Day care service	Home care service
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	7 338 ^[Note]	4 475	227	3 804	10 542

[Note] Including 6 159 CCSV holders who migrated from the second phase to the third phase of the Pilot Scheme.

Table 5: Distribution of RSPs and the number of users by service type under the third phase of the Pilot Scheme

Year	Day care service		Home care service		Day care a	
	No. of RSPs	No. of users	No. of RSPs	No. of users	No. of RSPs	No. of users
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	41	1 734	47	1 675	139	1 066

Table 6: Cumulative number of elderly persons having left the third phase of Pilot Scheme by reason for leaving

Reason for leaving the Pilot Scheme	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)		
	Number of persons		
Natural turnover			
Will be/have been allocated with subsidised community care	273		
service or subsidised/private residential care service	213		
Deceased	195		
Taken care of by family members or domestic helpers	21		
Others (e.g. hospitalised, out of town)	31		
Service-related			
No suitable service units/service packages	-		
Total	519		

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)176

(Question Serial No. 2012)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the services provided by day activity centres (DACs), sheltered workshops (SWs)/integrated vocational rehabilitation services centres (IVRSCs) stated under the Programme, please advise:

- 1. the number of days on which rehabilitation units such as DACs, SWs/IVRSCs closed due to the epidemic in the past year; what support have the Government provided to services users and their carers;
- 2. the details of on-site training and care to ageing service users in DAC cum Hostel for Severely Mentally Handicapped Persons (DAC cum HSMH) and SW/IVRSC cum Hostel for Moderately Mentally Handicapped Persons (SW/IVRSC cum HMMH), as well as the units involved for improving services and the number of places;
- 3. the details of "the implementation of a pilot project to enhance the service model for SWs/IVRSCs" stated under the Programme;
- 4. in the face of economic shocks, high unemployment rates and shortage of job, how the Government assists relevant units in strengthening support for persons with disabilities in training, job placement and job matching; whether the Government will consider extending the timeframe for the provision of employment support services for persons with disabilities, so that they will not be denied continued support when they remain jobless upon the expiry of the project; and
- 5. the estimates and implementation timetable involved in the pilot project.

Asked by: Hon LUK Chung-hung (LegCo internal reference no.: 43)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. In the past year, in response to the development of COVID-19 epidemic and to reduce the spread of the epidemic in the community, day care rehabilitation services units such as DACs, SWs and IVRSCs suspended their services between 29 January and 14 May 2020 and between 15 July and 22 September 2020. However, these units, depending on the situation, remained open to service users with special needs during the period, and continue their liaison

with service users and their carers by telephone, by mail or by online communication tools such as instant messaging applications, providing them with anti-epidemic information, training in skills associated with daily life and simple tasks, vocational rehabilitation training, etc. in order to offer support to them.

- 2, 3 & 5. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) plans to implement 2 pilot projects with funding from the Lotteries Fund in 2021 to enhance the service model of SWs/IVRSCs, so as to provide trainees who are interested in enhancing their working ability with training modules commensurate with their abilities and talents to prepare them for future career development; as well as to provide one-stop and continuous rehabilitation training, care and residential services for aging service users of DACs cum HSMHs and SWs/IVRSCs cum HMMHs. As the projects are still at the planning stage, no details can be provided.
- SWD provides persons with disabilities who as yet cannot enter the open job 4. market with a series of vocational rehabilitation services, including SWs, Supported Employment (SE), integrated vocational rehabilitation services, On the Job Training Programme for People with Disabilities (OJT) and Sunnyway - On the Job Training Programme for Young People with Disabilities The services cover job-related training and counselling, job attachment, job trial and post-placement service. The SE, OJT and Sunnyway provide participants with a monthly job attachment allowance of \$2,000 for up to 3 months as an incentive for them to receive training, and provide employers who offer job-trials a monthly wage subsidy with a ceiling of \$4,000 for a maximum period of 6 months as an incentive for them to offer more job opportunities to people with disabilities. The services/programmes also provide 12 months of post-placement service to participants who have secured employment to help them settle in employment. Where participants have not yet secured employment, the organisations operating the services/programmes will continue to render services to them. SWD will keep in view the demand for and the suitability of various existing vocational rehabilitation services, and constantly enhance the relevant services.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)177

(Question Serial No. 2288)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for the Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding additional EA1 places to be purchased under the "Enhanced Bought Place Scheme (EBPS)", please advise:

- 1. given that the Secretary for Labour and Welfare indicated in 2018 that 1 000 additional EA1 places under the EBPS would be purchased in each of the next 5 years, whether the plan has been implemented; the number of additional EA1 places purchased by the Government from 2018 to present, as well as the total number and its percentage out of the number of places in private residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs);
- 2. the number of EA2 places upgraded to EA1 places in the past 3 years; the number of EA2 places under the EBPS; whether the Government has a timetable for upgrading all EA2 places to EA1 places;
- 3. given that according to the information of the Social Welfare Department, the average waiting time for admission to subvented and contract homes currently takes 41 months while the waiting time for admission to private RCHEs participating in the EBPS takes only 8 months, so there is a significant difference between the two, reflecting elderly persons are still worried about the quality of places under the EBPS, how the Government can enhance the quality of private RCHEs participating in the EBPS in the long run, so as to increase the elderly persons' confidence in the EBPS and improve the waiting time; and
- 4. the estimated number of additional places under the EBPS and the expenditure to be involved in the next 3 years.

Asked by: Hon LUK Chung-hung (LegCo internal reference no.: 38)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The Government has purchased an additional 5 000 EA1 places under the EBPS over 5 consecutive years starting from 2019-20 to increase the supply of subsidised residential care places for the elderly and enhance the overall service quality of private RCHEs. Among the first batch of about 1 700 additional EA1 places bought, 964 have commenced service by the end of 2020, while about 720 remaining additional places are

- expected to commence service by 2021-22. The second batch of additional EA1 places bought, involving about 1 200 places, are also expected to commence service progressively in 2021-22. As at the end of December 2020, private RCHEs participating in the EBPS provided a total of 7 059 EA1 places, accounting for about 15% of all places actually provided by private RCHEs.
- 2. The Government invited all private EA2 homes under the EBPS to upgrade to EA1 home standard through their participation in an upgrading exercise between 2016-17 and 2017-18 with a view to increasing the supply of subsidised places of a higher quality standard. A total of 21 homes participated in the upgrading exercise, involving about 1 200 upgraded EA1 places. As at the end of December 2020, private RCHEs participating in the EBPS provided a total of 2 166 EA2 places. The Government will consider the overall supply of residential care places for the elderly and resources situation, and timely review and enhance the EBPS.
- 3. The Government has implemented the EBPS to increase the supply of subsidised residential care places for the elderly, shorten elderly persons' waiting time for subsidised care-and-attention places, and upgrade the service standard of private RCHEs through enhancing service requirements in terms of staffing ratio and per capita floor area. The average enrolment rate of subsidised residential care places for the elderly under the EBPS over the past 3 years is 95%, which is similar to that of subvented homes.
- 4. The Government will purchase an additional 5 000 EA1 places under the EBPS over 5 consecutive years starting from 2019-20, involving a recurrent expenditure of about \$810 million.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)178

(Question Serial No. 2346)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: Not Specified

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The Scheme on Relief Grants for Interest Class Instructors Hired by Organisations Subvented by the Social Welfare Department (SWD) (the Scheme) was set up under the Government's Anti-epidemic Fund (AEF) to provide support for interest class instructors hired by non-governmental welfare organisations (welfare NGOs) in order to lessen the impact of COVID-19 on them. Please provide the following information:

(a) Regarding the Scheme under the second, third and fourth rounds of the AEF, please provide the relevant information in the table below.

	Number of	Number of	Number of	Number of	Total	Current
	applications	applications	applications	applications	amount of	balance of
	received	approved	rejected	pending	grants	the
				approval	disbursed	commitment
AEF 2.0						
AEF 3.0						
AEF 4.0						

Asked by: Hon MA Fung-kwok (LegCo internal reference no.: 53)

Reply:

SWD launched 3 phases of the Scheme to provide relief assistance for interest class instructors having lost much of their income as a result of service suspension of subvented welfare service units. Scheme I and Scheme II were launched under the second and third rounds of the AEF in May 2020 and October 2020 respectively, providing one-off relief grants at a rate of \$7,500 and \$5,000 respectively for each of the eligible interest class instructor. The measures have been completed. Scheme III was launched under the fourth round of the AEF in January 2021 to provide one-off relief grant of \$7,500 for each of the eligible successful applicants of Schemes I and II, and new eligible applicants. Scheme III is open for application until 31 March. Details are set out as follows:

	Number of	Number of	Number of	Number of	Total amount	Current
	applications	applications	applications	applications	of grants	balance of the
	received	approved	rejected	pending	disbursed	commitment
				approval	(\$ million)	(\$ million)
AEF 2.0	4 314	4 142	172	1	31.0650	-
AEF 3.0	3 500	3 444	56	-	17.2200	-
AEF 4.0	3 144	2 991	Applications	153	22.4325	22.5675 [Note 2]
[Note 1]			are under			
			vetting			

[Note 1] As at 11 March 2021.

[Note 2] The fourth round of the AEF has earmarked \$45 million for Scheme III. Application and vetting for Scheme III is underway.

The financial impact of the measures will be absorbed by the AEF, which does not form part of the Appropriation Bill or the estimates on the General Revenue Account.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)179

(Question Serial No. 2363)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher (CCSV) for the Elderly (Pilot Scheme), would the Social Welfare Department (SWD) inform this Committee of the following:

- a. for the third phase of the Pilot Scheme, the number of participating elderly persons, the expenditure, and the number of participating service providers;
- b. the type of services used by elderly persons and the relevant breakdown figures in the third phase of the Pilot Scheme;
- c. the type and the total number of service vouchers of different values issued in the third phase of the Pilot Scheme, the number of elderly persons procuring residential respite service with service vouchers; and
- d. the estimated expenditure and programme plan(s) in the Government's plan to provide additional vouchers under the Pilot Scheme in 2021-22.

Asked by: Hon MA Fung-kwok (LegCo internal reference no.: 89)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- a. The third phase of the Pilot Scheme has been implemented since October 2020. As at the end of December 2020, a cumulative total of 7 338 elderly persons had participated in the Pilot Scheme, with 227 recognised service providers in total. The 2020-21 Revised Estimate for the Pilot Scheme is about \$46 million.
- b. As at the end of December 2020, among the 6 819 current CCSV holders, 4 475 were receiving services. The service type used and the breakdown are provided as follows:

Service type	No. of users
Day care service	1 734
Home care service	1 675
Day care and home care services	1 066
Total	4 475

- c. The third phase of the Pilot Scheme only sets the floor and ceiling voucher values. In 2020-21, the floor and ceiling values of CCSVs were \$4,130 and \$9,870 respectively. CCSV holders may choose the suitable service items or packages within this value range. Besides, as at the end of December 2020, the cumulative number of elderly persons who had procured residential respite service with CCSVs was 5.
- d. In 2021-22, the Government will continue to provide 8 000 CCSVs under the Pilot Scheme, involving an estimated expenditure of about \$294 million.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)180

(Question Serial No. 2364)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

In 2014-15, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) purchased residential care places from elderly homes run by 2 Hong Kong non-governmental organisations in the Mainland. Would SWD please advise the following:

- a. the number of elderly persons on the central waiting list (CWL) for subsidised residential care places;
- b. the number of elderly persons admitted into the 2 said elderly homes since the implementation of the scheme;
- c. the actual number of residential care places purchased and the expenditure involved in pursuing the scheme in 2020-21;
- d. the estimated expenditure on pursuing this pilot scheme in 2021-22;
- e. the existing publicity channels employed by SWD to promote this scheme; and
- f. ways to assess the effectiveness of the scheme?

Asked by: Hon MA Fung-kwok (LegCo internal reference no.: 90)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- a. As at the end of December 2020, there were 37 525 elderly persons [Note] on the CWL for subsidised care-and-attention (C&A) and nursing home (NH) places.
- b. to f. The Pilot Residential Care Services Scheme in Guangdong was launched in June 2014 and has been regularised since January 2020 to continue to provide an alternative for elderly persons waitlisted for subsidised C&A places. As at the end of December 2020, a total of 259 elderly persons were admitted to the 2 homes.

The actual number of places purchased by SWD and the expenditure for each year depend on the number of participants. As at the end of December 2020, a total of 157 elderly persons participating in the scheme were residing in the 2 residential care homes. The 2020-21 Revised Estimate is about \$20.1 million while the 2021-22 Estimate is about \$22.7 million.

SWD will continue to introduce the scheme on its website, and the 2 homes will also step up their efforts to promote the scheme to Hong Kong people residing in Hong Kong and the Mainland through leaflets and webpages, etc.

[Note] SWD has ceased to accept new applications for placement in subvented homes for the aged since 1 January 2003. Subsidised residential care services for the elderly currently available for application include C&A places and NH places. The figure does not include elderly persons classified as inactive cases on the CWL.

- End -

LWB(WW)181

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2365)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

- 1. Please inform this Committee of the details about the vocational education and training programmes related to the elderly service sector organised by various training institutions in the past 3 years, broken down by name and category of the programme, professional discipline, mode of study or training period, number of places and actual student intakes, number of graduates or trainees having completed the training, and percentage of graduates employed in the elderly service sector.
- 2. Please inform this Committee of the measures implemented to improve the manpower shortage in elderly services and the relevant expenditure in the past 3 years.
- 3. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) provided additional resources in 2018-19 for subsidised elderly service units to increase the salaries of personal care workers and home helpers. How will the Bureau assess the effectiveness of these measures?
- 4. The Government has planned to launch the enhanced Navigation Scheme for Young Persons in Care Services (Navigation Scheme) in 2020-21. How will the Government evaluate the effectiveness of the Navigation Scheme? Besides, what new measures does the Government have in 2021-22 to address the labour shortage in the elderly service sector?

Asked by: Hon MA Fung-kwok (LegCo internal reference no.: 91)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. to 3. As the vocational education and training programmes related to the elderly service sector cover many areas of different scales, SWD does not have the information sought. Nevertheless, the Government has been closely monitoring the manpower demand of the welfare sector. In this connection, the Government has implemented the following measures to increase manpower supply and strengthen their professional skills.

According to the results of the report on the Strategic Review on Healthcare Manpower Planning and Professional Development published in 2017, there is a general shortage of manpower in certain healthcare professions (including doctors,

dentists, nurses and allied health professionals). In this connection, the Government has increased the healthcare-related publicly funded first-year-first-degree intake places from about 1 780 to about 1 930 each academic year in the University Grants Committee (UGC)'s triennial planning cycle from 2019/20 to 2021/22, and continues to encourage self-financing institutions to offer healthcare programmes. The related recommendation from the Government received positive feedback from UGC-funded universities in the Planning Exercise for the 2019/20 to 2021/22 triennium, with more intake places provided for the programmes concerned. The recurrent grants to the UGC-funded universities are in the form of a block grant. As funding for the above programmes is subsumed under the block grants, the UGC is unable to provide information on the actual subvention for individual programmes.

Furthermore, the numbers of subsidised first-year places of the designated undergraduate programmes in the healthcare discipline under the Study Subsidy Scheme for Designated Professions/Sectors have increased from 420 in the 2015/16 academic year to 1 460 in the 2021/22 academic year. The expenditures from the 2018/19 academic year to the 2020/21 academic year (as at February 2021) in subsidising students to pursue the relevant undergraduate programmes were \$259 million, \$313 million and \$365 million respectively. Starting from the 2019/20 academic year, the scheme has been expanded to cover designated self- financing sub-degree programmes in selected disciplines. The numbers of subsidised first-year places of the designated sub-degree programmes in the healthcare-related disciplines have increased from 690 in the 2019/20 academic year to 1 256 in the 2021/22 academic year. The expenditures in subsidising students to pursue the relevant sub-degree programmes in the 2019/20 academic year and the 2020/21 academic year (as at February 2021) were about \$41.5 million and \$66.9 million respectively.

SWD has also implemented a Training Sponsorship Scheme to provide funding support for non-governmental organisations (NGOs) to sponsor in full the tuition fees of students recruited by subvented organisations running elderly or rehabilitation services after their completion of the two-year entry level Master in Occupational Therapy programme and the two-year entry level Master in Physiotherapy programme offered by the Hong Kong Polytechnic University, with a view to encouraging graduates of these 2 programmes to join the welfare sector. The sponsored students must work for the NGOs for at least 2 to 3 years after graduation. Sponsored students from the first to fourth cohort programmes have graduated and started working in the NGOs in 2014, 2016, 2019 and 2021 respectively. The fifth cohort programmes started in January 2021, with 94 of the sponsored students having been recruited by NGOs taking part in the Scheme. SWD has extended the Scheme to cover upcoming graduates taking the Bachelor of Sciences in Occupational Therapy programmes at Tung Wah College since Among the upcoming graduates in 2021, 11 students have been 2020-21. recruited by NGOs participating in the Scheme. They are required to work for the NGOs for at least 2 years after graduation.

In addition, SWD has commissioned the Open University of Hong Kong to provide a total of 920 Enrolled Nurse (EN)(General) and EN(Psychiatric) training places under the EN Training Programme for the Welfare Sector (Training Programme) for 4 consecutive years starting from 2017-18. The Training Programme is fully

subsidised by the Government. The trainees are required to sign an undertaking to work in the welfare sector continuously for 2 years upon graduation. In the past 3 years, the Training Programme involved an expenditure of about \$81.8 million. SWD has also commissioned the Open University of Hong Kong to provide a total of 800 additional EN(General) training places for 4 consecutive years starting from 2021-22, involving an estimated total expenditure of about \$190 million.

For front-line care workers, SWD launched the Navigation Scheme in July 2015, providing a total of 1 000 training places in phases starting from 2015-16 to encourage young people to join the elderly and rehabilitation care services. Apart from receiving on-the-job training in elderly or rehabilitation service units, young participants of the Navigation Scheme were also provided with subsidies from the Government to pursue a two-year part-time diploma course. As at the end of December 2020, a total of 1 158 trainees were recruited under the Navigation Scheme and 529 of them graduated. The Government continues with the operation of the Navigation Scheme, providing a total of 1 200 training places within 5 years starting from 2020-21, and will roll out enhancement measures, which include expanding the age range of trainees from between 18 and 25 to between 17 and 29, reducing the working hours per week for trainees from 44 to 40 for them to further their studies more effectively, and raising their salaries and training subsidies, with a view to attracting more young people to join the social welfare care sector. The operating agencies have recruited trainees under the enhanced Navigation Scheme since the second quarter of 2020, recruiting a The 2018-19 and 2019-20 Actual Expenditure total of about 400 trainees so far. for the Navigation Scheme stood at about \$22.6 million and \$3.5 million respectively [Note]. The 2020-21 Revised Estimate is about \$67.7 million.

To address the difficulty of subsidised welfare service units in recruiting and retaining front-line care staff, the Government, starting from June 2018, has provided additional resources for subsidised elderly services, rehabilitation services, and family and child welfare services units to increase the salaries provision for recognised posts of personal care workers, home helpers and ward attendants, thereby enabling these subsidised service units to recruit and retain staff more effectively. The measure involves a recurrent expenditure of about \$352 million.

4. SWD has exchanged views on the implementation and effectiveness of the Navigation Scheme in regular meetings with the operators, so as to ensure that arrangements of individual operators are consistent with the objectives of the Navigation Scheme. Meanwhile, SWD continues to implement the \$1 billion "Innovation and Technology Fund for Application in Elderly and Rehabilitation Care" launched in December 2018 to subsidise elderly and rehabilitation service units in the procurement/rental and trial use of technology products, so as to improve the quality of life of service users and reduce the burden and pressure on care staff and carers.

In November 2020, SWD arranged a series of publicity work, including advertisements in newspapers, to promote the care sector so as to attract job seekers to join the sector.

The 2020 Policy Address announced that the Government will consider adjusting the training and working hour arrangements under the Employees Retraining Board's "First-Hire-Then-Train" Scheme. Arrangements will also be made for employers participating in the scheme to join the Employment Programme for the Elderly and Middle-aged of the Labour Department and apply for on-the-job training allowance for employing staff meeting the requirement.

[Note] The 2019-20 Actual Expenditure was mainly used for publicity work commenced in the first quarter of 2020 under the enhanced Navigation Scheme. In that year, operators made use of the operating balance of the Navigation Scheme in previous years for their continued operation of the Navigation Scheme.

- End -

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)182

(Question Serial No. 2375)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

1. Please inform this Committee of the number of young graduates joining the elderly service sector upon completion of the Navigation Scheme for Young Persons in Care Services (Navigation Scheme), and the turnover rate so far. Besides, how does the Government assess the effectiveness of the Navigation Scheme?

- 2. The Government has implemented the enhanced Navigation Scheme in the 5 years starting from 2020-21, please inform this Committee of:
 - a. the number of training places, the number of applicants, and the expenditure for the enhanced Navigation Scheme in 2020-21; and
 - b. the number of training places and the estimated expenditure for the enhanced Navigation Scheme in 2021-22.

Asked by: Hon MA Fung-kwok (LegCo internal reference no.: 92)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) launched the Navigation Scheme in July 2015 to encourage young people to join the elderly and rehabilitation care services. As at the end of December 2020, there were a total of 1 158 trainees under the Navigation Scheme. Among them, 91 remained, 538 have left, while 529 have graduated. According to the information provided by the trainees upon graduation, 299 graduates would continue to be employed in social welfare service units. SWD will continue to exchange views on the implementation and effectiveness of the Navigation Scheme in regular meetings with the operating agencies, so as to ensure that arrangements of individual agencies are consistent with the objectives of the Navigation Scheme.
- 2a. & b. The Government continues the implementation of the enhanced Navigation Scheme within 5 years starting from 2020-21 to provide a total of 1 200 additional training places. As at the end of December 2020, operating agencies recruited a total of about 400 trainees. The revised estimate for the Navigation Scheme in 2020-21 is about \$67.7 million. A total of 320 training places will be provided in 2021-22, involving an estimated expenditure of about \$86 million.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)183

(Question Serial No. 3177)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please advise as to:

- a. the number of places and persons waitlisted for rehabilitation services for pre-school children provided under the Social Welfare Department (SWD) including special child care centres (SCCCs), early education and training centres (EETCs) and integrated programme in kindergarten-cum-child care centres (IP) in 2020-21 (with a breakdown by 18 districts);
- b. the average waiting time for the above services in 2020-21;
- c. whether the plan as stated by SWD in 2015-16 that "the Government will provide in Tai Po, Sham Shui Po and through in-situ expansion of 196 additional EETC places, 114 additional SCCC places and 240 additional IP places" has been completed in 2020-21 and if no, the implementation timetable; and
- d. the number of places and actual expenditure on on-site pre-school rehabilitation services (OPRS) for the 2020/21 school year following the Government's announcement in early 2018 that the Pilot Scheme on On-site Pre-school Rehabilitation Services would be regularised.

Asked by: Hon MA Fung-kwok (LegCo internal reference no.: 93)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- a. The number of service places of SCCCs, EETCs and IP in 2020-21 by SWD's administrative district is set out in Table 1 of the Annex, and the number of persons waitlisted for the relevant services is set out in Table 2.
- b. The figure for 2020-21 is not yet available as the average waiting time is compiled on a financial-year basis covering the 1st day of April of a year to the 31st day of March of the next year.
- c. The 196 additional EETC places and 62 additional SCCC places planned for 2015-16 have generally commenced service. For the remaining places in SCCC, some of them will be put into operation as soon as the fitting-out works of the relevant service units

and registration of the child care centres are completed, and some will commence service after SWD's call for invitation of service from subvented non-governmental organisations (NGOs) in 2021. As for IP places, SWD had invited subvented NGOs running non-profit-making kindergarten-cum-child care centres (KG-cum-CCCs) to apply for the provision of IP service in September 2014. Applications to operate a total of 126 IP places were received, and the vetting process was completed in December 2014 with all the applications approved. In line with the admission and programme commencement arrangements of KG-cum-CCCs in the new school year, the additional IP places commenced service in September 2015. As 1 KG-cum-CCC, which provided 6 IP places, applied for withdrawal from service provision in the same year, the number of additional IP places was 120.

d. OPRS were regularised by the Government in October 2018. As at 31 December 2020, there were 8 074 service places, and the 2020-21 Revised Estimate was \$826.7 million.

Table 1: Number of service places of EETCs, SCCCs and IP (as at 31 December 2020)

District	EETCs	SCCCs	IP
Central/Western/Southern &	448	313	132
Islands	440	313	132
Eastern/Wan Chai	401	216	186
Kwun Tong	390	186	228
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	416	333	240
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	231	30	210
Sham Shui Po	400	235	108
Sha Tin	291	138	168
Tai Po/North	387	299	168
Yuen Long	172	108	186
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	406	168	198
Tuen Mun	229	144	156
Total	3 771	2 170	1 980

Table 2: Number of persons waitlisted for EETCs, SCCCs and IP [Note] (as at 31 December 2020)

District	EETCs	SCCCs	IP
Central/Western/Southern &	59	61	11
Islands	39	01	11
Eastern/Wan Chai	98	87	37
Kwun Tong	74	80	69
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	119	125	36
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	108	102	50
Sham Shui Po	50	68	43
Sha Tin	144	94	39
Tai Po/North	79	73	47
Yuen Long	116	136	56
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	75	99	32
Tuen Mun	79	72	35
Total	1 001 [Note]	997 [Note]	455 [Note]

[Note] The figure does not include pre-school rehabilitation service users who are receiving the transitional services of EETCs or OPRS, or users who are waiting for a change of service type/choice of centre.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)184

(Question Serial No. 0391)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

It is mentioned under the Programme that the Government would enhance the provision for Integrated Services Teams for Street Sleepers and provide additional places of overnight or temporary hostel for street sleepers. Please advise the Committee the following:

- 1. the number of registered street sleepers over the past 2 years with a breakdown by gender, age group, and length of and reasons for street sleeping;
- 2. the number of places in shelters/singleton hostels/temporary shelters subvented by the Government, the number of admissions and average utilisation rate in the past 2 years;
- 3. in face of financial difficulties with an increase in street sleepers and the closure of 24-hour food shops, what were the additional/temporary measures provided to support street sleepers over the past year, and the services and resources involved;
- 4. what are the details of enhancing provision of resources for Integrated Services Teams for Street Sleepers and providing additional places of overnight or temporary hostel for street sleepers as mentioned under the Programme? What is the expenditure breakdown? What is the amount of expenditure to support street sleeper services in the coming year?

Asked by: Hon MAK Mei-kuen, Alice (LegCo internal reference no.: 52)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The total number of street sleepers approached by the 3 Integrated Services Teams for Street Sleepers (ISTs) operated by non-governmental organisations under subvention of the Social Welfare Department (SWD), and related service units in the past 2 years with a breakdown by gender, age group, duration of street sleeping and reason for street sleeping are set out in Tables 1 to 4 of the Annex.
- 2. The number of emergency/temporary shelter/hostel/short-term hostel places subvented by SWD over the past 2 years are 222 and 228 respectively. The number of admissions and the average utilisation rate in the past 2 years are set out in Table 5 of the Annex.

- 3. ISTs subvented by SWD provide suitable services for all street sleepers in Hong Kong, including "homeless persons staying in 24-hour fast food shops". These services include day and late-night outreaching visits and other services such as emergency/short-term hostel placement, employment guidance, personal care, arrangement of long-term accommodation, aftercare service and service referrals, so as to assist them to be self-reliant and re-integrate into the community. The 2020-21 Revised Estimate for the integrated services for street sleepers under subvention is \$27 million. In addition, ISTs can make use of the emergency fund for meeting the urgent needs of street sleepers as and when required. The provision for the emergency fund in 2020-21 is \$0.72 million.
- 4. To enhance welfare support services for street sleepers, SWD has allocated additional resources to subvented ISTs in 2020-21 so as to increase their manpower of social workers, nurses and drivers and the provision for related items. 6 additional places are also provided in a subvented short-term hostel which is operative in-situ. The estimated expenditure involved in the subventions for integrated services for street sleepers in 2021-22 is \$30.5 million.

Table 1: Number of Street Sleepers by Gender

	Number	of Street Sleepers
Gender	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Female	150	162
Male	1 272	1 379
Unknown	1	-
Total	1 423	1 541

Table 2: Number of Street Sleepers by Age Group

	Numbe	er of Street Sleepers
Age Group	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
29 or below	28	33
30 to 49	425	483
50 to 69	823	873
70 or above	137	143
Unknown	10	9
Total	1 423	1 541

Table 3: Number of Street Sleepers by Duration of Street Sleeping

	Number o	f Street Sleepers
Duration of Street Sleeping	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
0 - 1 month	14	1
Above 1 month to 1 year	86	200
Above 1 year to 5 years	587	552
Above 5 years to 10 years	400	407
Above 10 years	336	381
Total	1 423	1 541

Table 4: Number of Street Sleepers by Reason for Street Sleeping

	Numbe	r of Street Sleepers
Reason for Street Sleeping	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Unemployed and hence unable to pay rent	473	541
Unable to identify accommodation with affordable rent	231	231
Unable to identify accommodation after discharge from hospital/prison/addiction treatment centre	140	142
Personal Choice	135	190
Others (for reasons such as saving money, convenience etc.)	297	323
Unknown	147	114
Total	1 423	1 541

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 5: Number of Emergency/Temporary Shelter/Hostel/Short-term Hostel Places, \\ Number of Admissions $^{[Note]}$ and Utilisation Rate \\ \end{tabular}$

Emergency/Temporary Shelter/ Hostel/Short-term Hostel	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Number of admissions	543	457
Average utilisation rate	83%	76%

[Note] Service users may have repeat admissions.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)185

(Question Serial No. 2171)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding day child care services under this Programme, please advise the following:

- 1. the number of child care places and utilisation rate for aided child care centres (CCCs), kindergarten-cum-child care centres (KG-cum-CCCs), residential child care centres (RCCCs) and special child care centres (SCCCs) by the 18 districts in the past 3 years;
- 2. the average waiting time in applying for the above services, from being waitlisted to receiving service;
- 3. the existing number of places and service users for subvented extended hours service (EHS), occasional child care service (OCCS) and "full-day" child care service by the 18 districts:
- 4. whether the additional places on day child care services mentioned were fully implemented in the past 3 years; if not, the number of places yet to be delivered, and the reasons;
- 5. it is mentioned under the Programme that the Government will "re-engineer in phases existing Mutual Help Child Care Centres (MHCCCs), and consider converting them to provide after-school care service for pre-primary children", what are the latest progress, details, estimated expenditure and schedule?
- 6. it is mentioned under the Programme that the Government will include "in the Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines a planning ratio for subsidised CCCs places on a population basis". What are the latest progress and plan? Are there plans to include aided CCCs in New Development Areas to provide services for new residents?

Asked by: Hon MAK Mei-kuen, Alice (LegCo internal reference no.: 51)

Reply:

- 1. The number of places and average utilisation rate of aided standalone CCCs, CCCs attached to KGs and SCCCs in 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 (as at December 2020) by 18 districts are set out at Annex 1.
 - RCCCs are not district-based service. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the number of places and service users for RCCCs by district. The overall

figures for RCCCs in 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 (as at December 2020) are listed below:

RCCCs	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at December 2020)
Number of places [Note]	212	212	212
Number of service users	261	278	256

[Note] Including the number of places for ordinary service and emergency service

2. At present, applications for aided standalone CCCs and CCCs attached to KGs are directly handled by the service operators. SWD does not have information on the waiting time for these services.

The average waiting time for RCCCs in 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) is 8.1 months. The figure only reflects the average waiting time for ordinary service. Regarding emergency residential care services, caseworkers may approach the service units concerned directly for enquiries, and arrange for admission as soon as vacant places are available. SWD does not have statistics on the average waiting time for emergency residential care services.

In 2019-20, the average waiting time for SCCCs is 17.5 months.

- 3. The existing number of places and average utilisation rate of aided full-day CCC service (including aided standalone CCCs and aided CCCs attached to KGs), EHS and OCCS by district are set out at Annex 2.
- 4. To further enhance day child care services, SWD has planned to set up 10 aided standalone CCCs and provide about 900 additional aided CCC places in the coming 3 to 4 years through various development projects (such as the Land Sale Programme, the Special Scheme on Privately Owned Sites for Welfare Uses, public housing development or redevelopment projects and urban renewal developments, etc.). The service commencement date is subject to the works progress and licensing process. SWD has also planned to provide a total of about 1 000 additional aided standalone CCC places in phases through the purchase of premises exercise starting from 2021-22.
- 5. At present, there are a total of 19 MHCCCs run by non-governmental organisations on a fee-charging and self-financing basis throughout the territory, providing a flexible form of child care service for children under 3 (children under 6 may also use the service if needed). In response to the low utilisation rate of MHCCCs in recent years, SWD originally planned to re-engineer in phases the MHCCCs from 2019-20 onwards, and increase social workers and supporting staff so as to better meet the child care needs in the community and optimise the use of resources. The recurrent expenditure involved in the above measures is about \$28 million. A total of 800 child beneficiaries are expected every month.

SWD has discussed with MHCCC operators on their intention to participate in service re-engineering at different stages, and obtained their views on the implementation details. In view of the latest situation of COVID-19, the first phase of re-engineering originally scheduled for January to March 2020 will be tentatively deferred to 2021-22. The specific commencement date will be subject to the epidemic situation.

6. Regarding the service places in aided CCCs, the Government has incorporated the population-based planning ratio in the Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines in March 2020 with an aim to reserve suitable premises for the provision of child care

facilities in various development projects so as to better meet the service needs of new communities.

Table 1: Number of places and average utilisation rate of aided standalone CCCs, CCCs attached to KGs and SCCCs (2018-19)

		andalone CCs		tached to [Note 1]	SCCC	S [Note 2]
District	Number of	Average utilisation	Number of	Average utilisation	Number of	Utilisation rate
	places	rate (%)	places	rate (%)	places	(%)
Eastern	64	100.0	3 796	62.0	96	100.0
Wan Chai	48	100.0	872	77.0	120	99.2
Central & Western	48	100.0	2 237	33.0	12	83.3
Southern	-	N.A.	1 190	62.0	211	96.9
Islands	-	N.A.	1 033	36.0	30	100.0
Kwun Tong	-	N.A.	1 319	85.0	66	100.0
Wong Tai Sin	-	N.A.	813	78.0	186	98.9
Sai Kung	-	N.A.	3 603	37.0	147	99.3
Kowloon City	67	100.0	4 825	54.0	30	100.0
Yau Tsim Mong	99	100.0	1 196	95.0	_ [Note 3]	N.A.
Sham Shui Po	62	100.0	1 208	68.0	205	99.5
Sha Tin	72	100.0	2 132	85.0	138	99.3
Tai Po	ı	N.A.	874	76.0	191	90.6
North District	51	100.0	1 058	61.0	108	99.1
Yuen Long	64	100.0	1 462	89.0	108	98.1
Tsuen Wan	76	100.0	1 195	79.0	168	97.6
Kwai Tsing	32	100.0	1 168	81.0	_ [Note 3]	N.A.
Tuen Mun	64	100.0	1 873	70.0	144	99.3
Total	747	100.0	31 854	63.0	1 960	98.0

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] Figures provided by the Education Bureau (EDB) as at September 2018.

[Note 2] Figures on the average utilisation rate of SCCCs are not readily available. The utilisation rate is derived from the number of service users in end-March 2019 divided by the number of places.

[Note 3] SCCCs have not yet been provided in the 2 districts as no suitable premises have been identified.

Table 2: Number of places and average utilisation rate of aided standalone CCCs, CCCs attached to KGs and SCCCs (2019-20)

		andalone CCs	CCCs atta KGs [1		SCCC	S [Note 2]
District	Number	Average	Number	Average	Number	Utilisation
District	of	utilisation	of	utilisation	of	rate
	places	rate	places	rate	places	(%)
		(%)		(%)		
Eastern	64	100.0	3 684	60.0	96	100.0
Wan Chai	48	99.0	840	74.0	120	98.3
Central & Western	48	100.0	2 198	30.0	12	75.0
Southern	-	N.A.	1 270	56.0	211	94.8
Islands	-	N.A.	1 041	35.0	30	100.0
Kwun Tong	-	N.A.	1 403	84.0	126	100.0
Wong Tai Sin	-	N.A.	737	77.0	186	98.9
Sai Kung	-	N.A.	2 934	47.0	147	99.3
Kowloon City	67	100.0	4 308	57.0	30	100.0
Yau Tsim Mong	99	100.0	1 352	87.0	_[Note 3]	N.A.
Sham Shui Po	62	99.0	1 310	68.0	205	100.0
Sha Tin	72	100.0	2 063	81.0	138	98.6
Tai Po	-	N.A.	966	66.0	191	90.1
North District	51	100.0	934	61.0	108	99.1
Yuen Long	64	100.0	1 396	90.0	108	99.1
Tsuen Wan	76	99.0	1 228	73.0	168	98.8
Kwai Tsing	32	100.0	1 388	63.0	-[Note 3]	N.A.
Tuen Mun	64	100.0	1 914	67.0	144	100.0
Total	747	100.0	30 966	63.0	2 020	97.8

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] Figures provided by EDB as at September 2019.

[Note 2] Figures on the average utilisation rate of SCCCs are not readily available. The utilisation rate is derived from the number of service users in end-March 2020 divided by the number of places.

[Note 3] SCCCs have not yet been provided in the 2 districts as no suitable premises have been identified.

Table 3: Number of places and average utilisation rate of aided standalone CCCs, CCCs attached to KGs and SCCCs (2020-21) (as at December 2020)

		tandalone CCs		tached to [Note 1]	SCCCs	[Note 2]
District	Number of	Average utilisation	Number of	Average utilisation	Number of	Utilisation rate
	places	rate (%)	places	rate (%)	places	(%)
Eastern	64	100.0	4 229	50.0	96	97.9
Wan Chai	48	96.0	839	61.0	120	98.3
Central & Western	48	100.0	2 680	25.0	12	75.0
Southern	-	N.A.	1 149	49.0	211	95.7
Islands	-	N.A.	1 103	23.0	90	91.1
Kwun Tong	-	N.A.	1 203	76.0	186	97.8
Wong Tai Sin	-	N.A.	542	79.0	186	95.7
Sai Kung	-	N.A.	4 156	28.0	147	98.6
Kowloon City	67	99.0	4 646	46.0	30	100.0
Yau Tsim Mong	99	98.0	1 186	73.0	_[Note 3]	N.A.
Sham Shui Po	62	100.0	1 488	60.0	235	94.9
Sha Tin	72	98.0	1 807	72.0	138	97.1
Tai Po	-	N.A.	1 229	41.0	191	93.7
North District	51	100.0	872	49.0	108	100.0
Yuen Long	64	100.0	1 254	85.0	108	100.0
Tsuen Wan	76	83.0	1 100	67.0	168	91.7
Kwai Tsing	32	100.0	1 175	59.0	-[Note 3]	N.A.
Tuen Mun	64	100.0	1 602	64.0	144	98.6
Total	747	98.0	32 260	50.0	2 170	96.9

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] Figures provided by EDB as at September 2020.

