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## FINANCIAL RESOURCES RULES

(Made by the Securities and Futures Commission under section 28 of the Securities and Futures Commission

Ordinance (Cap. 24) after consultation

with the Financial Secretary)

#### PART I

#### **PRELIMINARY**

#### 1. Commencement

These Rules shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Chairman of the Securities and Futures Commission by notice in the Gazette.

# 2. Interpretation

	(1) In t	hese Rules,	unless the	conte	xt other	vise 1	equire	es –			
"adv	riser" (		) means	an i	nvestme	nt ac	lviser	or an	n inve	estment	advisers'
	partnersl	hip register	red under	the S	ecurities	Ord	inance	e (Cap	. 333)	or a c	commodity
	trading a	adviser regi	stered unde	r the	Commo	lities	Tradi	ng Ord	inance	(Cap. 2	250);
"amo	ount of m	nargin requi	red to be de	eposit	ted" (			) mea	ns the	sum of	money or
	other for	rms of secu	rity require	d to l	be depos	ited a	as mar	gin up	on ope	ning a	position or
	for main	ntaining an	existing p	ositi	on in a	futur	es co	ntract	or an	options	s contract,
	including	g all subsec	quent or m	ainter	nance m	argin	depos	its req	uired	from tir	ne to time
	until the	futures or o	options pos	ition i	is closed	out,	calcul	ated at	the hig	gher of	-
	(a)	the prevai	ling rate or	amo	unt stipu	lated	by th	e exch	ange c	ompany	operating
		the releva	nt market i	n whi	ch the fu	itures	or op	tions co	ontract	is trade	ed;

- (b) the prevailing rate or amount stipulated by the clearing house who registers such trade;
- (c) the prevailing rate or amount stipulated by the agent who executes such trade for the dealer;
- (d) the prevailing rate or amount stipulated by the counterparty who executes such trade with the dealer; and
- (e) the prevailing rate or amount stipulated by the dealer;

"approved bank formed or established outside Hong Kong" ( )
means –

- (a) a bank incorporated or established by or under the law or other authority of any jurisdiction outside Hong Kong, including its branches and wholly owned banking subsidiaries (but excluding any merchant banking or investment banking subsidiaries), which is approved by the Commission for the purposes of these Rules, whether or not such approval is subject to conditions; or
- (b) a prescribed bank formed or established outside Hong Kong;
- "approved redeemable shares" (

  ) means shares in the share capital of a corporation which is a dealer or securities margin financier which are redeemable at the option of the holder of the shares or that of the corporation, and which are approved by the Commission for the purposes of these Rules, whether or not such approval is subject to conditions;
- "approved stand-by subordinated loan facility" ( ) means a loan facility provided to a dealer or securities margin financier for drawdown, which is approved by the Commission for the purposes of these Rules, whether or not such approval is

subject to conditions, and under which the lender's claim in respect of any drawdown by the borrower shall be subordinated to the prior payment, or provision for payment, in full of all claims of all other present and future creditors of the borrower;

"approved securities borrowing and lending counterparty" ( ) for the purposes of these Rules, means -

- (a) the Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited; or
- (b) a person whose activities or objects include the provision of services for the interposition of itself as counterparty to both sides of a securities borrowing and lending arrangement, including administering the security deposited in connection therewith and registration and settlement thereof, who is approved by the Commission for the purpose of exempting the dealer who is engaged in securities borrowing and lending with this person from complying with financial adjustments in relation to securities borrowing and lending which will otherwise be required by these Rules, whether or not such approval is subject to conditions;
- "approved subordinated loan" ( ) means a loan provided to a dealer or securities margin financier which is approved by the Commission for the purposes of these Rules, whether or not such approval is subject to conditions, and under which the lender's claim is subordinated to the prior payment, or provision for payment, in full of all claims of all other present and future creditors of the borrower;

"authorized financial institution" ( ) has the meaning assigned to it b	y
section 2(1) of the Securities Ordinance (Cap. 333), and, for the purposes of thes	se
Rules -	
(a) in the case of a licensed bank, includes its branches and wholly-owner	d
banking subsidiaries but excludes any merchant banking or investment	nt
banking subsidiaries; and	
(b) in the case of a restricted licence bank or deposit taking company,	is
restricted to its Hong Kong office or branch;	
"business day" ( ) has the meaning assigned to it by section 2(1) of the Securities	es
Ordinance (Cap. 333);	
"capital account" ( ) for the purposes of these Rules, means the amount of capital	al
injected into the dealing business of a dealer which is a sole proprietor or partnership;	
"collateral" ( ) for the purposes of these Rules, means securities which are	re
deposited as security by or with a dealer or securities margin financier and which,	if
beneficially owned by the dealer or securities margin financier, would be included in	in
the calculation of his liquid assets;	
"collateralised warrants" ( ) are derivative warrants listed on the Unified	d
Exchange and where the issuer owns all of the underlying securities or other assets to	to
which the collateralised warrant relates and grants a charge over such	

securities or assets in favour of an independent trustee which acts for the benefit of the warrantholders;

- "common clients" ( ) for the purposes of these Rules, means clients of a securities dealer who are also clients of a securities margin financier whose securities transactions through that dealer are settled by the securities margin financier on their behalf;
- "concentration discounting factor" ( ) of any securities which are received by a dealer or a securities margin financier from margin clients as collateral, means -
  - (a) in the case of listed shares issued by a corporation which is the issuer of a constituent stock of the Hang Seng Index, or any related securities of such shares, the lower of
    - (i) 1; and
    - (ii) the factor derived by dividing 20% of the total market value of all collateral received from all margin clients by the total market value of all such shares and all related securities of such shares which are so received as collateral;
  - (b) to the extent not already covered in paragraph (a) above, in the case of listed shares issued by a corporation which is the issuer of a constituent stock of the Hang Seng 100 Index, or any related securities of such shares, the lower of
    - (i) 1; and
    - (ii) the factor derived by dividing 15% of the total market value of all collateral

received from all margin clients by the total market value of all such shares and all related securities of such shares which are so received as collateral;

- (c) to the extent not already covered in paragraph (a) or (b) above, in the case of listed shares issued by a corporation which is not the issuer of a constituent stock of the Hang Seng 100 Index, or any related securities of such shares, the lower of
  - (i) 1; and
  - (ii) the factor derived by dividing 10% of the total market value of all collateral received from all margin clients by the total market value of all such shares and all related securities of such shares which are so received as collateral;

"corporation" (	) has the meaning assigned to it by section 2(1) of the
Securities Ordinance	ee (Cap. 333);
"dealer" (	) means a securities dealer or a futures dealer;
"FIBV" (	) means Federation Internationale Des Bourses De Valeurs;
"financial accommodation	on" ( ) has the meaning assigned to it by section 2(1) of
the Securities Ordin	nance (Cap. 333);
"foreign currency" (	) in relation to a dealer or securities margin financier,
means any currency	other than -

(a) the currency used, or intended to be used, by him in his annual accounts; and

(b) any currency which has an exchange rate which is linked to the
currency referred to in paragraph (a);
"foreign exchange agreement" ( ) means an agreement other than a currency
futures contract and a currency options contract whereby 2 parties agree to exchange
different currencies at a future time;
"free delivery" ( ) means -
(a) a delivery of securities which takes place irrespective of whether the seller has
received payment; or
(b) payment made in settlement of a credit balance arising from a sale on behalf of, or
a purchase from, a client or counterparty irrespective of whether the securities
sold or purchased, as the case may be, have been delivered;
"futures or options clearing house" ( ) means a person whose activities or
objects include the provision of services for the registration, clearing and settlement of
futures or options contracts traded on a futures or options market specified in Schedule
6 or, where applicable, the Unified Exchange or a stock market specified in Part I of
Schedule 5 and for the central administration of the margin requirements of such
contracts;
"futures dealer" ( ) means a dealer registered under the Commodities
Trading Ordinance (Cap. 250);
"futures non-clearing dealer" ( ) means a Member of the Commodity
Exchange who is not a Member of the HKFE Clearing Corporation Limited;
"haircut amount" ( ) in relation to any securities or other investments, means
the haircut percentage multiplied by the market value of such securities or other
investments;

"haircut perce	entage" ( ) in relation to any securities or other investments, means
the applic	cable percentage as specified in Schedule 1, 2 or 3;
"initial margii	n requirement" ( ) means the sum of money or other forms of
security	required to be deposited as margin upon opening a position in a futures or
options c	ontract, calculated for the purposes of these Rules at the higher of -
(a)	the prevailing rate or amount stipulated by the exchange company operating
	the relevant market in which the futures or options contract is traded;
(b)	the prevailing rate or amount stipulated by the clearing house who registers
	such trade;
(c)	the prevailing rate or amount stipulated by the agent who executes such trade
	for the dealer;
(d)	the prevailing rate or amount stipulated by the counterparty who executes
	such trade with the dealer; and
(e)	the prevailing rate or amount stipulated by the dealer;
"interest rate	swap agreement" ( ) means an agreement whereby 2 parties
agree to	exchange a series of interest payments over time;
"in-the-money	y amount" ( ) means -
(a)	in the case of a call stock option, the amount by which the market price of
	the underlying shares exceeds the strike price of the option;
(a)	in the case of a put stock option, the amount by which the strike price of the
	option exceeds the market price of the underlying shares; or

(c) in the case of a call warrant on shares, the amount by which the market price of the underlying shares exceeds the exercise price of the warrant;

"introducing broker" ( ) means a dealer who has satisfied the Commission that -

- (a) he, in respect of the business for which he is registered, conducts no business other than -
  - (i) receiving from others offers to effect dealings in securities or tradings in futures or options contracts and communicating the same in the name of the persons from whom they are received to members of the Unified Exchange, a stock market specified in Schedule 5 or a futures or options market specified in Schedule 6; or
  - (ii) effecting introductions of persons to members of the Unified Exchange, a stock market specified in Schedule 5 or a futures or options market specified in Schedule 6, in order that such persons may -
    - (A) effect dealings in securities;
    - (B) make offers to acquire or dispose of securities;
    - (C) trade in futures or options contracts; or
    - (D) make offers to trade in futures or options contracts;
- (b) he does not handle clients' assets; and

(c) i	n connection with the offers or persons so introduced he incurs no legal
1:	iability to any party save for his own negligence, wilful default or fraud;
"liquid assets" (	) means such assets as are prescribed as liquid assets by Part
III;	
"liquid capital"	( ) means the amount by which liquid assets exceeds ranking
liabilities;	
"liquid capital d	deficiency" ( ) means the amount by which required liquid
capital exc	eeds liquid capital;
"margin client"	( ) means -
(a) ir	relation to a securities dealer, a client -
	(i) on whose behalf the dealer acquires securities; and
	(ii) to whom the dealer provides financial accommodation in order to
	facilitate the acquisition of securities, and where applicable, the
	continued holding of those securities by that client, whether or not
	those securities, cash, bank guarantee or any other types of
	security are provided as security for such financial accommodation;
	or
(b) a	client of a securities margin financier;
"margined acco	unt" ( ) for the purposes of section
5(5) (e) (iii	i), means -
(a) a	margin account;
(b) a	short selling account;
(c) a	futures trading account;
(b) a	n options trading account;

(e)	a securities borrowing	g and lending account; and
(f)	an account held for th	e purpose of effecting repurchase transactions;
"net tangible	assets" (	) in relation to an adviser, means -
(a)	in the case of a sole p	roprietorship, its total assets less its total liabilities;
(b)	in the case of a partne	rship, its total assets less its total liabilities; or
(c)	in the case of a corpo	ration, its shareholders' funds, excluding, in each case,
intangib	le assets such as goodw	vill, copyrights, patents and licences;
"net underwri	iting commitment" ()	means the total costs of subscribing for or purchasing
securitie	s underwritten or sub-u	underwritten by a dealer other than securities which are
sub-unde	erwritten or subscribed	for in writing through that dealer by another person;
"non-collater	alised warrants" (	) are derivative warrants listed on the Unified
Exchang	ge and where the obliga	tions of the issuer are provided for in a form other than
by way o	of a charge over the und	derlying securities or assets;
"note issuanc	e facility" (	) means an arrangement whereby a borrower is able
to issue	short-term notes which	a guarantor undertakes to purchase if unsold;
"OECD coun	tries" (	) means countries belonging to the Organisation for
Econom	ic Co-operation and De	evelopment;
"other investr	ments" (	) for the purposes of these Rules, means commodities
and fina	ncial instruments speci-	fied in Schedule 3 other than other securities;

