#### 立法會秘書處法律事務部的信頭 Letterhead of Legislative Council Secretariat Legal Service Division

來兩檔號 Your Ref:

本函檔號 Our Ref: LS/B/67/98-99

電 話 Tel: 2869 9467

圖文傳真 Fax: 2877 5029

By Fax (2524 7103) and By Post

17 May 1999

Director of Administration
Chief Secretary for Administration's Office
(Attn: Mrs Apollonia LIU
Asst Dir of Adm (1))
Room 1239, West Wing
CGO, 11 Ice Street
Central, Hong Kong

Dear Mrs LIU

#### Adaptation of Laws (No. 10) Bill 1999

As You are aware, at the House Committee Meeting on 30 April 1999, Members have resolved to form a bills committee to study the above Bill.

To facilitate Members' consideration of the relevant provisions contained in the notifications made under the International Organizations and Diplomatic Privileges Ordinance (Cap. 190), I would be grateful if you would kindly confirm in respect of each of the provisions listed in the Schedule attached whether the exclusion regarding British citizens, British Dependent Territories citizens and British Overseas citizens forms part of the relevant international convention or agreement giving rise to the notification or has been added by the British or Colonial authority in implementing the terms of such convention or international agreement.

Yours sincerely

(KAU Kin-wah) Assistant Legal Adviser

#### Schedule

Notifications (Cap. 190 sub. leg.)	Provisions			
The Food and Agriculture Organization	Article 8 Paragraphs (1)(c) & (3)			
The International Civil Aviation Organization	Article 8 Paragraphs (1)(c) & (3)			
The International Labour Organization	Article 8 Paragraphs (1)(c) & (3)			
The United Nations	Articles 8(c), 13 & 15			
The United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization	Article 8 Paragraphs (1)(c) & (3)			
The World Health Organization	Article 8 Paragraphs (1)(c) & (3)			
The International Atomic Energy Agency	Article 8 Paragraph (4) Proviso to Article 9 Proviso to Paragraph (c) of Article 11(1)			
The Organization for the Network of Aquaculture Centres in Asia and the Pacific Notification	Paragraph 9(4)			

Notifications (Cap. 190 sub. leg.)	Provisions
The International Telecommunication Union	Article 8(4)
The Universal Postal Union	Article 8(4)
The World Meteorological Organization	Article 8(4)
The Asia-Pacific Telecommunity Notification	Article 11(4)
The International Maritime Satellite Organization Notification	Article 9(4)
The International Telecommunications Satellite Organization Notification	Article 9(4)

#### 政府總部的信頭

本函檔號 Our Ref.: SF(41) Pt. 7 to CSO/ADM CR 1/1/3572/90(99) Tel : 2810 2577 來函檔號 Your Ref.: LS/B/67/98-99 Fax : 2524 7103

By FAX-2877 5029

14 July, 1999

Mr K W Kau Assistant Legal Adviser Legislative Council Secretariat Legislative Council Building, 8 Jackson Road, Central

Dear Mr Kau,

#### Adaptation of Laws (No. 10) Bill 1999

I refer to your letters dated 17 May 1999 and 7 July 1999 regarding the captioned Bill and attach herewith the Administration's response to the points you have raised therein.

Although you have not covered in your enquiry matters relating to the Intergovernmental Maritime Consultative Organization (now renamed as International Maritime Organization (IMO)), you may wish to note that the IMO is a specialized agency of the United Nations and that part of the Administration's response regarding specialized agency of the United Nations also applies to IMO.

I also enclose at Annex extracts from the relevant international agreements mentioned in the Administration's response for your easy reference.

Yours sincerely,

(Mrs Apollonia Liu) for Director of Administration

Encl.

## Response to the Points raised by Mr K W Kau, Assistant Legal Adviser of the LegCo Secretariat on 17 May 1999 regarding the Adaptation of Laws (No. 10) Bill 1999

Notifications made under the International Organizations and Diplomatic Privileges
Ordinance (Cap. 190)

