

Post Secondary Colleges (Amendment) Bill 2025



Background and Objectives



- First enacted in 1960
- Only major amendment in 2001 to allow post secondary colleges (Colleges) to award of degrees with the prior approval of the Chief Executive-in-Council (CE-in-C)
- 11 Colleges currently registered, including3 private universities



- Public consultation conducted from December 2020 to March 2021
- Legislative Council Panel on Education briefed on 5 July 2022 and 1 November 2024
- Continuous communication with the selffinancing post-secondary education sector to provide explanations
- Stakeholders generally support the proposal and specific comments have been suitably incorporated



Directions

- **Reform** the regulatory regime and improve **governance** of self-financing institutions
- Elevate the quality, recognition and flexibility of self-financing post-secondary education
- Promote the **healthy** and **sustainable development** of self-financing institutions
- Support the self-financing sector in playing a more proactive role in developing Hong Kong international post-secondary into **an** education hub and international hub for high-caliber talent, contributing to building a leading country in education





- Rationalise the arrangements for registration or deregistration of Colleges and awarding of degrees to remove barriers suitably with a view to enhancing efficiency and effectiveness
- Provide for a unified regulatory framework for all institutions operating self-financing postsecondary education programmes to promote coherence in regulation and co-ordination

STANLEY HO COMMONITY

TY WONG BUILDIN



Key Features of the Bill – 1. Improving Governance



Enhanced Registration Requirements

- The organisational and staffing structure and constitution are conducive to ensuring satisfactory academic and general standards and conduct, as well as efficient and effective governance and management
 - The College has in place an open, fair, and transparent set of policy and procedures for ensuring that –
 - the staff recruited and appointed are fit and proper
 - the students admitted are qualified



Enhanced Registration Requirements (cont'd)

- The **number of students** admitted is **sufficient** to provide a meaningful learning environment and experience for
 - achieving the learning objectives and outcomes
 - ✓ implementing the strategic plan



New Registration Requirements

- Should provide a suitable environment conducive to teaching and learning
- Should ensure that the operations comply in all respects with any law
- Both the **finances** and **sustainability** of Colleges will be considered



New Registration Requirements (cont'd)

- Must attain and maintain an Institutional Review status from the Hong Kong Council for Accreditation of Academic and Vocational Qualifications
- Development and institutional capabilities of Colleges should be consistent with the strategic plan
- Academic standards of Colleges should be satisfactory



Arrangements on Statutory Power

- More important powers relating to the registration and deregistration of Colleges will be transferred from the Permanent Secretary for Education (PSED) to the Secretary for Education (SED), view a view to strengthening the regulatory oversight of the Education Bureau
- PSED will continue to exercise other powers of an operational nature



New Requirements

- Must ensure that the premises shall at all times to the satisfaction of PSED be kept in a state of repair, cleanliness and safety and be used and maintained in compliance in all respects with any law
- If not satisfied in respect of any matters,
 PSED may
 - ✓ suspend the operation of premises
 - ✓ prohibit the use of any part of premises
 - make necessary directions and requirements



New Requirements

- Must submit to PSED and publish extracts of
 - ✓ strategic plan prepared at least once every five years and annually reviewed by the Board of Governors (BoG)
 - ✓ annual report review of activities undertaken during the year and the performance of Colleges against their strategic plans
- ◆ Finance require Colleges to make available to the public key financial information (e.g. aggregate income, tuition fee income, aggregate income from other sources, aggregate expenditure, and aggregate reserve)



- Non-compliance with certain provisions of Cap. 320 normally handled by suspension / deregistration after a fair and transparent mechanism
 - Deregistration of colleges by SED
 - Deregistration and suspension of individuals (members of BoG, Presidents, Vice-Presidents, and teachers who are not fit and proper) – by PSED



If SED is not satisfied in respect of any of the registration requirements

SED may issue notice to the Chairperson of BoG of the College –

- Request to provide explanations and rectify the circumstance within a compliance period; and
- impose conditions and/or restrictions

- If the College –
- cannot provide explanations and rectify the circumstance to the satisfaction of SED; or
- fails to comply with the imposed conditions or restrictions

- If necessary, SED may –
- extend the compliance period; and
- impose further conditions and/or restrictions

SED may cancel the registration of the College

PSED may impose requirements on the BoG of the College concerned to impose requirements to ensure a **smooth teach-out**



- PSED may cancel the registration of members of BoG, Presidents, Vice-Presidents, and teachers of Colleges who are not fit and proper persons to act in the respective capacities due to any circumstances
- In addition to deregistration, PSED will be empowered to suspend an individual's registration, taking into account the nature and gravity of the circumstances
- Relevant procedures largely resemble those applicable to Colleges
- Administrative guidelines on the "fit and proper" criterion will be promulgated



- Introduce a small number of offences to address non-compliance cases involving individuals or institutions that are not registered –
 - providing false or misleading information in relation to registration matters
 - acting as a member of BoG, President, Vice-President, or teacher of Colleges without registration or with cancelled / suspended registration
 (not applicable if an application is submitted within 6 months and is undecided)
 - Member of BoG not complying with the teachingout requirements imposed by PSED



Key Features of the Bill – 2. Removing Barriers Suitably



 Statutory Governance Structure – rationalise to 2-tier

BoG		
College Council (CC)		BoG
Academic Board		Academic Board
Faculty Board		

Registers kept by PSED – rationalised accordingly

	5 ,		
	Colleges		Colleges
Ī	Members of BoG		Members of BoG
ſ	Members of CC		Presidents and Vice-Presidents
-	Teachers		Teachers



- Separate registration for evening colleges
- Separate approval for establishment of research institutes
- Requirements on course length, age limit and academic requirement of students, examinations, health measures, experiments and equipment



- ◆ CE-in-C's approval is required if the College's name contains "University" or "大學"
- Awards of Degrees transfer the approving authority from CE-in-C to SED, who will continue to perform a gatekeeping function having regard to manpower needs, sustainability, strategic plan, and track record of Colleges



Key Features of the Bill -3. Unified Regulatory Framework



- Coverage expand to all institutions operating local self-financing post-secondary education programmes at the degree and sub-degree levels –
 - schools registered under the Education
 Ordinance (Cap. 279) operating sub-degree programmes
 - self-financing arms of publicly-funded institutions
- Consequential amendments to Cap. 279
- Administrative measures to support and facilitate the migration of self-financing arms of publicly-funded institutions



W CHUNG COLLEGE # + S R S R
F EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION



- The amended Cap. 320 is targeted to commence operation in 2026 (i.e. around 1 year after the passage of the amendment bill) to allow currently registered Colleges to adapt
- An additional transitional period of 2 years beginning on the commencement date (i.e. a total of around 3 years after the passage of the bill) for institutions not currently registered under Cap. 320 to complete registration
- During the transitional period, institutions may continue operating self-financing post-secondary programmes under their prevailing legal framework



Thank You