

HONG KONG MONETARY AUTHORITY

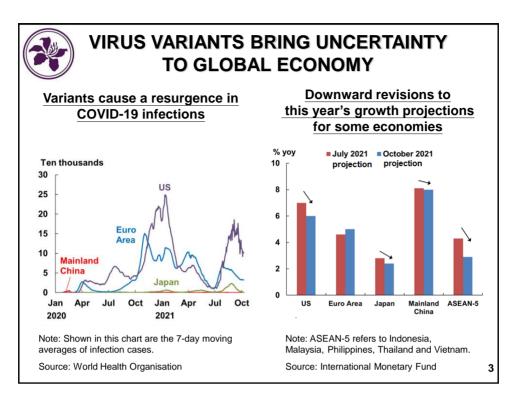
Briefing to the Legislative Council Panel on Financial Affairs

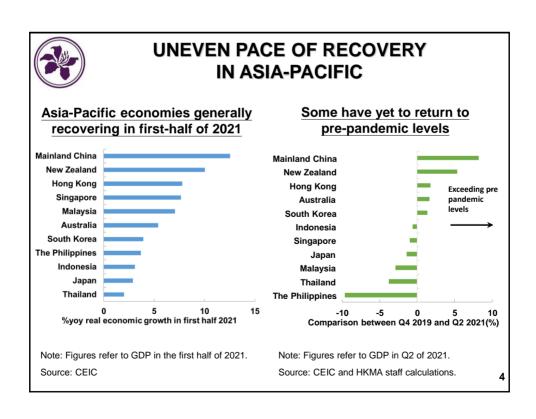
18 October 2021

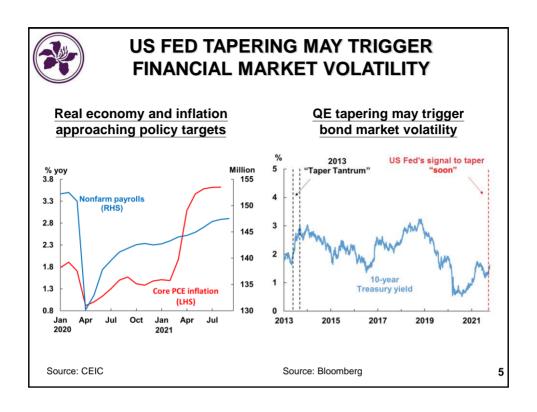
[Translation]

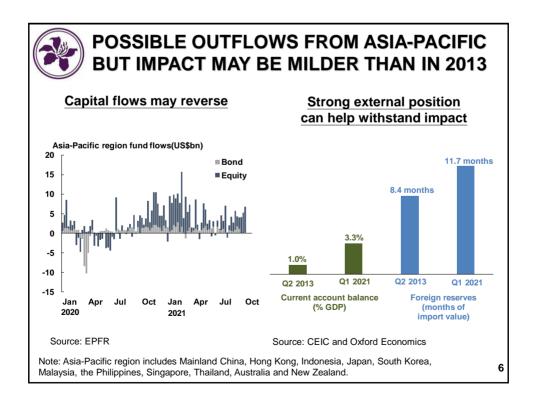


- 1. Assessment of Risk to Hong Kong's Financial Stability
- 2. Banking Supervision
- 3. Development of Financial Market
- 4. Financial Infrastructure
- 5. Investment Performance of the Exchange Fund
- 6. Hong Kong Mortgage Corporation