Notifications (Cap.	Provisions	Response
190 sub. leg.)		
The Food and	Article	8 The eight organizations in question are all
Agriculture	Paragraphs	specialized agencies of the United Nations. The
Organization	(1) (c) & (3)	privileges and immunities of these organizations
The International Civil	Article	8 and their personnel are governed by the Convention
Aviation Organization	Paragraphs	on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized
	(1)(c) & (3)	Agencies of the United Nations of 1947 ("the 1947
The International	Article	8 Convention").
Labour Organization	Paragraphs	
	(1)(c) & (3)	The origin of the provisions regarding denial of
The United Nations	Article	privileges and immunities to British citizens,
Educational Scientific	Paragraphs	British Dependent Territories citizens and British
And Cultural	(1)(c) & (3)	Overseas citizens set out in the relevant
Organization		notifications under the International Organizations
The World Health	Article	and Diplomatic Privileges Ordinance Cap. 190 is
Organization	Paragraphs	section 17 of the 1947 Convention. Section 17
	(1)(c) & (3)	provides that the provisions of sections 13, 14 and
The International	Article 8(4)	15 of the 1947 Convention (in which privileges and
Telecommunication		immunities conferred on representatives of member
Union		governments at meetings convened by a specialized
The Universal Postal	Article 8(4)	agency are set out and some of them have been
Union		reproduced in our notifications) are not applicable
The World	Article 8(4)	in relation to the authorities of a State of which the
Meteorological		person is a national or of which he is or has been a
Organization		representative. Section 17 of the 1947 Convention
		was implemented in Hong Kong by enactment of
		the said provisions in the relevant notifications to
		reflect the local circumstances of Hong Kong prior
		to the reunification.

Notifications (Cap. 190 sub. leg.)	Provisions	Response
The United Nations	Article 8(c)	The origin of Article 8(c) on denial of privileges and immunities to British citizens, British Dependent Territories citizens and British Overseas citizens in the Notification in respect of the United Nations, Cap. 190 sub. leg. H, is section 15 of the General Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations adopted on 13 February 1946. Section 15 is substantially the same as section 17 of 1947 Convention quoted above. Section 15 was implemented in the terms in the UN Notification to suit the circumstances of Hong Kong before 1 July 1997.
	Articles 13 & 15	These two Articles concern the privileges and immunities granted to the International Court of Justice (ICJ). ICJ is one of the main organs of the United Nations. The said Articles of the Notification in respect of the United Nations, Cap. 190 sub. leg. H, stipulate the privileges and immunities enjoyed by judges and Registrar of the Court and agents, counsel and advocates appearing before the Court. These privileges and immunities have their origin in Articles 19 and 42 of the Statute of ICJ of 1945.
		We have not been able to locate similar provisions on denial of privileges and immunities to the personnel who are nationals of a host State in the Statute of the ICJ. Nevertheless, given that ICJ is a principal organ of the United Nations, section 15 of the Convention on Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations of 1946 should apply to ICJ and hence the local application of the said section of the Convention by way of Articles 13 and 15 of the United Nations Notification Cap. 190 sub. Leg. H.
The International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)	Article 8 Paragraph (4), Proviso to Article 9, Proviso to Paragraph (c)	Article XV.C of the Statute of the IAEA provides that the legal capacity, privileges and immunities referred to in that Article shall be defined in a separate agreement or agreements between the Agency, represented for this purpose by the Director-General

Notifications 190 sub. leg.)	(Cap.	Provisions	Response
170 sub. leg.)		Of Article 11(1)	acting under the instructions of the Board of Governors, and the Members.
			The Agreement on the Privileges and Immunities of LAEA was approved by the Board of Governors on 1 July 1959.
			The privileges and immunities enjoyed by Representative of Members at meetings convened by LAEA are set out in sections 12, 13 and 14 of Article V of the Agreement. Some of these privileges and immunities are reproduced in Article 8 of the Notification in respect of the Agency under Cap. 190. Section 16 of Article V stipulates that the provisions of section 12, 13 and 14 are not applicable in relation to the authorities of a State of which the person is a national or of which he is or has been a representative. The provisions of section 16 on denial of privileges and immunities to one's own nationals has been implemented in Hong Kong in paragraph 8(4) of the Notification at Cap. 190 sub. leg. C. It has been suitably amended to reflect the special circumstances of Hong Kong before the reunification.
			The Director-General and Deputy Director of LAEA may enjoy privileges and immunities set out in Article VI of the 1959 Agreement. Some of these privileges and immunities have been translated into our local law (see Article 9 of the Notification at Cap. 190 sub. leg. C). However, the exclusion regarding British citizens, British Dependent Territories citizens and British Overseas citizens is not part of the Agreement.
			Privileges and immunities that may be claimed by experts on mission for the IAEA are set out in Article VII of the 1959 Agreement. These are reproduced in paragraph 11 of the Notification at Cap. 190 sub. leg. C. The exclusion regarding British citizens, British Dependent Territories citizens and British Overseas citizens is not part of the Agreement.