"other securitie	es'' (	) for the pu	rposes of th	iese Rules, n	neans warran	ts, unit
trusts and	mutual funds specified	d in Schedu	le 3;			
"out-of-the-mo	oney amount" (	)	means -			
(a)	in the case of a call sto	ock option,	the amount	by which th	e strike price	of the
,	option exceeds the man	rket price of	the underly	ying shares;		
(b)	in the case of a put sto	ck option, t	he amount l	y which the	market price	e of the
	underlying shares exce	eeds the stri	ke price of t	he option; o	r	
(c)	in the case of a call	warrant on	shares, the	amount by	which the ex	xercise
	price of the warrant ex	ceeds the m	arket price	of the under	lying shares;	
"prescribed ba	nk formed or establish	ed outside I	Hong Kong'	'(	)	for the
purposes	of these Rules, means	a bank (otl	ner than a r	nerchant bai	nk or an inve	stment
bank) ince	orporated or establishe	ed by or unc	ler the law	or other auth	nority of any	OECD
country	or of Singapore, in	ncluding its	s branches	and who	lly-owned b	anking
subsidiari	es but excluding any n	nerchant bai	nking or inv	estment ban	king subsidia	aries;
"qualifying de	bt securities" (		) means	debenture	stock, loan	stock,
debenture	es, bonds, notes and a	ny securitie	es or instru	ments, other	r than suborc	dinated
debts, del	bts due from any com	pany within	the same	group of co	mpanies and	IOUs,
acknowle	dging, evidencing or ca	reating inde	btedness -			
(a)	which are issued or gu	aranteed by	the central	l governmen	t or central b	ank of

the People's Republic of China;

- (b) which are issued or guaranteed by the Government of the Hong Kong

  Special Administrative Region;
- (c) which are issued or guaranteed by the Hong Kong Exchange Fund;
- (d) which are issued by the Hong Kong Mortgage Corporation;
- (e) which are listed on the Unified Exchange;
- (f) the issuer of which has an issue or issues currently rated by Moody's Investors Service at either Baa or Prime-3 or above, or by Standard & Poor's Corporation at either BBB or A-3 or above;
- (g) the guarantor of which has an issue or issues currently rated by Moody's Investors Service at either A or Prime-2 or above, or by Standard & Poor's Corporation at either A or A-2 or above;
- (h) the issuer of which has an issue or issues currently rated at or above a specified grade by a credit rating agency approved by the Commission; or
- (i) the guarantor of which has an issue or issues currently rated at or above a specified grade by a credit rating agency approved by the Commission,

but does not include special debt securities;

(a) the spouse of that other margin client;

"ranking liabilities" (	) means such liabilities
and financial adjustments as are	e prescribed as ranking liabilities by Part IV;
"related margin clients" (	) for the purposes of these Rules, means any two
or more margin clients of a deal	ler or a securities margin financier, of whom one is -

- (b) in control, either alone or with his spouse, of 35% or more of the voting rights of that other margin client or those other margin clients; or
- (c) a holding company of that other margin client or those other margin clients; "related securities" ( ) means -
  - (a) in relation to a class of listed shares issued by a corporation,
    - (i) listed warrants on such shares;
    - (ii) other classes of listed shares issued by that corporation;
    - (iii) listed shares issued by a corporation which holds 30% or more of the equity of that first-mentioned corporation;
    - (iv) listed shares issued by a corporation where 30% or more of the equity of that corporation is held by that first-mentioned corporation; or
    - (v) securities which are considered as related securities of the listed shares mentioned in subparagraph (ii), (iii) or (iv) under this section;
  - (b) in relation to a description of listed warrants on a class of listed shares issued by a corporation,
    - (i) such shares; or
    - (ii) securities which are considered as related securities of such shares under this section;

related securities positions" ( ) means two or more descriptions of
securities held by a dealer on his own account and each of them is related securities to
the other or others;
"repurchase transaction" ( ) means a sale of securities whereby the seller is
obliged to repurchase from the buyer, or the buyer is obliged to resell to the seller,
securities of the same description, at a pre-determined price and date;
"required liquid capital" ( ) means the amount of liquid capital required by
section 6 to be maintained by a dealer or securities margin financier;
"securities borrowing and lending" ( ) means any transaction whereby a
person borrows or lends securities pursuant to any arrangement where the borrower
undertakes to return securities of the same description to the lender and includes the
meaning of "stock borrowing" defined in section 19 of the Stamp Duty Ordinance
(Cap. 117);
"securities dealer" ( ) means a dealer or a dealing partnership registered
under the Securities Ordinance (Cap. 333);
"securities margin financier" ( ) means a securities margin financier
registered under the Securities Ordinance (Cap. 333);
"securities margin financing" ( ) has the meaning assigned to it by section
2(1) of the Securities Ordinance (Cap. 333);
"settlement date" ( ) in relation to any dealing in securities by a dealer, means -
(a) in the case of transactions on any stock market, the date on which payment
for the securities is first due in accordance with the rules of the stock market;

(b) in any other case, the date on which payment for the securities is first due as agreed between the parties to the transaction,

but in any case, not exceeding 20 business days from the trade date;

- "short selling" ( ) for the purposes of these Rules, means a sale of securities where at the time of the sale -
  - (a) the seller does not have a presently exercisable and unconditional right to vest the securities in the purchaser of them; or (b) the seller has a presently exercisable and unconditional right to vest the securities in the purchaser of them by virtue of having entered into an arrangement with another person and under that arrangement the seller is obliged to deliver at a future date to that person an amount of securities that relates to the sale or an equivalent value of money or money's worth;

"special debt securities" ( ) means indexed bonds, convertible debt securities, bonds with non-detachable warrants and non-interest bearing debt securities

- (a) which are issued or guaranteed by the central government or central bank of the People's Republic of China;
- (b) which are issued or guaranteed by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region;
- (c) which are issued or guaranteed by the Hong Kong Exchange Fund;
- (d) which are issued by the Hong Kong Mortgage Corporation;

- (e) which are listed on the Unified Exchange;
- (f) the issuer of which has an issue or issues currently rated by Moody's

  Investors Service at either Baa or Prime-3 or above, or by Standard & Poor's

  Corporation at either BBB or A-3 or above;
- (g) the guarantor of which has an issue or issues currently rated by Moody's

  Investors Service at either A or Prime-2 or above, or by Standard & Poor's

  Corporation at either A or A-2 or above;
- (h) the issuer of which has an issue or issues currently rated at or above a specified grade by a credit rating agency approved by the Commission; or
- (i) the guarantor of which has an issue or issues currently rated at or above a specified grade by a credit rating agency approved by the Commission;
- "stock futures" ( ) means a contract the effect of which is that one party agrees to deliver to the other party at a future time an agreed quantity of a specific share at an agreed price, or the parties agree to make an adjustment between themselves by reference to the value of a specific share, and such contract is traded on a futures or options market listed in Schedule 6 or, where applicable, the Unified Exchange or a stock market listed in Part I of Schedule 5;
- "stock option" ( ) means a contract the effect of which is that one party agrees to provide to the other party the right to purchase or sell at an agreed price an agreed quantity of a specific share on or before a specified future date and such contract is traded on the Unified Exchange, a stock market listed

in Part I of Scheo	lule 5, or, where applicable, a futures or options market listed in
Schedule 6;	
"subsidiary" (	) has the meaning assigned to it by section 2 of the
Companies Ordina	nce (Cap. 32);
"total liabilities" (	) for the purpose of computing the required liquid capital
of a dealer or secu	rities margin financier, means all of his on balance sheet liabilities,
calculated in accor	dance with section 5, including provisions but excluding -
(a) amounts	payable to clients for -
(i)	clients' money held by that dealer or securities margin financier in
	designated trust account or a segregated account in accordance
	with the Securities Ordinance (Cap. 333) and the Commodities
	Trading Ordinance (Cap. 250);
(ii)	balances held in a segregated client account with a futures or
	options clearing house;
(iii)	balances held with a clearing member of a futures or options
	clearing house in relation to futures or options contracts traded on
	behalf of clients; and
(b) approved	l subordinated loans;
"trader" (	) means a dealer who does not handle clients' orders or assets and
who, in respect of	the business for which he is registered, conducts no business other
than effecting, or	offering to effect, dealings in securities or tradings in futures or

options contracts for his own account.

(2) For the purposes of calculating a concentration discounting factor, collateral received from margin clients shall be adjusted by collateral receivable and collateral deliverable by the dealer or securities margin financier on behalf of the clients from or to a clearing house or another securities dealer in respect of purchases or sales of securities made by the clients which are not yet due for settlement according to their settlement date. That other securities dealer must either be registered in Hong Kong or registered or authorized by a regulatory body outside Hong Kong.

## 3. Application

- (1) Subject to subsection (2), all registered persons shall comply with these Rules.
- (2) These Rules shall not apply to a registered person who is an individual and who is registered by reason only that he is -
  - (a) a director of a corporation that is registered;
  - (b) a partner of a partnership that is registered; or
  - (c) an employee of a corporation, partnership or sole proprietorship that is registered.
- (3) Where any of these Rules is expressed to provide for net tangible assets, liquid assets or ranking liabilities of a registered person other than a corporation, or to refer to the total liabilities or capital account of such a person, as the case may be, that provision shall be construed as -
  - (a) providing for net tangible assets, liquid assets or ranking liabilities; or
- (b) referring to total liabilities or capital account, as the case may be, of the registered person in the business for which he is registered and any other business carried on by him under the same name as appears in the certificate of registration issued by the

Commission under the Securities Ordinance (Cap. 333) or the Commodities Trading Ordinance (Cap. 250).

#### 4. Accounting treatment

- (1) For the purposes of these Rules, a registered person shall calculate all assets and liabilities in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles unless otherwise specified.
- (2) A registered person shall account for all assets and liabilities in such a way that recognizes the substance of a transaction, an arrangement or a position, including in the case of a structured bond, the registered person shall account for it as a derivative product and not as a debt security.
- (3) A registered person shall ensure that his accounting policies are in accordance with the provisions of these Rules and seek the Commission's approval before adopting a different accounting policy.

#### PART II

## FINANCIAL RESOURCES REQUIREMENTS

#### 5. Computation basis

(1) All assets and liabilities of a dealer or securities margin financier arising from dealing in securities, trading in futures or options contracts or the provision of securities margin financing shall be accounted for on a trade date basis, or in the case of off-exchange transactions, on the date when he enters into agreement with the counterparty of the transaction.

- (2) All investments, trading positions and collateral held by a dealer or securities margin financier, whether traded on an exchange or otherwise, shall be stated at market value, save that -
  - (a) debt securities, in the absence of a market price, shall be valued at the average of quotations obtained from at least 2 market makers;
  - (b) long positions in securities which have been suspended from trading for 3 or more business days shall be stated at nil value; and
  - (c) short positions in securities which have been suspended from trading for 3 or more business days shall be stated at the last closing price before the suspension,

unless otherwise stipulated by these Rules.