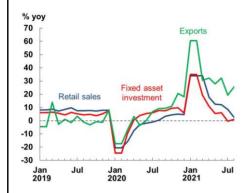






MAINLAND GROWTH SOFTENS BUT MEDIUM-TO-LONG TERM TREND STABLE

Pace of growth softens under pandemic Economic outlook and policy measures



Source: National Bureau of Statistics of China and HKMA staff estimates

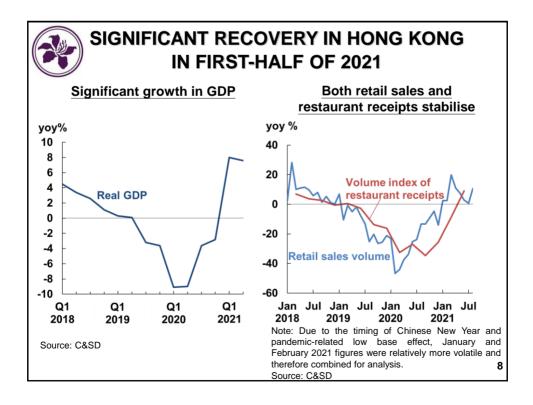
Economic outlook

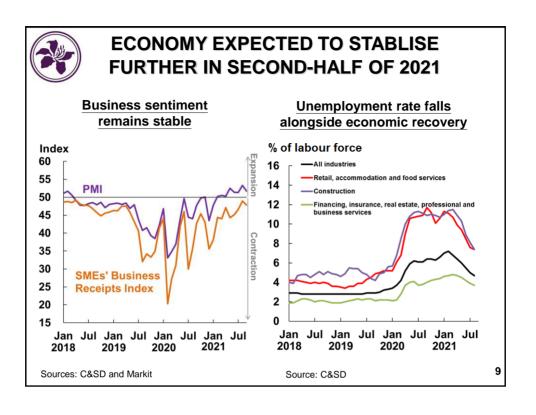
- Domestic demand continues to recover but pandemic situation may fluctuate
- Sectors with deleveraging in progress will come under pressure in the short term but overall risk is manageable
- Global recovery will continue to support external demand but supply chains have yet to totally recover

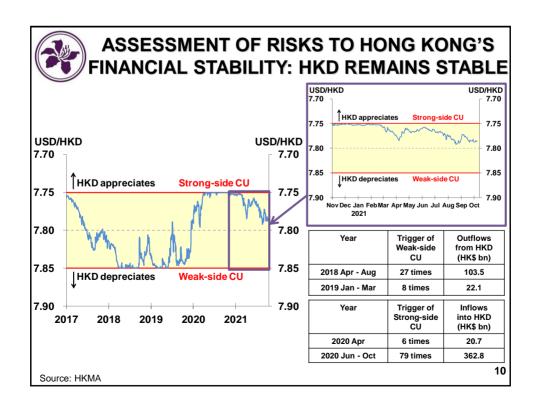
Policy measures

- · Continued vigilance against systemic risk
- Robust and responsive monetary policies coupled with active fiscal policies safeguard stable development in the economy

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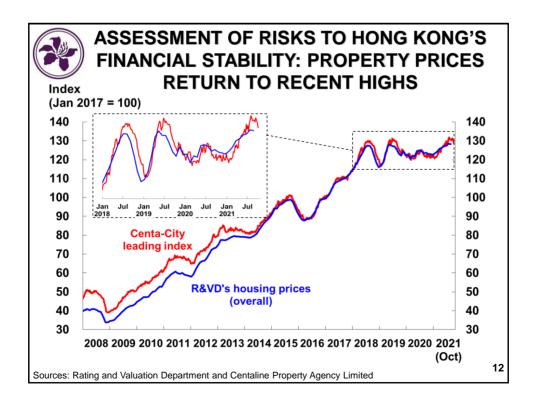
ASSESSMENT OF RISKS TO HONG KONG'S FINANCIAL STABILITY: BANK DEPOSITS REMAIN STABLE

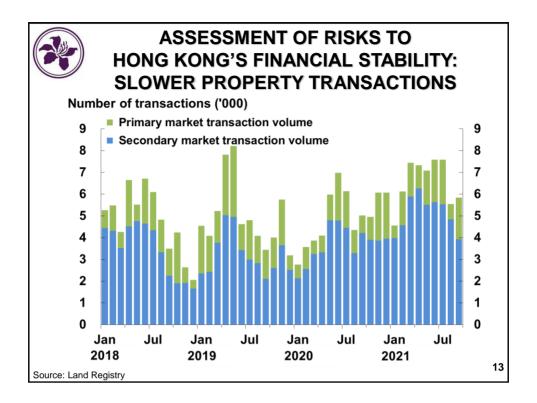
Month-on-month change (%)

	Total deposits#	Hong Kong dollar deposits [#]
April 2021	0.3%	0.1%
May	1.2%	0.8%
June	0.3%	0.7%
July	0.0%	-1.3%
August	-0.1%	-0.3%
Year to end-August	2.7%	2.0%

[#] Excluding the deposits created by IPO-related loans

Source: HKMA





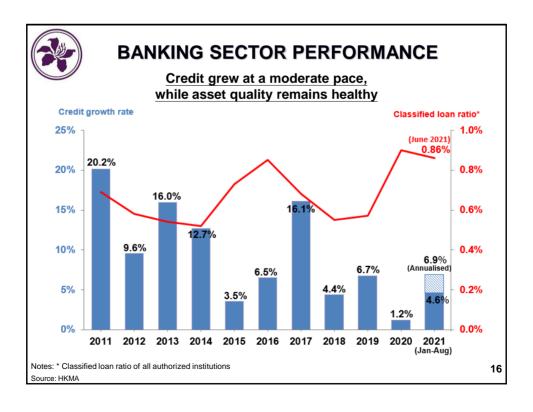


HONG KONG'S FINANCIAL SECTOR STAYS HEALTHY AND ROBUST

- Global recovery continues but its actual pace is subject to the spread of virus variants and the vaccination progress
- Reduced bond buying by US Fed may trigger capital outflows and dampen recovery in the region, but its impact is likely to be milder than in 2013
- Hong Kong's banking sector is well-supported by abundant capital and liquidity and remains highly resilient
- The HKMA will continue to closely monitor market situation and safeguard monetary stability under the Linked Exchange Rate System
- With potential significant market volatilities ahead, the public should exercise caution in managing their risk exposures