Notifications (Cap.	Provisions	Response
The Organization for the Network of Aquaculture Centres in Asia and the Pacific Notification		Article 14.3 of the Agreement on the Network of Aquaculture Centre in Asia and the Pacific 1988, as amended, provides that each Member shall accord the status, privileges and immunities referred to above by applying, <i>mutatis mutandis</i> , to the Organization, the representatives of Members, and to the Co-ordinator and staff of the Organization the privileges and immunities of the Specialized Agencies adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 21 November 1947.
		Therefore, reference should be made to section 17 of 1947 Convention quoted above in respect of the refusal to grant to one's own nationals privileges and immunities. Paragraph 9(4) of the Notification in our Cap. 190 sub. leg. F is the implementation of the section 17 of 1947 Convention (or Article 14.3 of the Agreement of the Organization) which reflects the local circumstances of Hong Kong at that time.
The Asia-Pacific Telecommunity Notification	Article 11(4)	Article 12(3) of the Constitution of the Asia-Pacific Telecommunity (APT) provides that the APT and its officials may enjoy, in the territory of each of the Members and Associate Members of the APT, such privileges and immunities as may be necessary for the exercise of its functions and fulfillment of its objectives as are accorded to the Untied Nationals and the officials thereof under the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nationals 1946, or, at the option of any Member or Associate Member such privileges and immunities as may be defined by agreement concluded between it and the APT.
		However, the privileges and immunities of representatives of members and associate members to the General Assembly, the Management Committee or to any conference of APT and the exclusion thereof regarding British citizens, British Dependent Territories citizens and British Overseas citizens do not form part of the APT Constitution.

Notifications (Cap.	Provisions	Response
The International Maritime Satellite (INMARSART) Organization Notification	Article 9(4)	According to Article 9(1) of the 1981 Protocol on Privileges and Immunities of INMARSAT, representatives of the Parties to the Protocol and representatives of the Headquarters party shall enjoy, whilst exercising their official functions and in the course of their journeys to and from their place of meeting, privileges and immunities stipulated in that Article. Some of those privileges and immunities are paraphrased in Article 9(1) of our Notification in respect of INMARSAT in Cap. 190 sub. leg. P.  Article 9(2) of the 1981 Protocol provides that the provisions in paragraph (1) shall not apply in relations between a Party to the Protocol and its representatives. Furthermore, the provisions of paragraphs (a) (immunity from arrest), (d) (exemption from immigration restrictions), (e) (treatment of currency and exchange control) and (f) (customs) of paragraph (1) shall not apply in relations between a party to the Protocol and its nationals or permanent residents.  Article 9(2) has been implemented in Hong Kong in Article 9(4) of our Notification at Cap. 190 sub. leg. P in such a way as to reflect the local circumstances of Hong Kong before the
The International Telecommunications Satellite (INTELSAT) Organization Notification	Article 9(4)	The origin of Article 9(4) in the Notification in respect of INTELSAT under our Cap. 190 sub. leg. Q is Article 8.4 of the Protocol on INTELSAT Privileges, Exemptions and Immunities, 1978, 2 UKTS (1981) Cmnd. 7385. Article 8.4 provides that no Contracting Party shall be obliged to accord to its own nationals or to its own representatives the privileges and immunities referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 8. Article 8.1 and 8.2 sets out the privileges and immunities of representatives of INTELSAT parties at meetings called by or held under the auspices of INTELSAT, and some of which are reproduced in Article 9(1) and 9(2) of our Notification at Cap. 190 sub. leg. Q.

Notifications (Cap.	Provisions	Response			
190 sub. leg.)					
		Article 9(4) in our Notification at Cap. 190 sub.			
		leg. Q implements the provision in the Protocol on			
		denial of privileges and immunities to one's			
		nationals in the light of local circumstances of			
		Hong Kong prior to the reunification.			

#### **Extracts from the Relevant International Agreements**

- A. Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies of the United Nations
- B. General Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations
- C. Statute of the International Court of Justice
- D. Agreement on the Privileges and Immunities of the International Atomic Energy Agency
- E. Agreement on the Network of Aquaculture Centre in Asia and the Pacific
- F. Constitution of the Asia-Pacific Telecommunity
- G. Protocol on the Privileges and Immunities of the International Maritime Satellite Organization
- H. Protocol on INTELSAT Privileges, Exemptions and Immunities

For Panama:

J. M. MENDEZ M.

For Sweden:

ERIK DOHEMAN.

For the Union of South Africa: W. C. DU PLESSIS.

