

#### HONG KONG MONETARY AUTHORITY

# Briefing to the Legislative Council Panel on Financial Affairs

2 November 2020

[Translation]

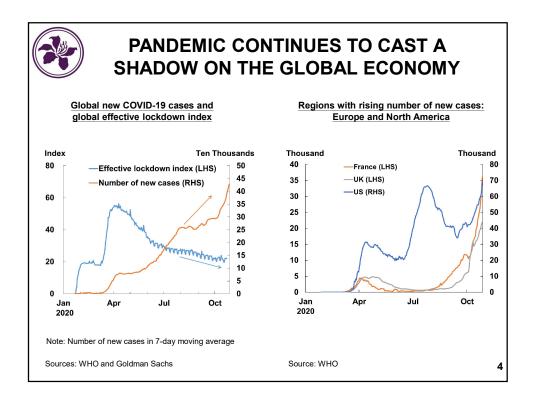


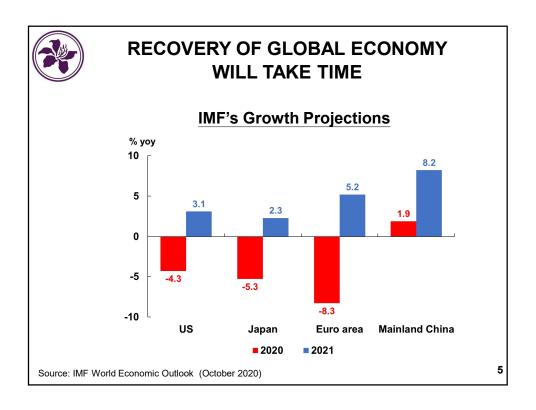
- 1. Assessment of Risk to Hong Kong's Financial Stability
- 2. Banking Supervision
- 3. Financial Infrastructure
- 4. Development of Financial Market
- 5. Investment Performance of the Exchange Fund
- 6. Hong Kong Mortgage Corporation

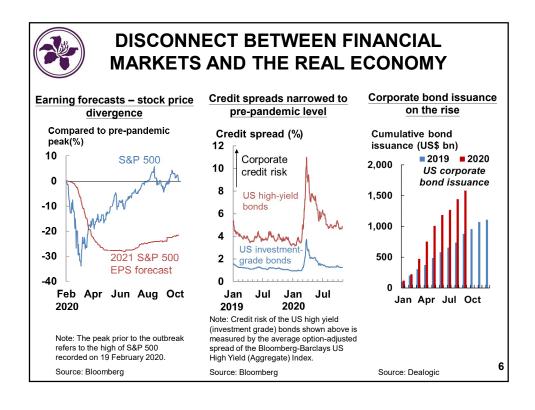


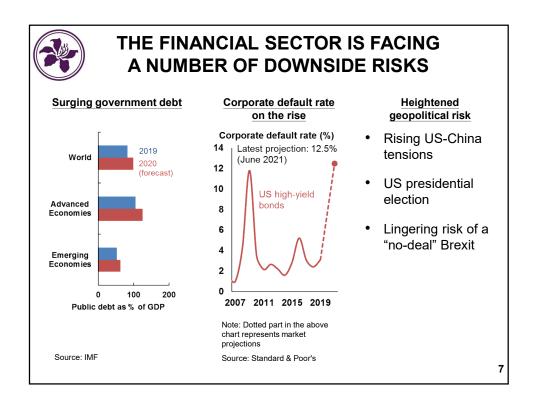
### **GLOBAL ECONOMIC TREND & MAJOR RISKS**

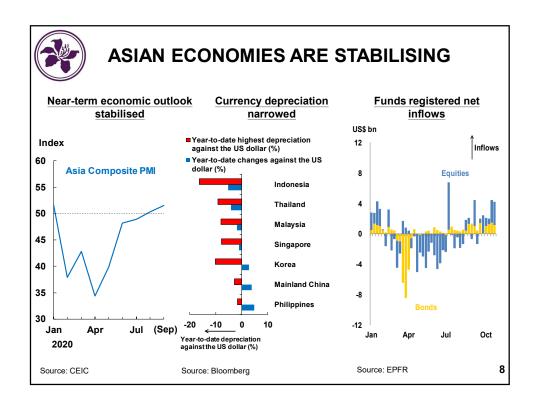
- A new wave of pandemic is hitting the global economy, clouding the prospect of recovery
- The new monetary policy framework adopted by the Federal Reserve will further prolong the low interest rate environment
- Amid unprecedented policy accommodation, financial markets are increasingly disconnected from the real economy
- The financial markets are facing a number of downside risks
  - Surging public debt across the world
  - > Rising default risk of corporate debt
  - > Heightened geopolitical risks