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FIGHTING THE VIRUS AND SUPPORTING THE ECONOMY

Extended Preapproved Principal Payment Holiday Scheme

 As announced in September, principal payments of eligible small and mediumsized enterprises to be deferred by another six months till April 2022

Enhanced SME Financing Guarantee Scheme

 Principal moratorium for 80%, 90% and Special 100% Guarantee Products deferred up to 24 months, with application period extended till end-June 2022

Extended 100% Personal Loan Guarantee Scheme

 Application period extended till April 2022

- Aggregate number of cases involving credit relief (up to September 2021):
 - Corporate customers: 77,000 cases (HK\$880 billion)
 - ➤ Individual customers: 46,000 cases (HK\$51 billion)

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LEGISLATIVE WORK

International Standards

- Basel revised capital treatment on banks' equity investments in funds
 - Q1 2022: Amendments to Banking (Capital) Rules
- · Basel III final reforms
 - Q4 2022 & Q1 2023: Amendments to Banking (Capital) Rules
 - ➤ Q1 2023: Amendments to Banking (Disclosure) Rules
- Consequential and other technical updates
 - Q1 2023: Amendments to Banking (Exposure Limits) Rules

Resolution Regime

 The Financial Institutions (Resolution) (Contractual Recognition of Suspension of Termination Rights — Banking Sector) Rules came into operation on 27 August 2021



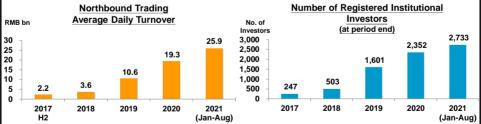
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MUTUAL MARKET ACCESS SCHEMES OPERATE SMOOTHLY

Northbound Trading under Bond Connect continued to thrive against increasing inclusion of RMB assets in global financial indexes



- Southbound Trading under Bond Connect was officially launched on 24 September 2021, providing Mainland institutional investors with a new channel to invest in offshore bonds through Hong Kong
- The HKMA announced the implementation details for the Crossboundary Wealth Management Connect on 10 September 2021.
 Banks may start offering relevant services upon completion of the necessary preparatory work



DEVELOPING HONG KONG'S FINANCIAL PLATFORM – GREEN FINANCE

- The Green and Sustainable Finance Cross-Agency Steering Group co-chaired by the HKMA and the SFC announced in July 2021 its next steps, with focus on climate-related disclosures and sustainability reporting, carbon market opportunities, and the Centre for Green and Sustainable Finance which was launched to coordinate cross-sector efforts in capacity building, thought leadership and policy development
- The HKMA is actively working on the next batch of Government green bond issuances including retail green bonds, to promote the development of green finance in Hong Kong
- The HKMA is assisting the Government in administering the Green and Sustainable Finance Grant Scheme, which was launched in May 2021 to attract more green and sustainable financing activities to Hong Kong by covering part of the expenses on bond issuances and external review services. The initial response of the market to this scheme is very positive



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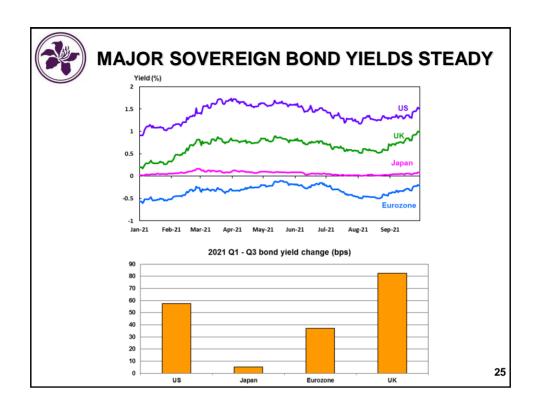