For the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics:
G. ZAROUBIN.

For the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
HAROLD CACCIA.

For the United States of America:
HERBERT HOOVER, Jr.

Ratifications					Dute of Depusit	
United Kingd	ont				 	May 23, 1957.
Cunada .					 	June 14. 1957.
Australia .					 	April 8, 1957.
New Zealand	1				 	June 21, 1957,
South Africa					 	April 25, 1957.
Brazil .					 	May 4, 1959.
Denmark .					 	July 26, 1957.
France .		• • •			 	April 14, 1958.
iceland .				• - •	 	November 23, 1956.
Јарап .					 • • •	May 24, 1957.
Mexico .					 •••	March 9, 1959.
Netherlands .					 	December 23, 1957.
Norway .					 •••	April 15, 1957.
Panuma .					 	February 9, 1959.
Soviet Union					 • • • •	July 3, 1957.
Sweden .					 •	June 6, 1957.
United States	οſ	America			 •••	August 30, 1957.

Printed and published in Great Britain by HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE

19162-72 35356 We 704 1919 K14 13239 1.0.5.

fulling bec ..



Treaty Series No. 69 (1959)

#### Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies of the United Nations

adopted by the
General Assembly of the United Nations
on November 21, 1947

[With Annexes]

Presented to Parliament by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs
by Command of Her Majesty
November 1959

LONDON
HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE
PAICE 1s. 3d. NET

Cinnd, 855

#### Representative : Members

#### Section 13

Representatives of members at meetings convened by a specialized agos shall, while exercising their functions and during their journeys to and few the place of meeting, onjoy the following privileges and immunities:

- (a) Immunity from personal arrest or detention and from science of their personal baggage, and in respect of words spoken or written and all an done by them in their official especity, immunity from legal process of every kind:
- (b) inviolability for all papers and documents;
- (c) The right to use codes and to receive papers or correspondence by courier or in scaled bags;
- (d) Exemption in respect of themselves and their spouses from immigration restrictions, aliens' registration or national service obligations in the State which they are visiting or through which they are passing in the exercise of their functions:
- (c) The same facilities in respect of currency or exchange restrictions as are accorded to representatives of foreign Governments on temporary official missions:
- . (1) The same immunities and facilities in respect of their personal bagesse as are accorded to members of comparable rank of diplomatic missions

In order to secure for the representatives of members of the specialized agencies at meetings convened by them complete freedom of speech and complete independence in the discharge of their duties, the immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and all acts done by them in discharging their duties shall continue to be accorded, notwithstanding that the persons concerned are no longer engaged in the discharge of such

Where the incidence of any form of taxation depends upon residence. periods during which the representatives of members of the specialized agencies at meetings convened by them are present in a member State for the discharge of their duties shall not be considered as periods of residence.

#### Section 16

Privileges and immunities are accorded to the representatives of members. not for the personal benefit of the individuals themselves, but in order to safeguard the independent exercise of their functions in connexion with the specialized agencies. Consequently, a member not only has the right but is under a duty to waive the immunity of its representatives in any case where in the opinion of the member, the immunity would impede the course of listice, and where it can be waived without prejudice to the nurpuse for which the immunity is accorded.

The provisions of sections 13, 14 and 15 are not applicable in relation to the authorities of a State of which the person is a national or of which he is or has been a representative.

#### ARTICIA: VI

#### Officials

Section 18 Tach specialized agency will specify the categories of officials to which the provisions of this article and of article VIII shall apply. It shall communicate them to the Governments of all States parties to this Convention in respect of that agency and to the Secretary-General of the United Nations. The names of the officials included in these categories shall from time to time be made known to the above-mentioned Governments.

#### Section 19

Officials of the specialized agencies shall; --

- tal Be immune from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and all nots performed by them in their official capacity;
- (b) Enjoy the same exemptions from taxation in respect of the salaries and envoluments paid to them by the specialized agencies and on the same conditions as are enjoyed by officials of the United Nations;
- (c) Be immune, together with their spouses and relatives dependent on them. from immigration restrictions and alien registration;
- (il) Be accorded the same privileges in respect of exchange facilities as are accorded to officials of comparable rank of diplomatic missions;
- fit the given, together with their spauses and relatives dependent on them, the same repatriation facilities in time of international crises as officials of comparable rank of diplomatic missions;
- (f) Have the right to import Iree of duty their furniture and effects at the time of first taking up their post in the country in question.