Figures on the average utilisation rate of SCCCs are not readily available. The utilisation rate is derived from the number of service users in end-December 2020 divided by the number of places.

[Note 3] SCCCs have not yet been provided in the 2 districts as no suitable premises have been identified.

Number of places and average utilisation rate of aided full-day CCC service, EHS and OCCS by district (2020-21) (as at December 2020)

	1	Aided full-da	y CCC ser	vice				
		tandalone CCs		CCs attached Gs [Note 1]	E	CHS	O	OCCS
District	Number of places	Average Utilisation rate (%)	Number of places	Average Utilisation rate (%)	Number of places	Average Utilisation rate ^[Note 2] (%)	Number of places	Average Utilisation rate Note 21 (%)
Central & Western	48	100.0	509	25.0	99	6.0	12	6.0
Southern	_	N.A.	342	54.0	73	6.0	17	13.0
Islands	-	N.A.	311	23.0	27	11.0	12	3.0
Eastern	64	100.0	347	53.0	189	7.0	24	12.0
Wan Chai	48	96.0	170	63.0	94	5.0	17	30.0
Kwun Tong	-	N.A.	527	75.0	226	8.0	53	7.0
Wong Tai Sin	-	N.A.	363	79.0	210	5.0	35	5.0
Sai Kung	-	N.A.	907	30.0	94	7.0	23	3.0
Kowloon City	67	99.0	536	45.0	151	8.0	22	9.0
Yau Tsim Mong	99	98.0	276	73.0	139	6.0	23	7.0
Sham Shui Po	62	100.0	299	62.0	165	8.0	28	12.0
Sha Tin	72	98.0	458	72.0	112	8.0	27	13.0
Tai Po	0	N.A.	297	41.0	94	7.0	17	9.0
North District	51	100.0	331	49.0	82	6.0	17	7.0
Yuen Long	64	100.0	343	87.0	122	8.0	33	13.0
Tsuen Wan	76	83.0	241	69.0	98	8.0	19	18.0
Kwai Tsing	32	100.0	432	60.0	138	9.0	37	7.0
Tuen Mun	64	100.0	455	64.0	173	8.0	33	10.0
Total	747	98.0	7 144	54.0	2 286	7.0	449	10.0

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] Figures provided by EDB as at September 2020, including only full-day places provided by aided CCCs attached to KGs for children aged below 3

[Note 2] Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the utilisation rate over 2018-19 and 2019-20.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)186

(Question Serial No. 2172)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (7) Young People

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

Regarding "the implementation of the Partnership Fund for the Disadvantaged and Child Development Fund projects" mentioned under the Programme, please advise on the following:

- 1. a breakdown of the figures on projects supported by the Dedicated Portion in the past 2 years, by the number of target groups, organisations and schools involved, total number of projects and number of beneficiaries;
- 2. services and funding involved in the above projects to support ethnic minority (EM) students:
- 3. a list of non-governmental organisations (NGOs) or academic institutions that receive funding to specifically provide support projects to ethnic minorities and non-Chinese speaking (NCS) students from the 2014/15 to 2019/20 school years; and the details of each batch of funding including the project name, the funding amount, period covered, target group, and the number of NCS student attendance by using the table below.

Institution or organisations organisations Expenditure Expenditure Target participants Duration of the course No. of NGOs participants enrolled No. of participants having completed the programme Programme No. of waitlisted	Name of project
Expenditu Target participar Duration the course No. of NG participate enrolled No. of participar enrolled having complete the programn No. of waitlisted	Institutio
Target participar Duration the course No. of No. of participat enrolled No. of participar enrolled No. of participar having completee the programn No. of waitlisted	Expendit
Duration the course No. of NG participate participate enrolled No. of participar having complete the programm No. of waitlisted	Target participa
No. of NG participat No. of participar enrolled No. of participar having completee the programn No. of waitlisted	
No. of participar enrolled No. of participar having complete the programn No. of No. of waitlisted	No. of No participat
No. of participar having completee the programm No. of waitlisted	No. of participal enrolled
No. of waitlisted	No. of participal having complete the programs
persons	No. of waitlisted
No. of persons dropping out during the programme	No. of persons dropping during th

- 4. how the Department monitors the effectiveness of the projects and whether there are indicators to evaluate the projects;
- 5. the estimated expenditure on the above two programmes in the coming year and whether additional resources have been allocated.

Asked by: Hon MAK Mei-kuen, Alice (LegCo internal reference no.: 58)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. A Dedicated Portion was set up under the Partnership Fund for the Disadvantaged (PFD) of the Social Welfare Department (SWD) in 2015 to encourage the business community to collaborate with organisations and schools for the provision of more after-school learning and support programmes for primary and secondary students from grassroots families.

The total number of projects funded, number of organisations and schools involved, and number of beneficiaries under the Dedicated Portion of the PFD from 2019-20 to 2020-21 are set out as follows:

Year	Total number of projects	Number of organisations and schools involved [Note 1]	Number of beneficiaries [Note 2]
2019-20	71	68	49 932
2020-21	94	92	73 989

[[]Note 1] Some organisations had more than 1 project application in the same year.

[Note 2] The sum of students from grassroots families benefitted from each of the projects.

Details of funded projects operated by NGOs and schools under the Child Development Fund (CDF) from 2019-20 to 2020-21 are set out as follows:

Year	Number of projects [Note 3]	Number of organisations and schools involved in operating the projects [Note 3][Note 4]	Number of participants [Note 3]
2019-20	102	78	8 137
2020-21	95	71	7 773

[Note 3] As each CDF project lasts for 3 years, they will be operated for more than 1 financial year. Figures in the table represent the number of organisations and schools operating the projects, the number of projects being operated and number of participants in that financial year.

[Note 4] Joint organisations and schools are included.

2. Among the above projects funded under the Dedicated Portion of the PFD, 10 of them involve the provision of services to support EM students, with a funding amount of about \$2.48 million.

The target groups of the CDF projects are children aged 10 to 16 or those from primary 4 to secondary 4 with a disadvantaged background, including EM children. SWD does not have statistics on the number of projects involving support to EM students and the amount of funding.

3. The PFD has funded 2 service projects to provide support specifically for EM and NCS students from the 2016/17 to 2020/21 school years. The details are as follows:

Name of the	Name of the	Funding	Target	Project	No. of participants
project	organisation	amount	number of	duration	having completed the
		(\$)	beneficiaries		project
GREAT EM	The Young	76,680	430 EM	1 year	424 EM students and
Junior	Men's		students and		parents
Academy	Christian		parents		
	Association of				
	Hong Kong				
Education,	Ease Education	55,550	80 EM	1 year	The project is still in
Integration	Limited		students		progress
and					
Development					
Programme					

SWD does not have information on the number of participants who have enrolled in the above projects, the number of waitlisted persons, dropouts and participating organisations.

There are no projects organised exclusively for EM and NCS students under the CDF.

- 4. Based on the indicators for service output and outcome in respect of the projects spelt out in the application, SWD will monitor the implementation of the approved projects through monitoring visits and examination of progress reports/final evaluation reports and interim/final audited financial statements of the projects concerned.
- 5. PFD has not set any ceiling for the total amount of funding for each year. It is estimated that the total amount of funding for 2021-22 is more or less the same as those in previous years. The estimated expenditure of CDF in 2021-22 is \$52.96 million. Currently, there is still balance left for the above 2 funds to launch more projects. Consideration will be given to seek further funding through the existing mechanism when necessary.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)187

(Question Serial No. 2173)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the launch of a three-year Ethnic Minority (EM) District Ambassador pilot scheme, please advise the following:

- 1. the EMs and districts with EM population involved;
- 2. the specific work; number of staff employed and service units involved since the launch of the scheme;
- 3. information on the provision of interpretation and translation services, and introduction of welfare and escort services; number of activities and publicity programmes organised and number of EMs approached since the launch of the scheme;
- 4. is there any estimated number of EMs receiving such service under the scheme, and what is the effectiveness so far?
- 5. what is the amount involved each year since its launch and what is the estimated expenditure for the coming year?

Asked by: Hon MAK Mei-kuen, Alice (LegCo internal reference no.: 59)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. & 2. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) launched a three-year EM District Ambassador pilot scheme (pilot scheme) in October 2020 to enhance EM services provided by service units in 9 districts with higher EM population, i.e. Central and Western, Islands, Wan Chai, Eastern, Yau Tsim Mong, Kowloon City, Kwai Tsing, Yuen Long and Sham Shui Po. Some welfare service units of SWD and subvented non-governmental organisations, including medical social services units, integrated family service centres/integrated services centres, parent/relatives resource centres, district elderly community centres, district support centres for persons with disabilities and integrated service centres for ex-offenders and their families have employed a total of 46 additional EMs or special staff as EM District Ambassadors to enhance welfare support for EM communities. Employed by different types of services units, EM District Ambassadors are able to reach out to

EMs of different ages with service needs, briefly introduce welfare services and provide simple interpretation and translation services to them, etc.

3. & 4. From October 2020 to December 2020, the pilot scheme provided services for the EM in need with service statistics set out as follows:

Service Item	Statistics
Number of interpretation and translation services	785
rendered	703
Number of groups and programmes, publicity and	
promotional activities (including introduction to	183
welfare services) provided/assisted	
Number of visits and escort services conducted	105
Number of EMs contacted	2 427

Since the pilot scheme has been launched for a short period of time, SWD does not have information on the effectiveness of work for the time being.

5. The three-year pilot scheme involves a total expenditure of about \$29 million, and the estimated expenditure for 2021-22 is about \$9.68 million.

- End -

LWB(WW)188

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2174)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

Regarding the family and child welfare services mentioned under the Programme, please advise the following:

- 1. How many cases received by the Integrated Family Service Centres (IFSCs) involved new arrivals and ethnic minorities (EMs) in each of the past 3 years?
- 2. How many cases of assistance sought by new arrivals and EMs were there for the Refuge Centres for Women in each of the past 3 years? Among them, how many involved cross-boundary marriage and child custody proceedings respectively?
- 3. How many cases handled by Family and Child Protective Services Units (FCPSUs) involved new arrivals and EMs in each of the past 3 years? Among them, how many cases involved sexual violence and what percentage did it represent?
- 4. What was the volume of translation and interpretation services used by IFSCs and the social security units of the Social Welfare Department (SWD) in each of the past 3 years? How many EM cases used such services and what was its percentage of all EM cases?
- 5. What is the amount of expenditure and manpower reserved for translation and interpretation services in the coming years?

Asked by: Hon MAK Mei-kuen, Alice (LegCo internal reference no.: 60)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. Between 2018-19 and 2020-21, the number of cases in IFSCs involving EMs is set out below:

Year [Note 1]	Number of cases
2018-19	616
2019-20	596
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	743

The relevant figures include cases involving family members of EMs (ethnicities include Indonesian, Filipino, Indian, Pakistani, Nepalese and Thai) served by IFSCs operated by SWD and non-governmental organisations (NGOs) as at 31 March 2019, 31 March 2020 and 31 December 2020 respectively. In each case, there was at least 1 service recipient from the EMs.

Between 2018-19 and 2020-21, the number of cases in IFSCs involving new arrivals (NAs) is set out below:

Year [Note 2]	Number of cases
2018-19	493
2019-20	510
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	330

[Note 2] The relevant figures include cases involving family members of NAs served by IFSCs operated by SWD and NGOs as at 31 March 2019, 31 March 2020 and 31 December 2020 respectively.

2. Between 2018-19 and 2020-21, the number of cases involving NA and EM victims admitted to the 5 Refuge Centres for Women is set out below:

Year	Number of EMs admitted to Refuge Centres for Women [Note 3]
2018-19	42
2019-20	52
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	51

[Note 3] Ethnicities of victims include Indonesian, Filipino, Indian, Pakistani, Nepalese and Thai. The figures do not include children admitted together with their parents.

Year	Number of NAs admitted to Refuge Centres for Women [Note 4]
2018-19	287
2019-20	225
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	217

[Note 4] The figures include women and their children who had resided in Hong Kong for less than 7 years when admitted to the Refuge Centres for Women.

Each case may involve more than 1 NA or EM victim. SWD has neither the number of cases in the above categories nor the statistics involving cross-boundary marriages and litigations over children in these cases.

3. Among the active domestic violence cases (including spouse/cohabitant battering and child protection cases) handled by FCPSUs in the past 3 years, the number of NA and EM victims still being followed up as at 31 December in each year is set out below:

Year	Number of NA victims
2018	442
2019	394
2020	358

Year	Number of EM victims
2018	111
2019	126
2020	137

Each domestic violence case may involve more than 1 NA or EM victim. FCPSUs have neither the number of cases in the above categories nor the statistics involving sexual violence in these cases.

4. SWD has started to collect statistical figures on the use of interpretation and translation services by various units since 1 January 2019. The statistical figures on IFSCs and Social Security Field Units are set out below:

Year	IFSCs	Social Security Field Units	Total
2019	38	12	50
2020	148	18	166

- Besides, SWD does not have statistics on EM cases involving the use of interpretation and translation services by IFSCs and Social Security Field Units.
- 5. When providing services for EMs, social workers of SWD and subvented NGOs as well as social security staff of SWD may arrange for interpretation services as appropriate through various means, such as the CHEER Support Service Centre for EMs operated by the Hong Kong Christian Service which provides interpretation services with funding from the Home Affairs Department. For cases with special needs, NGOs have the flexibility to deploy the funding allocation from SWD in arranging/providing interpretation services for EMs to meet service needs and ensure service quality.

- End -

LWB(WW)189

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2175)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the outreaching service for ethnic minorities (EMs) mentioned under the Programme, please advise the following:

- 1. What is the number of outreaching teams, staffing establishment, and EM communities and service districts supported? Are service indicators set for the service?
- 2. What are the details of work, number of cases and EMs handled, services provided and the effectiveness since the setting up of the teams?
- 3. How many frontline social workers of mainstream welfare services have received training under the outreaching service so far?
- 4. What is the estimated expenditure for the coming year and have additional resources been deployed?

Asked by: Hon MAK Mei-kuen, Alice (LegCo internal reference no.: 61)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) has commissioned non-governmental organisations (NGOs) to set up 3 outreaching teams with employment of EM staff on Hong Kong Island, in Kowloon and the New Territories, which have commenced service since March 2020. Under the Lump Sum Grant Subvention System, NGOs have the flexibility to deploy resources and arrange suitable staffing to meet the requirements as set out in the Funding and Service Agreements, including service performance standards and essential services and staffing requirements. Nevertheless, SWD has uploaded the sample of notional staffing establishment (NSE) of the outreaching team to its webpage in order to enhance the transparency of subventions calculation. NSE is only used for calculating the recurrent subventions for subvented services and should not be used for benchmarking the manpower and staffing structure of the subvented services. For details of the NSE of outreaching teams, please visit SWD's webpage:

https://hcmspreview.swd.hksarg/storage/asset/section/2913/en/Notional_Staffing_Establishments_OTEM_eng.pdf

2. & 3. The outreaching teams proactively reach out to EMs and connect those in need to mainstream welfare services. They also provide case counselling, groups and activities for EMs, so as to meet their social and welfare needs. The key services statistics of the 3 outreaching teams in 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) are set out below:

Service items	Statistics
Number of new /reactivated cases handled	416
Number of target service users newly and successfully contacted through outreaching	2 027
Number of training/sharing programmes organised for service providers of mainstream welfare service/mainstream services (including those programmes for front-line social workers)	38

As the outreaching teams have been set up for a short time only, SWD does not have information on the effectiveness of the service for the time being.

4. The estimated expenditure for the 3 outreaching teams in 2021-22 is about \$20.6 million. As the outreaching teams have just commenced service in March 2020, the Government does not have plans to provide additional resources in the coming year.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)190

(Question Serial No. 2176)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding family and child protection service, please advise the following:

- 1. Please list the number of domestic violence cases received by the Department in the past 2 years by category, gender and age;
- 2. Further to the above, how many of these cases involved new arrivals (NAs), ethnic minorities (EMs) and sexual minorities?
- 3. Further to the above, how many domestic violence cases seeking assistance involved the follow-up of Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) and housing applications, and what percentage did it represent?
- 4. Further to the above, how many cases had applied for exemption from the seven-year residence requirement, and how many cases were granted exemption and how many were rejected by the Department?
- 5. Regarding the support for family and child protection service and domestic violence cases, what is the annual allocation of resources required? Of which, are there any resources allocated for sensitivity training for related personnel who handled such cases? If so, what are the details?

Asked by: Hon MAK Mei-kuen, Alice (LegCo internal reference no.: 62)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. & 2. According to the statistics collected by the Central Information System on Spouse/Cohabitant Battering Cases and Sexual Violence Cases, Child Protection Registry and Family and Child Protective Services Units (FCPSUs) of the Social Welfare Department (SWD), the number of newly reported spouse/cohabitant battering cases and newly registered child protection cases (including cases with children under high risk and maltreatment) in the past 2 years by type, gender and age, and among them, the number of cases involving NAs, EMs and sexual minorities are tabulated in the Annex.

- 3. & 4. Out of the cases above, SWD does not have the figures involving CSSA or housing applications and those seeking assistance from SWD to grant exemption from the seven-year residence requirement.
- 5. SWD provides a wide range of preventive, supportive and specialised services to combat domestic violence and support victims of domestic violence and families in need. These services are provided through Integrated Family Service Centres, Integrated Services Centres, FCPSUs, Clinical Psychology Units, Family Support Networking Teams, Refuge Centres for Women, the Family Crisis Support Centre, the Multi-purpose Crisis Intervention and Support Centre, the Victim Support Programme for Victims of Family Violence, residential child care services and child care centres, etc. The estimated provision SWD earmarked for family and child welfare services (including the support for maltreated children and their families facing risk of violence) in 2021-22 is \$4.6214 billion.

SWD has been providing training courses on the subjects of preventing child maltreatment, spouse/cohabitant battering, elder abuse, suicide and sexual violence for social workers and other related professional staff. In 2020-21, 150 training courses were organised for front-line professional staff with about 7 200 attendances, involving a total expenditure of about \$1 million.

Table 1: Newly reported spouse/cohabitant battering cases

(Source: Central Information System on Spouse/Cohabitant Battering Cases and Sexual Violence Cases)

(1) Type of violence and gender of victims

Type		2019			2020		
Type		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Physical violence		392	1 921	2 313	329	1 726	2 055
Sexual violence		-	20	20	-	21	21
Psychological abuse		46	265	311	44	232	276
Multiple violence		22	254	276	19	230	249
	Total	460	2 460	2 920	392	2 209	2 601

(2) Age and gender of victims

Amo		2019		2020		
Age	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
above 16 to 18	_	5	5	-	11	11
above 18 to 20	_	21	21	2	23	25
above 20 to 25	10	124	134	11	98	109
above 25 to 30	26	266	292	28	277	305
above 30 to 35	50	442	492	31	384	415
above 35 to 40	65	467	532	41	422	463
above 40 to 45	62	409	471	48	338	386
above 45 to 50	60	275	335	49	238	287
above 50 to 55	50	167	217	31	148	179
above 55 to 59	34	90	124	29	99	128
above 60 to 64	31	90	121	38	73	111
above 64 to 69	25	54	79	35	41	76
above 69 to 74	20	22	42	18	33	51
above 74 to 79	8	17	25	13	13	26
above 79 to 84	12	10	22	9	6	15
85 or above	7	1	8	9	5	14
Total	460	2 460	2 920	392	2 209	2 601

(3) Number and gender of victims involving NAs, EMs and sexual minorities

Item	2019	2020
(i) Total number of newly reported spouse/cohabitant battering cases	2 920	2 601
(ii) Out of (i), number of male victims with less than 7 years of residence in Hong Kong	12	11
(iii) Out of (i), number of female victims with less than 7 years of residence in Hong Kong	309	267
(iv) Out of (i), number of male EM victims ^[Note] involved in spouse/cohabitant battering cases	15	7
(v) Out of (i), number of female EM victims [Note]involved in spouse/cohabitant battering cases	167	149
(vi) Out of (i), number of male victims being abused by male cohabitants	3	4
(vii) Out of (i), number of female victims being abused by female cohabitants	11	6

[Note] Ethnicities of victims include Indonesian, Filipino, Indian, Pakistani, Nepalese and Thai.

Table 2: Child protection cases

(1) Type of harm/maltreatment and gender of newly registered children under high risk and maltreatment in Child Protection Registry

Tyme	2019			2020		
Туре	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Physical harm/maltreatment	253	177	430	240	149	389
Neglect	129	108	237	101	100	201
Sexual abuse	43	262	305	52	261	313
Psychological harm/maltreatment	6	2	8	1	9	10
Multiple abuse	10	16	26	10	17	27
Total	441	565	1 006	404	536	940

(2) Age and gender of newly registered children under high risk and maltreatment in Child Protection Registry

Ago		2019			2020		
Age	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
0 to 2	92	78	170	83	90	173	
3 to 5	50	48	98	58	38	96	
6 to 8	110	70	180	72	71	143	
9 to 11	95	86	181	76	62	138	
12 to 14	71	168	239	84	161	245	
15 to 17	23	115	138	31	114	145	
Total	441	565	1 006	404	536	940	

(3) Number and gender of newly registered children under high risk and maltreatment involving EM in Child Protection Registry

Item	2019	2020
(i) Total number of newly registered children under high risk and maltreatment	1 006	940
(ii) Out of (i), number of male EM children [Note]	15	12
(iii) Out of (i), number of female EM children [Note]	26	23

[Note] Ethnicities of victims include Indonesian, Filipino, Indian, Pakistani, Nepalese and Thai.

(4) Among the active child protection cases still being followed up by FCPSUs, the number of children newly arrived in Hong Kong with less than 7 years under high risk and maltreatment

Item	2019	2020
(i) Total number of children under high risk and maltreatment who are still being followed up by FCPSUs as at 31 December [Note]	1 678	1 864
(ii) Out of (i), number of children under high risk and maltreatment arrived in Hong Kong with less than 7 years [Note]	115	109

The Child Protection Registry of SWD does not have the statistical figures of newly registered children under high risk and maltreatment involving NA. The figures above include the number of children under high risk and maltreatment both received in previous years and newly received in the year and still being followed up by FCPSUs, which may not tally with the total number of newly registered children under high risk and maltreatment in the Child Protection Registry.

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)191

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2177)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding "on-site pre-school rehabilitation services (OPRS), early education and training centres (EETCs), special child care centres (SCCCs) and occasional child care (OCC) services", please inform this Committee:

- 1. of the respective numbers of ethnic minority (EM) children among those receiving and waiting for the above services in the past 2 years;
- 2. whether the Government has provided extra subsidy and services such as interpretation to units providing services to EM children; if yes, the details and expenditure of the extra subsidy; and
- 3. whether the Government will strengthen the services by providing additional service places and resources to EMs; if yes, the specific details, as well as the geographical distribution of the additional service places.

Asked by: Hon MAK Mei-kuen, Alice (LegCo internal reference no.: 63)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have statistics on the number of children receiving or waiting for OPRS, EETCs, SCCCs and OCC services by ethnicity.
- 2. The Government has earmarked about \$7.5 million full-year recurrent provision to provide additional subsidy for SCCC and EETC admitting pre-school EM children with special needs since 2019-20. The amount of subsidy for each of the centres depends on the number of pre-school EM children with special needs admitted.
- 3. At present, pre-school EM children with special needs can choose and use any one of the subvented pre-school rehabilitation services which meets their rehabilitation needs according to their assessment result. To enable pre-school children with special needs (including EM children) to receive support as soon as possible, the Government will provide an additional service places of over 1 200 in total for SCCC and EETC from 2019-20 to 2021-22, and to provide 2 000 additional OPRS places altogether from the 2021/22 to 2022/23 school years.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)192

(Question Serial No. 2400)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

It is mentioned in the Controlling Officer's Report that an enhanced Navigation Scheme for Young Persons in Care Services (Navigation Scheme) will be launched with measures such as expanding the age range of trainees from between 18 and 25 to between 17 and 29, and reducing the working hours per week for trainees from 44 to 40.

Please advise the actual number of trainees participating in the Navigation Scheme in each of the past 5 years. How many of them had completed the Navigation Scheme and how many of them had not in each of the past 5 years? Besides, what is the amount of training subsidy provided to those participating in the Navigation Scheme each year? (Please provide the figures with a breakdown by year.)

Asked by: Hon OR Chong-shing, Wilson (LegCo internal reference no.: 30)

Reply:

The Social Welfare Department (SWD) launched the Navigation Scheme in July 2015, providing a total of 1 000 training places in phases starting from 2015-16, to encourage young people to join the elderly and rehabilitation care services. SWD continues to provide a total of 1 200 training places within 5 years since 2020-21, and has implemented enhancement measures. The total expenditure involved will be around \$266 million. As at the end of December 2020, the enhanced Navigation Scheme has recruited a total of about 400 trainees. The monthly salary for trainees participating in the Navigation Scheme to fill care worker posts at entry level is \$14,150, while that for health worker posts after their promotion is \$17,090. The 2020-21 Revised Estimate is about \$67.7 million.

The number of trainees, the distribution of expenditure and the salaries for trainees participating in the Navigation Scheme each year from 2015-16 to 2019-20 are set out in the Annex.

Number of trainees and distribution of expenditure for the Navigation Scheme each year from 2015-16 to 2019-20

Year	No. of participants of the Navigation Scheme	No. of graduates	No. of trainees having left the Navigation Scheme	Actual expenditure of the Navigation Scheme
2015-16	180	107	73	About \$24.7 million
2016-17	389	213	176	About \$56.3 million
2017-18	288	131	157	About \$34.6 million
2018-19	161	78	82	About \$22.6 million
2019-20	140	Trainees still under training without having completed the Navigation Scheme yet	50	About \$3.5 million [Note 1]
Total	1 158	529	538	Not applicable

[Note 1] The expenditure in 2019-20 was mainly used for publicity work commenced in the first quarter of 2020 under the enhanced Navigation Scheme. In that year, operating agencies made use of the operating balance of the Navigation Scheme in previous years for their operation of the Navigation Scheme.

Respective salaries of trainees participating in the training and recruited to fill the relevant posts from 2015-16 to 2019-20

Voor	Starting monthly salary						
Post Year	2015-16 (\$)	2016-17 (\$)	2017-18 (\$)	2018-19 (\$)	2019-20 (\$)		
Care worker (entry level)	9,900	10,360	10,670	11,150	11,740		
Health worker (after promotion)	11,890	12,450	12,820	13,400	14,110		

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)193

(Question Serial No. 2401)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

It is stated in the Controlling Officer's Report that Sunnyway - On the Job Training Programme for Young People with Disabilities (Sunnyway) will enhance the employability of young people with disabilities or early symptoms of mental illness through training, as well as providing wage subsidy to employers. How many people actually participated in training under Sunnyway in each of the past 5 years? Among them, how many completed the programme and how many dropped out before completion in each year? Separately, how much was provided in wage subsidy in each year with regard to the number of people actually participated in training? What is the Social Welfare Department's plan for promoting Sunnyway in order to enhance its effectiveness for more participants to benefit?

Asked by: Hon OR Chong-shing, Wilson (LegCo internal reference no.: 31)

Reply:

The number of service users, number of persons having secured employment for more than 6 months and the amount of wage subsidy provided to employers as regards Sunnyway in the past 5 years are set out in Table 1 to Table 3 of the Annex. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have information on the number of persons who have not completed this programme. In order to help participants adapt to work promptly, SWD has extended the follow-up period for post-placement support for Sunnyway from 6 to 12 months from December 2018. SWD will keep in view of Sunnyway and various vocational rehabilitation services and constantly enhance the services.

Table 1: Number of service users of Sunnyway

	Number of service users						
2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)			
329	325	307	301	229			

Table 2: Number of persons having secured employment for more than 6 months under Sunnyway

Number of persons having secured employment for more than 6 months							
2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21			
				(as at 31 December			
				2020)			
129	154	132	115	81			

Table 3: Amount of wage subsidy provided to employers under Sunnyway

	Amount of wage subsidy provided (\$ '000)						
2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)			
N.A. [Note]	N.A. [Note]	N.A. [Note]	248	105			

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note] SWD maintains statistical information on wage subsidy provided to employers with effect from 2019-20.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)194

(Question Serial No. 2442)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher (CCSV) for the Elderly (Pilot Scheme), would the Government please advise this Committee:

(a) the information of the Pilot Scheme in the following table:

Year/Information of the Pilot Scheme	No. of recognised service providers (RSPs)	No. of service places (by service type)	Annual subsidy for CCSVs (\$ million)	Average subsidy per CCSV holder per month
2019				per month
(Actual)				
2020				
(Actual)				
2021				
(Estimate)				

- (b) the average time taken over the past 2 years for processing of an application, counting from receipt, vetting to issue of CCSVs;
- (c) the progress of evaluation of the second phase of the Pilot Scheme by a commissioned consultant; when the evaluation report is expected to be released and when the Government will brief the Panel on Welfare Services of the Legislative Council (LegCo) on the subsequent arrangement of the Pilot Scheme.

Asked by: Hon OR Chong-shing, Wilson (LegCo internal reference no.: 81)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- (a) The second phase of the Pilot Scheme was implemented from October 2016 to the end of September 2020. The third phase of the Pilot Scheme commenced in October 2020. The information sought is set out in the Annex.
- (b) As the statistical data collected from the Pilot Scheme does not include the time taken for the elderly persons to receive CCSVs, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the information sought.

(c) The evaluation on the second phase of the Pilot Scheme conducted by the Sau Po Centre on Ageing of the University of Hong Kong (Sau Po Centre) revealed that the Pilot Scheme had effectively enhanced the quality of life of frail elderly persons, and had reduced carers' stress and burden. Having regard to the evaluation of the Sau Po Centre and the operational experience of the second phase of the Pilot Scheme, SWD commenced the third phase of the Pilot Scheme in October 2020 so as to introduce more enhancement measures, further increase service supply and provide more diversified choices for frail elderly persons. SWD will make reference to the experience of implementing the third phase of the Pilot Scheme in considering the way forward for the Pilot Scheme.

Table 1: Second phase of the Pilot Scheme

	No. of	Servi	Service places		Average
Year	RSPs	Day care	Home care	CCSVs (\$ million)	subsidy per CCSV holder per month (\$)
2019-20	173	3 210	6 806	226.0	5,474
2020-21 (as at end- September 2020)	179	3 250	7 123	147.8	5,298

Table 2: Third phase of the Pilot Scheme (from 1 October 2020)

No. of Service 1		ce places	Subsidies for	Average	
Year	RSPs	Day care	Home care	CCSVs (\$ million)	subsidy per CCSV holder per month (\$)
2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)	227	3 804	10 542	46.0 ^[Note]	5,672

 $^{[Note]}$ 2020-21 Revised Estimate for the third phase of the Pilot Scheme.

LWB(WW)195

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2513)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The Social Welfare Department administers the Guangdong (GD) Scheme and Fujian (FJ) Scheme to provide Old Age Allowance (OAA) and Old Age Living Allowance (OALA) to eligible Hong Kong elderly persons who choose to reside in GD and FJ. What is the number of elderly persons participating in the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme in the past 3 years? (Please list out the information with a breakdown by year, province and type of allowance).

Asked by: Hon OR Chong-shing, Wilson (LegCo internal reference no.: 48)

Reply:

The number of recipients of the GD Scheme and FJ Scheme from 2018-19 to 2020-21 with a breakdown by type of allowances is set out as follows:

Year	GD So	cheme	FJ Scheme		
1 ear	OAA	OALA [Note]	OAA	OALA [Note]	
2018-19	16 568	N.A.	1 656	N.A.	
2019-20	9 776	8 689	785	1 010	
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	7 696	11 589	615	1 331	

N.A. -Not applicable

[Note] OALA under the GD Scheme and the FJ Scheme was launched on 1 January 2020.

- End -

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)196

(Question Serial No. 2612)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The Social Welfare Department administers the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme and the Social Security Allowance Scheme. Please advise the monthly number of CSSA applications and recipients under unemployment (UT) category over the past 24 months.

Asked by: Hon OR Chong-shing, Wilson (LegCo internal reference no.: 49)

Reply:

The number of CSSA new applications and recipients under UT category are provided in the table below:

Year	Number of CSSA new applications under UT category [Note]	Number of unemployed CSSA recipients
	under of category	recipients
2018-19	4 971	12 442
2019-20	7 991	14 767
2020-21	13 808	20 828
2020-21	(as at end-December 2020)	(as at end-December 2020)

[Note] Intermittent CSSA cases have been counted more than once.

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)197

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2621)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: Not Specified

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The Social Welfare Department has launched the Special Scheme on Privately Owned Sites for Welfare Uses (Special Sites Scheme). How many applications have been received in total since its launch? Of the applications, how many are approved and how many are rejected? (Please set out by year).

Asked by: Hon OR Chong-shing, Wilson (LegCo internal reference no.: 90)

Reply:

The Government had received a total of 63 preliminary proposals from 43 non-governmental organisations (NGOs) under Phase One of the Special Sites Scheme as at 18 November 2013, the closing date of application. After review, 13 project proposals, which are not able to proceed further due to various reasons (e.g. site constraints), have been removed from the Special Sites Scheme. Regarding the remaining 50 project proposals, as at the end of December 2020, 5 projects had been completed and had commenced service, and 1 other project had entered the construction stage and was expected to be completed in 2021. Furthermore, 17 projects were at the technical feasibility study stage while 4 projects were at the pre-construction detailed design/study stage. As for the other projects which were at different planning stages under Phase One of the Special Sites Scheme, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) will consider supporting the respective NGO applicants to proceed with technical feasibility studies having regard to the actual status of individual projects.

A total of 25 proposals were received from 16 NGOs under Phase Two of the Special Sites Scheme by the closing date of application on 30 August 2019. SWD is discussing with NGO applicants to finalise the details of the proposals such as the service type and number of places, development parameters, project cost, etc. with a view to implementing the projects as soon as possible.

LWB(WW)198

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2629)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The Pilot Scheme on Residential Care Service Voucher (RCSV) for the Elderly (Pilot Scheme) was launched in March 2017. How many eligible elderly persons have lodged their applications? How many elderly persons were issued with RCSVs? What is the total number of RCSVs issued? (Please provide the figures with a breakdown by year.)

Asked by: Hon OR Chong-shing, Wilson (LegCo internal reference no.: 98)

Reply:

The Pilot Scheme was launched in March 2017 to issue a maximum of 3 000 RCSVs in total. Based on the application dates for long-term care services on the central waiting list, the Social Welfare Department issued letters in batches to invite eligible elderly persons to apply for RCSVs. As at the end of December 2020, the number of applicants and the number of those issued with RCSVs with a breakdown by year are as follows:

Year	Number of applicants for	Number of persons issued	
(as at end-December each year)	RCSVs	with RCSVs	
2017	967	290	
2018	1 673	685	
2019	2 034	971	
2020	1 473	939	
Total	6 147	2 885	

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)199

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2630)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher (CCSV) for the Elderly (Pilot Scheme) was launched in September 2013. How many eligible elderly persons have lodged their applications? How many elderly persons were issued with CCSVs? What is the total number of CCSVs issued? (Please list the figures by 2 phases, broken down by 18 districts.)

Asked by: Hon OR Chong-shing, Wilson (LegCo internal reference no.: 99)

Reply:

The first phase of the Pilot Scheme was implemented in 8 districts from September 2013 to August 2017. The second phase of the Pilot Scheme was implemented from October 2016 to the end of September 2020 and extended to 18 districts across the territory. The cumulative numbers of eligible elderly applicants and those issued with CCSVs in the first and second phases of the Pilot Scheme are respectively set out in the Annex.

Table 1: First phase of the Pilot Scheme [Note]

District		Cumulative number of eligible elderly applicants	Cumulative number of elderly persons issued with CCSVs	
1.	Eastern	494	494	
2.	Kwun Tong	460	460	
3.	Wong Tai Sin	487	487	
4.	Sham Shui Po	337	337	
5.	Sha Tin	466	466	
6.	Tai Po	210	210	
7.	Tsuen Wan	212	212	
8.	Tuen Mun	302	302	
	Total:	2 968	2 968	

Eligible elderly persons under the first phase of the Pilot Scheme should be residing in selected districts and on the central waiting list (CWL) for subsidised long term care services. They should have been assessed by the Standardised Care Need Assessment Mechanism for Elderly Services (SCNAMES) of the Social Welfare Department to have impairment at moderate level, without having received any residential care services (RCS) or subsidised community care services (CCS).

Table 2: Second phase of the Pilot Scheme [Note 1]

Dist	rict	Cumulative number of eligible elderly applicants	Cumulative number of elderly persons issued with CCSVs [Note 2]	
1.	Eastern	1 298	1 295	
2.	Wan Chai	146	145	
3.	Central & Western	233	231	
4.	Southern	326	325	
5.	Islands	48	48	
6.	Kwun Tong	1 630	1 621	
7.	Wong Tai Sin	1 405	1 394	
8.	Sai Kung	550	547	
9.	Sham Shui Po	535	532	
10.	Kowloon City	648	646	
11.	Yau Tsim Mong	350	349	
12.	Sha Tin	1 213	1 209	
13.	Tai Po	597	595	
14.	North	429	424	
15.	Kwai Tsing	1 100	1 092	
16.	Tsuen Wan	557	554	
17.	Tuen Mun	758	755	
18.	Yuen Long	394	392	
	Total:	12 217	12 154	

[Note 1] The eligible elderly persons under the second phase of the Pilot Scheme should be on the CWL on or before the designated date, and should have been assessed by the SCNAMES to have impairment at moderate or severe level, without having received any RCS or subsidised CCS.

[Note 2] It includes 1 054 CCSV holders migrated from the first phase to the second phase of the Pilot Scheme.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)200

(Question Serial No. 3102)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (7) Young People

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The Social Welfare Department has regularised the Pilot Scheme on Relaxing the Household Income Limit of the Fee-waiving Subsidy Scheme under the After School Care Programme for Low-income Families and Increasing Fee-waiving Subsidy Places (Pilot Scheme). How many parents have been benefited from the Pilot Scheme since its implementation? (Please provide the figures with a breakdown by year.)

Asked by: Hon OR Chong-shing, Wilson (LegCo internal reference no.: 93)

Reply:

In view of the keen demand for after-school care services, the Pilot Scheme under the Community Care Fund has been regularised since October 2020. It has benefitted 1 041 children and their families since its launch in October 2017.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)201

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 3104)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding day care centres/units for the elderly (DEs/DCUs) under this Programme, please inform this Committee of:

- (1) the detailed number of service places by 18 districts; and
- (2) the number of persons waitlisted for the services and the average waiting time over the past 3 financial years.

