# 立法會 Legislative Council

立法會 CB(1)1658/98-99 號文件

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日 期: 1999年7月5日 發文者: 事務委員會秘書 受文者: 陸恭蕙議員(主席)

許長青議員(副主席)

#### 立法會環境事務委員會

# 1999年7月2日會議的跟進事宜

謹附上用作就議程第 V 項"改善香港空氣質素的措施"進行闡釋的一套電腦列印資料,供議員參閱。

事務委員會秘書

( 鄧曾藹琪女士代行 )

連附件

副本致:李柱明議員

資料研究及圖書館服務部主管 —— 3份副本

助理法律顧問1

# 立法會 Legislative Council

LC Paper No. CB(1)1658/98-99

Ref : CB1/PL/EA Tel : 2869 9211 Date : 5 July 1999

From: Clerk to Panel

To : Hon Christine LOH (Chairman)

Hon HUI Cheung-ching (Deputy Chairman)

Dr Hon Raymond HO Chung-tai, JP

Prof Hon NG Ching-fai Hon Bernard CHAN Hon CHAN Wing-chan

Dr Hon LEONG Che-hung, JP

Hon Mrs Sophie LEUNG LAU Yau-fun, JP

Hon WONG Yung-kan Hon YEUNG Yiu-chung Hon LAU Kong-wah

Hon Mrs Miriam LAU Kin-yee, JP

Hon CHOY So-yuk

Hon LAW Chi-kwong, JP

#### **LegCo Panel on Environmental Affairs**

# Follow-up to meeting on 2 July 1999

I circulate for members' reference the attached set of computer printouts which was used in the presentation for agenda item V on "Action to improve Hong Kong air quality".

(Mrs Mary TANG) for Clerk to Panel

# Encl.

c.c. Hon Martin LEE Chu-ming, SC, JP
Hon Fred LI Wah-ming, JP
Hon Jasper TSANG Yok-sing, JP
Hon LAU Chin-shek, JP
Hon Emily LAU Wai-hing, JP
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# Content of Slides 投影片內容

#### 1. Presentation Outline

- Our Air Pollution Problems
- Current Position
- Actions Taken
- Our Next Steps

# 簡報大綱

- 我們的空氣污染問題
- 現狀
- 已採取的行動
- 籌劃中的措施

# 2. Our Air Pollution Problems

- Acute street level pollution problem
  - -High intensity of vehicle used
  - -Heavy reliance on diesel vehicles

UK 10% Japan 19% Singapore 17% HK 30%

-High diesel mileage 70% of all VKT

# 我們的空氣污染問題

- 嚴重的路邊空氣污染問題
  - -頻密地使用車輛
  - -過於依賴使用柴油車輛

英國10%日本19%新加坡17%香港30%

-柴油車行車哩數佔總行車哩數高達 70%

#### 3. Our Air Pollution Problems

Our urban development

- -Highly dense
- -High-rise buildings
- -Hilly topography
- -Poor dispersion capacity at street level
- Ambient air pollution problem
  - Air pollution sources
  - -Power stations, industry and ships
  - -Construction sites

# 我們的空氣污染問題

我們的市區發展

- -高密度
- -高樓大廈
- -路邊的污染物消散能力甚差
- •一般空氣污染問題

空氣污染源頭

- -發電廠,工業及船舶
- -建築工程

# 4. Our Air Pollution Problems

- Regional air quality problem
  - Acid rain
  - Haze and smog
  - Developments locally and across South China

# 我們的空氣污染問題

- 區域性空氣質素問題
  - 酸雨
  - 煙霧
  - 本港及南中國一帶的發展

#### 5. Current Position

- Industrial Emissions
  - -SO<sub>2</sub>-low since banning of high sulphur fuel in 1990
  - -SO<sub>2</sub>-reduced by 58% (1993-1997)
  - -NO<sub>2</sub>-reduced by 45% (1992-1997)

# 現狀

- 工業排放的廢氣
  - -二氧化硫一自 1990 年禁用含硫量高的燃料,保持於低水平
  - -二氧化硫一下降 58% (1993-1997)
  - -二氧化氮一下降 45% (1992-1997)

#### 6. Current Position

- Street Level Emissions (1991-1997)
  - -Vehicle number increased by 30%
  - -Mileage driven increased by 25%
  - -Particulates increased from 6,451 to 7,175 tonnes (10%)
  - -NOx increased from 36,128 to 40,687 tonnes (13%)
  - -VOC increased from 14,047 to 16,591 tonnes (18%)