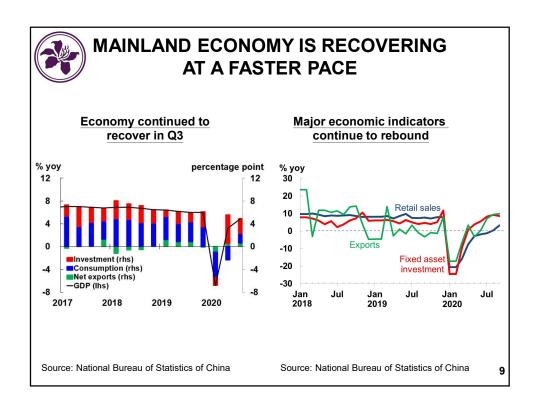


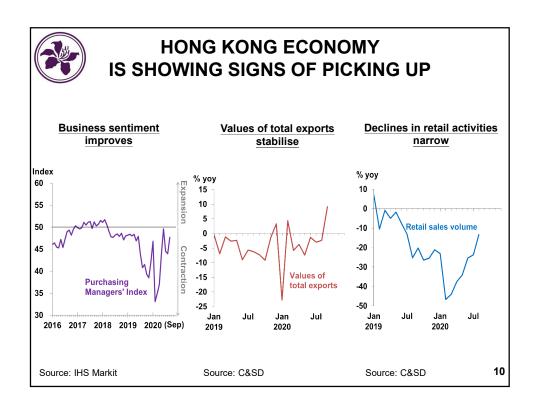


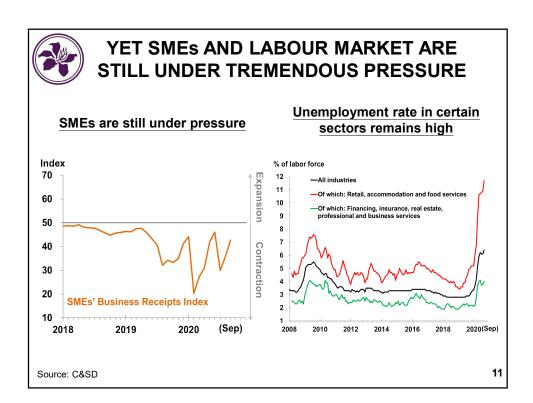














### A MULTI-PRONGED APPROACH TO MAINTAIN FINANCIAL STABILITY AND SUPPORT THE ECONOMY

### Maintaining market resilience and confidence

- Strengthened market surveillance and contingency planning
- Maintained close dialogues with the industry to understand and address their concerns

#### Increasing market liquidity

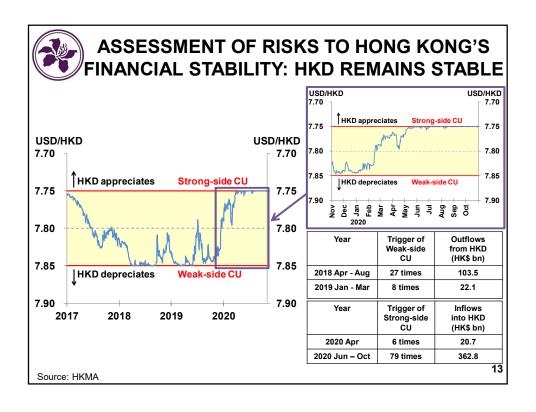
- Reduced issuance size of Exchange Fund Bills to increase overall Hong Kong dollar liquidity
- Clarified the "Hong Kong Dollar Liquidity Facilities" and arranged drills for banks
- Introduced the "US Dollar Liquidity Facility"