Asked by: Hon OR Chong-shing, Wilson (LegCo internal reference no.: 97)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- (1) As at the end of December 2020, the number of DE/DCU service places by 18 District Council districts is set out in the Annex.
- (2) The number of applicants waitlisted for DE/DCU places and the average waiting time from 2018-19 to 2020-21 are:

Year	No. of	Average waiting time (in months)	
	applicants waitlisted	(based on the average of	
		the previous 3 months)	
2018-19	4 370	12	
2019-20	4 519	11	
2020-21	3 891	12	
(As at end-December 2020)	3 691	12	

The aforesaid numbers of applicants waitlisted do not include the elderly persons classified as inactive cases because of their participation in the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly.

Number of DE/DCU places (As at end-December 2020)

District	No. of places
Central & Western	129
Eastern	256
Wan Chai	130
Southern	108
Islands	40
Kwun Tong	452
Wong Tai Sin	290
Sai Kung	225
Kowloon City	158
Yau Tsim Mong	152
Sham Shui Po	280
Sha Tin	318
Tai Po	64
North	44
Yuen Long	218
Tuen Mun	208
Tsuen Wan	174
Kwai Tsing	302
Total	3 548

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)202

(Question Serial No.1017)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the provision of additional resources for the existing Short-term Food Assistance Service Projects (the Projects) and regularisation of short-term food assistance service, please inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. the average monthly number of individuals and families that have received food assistance since the introduction of the food bank project above by District Council (DC) district;
- 2. the amount of provision each non-governmental organisation (NGO) used on such service in each of the past 3 years and the average monthly expenditure involved;
- 3. the estimated increase in the monthly provision for each NGO after regularisation and the estimated number of beneficiaries.

Asked by: Hon POON Siu-ping (LegCo internal reference no.: 20)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The Projects have been implemented since 2009. The number of beneficiaries of service operators over the past 5 years by service area is set out in the Annex. The Social Welfare Department does not have the other information sought.
- 2. The Projects are operated by 7 NGOs. The total amount of expenditure in 2018-19 (Actual), 2019-20(Actual) and 2020-21(Revised Estimate) is about \$133 million, \$136.1 million and \$254.7 million respectively.
- 3. The Government will regularise the Projects upon completion of the existing service contracts in August 2021, and has earmarked about \$415 million to meet its recurrent expenditure. The provision is expected to benefit about 60 000 to 80 000 service users each year.

Table 1: Number of Beneficiaries by Service Area

	Number of Beneficiaries [Note 1]					
Service Area	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19		2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Hong Kong Island, Islands, Tsuen Wan and Kwai Tsing	5 269	5 263		6 366	7 351	8 905
Kwun Tong [Note 2]				3686	6 505	7 523
Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung [Note 2]	6 955	7 864	2835	2224	3 895	4 863
Sha Tin, Tai Po and North	4 988	5 710	5 375		6 928	6 020
Sham Shui Po	3 868	5 105	4 910		4 524	6 025
Kowloon City, Yau Tsim Mong	5 303	5 760	5 516		6 158	6 375
Tuen Mun	2 835	2 444	2 087		1 734	1 809
Yuen Long	6 983	4 415	5 623		4 703	3 636
Total	36 201	36 561	3	8 622	41 798	45 156

[[]Note 1] Service users may use the service for more than once.

[Note 2] From 1 August 2018 onwards, the service area of Kwun Tong, Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung has been split into 2 service areas, namely Kwun Tong, and Wong Tai Sin and Sai Kung.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)203

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 1018)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: Not Specified

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the purchase of premises for the provision of welfare facilities, please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the estimated expenditure for the purchase of premises in the coming year, the location and the services to be provided;
- 2. the estimated number of premises to be purchased in each of the coming 2 years and whether there are specific sites at present;
- 3. the estimated welfare services and the number of service places to be provided with the premises purchased in each of the coming 3 years, and the welfare services being given priority allocation of premises.

Asked by: Hon POON Siu-ping (LegCo internal reference no.: 21)

Reply:

On 30 June 2020, the Government obtained funding approval from the Finance Committee of the Legislative Council to purchase properties over some 3 years for accommodating welfare facilities, including child care centres (CCCs), day care centres for the elderly (DEs), neighbourhood elderly centres (NECs), on-site pre-school rehabilitation services (OPRS), etc. to help meet the acute shortfall of premises. The details of welfare facilities proposed to be accommodated in premises to be purchased are set out in the Annex.

The Social Welfare Department (SWD) has completed the consultation with the 18 District Councils on the welfare facilities proposed to be accommodated in purchased premises for the districts concerned in mid-November 2020 and has started the purchase exercise. With the assistance of the Government Property Agency (GPA), SWD is currently identifying suitable non-domestic premises for purchase through different channels, including open invitations to owners of potentially suitable non-domestic premises available for sale in 18 districts to submit their sale proposals to GPA for consideration. SWD is assessing the suitability of offered premises for purchase.

SWD has earmarked a provision of \$4.273 billion in 2021-22 for the purchase exercise for welfare premises. The actual expenditure will be subject to the availability of suitable and reasonably priced premises in the market. We expect that the purchase of premises will be completed in 2023-24. SWD will update the GPA's website with regard to the information on welfare facilities for which suitable premises have been purchased.

Purchase of Premises for the Provision of Welfare Facilities List of Welfare Facilities Proposed to be Accommodated in Premises to be Purchased

Type of facilities	Number of facilities
Family and child care facilities	
(a) CCC	28
(b) Co-parenting Support Centre	5
(c) Integrated Family Service Centre	6
Elderly facilities	
(d) DE	15
(e) NEC	48
(f) District Elderly Community Centre	7
Rehabilitation facilities	
(g) Day Activity Centre	3
(h) Integrated Vocational Rehabilitation Services Centre	3
(i) Special Child Care Centre (SCCC)	5
(j) OPRS	12
(k) Support Centre for Persons with Autism	3
(1) District Support Centre for Persons with Disabilities	5
(m) Parents/Relatives Resource Centre	9
(n) Community Rehabilitation Day Centre	1
(o) SCCC cum Early Education and Training Centre	1
Youth facilities	
(p) Integrated Children and Youth Services Centre	1
(q) Youth Outreaching Team	1
(r) Cyber Youth Support Team	5
Total:	158

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)204

(Question Serial No. 1024)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

(4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

Regarding the continued implementation of the \$1 billion Innovation and Technology Fund for Application in Elderly and Rehabilitation Care (I&T Fund) to subsidise eligible elderly and rehabilitation service units to try out and procure/rent technology products, please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the number of applicant organisations to date;
- 2. the estimated number of approved applications, and the reasons for unsuccessful applications;
- 3. the types of technology products currently subsidised;
- 4. the number and types of subsidised technology products for each organisation;
- 5. the estimated number of elderly units to benefit from the I&T Fund and the number of elderly beneficiaries; how elderly persons ageing in place will benefit from the relevant technology products.
- 6. the current distribution of the \$1 billion estimate.

Asked by: Hon POON Siu-ping (LegCo internal reference no.: 22)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1 to 4. The Government launched the \$1 billion I&T Fund in December 2018 to subsidise eligible elderly and rehabilitation service units to procure/rent and try out technology products, with a view to improving the life of service users, and reducing the burden and pressure on care staff and carers. As at December 2020, about 600 residential care homes for the elderly and persons with disabilities, and over 1 000 service units providing subsidised community care and support services/day rehabilitation and community support services for the elderly and persons with disabilities were eligible for applying for the Fund. 3 tranches of grants totalling over \$200 million had been approved for about 970 elderly and rehabilitation service units to procure or rent over 4 200 items of technology

products. Some applications were rejected by the Assessment Panel for failing to meet the assessment criteria of the Fund. The types of products that got more applications for procurement from the service units included smart hospital beds with extra low position, equipment and assessment tools for occupational therapy/physiotherapy/speech therapy, tilt-in-space/height adjustable commode/shower chair, wireless health monitoring equipment, companion robot, and anti-wandering system, etc. For the fourth tranche application closed on 2 November 2020, applications for a total of about 3 000 items of technology products from about 640 service units were received. Vetting is underway.

5 & 6. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have information on the number of beneficiary service users. Community care and support service units for the elderly subsidised by SWD can apply for grants to procure, rent or try out technology products, so as to provide community care services for the elderly ageing in place and promote their well-being. The \$1 billion Fund will be progressively disbursed within 5 years starting from 2019-2020.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)205

(Question Serial No.1025)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

Controlling Officer: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the re-engineering in phases existing Mutual Help Child Care Centres (MHCCCs), and considering converting them to provide after-school care service for pre-school children so as to further meet child care needs in the community, please inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. the estimated expenditure for re-engineering;
- 2. the estimated number of places to be provided after conversion and the target group;
- 3. the number of places provided by aided standalone child care centres (CCCs), CCCs attached to kindergartens (KGs), occasional child care service (OCCS), extended hours service (EHS) and MHCCCs, and the utilisation rate of these services over the past 3 years, listing out by District Council (DC) district;
- 4. the additional aided long full-day child care places to be provided in phases for children aged below 3 and the expected time required, listing out by DC district;
- 5. the current number of home-based child carers and service users under the Neighbourhood Support Child Care Project (NSCCP), the basic service fee and the incentive payment for home-based child carers, listing out by DC district.

Asked by: Hon POON Siu-ping (LegCo internal reference no.: 24)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The recurrent expenditure in re-engineering MHCCCs to provide after-school care service for pre-primary children is about \$28 million.
- 2. A total of 800 child beneficiaries are expected each month upon the re-engineering of MHCCCs.
- 3. The number of places and average utilisation rate of aided standalone CCCs, CCCs attached to KGs, OCCS, EHS and MHCCCs by DC district over the past 3 financial years are set out at Annex 1.

- 4. To further enhance day child care services, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) has planned to set up 10 additional aided standalone CCCs and provide about 900 additional places through various development projects (such as the Land Sale Programme, the Special Scheme on Privately Owned Sites for Welfare Uses, public housing development or redevelopment projects and urban renewal developments, etc.) in the coming 3 to 4 years. SWD has also planned to provide in phases a total of about 1 000 additional places through the purchase of premises exercise starting from 2021-22.
- 5. The information on NSCCP by DC district is set out at Annex 2.

Table 1: Number of places and average utilisation rate of aided standalone CCCs, CCCs attached to KGs, OCCS, EHS and MHCCCs (2018-19)

		ided lone CCCs		CCs ed to KGs	0	OCCS	F	EHS	MF	ICCCs
District	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of Places [Note 1]	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate (%)
Central & Western	48	100	2 237	33	13	42	80	52	14	24.3
Southern	-	N.A.	1 190	62	17	63	70	85	28	3.2
Islands	-	N.A.	1 033	36	12	50	14	22	-	N.A.
Eastern	64	100	3 796	62	24	37	198	43	-	N.A.
Wan Chai	48	100	872	77	17	70	94	55	-	N.A.
Kwun Tong	-	N.A.	1 319	85	52	59	232	52	42	14.7
Wong Tai Sin	-	N.A.	813	78	36	58	196	54	14	16.2
Sai Kung	-	N.A.	3 603	37	21	48	88	47	-	N.A.
Kowloon City	67	100	4 825	54	22	52	164	41	-	N.A.
Yau Tsim Mong	99	100	1 196	95	22	55	138	42	-	0 [Note 2]
Sham Shui Po	62	100	1 208	68	28	70	164	63	37	12.2
Sha Tin	72	100	2 132	85	29	53	110	50	-	N.A.
Tai Po	-	N.A.	874	76	17	54	96	46	14	16.2
North	51	100	1 058	61	16	41	74	62	14	0.3
Yuen Long	64	100	1 462	89	33	67	122	46	42	0.3
Tsuen Wan	76	100	1 195	79	16	60	94	44	14	1.7
Kwai Tsing	32	100	1 168	81	35	58	146	33	42	12.3
Tuen Mun	64	100	1 873	70	36	50	180	45	-	N.A.
Total	747	100	31 854	63	446	56	2 260	49	261	9.0

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] Information provided by the Education Bureau (EDB) as at September 2018.

 $^{[Note\,2]}$ 1 MHCCC stopped its service on 15 October 2018. The utilisation rate between April and September 2018 is 0.

Table 2: Number of places and average utilisation rate of aided standalone CCCs, CCCs attached to KGs, OCCS, EHS and MHCCCs (2019-20)

		ided one CCCs	_	CCs ed to KGs	O	occs]	EHS	MF	ICCCs
District	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of Places [Note]	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate (%)
Central & Western	48	100	2 198	30	13	34	99	38	14	34.9
Southern	-	N.A.	1 270	56	17	62	73	67	28	1.6
Islands	-	N.A.	1 041	35	12	41	27	15	-	N.A.
Eastern	64	100	3 684	60	24	38	189	32	-	N.A.
Wan Chai	48	99	840	74	17	55	94	40	-	N.A.
Kwun Tong	-	N.A.	1 403	84	52	58	226	40	42	12.2
Wong Tai Sin	-	N.A.	737	77	36	53	210	43	14	9.2
Sai Kung	-	N.A.	2 934	47	21	32	94	40	-	N.A.
Kowloon City	67	100	4 308	57	22	48	151	31	-	N.A.
Yau Tsim Mong	99	100	1 352	87	22	53	139	34	-	N.A.
Sham Shui Po	62	99	1 310	68	28	61	165	46	37	11.7
Sha Tin	72	100	2 063	81	29	41	112	37	-	N.A.
Tai Po	-	N.A.	966	66	17	54	94	31	14	30.0
North	51	100	934	61	16	36	82	47	14	0.7
Yuen Long	64	100	1 396	90	33	51	122	38	42	0.1
Tsuen Wan	76	99	1 228	73	19	55	98	37	14	0.4
Kwai Tsing	32	100	1 388	63	35	46	138	29	42	4.1
Tuen Mun	64	100	1 914	67	36	45	173	38	-	N.A.
Total	747	100	30 966	63	449	49	2 286	38	261	8.4

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note] Information provided by EDB as at September 2019.

Table 3: Number of places and average utilisation rate of aided standalone CCCs, CCCs attached to KGs, OCCS, EHS and MHCCCs (April to December 2020)

		ided lone CCCs		CCs ed to KGs	0	CCS]	EHS	MF	ICCCs
District	Numbr of Places	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of Places [Note 1]	Average utilisation rate (%)	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate [Note 2] (%)	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate Note 2] (%)	Number of Places	Average utilisation rate Note 2] (%)
Central & Western	48	100	2 680	25	12	6	99	6	14	15.7
Southern	-	N.A.	1 149	49	17	13	73	6	28	0.1
Islands	-	N.A.	1 103	23	12	3	27	11	-	N.A.
Eastern	64	100	4 229	50	24	12	189	7	-	N.A.
Wan Chai	48	96	839	61	17	30	94	5	-	N.A.
Kwun Tong	-	N.A.	1 203	76	53	7	226	8	42	2.5
Wong Tai Sin	-	N.A.	542	79	35	5	210	5	14	2.0
Sai Kung	-	N.A.	4 156	28	23	3	94	7	-	N.A.
Kowloon City	67	99	4 646	46	22	9	151	8	-	N.A.
Yau Tsim Mong	99	98	1 186	73	23	7	139	6	-	N.A.
Sham Shui Po	62	100	1 488	60	28	12	165	8	37	5.3
Sha Tin	72	98	1 807	72	27	13	112	8	-	N.A.
Tai Po	-	N.A.	1 229	41	17	9	94	7	14	15.8
North	51	100	872	49	17	7	82	6	14	0.0
Yuen Long	64	100	1 254	85	33	13	122	8	42	0.0
Tsuen Wan	76	83	1 100	67	19	18	98	8	14	0.0
Kwai Tsing	32	100	1 175	59	37	7	138	9	42	0.5
Tuen Mun	64	100	1 602	64	33	10	173	8	-	N.A.
Total	747	98	32 260	50	449	10	2 286	7	261	2.8

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] Information provided by EDB as at September 2020.

[Note 2] Due to the suspension of service during the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the utilisation rate.

The respective numbers of home-based child carers and service users of NSCCP, and the service fee and incentive payment for home-based child carers 2020-21

(as at December 2020)

District	Number of home-based Number of		Basic serv hour	Incentive payment for home-based	
	child carers	children served	Home-based child care service	Centre-based care group	child carers per hour (\$)
Central & Western	46	236	24	24	
Eastern	183	258	22	22	
Islands	80	148	22	13	
Kowloon City	489	175	20	13	
Kwun Tong	51	220	20	13	
Kwai Tsing	41	315	18	13	
North	54	197	18	13	
Southern	28	110	20	12	
Sai Kung	130	356	20	13	25
Sham Shui Po	38	560	20	13	
Sha Tin	49	454	20	13	
Tuen Mun	36	545	20	13	
Tai Po	69	389	20	13	
Tsuen Wan	43	214	20	13	
Wan Chai	114	145	22	22	
Wong Tai Sin	22	315	18	10	
Yuen Long	32	660	18	13	
Yau Tsim Mong	299	371	20	13	
Total	1 804	5 668	-	-	-

Note Operators may determine the amount of fees according to the circumstances of the district. Service users with social needs and/or financial difficulties can apply for fee waiving/reduction.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)206

(Question Serial No. 1027)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: Not Specified

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the continued implementation of a pilot scheme to provide Wi-Fi services at relevant welfare service units subsidised or operated by the Social Welfare Department (SWD), please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the types of service provided;
- 2. the duration of the pilot scheme and the estimated expenditure each year; and
- 3. the manpower involved and the estimated expenditure for service units, broken down by District Council district.

Asked by: Hon POON Siu-ping (LegCo internal reference no.: 25)

Reply:

With a funding allocation of about \$205 million from the Lotteries Fund, SWD launched a four-year pilot scheme to progressively provide Wi-Fi services at around 1 350 service units operated by subvented/subsidised organisations under SWD from January 2020. The pilot scheme covers units of relevant services, including elderly services, rehabilitation services, family and child welfare services and youth services located throughout the territory. SWD has also deployed resources and completed the setup of Wi-Fi services at around 180 welfare facilities under its purview, including social security field units and integrated family service centres in November 2020. The pilot scheme does not involve additional manpower expenditure.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)207

(Question Serial No. 1028)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the commencement of implementing the "pro-employment" measures and other improvement measures under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme as announced in the Chief Executive's 2019 Policy Address, please inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. the details of current "pro-employment" measures and other improvement measures under CSSA, including schemes that have been or will be rolled out, and the estimated or actual number of beneficiaries;
- 2. the estimated expenditure involved for each scheme.

Asked by: Hon POON Siu-ping (LegCo internal reference no.: 26)

Reply:

The Government announced a series of improvements to the CSSA Scheme in 2019, including a significant increase of the maximum rent allowance and the maximum level of monthly disregarded earnings, enhancement of employment support services and extension of coverage of various supplement and special grants to eligible non-elderly able-bodied recipients. Upon approval of the additional recurrent expenditure of about \$960 million by the Finance Committee of the Legislative Council, the Government had commenced the gradual implementation of the improvement measures starting from 2020 as planned and has achieved full implementation since February 2021. The Social Welfare Department does not have the other information sought.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)208

(Question Serial No. 1029)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the continued purchase of EA1 places, please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the estimated number of additional day and enhanced home and community care services (EHCCS) places to be provided in the coming year, broken down by District Council (DC) district;
- 2. the number of additional EA1 places to be purchased under the Enhanced Bought Place Scheme (EBPS), broken down by DC district;
- 3. the number of designated residential respite places provided in private residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) participating in the EBPS, broken down by DC district;
- 4. the number of persons waitlisted for day and EHCCS places in the past 3 years, broken down by DC district; and
- 5. the number of persons waitlisted for RCHEs in the past 3 years, broken down by DC district.

Asked by: Hon POON Siu-ping (LegCo internal reference no.: 29)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The Government plans to provide 164 additional subsidised day care service places for the elderly in 2021-22. The geographical distribution of the additional places is set out in Annex 1. The Government will also provide an additional 1 500 service places for integrated home care services (frail cases) (IHCS(FC)) in April 2021. The geographical distribution of the additional places is set out in Annex 2.
- 2. The Government will purchase an additional 5 000 EA1 places through the EBPS over 5 consecutive years starting from 2019-20 to increase the supply of subsidised residential care places for the elderly and enhance the overall service quality of private residential care homes for the elderly. Among the first batch of about 1 700 additional EA1 places bought, 964 have commenced service by the end of 2020. The distribution of places is set out at the Annex 3. About 720 remaining additional places are expected to commence service on or before 2021-22. The second batch of additional EA1 places

- bought, involving about 1 200 places, are also expected to commence service progressively in 2021-22.
- 3. In 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020), a total of 280 designated residential respite places were provided by private RCHEs participating in the EBPS. The number of places by district is set out in Annex 4.
- 4. From 2018-19 to 2020-21, the number of persons waitlisted for day care centres/units for the elderly (DEs/DCUs) and EHCCS are as follows:

Year	No. of waitlisted persons			
1 ear	DEs/DCUs	EHCCS [Note]		
2018-19	4 370	7 930		
2019-20	4 519	5 595		
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	3 891	4 191		

[Note] Frail elderly persons who have been confirmed as moderately or severely impaired under the Standardised Care Need Assessment Mechanism for Elderly Services can be waitlisted for integrated home care services (frail cases) and/or EHCCS.

The aforesaid numbers of persons waitlisted do not include the elderly persons classified as inactive cases because of their participation in the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly. SWD does not have the number of persons waitlisted for DEs/DCUs and EHCCS by DC district.

5. As at the end of December 2018, the end of December 2019 and the end of December 2020, there were respectively 40 569, 41 011 and 37 525 eligible elderly persons on the central waiting list for subsidised care and attention places and nursing home places.

Elderly persons currently waitlisted for subsidised RCHEs may make a maximum of 3 choices regarding the location of RCHEs, including the cluster, the district or even a specified RCHE, etc. Elderly persons may also choose more than 1 type of subsidised residential care places for the elderly, including places of subvented/contract RCHEs, and of homes participating in the EBPS and the Nursing Home Place Purchase Scheme. The SWD does not have information on the number of persons waitlisted for subsidised residential care places for the elderly in each district.

Annex 1

Estimated number of additional subsidised day care service places for the elderly and its geographical distribution (2021-22)

District	No. of places
Sham Shui Po	4
Sha Tin	60
Tai Po	60
North	40
Total	164

Number of additional IHCS(FC) places (2021-22)

District [Note]	No. of service places
Central & Western	40
Eastern	140
Wan Chai	30
Southern	60
Kwun Tong	220
Wong Tai Sin	160
Sai Kung	70
Kowloon City	65
Yau Tsim Mong	30
Sham Shui Po	60
Sha Tin	120
Tai Po	70
North	80
Yuen Long	40
Tuen Mun	90
Tsuen Wan	80
Kwai Tsing	145
Total	1 500

[Note] 25 additional service places have been provided in the Islands District since October 2020.

Number of additional EA1 places purchased under the EBPS by DC district (As at 31 December 2020)

District	No. of additional EA1 places
Eastern	20
Wan Chai	-
Central & Western	54
Islands	-
Southern	44
Sham Shui Po	32
Kowloon City	139
Yau Tsim Mong	64
Wong Tai Sin	20
Sai Kung	-
Kwun Tong	-
Sha Tin	-
Tai Po	-
North	41
Yuen Long	116
Tuen Mun	55
Tsuen Wan	54
Kwai Tsing	325
Total	964

Number of designated residential respite places provided by private RCHEs participating in the EBPS by district

District	2020-21 (as at end	d-December 2020)
District	No. of homes	No. of places
Central & Western	11	22
Southern	7	14
Islands	-	-
Eastern	10	20
Wan Chai	2	4
Kwun Tong	7	14
Wong Tai Sin	4	8
Sai Kung	-	-
Kowloon City	20	40
Yau Tsim Mong	11	22
Sham Shui Po	9	18
Sha Tin	-	-
Tai Po	5	10
North	5	10
Yuen Long	16	32
Tsuen Wan	9	18
Kwai Tsing	13	26
Tuen Mun	11	22
Total	140	280

⁻ End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)209

(Question Serial No. 1030)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the launch of an enhanced Navigation Scheme for Young Persons in Care Services (Navigation Scheme) to encourage more young people to join the elderly and rehabilitation care services, please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the enhancements in progress, the number of additional trainees after the enhancements, and the expenditure involved;
- 2. the timetables and items of other enhancements;
- 3. the number of recruits under the Navigation Scheme in each of the past 3 years;
- 4. the number of recruits having completed the two-year part-time course under the Navigation Scheme in the past 3 years;
- 5. the number of dropouts from the Navigation Scheme and the reasons for dropping out in each of the past 3 years;
- 6. the estimated number of trainees to be recruited, their salary and the number of training places to be provided in the coming year;
- 7. the number of recruits admitted to other courses of the care sector through the Navigation Scheme.

Asked by: Hon POON Siu-ping (LegCo internal reference no.: 30)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1, 2 & 6. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) will provide a total of 1 200 training places under the Navigation Scheme within 5 years starting from 2020-21, and has rolled out enhancement measures, which include expanding the age range of trainees from between 18 and 25 to between 17 and 29, reducing the working hours per week for trainees from 44 to 40 for them to further their studies more effectively, and raising their salaries and training subsidies, with a view to attracting more young people to join the social welfare care sector. Operating agencies have started recruiting trainees under the enhanced scheme since the second quarter of 2020, recruiting about 400 trainees so far. The respective

salaries of trainees participating in the Navigation Scheme as care worker (entry level) and health worker (after promotion) are \$14,150 and \$17,090 in 2020-21. The total expenditure involved will be around \$266 million.

- 3 to 5. SWD launched the Navigation Scheme in July 2015. As at the end of December 2020, a total of 1 158 trainees were recruited under the Navigation Scheme. Among them, 529 trainees graduated, while 91 trainees were still under the Navigation Scheme. 538 trainees had left the Navigation Scheme mainly for reasons such as pursuing further studies, finding the job nature not suitable, having secured another job or personal reasons.
- 7. SWD does not have the relevant information.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)210

(Question Serial No. 1031)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the provision of additional recurrent resources to subsidised community care services as well as residential care services for providing soft meals to elderly service users with swallowing problems, please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the estimated expenditure for providing soft meals to elderly persons with swallowing difficulties over the past 3 years;
- 2. the number of elderly beneficiaries, broken down by subsidised community care services and residential care services for the elderly; and
- 3. whether elderly persons ageing in place are involved; if yes, the number of these persons and the expenditure involved.

Asked by: Hon POON Siu-ping (LegCo internal reference no.: 43)

Reply:

The Social Welfare Department has since October 2020 provided additional resources to subsidised residential care homes for the elderly and community care service units for the elderly (including enhanced home and community care services, integrated home care services and day care centres/units for the elderly) for providing soft meals to elderly persons with swallowing difficulties. It is expected to benefit 12 000 elderly persons. The annual expenditure involved is about \$75 million, which does not involve additional manpower expenditure. Recognised service providers under the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly may also provide soft meals to needy elderly persons based on the principle of "money-following-the-user".

- End -

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)211

(Question Serial No. 1035)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the continuous implementation of the time-limited Special Scheme of Assistance to the Unemployed (Special Scheme) under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme, please inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. the current number of applicants for the Special Scheme;
- 2. the number of rejected applicants and the reasons for rejection;
- 3. the number of successful applicants due to the disregard of all cash value of insurance policies as assets;
- 4. whether unemployed workers who are eligible for the Special Scheme will be affected if they apply for the Special 100% Loan Guarantee for Individuals Scheme proposed in the Budget.

Asked by: Hon POON Siu-ping (LegCo internal reference no.: 23)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. to 3. To assist the unemployed and their families who face immediate financial difficulties in a more focused manner, the Government has launched the time-limited Special Scheme under the CSSA Scheme to temporarily relax the asset limits for able-bodied persons by 100% during the one-year period from 1 June 2020 to 31 May 2021. Moreover, during the six-month period from 1 April to 30 September 2021, the Government will disregard the cash value of insurance policies of able-bodied applicants of CSSA as assets in a grace period of 1 year. The Finance Committee of the Legislative Council has approved a one-off commitment of \$3.52 billion to cater for the relevant expenses. As at the end of December 2020, the number of CSSA unemployment cases amounts to around 19 500, an increase of over 55% compared to the end of December 2019. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) will continue to actively process CSSA applications in order to provide timely assistance to persons in need.
- 4. Based on the details of the Special 100% Loan Guarantee for Individuals Scheme announced in the 2021-22 Budget, SWD will exempt the amount of loan from the asset test in accordance with mechanism under the CSSA Scheme for a period of time.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)212

(Question Serial No. 3210)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the provision of additional 1 500 service quota under integrated home care services (frail cases) (IHCS(FC)), please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the number of persons waitlisted, the waiting time and the annual expenditure for IHCS (ordinary cases) (IHCS(OC)) over the past 3 years, with a breakdown by District Council (DC) district;
- 2. the number of persons waitlisted, the waiting time and the annual expenditure for IHCS(FC) over the past 3 years, with a breakdown by DC district; and
- 3. the number of persons waitlisted, the waiting time, the number of users served and the annual expenditure for enhanced home and community care services (EHCCS) over the past 3 years, with a breakdown by DC district.

Asked by: Hon POON Siu-ping (LegCo internal reference no.: 31)

Reply:

The number of persons waitlisted for IHCS(OC) from 2018-19 to 2020-21 with a breakdown by DC district is set out in Annex 1. The waiting list for IHCS(OC) is kept and managed by NGOs operating the service. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the waiting time for IHCS(OC) by DC district.

SWD only keeps the statistical information on the overall number of persons waitlisted in the territory and the average waiting time for IHCS(FC) and EHCCS without a breakdown by DC district.

The number of persons waitlisted and the average waiting time for IHCS(FC) and EHCCS from 2018-19 to 2020-21 are as follows:

	No. of persons	Average waiting time [Note]
Year	waitlisted [Note]	(in months)
		(Average of the past 3 months)
2018-19	7 930	18
2019-20	5 595	12
2020-21	4 191	12
(as at end-December 2020)	4 191	12

[Note] Frail elderly persons who have been confirmed as moderately or severely impaired under the Standardised Care Need Assessment Mechanism for Elderly Services could wait for IHCS(FC) and/or EHCCS. The number of persons waitlisted does not include the elderly persons classified as inactive cases because of their participation in the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly.

The number of service users of EHCCS from 2018-19 to 2020-21 with a breakdown by DC district is set out in Annex 2.

SWD does not keep the total annual expenditure under IHCS(OC) and IHCS(FC) separately. The total annual expenditure under IHCS(OC) and IHCS(FC) from 2018-19 to 2020-21 is provided as follows:

Year	Total annual expenditure
Teal	(\$ million)
2018-19 (Actual)	696.6
2019-20 (Actual)	740.6
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	831.9

The total annual expenditure under EHCCS from 2018-19 to 2020-21 is as follows:

Year	Total annual expenditure (\$ million)
2018-19 (Actual)	419.0
2019-20 (Actual)	638.1
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	935.1

Annex 1

Number of persons waitlisted for IHCS(OC) (from 2018-19 to 2020-21)

	No. of waitlisted persons						
District/Year	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21				
			(as at end-December 2020)				
Central & Western	28	47	66				
Eastern	106	146	166				
Wan Chai	56	69	108				
Southern	84	85	115				
Islands	-	-	93				
Kwun Tong	761	861	988				
Wong Tai Sin	577	609	663				
Sai Kung	87	125	150				
Kowloon City	110	104	102				
Yau Tsim Mong	82	82	99				
Sham Shui Po	251	292	363				
Sha Tin	416	506	598				
Tai Po	103	140	148				
North	55	61	105				
Yuen Long	122	151	196				
Tuen Mun	302	261	337				
Tsuen Wan	9	5	6				
Kwai Tsing	112	70	50				
Total	3 261	3 614	4 353				

Annual number of service users under EHCCS (from 2018-19 to 2020-21)

Year	201	8-19		201	19-20	2020-21 (as at end-August 2020)			2020)	2020-21 (As at end- December 2020)
District	By district team	_	luster am	By district team	•	uster am	By district team	•	luster am	By district team ^[Note 4]
Central & Western	221			254			223			303
Eastern	268	238	224	307	286	329	285	240	292	734
Wan Chai	208			226			199			284
Southern	209			246			226			262
Islands	118	N.	.A.	145	N.	A.	123	N.	A.	137
Kwun Tong	566	440	203	699	539	298	597	467	287	1 512
Wong Tai Sin	528	1 012		627	1 226	561	1 063		1 435	
Sai Kung	308	[No	te 1]	340	[No	te 1]	298	[No	te 1]	672
Kowloon City	376	5	24	423	6'	20	361	5	5.4	671
Yau Tsim Mong	256		24 ite 2]	274		te 2]	231	554 [Note 2]		409
Sham Shui Po	319		195	395		245	363		213	800
Sha Tin	244			320			273			875
Tai Po	181	280	237	225	325	348	200	298	304	245
North	186			229			210			279
Yuen Long	240			284			244			409
Tuen Mun	205)41	272	1 255 [Note 3]	1 255	215	1 098 [Note 3])98	471
Tsuen Wan	306	[No	te 3]	343		te 3]	306		579	
Kwai Tsing	439			589			502			1 162
Total	95	572		11 669		10	233	_	11 239	

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] Including 3 cluster teams.

[Note 2] Including 2 cluster teams.

[Note 3] Including 4 cluster teams.

[Note 4] All cluster teams of EHCCS have been changed to district teams since 1 September 2020.

- End -

LWB(WW)213

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 0714)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

(4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please advise the approved amount, the number of beneficiaries and the technology products procured/rented under the Innovation and Technology Fund for Application in Elderly and Rehabilitation Care (I&T Fund).

Asked by: Hon QUAT Elizabeth (LegCo internal reference no.: 57)

Reply:

The Government launched the \$1 billion I&T Fund in December 2018 to subsidise eligible elderly and rehabilitation service units to procure/rent and try out technology products, with a view to improving the life of service users, and reducing the burden and pressure on care staff and carers. As at 31 December 2020, 3 tranches of grants totalling over \$200 million had been approved for about 970 elderly and rehabilitation service units to procure or rent over 4 200 items of technology products. The types of products that got more applications for procurement from the service units included smart hospital beds with extra low position, equipment and assessment tools for occupational therapy/physiotherapy/speech therapy, tilt- in-space/height adjustable commode/shower chair, wireless health monitoring equipment, companion robot, and anti-wandering system, etc.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)214

(Question Serial No. 1905)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

As regards supporting needy carers living in the community who are taking care of frail elderly persons, please inform this Committee:

- 1. of the service details, number of service places, number of applicants, number of service users and number of activities held for support services provided to these carers in the past 5 years;
- 2. of the units, manpower and resources involved in support services provided to these carers in the past 5 years;
- 3. for carers served by subvented elderly centres and home care services teams, of the number of applicants, service places, service users and activities held in each of the past 5 years, with a breakdown by service received; and
- 4. whether the Government has any plan to introduce relevant support schemes for persons with disabilities or other needy carers.

Asked by: Hon QUAT Elizabeth (LegCo internal reference no.: 90)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1 to 3. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) has allocated additional resources to all subvented elderly centres (including 41 district elderly community centres (DECCs) and 170 neighbourhood elderly centres (NECs)) and integrated home care services (IHCS) teams across the territory since October 2018, and all enhanced home and community care services (EHCCS) teams since March 2019 to enhance outreach services for supporting needy carers living in the community who are looking after frail elderly persons, including carers with disabilities or The measures will incur a recurrent expenditure of about aged carers. \$238 million, which is mainly used for the elderly service units to recruit more social workers and personal care workers. The additional resources will enable elderly centres and home care services teams to make use of various outreach services and community networks to identify needy elderly persons and offer them the necessary support services, such as temporary elder-sitting and on-site carer training, thereby relieving the pressure of carers of the elderly.

Support services for needy carers of the elderly have been implemented since October 2018. The details of the services, the number of service users and the frequency of relevant activities are set out in the Annex. SWD does not have information on the number of service places or the number of applicants for support services for such carers of the elderly by service type.

4. As regards support for persons with disabilities and their carers, SWD provides them with a range of integrated home-based services through Home Care Service for Persons with Severe Disabilities and Integrated Support Service for Persons with Severe Physical Disabilities (ISS), with a view to relieving the pressure on their families/carers and improving their quality of life. The ISS provides special subsidies to support eligible persons with severe physical disabilities, so as to reduce their burden arising from the costs of medical equipment and medical consumables. SWD has incorporated the Community Care Fund's Pilot Scheme on Providing Special Subsidy for Persons with Permanent Stoma from Lowincome Families for Purchasing Medical Consumables into the Government's regular assistance programmes in March 2021, and has renamed it as the Special Subsidy Scheme for Persons with Permanent Stoma to provide continuous support for persons with permanent stoma (excretory stoma) to relieve their financial burden.

Persons with disabilities and their carers/families may also use the services provided by parents/relatives resource centres, district support centres for persons with disabilities and integrated community centres for mental wellness, support centres for persons with autism, day care service for persons with severe disabilities and day and residential respite services to receive appropriate support.

Number of Users, Frequency of Activities and Details of Support Services for Carers of the Elderly

Service	Number of service users (Total number of needy carers of the elderly served)	Frequency of Activities	Service details	Details of Activities
DECCs				Services for needy carers
2018-19 [Note 1]	2 600	5 525		of the elderly provided
2019-20	4 812	13 714]	include such support
2020-21	4 842	9 669 ^[Note 5]]	services as organising
(as at December 2020)				support groups, training activities and arranging
NECs			1	visits by volunteers,
2018-19 [Note 1]	5 539	12 505	To identify needy elderly	escore ser vice and respite
2019-20	10 420	34 230	persons and their carers in	care for the clastry
2020-21	10 397	19 973 [Note 5]	the community through	(nonic based of centre
(as at December			various outreach services and community networks,	casca).
2020)			for example by liaising with	
IHCS Teams			different neighbourhoods	
2018-19 [Note 1]	587	346	and mobilising members of	referrals, personal or
2019-20	519	770	the community, and offer	group training, support
2020-21 [Note 2]	994	726	them the necessary support	groups and programmes,
(as at December			services.	etc. aimed at meeting the
2020)				physical/emotional/
EHCCS teams				social needs of needy
2018-19 [Note 3]	143	117	_	carers of the elderly.
2019-20	1 891	2 611		
2020-21 [Note 4]	2 118	1 820		
(as at December 2020)				

Support services for needy carers of the elderly were launched in October 2018. Therefore, the figures in 2018-19 were taken from October 2018 to March 2019.

- End -

The only home help team has been upgraded to IHCS team since 1 October 2020, and there are a total of 61 IHCS teams in the territory.

[[]Note 3] As allocation of additional resources to the 34 EHCCS teams was only effective from 1 March 2019, the figures for 2018-19 only include the number of persons from 1 March to 31 March 2019.

[[]Note 4] All cluster teams of EHCCS have been changed to district teams since 1 September 2020, and there is a total of 31 EHCCS teams in the territory.