#### 現狀

- 排放物路邊水平 (1991-1997)
  - -車輛數目增加 30%
  - -行車哩數增加 25%
  - -粒子數量由 6,451 公噸增加至 7175 公噸 (10%)
  - 氮氧化物由 36128 公噸增加至 40687 公噸 (13%)
  - -揮發性有機化合物由 14047 公噸增加至 16591 公噸 (18%)

#### 7. Current Position

#### In Summary:

- Lead, SO<sub>2</sub>, CO are low and well within HKAQOs
- Vehicle smoke causes acute nuisance in busy streets
- RSP annual averaged concentrations remain high
- NO<sub>2</sub> on a slow but steadily rising trend
- O<sub>3</sub> on a steadily increasing trend (increased by 50% since 1991)

# 現狀

# 總括而言:

- 鉛、二氧化硫及一氧化碳維持在低水平,符合香港的空氣質素 指標
  - 車輛噴出的黑煙做成繁忙街道上的嚴重滋擾
  - 可吸入懸浮粒子年平均濃度依然甚高
  - 二氧化氮有緩慢持續上升趨勢
  - 臭氧有持續上升趨勢(自 1991 年已增加 50%)

#### 8. Current Position

- Comparison with other cities
  - CO levels are among the lowest
  - NOx, O<sub>3</sub> and SO<sub>2</sub> average concentrations are about the same as Tokyo, New York and London
  - RSP levels are high, equivalent to Taipei and some other Asian cities but betterthan Bangkok and Mexico City.

# 現狀

- 與其他城市比較
  - 一氧化碳水平入於最低之列
  - 氦氧化物、臭氧及二氧化硫平均濃度與東京、紐約及倫敦相若
  - 可吸入懸浮粒子水平高,相當於台北及某些亞洲城市,但仍比 曼谷及墨西哥城爲佳

#### 9. Actions Taken

• Short term

Mitigation measures to reduce smoke and control emissions of existing vehicle fleet

Medium term

New fuel and new emission standards for future vehicle fleet

More energy efficient measures in vehicle engines

More energy efficient measures in commercial, industrial and domestic sectors

# 已採取的措施

• 短期

爲減低和管制現有車隊的黑煙和排物的紓解措施

• 中期

為將來的車隊而設的新燃料及排放標準 車輛引擎方面更具能源效益的措施 工商界及家居方面更具能源效益的措施

#### 10. Actions Taken

• Longer term

Extend rail systems

Other electric powered transport systems

Parallel actions

Development of regional air quality programme with Guangdong

# 已採取的措施

長期

擴展鐵路系統 其他電力發動的運輸系統

• 同期行動

與廣東方面發展區域性空氣質素計劃

#### 11. Current Motor Vehicle Emission

#### **Control Measures**

- To deal with the air pollution from diesel vehicles
  - a. introduce LPG taxis on a large scale by end of 2000
  - b. explore feasibility of a LPG PLB trial
  - c. monitor development of advanced motor vehicle emission control technology

# 現行車輛廢氣管制措施

- 處理源自柴油車輛的空氣污染
  - a. 2000年年底大規模引入石油氣的士
  - b. 研究試驗石油氣小巴的可行性
  - c. 密切留意先進車輛廢氣控技術的發展

# 12. Current Motor Vehicle Emission

#### **Control Measures**

- d. impose most stringent practicable requirements on fuel and emission standards
- e. smoke check of all commercial vehicles during roadworthiness inspections
- f. smoky vehicle control programme (SVCP)

# 現行車輛廢氣管制措施

- d. 使用最嚴格而又切實可行的燃料及排放標準
- e. 在檢查商業車輛是否適宜在道路上行駛的年檢中使用黑煙測試
- f. 黑煙車輛管制計劃(管制計劃)

#### 13. Current Motor Vehicle Emission

#### **Control Measures**

- g. introduce advanced (chassis dynamometer) smoke test under SVCP
- h. enhance Police's enforcement capability by using portable smokemeters
- i. educate drivers not to idle engines

# 現行車輛廢氣管制措施

- g. 在管制計劃中引入先進黑煙測試(使用底盤式功率機)
- h. 為警方提供手提式煙度計,加強執法能力
- i. 教育司機停車熄匙

#### 14. New Action Initiatives to Control Vehicle Emissions

- To target against different vehicles at all possible fronts
  - a. Buses
    - -retrofit 2000 pre-Euro II buses with diesel catalysts
    - -rationalize the number of bus stops in urban areas