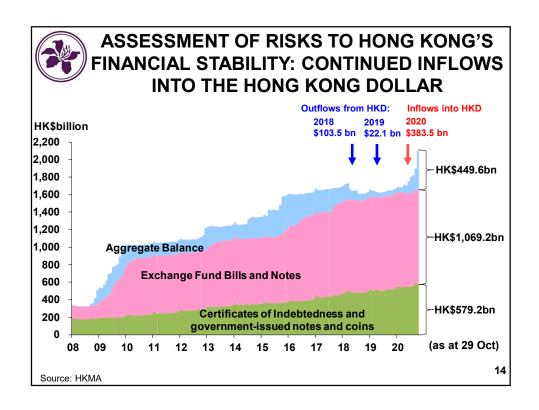
#### Easing cash-flow pressure

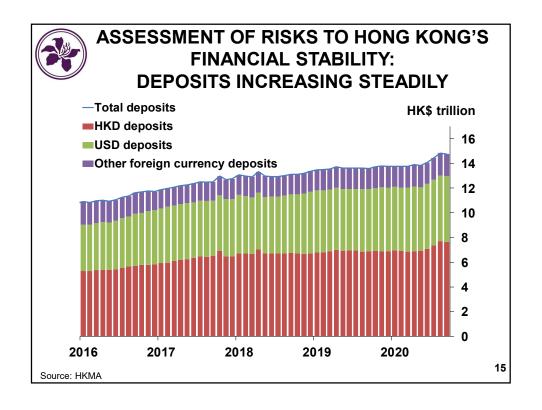
- Encouraged banks to make good use of their lending headroom
- Introduced Pre-approved Principal Payment Holiday Scheme and other support measures
- Enhanced the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme

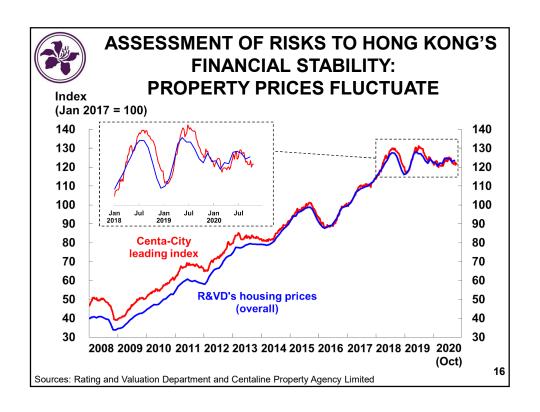
#### Suitably releasing buffers

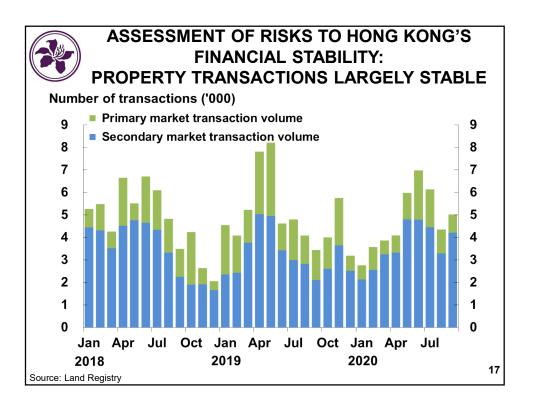
- Reduced the Countercyclical Capital Buffer ratio of banks by 1.5 percentage points
- Lowered the regulatory reserve requirement on banks by half
- Raised the applicable loan-to-value ratio caps for mortgage loans on nonresidential properties by 10 percentage points