#### Cection 20

The officials of the specialized agencies shall be exempt from national service obligations, provided that, in relation to the States of which they are nationals, such exemption shall be confined to officials of the specialized agencies whose names have, by renson of their dutles, been placed upon a list compiled by the executive head of the specialized agency and approved by the State concerned.

ny me Mare concerned.

Should other officials of specialized agencies be called up for national service, the State concerned shall, at the request of the specialized agency concerned, grant such temporary deferments in the call-up of such officials as may be necessary to avoid interruption in the continuation of essential

In addition to the immunities and privileges specified in sections 19 and 20, the executive head of each specialized agency, including any official acting on his behalf during his absence from duty, shall be accorded in respect of binself, his spouse and minor children, the privileges and immunites, examptions and facilities accorded to diplomatic envoys, in accordance with incernational law.

#### Section 22

Section 22

Frivileges and immunities are granted to officials in the interests of the specialized agencies only and not for the personal baselit of the individuals themselves. Each specialized agency shall have the right and the duly to make the immunity of any official in any case where, in its opinion, the immunity would impede the course of justice and can be waived without 1- indice to the interests of the specialized agency.

7

Price 3d. net

UNITED NATIONS



Treaty Series No. 10 (1950)

### General Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations

Adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 13th February, 1946

Presented by the Secretary of Stute for Foreign Affairs to Parliament by Command of His Majesty

LONDON HIS MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE THREEPENCE NET

Cind. 7891

#### ANTICLE V

#### Officials

Section 17.-The Secretary-General will specify the categories of officials to which the provisions of this Article and Article VII shall apply. He shall submit these categories to the General Assembly. Thereafter these categories shall be communicated to the Governments of all Members. The names of the officials included in these categories shall from time to time be made known to the Governments of Members.

Section 18.-Officials of the United Nations shall-

- (a) be immune from legal process in respect of words spaken or written and all sets performed by them in their official capacity;
   (b) be exempt from taxation on the salaries and emoluments paid to
- them by the United Nations:
- be immune from national service obligations;

diary

nited y to

Chein वी व्यक्त enity

e by

dipp

t (fiber

reise

HORRY

guige.

with

leave

teted 00000

e the neet.

ence at of

utiles

ened

room

nces x aſ

District

at in SHORT

right

CZ1E CONTRACT

hách

ic as is a

E Acc XX Y 53

tilture

- be immune, tegether with their spouses and relatives dependent on them, from immigration restrictions and alien registration;
- be accorded the same privileges in respect of eachange facilities as are accorded to the officials of comparable ranks forming part of diplomatic missions to the Government concerned;
- (f) be given, together with their spouses and relatives dependent on them, the same repaintation facilities in time of international crisis as diplomatic envoys;
- have the right to import free of duty their furniture and effects at the time of first taking up their post in the country in outstion.

Service 19.—In addition to the immunities and privileges specified in Section 18, the Secretary-General and all Assistant Secretaries-General shall be accorded in respect of themselves, their spouses and minor children, the privileges and immunities, exemptions and facilities accorded to diplomatic envoys, in accordance with international law.

Services 20.—Privileges and immunities are granted to officials in the interests of the United Nations and not for the personal benefit of the individuals themorives. The Socretary-General shall have the right and the duty to waive the immunity of any official in any case where, in his opinion, the immunity would impede the course of justice and can be weived without projudice to the interests of the United Nations. In the case of the Scerelary-General, the Security Council shall have the right to waive immunity.

Norther 21.-The United Nations shall co-operate at all times with the appropriate authorities of Members to facilitate the proper administration of justice, secure the observance of police regulations, and prevent the occurrence of any phase in connection with the privileges, immunities and facilities recotioned in this Article.

#### ARTICLE VI

#### Experts no Minings for the United Nations

Services 22.—Experts futher them officials coming within the scope of Arricle V) performing prioriets for the United Nations shall be accorded valu privileges and introunities as are necessary for the independent exercise of their functions during the period of their missions, including the sime spent an juntarys in connection with their missions. In particular they shall be accorded -

but intriunity from personal argest or detention and from science of their personal baggage;



Treaty Series No. 67 (1946)

# Charter of the United Nations and Statute of the International Court of Justice

San Francisco, 26th June, 1945

Presented by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs to Parliament by Command of His Majesty

LONDON
HIS MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE
TWO SHILLINGS AND SIXPENCE NET

Cmd. 7015

#### ARTICLE 19

The members of the Court, when engaged on the business of the Court, shall enjoy diplomatic privileges and immunities.