- (3) Where a dealer enters into a pair of transactions which have identical or similar terms except that the respective roles of the dealer in those transactions are opposite, such transactions shall be accounted for as separate transactions.
- (4) Amounts receivable from, or payable to, an individual operating a sole proprietorship or a partner of a partnership which arise from dealing in securities, trading in futures or options contracts, or the provision of securities margin financing, shall be treated as amounts receivable from, or payable to, third party clients and shall be subject to the same deductions or financial adjustments as are required by these Rules to be applied thereto.
- (5) Unless otherwise provided in these Rules, all assets and liabilities of a dealer or securities margin financier shall be treated separately on a gross basis except where they relate to -
  - (a) balances held with the Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited;

- (b) balances held with the SEHK Options Clearing House Limited;
- (c) balances held with the HKFE Clearing Corporation Limited;
- (d) amounts receivable and payable which do not arise from dealing in securities, trading in futures or options contracts, or the provision of securities margin financing, and such amounts are receivable from and payable to the same person, and the dealer or securities margin financier is entitled to set off these amounts under a legally enforceable right to set off;
- (e) amounts receivable from and payable to the same client which arise from -
  - (i) securities transactions which are due to be settled on a cash-against-delivery basis and which relate to the same securities and the dealer is authorized by the client to set off amounts arising from these transactions;
  - (ii) the provision of securities margin financing to that client by the dealer or securities margin financier; or
  - (iii) transactions in different margined accounts maintained by the same client with a dealer or securities margin financier, and the dealer or securities margin financier is authorized by the client to set off amounts arising from these transactions; in which case the dealer or securities margin financier can apply any surplus cash,

collateral and, where applicable, bank guarantee in any of that client's margined accounts, after effecting all appropriate deductions and financial adjustments in respect of that account, to reduce the financial adjustments or deductions from liquid assets which would otherwise arise in respect of another margined account of that client.

- (6) A dealer shall, immediately upon the exercise of any option purchased, sold or written by him on his own account, include in his liquid assets and ranking liabilities all liquid assets or ranking liabilities, as the case may be, arising from such exercise as if the transaction were a purchase or sale of the underlying assets, as the case may be.
- (7) A dealer shall, immediately upon the exercise of any option purchased, sold, written or cleared by him on behalf of another person, include in his liquid assets and ranking liabilities all liquid assets or ranking liabilities, as the case may be, arising from such exercise as if the transaction were a purchase or sale of the underlying assets, as the case may be, on behalf of that other person.
- (8) For the purposes of these Rules, any assignment of amounts receivable by a dealer or securities margin financier from, and of collateral or any other types of security provided by, clients shall be disregarded.
- (9) Where a dealer is the borrower of securities in a securities borrowing and lending for the purpose of short selling on his own account, to the extent that the number of shares borrowed matches the number of shares short sold by the dealer, sections 24(2) and (3) and

- 26(1) shall not apply and he shall include in his ranking liabilities the higher of -
  - (a) the financial adjustment that would otherwise arise under section 24(2) and(3) if not for this subsection; or
  - (b) the financial adjustment that would otherwise arise under section 26(1) if not for this subsection.
- (10) Where a dealer beneficially owns shares and issues non-collateralised call warrants on the same shares, to the extent that the number of the shares owned matches the number of shares underlying the non-collateralised call warrants issued by him which are outstanding, sections 15(a) and 24(1) shall not apply and he shall include those shares in his liquid assets at the lower of -
  - (a) the market value less the applicable haircut amount; or
  - (b) the number of those shares multiplied by the exercise price of the warrants.
- (11) Where a dealer beneficially owns shares which are charged for the purpose of issuing collateralised call warrants on those shares, sections 15(a) and 24(1) to (3) shall not apply and he shall include those shares in his liquid assets at the lower of -
  - (a) the market value less the applicable haircut amount; or
  - (b) the number of those shares multiplied by the exercise price of the warrants.
- (12) Subsections (13) to (23) shall not apply to stock futures or stock options contracts which have been grouped with other positions for the purpose of calculating a net margin requirement.

- (13) Where a dealer beneficially owns shares and sells or writes a call stock option on the same shares, whether or not such shares are deposited with a futures or options clearing house or its clearing member to cover the option, to the extent that the number of shares underlying the call stock option matches the number of the shares owned by the dealer, sections 15(a) and 22(3) and (4) shall not apply and he shall include those shares in his liquid assets at the lower of -
  - (a) the market value less the applicable haircut amount; or
  - (b) the number of those shares multiplied by the strike price of the call stock option.
- (14) Where a dealer beneficially owns shares and holds a short position in stock futures contracts in respect of the same shares, to the extent that the number of shares underlying the stock futures position matches the number of shares owned by the dealer, sections 15(a) and 22(4) shall not apply and he shall include those shares in his liquid assets at market value.
- (15) Where a dealer beneficially owns shares and holds a put stock option in respect of the same shares and such put stock option has been paid in full and is therefore not subject to a margin requirement, to the extent that the number of shares underlying the put stock option matches the number of shares owned by the dealer, he may elect (there is no need to inform the Commission) not to apply sections 15(a) and 16(e), in which event he shall include those shares in his liquid assets at the higher of -
  - (a) the market value less the applicable haircut amount; or
  - (b) the number of those shares multiplied by the strike price of the put stock option.

- (16) Where a dealer borrows shares for the purpose of depositing the same to cover a call stock option sold or written by him, to the extent that the number of shares underlying the call stock option matches the number of shares so borrowed, sections 22(3) and (4) and 26(1) shall not apply and he shall include in his ranking liabilities the in-the-money amount of the call stock option multiplied by the number of those shares, plus the higher of -
  - (a) the applicable haircut amount of those shares as if they were beneficially owned by him; or
  - (b) the financial adjustment that would otherwise arise under section 26(1) if not for this subsection.
- (17) Where a dealer sells shares short and holds a long position in stock futures contracts in respect of the same shares, to the extent that the number of shares underlying the stock futures position matches the number of shares sold short by him, sections 22(4) and 24(2) and (3) shall not apply.
- (18) Where a dealer sells shares short and sells or writes a put stock option in respect of the same shares, to the extent that the number of shares underlying the put stock option matches the number of shares sold short, sections 22(3) and (4) and 24(2) and (3) shall not apply and he shall include in his ranking liabilities the higher of -
  - (a) the financial adjustment that would otherwise arise under section 24(2) and(3) if not for this subsection; or
  - (b) the number of those shares multiplied by the in-the-money amount of the put stock option.
- (19) Where a dealer sells shares short and holds a call stock option in respect of the same shares, and such stock option has been paid in full and is not therefore subject to a margin requirement, to

the extent that the number of shares underlying the call stock option matches the number of shares sold short, he may elect (there is no need to inform the Commission) not to apply sections 16(e) and 24(1), (2) and (3), in which event he shall include in his ranking liabilities the lower of -

- (a) the sum of the market value of the shares sold short and the financial adjustment that would otherwise arise under section 24(2) and (3) if not for this subsection; or
- (b) the number of those shares multiplied by the strike price of the call stock option.
- (20) Where a dealer holds a long position in stock futures contracts, and sells or writes a call stock option in respect of the same underlying shares, to the extent that the numbers of shares underlying the 2 positions match each other, section 22(3) and (4) shall not apply and he shall include in his ranking liabilities the higher of -
  - (a) the number of those underlying shares multiplied by the in-the-money amount of the call stock option; or
  - (b) the amount of margin required to be deposited in respect of the stock futures contracts.
- (21) Where a dealer holds a long position in stock futures contracts, and holds a put stock option in respect of the same underlying shares, and such put stock option has been paid in full and is not therefore subject to a margin requirement, to the extent that the numbers of shares underlying the 2 positions match each other, sections 16(e) and 22(4) shall not apply and he shall include in his liquid assets the market value of the put stock option, provided that

where the put stock option is out-of-the-money, he shall also include in his ranking liabilities the lower of -

- (a) the number of those underlying shares multiplied by the out-of-the-money amount of the put stock option; or
- (b) the amount of margin required to be deposited in respect of the stock futures contracts.
- (22) Where a dealer holds a short position in stock futures contracts, and holds a call stock option in respect of the same underlying shares, and such call stock option has been paid in full and is not therefore subject to a margin requirement, to the extent that the numbers of shares underlying the 2 positions match each other, sections 16(e) and 22(4) shall not apply and he shall include in his liquid assets the market value of the call stock option, provided that where the call stock option is out-of-the-money, he shall also include in his ranking liabilities the lower of -
  - (a) the number of those underlying shares multiplied by the out-of-the-money amount of the call stock option; or
  - (b) the amount of margin required to be deposited in respect of the stock futures contracts.
- (23) Where a dealer holds a short position in stock futures contracts, and sells or writes a put stock option in respect of the same underlying shares, to the extent that the numbers of shares underlying the 2 positions match each other, section 22(3) and (4) shall not apply and he shall include in his ranking liabilities the higher of -
  - (a) the number of those underlying shares multiplied by the in-the-money amount of the put stock option; or
  - (b) the amount of margin required to be deposited in respect of the stock futures contracts.

- (24) Where a dealer lends securities in a securities borrowing and lending, he is considered for the purposes of these Rules -
  - (a) to remain the owner of the securities lent and shall include the same in his liquid assets as such; and
  - (b) not to be the owner of any collateral or cash provided to him as security by the borrower of the securities and shall not include the same in his liquid assets.
- (25) Where a dealer borrows securities in a securities borrowing and lending, he is considered for the purposes of these Rules -
  - (a) to remain the owner of any collateral or cash provided by him as security to the lender of the securities and shall include the same in his liquid assets as such; and
  - (b) not to be the owner of the securities borrowed and shall not include the same in his liquid assets.
- (26) Where a dealer is in the first instance the seller of securities in a repurchase transaction, he is considered for the purposes of these Rules -
  - (a) to remain the owner of the securities sold and shall include the same in his liquid assets as such; and
  - (b) not to be the owner of the proceeds of sale of those securities and shall include the same in his ranking liabilities as a loan repayable to the buyer of those securities.
- (27) Where a dealer is in the first instance the buyer of securities in a repurchase transaction, he is considered for the purposes of these Rules -
  - (a) to be the beneficiary of an amount receivable from the seller of those securities and shall include the same

- in his liquid assets in the amount of the first purchase price of those securities; and
- (b) not to be the owner of those securities purchased and shall not include the same in his liquid assets.

# 6. Liquid capital requirement for dealers and securities

## margin financiers

- (1) Subject to section 7, a dealer (other than a futures non-clearing dealer, an introducing broker and a trader) or securities margin financier shall have and at all times maintain in the business for which he is registered, liquid capital of no less than his required liquid capital, namely the higher of -
  - (a) \$3,000,000;
  - (b) an amount which is equal to 5% of the aggregate of -
    - (i) his total liabilities;
    - (ii) the initial margin requirement in respect of open positions in futures or options contracts held by him on behalf of clients; and
    - (iii) the amount of margin required to be deposited in respect of open positions in futures or options contracts held by him on behalf of clients to the extent that those futures or options contracts have not been subject to the initial margin requirement described in subparagraph (ii).
- (2) Subject to section 7, a futures non-clearing dealer, an introducing broker or a trader shall have and at all times maintain in the business for which he is registered, liquid capital of no less than his required liquid capital, namely the higher of -

- (a) \$500,000;
- (b) an amount which is equal to 5% of his total liabilities, or in the case of a futures non-clearing dealer, 5% of the aggregate of -
  - (i) his total liabilities;
  - (ii) the initial margin requirement in respect of open positions in futures or options contracts held by him on behalf of clients; and
  - (iii) the amount of margin required to be deposited in respect of open positions in futures or options contracts held by him on behalf of clients to the extent that those futures or options contracts have not been subject to the initial margin requirement described in subparagraph (ii).

#### 7. Compliance with liquid capital requirement

A dealer or securities margin financier is considered to have maintained in the business for which he is registered, liquid capital of no less than his required liquid capital where he has an approved stand-by subordinated loan facility sufficient to meet his liquid capital deficiency which would otherwise arise, provided that such deficiency -

(a) is caused by an increase in the required liquid capital by 20% or more compared to the required liquid capital at the close of business on the previous business day due to an increase in business turnover or in aggregate margin loans;

- (b) does not persist during 5 consecutive business days; and
- (c) does not occur during any 5 business days over any 2 consecutive months.

#### 8. Net tangible assets requirement for advisers

An adviser shall have and at all times maintain in the business for which he is registered net tangible assets of not less than \$500,000.