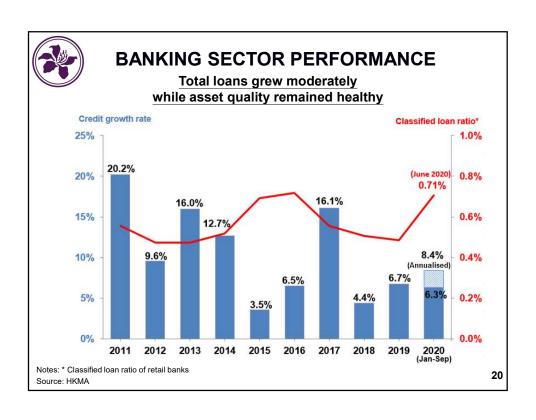


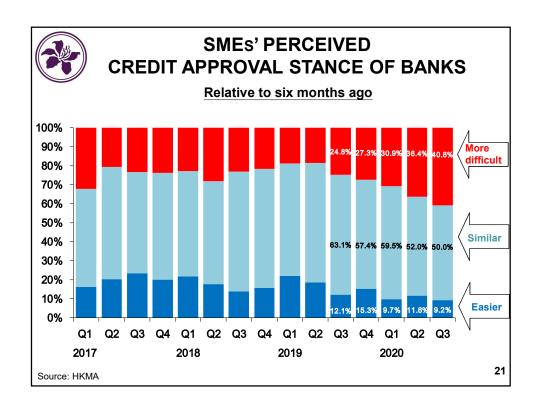
## HONG KONG'S FINANCIAL SECTOR – HIGHLY RESILIENT AGAINST CHALLENGES

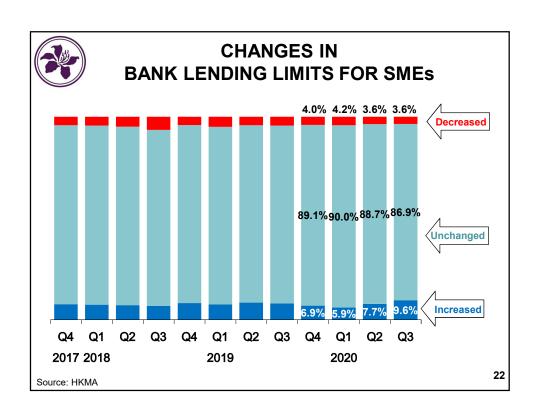
- The pandemic will continue to drag the global economy in the near term and its long-term impact needs to be monitored
- Amid various downside risks and more limited room for policy manoeuvring, the markets may experience volatility
- Emerging market economies including those in Asia and fund flows may be affected again
- Hong Kong's financial markets and the Linked Exchange Rate System continue to operate smoothly, and the banking sector is sound
- The HKMA will continue to closely monitor market situation and the public should also manage risks carefully



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## FIGHTING THE VIRUS AND SUPPORTING THE ECONOMY

#### Extended Pre-approved Principal Payment Holiday Scheme

- Extended Pre-approved Principal Payment Holiday Scheme by six months to April 2021
- Extended the principal payment holiday for trade loans by another 90 days

### Enhanced SME Financing Guarantee Scheme

- Extended principal moratorium for 80% and 90% Guarantee Products by six months to March 2021
- Enhanced the Special 100% Loan Guarantee
- As of end-September 2020, applications for principal payment holidays, extensions of repayment schedules, contingency loans and other relief measures approved by banks:
  - > Corporate customers: around 49,000 applications (HK\$590 billion)
  - Individual customers: over 21,000 applications (HK\$37 billion)

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#### **LEGISLATIVE WORK**

#### **International Standards**

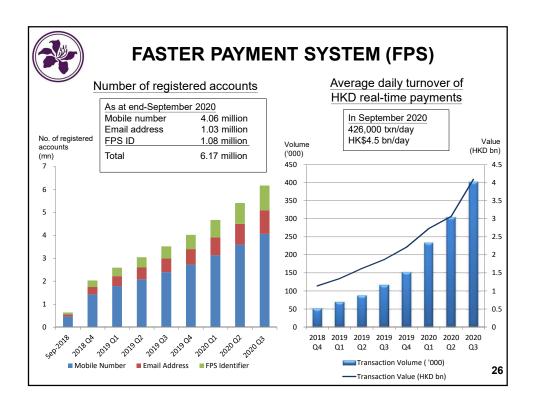
- 2021
  - Amendments to Banking (Capital) Rules
  - Amendments to Banking (Exposure Limits) Rules
- 2022
  - Amendments to Banking (Capital) Rules

#### **Resolution Regime**

 Public consultation on rules on contractual stays on termination rights in financial contracts for authorized institutions closed on 22 March 2020. Our current intention is to introduce the rules into LegCo in the first half of 2021



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#### LATEST FINTECH INITIATIVES

#### **Cross-border financial collaboration**

- Co-organised "TechChallenge" competition with Bank for International Settlements (BIS) Innovation Hub Hong Kong Centre
- Collaborating with other central banks to study the use of central bank digital currency in cross-border payments

## Co-organising "Hong Kong FinTech Week 2020" with InvestHK

- Exploring the development of new financial infrastructure to allow SMEs to utilise their own business data to obtain bank financing more easily and quickly
- Publication of a white paper on Regtech

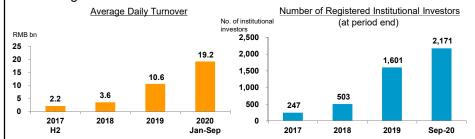


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## MUTUAL MARKET ACCESS SCHEMES OPERATE SMOOTHLY

· Trading activities under Bond Connect continued to thrive



- In September 2020, another major global index announced the inclusion of RMB bonds starting next year, which is expected to further boost trading activities under the scheme. Bond Connect has also rolled out a series of enhancements, including special settlement cycle, trading hour extension, and allowing investors to engage more foreign exchange counterparties
- Jointly announced with the People's Bank of China and the Monetary Authority of Macao on 29 June 2020 the introduction of Wealth Management Connect in the Greater Bay Area