#### ARTICLE 42

- 1. The parties shall be represented by agents.
- 2. They may have the assistance of counsel or advocates before the Court.
- 3. The agents, counsel and advocates of parties before the Court shall enjoy the privileges and immunities necessary to the independent exercise of their duties.



Treaty Series No. 27 (1962)

### Agreement

on the Privileges and Immunities of the International Atomic Energy Agency approved by the Board of Governors on July 1, 1959

[The United Kingdom acceptance was deposited on September 19, 1961]

Presented to Parliament by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs
by Command of Her Majesty
April 1962

LONDON
HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE
PRICE 2s. 6d. NET

finad. 1675

#### ARTICLE V

#### **Representatives of Members**

#### Section 12

Representatives of Members at meetings convened by the Agency shall, while exercising their functions and during their journeys to and from the place of meeting, enjoy the following privileges and immunities:

- (a) Immunity from personal arrest or detention and from seizure of their personal baggage, and in respect of words spoken or written and all acts done by them in their official capacity, immunity from legal process of every kind;
- (b) Inviolability for all papers and documents;
- (c) The right to use codes and to receive papers or correspondence by courier or in sealed bags;
- (d) Exemption in respect of themselves and their spouses from immigration restrictions, aliens' registration or national service obligations in the State which they are visiting or through which they are passing in the exercise of their functions:
- (e) The same facilities in respect of currency or exchange restrictions as are accorded to representatives of foreign Governments on temporary official missions;
- (f) The same immunities and facilities in respect of their personal baggage as are accorded to members of comparable rank of diplomatic missions.

#### Section 13

In order to secure for the representatives of Members of the Agency at meetings convened by the Agency complete freedom of speech and complete independence in the discharge of their duties, the immunity from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and all acts done by them in discharging their duties shall continue to be accorded, notwithstanding that the persons concerned are no longer engaged in the discharge of such duties.

#### Section 14

Where the incidence of any form of taxation depends upon residence, periods during which the representatives of Members of the Agency at meetings convened by the Agency are present in a Member State for the discharge of their duties shall not be considered as periods of residence.

#### Section 16

The provisions of sections 12, 13 and 14 are not applicable in relation to the authorities of a State of which the person is a national or of which he is or has been a representative.

#### ARTICLE VI

#### **Officials**

#### Section 17

The Agency shall from time to time make known to the Governments of all States parties to this Agreement the names of the officials to whom the provisions of this Article and of Article IX apply.

#### Section 18

- (a) Officials of the Agency shall:
- (i) Be immune from legal process in respect of words spoken or written and all acts performed by them in their official capacity;
- (ii) Enjoy the same exemptions from taxation in respect of the salaries and emoluments paid to them by the Agency and on the same conditions as are enjoyed by officials of the United Nations;
- (iii) Be immune, together with their spouses and relatives dependent on them, from immigration restrictions and alien registration;
- (iv) Be accorded the same privileges in respect of exchange facilities as are accorded to officials of comparable rank of diplomatic missions;
- (v) Be given, together with their spouses and relatives dependent on them, the same repatriation facilities in time of international crises as officials of comparable rank of diplomatic missions;
- (vi) Have the right to import free of duty their furniture and effects at the time of first taking up their post in the country in question.
- (b) Officials of the Agency shall, while exercising the functions of an inspector under Article XII of the Statute of the Agency or those of a project examiner under Article XI thereof, and while travelling in their official capacity en route to and from the performance of these functions, enjoy all the additional privileges and immunities set forth in Article VII of this Agreement so far as is necessary for the effective exercise of such functions.

#### Section 19

The officials of the Agency shall be exempt from national service obligations, provided that, in relation to the States of which they are nationals, such exemption shall be confined to officials of the Agency whose names have, by reason of their duties, been placed upon a list compiled by the Director General of the Agency and approved by the State concerned.

Should other officials of the Agency be called up for national service, the State concerned shall, at the request of the Agency, grant such temporary deferments in the call-up of such officials as may be necessary to avoid interruption in the continuation of essential work.

#### Section 20

In addition to the privileges and immunities specified in sections 18 and 19 above, the Director General of the Agency, including any official acting on his behalf during his absence from duty, shall be accorded on behalf of himself, his spouse and minor children, the privileges and immunities,

exemptions and facilities accorded to diplomatic envoys on behalf of themselves, their spouses and minor children, in acordance with international law. The same privileges and immunities, exemptions and facilities shall also be accorded to a Deputy Director General or official of equivalent rank of the Agency.