#### 9. Capital requirement for dealers

- (1) A dealer (other than a futures non-clearing dealer, an introducing broker and a trader) which is a corporation shall have and at all times maintain paid up share capital of -
  - (a) in the case where it provides securities margin financing, not less than \$10,000,000; or
  - (b) in other cases, not less than \$5,000,000.
- (2) A dealer (other than a futures non-clearing dealer, an introducing broker and a trader) which is a sole proprietorship shall have and at all times maintain a capital account of -
  - (a) in the case where it provides securities margin financing, not less than \$10,000,000; or
  - (b) in other cases, not less than \$5,000,000.
- (3) A dealer (other than a futures non-clearing dealer, an introducing broker and a trader) which is a partnership, shall have and at all times maintain an aggregate of partners' capital accounts of -
  - (a) in the case where it provides securities margin financing, not less than \$10,000,000; or
  - (b) in other cases, not less than \$5,000,000.

#### 10. Capital requirement for securities

#### margin financiers

A securities margin financier shall have and at all times maintain in the business for which it is registered paid up capital of not less than \$10,000,000.

#### PART III

# LIQUID ASSETS

#### 11. Calculation of liquid assets

- (1) Subject to section 5 and subsections (2) to (4), the assets described in, and calculated in accordance with, sections 12 to 18 which are held by a dealer or a securities margin financier constitute his liquid assets for the purposes of these Rules.
- (2) In the event that a dealer or a securities margin financier operates a branch outside Hong Kong, and he is required to maintain at all times certain assets in order to obtain or maintain the necessary licence, registration or membership for that branch, such assets shall not be included in his liquid assets.
- (3) Any assets beneficially owned by a dealer or securities margin financier which are provided to others as security for any liabilities or obligations shall not be included as his liquid assets except where such assets are provided -
  - (a) as security to a dealer, an authorized financial institution or an approved bank formed or established outside Hong Kong, as the case may be, for credit facilities provided to the dealer or securities margin financier;

- (b) as security in a securities borrowing and lending in which the dealer is the borrower of securities or as margin deposited in respect of short selling by the dealer;
- (c) as margin deposited in respect of trading in futures or options contracts by the dealer;
- (d) to obtain a bank guarantee for the purpose of participating in the Fidelity

  Fund established under the Rules of the Unified Exchange by the dealer;
- (e) as security to, or as security to obtain a bank guarantee in favour of, the Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited for the purpose of meeting all the obligations of the dealer under its Rules (except those related to the Guarantee Fund);
- (f) as security to, or as security to obtain a bank guarantee in favour of, the SEHK Options Clearing House Limited for the purpose of meeting all the obligations of the dealer under its Rules (except those related to the Reserve Fund); or
- (g) as security to, or as security to obtain a bank guarantee in favour of, the HKFE Clearing Corporation Limited for the purpose of meeting all the obligations of the dealer under its Rules (except those related to the Reserve Fund).
- (4) All assets held in a currency that is subject to exchange control, or the proceeds of which upon realization or liquidation are not freely remittable to Hong Kong, shall be excluded from liquid assets unless the dealer or securities margin financier reasonably believes

that remittance approval can be obtained within 1 week of application for approval to make such remittance to Hong Kong.

#### 12. Cash in hand and at bank

The following items shall be included in the liquid assets of a dealer or securities margin financier provided he is the beneficial owner thereof and holds them directly in his own name -

- (a) cash in hand;
- (b) money which is held on account with an authorized financial institution or an approved bank formed or established outside Hong Kong, as follows -
  - (i) demand deposits;
  - (ii) time deposits which will mature in 6 months or less;
  - (iii) accrued interest on time deposits maturing in 3 months or less.

# 13. Amounts receivable from clients and securities margin financiers arising from securities transactions or the provision of securities margin financing

- (1) A dealer shall include in his liquid assets, amounts receivable from clients arising from securities transactions which are settled on a cash-against-delivery basis, which remain outstanding for not more than 5 business days from the settlement date.
- (2) In respect of amounts receivable from clients arising from securities transactions which are settled on a cash-against-delivery basis, and which remain outstanding for 6 or more business days but less than 1 month from the settlement date, a dealer shall include in his liquid assets, calculated on a transaction-by-transaction basis, the lower of -

- (a) the amounts receivable less any provision made for bad or doubtful debts; and
- (b) the market value of the securities purchased by or on behalf of the respective clients.
- (3) In respect of amounts receivable from clients arising from securities transactions which are settled on a free delivery basis, a dealer shall include in his liquid assets, calculated on a transaction-by-transaction basis -
  - (a) where the local clearing system settles only on a free delivery basis, such amounts receivable which remain outstanding for not more than 2 weeks from the settlement date; or
  - (b) in all other cases, such amounts receivable which are not yet due for settlement in accordance with the rules or regulations of the stock market in which the securities are traded.
- (4) A dealer or a securities margin financier shall include in his liquid assets amounts receivable from margin clients, calculated on a client-by-client basis, less the higher of -
  - (a) any provision for bad or doubtful debts; and
  - (b) the amount by which the amounts receivable from the respective margin clients, which are due for settlement according to the settlement date of the transactions from which such amounts receivable arise, exceeds the aggregate of -
    - (i) the proceeds receivable on behalf of the respective clients from sales of any securities provided by them as collateral which are not yet due for settlement

- according to the settlement date of such sales transactions;
- (ii) the market value of collateral provided by the respective clients other than securities which have been sold by or on behalf of the clients which are not yet due for settlement according to the settlement date of such sales transactions, less the applicable haircut amount and multiplied by the applicable concentration discounting factor;
- (iii) the amount of cash deposited as security by the respective clients; and
- (iv) in the case of a dealer, the maximum amount that can be drawn by him under a bank guarantee issued by an authorized financial institution or an approved bank formed or established outside Hong Kong.
- (5) Amounts receivable from a securities margin financier shall be included in the liquid assets of a dealer at the lower of -
  - (a) the amounts receivable less any provision made for bad or doubtful debts;
  - (b) the aggregate of -
    - (i) the amount of cash deposited as security by the securities margin financier;
    - (ii) the market value of any collateral provided by the securities margin financier less the applicable haircut amount; and

- (iii) the maximum amount that can be drawn by him under a bank guarantee issued by an authorized financial institution or an approved bank formed or established outside Hong Kong provided by the securities margin financier.
- (6) A dealer shall include in his liquid assets amounts receivable from a securities margin financier arising from purchases of securities by their common clients which are not yet due for settlement according to their settlement date.
- (7) Where a dealer subscribes for securities on behalf of clients, he shall include in his liquid assets, calculated on a transaction-by-transaction basis, the lower of -
  - (a) 90% of the total costs of subscribing for the securities; and
  - (b) the amounts receivable from the respective clients in respect of such subscription for securities.

# 14. Amounts receivable from counterparties, etc. arising from securities transactions or the provision of securities margin financing

- (1) Where a dealer sells securities on a cash-against-delivery basis to another dealer, whether that other dealer is registered in Hong Kong or registered or authorized by a regulatory body outside Hong Kong, he shall include in his liquid assets the amount receivable from that other dealer arising from such sales of securities -
  - (a) in the case of an amount receivable which remains outstanding for not more than 2 weeks from the settlement date, the full amount receivable; or

- (b) in the case of an amount receivable which remains outstanding for more than 2 weeks but less than 1 month from the settlement date, the lower of -
  - (i) the amount receivable, calculated on a transaction-by-transaction basis, less any provision made for bad or doubtful debts; and
  - (ii) the market value of the securities sold to that other dealer.
- (2) Where a dealer sells securities on a free delivery basis to another dealer, whether that other dealer is registered in Hong Kong or registered or authorized by a regulatory body outside Hong Kong, he shall include in his liquid assets the amounts receivable from that other dealer arising from such sales of securities calculated on a transaction-by-transaction basis -
  - (a) where the local clearing system only settles on a free delivery basis, such amounts receivable which remain outstanding for not more than 2 weeks from the settlement date; or
  - (b) in all other cases, such amounts receivable which are not yet due for settlement in accordance with the rules or regulations of the stock market in which the securities are traded.
- (3) A dealer shall include in his liquid assets amounts receivable from, and cash deposited with, the Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited, other than admission fees paid to it and contributions towards its Guarantee Fund.
- (4) A dealer shall include in his liquid assets amounts receivable from, and cash deposited with Euroclear or Centrale de Livraison de Valeurs Mobilieres (Cedel), other than, where applicable,

admission fees paid to it and cash deposited as security against the dealer's general obligations.

- (5) A securities margin financier shall include in his liquid assets the amounts receivable from a dealer, whether that dealer is registered in Hong Kong or registered or authorized by a regulatory body outside Hong Kong, arising from sales of securities transacted by their common clients through that dealer which are not yet due for settlement according to their settlement date.
- (6) A dealer shall include in his liquid assets cash held as margin by another dealer, whether that other dealer is registered in Hong Kong or registered or authorized by a regulatory body outside Hong Kong, by the Unified Exchange or a stock market specified in Part I of Schedule 5, or by a clearing house of such stock market or a clearing member of such clearing house, and any interest accrued thereon, in respect of short selling of securities by the dealer, whether on his own account or on behalf of his client, provided that the dealer has not yet delivered the securities to the counterparty for settlement.

#### 15. House positions - securities and other

#### investments

The following items shall be included in the liquid assets of a dealer provided he is the beneficial owner thereof -

- (a) subject to sections 5(10), (11), (13), (14) and (15) and 25, shares at market value less the applicable haircut amounts calculated by reference to the haircut percentages specified in either Part I or II, as he elects (there is no need to inform the Commission), and Part III, of Schedule 1;
- (b) the full amount of dividends receivable on shares listed on the Unified Exchange or a stock market

- specified in Schedule 5, provided such shares are traded on an ex-dividend basis;
- (c) qualifying debt securities at market value less the applicable haircut amounts;
- (d) special debt securities at market value less the applicable haircut amounts;
- (e) interest accrued on qualifying or special debt securities provided that such debt securities are traded on an ex-interest basis;
- (f) an amount paid in respect of subscription for shares, warrants, qualifying debt securities or special debt securities by a dealer on his own account less such amounts multiplied by 50% of the haircut percentages applicable to the shares, warrants, qualifying debt securities or special debt securities which are so subscribed for;
- (g) other securities at market value less the applicable haircut amounts; and
- (h) other investments at market value less the applicable haircut amounts.

#### 16. Futures and options trading

The following items shall be included in the liquid assets of a dealer -

(a) amounts receivable from, and cash deposited with, the SEHK Options

Clearing House Limited other than clients' monies deposited in a designated
account maintained with it by the dealer, admission fees paid to it and
contributions towards its Reserve Fund;

- (b) amounts receivable from, and cash deposited with, the HKFE Clearing Corporation Limited other than clients' monies deposited in a designated account maintained with it by the dealer, admission fees paid to it and contributions towards its Reserve Fund;
- (c) subject to paragraphs (a) and (b), where a dealer trades in futures or options contracts on his own account or on behalf of his clients, amounts receivable from, and cash deposited with, a futures dealer, futures or options clearing house or any of its clearing members in the ordinary course of trading in futures or options contracts, other than, where applicable, admission fees paid to it and cash deposited as security against the dealer's general obligations;
- (d) amounts receivable from a client in relation to a purchase of an option traded on the Unified Exchange, a stock market listed in Part I of Schedule 5 or a futures or options market listed in Schedule 6, calculated on a transaction-by-transaction basis, which remain outstanding for not more than 5 business days from the day of that purchase; and
- (e) subject to section 5(15), (19), (21) and (22), where a dealer purchases on his own account options traded on a futures or options market specified in Schedule 6 or, where applicable, the Unified Exchange or a stock market specified in Part I of Schedule 5 -
  - (i) in case such options are included in the calculation of net margin requirement with any other futures or options positions, any

net credit balance arising from that calculation that is maintained with a futures dealer, futures or options clearing house or any of its clearing members provided it has not already been included in liquid assets under paragraph (a), (b) or (c); or

(ii) in any other case, 60% of the market value of such options.

## 17. Securities borrowing and lending and repurchase

#### transactions

- (1) Where a dealer is the borrower of securities in a securities borrowing and lending, the amount receivable from the lender of such securities upon the dealer returning securities of the same description to the lender, comprising the cash provided by the dealer as security to the lender of such securities shall be included in his liquid assets provided the amount of such cash has not been included in his liquid assets.
- (2) Where a dealer is in the first instance the buyer of securities in a repurchase transaction, the amount receivable from the seller of those securities in the amount of the first purchase price of those securities shall be included in his liquid assets.