## DEVELOPING HONG KONG'S FINANCIAL PLATFORM

#### Private equity (PE) fund platform

 Limited Partnership Fund Ordinance (Cap. 637) has come into operation since 31 August. Responses from the market are positive and over 30 funds had been registered under the new law as of end-October

#### **Green finance**

- Co-initiated the establishment of the Cross-Agency Steering Group on Green and Sustainable Finance with the Securities and Futures Commission in May 2020, which aims to coordinate the management of climate and environmental risks to the financial sector, accelerate the growth of green and sustainable finance in Hong Kong, and support the Government's climate strategies
- Promote the development of green finance in Hong Kong: the HKMA is assisting the Government to issue green bonds equivalent to HK\$66 billion for the next five years



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INVESTMENT INCOME								
	l <b>←</b> 2020	) →	2019	2018				
	(unaudited)							
(HK\$ billion)	Jan - Sep	Q3	Full Year	Full Year				
Bonds	83.2	8.5	114.5	57.4				
Hong Kong equities*	(19.9)	(0.3)	22.1	(20.7)				
Other equities	14.5	29.9	100.7	(38.7)				
Foreign exchange#	(9.7)	14.7	(13.0)	(9.0)				
Other investments@	(5.7)		37.9	21.9				
Investment income	62.4	52.8	262.2	10.9				

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding valuation changes of the Strategic Portfolio.

<sup>#</sup> This is primarily the effect of translating foreign currency assets into Hong Kong dollar after deducting the portion for currency hedging.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>®</sup> Including valuation changes of private equity and real estate investments held under the Long-Term Growth Portfolio. This figure represents valuation changes up to the end of June 2020. Valuations of these investments from July to September are not yet available.



#### **INCOME AND EXPENDITURE**

	l <b>←</b> 2020	<b>→</b> I	2019	2018	
	(unaudite	ed)			
(HK\$ billion)	Jan - Sep	Q3	Full year	Full year	
Investment income	62.4	52.8	262.2	10.9	
Other income	0.1	-	0.2	0.2	
Interest and other expenses	_(12.0)	_(1.8)	(24.8)	(17.9)	
Net income/(loss)	50.5	51.0	237.6	(6.8)	
Fee payment to Fiscal Reserves*#	(26.0)	(7.4)	(53.8)	(60.2)	
Fee payment to HKSAR government funds and statutory bodies*	(8.6)	(2.8)	(9.0)	(13.8)	

<sup>\*</sup> The rate of fee payment is 3.7% for 2020, 2.9% for 2019 and 4.6% for 2018.

(The composite rate was 8.7% for 2019 and 6.1% for 2018. Fee payable to the Future Fund was HK\$24.4 billion for 2019 and HK\$16.4 billion for 2018.)



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<sup>#</sup> This does not include the 2020 fee payment to the Future Fund because such amount will only be disclosed when the composite rate for 2020 is available.



#### SME FINANCING GUARANTEE SCHEME

- Special 100% Loan Guarantee:
  - ➤ Maximum loan amount per enterprise increased to the total amount of employee wages and rents for 12 months, or HK\$5 million, whichever is lower
  - Maximum repayment period extended to five years
  - As of 28 October 2020, around 19,400 applications had been approved, amounting to over HK\$30 billion
- 80% and 90% Guarantee Products:
  - ➤ Maximum loan amount per enterprise increased to HK\$18 million and HK\$8 million respectively
  - > Interest subsidy, subject to a cap of 3%
  - Application period of principal moratorium extended for six months to 31 March 2021, with a maximum duration of principal moratorium of 18 months
  - From 1 January to 28 October 2020, almost 4,000 applications had been approved, with total loan amount of about HK\$12.2 billion
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### **MORTGAGE INSURANCE PROGRAMME (MIP)**

- Revisions to MIP made with effect from 16 October 2019:
  - The cap on the value of a property eligible for the MIP has been raised (applicable to completed residential properties only)
  - A first-time homebuyer is still eligible to apply even if he or she cannot meet the stress test
  - The maximum debt-to-income ratio for all MIP loans is set at 50%
- As of 28 October 2020, around 30,400 applications under the new coverage had been approved, with over 90% being firsttime homebuyers
- Principal moratorium or extension of repayment schedules available to borrowers to help reduce their repayment burden