[[]Note 5] Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, the frequency of activities is less than that of 2019-20.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)215

(Question Serial No. 1907)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

On supporting carers of persons with disabilities living in the community, please advise this Committee:

- 1. the number of carers who have used home respite service, carer training service, carer emotional support service and case management service over the past 5 years;
- 2. the number of carers served, number of members and total headcount of activity participants with a breakdown by different services (including the district support centres for persons with disabilities (DSCs), parents/relatives resource centres (PRCs), integrated community centres for mental wellness (ICCMWs), home care service for persons with severe disabilities (HCS) and integrated support service for persons with severe physical disabilities (ISS)) over the past 5 years;
- 3. the service places, number of applicants, number of relevant activities organised and number of activity participants of DSCs, PRCs, ICCMWs, HCS and ISS, with a breakdown by type of services in each of the past 5 years.

Asked by: Hon QUAT Elizabeth (LegCo internal reference no.: 91)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) provides various types of community support services for persons with disabilities and their families/carers through non-governmental organisations. These services include ISS, HCS, DSCs, PRCs and ICCMWs, to help persons with disabilities continue to live in and integrate into the community, and reduce the pressure on their families/carers. SWD does not have information on the number of carers who have used home respite service, carer training service, carer emotional support service and case management service of the above mentioned services.
- 2. & 3. Among the above services, the number of service places of ISS and HCS in 2020- 21 was 900 and 3 550 respectively, and there were no designated service places for the remaining services. SWD does not have information on the number of service places, number of applicants and total headcount and number of activity

participants in the various community support services. From 2016-17 to 2020-21, the number of members (including the families/carers of persons with disabilities) of PRCs and ICCMWs is set out in Table 1 of the Annex. The number of cases being carers of persons with disabilities and the number of activities organised for these carers are set out in Tables 2 and 3 of the Annex.

Table 1: Number of members being carers in PRCs and ICCMWs [Note 1]

Year	PRCs (Average no. of family members per month)	ICCMWs (No. of families/carers) [Note 2]
2016-17	5 115	4 073
2017-18	5 360	4 376
2018-19	5 553	5 174
2019-20	7 979	4 679
2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)	8 834	3 387

[Note 1] SWD does not have information on the number of members being carers of persons with disabilities in DSCs, HCS and ISS.

[Note 2] The figure of family members/carers in ICCMWs refers to the number of service users.

Table 2: Number of cases being carers of persons with disabilities in various services from 2016-17 to 2020-21 [Note]

Service type	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)
PRC	332	380	396	547	701
ICCMW	2 439	2 432	2 658	1 858	1 682

[Note] SWD does not have information on the number of cases being carers of persons with disabilities in DSCs, HCS and ISS.

Table 3: Number of activities organised for carers of persons with disabilities by various services from 2016-17 to 2020-21

	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
					(as at
Service type					31 December 2020)
	No. of	No. of	No. of	No. of	No. of activities
	activities	activities	activities	activities	[Note 2]
PRC	2 645	3 360	3 736	4 182	3 135
DSC [Note 1]	1 372	1 180	1 485	979	325
HCS	106	149	162	129	54
ISS	43	54	51	59	36
ICCMW [Note 1]	509	530	667	760	451

[Note 1] The figure provided represents the number of sessions of the activities.

[Note 2] To minimise the risk of COVID-19 being spread in the community during the period when the epidemic situation was more serious, the scale of welfare services subsidised by SWD was limited. In light of the gradual stabilisation of the epidemic situation, those services have resumed normal operation gradually.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)216

(Question Serial No. 1908)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: Not Specified

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The epidemic situation has been severe over the past year. Amid the epidemic, what support has the Social Welfare Department (SWD) provided for social welfare organisations to deliver services as usual, and/or what technological funding support has SWD provided for such organisations to deliver services? How will SWD monitor whether the relevant funds are used effectively? In addition, how will SWD review the current service quality?

Asked by: Hon QUAT Elizabeth (LegCo internal reference no.: 92)

Reply:

- 1. In response to the COVID-19 epidemic, SWD has, as at March 2021, disbursed the following allowances to welfare service units for anti-epidemic purposes so that such units can continue to deliver services amid the epidemic:
 - (1) In order to assist welfare service units to strengthen their anti-epidemic measures, since January 2020, SWD has provided all service units under subvention/contract, and residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) and residential care homes for persons with disabilities (RCHDs) with 5 rounds of special allowance (at a rate of \$5,000 or \$3,000 for each of the first 2 rounds; at a rate of \$10,000 or \$6,000 from the third to fifth rounds) for the procurement of personal protective equipment and sanitising items. The allowance covered about 3 600 service units. In addition, SWD has informed 8 organisations running short-term food assistance service projects across the territory to purchase protective equipment and sanitising items on an actual reimbursement basis.
 - (2) In view of manpower shortage due to individual staff being put under mandatory quarantine arrangements or medical treatment, SWD has provided 3 rounds of special allowance for manpower support from February 2020 to March 2021 to residential care homes (RCHs), home-based care service units as well as residential Child Care Centres (CCCs), etc., to make additional manpower arrangements and maintain daily operations. The special allowance has benefited some 1 400 service units. In addition, SWD has provided 2 rounds of special allowance for the staff of subvented and subsidised RCHs to show recognition of and appreciation to their efforts in maintaining residential care services during the

- epidemic. The special allowance amounts to 10% of the monthly salary of an employee with a cap at \$4,000 for 4 months (i.e. from February to May 2020), and has benefited 745 subvented and subsidised RCHs with a total of around 29 000 employees.
- (3) SWD has provided a one-off special allowance to a total of 136 recognised service providers providing day care services by the co-payment mode under the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly so as to relieve the financial difficulties caused by a suspension of their services.
- (4) In order to assist CCCs to sustain their operation, the Government has provided 3 rounds of special allowance to more than 550 aided and non-aided CCCs (including CCCs attached to kindergartens) across the territory for a four-month period each to assist them to tide over the financial difficulties arising from the suspension of their services. The special allowance is set at a full-day rate at \$4,000 and a half-day rate at \$2,000 for each enrolled child per month or the approved monthly fee, whichever is the less.
- (5) To subsidise foster parents in the light of the additional expenses incurred on the procurement of face masks and other sanitising items for their foster children during the epidemic period, SWD has provided an additional living allowance for each foster child from February 2020 to March 2021.
- (6) SWD has provided 4 rounds of special allowance (at a rate of \$5,000 at the first round and \$6,000 from the second to the fourth round respectively) from February to November 2020 to the beneficiary organisations under the Financial Support Scheme for Self-help Organisations of Persons with Disabilities/Chronic Illnesses for 2018-20 and Community-based Support Projects for Persons with Disabilities with time-limited subsidies from SWD on a project basis. The allowance was for the procurement of personal protective equipment and sanitising items, and has benefited about 110 organisations and service projects.
- (7) Under the Anti-epidemic Fund, SWD launched the Anti-virus Coating Spray Subsidy in May 2020 to support some 1 100 RCHEs and RCHDs with anti-virus coating spray on their premises. To further strengthen infection control, SWD launched a new round of the Anti-virus Coating Spray Subsidy in November 2020 to all RCHs across the territory. The subsidy has also been extended to cover some 300 day care units of elderly and rehabilitation services.
- 2. As at March 2021, in view of the epidemic of COVID-19, SWD had provided welfare service units with other anti-epidemic support:
 - (1) From February 2020 to March 2021, SWD has distributed a total of about 26 million face masks to the above residential service units in 19 batches for use by their staff. SWD also distributed a total of more than 16 million face masks to all RCHEs and RCHDs from July 2020 to February 2021 for use by their residents who were in need.
 - (2) From August 2020 to March 2021, SWD has distributed a total of more than 7.2 million face masks to non-governmental organisations (NGOs) service units (including day service units and residential service units other than RCHEs and RCHDs) for use by their service users. SWD has also distributed a total of about 1.6 million and 4 million face masks to relevant day service units from May to July 2020 and from December 2020 to March 2021 respectively, as well as

- distributing 240 000 non-reusable face shields to home care service units in May 2020 for use by their staff.
- (3) The Government has passed about 1.3 million face masks donated by various sectors to beneficiary organisations under the Financial Support Scheme for Self-help Organisations of Persons with Disabilities/Chronic Illnesses from March to June 2020, to help them strengthen their protective equipment.
- (4) Through the provision under the Anti-epidemic Fund, SWD created 1 000 time-limited posts for 12 months from 1 October 2020 to 31 December 2021 for elderly and rehabilitation service organisations subsidised by SWD. Young people have been recruited to support service users and staff in using gerontechnology or other technology products, as well as assisting the elderly and rehabilitation service units in implementing tele-practice, online training etc. as a supplement to the conventional mode of service delivery.
- (5) SWD has conducted 10 rounds of voluntary testing from July 2020 to March 2021 for staff members, residents and service users of all RCHEs, RCHDs and Nursing Homes (NHs) across the territory to facilitate early identification and treatment of infected persons, as well as arranging for the close contacts to undergo quarantine. The first 3 rounds of testing were targeted at staff of RCHEs, RCHDs and NHs. The fourth and fifth rounds of testing extended the scope to cover residents and service users of the above RCHEs, RCHDs and NHs including (i) newly admitted residents; (ii) residents who need to go out for medical purposes, rehabilitation training, work or other reasons; (iii) service users of day care/rehabilitation service units attached to the RCHs; and (iv) other residents who were willing to undergo testing. As staff of RCHs have been required to undergo mandatory testing since the end of November, the targets of voluntary testing only cover residents and service users starting from the sixth round.
- (6) SWD has provided 3 rounds of free-of-charge voluntary COVID-19 testing service for the staff of welfare service units with a higher risk (including staff of day care, home care and day training services for the elderly/persons with disabilities) from September 2020 to February 2021. SWD also provided a special grant in January 2021 to the service providers of professional outreach services for private RCHEs and RCHDs to cover the cost of conducting combined nasal and throat swab tests for their outreach staff, so as to reduce the risks of infection and spread of the virus while providing services at the RCHs.
- (7) To further safeguard the health of residents and staff of RCHs, the Secretary for Food and Health issued 10 rounds of compulsory testing notices under the Prevention and Control of Disease (Compulsory Testing for Certain Persons) Regulation (Chapter 599, Subsidiary Legislation J) from the end of November 2020 to early March 2021, requiring staff of RCHEs, RCHDs, NHs and day service units attached to the premises of RCHEs and RCHDs to undergo specified testing in accordance with the testing requirements and procedures prescribed in the notices. To provide greater flexibility for RCHs in testing arrangements, RCHs have been allowed to make their own arrangement and use the testing services of government accredited laboratories since the second round of compulsory testing. SWD will reimburse relevant testing fees to RCHs on reimbursement basis according to the actual number and cost of tests completed (the subsidy is capped at \$240 per test).

- (8) SWD launched a time-limited programme in December 2020. NGOs operating the Visiting Medical Practitioner Service were subsidised to arrange nurses to conduct on-site assessment on infection control measures for private and self-financing RCHEs and RCHDs, and contract homes operated by private operators, as well as teaching their staff about anti-epidemic knowledge and skills. Besides, technical engineering teams were arranged to conduct ventilation assessment for these RCHs and make recommendations on ventilation improvement. In addition, SWD provided special funding to NGOs operating subvented RCHs or contract homes to implement the corresponding measures by themselves. Meanwhile, the Hong Kong Jockey Club Charities Trust will also offer a one-off and capped allowance to RCHEs and RCHDs across the territory to purchase equipment for the purpose of ventilation improvement and strengthening support for the residents.
- 3. SWD has requested beneficiary organisations/service units to keep records of receipts and disbursement regarding the special allowance and documents related to the applications, for submission of statements and/or financial reports on the usage of payments to staff of SWD for checking. Service units must refund to SWD the unspent balance and/or special allowance for its designated purpose.
- 4. As for the review on service quality of subvented services, SWD assesses and monitors the service performance of subvented service units through the regular reports submitted by service operators under the Service Performance Monitoring System. Based on the principle of random selection, SWD also conducts assessments or surprise visits to the service units. SWD has issued a letter to subvented NGOs, informing them that during 2019-20 and 2020-21, when assessment of whether the performance of their service units met the service requirements stipulated in the Funding and Service Agreements, flexibility would be exercised taking into full consideration the impact of the epidemic on their service delivery and the service arrangements amid the epidemic as announced by SWD.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)217

(Question Serial No. 3237)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding Phase II of the Pilot Scheme on Living Allowance for Low Income Carers of Persons with Disabilities (Pilot Scheme for PwD Carers) and Phase III of the Pilot Scheme on Living Allowance for Carers of Elderly Persons from Low Income Families (Pilot Scheme for Elderly Carers), please advise this Committee as to:

- 1. the units, manpower, total number of applicants and the resources involved for each type of allowance since its rollout:
- 2. the annual expenditure and administrative costs for each type of allowance since its rollout;
- 3. the annual number of applicants, applicants approved as eligible and the number of types of payment applied for regarding each type of allowance since its rollout;
- 4. the number of recipients of living allowance, participants in carers' training courses, recipients of the training payment of \$1,000 under the 2 pilot schemes and the utilisation rate of each type of allowance since its rollout;
- 5. the number of carers quitting the 2 pilot schemes since the rollout of the 2 types of allowance and their reasons;
- 6. the progress of evaluation of the second phase of the pilot schemes by a commissioned consultant; when and how the evaluation results will be published; and
- 7. the subsequent arrangement for the schemes.

Asked by: Hon QUAT Elizabeth (LegCo internal reference no.: 89)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. Under Phase III of the Pilot Scheme for Elderly Carers, 50 non-governmental organisations (NGOs) operating district elderly community centres and/or neighbourhood elderly centres (159 elderly centres in total) provided support services to carers and elderly persons. Under Phase II of the Pilot Scheme for PwD Carers, 24 NGOs operating parents/relatives resource centres, integrated community centres for mental wellness/or district support centres for persons with

disabilities (46 centres in total) provided support services to carers and persons with disabilities. The total allocated funding for the Pilot Scheme for Elderly Carers and the Pilot Scheme for PwD Carers is about \$538 million and \$224 million respectively. The manpower deployed is about 457 man-months and 155 man-months respectively.

- 2. As at the end of December 2020, the amount of approved grant for the Pilot Scheme for Elderly Carers and the Pilot Scheme for PwD Carers is about \$415 million and \$209 million respectively (including service fees for approved service providers). The administrative cost involved is about \$13.05 million and \$6.50 million respectively.
- 3. & 4. As at the end of December 2020, the number of applications and number of cases having received the allowances and training fees under the Pilot Scheme for Elderly Carers and the Pilot Scheme for PwD Carers are set out in Annex 1. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) only has information on the number of beneficiaries for each phase and in total, but not the information on number of beneficiaries and utilisation rate of each type of allowance by year.
- 5. As at the end of December 2020, a total of 3 842 elderly carers and 603 carers of persons with disabilities have withdrawn from the Pilot Scheme for Elderly Carers and the Pilot Scheme for PwD Carers respectively. Their reasons for withdrawal and the relevant number of cases are set out in Annex 2.
- 6. & 7. SWD has commissioned the Sau Po Centre on Ageing of the University of Hong Kong to conduct an evaluation on both the Pilot Scheme for Elderly Carers and the Pilot Scheme for PwD Carers. Meanwhile, a study on carer support has already been commenced to explore carers' needs in a more comprehensive manner. As such, the Government will take into consideration the content of both study reports to determine the way forward for the 2 Pilot Schemes. In this connection, SWD announced the extension of the Pilot Scheme for Elderly Carers Phase III and the Pilot Scheme for PwD Carers Phase II from October 2020 up to the end of March 2021 under the current mode of operation, and the launching of new phases of the 2 Pilot Schemes from April 2021 to September 2023.

Number of applications and number of cases having received allowances and training fees under Pilot Scheme for Elderly Carers and Pilot Scheme for PwD Carers (as at end-December 2020)

	Numb	er of applic	cations	Number of cases having received allowances			Number of cases
	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	having received training fees
Pilot Scheme for Elderly Carers	2 928	2 917	2 350	2 001	1 968	1 752	249 [Note 2]
Total		8 195		5 721 [Note 1]			
Pilot Scheme for PwD Carers	1 934	1 083	N.A.	1 528	792	N.A.	459 [Note 4]
Total		3 017	ı	2 320 [Note 3]			

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] 5 407 of them took care of 1 elderly person, while 314 took care of 2 elderly persons/1 elderly person and 1 person with disabilities.

[Note 2] 36 of them have received \$1,000 training fees.

[Note 3] 2 254 of them took care of 1 person with disabilities, while 66 took care of 2 persons with disabilities/1 person with disabilities and 1 elderly persons.

[Note 4] 194 of them have received \$1,000 training fees.

Number of persons having withdrawn from Pilot Scheme for Elderly Carers and Pilot Scheme for PwD Carers and their reasons for withdrawal (as at end-December 2020)

	Number	of cases
Reason for withdrawal from the Pilot Scheme	Pilot Scheme for Elderly Carers	Pilot Scheme for PwD Carers
Elderly persons/persons with disabilities started receiving residential care services (including boarding schools or infirmary service)	1 561	225
Elderly persons/persons with disabilities passed away	1 329	34
Elderly carers/carers of persons with disabilities started receiving Comprehensive Social Security Assistance/Old Age Living Allowance	350	121
Carers/elderly persons/carers of persons with disabilities/ persons with disabilities faced changing circumstances	427	159
Did not apply for Phase II/III of Pilot Scheme upon completion of Phase I/II	175	64
Total	3 842	603

Examination of Estimates of Expenditure 2021-22

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)218

(Question Serial No. 0518)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

What is the number of street sleepers in various districts over the past 10 years (2011-12 to 2020-21) (please set out by year and 18 districts)? Has the Government kept the figures on street sleepers staying at 24-hour fast food shops? If yes, what is the distribution in various districts? If no, what are the reasons?

District	11-12	12-13	13-14	14-15	15-16	16-17	17-18	18-19	19-20	20-21
Central & Western										
Eastern										
Kowloon City										
Kwai Tsing										
Kwun Tong										
North										
Sai Kung										
Sha Tin										
Sham Shui Po										
Southern										
Tai Po										
Tsuen Wan										
Tuen Mun										
Wan Chai										
Wong Tai Sin		·								
Yau Tsim Mong		·								
Yuen Long		·								
Sha Tin						-	-		-	

Asked by: Hon TIEN Puk-sun, Michael (LegCo internal reference no.: 10)

Reply:

The number of street sleepers who had been approached by the 3 Integrated Services Teams for Street Sleepers operated by non-governmental organisations subvented by the Social Welfare Department (SWD) and related service units from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) by district is set out as follows:

Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
District					(as at end-December 2020)
Hong Kong & Islands	123	106	118	191	199

Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
District					(as at end-December 2020)
Kowloon	768	910	1 033	1 106	1 223
New Territories	33	111	146	126	119
Total	924	1 127	1 297	1 423	1 541

The information on street sleepers who had been approached and had stayed at 24-hour shops (including 24-hour fast food shops) from 2018-19 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) by district is set out below:

Year	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
District			(as at end-December 2020)
Hong Kong & Islands	10	30	36
Kowloon	136	164	167
New Territories	6	16	19
Total	152	210	222

SWD does not have the information before 2018-19.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)219

(Question Serial No. 0520)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

What is the current utilisation rate of the places provided in different types of hostels? What is the number of manpower in different types of hostels and the ratio of service users to service staff?

	Number of places provided	Utilisation rate (%)	Number of service staff	Ratio of service staff to service users
hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons (HSMH)	<u> </u>			
hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons (HMMH)				
care and attention home for severely disabled persons (C&A/SD)				
care and attention home for the aged blind (C&A/AB)				
hostel for severely physically handicapped persons (HSPH)				
long stay care home (LSCH)				
halfway house (HWH)				
supported hostel (SHOS)				

Asked by: Hon TIEN Puk-sun, Michael (LegCo internal reference no.: 11)

Reply:

The number of service places for various types of residential services for persons with disabilities as at 31 December 2020 is set out in the Annex. In 2019-20, the actual enrolment rate for residential rehabilitation services on average is 93%. Under the Lump Sum Grant Subvention System, service operators have the flexibility to deploy resources and arrange suitable staffing to meet the requirements as set out in the Funding and Service Agreements. Notional Staffing Establishment (NSE) is only used for calculating the subventions for subvented services and should not be used for benchmarking the manpower and staffing structure of the subvented services. Nevertheless, to enhance the transparency of subventions calculation, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) has uploaded the NSE samples of subvented services onto the SWD website since February 2017 (the website address is as follows):

https://www.swd.gov.hk/en/index/site_ngo/page_subventions/sub_modesofsub/id_2907/

Annex

Number of service places for various types of residential rehabilitation services for persons with disabilities

Residential rehabilitation services for persons with	Number of service places
disabilities	(as at 31 December 2020)
Halfway house	1 594
Long stay care home	1 587
Hostel for moderately mentally handicapped persons	2 800
Hostel for severely mentally handicapped persons	4 060
Hostel for severely physically handicapped persons	715
Care and attention home for severely disabled persons	1 132
Care and attention home for the aged blind	828
Supported hostel	784

- End -

Examination of Estimates of Expenditure 2021-22

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)220

(Question Serial No. 0547)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Under the Enhanced Bought Place Scheme (EBPS), the net area of floor space per person for EA1 homes is 9.5m². Taking a care-and-attention (C&A) home with 40 places as an example, its number of staff is about 21.5 persons and its monthly charge is \$1,763. As for EA2 homes, the area of floor space per person should be 8m², with its number of staff of about 19 persons and a monthly charge of \$1,656. Please advise the following:

- a. the number of persons participating in the EBPS over the past decade;
- b. the average waiting time each year;
- c. the respective numbers of EA1 and EA2 places under the EBPS; and
- d. the estimated numbers of EA1 and EA2 places in the coming 5 years.

Asked by: Hon TIEN Puk-sun, Michael (LegCo internal reference no.: 22)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- a. The number of persons admitted to subsidised residential care places for the elderly in private residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) participating in the EBPS from 2016-17 to 2020-21 is set out in Annex 1.
- b. The average waiting time for subsidised residential care places in private RCHEs participating in the EBPS from 2016-17 to 2020-21 is set out in Annex 2.
- c. The respective numbers of EA1 and EA2 places under the EBPS are set out in Annex 3.
- d. As at the end of December 2020, private RCHEs participating in the EBPS provided 7 059 EA1 places and 2 166 EA2 places. The Government will purchase an additional 5 000 EA1 places under the EBPS over 5 consecutive years starting from 2019-20 to increase the supply of subsidised residential care places for the elderly and enhance the overall service quality of private RCHEs, while EA2 places will not be increased.

Annex 1
Number of persons admitted to private RCHEs participating in the EBPS (2016-17 to 2020-21)

Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
No. of persons admitted	7 808	7 699	7 728	8 113	8 447

Average waiting time for private RCHEs participating in the EBPS

	Average waiting time (in months)						
	(Average of the previous 3 months) [Note 1]						
2016-17	2016-17 2017-18 2018-19 2019-20 2020-21						
	(as at end-December 2020)						
11	11	10	9	9			

[Note 1] It is the average number of months taken (from the waitlist date to the admission date) for normal cases to be admitted to service in the past 3 months. Cases accorded priority in allocation of places, cases with inactive history admitted in the past 3 months, and cases transferred from home for the aged places to the converted care and attention places providing a continuum of care in the same RCHE have been excluded in the calculation because their waiting time may be extraordinarily long or short in comparison with that of normal cases.

 $\label{eq:Annex3} \textbf{Number of subsidised places in private RCHEs participating in the EBPS}$

	Private RCHEs participating in the EBPS				
Year	No. of subsidised places in	No. of subsidised places in			
	EA1 homes	EA2 homes			
2016-17	4 709	3 378			
2017-18	5 831	2 178			
2018-19	5 814	2 177			
2019-20	6 444	2 172			
2020-21	7 059	2 166			
(as at end-December 2020)	/ 039	2 100			

⁻ End -

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)221

(Question Serial No. 0556)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding community care services under this Programme, please advise as to:

- 1. the number of service places, the number of elderly persons served, the number of cases served yearly, the number of persons waitlisted, the average waiting time, the number of persons having left the service, the number of waitlisted elderly persons having passed away, the average cost per place per month, and the annual expenditure for integrated home care services (IHCS) (ordinary cases) (IHCS(OC)) over the past 5 years, with a breakdown by District Council (DC) district and age group;
- 2. the number of service places, the number of elderly persons served, the number of cases served yearly, the number of persons waitlisted, the average waiting time, the number of persons having left the service, the number of waitlisted elderly persons having passed away, the average cost per place per month, and the annual expenditure for IHCS (frail cases) (IHCS(FC)) over the past 5 years, with a breakdown by DC district and age group;
- 3. the number of service places, the number of elderly persons served, the number of cases served yearly, the number of persons waitlisted, the average waiting time, the number of persons having left the service, the number of waitlisted elderly persons having passed away, the average cost per place per month, and the annual expenditure for enhanced home and community care services (EHCCS) over the past 5 years, with a breakdown by DC district and age group;
- 4. the annual provision granted to each service provider in respect of IHCS and EHCCS; and
- 5. the number of service places provided by each service provider and the number of service teams by district in respect of IHCS(OC), IHCS(FC) and EHCCS over the past 5 years.

Asked by: Hon TIEN Puk-sun, Michael (LegCo internal reference no.: 41)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. to 3. The respective numbers of service places, service users throughout the year, persons waitlisted and persons withdrawn from the service under IHCS(OC) by DC district from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are at Annexes 1 to 4. The waiting list for IHCS(OC) is kept and managed by non-governmental organisations (NGOs) currently operating the services. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the average waiting time for IHCS(OC) and the number of persons who passed away while waiting for such services.

The respective numbers of service places and service users throughout the year under IHCS(FC) by DC district from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are at Annexes 5 and 6.

The respective numbers of service places and service users throughout the year under EHCCS by DC district from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are at Annexes 7 and 8.

SWD only keeps the statistical information on the overall number of persons waitlisted, the average waiting time, the number of elderly persons who passed away while waiting and number of persons withdrawn from the service in the territory under IHCS(FC) and EHCCS without a breakdown by DC district and age group.

The number of persons waitlisted, the average waiting time and the number of elderly persons who passed away while waiting for IHCS(FC) and EHCCS from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are as follows:

Year	No. of persons	Average	No. of
	waitlisted [Note]	waiting time [Note]	elderly persons
		(in months)	who passed away
		(Average of	while waiting [Note]
		the past 3 months)	
2016-17	4 504	11	37
2017-18	5 819	15	36
2018-19	7 930	18	45
2019-20	5 595	12	41
2020-21			
(as at end-	4 191	12	25
December 2020)			

[Note] Frail elderly persons who have been confirmed as moderately or severely impaired under the Standardised Care Need Assessment Mechanism for Elderly Services could wait for IHCS(FC) and/or EHCCS. The number of persons waitlisted does not include the elderly persons classified as inactive cases because of their participation in the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly.

The number of persons withdrawn from the IHCS(FC) and EHCCS from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are as follows:

Year	IHCS(FC)	EHCCS
2016-17	349	2 435
2017-18	317	2 597
2018-19	340	2 422
2019-20	278	2 635
2020-21	289	2 130
(as at end-December 2020)	209	2 130

SWD does not keep the average monthly cost of handling each case and the total annual expenditure under IHCS(OC) and IHCS(FC) separately. The average monthly cost of handling each case and the total annual expenditure under IHCS(OC) and IHCS(FC) from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are as follows:

Year	Average monthly cost	Total annual
	of handling each case	expenditure
	(\$)	(\$ million)
2016-17 (Actual)	1,904	621.9
2017-18 (Actual)	1,968	635.8
2018-19 (Actual)	2,215	696.6
2019-20 (Actual)	2,453	740.6
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	2,679	831.9

The average monthly cost of handling each case and the total annual expenditure under EHCCS from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are as follows:

Year	Average monthly cost	Total annual
	of handling each case	expenditure
	(\$)	(\$ million)
2016-17 (Actual)	4,533	389.2
2017-18 (Actual)	4,635	398.1
2018-19 (Actual)	4,853	419.0
2019-20 (Actual)	6,646	638.1
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	8,417	935.1

- 4. At present, IHCS and EHCCS are offered by 24 and 14 NGOs respectively. The 2020-21 Revised Estimate for the 2 services is about \$831.9 million and \$935.1 million respectively, while the 2020-21 Estimate is about \$1,104.9 million and \$1,073.1 million respectively.
- 5. The number of service places and the number of IHCS Teams providing IHCS(OC) and IHCS(FC) from 2016-17 to 2019-20 and for 2020-21 are at Annexes 9 to 12 respectively.

The number of service places and the number of EHCCS Teams from 2016-17 to 2018-19 and from 2019-20 to 2020-21 are at Annexes 13 to 15 respectively.

Number of IHCS(OC) places (2016-17 to 2020-21)

		N	lumber of se	rvice places [Note]
District/Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
District/ i ear					(as at
					end-December 2020)
Central & Western	557	555	563	506	487
Eastern	1 486	1 463	1 475	1 414	1 403
Wan Chai	443	424	424	406	372
Southern	957	902	872	850	914
Islands	246	237	232	213	294
Kwun Tong	1 903	1 853	1 764	1 704	1 666
Wong Tai Sin	1 505	1 570	1 500	1 409	1 321
Sai Kung	412	407	415	425	410
Kowloon City	1 291	1 342	1 315	1 235	1 218
Yau Tsim Mong	932	902	912	879	852
Sham Shui Po	1 739	1 642	1 559	1 474	1 494
Sha Tin	1 333	1 305	1 302	1 296	1 250
Tai Po	645	589	566	548	541
North	1 253	1 279	1 197	1 124	1 083
Yuen Long	1 231	1 202	1 127	1 041	1 015
Tuen Mun	1 205	1 209	1 096	1 028	990
Tsuen Wan	414	401	418	361	402
Kwai Tsing	1 112	1 181	1 200	1 067	1 067
Total	18 664	18 463	17 937	16 980	16 779

[Note] Individual service providers of IHCS(OC) set their own service capacity.

Number of IHCS(OC) users throughout the year (2016-17 to 2020-21)

		Number o	of service us	ers througho	out the year
District/Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
District/Tear					(as at
					end-December 2020)
Central & Western	768	758	741	717	623
Eastern	2 019	2 016	2 047	1 970	1 799
Wan Chai	664	597	557	562	456
Southern	1 380	1 357	1 281	1 196	1 148
Islands	337	337	323	316	354
Kwun Tong	2 441	2 447	2 270	2 256	2 077
Wong Tai Sin	1 983	1 962	1 981	1 826	1 626
Sai Kung	560	551	547	571	504
Kowloon City	1 713	1 763	1 716	1 612	1 452
Yau Tsim Mong	1 289	1 241	1 220	1 235	1 070
Sham Shui Po	2 337	2 267	2 074	1 968	1 827
Sha Tin	1 859	1 728	1 737	1 724	1 575
Tai Po	938	892	801	761	716
North	1 515	1 637	1 643	1 553	1 364
Yuen Long	1 654	1 602	1 566	1 413	1 263
Tuen Mun	1 632	1 602	1 479	1 369	1 220
Tsuen Wan	602	593	595	572	524
Kwai Tsing	1 668	1 729	1 774	1 769	1 461
Total	25 359	25 079	24 352	23 390	21 059

Number of persons withdrawn from IHCS(OC) (2016-17 to 2020-21)

		Number of	f persons with	drawn from t	he service
District/Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Central & Western	211	203	178	211	136
Eastern	533	553	572	556	396
Wan Chai	221	173	133	156	84
Southern	423	455	409	346	234
Islands	91	100	91	103	60
Kwun Tong	538	594	506	552	411
Wong Tai Sin	478	392	481	417	305
Sai Kung	148	144	132	146	94
Kowloon City	422	421	401	377	234
Yau Tsim Mong	357	339	308	356	218
Sham Shui Po	598	625	515	494	333
Sha Tin	526	423	435	428	325
Tai Po	293	303	235	213	175
North	262	358	446	429	281
Yuen Long	423	400	439	372	248
Tuen Mun	427	393	383	341	230
Tsuen Wan	188	192	177	211	122
Kwai Tsing	556	548	574	702	394
Total	6 695	6 616	6 415	6 410	4 280

Annex 4

Number of persons waitlisted for IHCS(OC) (2016-17 to 2020-21)

		N	umber of pers	sons waitlisted	<u> </u>
District/Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Central & Western	46	34	28	47	66
Eastern	180	242	106	146	166
Wan Chai	27	39	56	69	108
Southern	214	147	84	85	115
Islands	-	-	-	-	93
Kwun Tong	835	889	761	861	988
Wong Tai Sin	546	685	577	609	663
Sai Kung	63	67	87	125	150
Kowloon City	217	150	110	104	102
Yau Tsim Mong	61	144	82	82	99
Sham Shui Po	232	290	251	292	363
Sha Tin	575	646	416	506	598
Tai Po	218	221	103	140	148
North	111	120	55	61	105
Yuen Long	257	224	122	151	196
Tuen Mun	184	230	302	261	337
Tsuen Wan	45	34	9	5	6
Kwai Tsing	187	161	112	70	50
Total	3 998	4 323	3 261	3 614	4 353

Annex 5

Number of IHCS(FC) places

District	No. of service places 2016-17 to 2019-20	No. of service places 2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Central & Western	40	70
Eastern	80	220
Wan Chai	30	65
Southern	80	130
Islands	20	45
Kwun Tong	150	355
Wong Tai Sin	100	260
Sai Kung	30	105
Kowloon City	30	90
Yau Tsim Mong	40	80
Sham Shui Po	90	150
Sha Tin	120	230
Tai Po	30	100
North	30	110
Yuen Long	90	135
Tuen Mun	30	115
Tsuen Wan	40	120
Kwai Tsing	90	240
Total	1 120	2 620

Number of IHCS(FC) users throughout the year (2016-17 to 2020-21)

		Number (of service use	ers througho	out the year
District/Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
District/ I ear					(as at
					end-December 2020)
Central & Western	49	54	61	51	77
Eastern	114	105	113	100	238
Wan Chai	40	39	43	35	71
Southern	112	113	104	101	144
Islands	30	24	26	25	45
Kwun Tong	192	199	184	184	381
Wong Tai Sin	129	120	132	115	286
Sai Kung	43	35	34	39	116
Kowloon City	36	42	41	36	100
Yau Tsim Mong	51	54	56	51	87
Sham Shui Po	109	109	130	119	181
Sha Tin	160	153	155	153	260
Tai Po	41	37	40	37	105
North	45	39	35	41	119
Yuen Long	124	124	117	119	149
Tuen Mun	34	36	32	33	119
Tsuen Wan	48	50	46	43	126
Kwai Tsing	104	103	109	105	243
Total	1 461	1 436	1 458	1 387	2 847

Number of EHCCS places (2016-17 to 2020-21)

Year	From 1 Ap 30 Septem		From 1 Octo 31 Augu		From 1 September 2020 to 31 December 2020
District	by district	by cluster	by district	by cluster	by district ^[Note]
Central & Western	171		209		242
Eastern	206	347	250	501	677
Wan Chai	154	347	185	301	226
Southern	158		200		200
Islands	89	-	105	-	105
Kwun Tong	421	497	535	675	1 210
Wong Tai Sin	406	769	505	952	1 173
Sai Kung	228	709	268	932	552
Kowloon City	290		323		554
Yau Tsim Mong	188	535	210	682	339
Sham Shui Po	255		325		647
Sha Tin	192		247		795
Tai Po	129	394	175	548	175
North	141		190		190
Yuen Long	178		225		326
Tuen Mun	160	766	200	1.005	401
Tsuen Wan	235	766	280	1 005	463
Kwai Tsing	336]	450		970
Total	7 2	45	9 245		9 245

[Note] All cluster teams of EHCCS have been changed to district teams since 1 September 2020.

Number of EHCCS users throughout the year (2016-17 to 2020-21)

Year	20)16-17	7	20	17-18	3	20	18-19	9	20)19-2(0	2020-21 (as at end-August 2020)			2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
District	By district team	By cluster	team	By district team	By cluster	team	By district team	By cluster	team	By district team	By cluster	team	By district team	By cluster	team	By district team [Note 4]
Central & Western	218			219			221			254			223			303
Eastern	267	222	245	282	249	228	268	238	224	307	286	329	285	240	292	734
Wan Chai	202			195			208			226			199			284
Southern	214			221			209			246			226			262
Islands	122	N.	A.	117	N	.A	118	N.	.A	145	N.	.A	123	N.	.A	137
Kwun Tong	551	436	224	568	458	197	566	440	203	699	539	298	597	467	287	1 512
Wong Tai Sin)13 te 1]	531)21 te 1]	528)12 te 1]	627	12 [Not	26	561	1 063 [Note 1]		1 435
Sai Kung	289	[110		292	[110		308	[110		340	[110		298	[110		672
Kowloon City	364		41	395	53		376		24	423		20	361		54	671
Yau Tsim Mong	248	[No	te 2]	249	[No	te 2]	256	[No	te 2]	274	[Not	te 2]	231	[No	te 2]	409
Sham Shui Po	341		176	347		194	319		195	395		245	363		213	800
Sha Tin	251			264			244			320			273			875
Tai Po	165	286	242	194	278	234	181	280	237	225	325	348	200	298	304	245
North	180			186			186			229			210			279
Yuen Long	248		•	245			240		1	284		1	244		1	409
Tuen Mun	210			225			205		. 4 4	272			215		200	471
Tsuen Wan	301		036 te 3]	304)33 te 3]	306)41 te 3]	343		255 te 3]	306)98 te 3]	579
Kwai Tsing	447			458			439			589			502			1 162
Total	9 5	562		9 7	721		9 5	572		11	669		10	233		11 239

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] Including 3 cluster teams.

[Note 2] Including 2 cluster teams.

[Note 3] Including 4 cluster teams.

[Note 4] All cluster teams of EHCCS have been changed to district teams since 1 September 2020.