#### 18. Miscellaneous

The following items shall be included in the liquid assets of a dealer or securities margin financier provided he is the beneficial owner thereof and holds them directly in his own name -

 (a) fees, commissions, commission rebates and interest charges which have been accrued and will be first due for billing within 3 months and fees, commissions, commission rebates and interest charges which have been billed and remain outstanding for not more than 2 weeks after their billing date, provided that they arise from dealing in securities, trading in futures or options contracts, providing of securities margin financing, engaging in securities borrowing and lending, or the rendering of investment advice or commodity trading advice;

- (b) transfer deed stamps;
- (c) deposits paid to the Unified Exchange in accordance with the provisions of the Stamp Duty Ordinance (Cap. 117);
- (d) prepaid operating expenses where such expenses will be incurred within 3 months;
- (e) tax reserve certificates issued in accordance with the Tax Reserve Certificates Ordinance (Cap. 289); and
- (f) where a dealer is a party to an interest rate swap agreement, interest accrued under the agreement, other than any amount which remains outstanding after it is first due for payment.

#### **PART IV**

#### **RANKING LIABILITIES**

#### 19. Calculation of ranking liabilities

Subject to section 5, all liabilities and financial adjustments (to the extent that the dealer or securities margin financier did not otherwise make provision for such adjustments) of a dealer or securities margin financier described in, and calculated in accordance

with, sections 20 to 31, constitute ranking liabilities for the purposes of these Rules.

#### 20. Dealing in securities

- (1) A dealer shall include the following amounts in his ranking liabilities -
  - (a) amounts payable to clients arising from dealing in securities, except where they represent amounts payable to clients out of monies held by that dealer in a designated trust account in accordance with the Securities Ordinance (Cap. 333);
  - (b) amounts payable to a securities margin financier arising from sales of securities by their common clients; and
  - (c) amounts payable to counterparties and clearing houses arising from dealing in securities.
- (2) Subject to subsection (3), where a dealer sells securities on behalf of a client, and
  - (a) the client has been in default of his obligation to deliver the securities for more than 2 weeks from the settlement date; and
  - (b) the dealer has not settled the sale with securities purchased on his own account,

he shall include in his ranking liabilities the amount by which the market value of the securities exceeds the price at which the securities were sold.

(3) Where a dealer sells securities on behalf of a client, and the client has been in default of his obligation to deliver the securities for more than 5 business days from the settlement date, if -

- (a) the dealer has not settled the sale with securities purchased on his own account; and
- (b) the market value of the securities is more than 200% of the price at which they were sold,

he shall include in his ranking liabilities the amount by which the market value of the securities exceeds the price at which the securities were sold.

#### 21. Provision of securities margin financing

A dealer or securities margin financier shall include the following amounts in his ranking liabilities -

- (a) amounts payable to margin clients except where they represent amounts payable to clients out of monies held by that dealer or securities margin financier in a designated trust account in accordance with the Securities Ordinance (Cap. 333); and
- (b) amounts payable to counterparties arising from providing securities margin financing, including amounts payable to a dealer by a securities margin financier arising from purchases of securities by their common clients transacted through that dealer.

#### 22. Futures and options trading

- (1) A dealer shall include the following amounts in his ranking liabilities -
  - (a) amounts payable to clients arising from trading in futures or options contracts except where they represent amounts payable to clients out of monies held by that dealer in a designated trust account in accordance with the Securities Ordinance (Cap. 333) or

- a segregated account in accordance with the Commodities Trading Ordinance (Cap. 250) or a designated account maintained by the dealer with the HKFE Clearing Corporation Limited or the SEHK Options Clearing House Limited; and
- (b) amounts payable to counterparties and clearing houses arising from trading in futures or options contracts.
- (2) Subject to subsection (6), where a dealer, on behalf of another person, trades in futures contracts, sells or writes options or clears futures or options contracts, he shall include in his ranking liabilities any amount, to be calculated on an account by account basis, by which the amount of margin required to be deposited with him by that other person, adjusted by any floating profits made or floating losses incurred by that person, exceeds the aggregate of -
  - (a) the amount of cash deposited by that other person as security;
  - (b) the market value of collateral deposited with him by that other person less the applicable haircut amounts;
  - (c) the market value of other investments deposited with him as security by that other person less the applicable haircut amounts; and
  - (d) the maximum amount that can be drawn by the dealer under a bank guarantee provided by that person, provided the bank guarantee is issued by an authorized financial institution or an approved bank formed or established outside Hong Kong.
- (3) Subject to section 5(13), (16), (18), (20) and (23), where a dealer on his own account sells or writes options which are traded on a futures or options market specified in Schedule 6 or, where

applicable, the Unified Exchange or a stock market specified in Part I of Schedule 5, he shall include in his ranking liabilities the market value of any such options sold or written by him to the extent that such amount has not been included in the calculation of the amount of margin required to be deposited by him in respect of such options positions.

- (4) Subject to section 5(13), (14), (16), (17), (18) and (20) to (23), a dealer shall include in his ranking liabilities the amount of margin required to be deposited by him in respect of -
  - (a) futures contracts traded on his own account; and
- (b) options purchased or sold or written by him on his own account, which are traded on a futures or options market specified in Schedule 6 or, where applicable, the Unified Exchange or a stock market specified in Part I of Schedule 5.
- (5) Where a dealer on his own account sells or writes an option which is not traded on a futures or options market specified in Schedule 6, the Unified Exchange or a stock market specified in Part I of Schedule 5, he shall include in his ranking liabilities an amount equivalent to -
  - (a) twice the market value of the option sold or written by him; or
  - (b) where there is no market value, the higher of -
    - (i) twice the in-the-money amount of the option; and
    - (ii) twice the amount of margin required to be deposited by the dealer with the holder of the option or the agent who executes the trade for the dealer,

provided that in the case of a put option, the amount will be limited to the value of the underlying assets stated at the strike price of that option.

(6) No amount shall be included in the ranking liabilities of a dealer under subsection (2) during any period in which he is allowed under the rules, regulations or guidelines of the market in which the futures or options are traded to collect from a client margin required to be deposited by him.

#### 23. Concentration of margin clients

investments

A dealer or a securities margin financier shall include in his ranking liabilities the amount by which amount receivable from any margin client, or aggregated amounts receivable from any related margin clients, as calculated under section 13(4) exceeds 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from all margin clients, calculated in accordance with that subsection.

# 24. Short positions in securities and other

- (1) Subject to section 5(10), (11) and (19) and subsections (2) to (5), where a dealer holds on his own account a short position in securities or other investments by short selling or otherwise, he shall include in his ranking liabilities the market value of the short position.
- (2) Subject to section 5(9), (11), (17), (18) and (19) and subsections (3) to (5), where a dealer holds a short position in securities or other investments on his own account by short selling or otherwise, the amount to be included in his ranking liabilities under subsection (1) shall be increased by the applicable haircut amounts.

- (3) Subject to section 5(9), (11), (17), (18) and (19) and subsections (4) and (5), where a dealer holds a short position in securities or other investments on his own account by short selling or otherwise and where -
  - (a) they are not of a type described in section 15;
  - (b) they constitute more than 5% by market value of all securities, or of any class of securities, issued by a particular corporation; or
  - (c) they are shares or warrants which have been suspended from trading for 3 business days or more,

the amount to be included in his ranking liabilities under subsection (1) shall be increased by the market value of the securities or the other investments short sold.

- (4) Where a dealer issues non-collateralised call warrants on shares, to the extent that the dealer does not cover such warrants which are outstanding by holding the underlying shares, the amount to be included in his ranking liabilities under subsection (1) shall be increased by the amount by which the haircut amount which would be applicable to the shares underlying such warrants exceeds the number of shares underlying the warrants multiplied by the out-of-the-money amount of such warrants.
- (5) Where a dealer issues non-collateralised warrants on any assets other than shares, the amount to be included in his ranking liabilities under subsection (1) shall be increased by 30% of the market value of the assets which underlie such outstanding warrants.
- (6) Subject to subsection (7), where a dealer sells securities short on behalf of a client, he shall include in his ranking liabilities the amount by which the aggregate of the market value of the securities

sold short and the applicable haircut amount exceeds the aggregate of -

- (a) the amount of cash deposited by that client or withheld by the dealer as security;
- (b) the maximum amount that can be drawn by the dealer under a bank guarantee which is issued by an authorized financial institution or an approved bank formed or established outside Hong Kong provided by that client; and
- (c) the market value of any collateral deposited with the dealer by that client less the applicable haircut amount.
- (7) No financial adjustment shall be made to the ranking liabilities of a dealer under subsection (6) if -
  - (a) the client has delivered the securities to him; or
  - (b) the securities that were sold short are not yet due for settlement.

#### 25. Concentrated house positions

Where the net market value of a description of securities or other investments, or a group of related securities positions held by a dealer on his own account, calculated by netting item by item the long and the short positions in such securities, other investments or related securities positions, equals or exceeds 25% of his required liquid capital, the dealer shall include in his ranking liabilities such net market value multiplied by the percentage of net market value specified in Table A below -

#### TABLE A

Percentage of net market value in Percentage of net market value to be included required liquid capital in ranking liabilities

25% to 50% 5%

Over 50% 10%

# 26. Securities borrowing and lending and repurchase

#### transactions

- (1) Subject to section 5(9) and (16), where a dealer is the borrower of securities in a securities borrowing and lending, except where the lender is an approved securities borrowing and lending counterparty; or is the buyer of securities in a repurchase transaction, he shall include in his ranking liabilities the amount by which the amount of cash plus the market value of collateral provided by the dealer to the lender of the securities, less the applicable haircut amount; or the amount receivable from the seller of securities in the amount of the first purchase price, as the case may be, exceeds -
  - (a) where the securities borrowed or repurchased are -
    - (i) shares listed on the Unified Exchange or a stock market listed in Part I of Schedule 5; or
    - (ii) qualifying or special debt securities, 110% of their market value; or
  - (b) in any other case, 50% of the market value of the securities borrowed or repurchased.
- (2) Subject to subsection (3), where a dealer is the lender of securities in a securities borrowing and lending, except where the borrower is an approved securities borrowing and lending counterparty;

or is the seller of securities in a repurchase transaction, he shall include in his ranking liabilities the amount by which the market value of the securities lent or sold by the dealer, less the applicable haircut amount, exceeds the sum of -

- (a) the maximum amount that could be drawn by the dealer under a bank guarantee which is issued by an authorized financial institution or an approved bank formed or established outside Hong Kong provided by the borrower or the buyer;
- (b) the amount of cash deposited by the borrower as security, or the amount of sale proceeds received from the buyer, as the case may be;
- (c) the market value of collateral provided by the borrower or the buyer which is in the form of shares listed on the Unified Exchange or on a stock market listed in Part I of Schedule 5, or qualifying or special debt securities, less the applicable haircut amount; and
- (d) 50% of the market value of all other collateral provided to the dealer by the borrower or the buyer.
- (3) Where the securities lent, referred to in subsection (2), are clients' securities which a dealer can apply in a securities borrowing and lending without the provision of adequate collateral, cash deposited as security or bank guarantees, the market value of the securities lent to be included in the calculation of his ranking liabilities under subsection (2) shall be increased by -
  - (a) where such securities are of a type referred to in section 15, twice the applicable haircut amounts; or
  - (b) where such securities are not of a type referred to in section 15, the market value of such securities.