#### Section 21

Privileges and immunities are granted to officials in the interest of the Agency only and not for personal benefit of the individuals themselves. The Agency shall have the right and the duty to waive the immunity of any officials in any case where, in its opinion, the immunity would impede the course of justice and can be waived without prejudice to the interests of the Agency.

#### Section 22

The Agency shall co-operate at all times with the appropriate authorities of Member States to facilitate the proper administration of justice, secure the observance of police regulations and prevent the occurrence of any abuses in connexion with the privileges, immunities and facilities mentioned in this Article.

#### ARTICLE VII

#### **Experts on Missions for the Agency**

#### Section 23

Experts (other than officials coming within the scope of Article VI) serving on committees of the Agency or performing missions for the Agency, including missions as inspectors under Article XII of the Statute of the Agency and as project examiners under Article XI thereof, shall be accorded the following privileges and immunities so far as is necessary for the effective exercise of their functions, including the time spent on journeys in connexion with service on such committees or missions:

- (a) Immunity from personal arrest or detention and from seizure of their personal baggage;
- (b) In respect of words spoken or written or acts done by them in the performance of their official functions, immunity from legal process of every kind, such immunity to continue notwithstanding that the persons concerned are no longer serving on committees of, or employed on missions for, the Agency;
- (c) Inviolability for all papers and documents;
- (d) For the purposes of their communications with the Agency, the right to use codes and to receive papers or correspondence by courier or in sealed bags;
- (e) The same facilities in respect of currency and exchange restrictions as are accorded to representatives of foreign Governments on temporary official missions;
- (f) The same immunities and facilities in respect of their personal baggage as are accorded to members of comparable rank of diplomatic missions.

#### Section 24

Nothing in sub-paragraphs (c) and (d) of section 23 shall be construed to preclude the adoption of appropriate security precautions to be determined by agreement between a State party to this Agreement and the Agency.

#### Section 25

Privileges and immunities are granted to the experts of the Agency in the interests of the Agency and not for personal benefit of the individuals themselves. The Agency shall have the right and the duty to waive the immunity of any expert in any case where, in its opinion, the immunity would impede the course of justice and can be waived without prejudice to the interests of the Agency.

#### Agreement on the Network of Aquaculture Centre in Asia and the Pacific. 8.1.1988

#### ARTICLE 14

Legal Status, Privileges and Immunities

- 1. The Organization shall hae juridical personality and such legal capacity as may be necessary for the fulfilment of the Organization's objectives and for the exercise of its functions.
- 2. The Organization shall be accorded the privileges and immunities necessary to perform its functions provided for in this Agreement. In addition, the representatives of Members and the Coordinator and staff of the Organization shall be accorded the privileges and immunities necessary for the independent exercise of their functions with the Organization as generally accorded to international organizations in each country.
- 3. Each Member shall accord the status, privileges and immunities referred to above by applying, mutatis mutandis, to the Organization, the representatives of Members, and to the Coordinator and staff of the Organization the privileges and immunities provided for in the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies adopted by the General Assembly of the United Nations on 21 November 1947.
- 4. Privileges and immunities are accorded to the representatives of Members and to the Coordinator and staff of the Organization not for the personal benefit of the individuals themselves, but in order to safeguard the independent exercise of their functions in connection with the Organization. Consequently, a Member not only has the right but is under a duty to waive the immunity of its representatives in any case where, in the opinion of the Member, the immunity would impede the course of justice, and where it can be waived without prejudice to the purpose for which the immunity is accorded. If the Member does not waive the immunity of the representative, the Member shall make the strongest efforts to achieve an equitable solution of the matter. Similarly, the Coordinator not only has the right, but is under a duty to waive the immunity of a staff member where, in the opinion of the Coordinator, the immunity would impede the course of justice, and where it can be waived without prejudice to the purpose for which the immunity is accorded. If the Coordinator does not waive the immunity of the staff member, he shall make the strongest efforts to achieve an equitable solution of the matter. The immunity of the Coordinator may only be waived by the Governing Council.
- 5. The Organization shall conclude a headquarters agreement with the Host Government, and may conclude agreements with other states in which offices of the Organization may be located, specifying the privileges and immunities and facilities to be enjoyed by the Organization to enable it to fulfil its objectives and to perform its functions.