Number of IHCS(OC) places and number of service teams $(2016\text{-}17 \ to \ 2019\text{-}20)$

District	Name of organisations	No. of	Number	of places l	y service	team ^[Note]
		service	2016-17			2019-20
		teams				
	St. James' Settlement		142	156	167	132
Central &	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	3	160	143	137	119
Western	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	3	255	256	259	255
	Council Limited					
Islands	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	1	246	237	232	213
Wan Chai	St. James' Settlement	2	361	348	338	315
- v un enui	Methodist Centre		82	76	86	91
	Hong Kong Society for Aged		441	424	471	497
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals		385	374	404	372
Eastern	Methodist Epworth Village Community	5	346	330	284	250
Lastelli	Centre, Social Welfare	3				
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society		207	217	208	194
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian		107	118	108	101
	Association					
	Aberdeen Kai-fong Welfare Association		547	520	466	455
Southern	Social Service Centre	2				
	Caritas-Hong Kong		410	382	406	395
	Association for Engineering and Medical		92	90	81	78
	Volunteer Services					
	Caritas-Hong Kong		258	267	291	243
Wong	Christian Family Service Centre	6	203	200	199	205
Tai Sin	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council		162	158	134	132
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare		510	557	516	491
	Council Limited					
	Yang Memorial Methodist Social Service		280	298	279	260
	Caritas-Hong Kong	_	223	229	224	226
Sai Kung	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	3	157	143	148	159
	Salvation Army		32	35	43	40
	Christian Family Service Centre		749	749	692	660
Kwun Tong	Hong Kong Christian Service	4	149	137	118	131
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society		756	728	714	670
	Salvation Army		249	239	240	243
Yau Tsim	Yang Memorial Methodist Social Service	2	172	163	153	138
Mong	Salvation Army	3	481	464	463	443
	Mongkok Kai-Fong Association Limited		279	275	296	298
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals		133	133	133	130
Kowloon	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	3	930	983	981	917
City	Council Limited	3	220	226	201	100
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association		228	226	201	188
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian		138	131	122	114
	Association		136	131	122	114
	Hong Kong Christian Service		484	463	450	410
			293	281	267	253
Sham	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	7	323	337	315	308
Shui Po	Caritas-Hong Kong Sik Sik Yuen	,	241	203	194	185
	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council		167	132	115	105
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare		93	95	96	99
	Council Limited		93	93	90	99
	Council Limited					

District	Name of organisations	No. of	Number	of places b	y service	team ^[Note]
		service	2016-17			2019-20
		teams				
	Caritas-Hong Kong		364	367	421	427
	Evangelical Lutheran Church Social		259	229	229	241
Sha Tin	Service - Hong Kong	4				
	Hong Kong Children & Youth Services		300	305	301	265
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals		410	404	351	363
	Hong Kong Children & Youth Services		221	189	179	175
Tai Po	Salvation Army	3	298	273	277	268
Tairo	United Christian Nethersole Community Health Service	3	126	127	110	105
	Caritas-Hong Kong		166	169	187	195
	Hong Kong Evangelical Church Social		880	894	797	727
North	Service Limited	3				
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian		207	216	213	202
	Association					
	Caritas-Hong Kong		402	376	348	308
Yuen Long	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	4	197	188	178	181
I dell Long	Pok Oi Hospital	4	266	271	246	236
	Yan Oi Tong		366	367	355	316
Tsuen Wan	Hong Kong Society for the Aged	2	158	149	165	144
1 Suell Wall	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	2	256	252	253	217
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society		559	601	587	524
Kwai Tsing	Hong Kong Society for the Aged	3	281	292	344	276
Kwai 18ilig	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	3	272	288	269	267
	Council Limited					
Tuen Mun	Yan Oi Tong	2	517	526	490	421
1 uell iviuli	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council		688	683	606	607
Total		60	18 664	18 463	17 937	16 980

 $^{[Note]}\quad$ Individual IHCS(OC) service providers set their own service capacity.

Number of IHCS(OC) places and number of service teams (2020-21)

(as at end-December 2020)

District	Name of organisations	No. of service teams	Number of places by service team [Note 1]
Central & Western	St. James' Settlement		126
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	2	114
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	3	247
	Council Limited		
Islands	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society		221
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	2	73
	Council Limited [Note 2]		
Wan Chai	St. James' Settlement	2	280
	Methodist Centre	2	92
Eastern	Hong Kong Society for Aged		497
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals		370
	Methodist Epworth Village Community		238
	Centre, Social Welfare	5	
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society		203
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian		95
	Association		
Southern	Aberdeen Kai-fong Welfare Association		477
Southern	Social Service Centre	2	
	Caritas-Hong Kong	_	437
Wong Tai Sin	Association for Engineering and Medical		71
Wong Tur Sin	Volunteer Services		, -
	Caritas-Hong Kong		227
	Christian Family Service Centre		191
	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	6	135
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare		455
	Council Limited		433
	Yang Memorial Methodist Social Service		242
Sai Kung	Caritas-Hong Kong		231
Sai Rang	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	3	140
	Salvation Army	,	39
Kwun Tong	Christian Family Service Centre		677
Rwun Tong	Hong Kong Christian Service		115
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	4	676
	Salvation Army		198
Yau Tsim Mong	Yang Memorial Methodist Social Service		110
Tau Tsiiii Wolig	Salvation Army	3	440
	Mongkok Kai-Fong Association Limited	3	302
Kowloon City			131
Kowioon City	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals		
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	3	934
	Council Limited Hong Kong Young Women's Christian	3	153
			155
Sham Shui Po	Association Hong Kong Young Women's Christian		94
Sham Shui Po			94
	Association Hong Kong Christian Sarvice		424
	Hong Kong Christian Service		424
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	7	258
	Caritas-Hong Kong	7	304
	Sik Sik Yuen		181
1	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council		124
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare		109
	Council Limited		

District	Name of organisations	No. of service teams	Number of places by service team [Note 1]
Sha Tin	Caritas-Hong Kong		401
	Evangelical Lutheran Church Social		241
	Service - Hong Kong	4	
	Hong Kong Children & Youth Services		247
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals		361
Tai Po	Hong Kong Children & Youth Services		138
	Salvation Army	3	281
	United Christian Nethersole Community Health Service	3	122
North	Caritas-Hong Kong		164
	Hong Kong Evangelical Church Social]	735
	Service Limited	3	
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian		184
	Association		
Yuen Long	Caritas-Hong Kong		304
	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	4	176
	Pok Oi Hospital		230
	Yan Oi Tong		305
Tsuen Wan	Hong Kong Society for the Aged	2	146
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	2	256
Kwai Tsing	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society		554
	Hong Kong Society for the Aged	3	267
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	3	246
	Council Limited		
Tuen Mun	Yan Oi Tong	2	411
	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	2	579
Total		61	16 779

[[]Note 1] Individual IHCS(OC) service providers set their own service capacity.

[[]Note 2] The only Home Help Team has been upgraded to IHCS team since 1 October 2020, and there are a total of 61 IHCS teams—in the territory.

Number of IHCS(FC) places and number of service teams (2016-17 to 2019-20)

District	Name of organisations	No. of service teams	Number of places by service team
	St. James' Settlement		20
Central & Western	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society		10
Central & Western	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited	3	10
Islands	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	1	20
	St. James' Settlement	_	20
Wan Chai	Methodist Centre	2	10
	Hong Kong Society for Aged		30
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals		20
	Methodist Epworth Village Community		
Eastern	Centre, Social Welfare	5	10
Zustern	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society		10
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian		
	Association		10
	Aberdeen Kai-fong Welfare Association		50
Southern	Social Service Centre	2	50
	Caritas-Hong Kong		30
	Association for Engineering and Medical		20
	Volunteer Services		20
	Caritas-Hong Kong		10
Wana Tai Cin	Christian Family Service Centre		10
Wong Tai Sin	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	0	10
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare]	30
	Council Limited		30
	Yang Memorial Methodist Social Service		20
Sai Kung	Caritas-Hong Kong		10
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	3	10
	Salvation Army		10
	Christian Family Service Centre		60
Kwun Tong	Hong Kong Christian Service	4	10
Kwan Tong	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society		40
	Salvation Army		40
	Yang Memorial Methodist Social Service		10
Yau Tsim Mong	Salvation Army	3	20
	Mongkok Kai-Fong Association Limited		10
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals		10
T 1 G'	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare		10
Kowloon City	Council Limited	3	
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association		10
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian		10
	Association		
	Hong Kong Christian Service		15
aı aı : p	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	_	10
Sham Shui Po	Caritas-Hong Kong	/	15
	Sik Sik Yuen	-	10
	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	-	10
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited		20
	Caritas-Hong Kong		20
Sha Tin	Evangelical Lutheran Church Social	4	20
Sila I III	Service - Hong Kong	+	
	Hong Kong Children & Youth Services		40

District	Name of organisations	No. of service teams	Number of places by service team
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals		40
	Hong Kong Children & Youth Services		10
Tai Po	Salvation Army	3	10
14110	United Christian Nethersole Community Health Service	3	10
	Caritas-Hong Kong		10
North	Hong Kong Evangelical Church Social Service Limited	3	10
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association		10
	Caritas-Hong Kong		30
V I	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	1	10
Yuen Long	Pok Oi Hospital	4	20
	Yan Oi Tong		30
Tsuen Wan	Hong Kong Society for the Aged	2	10
I suen wan	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	2	30
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society		50
Kwai Tsing	Hong Kong Society for the Aged	3	20
Kwai Tsilig	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited	3	20
Tuen Mun	Yan Oi Tong	2	15
Tuen Mun	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	2	15
Total		60	1120

Number of IHCS(FC) places and number of service teams (2020-21)

(as at end-December 2020)

District	Name of organisations	No. of service teams	Number of places by service team
Central & Western	St. James' Settlement		30
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	2	20
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited	3	20
Islands	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society		25
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited [Note]	2	20
Wan Chai	St. James' Settlement		35
	Methodist Centre	2	30
Eastern	Hong Kong Society for Aged		65
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	•	40
	Methodist Epworth Village Community	•	
	Centre, Social Welfare	5	40
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society		35
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian	•	
	Association		40
Southern	Aberdeen Kai-fong Welfare Association		
2000000	Social Service Centre	2	75
	Caritas-Hong Kong	_	55
Wong Tai Sin	Association for Engineering and Medical		
	Volunteer Services		45
	Caritas-Hong Kong		40
	Christian Family Service Centre	_	40
	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	6	40
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare		
	Council Limited		50
	Yang Memorial Methodist Social Service		45
Sai Kung	Caritas-Hong Kong		40
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	3	40
	Salvation Army		25
Kwun Tong	Christian Family Service Centre		110
	Hong Kong Christian Service	,	65
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	4	90
	Salvation Army	•	90
Yau Tsim Mong	Yang Memorial Methodist Social Service		30
8	Salvation Army	3	35
	Mongkok Kai-Fong Association Limited		15
Kowloon City	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals		20
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare		
	Council Limited	3	35
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian		25
	Association		35
Sham Shui Po	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian		20
	Association		20
	Hong Kong Christian Service	1	20
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	1	15
	Caritas-Hong Kong	7	20
	Sik Sik Yuen	1	30
	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	1	15
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	1	
	Council Limited		30

District	Name of organisations	No. of service teams	Number of places by service team
Sha Tin	Caritas-Hong Kong		50
	Evangelical Lutheran Church Social		50
	Service - Hong Kong	4	30
	Hong Kong Children & Youth Services		70
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals		60
Tai Po	Hong Kong Children & Youth Services		30
	Salvation Army	3	30
	United Christian Nethersole Community Health Service	3	40
North	Caritas-Hong Kong		35
1 (0101	Hong Kong Evangelical Church Social Service Limited	3	40
	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association		35
Yuen Long	Caritas-Hong Kong		35
	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	4	25
	Pok Oi Hospital	4	40
	Yan Oi Tong		35
Tsuen Wan	Hong Kong Society for the Aged	2	50
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	2	70
Kwai Tsing	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society		100
C	Hong Kong Society for the Aged	3	70
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited	3	70
Tuen Mun	Yan Oi Tong	2	60
	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council	2	55
Total		61	2 620

[Note] The only Home Help Team has been upgraded to IHCS team since 1 October 2020, and there are a total of 61 IHCS teams in the territory.

Service teams and number of service places provided by EHCCS operators (2016-17 to 2018-19)

			No. of places by serv				
District					Number of EHCCS places		
District	(by district)		(by cluster)		(by cluster)		
	(batch 1)		(batch 2)		(batch 3))	
Central & Western	St. James' Settlement	171					
Wan Chai	St. James' Settlement	154					
Eastern	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	206	Methodist Centre	174	St. James' Settlement	17	73
Southern	Aberdeen Kai-fong Welfare Association Social Service Centre	158					
Islands	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	89					
Yau Tsim Mong	Po Leung Kuk	188			T. W.1.C		
Kowloon City	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	290	Tung Wah Group	236	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	13	56
Sham Shui Po	Caritas-Hong Kong	255	of Hospitals	230	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	14	43
Wong Tai Sin	Christian Family Service Centre	406	Haven of Hope	420		17	70
Sai Kung	Haven of Hope Christian Service	228	Christian Service	428	Haven of Hope Christian Service	17	71
Kwun Tong	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	421	Christian Family Service Centre	336		10	61
Sha Tin	Evangelical Lutheran Church Social Service - Hong Kong	192	Evangelical				
Tai Po	The Tsung Tsin Mission of Hong Kong Social Service	129	Lutheran Church Social Service - Hong Kong	212	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	182	
North	Heung Hoi Ching Kok Lin Association	141					
Yuen Long	Yan Oi Tong	178					
Tuen Mun	Evangelical Lutheran Church Social Service - Hong Kong	160	Do I our z West-	257	Do Laura V-1-	150	
Tsuen Wan	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	235	Po Leung Kuk	256	Po Leung Kuk		
Kwai Tsing	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited	336				180	180
Total	3 937		1 642		1 666		
	18 service tear	ms	6 service tear	ms	10 service te	ams	

Service teams and number of service places provided by EHCCS operators (2019-20 to 2020-21)

(201.		<i></i>
(as at	end-August	t 2020)

	No. of places by service team							
District	Number of EHCCS places		Number of EHCCS places		Number of EHCCS places			
District	(by district)		(by cluster)		(by cluster)			
	(batch 1)		(batch 2)		(batch 3	3)		
Central & Western	St. James' Settlement	209						
Wan Chai	St. James' Settlement	185						
Eastern	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	250	Methodist Centre	235	St. James' Settlement	2	66	
Southern	Aberdeen Kai-fong Welfare Association Social Service Centre	200						
Islands	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	105						
Yau Tsim Mong	Po Leung Kuk	210			Tuna Wah Croun			
Kowloon City	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	323	Tung Wah Group	216	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	1	76	
Sham Shui Po	Caritas-Hong Kong	325	of Hospitals	316	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	190		
Wong Tai Sin	Christian Family Service Centre	505	Haven of Hope	525		209		
Sai Kung	Haven of Hope Christian Service	268	Christian Service	525	Haven of Hope Christian Service	218		
Kwun Tong	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	535	Christian Family Service Centre	430		2	245	
Sha Tin	Evangelical Lutheran Church Social Service - Hong Kong	247	F 1: 1					
Tai Po	The Tsung Tsin Mission of Hong Kong Social Service	175	Evangelical Lutheran Church Social Service - Hong Kong	273	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	275		
North	Heung Hoi Ching Kok Lin Association	190						
Yuen Long	Yan Oi Tong	225						
Tuen Mun	Evangelical Lutheran Church Social Service - Hong Kong	200	Do Laura Vala	226	Do Laure Web	200		
Tsuen Wan	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	280	Po Leung Kuk	336	Po Leung Kuk			
Kwai Tsing	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited	450				234	235	
Total	4 882		2 115		2 248	1	1	
	18 service tear	ms	6 service tear	ms	10 service to	eame		

Service teams and number of service places provided by EHCCS operators 2020-21

(as at end-December 2020)

District	Name of organisations	No. of service teams [Note]	Number of places by service team
Central & Western	St. James' Settlement	1	242
Wan Chai	St. James' Settlement	1	226
	St. James' Settlement		192
Eastern	Methodist Centre	3	235
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals		250
G 41	Aberdeen Kai-fong Welfare Association	1	200
Southern	Social Service Centre	1 1 2 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	200
Islands	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	· · ·	
	Po Leung Kuk		210
Yau Tsim Mong	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	2	129
Kowloon City	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	1	554
	Caritas-Hong Kong		325
Sham Shui Po	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	3	190
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	-	132
	Christian Family Service Centre	_	505
Wong Tai Sin	Haven of Hope Christian Service	2	668
Sai Kung	Haven of Hope Christian Service	1	552
Kwun Tong	Christian Family Service Centre	<u> </u>	430
	Haven of Hope Christian Service	3	245
	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	C	535
	Evangelical Church Social Service -		
Sha Tin	Hong Kong	2	520
	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	-	275
Tai Po	The Tsung Tsin Mission of Hong Kong	1	175
NI	Social Service	1	100
North	Heung Hoi Ching Kok Lin Association	1	190
Yuen Long	Po Leung Kuk	2	101
_	Yan Oi Tong		225
T 14	Evangelical Church Social Service -	2	200
Tuen Mun	Hong Kong	2	201
	Po Leung Kuk		201
Tsuen Wan	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	2	280
	Po Leung Kuk		183
	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare	2	450
Kwai Tsing	Council Limited	2	
	Po Leung Kuk		520
Total		31	9 245

[Note] All cluster teams of EHCCS have been changed to district teams since 1 September 2020, and there are a total of 31 EHCCS teams in the territory.

Examination of Estimates of Expenditure 2021-22

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)222

(Question Serial No. 0557)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding community care services under this Programme, please advise as to:

- 1. the respective numbers of service places, persons served, cases served yearly, persons waitlisted and users of different age groups for each of the integrated home care services (IHCS) (ordinary cases) (IHCS(OC)) in various districts with a breakdown by service provided over the past 5 years;
- 2. the respective numbers of service places, persons served, cases served yearly, persons waitlisted, users of different age groups for each of the IHCS (frail cases) (IHCS(FC)) in various districts with a breakdown by service provided over the past 5 years;
- 3. the respective numbers of service places, persons served, cases served yearly, persons waitlisted, users of different age groups for each of the enhanced home and community care services (EHCCS) in various districts with a breakdown by the service provided over the past 5 years.

Asked by: Hon TIEN Puk-sun, Michael (LegCo internal reference no.: 42)

Reply:

The respective numbers of service places, service users throughout the year, and persons waitlisted for IHCS(OC) by District Council (DC) district from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are set out in Annexes 1 to 3. The waiting list for IHCS(OC) is kept and managed by non-governmental organisations operating the service. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the breakdown of IHCS(OC) by age group.

Annexes 4 & 5 set out the respective numbers of service places and service users throughout the year for IHCS(FC) while Annexes 6 & 7 set out the respective numbers of service places and service users throughout the year for EHCCS by DC district from 2016-17 to 2020-21.

SWD has only kept the overall number of persons waitlisted for IHCS(FC) and EHCCS in Hong Kong, but does not have the breakdown by DC district and age group.

The number of persons waitlisted for IHCS(FC) and EHCCS from 2016-17 to 2020-21 is as follows:

Year	Number of persons waitlisted [Note]
2016-17	4 504
2017-18	5 819
2018-19	7 930
2019-20	5 595
2020-21	4 191
(as at end-December 2020)	4 191

[Note] Frail elderly persons who have been confirmed as moderately or severely impaired under the Standardised Care Need Assessment Mechanism for Elderly Services may be waitlisted for IHCS(FC) and/or EHCCS. The number of persons waitlisted does not include the elderly persons being classified as inactive cases because of their participation in the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly.

Number of IHCS(OC) places (2016-17 to 2020-21)

	Number of service places [Note]						
District/Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)		
Central & Western	557	555	563	506	487		
Eastern	1 486	1 463	1 475	1 414	1 403		
Wan Chai	443	424	424	406	372		
Southern	957	902	872	850	914		
Islands	246	237	232	213	294		
Kwun Tong	1 903	1 853	1 764	1 704	1 666		
Wong Tai Sin	1 505	1 570	1 500	1 409	1 321		
Sai Kung	412	407	415	425	410		
Kowloon City	1 291	1 342	1 315	1 235	1 218		
Yau Tsim Mong	932	902	912	879	852		
Sham Shui Po	1 739	1 642	1 559	1 474	1 494		
Sha Tin	1 333	1 305	1 302	1 296	1 250		
Tai Po	645	589	566	548	541		
North	1 253	1 279	1 197	1 124	1 083		
Yuen Long	1 231	1 202	1 127	1 041	1 015		
Tuen Mun	1 205	1 209	1 096	1 028	990		
Tsuen Wan	414	401	418	361	402		
Kwai Tsing	1 112	1 181	1 200	1 067	1 067		
Total	18 664	18 463	17 937	16 980	16 779		

[Note] Individual service providers of IHCS(OC) set their own service capacity.

Number of IHCS(OC) users throughout the year (2016-17 to 2020-21)

	N	umber of se	rvice users tl	roughout th	ne year
District/Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)
Central & Western	768	758	741	717	623
Eastern	2 019	2 016	2 047	1 970	1 799
Wan Chai	664	597	557	562	456
Southern	1 380	1 357	1 281	1 196	1 148
Islands	337	337	323	316	354
Kwun Tong	2 441	2 447	2 270	2 256	2 077
Wong Tai Sin	1 983	1 962	1 981	1 826	1 626
Sai Kung	560	551	547	571	504
Kowloon City	1 713	1 763	1 716	1 612	1 452
Yau Tsim Mong	1 289	1 241	1 220	1 235	1 070
Sham Shui Po	2 337	2 267	2 074	1 968	1 827
Sha Tin	1 859	1 728	1 737	1 724	1 575
Tai Po	938	892	801	761	716
North	1 515	1 637	1 643	1 553	1 364
Yuen Long	1 654	1 602	1 566	1 413	1 263
Tuen Mun	1 632	1 602	1 479	1 369	1 220
Tsuen Wan	602	593	595	572	524
Kwai Tsing	1 668	1 729	1 774	1 769	1 461
Total	25 359	25 079	24 352	23 390	21 059

Number of persons waitlisted for IHCS(OC) (2016-17 to 2020-21)

	Number of persons waitlisted				
District/Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)
Central & Western	46	34	28	47	66
Eastern	180	242	106	146	166
Wan Chai	27	39	56	69	108
Southern	214	147	84	85	115
Islands	-	-	-	-	93
Kwun Tong	835	889	761	861	988
Wong Tai Sin	546	685	577	609	663
Sai Kung	63	67	87	125	150
Kowloon City	217	150	110	104	102
Yau Tsim Mong	61	144	82	82	99
Sham Shui Po	232	290	251	292	363
Sha Tin	575	646	416	506	598
Tai Po	218	221	103	140	148
North	111	120	55	61	105
Yuen Long	257	224	122	151	196
Tuen Mun	184	230	302	261	337
Tsuen Wan	45	34	9	5	6
Kwai Tsing	187	161	112	70	50
Total	3 998	4 323	3 261	3 614	4 353

Annex 4

Number of IHCS(FC) places

District	Number of service places from 2016-17 to 2019-20	Number of service places in 2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Central & Western	40	70
Eastern	80	220
Wan Chai	30	65
Southern	80	130
Islands	20	45
Kwun Tong	150	355
Wong Tai Sin	100	260
Sai Kung	30	105
Kowloon City	30	90
Yau Tsim Mong	40	80
Sham Shui Po	90	150
Sha Tin	120	230
Tai Po	30	100
North	30	110
Yuen Long	90	135
Tuen Mun	30	115
Tsuen Wan	40	120
Kwai Tsing	90	240
Total	1 120	2 620

Number of IHCS(FC) users throughout the year (2016-17 to 2020-21)

	N	umber of sei	rvice users th	roughout th	e year
District/Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)
Central & Western	49	54	61	51	77
Eastern	114	105	113	100	238
Wan Chai	40	39	43	35	71
Southern	112	113	104	101	144
Islands	30	24	26	25	45
Kwun Tong	192	199	184	184	381
Wong Tai Sin	129	120	132	115	286
Sai Kung	43	35	34	39	116
Kowloon City	36	42	41	36	100
Yau Tsim Mong	51	54	56	51	87
Sham Shui Po	109	109	130	119	181
Sha Tin	160	153	155	153	260
Tai Po	41	37	40	37	105
North	45	39	35	41	119
Yuen Long	124	124	117	119	149
Tuen Mun	34	36	32	33	119
Tsuen Wan	48	50	46	43	126
Kwai Tsing	104	103	109	105	243
Total	1 461	1 436	1 458	1 387	2 847

Number of EHCCS places (2016-17 to 2020-21)

Year	-	l 2016 to mber 2019		per 2019 to gust 2020	1 September 2020 to 31 December 2020
District	By district	By cluster	By district	By cluster	By district [Note]
Central & Western	171		209		242
Eastern	206	347	250	501	677
Wan Chai	154		185		226
Southern	158		200		200
Islands	89	-	105	-	105
Kwun Tong	421	497	535	675	1 210
Wong Tai Sin	406	769	505	952	1 173
Sai Kung	228		268		552
Kowloon City	290		323		554
Yau Tsim Mong	188	535	210	682	339
Sham Shui Po	255		325		647
Sha Tin	192		247		795
Tai Po	129	394	175	548	175
North	141		190		190
Yuen Long	178		225		326
Tuen Mun	160	766	200	1.005	401
Tsuen Wan	235	766	280	1 005	463
Kwai Tsing	336		450		970
Total	7	245	9	245	9 245

 $^{ ext{[Note]}}$ All cluster teams of EHCCS have been changed to district teams since 1 September 2020.

Number of EHCCS users throughout the year (2016-17 to 2020-21)

Year		2016-17			2017-18			2018-19			2019-20		2020-21	(as at end-August	(0707	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
District	By district team	By cluster	team	By district team	By cluster	team	By district team	By cluster	team	By district team	By cluster	team	By district team	By cluster	team	By district team [Note 4]
Central & Western	218			219			221			254			223			303
Eastern	267	222	245	282	249	228	268	238	224	307	286	329	285	240	292	734
Wan Chai	202		243	195	247	220	208	230	227	226	200	327	199	240	272	284
Southern	214			221			209			246			226			262
Islands	122	N.	A.	117	N.	A.	118	N.	Α.	145	N.	.A.	123	N.	Α.	137
Kwun Tong	551		224	568	458	197	566	440	203	699	539	298	597	467	287	1 512
Wong Tai Sin	523)13	531)21	528)12	627		226	561)63	1 435
Sai Kung	289	[No	te 1]	292	[No	te 1]	308	[No	te 1]	340	[No	te 1]	298	[No	te 1]	672
Kowloon City	364	5,	41	395	50	37	376	5'	24	423	6	20	361	5,	54	671
Yau Tsim Mong	248		te 2]	249		te 2]	256		24 te 2]	274		te 2]	231		te 2]	409
Sham Shui Po	341		176	347		194	319		195	395		245	363		213	800
Sha Tin	251			264			244			320			273			875
Tai Po	165	286	242	194	278	234	181	280	237	225	325	348	200	298	304	245
North	180			186			186			229			210			279
Yuen Long	248			245			240			284	1		244			409
Tuen Mun	210)36	225)33	205)41	272		255	215)98	471
Tsuen Wan	301	[INO	te 3]	304	[INO	te 3]	306	[INO	te 3]	343	[INO	te 3]	306	[INO	te 3]	579
Kwai Tsing	447			458			439			589			502			1 162
Total	9	562		9	721		9	572		1	1 669)	1	0 233	•	11 239

N.A. - Not applicable

[Note 1] Including 3 cluster teams.

[Note 2] Including 2 cluster teams.

[Note 3] Including 4 cluster teams.

[Note 4] All cluster teams of EHCCS have been changed to district teams since 1 September 2020.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)223

(Question Serial No. 0558)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

- 1. Regarding integrated home care services (IHCS) (ordinary cases) (IHCS(OC)) involving elderly persons, persons with disabilities, and individuals and families with social needs over the past 5 years, what is the number of service places, that of users served, that of cases served yearly, that of active cases receiving services, that of waitlisted persons, the average waiting time in each district, the number of persons having left, that of waitlisted persons having passed away, the average cost per month, and the annual expenditure?
- 2. Regarding the IHCS (frail cases) (IHCS(FC)) involving elderly persons, persons with disabilities, and individuals and families with social needs over the past 5 years, what is the number of service places, that of users served, that of cases served yearly, that of active cases receiving services and the total number of such cases, the number of waitlisted persons, the average waiting time in each district, the number of persons having left, the number of waitlisted persons having passed away, the average cost per month, and the annual expenditure?
- 3. Regarding IHCS(OC) involving elderly persons, persons with disabilities, and individuals and families with social needs over the past 5 years, what is the number of service places, that of users served, that of cases served and that of waitlisted persons over the past 5 years, with a breakdown by service provided.

Asked by: Hon TIEN Puk-sun, Michael (LegCo internal reference no.: 43)

Reply:

The number of service places, that of active cases receiving services, that of cases served yearly, that of waitlisted persons, and that of persons having left IHCS(OC) for elderly persons, persons with disabilities, and individuals and families with social needs from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are set out as follows:

Year	pl No. of	of serv aces ^{[Note} f active ving ser	e]/ cases	No. of	No. of cases served yearly No. of waitlisted person		No. of persons having left					
	Elderly persons	Persons with disabilities	Individuals and families with social needs	Elderly persons	Persons with disabilities	Individuals and families with social needs	Elderly persons	Persons with disabilities	Individuals and families with social needs	Elderly persons	Persons with disabilities	Individuals and families with social needs
2016-17	17 194	1 214	256	23 448	1 535	376	3 759	167	72	6 254	321	120
2017-18	17 124	1 118	221	23 338	1 374	367	4 029	198	96	6 214	256	146
2018-19	16 614	1 091	232	22 673	1 331	348	2 981	176	104	6 059	240	116
2019-20	15 740	999	241	21 771	1 249	350	3 360	153	101	6 047	254	109
2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)	15 593	962	224	19 672	1 092	295	4 072	188	93	4 079	130	71

[Note] Individual IHCS(OC) service providers set their own service capacity.

The waiting list for IHCS(OC) is kept and managed by non-governmental organisations currently operating the services. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the average waiting time for IHCS(OC) in each district and the number of waitlisted persons having passed away by service provided.

The number of service places, that of cases served yearly, that of active cases receiving services, that of waitlisted persons, the average waiting time, the number of waitlisted persons having passed away and that of persons having left IHCS(FC) for elderly persons and persons with disabilities from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are provided as follows:

Year	Service places	No. of cases served yearly	No. of active cases receiving services	No. of waitlisted persons [Note 1] [Note 2]	Average waiting time (in months) (average of the past 3 months)	No. of persons having left	No. of waitlisted elderly persons having passed away
2016-17	1 120	1 461	1 108	4 504	11	349	37
2017-18	1 120	1 436	1 109	5 819	15	317	36
2018-19	1 120	1 458	1 107	7 930	18	340	45
2019-20	1 120	1 387	1 104	5 595	12	278	41
2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)	2 620	2 847	2 552	4 191	12	289	25

Frail elderly persons who have been confirmed as moderately or severely impaired under the Standardised Care Need Assessment Mechanism for Elderly Services could wait for IHCS(FC) and/or enhanced home and community care services. The number of waitlisted persons does not include the elderly persons classified as inactive cases because of their participation in the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly.

Since the launch of Home Care Service for Persons with Severe Disabilities (HCS) and Integrated Support Service for Persons with Severe Physical Disabilities (ISS) in March and November 2014

respectively, IHCS(FC) no longer accept applications from persons with severe physical disabilities aged under 60. These persons may apply for HCS or ISS instead.

SWD does not have the average waiting time in each district for IHCS(FC) by type of service users.

SWD does not keep the average monthly cost for handling each case and the total annual expenditure under IHCS(OC) and IHCS(FC) separately. The average monthly cost for handling each case and the total annual expenditure under IHCS(OC) and IHCS(FC) from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are as follows:

Year	Average monthly cost for handling each case (\$)	Total annual expenditure (\$ million)
		(' /
2016-17 (Actual)	1,904	621.9
2017-18 (Actual)	1,968	635.8
2018-19 (Actual)	2,215	696.6
2019-20 (Actual)	2,453	740.6
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	2,679	831.9

⁻ End -

LWB(WW)224

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 0559)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding integrated home care services (IHCS), please advise:

- 1. For each of the past 10 years, please list the number of elderly persons and persons with disabilities receiving meal delivery and household cleaning services among the cases of IHCS (ordinary cases (OC)).
- 2. For each of the past 10 years, please list the number of elderly persons and persons with disabilities receiving meal delivery and household cleaning services among the cases of IHCS (frail cases (FC)).
- 3. For each of the past 10 years, please list the number of elderly persons and persons with disabilities receiving meal delivery and household cleaning services among the cases of enhanced home and community care services (EHCCS).
- 4. Please list the number of elderly persons and persons with disabilities receiving meal delivery service on holidays among the cases of IHCS(OC) for each year. If no statistics are available, please explain why. Will relevant statistics be compiled in the future for increase of resources?

Asked by: Hon TIEN Puk-sun, Michael (LegCo internal reference no.: 44)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The number of meal delivery service users under IHCS(OC) from 2016-17 to 2020-21 is provided as follows:

Year	No. of meal delivery service users [Note]
2016-17	8 824
2017-18	9 154
2018-19	10 670
2019-20	11 008
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	8 989

[Note] The figures reflect the number of persons using the service at the year-end, and the aforesaid number of cases cover elderly persons, persons with disabilities and individuals and families with social needs.

- The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the number of persons receiving household cleaning service under IHCS(OC).
- 2. SWD has not kept the number of persons having used meal delivery service under IHCS(FC) from 2016-17 to 2019-20 or the number of persons having used household cleaning service under IHCS(FC) from 2016-17 to 2020-21. As for 2020-21, as at the end of December 2020, the total number of persons receiving meal delivery service under IHCS(FC) is 720.
- 3. The number of elderly persons having used the meal delivery service under EHCCS from 2016-17 to 2020-21 is provided as follows:

Year	No. of elderly persons having used meal delivery service [Note]
2016-17	1 088
2017-18	
	1 069
2018-19	1 055
2019-20	1 280
2020-21	1 380
(as at end-December 2020)	1 300

[Note] The figures reflect the number of persons using the service at the year end.

SWD does not have the number of persons having used household cleaning service under EHCCS.

4. SWD has only kept the overall number of persons receiving meal delivery service, but does not keep the breakdown figures of elderly persons and persons with disabilities receiving meal delivery service on holidays among the cases of IHCS(OC).

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)225

(Question Serial No. 0560)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

Director of Bureau: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding day care centres/units for the elderly (DEs/DCUs), please advise:

- 1. the number of service units, the number of service places and the total number of such places, the number of service users throughout the year, the number of cases served yearly, the number of waitlisted persons, the average cost per place per month, the average waiting time and the number of waitlisted persons having passed away over the past 5 years, with a breakdown by District Council (DC) district and age group;
- 2. the number of cases receiving services in each district over the past 5 years, with a breakdown by service provided;
- 3. the number of subvented, self-financing and private DEs/DCUs, the number of service places and the number of cases receiving services over the past 5 years; and
- 4. the cost, the annual total expenditure, the manpower involved and the average cost per case for each unit over the past 5 years.

Asked by: Hon TIEN Puk-sun, Michael (LegCo internal reference no.: 45)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. For the period from 2016-17 to 2020-21, the number of service units and service places as well as the full-year number of service users for DEs/DCUs by DC district are set out in Annexes 1 to 3, while the number of persons waitlisted for DEs/DCUs, the average waiting time, the number of elderly persons who passed away while waiting and the cost per place per month are set out in Annexes 4 & 5. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have information broken down by age group.
- 2. For the period from 2016-17 to 2020-21, the number of cases receiving services at DEs/DCUs by DC district is set out in Annex 6. SWD does not have information on the number of cases receiving services broken down by service type.
- 3. SWD does not have the various items of information on self-financing and private DEs/DCUs.
- 4. The cost per place per month from 2016-17 to 2020-21 is set out in Annex 5. SWD does not have a breakdown on the cost of each unit, the total annual expenditure and the manpower involved.

Annex 1

Number of DEs/DCUs

			Number of U	Jnits	
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)
Central & Western	4	4	4	4	4
Eastern	5	5	5	5	5
Wan Chai	3	3	3	3	4
Southern	2	2	2	2	2
Islands	2	2	2	2	2
Kwun Tong	9	9	9	10	11
Wong Tai Sin	6	6	6	6	6
Sai Kung	4	4	4	4	5
Kowloon City	3	3	3	3	3
Sham Shui Po	8	8	8	8	8
Yau Tsim Mong	4	4	4	4	4
Sha Tin	7	7	7	7	7
Tai Po	1	1	1	1	1
North	1	1	1	1	1
Yuen Long	3	3	3	5	6
Tsuen Wan	2	5	5	5	7
Kwai Tsing	6	6	6	6	8
Tuen Mun	3	3	3	4	4
Total	73	76	76	80	88

Annex 2
Number of places at DEs/DCUs

			Number of p	laces	
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)
Central & Western	129	129	129	129	129
Eastern	256	256	256	256	256
Wan Chai	110	110	110	110	130
Southern	108	108	108	108	108
Islands	40	40	40	40	40
Kwun Tong	407	407	407	432	452
Wong Tai Sin	290	290	290	290	290
Sai Kung	205	205	205	205	225
Kowloon City	158	158	158	158	158
Sham Shui Po	280	280	280	280	280
Yau Tsim Mong	152	152	152	152	152
Sha Tin	313	318	318	318	318
Tai Po	64	64	64	64	64
North	44	44	44	44	44
Yuen Long	115	115	115	198	218
Tsuen Wan	84	154	154	154	174
Kwai Tsing	194	262	262	262	302
Tuen Mun	110	110	148	208	208
Total	3 059	3 202	3 240	3 408	3 548

 $\label{eq:Annex3} \textbf{Annex 3}$ Full-year number of DE/DCU service users by district

		Full-yea	r number of	service users	
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)
Central & Western	281	306	292	281	255
Eastern	546	547	517	502	438
Wan Chai	185	211	196	196	181
Southern	206	216	198	189	184
Islands	79	86	79	81	71
Kwun Tong	773	795	801	819	770
Wong Tai Sin	527	525	551	504	476
Sai Kung	403	439	436	400	372
Kowloon City	287	303	301	290	249
Sham Shui Po	573	579	574	589	488
Yau Tsim Mong	350	303	314	307	247
Sha Tin	614	669	688	621	550
Tai Po	135	141	149	129	115
North	89	108	92	86	72
Yuen Long	235	229	250	310	359
Tsuen Wan	184	269	374	349	318
Kwai Tsing	385	396	487	457	480
Tuen Mun	254	256	265	351	330
Total	6 106	6 378	6 564	6 457	5 955

Annex 4
Number of persons waitlisted for DEs/DCUs, average waiting time and number of elderly persons who passed away while waiting

Year	No. of persons waitlisted	Average waiting time (in months) (Average of the past 3 months)	No. of waitlisted elderly persons having passed away
2016-17	3 338	11	23
2017-18	3 568	10	21
2018-19	4 370	12	19
2019-20	4 519	11	29
2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)	3 891	12	26

The aforesaid figures of the persons waitlisted do not include the elderly persons classified as inactive cases because of their participation in the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly.