#### 27. Introduction of transactions

Where a dealer introduces transactions to another dealer or other dealers, as the case may be, whether that other dealer is, or those other dealers are, registered in Hong Kong or registered or authorized by a regulatory body outside Hong Kong, for execution or clearing on behalf of clients and does not account on his balance sheet for amounts receivable or payable arising in respect of those transactions, or subject such amounts receivable or payable to the deductions and financial adjustments as provided elsewhere in these Rules, and he may be subject to the recourse of the clients or that other dealer or those other dealers, as the case may be, except where there is an express agreement or a clear market practice to the contrary, he shall include in his ranking liabilities -

- (a) in the case of securities transactions, the aggregate of -
  - (i) the amount of any outstanding claim made by the clients or the dealer or dealers to whom transactions have been introduced; and
  - (ii) 5% of the amount by which the sum of the dealer's total liabilities and the total value of the consideration, computed on a gross basis, of transactions so introduced, other than transactions in respect of which a claim has been made under subparagraph (i), and which have not been fully settled by the clients or that other dealer or those other dealers exceeds \$60,000,000;
- (b) in the case of futures or options transactions, the aggregate of -

- (i) the amount of any outstanding claim made by the clients or the dealer or dealers to whom transactions have been introduced; and
- (ii) 5% of the amount by which the sum of the dealer's total liabilities and the aggregate of initial margin requirements, or the amount of margin required to be deposited, in respect of the futures or options transactions so introduced, other than transactions in respect of which a claim has been made under subparagraph (i), and which have not been fully paid by the clients exceeds \$60,000,000.

#### 28. Underwriting and sub-underwriting commitments

- (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), where a dealer underwrites or sub-underwrites an issue or a sale of securities he shall include in his ranking liabilities -
  - (a) in the case of a rights issue -
    - (i) if the market value of the securities is less than or equal to their subscription price, the aggregate of -
      - (A) 50% of the applicable haircut percentage multiplied by the net underwriting commitment; and
      - (B) the amount by which the net underwriting commitment exceeds the market value of the securities; or
    - (ii) if the market value of the securities is greater than their subscription price, 5% of

- the applicable haircut percentage multiplied by the net underwriting commitment; or
- (b) in other cases, 50% of the applicable haircut percentage multiplied by the net underwriting commitment.
- (2) A dealer is considered to take up an underwriting or a sub-underwriting commitment when -
  - (a) he has committed himself to underwrite or sub-underwrite the securities; or
  - (b) the lead underwriter, or co-lead underwriter, has signed the underwriting agreement with the issuer, whichever is the later.
- (3) A dealer is not required to make any financial adjustments in respect of an underwriting or a sub-underwriting commitment on the day it is taken up or on the subsequent business day.

#### 29. Off-exchange derivative products

- (1) A dealer shall include floating losses in relation to positions in off-exchange derivative products in his ranking liabilities and where the dealer has entered into a bilateral netting agreement with the counterparty with whom he maintains these positions, the amount of floating losses so included shall be reduced by any floating profits in relation to positions in other off-exchange derivative products maintained with that counterparty provided that all the above-mentioned positions are covered by that netting agreement.
- (2) Where a dealer is a party to an interest rate swap agreement, he shall include in his ranking liabilities the notional amount under

the agreement multiplied by the applicable percentage specified in Part I of Schedule 4.

(3) Where a dealer is a party to a foreign exchange agreement, he shall include in his ranking liabilities the principal amount multiplied by the applicable percentage specified in Part II of Schedule 4.

#### **30.** Other liabilities

- (1) Subject to subsection (2), a dealer or a securities margin financier shall include all other liabilities in his ranking liabilities, including -
  - (a) overdrafts and loans from authorized financial institutions or banks formed or established outside Hong Kong and interest accrued thereon;
  - (b) accrued expenses;
  - (c) the amount by which any tax payable exceeds prepaid tax, provided that such tax is of the same kind and levied by the same taxation authority;
  - (d) other tax payable; and
  - (e) provision made for contingent liabilities or floating losses.
- (2) The following liabilities of a dealer or securities margin financier shall not be included in his ranking liabilities -
  - (a) any liability that is not required to be settled within 12 months and is secured by a first legal charge on real estate property beneficially owned by him which is used in the business for which he is registered, to the extent of the net realizable value of such property; and
  - (b) any approved subordinated loan.

#### 31. Miscellaneous financial adjustments

- (1) A dealer or securities margin financier shall include in his ranking liabilities -
  - (a) 10% of the amount of any guarantee, indemnity or any other similar financial commitment provided by him, directly or indirectly (including the pledging of assets for the purpose of obtaining a bank guarantee), other than the following -
    - (i) any guarantee provided to the Hong Kong Securities Clearing
       Company Limited for the purpose of meeting his obligations under
       its Rules (except those related to the Guarantee Fund);
    - (ii) any guarantee provided to the SEHK Options Clearing House

      Limited for the purpose of meeting his obligations under its Rules

      (except those related to the Reserve Fund);
    - (iii) any guarantee provided to the HKFE Clearing Corporation Limited for the purpose of meeting his obligations under its Rules (except those related to the Reserve Fund); or
    - (iv) any guarantee, indemnity or financial commitment provided in respect of his own liabilities and obligations;
  - (b) any amount by which the total liabilities of any subsidiary of a dealer which is a corporation or of a securities margin financier, other than any amounts due

from the subsidiary to the dealer or the securities margin financier, exceed the assets of the subsidiary;

- (c) the consideration at which redeemable shares other than any approved redeemable shares have been issued by him but not redeemed;
- (d) subject to subsection (2), 5% of the difference between -
  - (i) the aggregate of the value of assets held by the dealer or securities margin financier which are denominated in a foreign currency and the amount of the same foreign currency which he is obliged to purchase under any foreign exchange agreement; and
  - (ii) the aggregate of his liabilities which are denominated in that foreign currency and the amount of that foreign currency which he is obliged to sell under any foreign exchange agreement;
- (e) where a dealer is a guarantor to a note issuance facility, the total costs of purchasing short-term notes which he undertakes to purchase if unsold, multiplied by the percentage specified in Table B below -

#### TABLE B

Remaining term of the note issuance Percentage facility

Less than 1 year 1%

1 year to less than 5 years

2.5%

5 years or more

5%

(2) A dealer or securities margin financier may elect (there is no need to inform the Commission) to include the value of any assets which are not otherwise included in his liquid assets in computing the aggregate of the value of assets as required for the purpose of subsection (1) (d) (i) or to exclude the same therefrom.

#### PART V

#### RETURNS AND NOTIFICATIONS TO COMMISSION

# 32. Registered persons to notify Commission of changes in accounting policies

- (1) Subject to subsection (2), where a registered person alters any of his accounting policies and the alteration may have a material effect on his liquid capital, required liquid capital or net tangible assets, as the case may be, he shall notify the Commission in writing in advance of the alteration and of the reasons for the alteration.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to any alteration of accounting policies made pursuant to a requirement of the Statements of Standard Accounting Practice issued by the Council of the Hong Kong Society of Accountants.

# **33.** Dealers or securities margin financiers to notify Commission of changes in circumstances

- (1) A dealer or securities margin financier shall immediately notify the Commission in writing whenever -
  - (a) his liquid capital, at the date of first obtaining his registration, is below 120% of his required liquid capital, or subsequently falls below 120% of his

- required liquid capital;
- (b) his liquid capital falls below his required liquid capital;
- (c) his liquid capital would have fallen below his required liquid capital if not for the approved stand-by subordinated loan facility;
- (d) the capital account of the sole proprietorship or the partnership, as the case may be, falls below the capital requirement;
- (e) his liquid capital falls below 50% of the amount stated in his latest return lodged with the Commission, the Unified Exchange or the Commodity Exchange;
- (f) the information stated in any of his previous returns lodged with the Commission, the Unified Exchange or the Commodity Exchange, has become misleading in a material respect;
- (g) aggregate amounts drawn down on bank loans, advances or other credit facilities exceed the total limits of such facilities;
- (h) he has been or will be unable to meet in whole or in part calls or demands for payment or repayment, as the case may be, from any of his lenders or credit providers for 3 consecutive business days; or
- (i) any of his lenders or credit providers has exercised, or has informed him that it will exercise, its right to liquidate security provided by the dealer or securities margin financier in order to reduce the outstanding loan, advance or other credit facility balance,

together with the reasons for the change in the circumstances and details of the steps which he is taking, or has taken, to remedy or prevent a liquid capital deficiency or to improve his liquidity.

- (2) Where a securities dealer who provides securities margin financing or a securities margin financier has reason to believe that a financial adjustment is to be, or has been, made under section 23, or that the concentration discounting factor of any stock or warrant received from his margin clients as collateral falls below 1, he shall immediately notify the Commission in writing.
- (3) Where a dealer has, prior to the enactment of these Rules, taken on or entered into any off-balance sheet exposure which is not captured by Part IV, save for section 29(1), he shall immediately notify the Commission in writing of the details of such exposure.
- (4) Where a dealer intends to take on or enter into any off-balance sheet exposure which is not captured by Part IV, save for section 29(1), he shall notify the Commission in writing of the details of the intended exposure 10 business days in advance of his taking on or entering into such exposure.
- (5) Where a dealer or securities margin financier becomes aware of any of the following, he shall immediately notify the Commission in writing -
  - (a) the aggregate of the maximum amounts that can be drawn against him under guarantees, indemnities and other similar financial commitments provided by him, where -
    - (i) the aggregate amount exceeds \$5,000,000; or
    - (ii) the deduction of the aggregate amount from his liquid capital will cause it to fall below 120% of his required liquid capital;

- (b) total outstanding claims made in writing by or against him where -
  - (i) the total amounts claimed or disputed are likely to exceed \$5,000,000; or
  - (ii) the deduction of the total amounts claimed or disputed from his liquid capital will cause it to fall below 120% of his required capital;
- (c) any claim made by him against any professional indemnity or any other insurance policy required under the provisions of the Securities Ordinance (Cap. 333), or rules or regulations of an exchange or clearing house to which he is subject; or
- (d) any financial commitment, including a guarantee, provided for or on behalf of a dealer by the holding company or a subsidiary of the dealer in favour of an exchange or clearing house.

#### 34. Advisers to notify Commission of

### changes in circumstances

An adviser shall immediately notify the Commission in writing whenever his net tangible assets fall below \$500,000 together with the reasons for the change in the circumstances and details of the steps which he is taking, or has taken, to rectify the deficiency.

### 35. Dealers or securities margin financiers to lodge monthly

#### returns

(1) Subject to subsection (3) a dealer or securities margin financier shall in respect of the end of each calendar month prepare, and cause to be lodged with the Commission not later than 3 weeks after the end of the calendar month, a liquid capital computation containing

the particulars set out in Schedule 7 and, in addition, such further schedules as may be required by the Commission from time to time, together with the following returns -

- (a) a summary of bank loans, advances or other credit facilities available to him,containing the particulars set out in Schedule 8;
- (b) an analysis of margin clients containing the particulars set out in Schedule 9;
- (c) an analysis of collateral received from margin clients containing the particulars set out in Schedule 10; and
- (d) a report on his proprietary derivative positions in the form prescribed in Schedule 11,

or, where a nil return would be made or an analysis would not be applicable, a statement to that effect.

- (2) The monthly returns referred to in subsection (1) may be submitted on a floppy disk or other electronic medium as may be prescribed by the Commission from time to time.
- (3) The monthly returns referred to in subsection (1) shall not be submitted by a dealer who is a trading member of the Unified Exchange or a member of the Commodity Exchange unless the Commission in writing requires otherwise.

#### 36. Registered persons to provide information

Registered persons shall respond, within the time specified therein, to a request for information made in writing by the Commission from time to time. Such request may be issued to selected registered persons, a specific class of registered persons or all registered persons, where the Commission considers that the provision of the

information requested may assist in assessing the financial resources of registered persons.

#### PART VI

#### **MISCELLANEOUS**

#### 37. Publication of approvals

- (1) Where the Commission approves, whether or not such approval is subject to conditions, any bank formed or established outside Hong Kong, credit rating agency or securities borrowing and lending counterparty, it shall cause to be published notice thereof, in the Chinese and English languages at such time and in such manner as it thinks fit.
- (2) Where the Commission grants approval to a credit rating agency pursuant to subsection (1), it may at any time specify the appropriate tier in Table 1, Part I of Schedule 2 into which issues rated at or above a specified grade by such credit rating agency, shall fall.
- (3) The Commission may at any time revoke or amend an approval referred to in subsection (1), and where it revokes or amends any such approval, it shall cause to be published notice thereof in the Chinese and English languages at such time and in such manner as it thinks fit.
- (4) The Commission may at any time, as it thinks fit, revoke, amend or supplement any condition attached to an approval referred to in subsection (1).