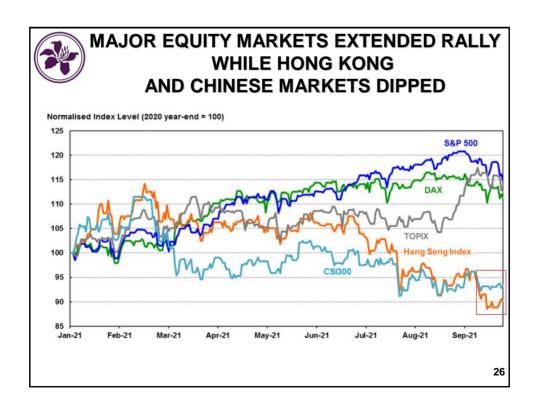
LATEST FINTECH INITIATIVES

- Unveiled "Fintech 2025" Strategy to encourage the financial sector to adopt technology comprehensively by 2025. The five focus areas of the strategy are:
 - 1. All banks go fintech
 - 2. Future-proofing Hong Kong for Central Bank Digital Currencies at both wholesale and retail levels
 - 3. Creating the next-generation data infrastructure
 - 4. Expanding the fintech-savvy workforce
 - 5. Nurturing the ecosystem with funding and policies



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INVESTMENT INCOME

├ 2021 → | 2020 2019

				_0.0
	(unaud	lited)		
(HK\$ billion)	Jan - Sep	Q3	Full Year	Full Year
Hong Kong equities*	(13.8)	(26.3)	4.0	22.1
Other equities	45.7	(0.7)	69.9	100.7
Bonds	9.5	8.2	92.7	114.5
Foreign exchange#	8.4	5.6	9.6	(13.0)
Other investments [®]	76.7		59.6	37.9
Investment income/(loss)	126.5	(13.2)	235.8	262.2

- * Excluding valuation changes of the Strategic Portfolio.
- # This is primarily the effect of translating foreign currency assets into Hong Kong dollar after deducting the portion for currency hedging.
- [®] Including valuation changes of private equity and real estate investments held under the Long-Term Growth Portfolio. This figure represents valuation changes up to the end of June 2021. Valuations of these investments from July to September are not yet available.

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INCOME AND EXPENDITURE

	├ ── 202′	11	2020	2019
	(unaudi	ted)		
(HK\$ billion)	Jan - Sep	Q3	Full year	Full year
Investment income/(loss)	126.5	(13.2)	235.8	262.2
Other income	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
Interest and other expenses	_(4.7)	(1.4)	(14.6)	(24.8)
Net income/(loss)	122.0	(14.5)	221.4	237.6
Fee payment to Fiscal Reserves*#	(26.3)	(8.3)	(69.8)	(53.8)
Fee payment to HKSAR government	(12.4)	(4.5)	(11.5)	(0,0)
funds and statutory bodies*	(12.4)	(4.5)	(11.5)	(9.0)

- $^{\ast}\,$ The rate of fee payment is 4.7% for 2021, 3.7% for 2020 and 2.9% for 2019.
- # This does not include the 2021 fee payment to the Future Fund because such amount will only be disclosed when the composite rate for 2021 is available.
 - (The composite rate was 12.3% for 2020 and 8.7% for 2019. Fee payable to the Future Fund was HK\$37.2 billion for 2020 and HK\$24.4 billion for 2019.)



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SME FINANCING GUARANTEE SCHEME (SFGS)

- · Special 100% Loan Guarantee:
 - As of 30 September 2021, around 43,700 applications were approved, amounting to about HK\$73.3 billion. Around 28,700 applications have chosen the principal moratorium option
 - Application period will be extended by six months to 30 June 2022
- 80% and 90% Guarantee Products:
 - As of 30 September 2021, over 25,600 applications were approved, amounting to about HK\$99.2 billion. Around 1,800 applications have chosen the principal moratorium option
- With effect from 6 October 2021, the maximum duration of principal moratorium under SFGS is extended from 18 months to 24 months; the application period for principal moratorium is extended to end-June 2022
- The Finance Committee of Legislative Council approved an additional loan guarantee commitment of HK\$35 billion under SFGS, thereby increasing the total commitment to HK\$218 billion



PERSONAL LOAN GUARANTEE SCHEME

- As of 30 September 2021, over 31,200 applications were approved, amounting to about HK\$2.2 billion. Average loan size was about HK\$69,400
- The Government announced on 21 September 2021 the extension of the application period of the scheme to end-April 2022

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MORTGAGE INSURANCE PROGRAMME (MIP)

- As of 30 September 2020, around 46,500 applications have been approved year-to-date, of which over 36,300 are under the new coverage after the MIP revisions in October 2019. Over 90% of approved applications are from first-time homebuyers
- Principal moratorium or extension of repayment schedules is available to borrowers to help reduce their repayment burden