Annex 5

Cost per place per month for DEs/DCUs

Year	Cost per place per month (\$)
2016-17 (Actual)	8,755
2017-18 (Actual)	9,109
2018-19 (Actual)	9,942
2019-20 (Actual)	10,721
2020-21 (Revised Estimate)	10,878

Annex 6
Number of persons receiving services at DEs/DCUs by district

	Number of persons receiving services						
District	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)		
Central & Western	221	233	220	220	204		
Eastern	392	409	402	382	361		
Wan Chai	142	147	143	143	153		
Southern	155	155	153	144	144		
Islands	55	61	56	63	51		
Kwun Tong	572	576	582	589	601		
Wong Tai Sin	389	392	395	398	371		
Sai Kung	300	308	309	307	300		
Kowloon City	224	224	227	217	209		
Sham Shui Po	410	419	432	410	384		
Yau Tsim Mong	233	221	239	224	201		
Sha Tin	472	480	497	459	420		
Tai Po	94	94	101	94	96		
North	65	67	67	63	54		
Yuen Long	175	175	185	234	277		
Tsuen Wan	132	195	267	251	259		
Kwai Tsing	262	296	352	334	374		
Tuen Mun	177	185	186	272	278		
Total	4 470	4 637	4 813	4 804	4 737		

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)226

(Question Serial No. 0593)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The Neighbourhood Support Child Care Project (NSCCP) has been launched since October 2011. In this connection, please advise:

- a. the number of children served under NSCCP in respective districts in each of the past 10 years;
- b. the number of home-based child carers under NSCCP in respective districts in each of the past 10 years;
- c. the incentive payment for home-based child carers per hour in respective districts in each of the past 10 years.

Asked by: Hon TIEN Puk-sun, Michael (LegCo internal reference no.: 29)

Reply:

The information on NSCCP in the past 3 financial years by District Council district is set out in the Annex.

Table 1: Number of home-based child carers, incentive payment for home-based child carers and number of service users under NSCCP (2018-19)

District	Number of home-based child carers	Number of children served	Incentive payment for home-based child carers per hour
			(\$)
Central & Western	21	394	20
Eastern	124	456	22
Islands	31	399	20
Kowloon City	460	630	20
Kwun Tong	53	650	21
Kwai Tsing	80	533	21
North	79	382	20
Southern	26	269	20
Sai Kung	108	853	19
Sham Shui Po	106	1 135	20
Sha Tin	95	849	22
Tuen Mun	33	954	23
Tai Po	56	861	18
Tsuen Wan	60	675	20
Wan Chai	101	268	22
Wong Tai Sin	52	700	20
Yuen Long	66	1 608	22
Yau Tsim Mong	285	970	20
Total	1 836	12 586	-

Table 2: Number of home-based child carers, incentive payment for home-based child carers and number of service users under NSCCP (2019-20)

District	Number of home-based child carers	Number of children served [Note]	Incentive payment for home-based child carers per hour (\$)
Central & Western	40	411	20
Eastern	176	427	22
Islands	16	305	20
Kowloon City	473	498	20
Kwun Tong	52	502	21
Kwai Tsing	88	574	21
North	58	268	20
Southern	29	181	20
Sai Kung	114	746	19
Sham Shui Po	74	713	20
Sha Tin	87	905	22
Tuen Mun	42	881	23
Tai Po	64	682	20
Tsuen Wan	56	661	20
Wan Chai	161	214	22
Wong Tai Sin	59	589	22
Yuen Long	58	1 321	22
Yau Tsim Mong	267	826	20
Total	1 914	10 704	-

[Note] Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of service users over 2018-19.

Table 3: Number of home-based child carers, incentive payment for home-based child carers and number of service users under NSCCP (April to December 2020)

District	Number of home-based child carers	Number of children served [Note]	Incentive payment for home-based child carers per hour (\$)
Central & Western	46	236	
Eastern	183	258	
Islands	80	148	
Kowloon City	489	175	
Kwun Tong	51	220	
Kwai Tsing	41	315	
North	54	197	
Southern	28	110	
Sai Kung	130	356	25
Sham Shui Po	38	560	23
Sha Tin	49	454	
Tuen Mun	36	545	
Tai Po	69	389	
Tsuen Wan	43	214	
Wan Chai	114	145	
Wong Tai Sin	22	315	
Yuen Long	32	660	
Yau Tsim Mong	299	371	
Total	1 804	5 668	-

[Note] Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of service users over 2018-19 and 2019-20.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)227

(Question Serial No. 1166)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding integrated support service for persons with severe physical disabilities (ISS) and home care service for persons with severe disabilities (HCS), would the Government advise this Committee by listing the following since the launch of the services:

- 1. the quarterly number of users of the various service units under ISS and HCS (the same service user in the same quarter counted as 1 only);
- 2. the total number of service places, number of service places of the various services that come under ISS and HCS, number of users, number of waitlisted persons, number of refused persons and the distribution of users in various districts, with a breakdown by age group;
- 3. the total number of service places, number of service places of the various services that come under ISS and HCS, number of users, number of waitlisted persons, number of refused persons and the age group distribution of users, with a breakdown by District Council (DC) district;
- 4. the total number of service places, number of users, number of waitlisted persons and number of refused persons, with a breakdown by the various services that come under ISS and HCS.

Asked by: Hon TIEN Puk-sun, Michael (LegCo internal reference no.: 30)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The number of users of ISS and HCS per quarter from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) by service unit is set out in Annex 1.
- 2. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the information sought by age group.
- 3. SWD does not have the information sought by DC district or administrative district of SWD.
- 4. In 2020-21, there were 900 and 3 550 places under ISS and HCS respectively. The output of services provided by the 2 services from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) are set out respectively in Table 1 and Table 2 in Annex 2. SWD does not have information on the distribution of number of waitlisted persons and persons having been refused by service type.

Table 1: Number of ISS users per quarter from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)

	Financial Year											
	2016-17				201	7-18	I	2018-19			I	
Service Unit	April to June 2016	July to September 2016	October to December 2016	January to March 2017	April to June 2017	July to September 2017	October to December 2017	January to March 2018	April to June 2018	July to September 2018	October to December 2018	January to March 2019
Hong Kong Island and Kowloon	365	395	420	456	477	497	502	479	463	481	479	480
New Territories	330	348	384	423	451	459	474	474	473	499	502	524
Total	695	743	804	879	928	956	976	953	936	980	981	1 004

	Financial Year								
≠		2019	9-20	2020-21 (As at end-December 2020)					
Service Unit	April to June 2019	July to September 2019	October to December 2019	January to March 2020	April to June 2020	July to September 2020	October to December 2020		
Hong Kong Island and Kowloon	475	474	466	446	445	444	459		
New Territories	512	518	535	513	512	486	497		
Total	987	992	1 001	959	957	930	956		

Table 2: Number of HCS users per quarter in 2016-17

Service Unit	April to June 2016	July to September 2016	October to December 2016	January to March 2017
Service unit of Central Western,				
Southern and Islands, Eastern and	455	503	483	504
Wan Chai				
Service unit of Kwun Tong,	452	484	505	529
Wong Tai Sin	432	404	303	329
Service unit of Sham Shui Po,				
Kowloon City, Yau Tsim Mong	612	639	654	660
and Tseung Kwan O				
Service unit of Tsuen Wan,	413	434	455	497
Yuen Long, Tin Shui Wai	413	434	433	497
Service unit of Kwai Chung,	416	438	470	499
Tsing Yi, Tuen Mun	410	436	470	477
Service unit of Sha Tin,	525	548	569	575
Tai Po and North, Sai Kung	323	348	309	313
Total	2 873	3 046	3 136	3 264

Table 3: Number of HCS users per quarter in 2017-18

Service Unit	April to June 2017	July to September 2017	October to December 2017	January to March 2018
Service unit of Central Western,				
Southern and Islands, Eastern and	526	573	608	619
Wan Chai				
Service unit of Kwun Tong,	546	539	546	554
Wong Tai Sin	340	339	340	334
Service unit of Sham Shui Po,				
Kowloon City, Yau Tsim Mong	673	673	677	682
and Tseung Kwan O				
Service unit of Tsuen Wan,	540	555	558	564
Yuen Long, Tin Shui Wai	340	333	336	304
Service unit of Kwai Chung,	518	531	536	537
Tsing Yi, Tuen Mun	316	331	330	331
Service unit of Sha Tin,	605	625	636	697
Tai Po and North, Sai Kung	003	023	030	097
Total	3 408	3 496	3 561	3 653

Table 4: Number of HCS users per quarter in 2018-19

Service Unit	April to June 2018	July to September 2018	October to December 2018	January to March 2019
Service unit of Central Western, Southern and Islands, Eastern and	629	628	624	635
Wan Chai				
Service unit of Kwun Tong, Wong Tai Sin	542	536	552	562
Service unit of Sham Shui Po, Kowloon City, Yau Tsim Mong and Tseung Kwan O	722	731	755	748
Service unit of Tsuen Wan, Yuen Long, Tin Shui Wai	580	586	618	627
Service unit of Kwai Chung, Tsing Yi, Tuen Mun	545	545	554	558
Service unit of Sha Tin, Tai Po and North, Sai Kung	729	768	786	802
Total	3 747	3 794	3 889	3 932

Table 5: Number of HCS users per quarter in 2019-20

Service Unit	April to June 2019	July to September 2019	October to December 2019	January to March 2020
Service unit of Central Western,				
Southern and Islands, Eastern and	606	597	603	539
Wan Chai				
Service unit of Kwun Tong,	556	556	563	539
Wong Tai Sin	330	330	505	339
Service unit of Sham Shui Po,				
Kowloon City, Yau Tsim Mong	736	682	673	624
and Tseung Kwan O				
Service unit of Tsuen Wan,	627	604	595	532
Yuen Long, Tin Shui Wai	021	004	373	332
Service unit of Kwai Chung,	550	532	485	442
Tsing Yi, Tuen Mun	330	332	463	442
Service unit of Sha Tin,	773	775	769	720
Tai Po and North, Sai Kung	113	113	109	720
Total	3 848	3 746	3 688	3 396

Table 6: Number of HCS users per quarter in 2020-21 (As at end-December 2020)

Service Unit	April to June 2020	July to September 2020	October to December 2020
Service unit of Central Western,			
Southern and Islands, Eastern and Wan Chai	516	475	510
Service unit of Kwun Tong, Wong Tai Sin	580	588	621
Service unit of Sham Shui Po, Kowloon City, Yau Tsim Mong and Tseung Kwan O	710	718	754
Service unit of Tsuen Wan, Yuen Long, Tin Shui Wai	510	490	505
Service unit of Kwai Chung, Tsing Yi, Tuen Mun	444	451	491
Service unit of Sha Tin, Tai Po and North, Sai Kung	731	731	749
Total	3 491	3 453	3 630

Table 1: Output of various services under ISS utilised by service users

Service	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December
					2020) [Note 1]
Nursing care	17 603	16 637	20 672	14 604	11 637
(no. of sessions/hours [Note 2])	sessions	hours	hours	hours	hours
Rehabilitation training (no. of	15 309	20 810	26 338	23 325	15 548
sessions/hours [Note 2])	sessions	hours	hours	hours	hours
Personal care service	29.625	27.796	42.169	26 755	19.502
(no. of hours)	28 625	37 786	42 168	36 755	18 593
Escort service	4.705	(15(0.142	6 427	2 272
(no. of hours)	4 705	6 456	8 143	6 427	3 272
Carer support activities	42	5.4	£ 1	50	26
(no. of activities)	43	54	51	59	36
Home respite service	1.501	4.041	7.005	7.101	4.440
(headcount of users)	1 581	4 941	7 995	7 191	4 449
Social work service	092	1 1 4 0	1 102	1 157	1.000
(no. of users)	982	1 148	1 193	1 157	1 098
Meal support service	10	10	12	12	15
(no. of users)	10	18	13	13	15
Household cleaning service	62	50	5.5	51	16
(no. of users)	62	59	55	51	46

[[]Note 1] Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of service users of individual items over the previous years.

In 2016-17, the output standard was measured in sessions (45 minutes per session). Under the Funding and Service Agreement that came into effect on 1 November 2017 between SWD and service operators, the measuring unit of the output standards for nursing care service and rehabilitation training service has been changed from sessions to hours. For statistical purposes, the full-year service output of these nursing care and rehabilitation training services in 2017-18 has been standardised into hours.

Table 2: Output of various services under HCS utilised by service users

Service	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
					(as at end-December 2020) [Note 1]
Nursing care	24 149	32 482	39 502	38 804	28 553
(no. of sessions/hours [Note 2])	sessions	hours	hours	hours	hours
Rehabilitation training (no. of	48 541	63 279	73 552	64 737	37 689
sessions/hours [Note 2])	sessions	hours	hours	hours	hours
Personal care service (no. of hours)	53 901	65 850	84 730	75 660	53 509
Escort service (no. of hours)	44 077	48 453	61 629	58 164	27 961
Carer support activities (no. of activities)	106	149	162	129	54
Home respite service (headcount of users)	6 173	7 995	11 666	12 056	7 996
Social work service (no. of users)	3 929	4 507	4 730	4 473	4 133
Meal support service (no. of users)	11	21	76	157 [Note 3]	131 ^[Note 3]
Household cleaning service (no. of users)	2	2	16	25	42

Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of service users of individual items over the previous years.

In 2016-17, the output standard was measured in sessions (45 minutes per session). Under the Funding and Service Agreement that came into effect on 1 March 2017 between SWD and service operators, the measuring unit of the output standards for nursing care service and rehabilitation training service has been changed from sessions to hours since 2017-18.

[[]Note 3] Among the users of meal support service in 2019-20, 80 of them only used the service once while among those service users in 2020-21, 12 of them used the service once.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)228

(Question Serial No. 1167)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Special Subsidy for Renting Respiratory Support Medical Equipment (RSME programme) and the Special Subsidy for Purchasing Medical Consumables (Consumables programme) provided under the integrated support service for persons with severe physical disabilities (ISS), please advise, since the regularisation of ISS:

- 1. the number of places, applicants, recipients, waitlisted persons and utilisation rate of each subsidy;
- 2. the units, manpower, total number of applicants and resources involved;
- 3. the number of persons having withdrawn or having been rejected application for each subsidy and their respective reasons.

Asked by: Hon TIEN Puk-sun, Michael (LegCo internal reference no.: 31)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The number of applicants and recipients of the 2 programmes from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) are set out in Table 1 of the Annex. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have the respective numbers of applicants, waitlisted persons and the utilisation rate of the 2 programmes.
- 2. As applications for the 2 programmes are handled together by 2 units operating ISS, SWD does not have information on the manpower involved in handling the relevant applications. The actual expenditure on these 2 programmes each year from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) is set out in Table 2 of the Annex.
- 3. In 2016-17, 2017-18, 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020), there were 12, 36, 21, 16 and 15 applicants for the 2 programmes having withdrawn from service respectively, and there were 2, 10, 8, 8 and 3 applicants having failed the means test in the corresponding years. SWD does not have information on reasons for the applicants' withdrawal from service.

Table 1: Number of applicants and recipients under RSME programme and Consumables programme

Year	201	6-17	201′	7-18	2018	8-19	2019	9-20	(a end-De	0-21 s at ecember (20)
Type of Subsidies	No. of applicants ^[Note 1]	No. of recipients	No. of applicants ^[Note 1]	No. of recipients	No. of applicants ^[Note 1]	No. of recipients	No. of applicants ^[Note 1]	No. of recipients	No. of applicants ^[Note 1]	No. of recipients
RSME programme	102	300	111	326	83	281	84	262	52	246
Consumables programme	102	319	111	344	0.5	302	04	287	32	267
Total	102	325 [Note 2]	111	349 [Note 2]	83	304 [Note 2]	84	287 [Note 2]	52	267 [Note 2]

[Note 1] SWD does not have the respective numbers of applicants for the 2 programmes.

[Note 2] The total number includes recipients under RSME programme only, recipients under Consumables programme only and recipients under both programmes.

Table 2: Annual actual expenditure on RSME programme and Consumables programme

Year	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Annual actual expenditure (\$ million)	5.77	6.36	6.58	7.02	5.20

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)229

(Question Serial No. 3151)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding integrated support service for persons with severe physical disabilities (ISS) and home care service for persons with severe disabilities (HCS), please advise the following:

- 1. the number of service places, the number of cases, the number of service users, the age distribution of the service users, the utilisation rate, the number of waitlisted applicants and the waiting time under ISS and the HCS respectively each year since their launch;
- 2. the number of service places, the utilisation rate, the age distribution of service users, the number of users, the number of sessions provided and the waiting situation for each of the various services that come under ISS and the HCS;
- 3. the average service cost per case;
- 4. the total amount of funding for each year;
- 5. the number of persons under ISS and the HCS who are waiting for residential care places; and
- 6. does the Government have any plan to increase the respective services and funding so as to cope with the needs of persons with disabilities residing in community?

Asked by: Hon TIEN Puk-sun, Michael (LegCo internal reference no.: 18)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. In 2020-21, there were 900 and 3 550 places for ISS and HCS respectively. The numbers of cases served under the 2 services each year from 2016-17 to 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) are set out in Annex 1. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have information on the age distribution of users, the utilisation rate, the number of persons waitlisted or the waiting time in respect of the 2 services.
- 2. The outputs of ISS and HCS from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are set out in Tables 1 and 2 of Annex 2 respectively. SWD does not have information on the utilisation rate, the age distribution of users or the waitlisting situation of various services.

- 3. SWD does not have information on the average service cost per case.
- 4. The service expenditures on ISS and HCS from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are set out in Annex 3.
- 5. In 2016-17, 2017-18, 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 (April to December), 96, 90, 55, 35 and 19 HCS users were being waitlisted respectively for residential care services for severely disabled persons. SWD does not have information on ISS users waitlisted for the residential care services.
- 6. In the past, HCS and ISS users included persons with disabilities living in private residential care homes. At the launch of the Pilot Scheme on Professional Outreaching Teams for Private Residential Care Homes for Persons with Disabilities and the Pilot Scheme on Multi-disciplinary Outreaching Support Teams for the Elderly in the first quarter of 2019, the support services for persons with disabilities living in private residential care homes, previously provided under HCS and ISS, were covered by the 2 pilot schemes. Since 2019-20, the 2 home-based care services have started to redeploy resources to provide home-based care service for around 1 500 persons with disabilities living in the community. SWD also allocated additional resources for the 6 HCS teams in March 2020 to provide an additional total of 300 service places.

Annex 1

Number of cases served under ISS and HCS each year

Service	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020)
ISS	982	1 148	1 193	1 157	1 098
HCS	3 929	4 507	4 730	4 473	4 133

Table 1: Output of various services utilised by ISS users

Service	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end- December 2020) [Note 1]
Nursing care service (no. of sessions/hours [Note 2])	17 603 sessions	16 637 hours	20 672 hours	14 604 hours	11 637 hours
Rehabilitation training (no. of sessions/hours [Note 2])	15 309 sessions	20 810 hours	26 338 hours	23 325 hours	15 548 hours
Personal care service (no. of hours)	28 625	37 786	42 168	36 755	18 593
Escort service (no. of hours)	4 705	6 456	8 143	6 427	3 272
Carer support activities (no. of activities)	43	54	51	59	36
Home respite service (headcount of users)	1 581	4 941	7 995	7 191	4 449
Social work service (no. of users)	982	1 148	1 193	1 157	1 098
Meal support service (no. of users)	10	18	13	13	15
Household cleaning service (no. of users)	62	59	55	51	46

Due to the impact of the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of service users of individual items over the previous years.

In 2016-17, the output standard was measured in sessions (45 minutes per session). Under the Funding and Service Agreement (effective since 1 November 2017) of SWD and service operators, the measuring unit for the output standard of nursing care and rehabilitation training services was changed from session to hour. For statistical purpose, the full-year output of nursing care and rehabilitation training services was standardised to measure in hours in 2017-18.

Table 2: Output of various services utilised by HCS users

Service	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020) [Note 1]
Nursing care service (no. of sessions/hours [Note 2])	24 149 sessions	32 482 hours	39 502 hours	38 804 hours	28 553 hours
Rehabilitation training (no. of sessions/hours [Note 2])	48 541 sessions	63 279 hours	73 552 hours	64 737 hours	37 689 hours
Personal care service (no. of hours)	53 901	65 850	84 730	75 660	53 509
Escort service (no. of hours)	44 077	48 453	61 629	58 164	27 961
Carer support activities (no. of activities)	106	149	162	129	54
Home respite service (headcount of users)	6 173	7 995	11 666	12 056	7 996
Social work service (no. of users)	3 929	4 507	4 730	4 473	4 133
Meal support service (no. of users)	11	21	76	157 [Note 3]	131 [Note 3]
Household cleaning service (no. of users)	2	2	16	25	42

[[]Note 1] Due to the impact of the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of service users of individual items over the previous years.

^[Note 3] In 2019-20, among the service users of meal support service, 80 of them have only used the service once; while in 2020-21, 12 service users used the service once only.

In 2016-17, the output standard was measured in sessions (45 minutes per session). Under the Funding and Service Agreement (effective since 1 March 2017) of SWD and service operators, the measuring unit for the output standard of nursing care and rehabilitation training services was changed from session to hour starting from 2017-18.

Service expenditure on ISS and HCS

Service	2016-17 (Actual) (\$ million)	2017-18 (Actual) (\$ million)	2018-19 (Actual) (\$ million)	2019-20 (Actual) (\$ million)	2020-21 (Revised Estimate) (\$ million)
ISS	61.9	61.6	64.9	68.8	68.6
HCS	254.1	262.8	287.0	305.3	330.4

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)230

(Question Serial No. 3152)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the home care service for persons with severe disabilities (HCS), please provide the following information for the period from 2013-14 to 2020-21:

- a) the yearly figures of the cases served, service places, persons on the waiting list and the waiting time;
- b) the number of users of various services:

	2013-	2014-	2015-	2016-	2017-	2018-	2019-	2020-21
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
Nursing care service								
Rehabilitation training								
Personal care service								
Carer support service								
Home respite service								
Social work service								
Meal support service								
Household cleaning								
service								

- c) the service cost per case on average;
- d) the total funding allocation for each year; and
- e) the number of such service users waiting for residential care services.

Asked by: Hon TIEN Puk-sun, Michael (LegCo internal reference no.: 20)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- a) The 6 non-governmental organisations operating HCS across the territory served a total of 3 929, 4 507, 4 730, 4 473 and 4 133 cases in 2016-17, 2017-18, 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020) respectively. In 2020-21, the number of places for HCS was 3 550. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have information on the number of persons waitlisted or the waiting time.
- b) The service output of HCS by service type is set out in the Annex.

- c) Since the needs of individual service users and the services required differ, SWD does not have information on the service cost per case under HCS.
- d) The actual expenditures on HCS in 2016-17, 2017-18, 2018-19 and 2019-20 were about \$250 million, \$260 million, \$290 million and \$310 million respectively. The revised estimate for 2020-21 is about \$330 million.
- e) In 2016-17, 2017-18, 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 (as at the end of December 2020), there were 96, 90, 55, 35 and 19 persons respectively among the users of HCS waiting for residential care services for persons with disabilities.

Service output of HCS by service type

Service	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020) [Note 1]
Nursing care service (no. of sessions/hours [Note 2])	24 149 sessions	32 482 hours	39 502 hours	38 804 hours	28 553 hours
Rehabilitation training (no. of sessions/hours [Note 2])	48 541 sessions	63 279 hours	73 552 hours	64 737 hours	37 689 hours
Personal care service (no. of hours)	53 901	65 850	84 730	75 660	53 509
Escort service (no. of hours)	44 077	48 453	61 629	58 164	27 961
Carer support activities (no. of activities)	106	149	162	129	54
Home respite service (headcount of users)	6 173	7 995	11 666	12 056	7 996
Social work service (no. of users)	3 929	4 507	4 730	4 473	4 133
Meal support service (no. of users)	11	21	76	157 [Note 3]	131 [Note 3]
Household cleaning service (no. of users)	2	2	16	25	42

[Note 1] Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of service users of individual item over previous years.

"Session" was used as the unit for measuring the service output standards for 2016-17 (45 minutes per session). According to the Funding and Service Agreements between SWD and the service operators with effect from 1 March 2017, the unit for measuring the service output standards for the nursing care services and the rehabilitation training services has been changed from "session" to "hour" starting from 2017-18.

[Note 3] 80 of the users of meal support service only used the service once in 2019-20, whereas 12 of the service users used the service once in 2020-21.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)231

(Question Serial No. 2085)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (7) Young People

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the "school social work (SSW)" under the Programme, please advise:

- 1. the number of cases handled in the past 3 years under the services with a breakdown by type of cases;
- 2. further to the question above, the number of cases involving school bullying, cyber bullying, etc.; their percentages of the total number of cases;
- 3. further to the question above, the number of cases involving social incidents and politics;
- 4. whether school teachers have been provided with support under the services; if yes, the number of cases involving teaching staff; and
- 5. the specific details as to "strengthen the supporting manpower for SSW services in secondary schools to support school social workers in providing professional services for students-in-need" as mentioned under the Programme and the additional expenditure involved.

Asked by: Hon WONG Kwok-kin (LegCo internal reference no.: 50)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The number of student cases served by secondary school social workers from 2018-19 to 2020-21 is set out as follows:

2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
(Actual)	(Actual)	(Revised Estimate)
23 415	24 386	26 500

SWD revised the type of active cases in 2019-20. As at 31 December 2020, the type and number of active cases served by secondary school social workers are set out as follows:

S/N	Type of cases	Number of cases
1	School-related issues	5 407
2	Developmental adjustment	1 020
3	Emotional/mental health	5 662
4	Family problem	3 053
5	Social norms	249
6	Sex-related issues	194
7	Peer relationship	2 166
8	Bullying	115
9	Internet addiction	137
10	Drug-related issues	13
11	Others	340
Total		18 356

- 2. As at 31 December 2020, a total of 115 active cases served by secondary school social workers involved bullying, accounting for about 0.6% of the total number of active cases.
- 3. SWD does not have information on the number of cases related to social incidents and politics.
- 4. Secondary school social workers provide consultation services to students, schools, teachers, parents and student-related committees. The required output standard for each school social worker includes the provision of consultation services on 380 occasions within a year. SWD does not have information on the number of consultations involving teaching staff.
- 5. Starting from September in the 2021/22 school year, SWD will strengthen the supporting manpower for SSW services in 463 secondary schools across the territory to assist school social workers in handling administrative work and implementing programmes, so that they can provide more in-depth counselling and groups/programmes to needy students. This new measure will involve an additional full-year recurrent expenditure of about \$24.96 million.

LWB(WW)232

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2088)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: Not Specified

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

It is mentioned under "Detail" of the Department that the Lump Sum Grant (LSG) subvention is the mainstream subvention mode. It allows non-governmental organisations (NGOs) to deploy subventions in a flexible manner for delivering the most appropriate welfare services. In 2020-21, 164 NGOs are operating under the LSG. In this connection, please advise the following:

- 1. the list of 164 NGOs with the amount of LSG subvention received last year and in the coming year;
- 2. the scope of subsidised services by NGOs receiving LSG subvention, the minimum number of staff and social workers required to be employed by those NGOs, and their amount of reserve.

Asked by: Hon WONG Kwok-kin (LegCo internal reference no.: 54)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The name of the 164 NGOs under LSG subvention and the amount of subvention received in 2020-21 and 2021-22 are set out in the Annex.
- 2. The scope of subsidised services by NGOs receiving LSG subvention includes (1) family and child welfare; (2) social security; (3) services for the elderly; (4) rehabilitation and medical social services; (5) services for offenders; (6) community development; and (7) services for young people. Under the LSG Subvention System, service operators have the flexibility to deploy resources and arrange suitable staffing to meet the requirements as set out in the Funding and Service Agreements. Relevant notional staffing establishments (NSEs) are only used by the Social Welfare Department (SWD) for calculating the subventions for subvented services and should not be used for benchmarking the manpower structure of the subvented services. Therefore, SWD does not have the requested information on the minimum number of staff and social workers. SWD has uploaded the NSE samples of subvented services onto its website. For details, please refer to the SWD's website:

https://www.swd.gov.hk/en/index/site_ngo/page_subventions/sub_modesofsub/id_2907/

Information on the LSG reserve of each NGO is the financial information of individual NGOs. For information of the latest year, please refer to the annual financial reports of the NGOs which have been uploaded onto the SWD's website or are accessible via links to the NGOs' websites. The following is the relevant website:

https://www.swd.gov.hk/en/index/site_ngo/page_AFRandRR/

${\bf Social~Welfare~Department} \\ {\bf LSG~Subvention~^{[Note~1]}~to~NGOs~in~2020-21~and~2021-22}$

S/N	Name of NGOs	2020-21 Subvention (\$) [Note 2]	2021-22 Subvention (\$) [Note 3]
1	Aberdeen Kai-fong Welfare Association Social Service Centre	108,651,504	118,162,135
2	Asian Outreach Hong Kong Limited	5,605,863	5,607,367
3	Association for Engineering and Medical Volunteer Services	20,990,312	22,438,227
4	Lok Chi Association Limited	3,259,007	3,984,095
5	Association for the Rights of Industrial Accident Victims Limited	1,871,561	1,879,068
6	Against Child Abuse Ltd	2,583,005	2,583,512
7	Agency for Volunteer Service	6,629,122	6,886,166
8	Alice Ho Miu Ling Nethersole Charity Foundation	75,696,762	75,962,849
9	Alice Lan and Vera Shen Education Fund Limited	3,049,632	2,086,152
10	ABM Hong Kong Swatow Baptist Church Community Service Association (The)	13,755,957	13,730,802
11	Asbury Methodist Social Service	26,229,518	25,970,920
12	Asia Women's League Limited	62,781,223	59,356,293
13	Hong Kong ABWE Social Services	32,169,516	31,071,979
14	Baptist Mid-Missions	8,992,497	7,827,202
15	Baptist Oi Kwan Social Service	219,815,834	179,875,526
16	Barnabas Charitable Service Association Limited (The)	8,113,391	8,128,703
17	Boys' and Girls' Clubs Association of Hong Kong (The)	396,460,232	396,688,584
18	Boys' Brigade, Hong Kong (The)	6,338,022	6,349,193
19	Hong Kong Buddhist Association (The)	66,397,177	59,444,613
20	Hong Kong Bodhi Siksa Society Limited (The)	27,563,382	24,758,720
21	Caritas - Hong Kong	1,351,080,507	1,328,472,148
22	Cheung Sha Wan Kai Fong Welfare Association Lam Tam Yin Wah Day Nursery	1,573,478	1,187,174
23	Cheung Chau Rural Committee Integrated Youth Centre	3,489,992	3,444,001
24	Free Methodist Church of Hong Kong (The)	20,910,619	20,487,118
25	Chi Lin Nunnery	70,991,052	64,239,804
26	China Peniel Missionary Society Incorporation	5,672,028	5,655,388
27	Chinese Evangelical Zion Church Limited	10,464,343	9,120,704
28	Chinese Rhenish Church Hong Kong Synod (The)	99,153,084	86,798,622
29	Chinese Young Men's Christian Association of Hong Kong	225,949,232	221,076,082
30	Ching Chung Taoist Association of Hong Kong Limited	45,272,037	40,932,448
31	Christian & Missionary Alliance Church Union Hong Kong Limited	31,616,989	28,426,995
32	Christian New Being Fellowship Limited (The)	13,542,146	13,572,829
33	Christian Family Service Centre	514,326,457	563,244,766
34	Christian Concern for the Homeless Association	6,198,944	6,024,529
35	Christian Nationals' Evangelism Commission Grace Light Neighbourhood Elderly Centre	5,702,498	5,680,057
36	Chuk Lam Ming Tong Limited	37,895,725	35,097,483
37	Chung Shak Hei (Cheung Chau) Home for the Aged Limited	48,531,797	42,828,106
38	Chung Sing Benevolent Society	47,792,092	46,272,540
39	Hop Yat Church, the Church of Christ in China	5,546,343	5,547,623
40	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited	1,015,770,167	952,823,728
41	Endeavourers Hong Kong (The)	5,649,847	5,639,627

S/N	Name of NGOs	2020-21 Subvention (\$) [Note 2]	2021-22 Subvention (\$) [Note 3]
42	Ebenezer School and Home for the Visually Impaired	22,678,017	21,462,921
43	Emmanuel Church	1,483,759	800,872
44	Evangelical Free Church of China - Evangel Children's Home	15,176,257	15,196,969
45	Association of Evangelical Free Churches of Hong Kong (The)	22,077,698	20,086,460
46	ELCHK, Social Service Head Office	364,577,210	345,853,861
47	Fung Kai Public School	31,882,156	29,843,438
48	Five Districts Business Welfare Association	1,892,716	1,525,541
49	Fung Ying Seen Koon	10,946,216	10,860,359
50	Mother Superior of the Congregation of Our Lady of Charity of the Good Shepherd of Angers at Hong Kong (The)	28,078,927	27,929,061
51	Hans Andersen Club	4,062,729	3,598,638
52	Harmony House Limited	11,251,242	11,265,255
53	Heep Hong Society	476,666,363	469,596,141
54	Helping Hand	96,995,463	84,248,234
55	Heung Hoi Ching Kok Lin Association	233,100,737	226,635,525
56	Hong Kong and Kowloon Kaifong Women's Association	13,075,224	10,936,954
57	Hong Kong and Macau Lutheran Church Social Service Limited	22,086,701	20,276,714
58	Hong Chi Association	489,632,887	493,074,310
59	Hong Kong Blind Union	5,745,305	6,478,105
60	Hong Kong Catholic Marriage Advisory Council (The)	31,844,391	32,880,378
61	Hong Kong Children and Youth Services	242,501,636	243,455,199
62	Hong Kong Chinese Women's Club	49,747,851	46,609,465
63	Hong Kong Christian Mutual Improvement Society	11,844,129	11,831,349
64	Hong Kong Christian Service	522,049,253	503,783,729
65	Hong Kong Council of Social Service (The)	46,306,712	46,005,998
66	Hong Kong Down Syndrome Association (The)	18,967,401	18,999,751
67	Hong Kong Evangelical Church Social Service Limited	17,591,944	18,836,082
68	Hong Kong Women Foundation Limited	5,888,632	5,946,955
69	Hong Kong Family Welfare Society	443,281,352	504,588,389
70	Hong Kong Federation of Handicapped Youth	6,128,125	6,863,174
71	Hong Kong Federation of the Blind	3,178,181	3,908,551
72	Hong Kong Federation of Youth Groups (The)	279,331,153	275,031,801
73	Hong Kong Juvenile Care Centre	23,766,023	23,591,634
74	Hong Kong Lutheran Social Service, the Lutheran Church - Hong Kong Synod Limited	378,158,076	365,499,614
75	Hong Kong Mutual Encouragement Association Limited	11,081,426	11,051,850
76	Hong Kong PHAB Association	60,804,515	63,872,321
77	Hong Kong Playground Association	110,942,865	110,283,608
78	Hong Kong Red Cross	8,419,098	7,693,515
79	Hong Kong Rehabilitation Power	5,482,969	5,494,223
80	Hong Kong Society for the Aged (The)	417,522,828	400,489,778
81	Hong Kong Society for the Blind (The)	169,586,550	160,948,987
82	Hong Kong Society for the Deaf (The)	66,168,895	68,183,897
83	Hong Kong Society for Rehabilitation (The)	40,519,666	40,123,694
84	Hong Kong Society for the Protection of Children	118,330,937	96,834,775
85	Hong Kong Sports Association for Persons with Intellectual Disability	3,063,516	3,796,258
86	Hong Kong Student Aid Society Limited (The)	78,409,163	77,937,533

S/N	Name of NGOs	2020-21 Subvention (\$) [Note 2]	2021-22 Subvention (\$) [Note 3]
87	Hong Kong Tuberculosis, Chest and Heart Diseases Association (The)	39,493,588	34,094,000
88	Nesbitt Centre Limited (The)	3,897,076	3,898,828
89	Hong Kong Young Women's Christian Association	348,591,369	341,838,741
90	Hong Kong-Macao Conference of Seventh - day Adventists	19,218,132	19,027,913
91	Fo Guang Shan International Buddhist Progress Society (Hong Kong) Limited	5,691,732	5,689,621
92	International Social Service Hong Kong Branch	128,442,174	129,392,217
93	International Women's League Limited	5,805,780	5,800,992
94	Jordan Valley Kaifong Welfare Association	5,738,975	5,773,333
95	Haven of Hope Christian Service	354,130,462	407,252,971
96	Kiangsu Chekiang and Shanghai Residents (Hong Kong) Association	44,110,403	38,249,797
97	Kowloon City Baptist Church	6,050,605	6,032,946
98	Wai Ji Christian Service	239,590,872	239,908,952
99	Kowloon Women's Welfare Club (The)	20,463,684	18,621,984
100	Kwun Tong Methodist Social Service	30,765,651	29,029,385
101	Lam Tin Estate Kai Fong Welfare Association Limited (The)	5,810,142	5,812,794
102	Light and Love Home Limited	5,674,175	5,657,239
103	Lok Sin Tong Benevolent Society, Kowloon (The)	109,176,845	102,901,582
104	International Church of the Foursquare Gospel Hong Kong	11,238,256	11,311,328
	District Limited	, ,	, ,
105	Lutheran Philip House Limited	8,013,061	6,762,212
106	Mental Health Association of Hong Kong (The)	283,994,352	285,019,719
107	Child Development Centre (The)	9,732,612	9,587,354
108	Methodist Epworth Village Community Centre, Social Welfare	67,708,840	68,434,370
109	Mongkok Kai-Fong Association Limited (The)	44,756,411	44,559,717
110	Mother's Choice	23,062,445	23,179,010
111	Neighbourhood Advice-Action Council (The)	589,578,508	584,291,346
112	New Life Church of Christ Hong Kong Limited	11,010,476	10,995,010
113	New Life Psychiatric Rehabilitation Association	400,001,692	400,151,854
114	New Territories Women and Juveniles Welfare Association Limited (The)	13,161,995	11,409,376
115	Operation Dawn Limited	9,695,459	9,715,090
116	S.K.H. St. Simon's Social Services	3,949,218	2,928,313
117	Pentecostal Church of Hong Kong	42,117,925	40,868,038
118	Po Leung Kuk	1,143,438,849	1,146,718,853
119	Pok Oi Hospital	291,534,479	262,547,818
120	Superioress of the Sisters of the Precious Blood (The)	18,139,365	18,143,536
121	Project Care	13,070,175	12,957,200
122	Richmond Fellowship of Hong Kong	77,503,242	77,477,454
123	Sai Kung District Community Centre Limited	8,568,221	8,386,196
124	Salvation Army (The)	576,442,185	559,086,773
125	Scout Association of Hong Kong	50,602,389	50,349,289
126	Shamshuipo Kai Fong Welfare Advancement Association	5,187,053	5,170,563
127	Sik Sik Yuen	216,284,994	200,283,355
128	Sisters of the Immaculate Heart of Mary	3,837,559	3,329,607
129	Society for Community Organisation	3,844,660	4,707,347
130	Society of Rehabilitation and Crime Prevention, Hong Kong (The)	147,365,496	145,549,738

S/N	Name of NGOs	2020-21 Subvention (\$) [Note 2]	2021-22 Subvention (\$) [Note 3]			
131	Society of Boys' Centres	72,294,579	72,374,676			
132	Fu Hong Society	430,042,690	440,981,676			
133	Society of St. Vincent de Paul Central Council of Hong Kong	1,884,297	1,405,625			
134	SAHK	638,456,676	652,112,516			
135	Hong Kong Paralympic Committee & Sports Association for the Physically Disabled	2,867,741	2,905,883			
136	Sheng Kung Hui St. Christopher's Home Limited	74,327,976	73,766,420			
137	St. James' Settlement	391,914,234	422,490,134			
138	SKH St. Matthias' Church Nursery School Limited	1,883,943	1,524,985			
139	Stewards	104,228,970	103,864,211			
140	Tai Hang Residents' Welfare Association	3,433,121	3,434,143			
141	Church of United Brethren in Christ Hong Kong Limited (The)	20,316,703	20,092,272			
142	Methodist Centre	75,412,800	63,766,117			
143	Mission Covenant Church Limited (The)	7,301,452	6,786,928			
144	Tsim Sha Tsui District Kaifong Welfare Association	5,643,433	5,631,050			
145	Samaritan Befrienders Hong Kong (The)	14,184,119	14,191,600			
146	Suen Mei Speech and Hearing Centre	5,091,948	5,093,055			
147	Hong Kong and Macau Regional Centre of the World Fellowship of Buddhists Limited	4,934,700	3,549,638			
148	Tsung Tsin Mission of Hong Kong Social Service (The)	80,355,613	80,523,396			
149	Yuk Chi Resource Centre Limited	4,271,303	4,258,453			
150	Tung Lum Nien Fah Tong Limited	14,035,519	12,923,459			
151	Tung Sin Tan Home for the Aged	11,270,289	9,679,095			
152	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals	1,790,093,832	1,706,706,638			
153	United Christian Nethersole Community Health Service	13,863,425	15,556,076			
154	Watchdog Limited	17,369,376	19,179,841			
155	Hong Kong West Point Baptist Church	5,628,901	5,614,785			
156	Women's Welfare Club (Eastern District) Hong Kong (The)	50,049,658	44,137,685			
157	Women's Welfare Club, Western District, Hong Kong	14,385,826	13,394,612			
158	Yan Chai Hospital	530,780,553	501,207,360			
159	Yan Oi Tong	148,360,212	154,692,322			
160	Yang Memorial Methodist Social Service	384,389,665	377,656,317			
161	Youth Outreach	16,426,253	14,755,599			
162	Yuen Long Town Hall Management Committee Limited	34,374,793	34,372,724			
163	Yuen Yuen Institute (The)	51,759,129	43,715,200			
164	Zion Social Service Limited	9,875,720	9,814,022			
	Total [Note 4]	20,164,410,819	19,838,638,018			
[Note 1]	Subvention includes LSG (including provident fund subvent as Rent and Rates, Central Items, etc).	tion) and other sub	ventions (such			
[Note 2]	The figures in 2020-21 are subventions (revised estimate).					
[Note 3]	The figures in 2021-22 are provisional subventions.					
[Note 4]	Individual figures may not add up to the total due to rounding effect.					