#### 38. Repeal

The Financial Resources Rules (Cap. 24 sub. leg.) are repealed.

#### SCHEDULE 1

[ss. 2 & 15]

#### HAIRCUT PERCENTAGES FOR SHARES

PART I HK, US, UK AND JAPANESE SHARES (WITH DIFFERENTIATION)

Item	Description	Haircut %
1	Shares which are listed on the Unified Exchange	
	(a) being a constituent of the Hang Seng Index	15
	(b) being a constituent of the Hang Seng 100 Index	20
	(c) being any other share	30
2	Shares which are listed on a stock market in the US, UK or Japan*	
	(a) being a constituent of the FTSE-100 Index, Nikkei 500 Index or Standard & Poor's 500 Index	15
	(b) being any other share	20

PART II
HK, US, UK AND JAPANESE SHARES (WITHOUT DIFFERENTIATION)

Item	Description	Haircut %
1	Shares which are listed on the Unified Exchange	30
2	Shares which are listed on a stock market in the US, UK or Japan*	20

<sup>\*</sup> Being a stock market specified in schedule 5

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# PART III OTHER SHARES

Item	Description	Haircut %
1.	Shares listed on a stock market specified in Part I of Schedule 5 other than a stock market in the US, UK or Japan	20
2.	Shares listed on a stock market specified in Part II of Schedule 5	30
3.	Shares traded on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automatic Quotations - National Market System, the Japanese Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotations or Stock Exchange Automated Quotations International (SEAQ International)	30
4.	Shares listed on any other stock market which is a FIBV member	50
5.	All other listed shares	75
	SCHEDULE 2	[ss. 2 & 37]

# HAIRCUT PERCENTAGES FOR QUALIFYING AND SPECIAL DEBT SECURITIES

#### PART I

## HAIRCUT PERCENTAGES FOR QUALIFYING DEBT SECURITIES

A dealer or securities margin financier shall apply to qualifying debt securities the aggregate of the haircut percentages specified in Tables 1 and 2 below -

## TABLE 1 - "Issuer"

	Tiers	Haircut %
Tier 1		0
where the issuer or guarante	or -	
(i) is the central gove of China;	rernment or central bank in the People's Republic	
(ii) is the Governme Region;	ent of the Hong Kong Special Administrative	
(iii) is the Hong Kong	g Exchange Fund;	
(iv) has an issue or Services at Aaa o	r issues currently rated by Moody's Investors or Prime-1; or	
(v) has an issue or Corporation at AA	issues currently rated by Standard & Poor's AA or A-1	
Tier 2		2
to the extent not already co	vered in Tier 1	
(a) in the case where the is	ssuer or guarantor	
Services at A  (ii) has an issue	e or issues currently rated by Moody's Investors Aa, A or Prime-2; e or issues currently rated by Standard & Poor's at AA, A or A-2; or	
(b) in the case where the is	ssuer is the Hong Kong Mortgage Corporation; or	
(c) in the case of debt secu	urities listed on the Unified Exchange	
Tier 3		5
to the extent not already cov	vered in Tier 1 or	
in the case where the issuer	:-	
(i) has an issue or Services at Baa or	r issues currently rated by Moody's Investors or Prime-3; or	
(ii) has an issue or Corporation at BI	issues currently rated by Standard & Poor's BB or A-3	

## TABLE 2 - "Maturity"

## Fixed coupon bonds/ normal floating rate bonds

Remaining term to maturity	Haircut %	Any other bonds Haircut %
(a) less than 6 months	1	1
(b) 6 months to less than 3 years	3	3
(c) 3 years to less than 5 years	4	5
(d) 5 years to less than 10 years	7	10
(e) 10 years or more	10	22

#### PART II

## HAIRCUT PERCENTAGES FOR SPECIAL DEBT SECURITIES

A dealer or securities margin financier shall apply the following haircut percentages to special debt securities -

Description	Haircut %
(a) indexed bonds	same as that applicable to the underlying assets
(b) convertible debt securities or bonds with non-detachable warrants -	
(i) where their market value is more than their par or nominal value	same as that applicable to the underlying securities

(ii)	where	their	ma	arket
	value is	equal	to, or	less
	than,	their	par	or
	nomina	l value		

same as would be applicable to the qualifying debt securities with the same issuer and remaining term to maturity

(c) non-interest bearing debt securities

105% of haircut percentage which would be applicable to the qualifying debt securities of the same issuer and remaining term to maturity

### SCHEDULE 3 [s. 2]

### HAIRCUT PERCENTAGES FOR OTHER SECURITIES AND INVESTMENTS

	Types of investments	Haircut %
Oth	er securities	
(a)	warrants that are listed on the Unified Exchange or on a stock market specified in Part I of Schedule 5	40
(b)	units in any unit trust, and shares in any mutual fund corporation, which is authorized under section 15 (1) of the Securities Ordinance (Cap. 333) or specified in the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds published by the Commission -	
	(i) warrant funds, futures or options funds or leveraged funds referred to in that Code	40
	(ii) other funds	20
Oth	er investments	
(a)	gold coin and gold bullion or investments which are specified as investment arrangements under the Protection of Investors (Gold Purchase) Order (Cap. 335 sub. leg.) and are authorized by the Commission under section 4 (2) (g) of the Protection of Investors Ordinance (Cap. 335)	10
(b)	physical commodities of a quantity, quality and condition suitable for delivery under a futures or options contract traded on a futures or options market specified in Schedule 6	40

5%

### SCHEDULE 4 [s. 29]

### FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

### PART I

## INTEREST RATE SWAP AGREEMENTS

Remaining term to maturity	Percentage		
(a) Less than 3 months	0%		
(b) 3 months to less than 1 year	0.05%		
(c) 1 year to less than 2 years	0.1%		
(d) Each additional year	0.1%		
PART II			
FOREIGN EXCHANGE AGREEMENTS			
Item Counterparty	Percentage		
1. Authorized financial institution or approved bank formed or established outside Hong Kong, with remaining term to maturity of -			
(a) less than 3 business days	0%		
(b) 3 business days to less than 1 year	0.2%		
(c) 1 year or more	0.5% plus 0.3% for each additional full year in excess of 1 year, with maximum up to 5%		
2. Other person, with remaining term to maturity of -			
(a) less than 3 business days	0%		

(b) 3 business days or more

#### SCHEDULE 5

[ss, 2, 15, 16, 22 & 26 & Schs. 1 & 3]

#### STOCK MARKETS

#### PART I

American Stock Exchange

Amsterdam Exchange NV

Australian Stock Exchange

**Brussels Stock Exchange** 

Copenhagen Stock Exchange

Deutsche Borse AG (German Stock Exchange)

Helsinki Stock Exchange

Italian Stock Exchange

Korea Stock Exchange

London Stock Exchange

Luxembourg Stock Exchange

Madrid Stock Exchange

The Montreal Exchange (Bourse de Montreal)

Nagoya Stock Exchange

New York Stock Exchange

New Zealand Stock Exchange

Osaka Securities Exchange

Oslo Stock Exchange

Paris Bourse

Stockholm Stock Exchange

Swiss Stock Exchange

Tokyo Stock Exchange

Toronto Stock Exchange

Vienna Stock Exchange

#### **PART II**

Kuala Lumpur Stock Exchange Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. Stock Exchange of Singapore The Stock Exchange of Thailand

SCHEDULE 6

[ss. 2, 16 & 22 &

Sch. 3]

#### **FUTURES AND OPTIONS MARKETS**

Amsterdam Exchange NV

Australian Options Market

Chicago Board of Options Exchange

Chicago Board of Trade

Chicago Mercantile Exchange

Commodity Exchange, Inc. (New York)

DTB Deutsche Terminborse

Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited

London International Financial Futures Exchange

London Metal Exchange

Marche a Terme International de France

Marche des Options Negociables de Paris

New York Cotton Exchange, Inc.

New York Futures Exchange

New York Mercantile Exchange

New Zealand Futures and Options Exchange

Osaka Securities Exchange

Philadelphia Stock Exchange
Singapore International Monetary Exchange
Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
Stockholm Options Market
Swiss Options and Financial Futures Exchange AG
Sydney Futures Exchange, Ltd
Tokyo Grain Exchange
Tokyo International Financial Futures Exchange
Tokyo Stock Exchange
Toronto Futures Exchange

### SCHEDULE 7 [s. 35]

## LIQUID CAPITAL COMPUTATION

### SECURITIES AND FUTURES COMMISSION ORDINANCE

(Chapter 24)

### FINANCIAL RESOURCES RULES

Liq	uid Capital Computation for dealers or securities r	margin financiers
(1)	Name of registrant	
(2)	Business name (if different from item (1))	
(3)	Reporting date	
(4)	Status of registrant (tick where appropriate)	
	Securities dealer (trading as a sole proprieto	or) ( )

Securities dealer (trading as a partnership)	(	)
Securities dealer (trading as a corporation)	(	)
Securities dealer who is a trader	(	)
Securities dealer who has satisfied the	(	)
Commission that he is an introducing broker	(	)
Futures dealer	(	)
Futures dealer who is a futures non-clearing dealer	(	)
Futures dealer who is a trader	(	)
Futures dealer who has satisfied the Commission that he is an	(	)
introducing broker		
Securities margin financier	(	)

Note: In this form, references to sections/subsections are to sections/subsections of the Financial Resources Rules (L.N. of 1999) made under section 28 of the Securities and Futures Commission Ordinance (Cap. 24), and are made for the purpose of identifying the amounts to be included in the liquid capital computation.

		section ref.	Amounts in	cluded in
Item	ASSETS		Liquid Capital	Balance
Ittili	ABBLIB		Computation	Sheet
			(HK\$' 000)	(HK\$' 000)
5	Cash in hand and at bank	12		
6	Amounts receivable from	13 (4)		
	margin clients	10 (=)		
7	Amounts receivable from	13 (7)		
	clients for subscription of			
0	securities	12 (1) (2)		
8	Other amounts receivable from	13 (1) to (3)		
	clients arising from	& (6)		
9	dealing in securities  Amounts receivable from	13 (5)		
9	securities margin	13 (3)		
	financiers			
10	House positions in securities	15		
10	and other investments			
11	House positions in exchange	16 (e)		
	traded options			
12	Amounts receivable from	16 (d)		
	clients arising from trading	, ,		
	in futures or options			
	contracts			
13	Amounts receivable from other	14 (1), (2) &		
	dealers	(5)		
14	Amounts receivable from future	16 (c)		
	dealers, clearing			
	houses/clearing members			
	arising from trading in			
15	futures or options contracts Amounts receivable from			
13	- HKSCC	14 (3)		
	- SEOCH	14 (3) 16 (a)		
	- HKFECC	16 (a) 16 (b)		
	- Euroclear and Cedel	14 (4)		
16	Other assets	14 (6), 17 &		
	Care abbets	18		
17	TOTAL LIQUID ASSETS			
	(aggregate of amounts in			
	items 5 to 16)			
18	Fixed assets			
19	TOTAL ASSETS (aggregate of			
	amounts in items 5 to 16 &			
	18)			

		section ref.	Amounts included in			
Item	LIABILITIES AND		Liquid Capital	Balance		
Item	FINANCIAL ADJUSTMENTS		Computation	Sheet		
			(HK\$' 000)	(HK\$' 000)		
20	Short position in securities and other investments	24 (1)				
21	Amounts payable to clients	20 (1) to (3),				
	arising from dealing in securities or trading in futures or options contracts	22 (1) (a)				
22	Amounts payable arising from provision of securities margin financing	21				
23	Amounts payable to clearing					
	houses - HKSCC - SEOCH - HKFECC - other clearing houses	20 (1) (c) 22 (1) (b) 22 (1) (b) 20 (1) (c), 22 (1) (b)				
24	Amounts payable to other dealers from dealing in securities	20 (1) (c)				
25	Amounts payable to other dealers from trading in futures or options contracts	22 (1) (b)				
26	Accruals, amounts payable, bank loans & overdrafts and other liabilities other than approved subordinated loans	30 (1) (a) to (d)				
27	Provision for contingent liabilities and floating losses	30 (1) (e)				
28	Approved subordinated loans	30 (2) (b)				
29	Financial adjustments and provisions relating to - short selling of securities on behalf of clients	24 (6)				
	- futures & options contracts	22 (2) to (5)				
	- concentration of margin clients	23				
	<ul><li>short positions</li><li>concentrated house position</li></ul>	24 (2) to (5) 25				

		section ref.	Amounts in	icluded in
	LIABILITIES AND	beetion iei.	Liquid Capital	Balance
Item	FINANCIAL ADJUSTMENTS		Computation	Sheet
			(HK\$' 000)	(HK\$' 000)
	- securities borrowing and	26	(1114) 000)	(2224 300)
	lending and repurchase			
	transactions			
	- introduction of	27		
	transactions			
	-	28		
	underwriting/sub-under			
	writing commitments			
	- off-exchange derivative	29		
	products			
	- guarantee and other	31 (1) (a)		
	financial commitments			
	- foreign exchange	31 (1) (d)		
	- miscellaneous	31 (1) (b) &		
		(e)		
30	TOTAL LIABILITIES			
	(aggregate of amounts in			
21	items 20 to 28)	21 (1) (-)		
31 32	Redeemable shares	31 (1) (c)		
32	TOTAL RANKING LIABILITIES (aggregate			
	LIABILITIES (aggregate of amounts in items 20 to			
	29 & 31)			
33	LIQUID CAPITAL (amount in			
	item 17 less amount in			
	item 32)			
34	REQUIRED LIQUID	6		
	CAPITAL			
35	EXCESS/DEFICIENCY IN			
	LIQUID CAPITAL			
	(amount in item 33 less			
	amount in item 34)			
36	SHAREHOLDERS'/PROPRIE			
	TOR'S/PARTNERSHIP'S			
	FUNDS			