# CONSTITUTION OF THE ASIA-PACIFIC TELECOMMUNITY

BANGKOK

#### Article 12

#### LEGAL CAPACITY, PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES

- 1. The Telecommunity shall possess juridical personality. It shall have the capacity to :
  - (a) Contract;
  - (b) Acquire and dispose of immovable and movable property;
  - . '(c) Institute legal proceedings.
- 2. The Telecommunity shall conclude a headquarters agreement with the Government of Thailand.
- 3. The Telecommunity and the officials thereof may enjoy, in the territory of each of the Members and Associate Members of the Telecommunity, such privileges and immunities as may be necessary for the exercise of its functions and fulfilment of its objectives as are accorded to the United Nations and the officials thereof under the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations, 1946, or, at the option of any Member or Associate Member such privileges and immunities as may be defined by agreements concluded between it and the Telecommunity.

.../Article 13

### PROTOCOL ON THE PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES OF THE INTERNATIONAL MARITIME SATELLITE ORGANIZATION (INMARSAT)

#### Article 9. REPRESENTATIVES OF PARTIES

- (1) Representatives of the Parties to the Protocol and representatives of the Headquarters Party shall enjoy, while exercising their official functions and in the course of their journeys to and from their place of meeting, the following privileges and immunities:
- (a) Immunity from any form of arrest or detention pending trial;
- (b) Immunity from jurisdiction, even after the termination of their mission, in respect of acts, including words spoken or written, done by them in the exercise of their official functions; however, there shall be no immunity in the case of a traffic offence committed by a representative, or in the case of damage caused by a motor vehicle or other means of transport belonging to or driven by him:
- (c) Inviolability for all their official papers;
- (d) Exemption, together with members of their families forming part of their respective households, from immigration restrictions and alien registration;
- (e) The same treatment in the matter of currency and exchange control as is accorded to representatives of foreign governments on temporary official missions;
- (f) The same treatment in the matter of customs as regards their personal luggage as is accorded to representatives of foreign governments on temporary official missions.
- (2) The provisions of paragraph (1) shall not apply in relations between a Party to the Protocol and its representatives. Further, the provisions of paragraphs (a), (d), (e) and (f) of paragraph (1) shall not apply in relations between a Party to the Protocol and its nationals or permanent residents.

The text of the Protocol was previously published in Miscellaneous No. 31 (1978).



AND IMMUNITIES

H

Treaty Series No. 2 (1981)

# Protocol on INTELSAT Privileges, Exemptions and Immunities

Washington, 19 May-20 November 1978

The United Kingdom instrument of ratification was deposited on 24 October 1979 and the Protocol entered into force on 9 October 1980]

Presented to Parliament

b: the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs

by Command of Her Majesty

January 1981

LONDON
HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE

Cmpd. 8103

£1.40 net

#### CHAPTER III: REPRESENTATIVES OF INTELSAT PARTIES AND SIGNATORIES AND PERSONS PARTICIPATING IN ARBITRATION PROCEEDINGS

#### ARTICLE 8

- 1. Representatives of INTELSAT Parties at meetings called by or held under the auspices of INTELSAT shall, in the exercise of their functions, and during their journeys to and from the place of meeting, enjoy the following privileges and immunities:
  - (a) immunity from jurisdiction, even after termination of their mission, in respect of acts, including words written and spoken, done by them in the exercise of their official functions and within the limits of their duties. However, there shall be no immunity in respect of a civil action by a third party for damage arising from an accident caused by a motor vehicle or other means of transport belonging to or driven by them, or in respect of a traffic offence involving such a vehicle and committed by them;
  - (b) inviolability for all their official documents and papers;
  - (c) together with members of their families forming part of their households, the same immunity from restrictions on admission, alien registration and departure formalities as is normally accorded to staff members of intergovernmental organizations; provided that no Contracting Party shall be obliged to apply this provision to its permanent residents.
- 2. Representatives of Signatories at meetings called by or held under the auspices of INTELSAT shall, in the exercise of their functions, and during their journeys to and from the place of meeting, enjoy the following privileges and immunities:
  - (a) inviolability for official documents and papers related to the performance of their functions within the scope of the activities of INTELSAT;
  - (b) together with members of their families forming part of their households, the same immunity from restrictions on admission, alien registration and departure formalities as is normally accorded to staff members of intergovernmental organizations; provided that no Contracting Party shall be obliged to apply this provision to its permanent residents.
- 3. The members of an arbitral tribunal and witnesses before that tribunal participating in arbitration proceedings in accordance with Annex C of the Agreement shall, in the exercise of their functions, and during their journeys to and from the place of meeting, enjoy the privileges and immunities referred to in paragraphs 1 (a), (b) and (c).
- 4. No Contracting Party shall be obliged to accord to its own nationals or to its own representatives the privileges and immunities referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2.