Reply Serial No.

LWB(WW)233

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

(Question Serial No. 2089)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme, please advise:

- 1. the number of CSSA cases in the past 2 years with a breakdown by case nature;
- 2. further to the above, the number of CSSA cases having been granted discretionary approval to apply for CSSA on an individual basis while living with family members. Please provide the number of such cases with a breakdown by case nature, their percentages in the total number of CSSA cases, consideration criteria and details of the mechanism;
- 3. further to the above, the number of CSSA cases living in self-owned residential properties and the percentage in the total number of CSSA cases;
- 4. further to the above, the number of CSSA recipients who have resided in Hong Kong (HK) for less than 7 years and the percentage in the total number of CSSA cases;
- 5. the number of CSSA cases spot checked by the Department to prevent abuse in the past 2 years; of which, the number of cases involving non-compliance and the number of cases prosecuted.

Asked by: Hon WONG Kwok-kin (LegCo internal reference no.: 55)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The number of CSSA cases with a breakdown by case nature from 2019-20 to 2020-21 is set out in the Annex.
- 2. As CSSA is designed to be a safety net of last resort and members of the same family should in principle support one another, CSSA applications are required to be made on a household basis. Nevertheless, if a person living with other family members has been verified by the Social Welfare Department (SWD) as an independent household (e.g. the person and other members under the same roof are obviously using separate facilities of their own) and/or has no financial ties with each other, SWD will consider allowing the person to apply for CSSA separately having due regard to the circumstances of the case. Moreover, in case of a person expressing the need to apply for CSSA separately

due to problems between family members (e.g. poor relationship between the applicant and his/her families), the case will first be referred to social work service units of SWD for assistance. If there is still no improvement in the situation after getting help from social workers, SWD will consider allowing the applicant in need to apply for CSSA separately on a discretionary basis, giving due regard to the special circumstances of the case. SWD does not have the total number of cases with recipients living with their families and having been granted approval for making applications separately because of various reasons.

- 3. SWD does not have the information sought.
- 4. Following the judgment of the Court of Final Appeal handed down on a judicial review case regarding the residence requirement of the CSSA Scheme, SWD restored the "one-year residence requirement" on 17 December 2013, which had been in effect before 1 January 2004. As in the past, persons aged below 18 continue to be exempted from the residence requirement of the CSSA Scheme. From 2019-20 to 2020-21, the number of CSSA cases involving persons who had resided in HK for less than 7 years and the percentage in the total number of CSSA cases are as follows:

Year	Number of CSSA cases involving persons who had resided in HK for less than 7 years	Percentage in total number of CSSA cases (%)
2019-20	10 017	4.5
2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)	10 709	4.8

SWD does not have the number of CSSA cases involving persons who had resided in HK for less than 7 years by case nature.

5. The CSSA Scheme provides a safety net for those who are in genuine financial difficulties. To combat fraud and abuse, SWD conducts regular case reviews and checking on specific CSSA cases by different means, arranges data matching with other government departments and organisations on a regular or needs basis, and conducts indepth investigations into suspected fraud cases. After investigation and verification, person proves to be a fraudster may be prosecuted. The number of CSSA cases with fraud established and referred for prosecution from 2019-20 to 2020-21 is provided in the table below:

Year	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)
Number of CSSA cases with fraud established	329	237
Number of CSSA fraud cases referred for prosecution	182	145

Annex Number of CSSA cases by case nature from 2019-20 to 2020-21

	Year					
Case nature	2019-20	2020-21 (as at end-December 2020)				
Old age	135 239	130 647				
Permanent disability	17 026	17 377				
Ill health	24 562	26 056				
Single parent	24 030	24 760				
Low-earnings	2 974	2 520				
Unemployment	14 647	19 506				
Others	4 213	4 029				
Total	222 691	224 895				

⁻ End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)234

(Question Serial No. 3108)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Ouestion:

It is stated under the Programme that the Department "provided additional places of on-site pre-school rehabilitation services (OPRS), early education and training centres (EETCs), special child care centres (SCCCs) and occasional child care (OCC) service". Please advise this Committee of the following:

- 1. the number of places and utilisation rate of the above services by 18 districts in the past 2 years;
- 2. the waiting time for the above services by district in the past 2 years;
- 3. whether the Department has achieved the objective of "zero-waiting time" for preschool rehabilitation services; if no, ways to continue to provide more places and services;
- 4. whether the Department has assessed the impact caused by the epidemic and suspension of schools in the past year on the development of school-age children, and anticipated an increase in the future demand for the services, as well as ways to step up support in relevant aspects to meet such demand; and
- 5. the future additional funding and the latest estimates for the above services.

Asked by: Hon WONG Kwok-kin (LegCo internal reference no.: 49)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The number of service places and utilisation rates of EETCs and SCCCs over the past 2 years with a breakdown by administrative district of the Social Welfare Department (SWD) are set out at Tables 1 and 2 of Annex 1, and the number of places for occasional child care service for disabled children (OCC for DC) over the past 2 years, with a breakdown by administrative district of SWD is set out at Table 3 of Annex 1. SWD does not have information on the number of service places for and utilisation rate of OPRS by district, or the utilisation rate of OCC for DC.
- 2. SWD does not have statistical information on the waiting time for pre-school rehabilitation services by district.

- 3. The Government increased the number of places for OPRS to over 8 000 in September 2020, and plans to further increase the service places by 1 000 each year in the 2 school years from 2021/22 to 2022/23, bringing the number of service places to 10 000 in total. From 2019-20 to 2021-22, the number of service places of SCCCs and EETCs will also be increased by some 1 200 altogether, making a total of around 6 700. The Government will continuously assess the demand for pre-school rehabilitation services and the manpower supply of relevant allied health professionals, and strive to devote more resources if required, with a view to achieving the objective of "zero- waiting time".
- 4. To assist pre-school children with special needs in learning and training amidst the epidemic, subsidised pre-school rehabilitation service units have been providing continuous support for children and parents in need during the class suspension period through the provision of individual training services of various modes (e.g. centre-based training with crowd control in force, e-learning, home training, etc.), on the prerequisite of fully considering the parents' preferences and ensuring the health of the service users and staff members.
- 5. The 2020-21 Revised Estimate and the 2021-22 Estimate for various types of pre-school rehabilitation services are set out at Annex 2.

Table 1: Number of service places and utilisation rate of EETCs and SCCCs (2019-20)

	EE	CTCs	SCC	CCs
District	No. of service places	Utilisation rate (%) [Note 1]	No. of service places	Utilisation rate (%) [Note 1]
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	448	85.5	253	94.5
Eastern/Wan Chai	401	96.8	216	99.1
Kwun Tong	390	99.7	126	100.0
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	416	97.8	333	99.1
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	231	97.4	30	100.0
Sham Shui Po	400	83.0	205	100.0
Sha Tin	291	95.5	138	98.6
Tai Po/North	387	99.0	299	93.3
Yuen Long	172	96.5	108	99.1
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	406	98.0	168	98.8
Tuen Mun	229	99.6	144	100.0
Total	3 771	94.9	2 020	97.8

Note The utilisation rates of EETCs and SCCCs were derived from the number of service users as at the end of March 2020 divided by the number of service places.

Table 2: Number of service places and average utilisation rate of EETCs and SCCCs (2020-21)(as at 31 December 2020)

	EE	ETCs	SCCCs		
District	No. of service places	Utilisation rate (%) [Note]	No. of service places	Utilisation rate (%) [Note 1]	
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	448	90.2	313	93.6	
Eastern/Wan Chai	401	95.3	216	98.1	
Kwun Tong	390	95.6	186	97.8	
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	416	93.8	333	97.0	
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	231	94.4	30	100.0	
Sham Shui Po	400	99.5	235	94.9	
Sha Tin	291	97.6	138	97.1	
Tai Po/North	387	96.4	299	96.0	
Yuen Long	172	93.6	108	100.0	
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	406	95.1	168	91.7	
Tuen Mun	229	91.3	144	98.6	
Total	3 771	94.9	2 170	96.9	

[Note] The utilisation rates of EETCs and SCCCs were derived from the number of service users as at the end of December 2020 divided by the number of service places.

Table 3: Number of places for OCC for DC

	No. of places					
District	2019-20	2020-21 (as at 31 December 2020)				
Central/Western/Southern & Islands	4	6				
Eastern/Wan Chai	8	8				
Kwun Tong	8	10				
Wong Tai Sin/Sai Kung	13	12				
Kowloon City/Yau Tsim Mong	2	2				
Sham Shui Po	10	13				
Sha Tin	11	10				
Tai Po/North	15	15				
Yuen Long	10	10				
Tsuen Wan/Kwai Tsing	6	6				
Tuen Mun	10	10				
Total	97	102				

Annex 2 Expenditure on OPRS, EETCs, SCCCs and OCC for DC in 2020-21 and 2021-22

Service type	2020-21 Revised Estimate (\$ million)	2021-22 Estimate (\$ million)
OPRS	826.7	948.5
EETCs	325.1	352.5
SCCCs	538.5	595.7
OCC for DC	4.6	4.6

⁻ End -

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)235

(Question Serial No. 3109)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (7) Young People

Controlling Officer: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the After School Care Programme (ASCP) and the Enhanced ASCP, please advise:

- 1. the number of service places, number of users and utilisation rate of the above services in the 18 districts over the past 2 years;
- 2. the waiting time for the above services in each district over the past 2 years and whether zero-waiting time can be achieved;
- 3. whether ASCP places and support have been provided to children with special educational needs; if yes, the details. Please also advise the number of places and their utilisation;
- 4. the extent of increase in the demand for the above services due to the epidemic and suspension of classes last year and whether the services have been enhanced to meet the families' needs; if yes, the relevant details;
- 5. the enhancement measures to be rolled out for ASCP and Enhanced ASCP in the coming year, the number of additional places and services; and the additional expenditure involved.

Asked by: Hon WONG Kwok-kin (LegCo internal reference no.: 51)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. The number of service places, number of users and utilisation rate under the ASCP and the Enhanced ASCP in the 18 districts in Hong Kong in the past 2 years (i.e. from 2019- 20 to 2020-21) are set out in the Annex.
- 2. The Social Welfare Department (SWD) does not have information on the waiting time concerned.
- 3. To further support children with special educational needs (SENs) and their families, the Government has provided double monthly subsidy amount for eligible students with SENs under the Fee-waiving Subsidy Scheme (FWSS) under the ASCP since October 2020. The subsidy amount will also be adjusted annually according to the inflation rate. ASCP centres have the flexibility to redeploy and utilise the fee-waiving

- places so as to benefit more children with SENs. As at the end of December 2020, a total of 512 children with SENs benefitted from the FWSS under the ASCP.
- 4. SWD provides supportive ASCP services for primary school students through non-governmental organisations on a fee-charging basis. ASCP centres remain open to serve those in need during the fight against the epidemic and class suspension so as to alleviate the pressure of parents in taking care of their children.
- 5. The Government has regularised the Pilot Scheme on ASCP under the Community Care Fund and introduced a host of enhancement measures since October 2020. They include the addition of 2 500 full fee-waiving places, relaxation of application eligibility, increase of subsidy level, provision of extra subsidy for students with special educational needs, and streamlining means-test procedures. The additional recurrent expenditure involved is \$65 million. The Government will continue to implement the above enhancement measures in 2021-22. More than 5 700 students and their families are expected to benefit from these measures.

Annex
Number of ASCP and Enhanced ASCP places and utilisation by district

	2019-2020					2020-2021						
		AGOD E LAGOD						(as at end-December 2020) [Note 1]				
	ASCP			Enhanced ASCP			ASCP		Enhanced ASCP			
District	No. of places	No. of users	Utilisation rate ^[Note 2]	No. of places	No. of users ^[Note 3]	Utilisation rate ^[Note 4]	No. of places	No. of users	Utilisation rate ^[Note 2]	No. of places	No. of users	Utilisation rate [Note 4]
Central & Western	90	85	94%	-	N	ſ.A.	90	29	32%	-	N	A.
Southern	286	247	86%	16	18	73%	306	201	66%	16	14	5%
Islands	248	217	88%	42	75	82%	254	120	47%	52	46	70%
Eastern	365	298	82%	44	67	79%	405	282	70%	44	57	54%
Wan Chai	174	153	88%	8	10	80%	220	169	77%	8	7	37%
Kowloon City	211	175	83%	8	19	89%	194	148	76%	8	12	47%
Yau Tsim Mong	171	148	87%	20	37	74%	155	120	77%	20	20	69%
Sham Shui Po	262	225	86%	43	80	57%	329	237	72%	43	42	24%
Kwun Tong	485	438	90%	14	27	72%	557	345	62%	14	11	48%
Wong Tai Sin	387	356	92%	12	11	74%	374	227	61%	12	11	61%
Sai Kung	125	115	92%	-	N	.A.	142	121	85%	-	N.,	A.
Sha Tin	623	592	95%	54	102	83%	688	406	59%	54	72	45%
Tai Po	203	199	98%	6	2	15%	224	130	58%	6	4	34%
North	315	224	71%	28	22	29%	208	160	77%	24	5	8%
Yuen Long	412	355	86%	91	94	70%	502	300	60%	95	100	59%
Tsuen Wan	175	153	87%	8	11	53%	191	90	47%	8	13	59%
Kwai Tsing	503	425	84%	69	77	69%	458	358	78%	76	93	79%
Tuen Mun	494	411	83%	35	32	78%	476	273	57%	35	38	85%
Total	5 529	4 816	87.1%	498	684	70.1%	5 773	3 716	64%	515	545	55%

N.A. - Not applicable

- End -

Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, there is a decrease in the number of service users and utilisation rate over 2019-20.

[[]Note 2] The utilisation rate is based on the number of users.

[[]Note 3] Each service place may be utilised by more than 1 child.

[[]Note 4] The utilisation rate is based on actual utilisation of service sessions.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)236

(Question Serial No. 3110)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (4) Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the provision under Programme (4), the financial provision of the government sector will be substantially increased by 66%, and that of the subvented/private sectors by 7.1%. The increase in the amount of both sectors is comparable and the Government mentioned that it would be used for the continued implementation of anti-epidemic measures including those funded by the Anti-Epidemic Fund (AEF) and the full-year effect of new initiatives implemented in the year. Please advise:

- 1. the reasons for increasing the estimate for the government sector by 66% and that for the subvented/private sectors by 7.1%, as well as the number of projects and organisations respectively involved;
- 2. the amount of the relevant additional expenditure for the anti-epidemic measures and new initiatives respectively; and
- 3. whether the additional anti-epidemic measures include helping persons with disabilities or users of the service units to get vaccinated, if yes, the details and timetable; if no, the reasons for that.

Asked by: Hon WONG Kwok-kin (LegCo internal reference no.: 52)

Reply:

Under the Programme of "Rehabilitation and Medical Social Services", the increase of 66.1% in the 2021-22 Estimate over the 2020-21 Revised Estimate for the government sector is mainly due to the additional provision for the continued implementation of anti-epidemic measures funded by the AEF in 2020-21, including the operation of quarantine centres for residents of residential care homes for the elderly (RCHEs) and residential care homes for persons with disabilities (RCHDs), and implementation of the Targeted Group Testing Scheme for staff/residents/service users of RCHEs, RCHDs and nursing homes.

The increase of 7.1% in the 2021-22 Estimate over the 2020-21 Revised Estimate for the subvented/private sectors under the same Programme is mainly due to the additional provision for the further increase of 1 000 service places under on-site pre-school rehabilitation services; provision of additional places for pre-school, day training, vocational rehabilitation

and residential rehabilitation services for persons with disabilities, and the setting up of new district support centres for persons with disabilities, etc.

The 2021-22 Estimate does not cover the cost of COVID-19 vaccination. The Social Welfare Department will deploy internal resources for the implementation of the COVID-19 Vaccination Programme.

- End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)237

(Question Serial No. 3111)

Head: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (2) Social Security

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme, please advise:

- 1. the number of new CSSA applications each month in the past 18 months;
- 2. further to the above, please provide the number of cases with a breakdown by case nature and household size;
- 3. further to the above, please provide the district and type of residence (with a breakdown by public rental housing, private rental housing, private housing with mortgage, fully-paid housing, others such as subdivided units) as well as the education attainment of the applicants;
- 4. further to the above, please provide the age distribution and type of trade (if any) of the cases concerned;
- 5. further to the above, please list out the asset distribution of the applying households with a breakdown by each \$10,000;
- 6. the number of days required for a case to receive payment from the date of application;
- 7. how many cases have left the CSSA net in the past 18 months?

Asked by: Hon WONG Kwok-kin (LegCo internal reference no.: 53)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. to 5. The number of new CSSA applications from 2019-20 to 2020-21 with a breakdown by case nature is set out in the Annex. The Social Welfare Department does not have the other information sought.
- 6. Regarding the processing of CSSA applications, under normal circumstances, and if the applicant or his/her guardian/appointee can produce all the necessary information, the application process can be completed within 4 weeks.
- 7. The number of CSSA cases closed from 2019-20 to 2020-21 is provided as follows:

Year	Number of CSSA cases closed
2019-20	24 339
2020-21	17 864
(as at end-December 2020)	1 / 804

Number of new CSSA applications (intermittent CSSA cases have been counted more than once) by case nature

	Year			
Case nature	2019-20	2020-21		
		(as at end-December 2020)		
Old age	12 590	10 475		
Permanent disability	1 649	1 421		
Ill health	7 551	6 309		
Single parent	3 858	4 150		
Low-earnings	1 087	1 338		
Unemployment	7 991	13 808		
Others	4 682	4 517		
Total	39 408	42 018		

⁻ End -

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)238

(Question Serial No. 3118)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme:</u> (3) Services for The Elderly

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Under the impact of the COVID-19 epidemic, many home care services for the elderly have been suspended or reduced. In this connection, would the Government please advise:

- 1) the number of persons receiving integrated home care services (ordinary cases) (IHCS(OC)), the number of waitlisted persons, the average waiting time and the number of persons affected by the epidemic over the past 2 years (please tabulate the figures);
- 2) the number of persons receiving IHCS (frail cases) (IHCS(FC)), the number of waitlisted persons, the average waiting time and the number of persons affected by the epidemic over the past 2 years (please tabulate the figures); and
- 3) how will the Government assist IHCS service users under the impact of the epidemic?

Asked by: Hon YIU Si-wing (LegCo internal reference no.: 5)

Reply:

The number of elderly cases receiving IHCS(OC) and the number of waitlisted persons from 2019-20 to 2020-21 are set out below:

Year	No. of elderly cases receiving services [Note]	No. of waitlisted persons ^[Note]
2019-20	15 740	3 360
2020-21 (As at end-December 2020)	15 593	4 072

[Note] The figures reflect the number of elderly cases receiving services and that of waitlisted persons at year-end.

The Social Welfare Department only keeps statistical information on the number of service users throughout the year and that of waitlisted persons for IHCS(OC) but does not have the waiting time for IHCS(OC). Besides, the waiting list for IHCS(OC) is kept and managed by non-governmental organisations currently operating the services.

The number of elderly cases receiving IHCS(FC), the number of waitlisted persons and the average waiting time are set out below:

Year	No. of elderly cases receiving services [Note1]	No. of waitlisted persons [Note 1] [Note 2]	Average waiting time (in months) (average of the past 3 months)
2019-20	1 025	5 595	12
2020-21 (As at end-December 2020)	2 479	4 191	12

[Note 1] The figures reflect the number of elderly cases receiving services and that of waitlisted persons at year-end.

Frail elderly persons who have been confirmed as moderately or severely impaired under the Standardised Care Need Assessment Mechanism for Elderly Services could wait for IHCS(FC) and/or EHCCS. The figures do not include the elderly persons classified as inactive cases because of their participation in the Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly.

While minimising the risk of the epidemic from spreading in the community, the Government is concerned about the needs of frail elderly persons within the community. During the epidemic, services under IHCS such as delivery of meals, escort, nursing, administration of medicine, assistance with personal hygiene and procurement of necessities, etc. are provided as normal, so as to minimise the impact on those in need and relieve the stress of carers. Moreover, IHCS teams will closely liaise with the elderly and their families/carers by telephone to keep informed of the conditions of the elderly and provide timely services in response to their needs. In view of the development of the epidemic, IHCS have resumed normal services progressively starting from 22 February 2021.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)239

(Question Serial No. 1462)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Government's provision of support services to encourage childbirth and release the labour force of housewives, the estimated number of places in standalone child care centres (CCCs) in 2021-22 is only 1 084 with the utilisation rate expected to reach 100%. As the number of places is far from meeting the actual demand of the society, does the Government have any plan to meet the demand and what would be done to respond to the parents' need for child care services?

Asked by: Hon YUNG Hoi-yan (LegCo internal reference no.: 43)

Reply:

To enhance the long-term planning of child care services, the Government has made reference to the recommendations of the "Consultancy Study on the Long-term Development of Child Care Services" and formulated a population-based planning ratio for aided CCC places with an aim to reserve suitable premises for the provision of child care facilities in housing development projects so as to better meet the service needs of new communities. We have incorporated the planning ratio of 100 aided CCC places for children aged below 3 for every 25 000 persons in the Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines in March 2020, and will review the planning ratio regularly. To further enhance day child care services, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) has planned to set up 10 aided standalone CCCs and provide about 900 additional aided CCC places in the coming 3 to 4 years through different development projects (such as the Land Sale Programme, the Special Scheme on Privately Owned Sites for Welfare Uses, public housing development or redevelopment projects and SWD has also planned to provide about 1 000 additional urban renewal developments, etc.). long full day CCC places through the purchase of premises exercise starting from 2021-22.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)240

(Question Serial No. 1464)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Given that the local unemployment situation is likely to last for a period of time, the Government has planned to regularise the short-term food assistance service to support the unemployed and their families with the basic necessities of life. What are the details, including the expenditure involved, the implementation timetable and specific aim of the service?

Asked by: Hon YUNG Hoi-yan (LegCo internal reference no.: 42)

Reply:

The Government will regularise the Short-term Food Assistance Service Projects (the Projects) upon completion of the existing service contracts in August 2021, and has earmarked an annual sum of about \$415 million to meet its recurrent expenditure. The provision is expected to benefit about 60 000 to 80 000 service users each year. Upon regularisation, the Projects will be included in the Lump Sum Grant Subvention System to provide steady financial and manpower resources.

Furthermore, starting from 1 June 2021, the Government will relax the asset limit requirements of the Projects, pitching to those of the Working Family Allowance Scheme, for a limited period of 12 months, so as to aid the unemployed and underemployed during the epidemic, subject to the funding approval of the Finance Committee. The relaxed measure is expected to benefit about 120 000 additional service users.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)241

(Question Serial No. 1585)

<u>Head</u>: (170) Social Welfare Department

Subhead (No. & title): ()

<u>Programme</u>: (1) Family and Child Welfare

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Director of Social Welfare (Gordon LEUNG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

It is stated under the Programme that during 2021-22, the Social Welfare Department (SWD) would re-engineer in phases existing Mutual Help Child Care Centres (MHCCCs), and consider converting them to provide after-school care service for pre-school children so as to further meet child care needs in the community. Would the Government inform this Committee of the following:

- 1. The demand for after-school care service has been on the rise. For many families, in particular, single-parent families, the demand is especially strong. What new policies and measures does the Government have to improve the existing after-school care service, and what criteria are used to assess the public's demand for relevant services so as to support more families in need? If new policies and measures are in place, what are the details? Please also list out information on the number of applicants, the waiting time for applications, etc. If not, what are the reasons?
- 2. In how many phases would the conversion of the existing MHCCCs be implemented to provide after-school care service for pre-school children? Are there any timeline and plan? If so, what are the details? If not, what are the reasons?

Asked by: Hon YUNG Hoi-yan (LegCo internal reference no.: 58)

Reply:

At present, there are a total of 19 MHCCCs run by non-governmental organisations on a fee- charging and self-financing basis throughout the territory, providing a flexible form of child care service for children under 3 (children under 6 may also use the service if needed). The Government has completed a feasibility study in April 2020 on the provision of after- school care service for children aged 3 to 6 in suitable welfare facilities with a proposed way forward of re-engineering the existing MHCCCs to provide after-school care service for pre-primary children so as to address the needs of the community and optimise the use of resources. SWD has discussed with MHCCC operators on their intention to participate in service re-engineering at different stages, and obtained their views on the implementation details. In view of the latest situation of COVID-19, the first phase of re-engineering originally scheduled for January to March 2020 will be tentatively deferred to 2021-22. The specific commencement date will be subject to the epidemic situation.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)242

(Question Serial No. 2703)

<u>Head</u>: (173) Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Working Family Allowance and Individual-based Work

Incentive Transport Subsidy

Controlling Officer: Head, Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency

(Mr Donald NG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Working Family Allowance, please provide breakdowns by District Council district on:

1) the numbers of applications and approved applications in the past 5 years;

	1-person family	2-person family	3-person family	4-person family	5-person family	6-person or more family
Central and		•	•	•	,	
Western						
Wan Chai						
Eastern						
Southern						
Sham Shui Po						
Yau Tsim Mong						
Kowloon City						
Wong Tai Sin						
Kwun Tong						
Kwai Tsing						
Tsuen Wan						
Tuen Mun						
Yuen Long						
North						
Tai Po						
Sha Tin						
Sai Kung						
Islands						

2) among the approved applications in the past 5 years, how many of them were granted Child Allowance at the same time? What were the amounts involved?

	1-person family	2-person family	3-person family	4-person family	5-person family	6-person or more family
Central and		•	· · · · ·	,	-	,
Western						
Wan Chai						
Eastern						
Southern						
Sham Shui Po						
Yau Tsim Mong						
Kowloon City						
Wong Tai Sin						
Kwun Tong						
Kwai Tsing						
Tsuen Wan						
Tuen Mun						
Yuen Long						
North						
Tai Po						
Sha Tin						
Sai Kung						
Islands						

3) what are the estimated numbers of Working Family Allowance recipients who may be unemployed or underemployed?

	1-person family	2-person family	3-person family	4-person family	5-person family	6-person or more family
Central and	Ţ	•	•	•	·	
Western						
Wan Chai						
Eastern						
Southern						
Sham Shui Po						
Yau Tsim Mong						
Kowloon City						
Wong Tai Sin						
Kwun Tong						
Kwai Tsing						
Tsuen Wan						
Tuen Mun						
Yuen Long						
North						
Tai Po						
Sha Tin						
Sai Kung						
Islands						

- 4) what other measures are in place to support grassroot families in taking care of their children besides the WFA?
- 5) what new measures will be implemented in the next 5 years to support grassroot families in taking care of their children?

Asked by: Hon CHAN Pierre (LegCo internal reference no.: 81)

Reply:

The information requested is provided as follows:

- 1. & 2. Since the Working Family Allowance (WFA) Scheme was open for applications on 1 April 2018 and up to 28 February 2021, the Working Family Allowance Office (WFAO) of the Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency (WFSFAA) received a total of 325 713 applications. Among them, 285 810 applications were approved while some applications are still being processed. Of these 285 810 approved applications, 232 305 were granted the Child Allowance, and the amount of Child Allowance involved was \$2,143,864,150. The breakdowns of the approved WFA applications are set out in Table 1 and Table 2 of the Annex.
- 3. The WFAO does not have the estimated number of WFA recipients who may be unemployed or underemployed.
- 4. & 5. The Government has rolled out various measures to support grassroot families to take care of their children. For example, the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme implemented by the Social Welfare Department (SWD) provides cash assistance for financially vulnerable individuals and families (including children) to help them meet their basic needs. In addition to the standard rates, CSSA children in need are entitled to a wide range of special grants to meet their special needs and educational expenses.
 - Meanwhile, child care centres provide day care services for children aged below 3. To alleviate parents' financial burden in meeting the service fees of child care centres, the SWD has implemented the "Child Care Centre Parent Subsidy" in February 2020 to provide parents with direct subsidies to pay the service fees of full-day aided child care centres at the ceiling of \$600 per child each month for easing their economic burden.

In addition, non-CSSA families with financial needs can also apply for various student financial assistance schemes administered by the Student Finance Office of the WFSFAA, including the Kindergarten and Child Care Centre Fee Remission Scheme and the Grant for School-related Expenses for Kindergarten Students for pre-primary students; and the School Textbook Assistance Scheme, the Student Travel Subsidy Scheme and the Subsidy Scheme for Internet Access Charges for primary and secondary students.

Table 1

A breakdown of the number of approved WFA applications by district and household size is as follows:

	Number of approved WFA applications						
District	(Household size)						
District	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	
						or more	
Kwun Tong	2 199	7 867	11 734	15 829	4 757	1 502	
Yuen Long	1 455	4 731	8 188	10 401	2 764	950	
Sham Shui Po	2 274	5 548	7 671	9 396	2 601	715	
Kwai Tsing	1 497	4 187	5 986	9 789	3 048	1 123	
Sha Tin	892	3 914	6 812	8 690	2 395	553	
Tuen Mun	1 519	4 664	6 315	8 226	1 944	378	
Wong Tai Sin	844	2 900	4 282	6 249	1 915	732	
Kowloon City	1 041	3 248	4 352	5 242	1 357	369	
North	800	2 723	3 997	5 267	1 206	346	
Eastern	483	1 995	2 759	4 327	1 262	405	
Yau Tsim Mong	1 100	2 533	2 862	3 318	768	164	
Tsuen Wan	498	1 660	2 446	3 802	943	231	
Sai Kung	387	1 414	2 430	3 447	1 046	340	
Islands	234	1 022	2 308	3 457	976	362	
Tai Po	295	1 310	2 301	2 993	846	161	
Southern	176	807	1 350	2 078	653	174	
Central and	205	450	7.47	1 009	220	90	
Western	205	452	747	1 098	330	80	
Wan Chai	91	256	434	483	78	49	
Total	15 990	51 231	76 974	104 092	28 889	8 634	

Table 2

A breakdown of the number of applications with Child Allowance granted by district and household size is as follows:

	Number of applications with Child Allowance granted						
District	(Household size)						
District	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons		
					or more		
Kwun Tong	3 691	10 000	15 474	4 720	1 494		
Yuen Long	2 523	7 088	10 049	2 744	946		
Sham Shui Po	2 934	6 605	9 156	2 574	713		
Kwai Tsing	2 061	5 031	9 502	3 021	1 121		
Sha Tin	2 084	6 011	8 521	2 381	553		
Tuen Mun	2 340	5 396	8 053	1 935	378		
Wong Tai Sin	1 332	3 565	6 024	1 901	729		
Kowloon City	1 843	3 911	5 151	1 343	369		
North	1 515	3 581	5 161	1 196	346		
Eastern	1 069	2 398	4 218	1 261	403		
Yau Tsim Mong	1 617	2 600	3 277	764	164		
Tsuen Wan	995	2 143	3 744	937	231		
Sai Kung	722	2 018	3 322	1 038	340		
Islands	607	2 025	3 362	965	362		
Tai Po	718	2 036	2 973	842	161		
Southern	414	1 142	2 014	648	174		
Central and	232	667	1 075	329	78		
Western	232	007	10/3	349	/ 0		
Wan Chai	161	396	470	78	49		
Total	26 858	66 613	101 546	28 677	8 611		

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)243

(Question Serial No. 2873)

<u>Head</u>: (173) Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Working Family Allowance and Individual-based Work

Incentive Transport Subsidy

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Head, Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency

(Mr Donald NG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Please set out the following figures by district and type of allowance in the past 3 years:

1. the number of WFA approved applications and the amount of allowance granted;

2. the number of approved applications for WITS;

3. the amount of subsidy granted for I-WITS applications.

Asked by: Hon CHENG Chung-tai (LegCo internal reference no.: 187)

Reply:

The information requested is provided as follows:

- 1. Since the Working Family Allowance (WFA) Scheme was open for applications on 1 April 2018 and up to 28 February 2021, the Working Family Allowance Office (WFAO) of the Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency received a total of 325 713 applications. Among them, 285 810 applications were approved while some applications are still being processed. The breakdowns of the approved WFA applications are set out in Table 1 and Table 2 of the Annex.
- 2 & 3. The Work Incentive Transport Subsidy (WITS) Scheme was open for applications in October 2011 and was managed by the Labour Department (LD). The WFAO took over the management of the Individual-based Work Incentive Transport Subsidy (I-WITS) Scheme from the LD on 1 April 2019. From 1 April 2018 to 28 February 2021, a total of 127 694 applications were received under the WITS Scheme. Among them, 114 547 WITS applications were approved while some applications are still being processed. The breakdowns of the approved WITS applications are set out in Table 3 and Table 4 of the Annex. The figure has already included applications approved by the LD and the WFAO. The breakdowns of the amount of subsidy granted from 2019-20 to 2020-21 for I-WITS are set out in Table 5 and Table 6 of the Annex.

<u>Table 1</u>
A breakdown of the number of approved WFA applications and the amount of allowance granted by district is as follows:

District	Number of approved WFA	Amount of allowance granted
	applications	2018-19 to 2020-21
	2018-19 to 2020-21	(up to 28 February 2021)
	(up to 28 February 2021)	-
Kwun Tong	43 888	\$597,924,100
Yuen Long	28 489	\$393,272,400
Sham Shui Po	28 205	\$367,432,550
Kwai Tsing	25 630	\$359,767,550
Sha Tin	23 256	\$322,061,800
Tuen Mun	23 046	\$305,818,500
Wong Tai Sin	16 922	\$231,630,500
Kowloon City	15 609	\$206,181,400
North	14 339	\$196,325,400
Eastern	11 231	\$156,953,650
Yau Tsim Mong	10 745	\$138,032,800
Tsuen Wan	9 580	\$134,760,250
Sai Kung	9 064	\$123,965,950
Islands	8 359	\$120,834,900
Tai Po	7 906	\$111,531,800
Southern	5 238	\$74,505,250
Central and Western	2 912	\$40,627,100
Wan Chai	1 391	\$19,013,000
Total	285 810	\$3,900,638,900

<u>Table 2</u>
A breakdown of the number of approved WFA applications and the amount of allowance granted by type of allowance is as follows:

	Number of approved WFA	Amount of allowance granted
Type of allowers	applications	2018-19 to 2020-21
Type of allowance	2018-19 to 2020-21	(up to 28 February 2021)
	(up to 28 February 2021)	
Full-rate allowance		
Basic allowance	9 219	\$89,928,200
Medium allowance	16 232	\$204,908,000
Higher allowance	179 945	\$2,851,590,000
3/4-rate allowance		
Basic allowance	739	\$4,723,350
Medium allowance	3 183	\$28,089,750
Higher allowance	50 052	\$549,579,600
Half-rate allowance		
Basic allowance	288	\$1,096,000
Medium allowance	1 343	\$7,020,700
Higher allowance	24 809	\$163,703,300
Total	285 810	\$3,900,638,900

Table 3

A breakdown of the number of approved WITS applications by district is as follows:

	Number of approved WITS applications
District	2018-19 to 2020-21
	(up to 28 February 2021)#
Kwun Tong	16 743
Yuen Long	15 245
Tuen Mun	12 974
Kwai Tsing	12 487
Wong Tai Sin	9 021
Sha Tin	8 489
Sham Shui Po	8 424
North	5 410
Sai Kung	4 320
Kowloon City	4 181
Eastern	3 779
Tai Po	2 974
Tsuen Wan	2 954
Islands	2 335
Yau Tsim Mong	1 981
Southern	1 892
Central and Western	632
Wan Chai	349
Outside Hong Kong	357
Total	114 547

[#] Including the WITS applications approved by the LD and the I-WITS applications approved by the WFAO after 1 April 2019.

Table 4

The LD does not keep a breakdown of the number of all WITS applications by type of subsidy in 2018-19. Regarding I-WITS, a breakdown of the number of approved I-WITS applications by type of subsidy is as follows:

	Number of approved I-WITS applications
Type of subsidy	2018-19 to 2020-21
	(up to 28 February 2021)#
Full-rate subsidy	96 749
Half-rate subsidy	2 361
Full-rate or half-rate subsidy granted in	12 159
different months for the same application	
Total	111 269

[#] Including the I-WITS applications approved by the LD and by the WFAO after 1 April 2019.