# 車輛廢氣管制的新措施

- 在各方面處理不同車輛的問題
  - a 巴士:
    - 爲 2000 部歐盟二期前的巴士安裝柴油催化器
    - -重整市區巴士站數目

#### 15. New Action Initiatives to Control Vehicle Emissions

- b.Heavy Diesel Vehicles
  - -extend the retrofit of diesel catalysts to heavy diesel vehicles in both government and private sectors
- c.Light Diesel Vehicles
  - -support the HK Polytechnic University to develop a low-cost particulate trap for diesel vehicles up to 4 tonnes

# 車輛廢氣管制的新措施

- b 重型柴油車輛
  - -為政府及私人機構的重型柴油車輛安裝柴油催化器
- c. 輕型柴油車輛
  - -支持香港理工大學爲不超過 4 公噸的柴油車輛發展一種低成本微粒過濾器

# 16. New Action Initiatives to Control Vehicle Emissions

- d. Fuels
  - -Seek to introduce ultral low sulphur diesel fuel, initially for franchised buses
- e. Enforcement
  - -step up street enforcement against smoky vehicles by EPD and Police
  - -expand EPD's smoky vehicle spotters scheme by 300 spotters this year

# 車輛廢氣管制的新措施

- d. 燃料
  - -嘗試引入超低含硫量柴油,先由專利巴士使用
- e. 執法
  - -環保署與警方加強針對黑煙車輛的街上執法行動

#### 17. New Action Initiatives to Control Vehicle Emissions

- e. Enforcement (continue)
  - -Introduce advanced (chassis dynamometer) smoke test for diesel vehicles up to 5.5 tonnes by Sept 99
  - -Extend advanced (chassis dynamometer) smoke test to larger diesel vehicles in 2000
  - -Step up enforcement against supplying and using of illegal motor fuel by C&E Dept.

# 車輛廢氣管制的新措施

- e. 執法(繼續)
  - 在 99 年 9 月,爲不超過 5.5 公噸的柴油車引入先進黑煙測試 (使用底盤式功率機)
  - 在 2000 年,擴展先進黑煙測試 (使用底盤式功率機)至大型柴油車輛
  - 海關加強對付供應及使用非法車用燃料

#### 18. New Action Initiatives to Control Vehicle Emissions

- f. Education
  - booklet and pamphlets to promote cleaning up the air
  - seminars for vehicle service trade
  - seminars for drivers on eco-driving
- g. Legislation
  - increase fixed penalty fine
  - control idling vehicles

#### 車輛廢氣管制的新措施

- f. 教育
  - 宣傳淨化空氣的刊物及單張
  - 爲車輛維修業而設的研討會
  - 爲駕車人士而設的環保駕駛硏討會
- g. 立法
  - 增加定額罰款
  - 管制空轉引擎

#### 19. New Action Initiatives to Control Vehicle Emissions

- h. Government fleet
  - improve environmental performance of Gov't fleet
- i. Pedestrianization
  - set up an inter-departmental action group

# 車輛廢氣管制的新措施

- h. 政府車隊
  - -改善政府車隊的環保程度
- i. 行人專用區
  - -成立跨部門行動小組

# 20. Pedestrianization Study for MK and TST

旺角及尖沙咀的行人專用區研究

# 21. Pedestrianization Study for Causeway Bay

銅鑼灣的行人專用區研究

# 22. Our Next Steps

- Additional mitigation measures for existing transport fleet
  - -Retrofit older franchised buses with catalysts
  - -Rationalize bus routes
  - -Extend pedestrianization schemes or entry time restrictions in blackspot areas
  - -Introduce Euro III standards in 2001

# 籌劃中的措施

- 爲現有車隊而設的額外紓解措施
  - 爲較舊的專利巴士安裝催化器
  - -重整巴士路線
  - -在黑點地區擴大行人專用區計劃或限制車輛駛入時間
  - -在 2001 年引入歐盟 3 期標準

# 23. Our Next Steps

- Introduce new technology vehicles into Gov't fleet
- Set up trials for low emission technology vehicles
- Promote more environmentally efficient transport systems by transport planning in CTS3 and  $2^{nd}$  RDS

# 籌劃中的措施

- 在政府車隊中引入新技術的車輛
- 爲低排放技術的車輛進行試驗
- 透過第三次整體運輸研究及第二次鐵路發展研究內的運輸規劃,推廣 更具環保效益的運輸系統

# 24. Our Next Steps

- Develop energy policy
- Extend emission reduction programmes to all industrial and commercial sectors
- Establish regional air quality improvement programme

# 籌劃中的措施

- 發展能源政策
- 擴展減低排放計劃至所有工商界別
- 制定區域性空氣質素改善計劃