I certify that the foregoing information and the information in any attachments to this computation is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature:

Name in block letters:

Capacity: sole proprietor/general partner/dealing director/ director who is registered as

a dealer/director of securities margin financier who is approved under

section 121I of the Securities Ordinance (Cap. 333)\*

Date:

\* Delete where inappropriate.

SCHEDULE 8 [S. 35]

#### BANK FACILITY SUMMARY

Name of	Credit limit	Outstanding	Type of	Market value	Acceptable
financial		balance	security	of security	discounted
institution			provided	provided	value of
					security
					provided
	(HK\$'000)	(HK\$'000)		(HK\$'000)	(HK\$'000)
	Note 1		Note 2	Note 3	Note 4

Note 1: Indicating which facility is a term loan and its maturity date.

Note 2: Where security is not provided by the dealer or the securities margin financier, specifying the name of the provider and its relationship with the dealer or the securities margin financier.

Note 3: Suspended stocks to be stated at nil value.

Note 4: Being the amount of credit which the financial institution is prepared to extend against the security provided.

SCHEDULE 9 [s. 35]

### MARGIN CLIENT ANALYSIS

### TABLE 1 BY UNADJUSTED BALANCE (\*)

## Top 20 margin clients with the largest loan balances as of reporting date

				Top 3 collateral stock (**)								
	Ranking	A/C Loan Balance anking HK\$'000	Collateral Market Value HK\$'000	Stock 1			Stock 2			Stock 3		
Name of client				Name	Code	Market Value HK\$'000	Name	Code	Market Value HK\$'000	Name	Code	Market Value HK\$'000
	1											
	2											
	3											
	4											
	5											
	6											
	7											
	8											
	9											
	10											
	11											
	12											
	13											
	14											
	15											
	16											
	17											
	18											
	19											

	20					
Sub-total						
Others						
Total						

- (\*) Unadjusted balance means the loan balance receivable from each margin client after deducting any specific provision for bad or doubtful debts
- (\*\*) The largest 3 stock holdings within the collateral provided by each client

# TABLE 2 BY ADJUSTED BALANCE (\*)

Top 20 margin clients with the largest adjusted balance as of reporting date

Name of client (**)	Ranking	Adjusted Balance
	1	HK\$'000
	2	
	3	
	4	
	5	
	6	
	7	
	8	
	9	
	10	
	11	
	12	
	13	
	14	
	15	
	16	
	17	
	18	
	19	
	20	
Sub-total		
Others		
Total		

- (\*) Adjusted balance is the amount of loan balance which can be included in liquid assets before deducting any adjustment for concentration of clients
- (\*\*) To classify into groups of related margin clients, naming each related client

### SCHEDULE 10

## [s. 35]

### ANALYSIS OF COLLATERAL

Name of Collateral (*)	Ranking (**)	Concentration Discounting Factor	Total MV (HK\$'000)
	1	Č	,
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	8		
	9		
	10		
Sub-total			
Other collateral value			
Total collateral value			

- (\*) To classify into groups of related securities specifying each component stock and warrant issue
- (\*\*) Starting from the highest market value of the securities or group of related securities

SCHEDULE 11 [s. 35]

### REPORT ON PROPRIETARY DERIVATIVE POSITIONS

# TABLE 1 PROPRIETARY DERIVATIVE TRADING ACTIVITIES (Note 1)

# Notional amounts by underlying exposures as of reporting date $(HK\$^{\prime}000)$

Notional amounts (Note 2)	Equity contracts (Note 3)	Interest rate contracts	Foreign exchange contracts (Note 4)	Precious metals contracts	Other commodity contracts	Total
OTC contracts						
Forwards						
Swaps						
Purchased options						
Written options						
Others (please specify)						
Total OTC contracts						
Exchange-traded contracts						
Futures-long positions						
Futures-short positions						
Purchased options						
Written options						
Others (please specify)						
Total exchange-traded contracts						
Total OTC and exchange-traded contracts						

- **Note 1**: Please describe the nature of the registered person's proprietary derivative trading activities under each broad category of risk (i.e. equity, interest rate etc.) on a separate sheet of paper. In such description a registered person should provide information to cover, at least, the following issues -
  - (i) the nature of different trading strategies and the objectives of the trading positions/portfolios. (For instance, for equities, whether equity derivative trading is related to arbitrage or the hedging of derivative warrants or equity swaps; the types of derivative instruments used and details of other positions involved in the strategies)
  - (ii) the major sources of income derived from the derivative activities. (For instance, trading profits/losses, commissions, other fees etc.)
  - (iii) the future plan for the derivatives business under each broad category of risk.
- **Note 2**: Notional amounts are gross notional amounts.
- **Note 3**: For the purpose of the Schedule, derivative warrants listed on an exchange are classified as OTC equity options and convertible bonds are classified as OTC equity derivatives.
- Note 4: This does not include spot foreign exchange contracts. For spot foreign exchange contracts, please state the contract sum here: HK\$\_\_\_\_

## TABLE 2 PROPRIETARY DERIVATIVE TRADING ACTIVITIES

## Market values and unrealized values as of reporting date (HK\$'000)

Market values (Note 1)	<b>Equity contracts</b>	Interest rate contracts	Foreign exchange contracts (Note 2)	Precious metals contracts	Other commodity contracts	Total
OTC contracts						
(a) Gross positive market value ( <b>Note 3</b> )						
(b) Gross negative market value						
Unrealized values	<b>Equity contracts</b>	Interest rate contracts	Foreign exchange contracts	Precious metals contracts	Other commodity contracts	Total
Exchange-traded contracts						
(c) Gross unrealized gains						
(d) Gross unrealized losses		·				

- **Note 1**: The market value of an OTC derivative contract is the amount at which a contract could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. If a quoted market price is not available, the registered person's best estimate of market value could be used, based on the quoted market price of a similar contract or on its valuation techniques (i.e. fair value).
- Note 2: This does not include spot foreign exchange contracts. For spot foreign exchange contracts, please state the market values here
  - Gross positive market value HK\$
     Gross negative market value HK\$
- **Note 3**: Gross positive market value represents the loss that a registered person would incur in the event of a counterparty default, as measured by the cost of replacing the contract at current market prices or rates. For instance, for OTC forward and swap contracts, positive market value means the unrealized gain calculated on the valuation date. For OTC options contracts, positive market value is the market price or fair value of the option times the number of **long** options contracts. (This measure does not take into account any reduction in credit exposure that would occur under legally enforceable netting arrangements.)

# TABLE 3 PROPRIETARY DERIVATIVE TRADING ACTIVITIES

# OTC derivative contracts' notional amounts by time intervals as of reporting date (HK\$'000)

Noti	tional amounts by OTC contracts (Note 1)	1 year or less	Over 1 year through 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
(a) Equ	uity contracts				
(b) Inte	erest rate contracts				
(c) Fore	reign exchange contracts (Note 2)				
(d) Pred	cious metals contracts				
(e) Oth	ner commodity contracts				

**Note 1**: The information in this table is based on the remaining maturity of the derivative instrument and notional amounts are gross notional amounts.

**Note 2**: This does not include spot foreign exchange contracts.

## TABLE 4 PROPRIETARY DERIVATIVE TRADING ACTIVITIES

# Information on credit quality of OTC derivative contracts as of reporting date (HK\$'000)

Counterparty credit	Exposure before collateral and guarantees				Credit equivalent amount after
quality (Note 1)	<u> </u>	Current credit exposure	Collateral	Guarantees	collateral and guarantees
quanty (110te 1)	value	(Note 2)			conditional and guarantees
1					
2					
3					
Total					

Note 1: Counterparty credit quality categories are defined as follows -

- a) Category 1 identifies counterparties currently rated AA and above by Standard & Poor's Corporation or equivalent ratings
- b) Category 2 identifies counterparties currently rated BBB and above and below AA by Standard & Poor's Corporation or equivalent ratings.
- c) Category 3 identifies counterparties currently rated below BBB by Standard & Poor's Corporation or equivalent ratings.

When basing the above categories on ratings, a registered person's equivalent internal credit grade ranking may be used when investment ratings are not available.

Note 2: Current credit exposure is the market value of a contract when that value is positive after taking into consideration the effects of applicable legally enforceable bilateral netting agreements. Current credit exposure should be derived as follows: determine whether a legally enforceable bilateral netting agreement is in place between the registered person and a counterparty. If such an agreement is in place, the market values of all applicable contracts with that counterparty that are included in the netting agreement are netted to a single amount. Next, for all other contracts that have positive market values, the total of the positive market values is determined. Then, current credit exposure is the sum of (i) the net positive market values of applicable contracts subject to legally enforceable bilateral netting agreements and (ii) the total positive market values of all other contracts.

# TABLE 5 PROPRIETARY DERIVATIVE TRADING ACTIVITIES

# Information about past due OTC derivatives and credit losses as of reporting date (HK\$'000)

Gross positive market value of derivatives past due 30-89 days	
Gross positive market value of derivatives past due 90 days or more ( <b>Note 1</b> )	
Credit losses on derivative instruments during the past month (Notes 2 & 3)	

- **Note 1**: Information about derivatives that are past due 90 days or more should also include information about derivatives that, while not technically past due, are with counterparties that are not expected to pay the full amounts owed to the registered person under the derivative contracts.
- **Note 2**: Credit losses include credit provisions made.
- **Note 3**: Please describe the registered person's policy on making credit provisions below.

## TABLE 6 PROPRIETARY DERIVATIVE TRADING ACTIVITIES

## Derivative-related trading revenues for the past month (HK\$'000)

Derivative-related trading revenues (Note 1)	Equity contracts	Interest rate contracts	Foreign exchange contracts	Precious metals contracts	Other commodity contracts	Total
(a) Trading						
(b) Others (please specify)						
(c) Total derivative-related trading revenues (a)+(b)	7					
(c) Total revenues of the registered person ( <b>Note 2</b> )						
(d) Total derivative-related trading revenues as a percentage of registered person's total revenues (c)/(d) 100%	f					

**Note 1**: In the case where the derivative trading activities of the registered person include the trading of derivative instruments as well as related cash instruments, derivative-related trading revenues should include the trading revenues from both derivative instruments and related cash instruments. If a registered person has a different way of calculating the derivative-related trading revenues, please specify the underlying methods and approaches below.

**Note 2**: This means the total revenues of the registered person as a whole including all derivatives and non-derivatives businesses.

Chairman,
Securities and Futures Commission

1999

Explanatory Note