A breakdown of the amount of subsidy granted for I-WITS applications by the WFAO after 1 April 2019 by district is as follows:

Table 5

District	Amount of I-WITS granted
	2019-20 to 2020-21
	(up to 28 February 2021)#
Kwun Tong	\$40,475,400
Yuen Long	\$37,114,500
Tuen Mun	\$30,675,900
Kwai Tsing	\$30,195,900
Wong Tai Sin	\$21,839,700
Sha Tin	\$20,406,900
Sham Shui Po	\$20,083,800
North	\$13,098,000
Sai Kung	\$10,242,600
Kowloon City	\$9,711,300
Eastern	\$9,296,400
Tsuen Wan	\$7,171,800
Tai Po	\$7,005,000
Islands	\$5,947,800
Yau Tsim Mong	\$4,770,600
Southern	\$4,526,100
Central and Western	\$1,431,900
Wan Chai	\$842,400
Outside Hong Kong	\$772,200
Total	\$275,608,200

[#] In 2018-19, the amount of WITS granted by the LD was \$197.6 million. The LD does not keep a breakdown of the amount of subsidy granted by applicants' residential district.

Table 6

A breakdown of the amount of subsidy granted for I-WITS applications by the WFAO after 1 April 2019 by type of subsidy is as follows:

Type of subsidy	Amount of I-WITS granted 2019-20 to 2020-21
,	(up to 28 February 2021)#
Full-rate subsidy	\$246,495,000
Half-rate subsidy	\$2,566,200
Full-rate or half-rate subsidy granted in	\$26,547,000
different months for the same application	
Total	\$275,608,200

[#] In 2018-19, the amount of WITS granted by the LD was \$197.6 million. The LD does not keep a breakdown of the amount of subsidy granted by type of subsidy.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)244

(Question Serial No. 0389)

Head: (173) Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Working Family Allowance and Individual-based Work

Incentive Transport Subsidy

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Head, Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency

(Mr Donald NG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Low-income Working Family Allowance and the Individual-based Work Incentive Transport Subsidy Schemes, please advise the following since the launch of the schemes:

- 1. the number of applications each year, with a yearly breakdown by (1) household size (2) working hours of applicant, in table form;
- 2. the number of beneficiaries from single-parent households and non-single-parent households, with breakdown by year and type of allowance granted (full-rate/ 3/4-rate/ half-rate);
- 3. the amount of allowance involved each year;
- 4. the number of children benefitted, with breakdown by year and type of allowance granted since the launch of the schemes.

Asked by: Hon LEUNG Che-cheung (LegCo internal reference no.: 29)

Reply:

The information requested is provided as follows:

Low-income Working Family Allowance Scheme

The Low-income Working Family Allowance (LIFA) Scheme was open for applications on 3 May 2016 and renamed as the Working Family Allowance (WFA) Scheme on 1 April 2018. Annual breakdowns of the number of LIFA/WFA applications received from 3 May 2016 to 28 February 2021 by household size and average monthly working hours are set out in Table 1 and Table 2 of the Annex. Besides, annual breakdowns of the number of beneficiaries from single-parent households and non-single-parent households granted the allowance, the amount of allowance granted, the number of children granted the Child Allowance and the amount of the Child Allowance are set out in Tables 3 to 5 of the Annex.

Individual-based Work Incentive Transport Subsidy Scheme

The Government started receiving individual-based Work Incentive Transport Subsidy (I-WITS) applications from July 2013 and the scheme was managed by the Labour Department (LD). The Working Family Allowance Office (WFAO) of the Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency took over the management of the I-WITS Scheme from the LD on 1 April 2019. Annual breakdowns of the number of I-WITS applications received from 1 April 2019 to 28 February 2021 by average monthly working hours and the amount of subsidy granted are set out in Table 6 and Table 7 of the Annex. The WFAO does not keep other requested information.

<u>Table 1</u>
A breakdown of the number of LIFA and WFA applications received by household size and year is as follows:

	Number of applications received				
Household	LIFA Scheme		WFA Scheme		
size					2020-21
Size	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	(up to
					28 February 2021)
1 norgan	Not	Not	5 075	6 488	8 278
1 person	applicable	applicable			
2 persons	6 568	6 017	15 997	20 186	23 074
3 persons	19 299	18 577	25 629	29 320	33 252
4 persons	27 329	26 119	34 036	38 660	43 196
5 persons	6 746	6 752	9 301	10 968	12 340
6 persons or	1 810	1 856	2 845	3 386	3 682
more					
Total	61 752	59 321	92 883	109 008	123 822

Table 2

A breakdown of the number of LIFA and WFA applications received by average monthly working hours and year is as follows:

Average monthly working hours ¹			Numbe	er of applica	tions receive	ed
Average month	ry working nours	LIFA Scheme		WFA Scheme		neme
Single-parent household	Non-single- parent household	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21 (up to 28 February 2021)
Less than 36 hours	Less than 144 hours	1 811	489	1 313	1 730	3 989
36 hours - less than 54 hours	144 hours - less than 168 hours	6 342	5 402	1 996	2 412	3 916
54 hours - less than 72 hours	168 hours - less than 192 hours		0 342 3 402	6 225	7 818	11 419
72 hours or more	192 hours or more	52 866	53 327	83 110	96 761	100 914
Information not provided by applicant		733	103	239	287	3 584
T	otal	61 752	59 321	92 883	109 008	123 822

Note 1: Under the existing WFA Scheme, to meet the working hour requirements for a Basic Allowance, non-single-parent households should work at least 144 hours per month and single-parent households should work at least 36 hours per month. To meet the working hour requirements for a Medium Allowance, non-single-parent households should work at least 168 hours per month and single-parent households should work at least 54 hours per month. To meet the working hour requirements for a Higher Allowance, non-single-parent households should work at least 192 hours or more per month and single-parent households should work at least 72 hours or more per month.

Under the previous LIFA Scheme, to meet the working hour requirements for a Basic Allowance, non-single-parent households should work at least 144 hours per month and single-parent households should work at least 36 hours per month. To meet the working hour requirements for a Higher Allowance, non-single-parent households should work at least 192 hours or more per month and single-parent households should work at least 72 hours or more per month.

Table 3

A breakdown of the number of beneficiaries from non-single-parent households and single-parent households granted the LIFA and WFA by type of allowance and year is as follows:

	Number of household members granted the allowance						
Year	Single-parent household		Non-single-parent household				
rear	Full-rate allowance	3/4-rate allowance	Half-rate allowance	Full-rate allowance	3/4-rate allowance	Half-rate allowance	Total
2016-17	8 060	Not applicable	2 311	78 995	Not applicable	25 048	114 414
2017-18	9 412	Not applicable	2 358	84 687	Not applicable	25 794	122 251
2018-19	12 845	2 744	1 281	106 532	31 222	17 380	172 004
2019-20	15 194	2 784	1 314	125 990	34 315	18 119	197 716
2020-21 (up to 28 February 2021)	16 288	2 950	1 453	143 766	34 920	18 860	218 237

Table 4

A breakdown of the amount of LIFA and WFA granted by year is as follows:

Year		Amount of allowance granted
LIFA Scheme	2016-17	\$602,661,600
LIFA Scheme	2017-18	\$678,719,700
	2018-19	\$1,190,013,550
WFA Scheme	2019-20	\$1,351,989,250
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2020-21 (up to 28 February 2021)	\$1,358,636,100

Table 5

A breakdown of the number of children granted the Child Allowance and the amount of the Child Allowance by year is as follows:

	Number of children granted the Child Allowance	Amount of the Child Allowance
LIFA Scheme		
2016-17	50 121	\$346,564,000
2017-18	53 580	\$393,331,200
WFA Scheme		
2018-19	70 023	\$653,911,500
2019-20	79 654	\$734,637,750
2020-21	86 597	\$755,314,900
(up to 28 February 2021)		

Table 6

A breakdown of the number of I-WITS applications received by average monthly working hours and year is as follows:

Average monthly working hours	2019-201	2020-21 (up to 28 February 2021)
Less than 36 hours	841	1 233
36 hours - less than 72 hours	3 181	2 695
72 hours or more	43 605	32 152
Information not provided by applicant	159	693
Total	47 786	36 773

Note 1: The WFAO took over the management of the I-WITS Scheme from the LD on 1 April 2019. The number of applications received in 2019-20 includes the applications received by the LD on or before 31 March 2019 but were outstanding. The LD does not keep the relevant figures before April 2019.

Table 7

A breakdown of the amount of I-WITS granted by year is as follows:

Year	Amount of subsidy granted
$2019-20^1$	\$180,268,800
2020-21	\$95,339,400
(up to 28 February 2021)	Ψ/3,33/,400

Note 1: Including the applications received by the LD on or before 31 March 2019 but were outstanding.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)245

(Question Serial No. 3211)

<u>Head</u>: (173) Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Working Family Allowance and Individual-based Work

Incentive Transport Subsidy

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Head, Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency

(Mr Donald NG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the continuous promotion and administration of the WFA Scheme and assistance to eligible households in applying for the allowance; and provision of a one-off extra payment for eligible recipients, please inform this Committee of:

- 1. the numbers of applicants and successful applicants since the launch of the Scheme and its renaming as the Working Family Allowance Scheme, with a breakdown by year and household size:
- 2. the amount of allowance granted and the median monthly household income, with a breakdown by year and household size;
- 3. the establishment in charge of the Working Family Allowance Scheme in the past 3 years;
- 4. the average number of applications handled by each staff and the processing time for each application in the past 3 years; and
- 5. the expenditure involved in providing a one-off extra payment for eligible recipients, the estimated number of recipients and the timetable for receiving payment.

Asked by: Hon POON Siu-ping (LegCo internal reference no.: 32)

Reply:

The information requested is provided as follows:

1. & 2. Since the Working Family Allowance (WFA) Scheme was open for applications on 1 April 2018 and up to 28 February 2021, the Working Family Allowance Office (WFAO) of the Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency received a total of 325 713 applications. Among them, 285 810 applications were approved while some applications are still being processed. The breakdowns of the number of households with applications submitted, the number of households with allowance

granted, the amount of allowance granted and the median monthly household income are set out in Table 1 and Table 2 of the Annex.

- 3. The establishment of the WFAO responsible for implementing the WFA Scheme comprised about 370 civil service posts and about 160 non-civil service contract positions in 2018-19. The WFAO took over the management of the Individual-based Work Incentive Transport Subsidy (I-WITS) Scheme from the Labour Department with effect from 1 April 2019. In 2019-20 and 2020-21, the establishment comprised about 460 civil service posts and about 210 non-civil service contract positions.
- 4. From 1 April 2018 to 31 March 2019, the WFAO received 92 883 WFA applications. These applications were mainly processed and vetted by about 350 vetting officers. From 1 April 2019 to 28 February 2021, the WFAO received 232 830 WFA applications. The WFAO has an establishment of about 480 vetting officers for processing and vetting WFA and I-WITS applications. If a household applying for the WFA has a member who submits an I-WITS application in the same month, the WFAO will process the two applications in one go. Since the circumstances of each application are not the same and completeness of information submitted varies, it is difficult for the WFAO to provide a general time frame for processing an application. As always, the WFAO will endeavour to complete the processing of each application as soon as possible, with a view to disbursing the allowance to the households in a timely manner.
- 5. The estimated expenditure involved in providing a one-off extra payment to eligible WFA households in 2021-22 is \$114 million, and it is estimated about 69 000 WFA households will be benefited. The WFAO expects to start disbursing the above-mentioned extra payment one month after the passage of the Appropriation Bill 2021 at the earliest.

Table 1

A breakdown of the number of households with WFA applications submitted by household size and year is as follows:

	Number of households			
Household size	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	
			(up to 28 February 2021)	
1 person	3 459	4 204	5 699	
2 persons	10 113	12 211	14 818	
3 persons	15 302	17 587	21 100	
4 persons	19 755	22 423	26 208	
5 persons	5 493	6 468	7 584	
6 persons or more	1 716	2 015	2 294	
Total	55 838	64 908	77 703	

Table 2

Breakdowns of the number of households with WFA granted, the amount of allowance granted and the median monthly household income by household size and year are as follows:

TT 1 11 '	Households with WFA granted 2018-19			
Household size	Number of	Amount of allowance	Median monthly	
	households	granted	household income	
1 person	2 794	\$22,870,300	\$9,120	
2 persons	9 144	\$136,308,350	\$11,534	
3 persons	14 021	\$280,932,300	\$14,250	
4 persons	18 493	\$518,964,400	\$17,500	
5 persons	5 053	\$172,480,200	\$18,084	
6 persons or more	1 552	\$58,458,000	\$19,755	
Total	51 057	\$1,190,013,550	Not applicable	

	Households with WFA granted 2019-20			
Household size	Number of	Amount of allowance	Median monthly	
	households	granted	household income	
1 person	3 518	\$30,353,650	\$9,500	
2 persons	10 999	\$164,788,350	\$12,395	
3 persons	15 940	\$312,775,750	\$15,200	
4 persons	20 895	\$578,580,300	\$18,263	
5 persons	5 933	\$198,800,550	\$19,000	
6 persons or more	1 797	\$66,690,650	\$20,265	
Total	59 082	\$1,351,989,250	Not applicable	

	Households with WFA granted			
	2020-21			
Household size		(up to 28 February 2021)		
	Number of	Amount of allowance	Median monthly	
	households	granted	household income	
1 person	4 182	\$32,113,900	\$9,971	
2 persons	12 199	\$158,276,150	\$12,730	
3 persons	17 644	\$308,730,300	\$15,233	
4 persons	22 947	\$591,484,350	\$18,235	
5 persons	6 571	\$202,736,500	\$19,000	
6 persons or more	1 950	\$65,294,900	\$20,057	
Total	65 493	\$1,358,636,100	Not applicable	

LWB(WW)246

(Question Serial No. 1139)

<u>Head</u>: (173) Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Working Family Allowance and Individual-based Work

Incentive Transport Subsidy

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Head, Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency

(Mr Donald NG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Working Family Allowance (WFA) and the Individual-based Work Incentive Transport Subsidy (I-WITS) Schemes, will the Government please provide the following information:

- (1) the establishment for handling the WFA and the I-WITS Schemes in the past year;
- (2) the respective numbers of applications received under the WFA and the I-WITS Schemes, and the average number of applications handled by each staff in the past year;
- (3) the numbers of approved applications under the WFA and the I-WITS Schemes in the past year; and among them, the number of applicants who were required to provide self-declared statements or statutory declaration as proof of their working hours or income from work;
- (4) the number of applications received from ethnic minorities, and the proportion of these applications in the past year;
- (5) the number of applications withdrawn in the past year; and
- (6) whether the Agency has any specific measures to meet the future demand arising from significant increase in the number of WFA applications which is foreseeable due to the impacts of COVID-19 pandemic and the current social and economic situation; and whether there is any plan to provide additional provisions for increasing manpower to meet such demand and streamline the vetting process, and facilitate the submission of documents and information by applicants. If yes, what are the details and specific measures? If not, what are the reasons?

Asked by: Hon WONG Kwok-kin (LegCo internal reference no.: 25)

Reply:

The information requested is provided as follows:

- 1. In 2020-21, the establishment of the Working Family Allowance Office (WFAO) of the Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency responsible for administering the Working Family Allowance (WFA) Scheme and the Individual-based Work Incentive Transport Subsidy (I-WITS) Scheme comprised about 460 civil service posts and about 210 non-civil service contract positions.
- 2. From 1 April 2020 to 28 February 2021, the WFAO received 123 822 WFA applications and 36 773 I-WITS applications. These applications were mainly processed and vetted by about 480 vetting officers (excluding staff members responsible for administrative duties and the provision of support services). If a household applying for the WFA has a member who submits an I-WITS application in the same month, the WFAO will process the two applications in one go.
- 3. From 1 April 2020 to 28 February 2021, among the 96 501 applications granted WFA, 21 169 were approved with the applicants submitting self-declared statements as proof of their working hours or income from work. As for the 30 067 applications granted I-WITS, 18 482 were approved with the applicants submitting self-declared statements as proof of their working hours or income from work.
- 4. From 1 April 2020 to 28 February 2021, the WFAO received a total of 3 050 WFA applications from non-Chinese households. These applications were from 2 058 households, representing 2.5% of the total number of WFA applications received. As for the I-WITS, the WFAO received a total of 312 applications from non-Chinese applicants, representing 0.8% of the total number of I-WITS applications received.
- 5. From 1 April 2020 to 28 February 2021, 1 958 WFA applications were withdrawn and 1303 I-WITS applications were withdrawn.
- 6. Starting from 30 September 2019, the WFAO has been providing the service of online submission of WFA applications. Apart from visiting the WFAO in person, applicants may also submit supplementary documentary proof and additional information by post, by dropping the documents in the drop-in boxes, by e-mail or by fax. The WFAO will closely monitor the operation of the WFA Scheme and review the manpower requirement in a timely manner, having regard to the actual number of applications.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)247

(Question Serial No. 1140)

<u>Head</u>: (173) Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Working Family Allowance and Individual-based Work

Incentive Transport Subsidy

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Head, Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency

(Mr Donald NG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Working Family Allowance (WFA), please inform the Committee of the following:

- (1) the number of applications received and approved in the past year with breakdown by household size:
- (2) the distribution of cases according to different types of allowance granted (the Basic Allowance, the Medium Allowance, the Higher Allowance, full-rate, 3/4-rate or half-rate) with breakdown by family size; and
- (3) the distribution of cases according to different types of allowance granted (the Basic Allowance, the Medium Allowance, the Higher Allowance, full-rate, 3/4-rate or half-rate) with breakdown by non-single-parent families and single-parent families.

Asked by: Hon WONG Kwok-kin (LegCo internal reference no.: 26)

Reply:

The information requested is provided as follows:

1, 2 & 3. The Working Family Allowance Office of the Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency received a total of 123 822 Working Family Allowance (WFA) applications between 1 April 2020 and 28 February 2021. Among them, 96 501 applications were approved while some applications are still being processed. Breakdowns of the number of WFA applications received and approved are set out in Tables 1 to 3 of the Annex.

Table 1

A breakdown of the number of applications received and approved WFA applications by household size between 1 April 2020 and 28 February 2021 is as follows:

TT 1 11 '	2020-21 (up to 28 February 2021)			
Household size	Number of applications	Number of approved WFA		
	received	applications		
1 person	8 278	5 918		
2 persons	23 074	17 582		
3 persons	33 252	25 507		
4 persons	43 196	34 837		
5 persons	12 340	9 798		
6 persons or more	3 682	2 859		
Total	123 822	96 501		

Note: Some WFA applications are still being processed.

Table 2

A breakdown of the number of approved WFA applications by household size and by type of allowance between 1 April 2020 and 28 February 2021 is as follows:

		Number of approved WFA applications								
Household	Basic Allowance		Medium Allowance		Higher Allowance					
size	Full-rate	3/4-rate	Half-rate	Full-rate	3/4-rate	Half-rate	Full-rate	3/4-rate	Half-rate	Total
	allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance	
1 person	451	74	23	574	191	86	2 078	1 537	904	5 918
2 persons	768	41	16	1 178	182	71	10 710	3 208	1 408	17 582
3 persons	1 002	69	31	1 523	307	138	15 831	4 378	2 228	25 507
4 persons	1 294	73	25	2 403	347	143	23 192	4 900	2 460	34 837
5 persons	343	20	7	680	92	43	6 480	1 360	773	9 798
6 persons	113	10	4	178	23	20	1 865	414	232	2 859
or more										
Total	3 971	287	106	6 536	1 142	501	60 156	15 797	8 005	96 501

Table 3

A breakdown of the number of approved WFA applications of non-single-parent households and single-parent households by type of allowance between 1 April 2020 and 28 February 2021 is as follows:

	Number of approved WFA applications									
Type	Basic Allowance			Medium Allowance		Higher Allowance				
Type	Full-rate	3/4-rate	Half-rate	Full-rate	3/4-rate	Half-rate	Full-rate	3/4-rate	Half-rate	Total
	allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance	
Non-single-	3 715	282	102	6 314	1 138	497	51 867	14 125	7 209	85 249
parent										
households										
Single-	256	5	4	222	4	4	8 289	1 672	796	11 252
parent										
households										
Total	3 971	287	106	6 536	1 142	501	60 156	15 797	8 005	96 501

LWB(WW)248

(Question Serial No. 2087)

<u>Head</u>: (173) Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency

Subhead (No. & title): ()

Programme: (2) Working Family Allowance and Individual-based Work

Incentive Transport Subsidy

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Head, Working Family and Student Financial Assistance Agency

(Mr Donald NG)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

What was the number of approved applications for the Working Family Allowance in the past year? Among them, how many applications involved applicants who were casual workers in the construction sector, self-employed persons, workers in the transport industry and taxi drivers? What were the amounts of allowance involved and their percentages of the total number of approved applications?

Asked by: Hon WONG Kwok-kin (LegCo internal reference no.: 67)

Reply:

From 1 April 2020 to 28 February 2021, 96 501 applications were approved for Working Family Allowance (WFA). Among them, 5 572 applications (accounting for 6% of the total number of approved applications) were from self-employed persons, involving an amount of approved allowance of \$89,192,850.

By industry, among the 96 501 approved WFA applications, 16 404 applications (accounting for 17% of the total number of approved applications) were from applicants engaged in the construction sector, involving an amount of approved allowance of \$260,791,800, and 14 460 applications (accounting for 15% of the total number of approved applications) were from applicants engaged in the transportation, storage, postal and courier services, information and communications sector (including taxi drivers), involving an amount of approved allowance of \$225,204,500.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)249

(Question Serial No. 0262)

Head: (186) Transport Department

Subhead (No. & title): (166) Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the

Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities

<u>Programme</u>: (5) Transport Services for Persons with Disabilities and Government

Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and

Eligible Persons with Disabilities

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Commissioner for Transport (Miss Rosanna LAW)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities (the Scheme), please provide the following information for the past 3 years:

- 1. the amount of subsidy provided by the Government each year;
- 2. the amount of reimbursement claimed by each participating transport operator each year;
- 3. the details of illegal practices found (e.g. deception or abuse of the Scheme);
- 4. the respective numbers of eligible persons with disabilities, elderly persons aged 65-69, elderly persons aged 70-79 and elderly persons aged 80 or above benefited from the Scheme each year.

Asked by: Hon CHAN Han-pan (LegCo internal reference no.: 2)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

- 1. In 2018-19 and 2019-20, the Government's reimbursement of the revenue forgone to the participating public transport operators under the Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities (the \$2 Scheme) were \$1.21 billion and \$1.27 billion respectively. The relevant revised estimated expenditure for 2020-21 was \$1.03 billion.
- 2. The Government's reimbursement of the revenue forgone to the participating public transport operators under the \$2 Scheme in 2018-19, 2019-20 and 2020-21 is tabulated below:

Public transport operator	2018-19 Actual (\$'000)	2019-20 Actual (\$'000)	2020-21 Revised Estimate (\$'000)
MTR Corporation Limited	314,527	341,669	269,342
Franchised bus operators	515,349	541,167	409,906
Ferry operators	31,240	29,601	27,167
Green minibus operators	348,292	362,551	322,710
Total	1,209,408	1,274,988	1,029,125

3. The Transport Department (TD) has all along requested public transport operators to strengthen ticket inspection and passenger identity verification work and to strictly enforce the penalty as set out in relevant legislation and by-laws to prevent any abuse. It has also arranged surveys to monitor the situation. Public transport operators have also enhanced publicity and reminded passengers to honestly tender the fares payable. At present, non-eligible passengers who are found travelling at the concessionary fares by the MTR Corporation Limited are liable to a surcharge or even prosecutions. captains or field staff of bus companies, staff of ferry companies and green minibus drivers will also observe the boarding passengers. Non-eligible passengers who are found travelling at the concessionary fares will normally be required to pay the shortfall on the spot. Depending on the circumstances, individual cases may be referred to the Police for follow-up action. Individual cases of abuse of the \$2 Scheme by noneligible passengers were detected during TD's surveys, and all the passengers concerned paid the shortfall on the spot. As the amount of differential fares in such cases have been deducted from the amount reimbursed to the public transport operators concerned, no Government's reimbursement has been involved. During site monitoring surveys jointly conducted by TD and public transport operators between 2018 and 2020 on MTR, buses, green minibuses and ferries, 390 suspected abuse cases were found. also launched publicity programmes in March 2021 to enhance public awareness towards any abuse of the \$2 Scheme. It will continue to request the public transport operators to strengthen ticket inspection and passenger identity verification work.

TD has also been closely monitoring the public transport operators in implementing the \$2 Scheme to prevent any abuse. TD has put in place a series of monitoring measures with participating public transport operators, including the establishment of a set of audit standards to strengthen the internal control system and the deployment of TD staff to conduct on-site inspections on the internal control procedures adopted by various public transport operators. The participating public transport operators and Octopus Cards Limited are required to submit annually assurance and audit reports on the relevant patronage and differential fare under the \$2 Scheme prepared by independent auditors in accordance with the relevant standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified TD also regularly examines the records and reports submitted by Public Accountants. the participating public transport operators and Octopus Cards Limited. abuse cases are detected, TD will refer them to the Police for follow-up action. Between 2018 and 2020, TD detected one abnormal case when examining the relevant reports and the case was referred to the Police for follow-up action. subsequently instituted prosecution and the two minibus drivers concerned were

- convicted. The amount of differential fares involved was later returned to the Government by the operator concerned.
- 4. In 2018, 2019 and 2020, the average daily passenger trips taken under the \$2 Scheme are tabulated below. The Government does not keep the figures on using the \$2 Scheme by age group.

Calendar year	Average daily passenger trips taken under the \$2 Scheme			
	The Elderly ^(Note 1)	Eligible Persons with Disabilities ^(Note 2)		
2018	1 154 000	159 000		
2019	1 256 000	168 000		
2020	985 000	129 000		

- (Note 1) Persons aged 65 or above.
- (Note 2) Recipients under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance Scheme aged below 65 with 100% disabilities and recipients of the Disability Allowance in the same age group.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)250

(Question Serial No. 2233)

<u>Head</u>: (186) Transport Department

Subhead (No. & title): (166) Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the

Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities

<u>Programme</u>: (5) Transport Services for Persons with Disabilities and Government

Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and

Eligible Persons with Disabilities

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Commissioner for Transport (Miss Rosanna LAW)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

1. Regarding the transport services for persons with disabilities and the Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities (the \$2 Scheme), the estimated expenditure for 2021-22 is 159.6% higher than that for last year. What are the reasons for the substantial increase?

- 2. What were the numbers of suspected cases of abuse and unauthorised use under the \$2 Scheme in the past three years? How many cases were successfully prosecuted? What types of public transports were involved?
- 3. Has the Transport Department enhanced measures to prevent the abuse of the \$2 Scheme?

Asked by: Hon CHEUNG Kwok-kwan (LegCo internal reference no.: 40)

Reply:

The information sought is provided as follows:

1. The provision of Programme (5) for 2021-22 is \$1,913.1 million higher than the revised estimate for 2020-21. This is mainly due to the additional provision of \$1,885 million for the Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities (the \$2 Scheme), including the additional provisions for the differential fare reimbursable in the year in respect of beneficiaries aged 65 or above and eligible persons with disabilities and the differential fare reimbursable in the first quarter of 2022 upon the enhancement of the \$2 Scheme, i.e. extending the \$2 scheme to beneficiaries aged 60 to 64 and to red minibuses, kaitos and the tramways, and the relevant administrative cost. Besides, the increased provision of \$28.1 million for rehabus service includes the additional provisions for subventions to rehabus operators and related expenses, procurement and replacement of rehabuses, and replacement of the existing rehabus operating system with a new integrated computerised system and accessories.

2. & 3.

The Transport Department (TD) has all along requested public transport operators to strengthen ticket inspection and passenger identity verification work and to strictly enforce the penalty as set out in relevant legislation and by-laws to prevent any abuse. It has also arranged surveys to monitor the situation. Public transport operators have also enhanced publicity and reminded passengers to honestly tender the fares payable. present, non-eligible passengers who are found travelling at the concessionary fares by the MTR Corporation Limited are liable to a surcharge or even prosecutions. captains or field staff of bus companies, staff of ferry companies and green minibus drivers will also observe the boarding passengers. Non-eligible passengers who are found travelling at the concessionary fares will normally be required to pay the shortfall on the Depending on the circumstances, individual cases may be referred to the Police for follow-up action. Individual cases of abuse of the \$2 Scheme by non-eligible passengers were detected during TD's surveys, and all the passengers concerned paid the As the amount of differential fares in such cases have been shortfall on the spot. deducted from the amount reimbursed to the public transport operators concerned, no Government's reimbursement has been involved. During site monitoring surveys jointly conducted by TD and public transport operators between 2018 and 2020 on MTR, buses, green minibuses and ferries, 390 suspected abuse cases were found. launched publicity programmes in March 2021 to enhance public awareness towards any abuse of the \$2 Scheme. It will continue to request the public transport operators to strengthen ticket inspection and passenger identity verification work.

TD has also been closely monitoring the public transport operators in implementing the \$2 Scheme to prevent any abuse. TD has put in place a series of monitoring measures with participating public transport operators, including the establishment of a set of audit standards to strengthen the internal control system and the deployment of TD staff to conduct on-site inspections on the internal control procedures adopted by various public transport operators. The participating public transport operators and Octopus Cards Limited are required to submit annually assurance and audit reports on the relevant patronage and differential fare under the \$2 Scheme prepared by independent auditors in accordance with the relevant standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified TD also regularly examines the records and reports submitted by Public Accountants. the participating public transport operators and Octopus Cards Limited. If suspected abuse cases are detected, TD will refer them to the Police for follow-up action. 2018 and 2020, TD detected one abnormal case when examining the relevant reports and the case was referred to the Police for follow-up action. The Police subsequently instituted prosecution and the two minibus drivers concerned were convicted. The amount of differential fares involved was later returned to the Government by the operator concerned.

To prevent abuse of the \$2 Scheme, the Government will step up efforts to conduct joint site monitoring surveys with public transport operators and launch publicity programmes to raise public awareness against the abuse of the \$2 Scheme. At the same time, the Government plans to require the beneficiaries of the \$2 Scheme to use tailor-made Personalised Octopus Cards with photo and age eligibility, so as to facilitate monitoring and inspection and deter non-eligible passengers.

LWB(WW)251

(Question Serial No. 2396)

<u>Head</u>: (186) Transport Department

Subhead (No. & title): (166) Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the

Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities

Programme: (5) Transport Services for Persons with Disabilities and Government

Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and

Eligible Persons with Disabilities

<u>Controlling Officer</u>: Commissioner for Transport (Miss Rosanna LAW)

Director of Bureau: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities, commonly known as \$2 Scheme, has been implemented since 2012. What are the total amounts of reimbursement granted to public transport operators since 2012 (with a breakdown by year and operator)? Has the Transport Department conducted annual examination/random checks on the patronage and differential fare settlement reports submitted by the public transport operators and Octopus Cards Limited under the Scheme? Has it found any cases of fraudulent reimbursement? How many cases of attempted fraudulent reimbursement of differential fare under the Scheme have been found since its implementation? Among these, how many have ended up with successful prosecution?

Asked by: Hon OR Chong-shing, Wilson (LegCo internal reference no.: 25)

Reply:

The Government's reimbursements of the revenue forgone to the participating public transport operators under the Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities (the \$2 Scheme) by financial years from 2016-17 to 2020-21 are tabulated below:

Public transport operator	2016-17 Actual (\$'000)	2017-18 Actual (\$'000)	2018-19 Actual (\$'000)	2019-20 Actual (\$'000)	2020-21 Revised Estimate (\$'000)
MTR Corporation Limited	243,513	279,361	314,527	341,669	269,342
Franchised bus operators	446,846	476,510	515,349	541,167	409,906
Ferry operators	24,717	27,536	31,240	29,601	27,167

Green operators	minibus	275,953	310,049	348,292	362,551	322,710
Total		991,029	1,093,456	1,209,408	1,274,988	1,029,125

The Transport Department (TD) has been closely monitoring the public transport operators in TD has put in place a series of implementing the \$2 Scheme to prevent any abuse. monitoring measures with participating public transport operators, including the establishment of a set of audit standards to strengthen the internal control system and the deployment of TD staff to conduct on-site inspections on the internal control procedures adopted by various public transport operators. The participating public transport operators and Octopus Cards Limited are required to submit annually assurance and audit reports on the relevant patronage and differential fare under the \$2 Scheme prepared by independent auditors in accordance with the relevant standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of TD also regularly examines the records and reports submitted Certified Public Accountants. by the participating public transport operators and Octopus Cards Limited. abuse cases are detected, TD will refer them to the Police for follow-up action. Since the implementation of the \$2 Scheme, TD has detected two abnormal cases when examining the relevant reports and the cases were referred to the Police for follow-up action. subsequently instituted prosecution and the three minibus drivers concerned were convicted. The amount of differential fares involved was later returned to the Government by the operators concerned.

LWB(WW)252

(Question Serial No. 3007)

<u>Head</u>: (186) Transport Department

Subhead (No. & title): (-) Not Specified

Programme: (5) Transport Services for Persons with Disabilities and Government

Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and

Eligible Persons with Disabilities

Controlling Officer: Commissioner for Transport (Miss Rosanna LAW)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

The expenditure of Programme (5) of the Transport Department for 2021-22 has significantly increased. Please provide in table form a detailed breakdown of the additional estimated expenditure.

Asked by: Hon POON Siu-ping (LegCo internal reference no.: 14)

Reply:

The provision of Programme (5) for 2021-22 is \$1,913.1 million higher than the revised estimate for 2020-21. This is mainly due to the additional provision of \$1,885 million for the Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities (the \$2 Scheme), including the additional provisions for the differential fare reimbursable in the year in respect of beneficiaries aged 65 or above and eligible persons with disabilities and the differential fare reimbursable in the first quarter of 2022 upon the enhancement of the \$2 Scheme, i.e. extending the \$2 scheme to beneficiaries aged 60 to 64 and to red minibuses, kaitos and the tramways, and the relevant administrative cost. Besides, the increased provision of \$28.1 million for rehabus service includes the additional provisions for subventions to rehabus operators and related expenses, procurement and replacement of rehabuses, and replacement of the existing rehabus operating system with a new integrated computerised system and accessories.

Reply Serial No.

CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY

LWB(WW)253

(Question Serial No. 0614)

Head: (186) Transport Department

Subhead (No. & title): (927) Rehabus services (block vote)

Programme: (5) Transport Services for Persons with Disabilities and Government

Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and

Eligible Persons with Disabilities

Controlling Officer: Commissioner for Transport (Miss Rosanna LAW)

<u>Director of Bureau</u>: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

With the Department purchasing 20 and 12 rehabuses in 2020 and 2021 respectively, a total of 130 rehabus scheduled routes in the territory are expected in 2021. What are the manpower and estimated expenditure involved in the Government's work in handling and arranging rehabuses in 2021-22? Apart from continuing to purchase additional rehabuses, will the Government take into account the high market demand for rehabus services and consider, as a facilitation measure for those in need and a means to save Government expenditure, providing transport subsidy for rehabus service users and their carers so that they may choose from other public transport modes? If yes, what are the details? If no, what are the reasons and how will the Government solve the problem of shortage of rehabus services?

Asked by: Hon YICK Chi-ming, Frankie (LegCo internal reference no.: 21)

Reply:

The manpower and estimated expenditure involved in the Government's work in handling and arranging rehabuses in 2021-22 are about \$173.15 million.

The Transport Department will review from time to time with rehabus service operators the operational arrangements including service demand, fleet size, service routes and mode of service to ensure continued improvement of services. In 2021-22, the Government plans to provide funding for rehabus service operators to procure 12 new rehabuses for enhancing the dial-a-ride service and introducing new scheduled routes.

At present, eligible persons with disabilities may travel on MTR, franchised buses, ferries and green minibuses anytime for a concessionary fare of \$2 per trip under the Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities.

LWB(WW)254

(Question Serial No. 0615)

<u>Head</u>: (186) Transport Department

Subhead (No. & title): (166) Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the

Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities

Programme: (5) Transport Services for Persons with Disabilities and Government

Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and

Eligible Persons with Disabilities

Controlling Officer: Commissioner for Transport (Miss Rosanna LAW)

Director of Bureau: Secretary for Labour and Welfare

Question:

Regarding the Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities (the \$2 Scheme), please provide a breakdown of the number of beneficiaries by mode of public transport in 2020. In 2021-22, the Transport Department will assist the Labour and Welfare Bureau in enhancing the \$2 Scheme. What are the work details, and the manpower and estimated expenditure involved?

Asked by: Hon YICK Chi-ming, Frankie (LegCo internal reference no.: 22)

Reply:

Currently, there are around 1.49 million eligible beneficiaries under the Government Public Transport Fare Concession Scheme for the Elderly and Eligible Persons with Disabilities (the \$2 Scheme), of whom around 1.32 million are elderly persons aged 65 or above, and around 170 000 are eligible persons with disabilities.

The average daily numbers of passenger trips under the \$2 Scheme in 2020 are tabulated below:

Public transport operator	Average daily number of passenger trips taken under the \$2 Scheme
MTR Corporation Limited	409 000
Franchised bus operators	462 000
Ferry operators	7 500
Green minibus operators	235 000

In 2021-22, the Transport Department (TD) will assist the Labour and Welfare Bureau (LWB) in following up the preparatory work for progressive implementation of enhancement measures under the \$2 Scheme. The enhancement measures include implementing the lowering of the eligible age on the strict condition that persons aged 60 to 64 must apply for and use tailor-made Personalised Octopus Cards (P-Cards) with photo and age eligibility as a prerequisite for benefitting from the concessionary fare, extending the mandatory requirement of using P-Cards to all existing beneficiaries aged 65 and above in the following two years upon completion of the issue of P-Cards to new beneficiaries, and extending the \$2 Scheme to red minibuses (RMBs), kaitos and the tramways on the condition of their strict compliance with TD's monitoring conditions prior to their admission. TD's tasks include working with Octopus Cards Limited and the public transport operators on the detailed arrangements, assisting interested RMB and kaito operators in their preparation for joining the \$2 Scheme, strengthening regulatory measures and disseminating publicity messages to enhance public awareness towards any abuse of the \$2 Scheme, etc.

In 2021-22, TD's estimated staff establishment for assisting the LWB in enhancing the \$2 Scheme is nine time-limited posts to be created. The Government's estimated expenditure on reimbursement of the revenue forgone to the participating public transport operators under the \$2 Scheme is \$2.744 billion, including the differential fare reimbursable in the year in respect of beneficiaries aged 65 or above and eligible persons with disabilities and the differential fare reimbursable in the first quarter of 2022 upon the enhancement of the \$2 Scheme, i.e. extending the \$2 scheme to beneficiaries aged 60 to 64 and to RMBs, kaitos and the tramways. In addition, the non-recurrent commitment mainly for progressive implementation of tailor-made P-Cards for beneficiaries is \$208 million.